

THE Magazine for experienced TANDY Colour Computer Users!

*Jack. Rae.*

\$4<sup>50</sup>

AUSTRALIAN

# COCO

MAGAZINE

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# WHAT'S ON THE BEST OF CoCoOz

## Best of CoCoOz #1. EDUCATION

ROADQUIZ ..... ROB WEBB  
 SHARE MARKET ..... ALEPH DELTA  
 HANGMAN ..... ALEPH DELTA  
 AUSTQUIZ ..... P. THOMAS  
 ALPHABET ..... RON WEBB  
 SPELLING TUTOR ..... IAN LOBLEY  
 TANK ADDITION ..... DEAN HODGSON  
 FRACTION TUTOR ..... ROBBIE DALZELL  
 TABLES ..... BARRIE GERRAND  
 ICOSA ..... BOB WALTERS  
 KIDSTUFF ..... JOHANNA VAGG  
 TAXMAN ..... TONY PARFITT  
 FLAGQUIZ ..... ROB WEBB

## Best of CoCoOz #2 part 1 16K GAMES

PYTHON ..... V. ARMSTRONG  
 COCOMIND ..... STEVE COLEMAN  
 POKERNCH ..... GRAHAM & MATTHEWS  
 OILSLICK ..... JEREMY GANS  
 SPEEDMATHS ..... DEAN HODGSON  
 CCMETEOR ..... BOB THOMSON  
 BATTACK ..... JEREMY GANS  
 SKIING ..... JOSHUA GANS  
 PROBDICE ..... BOB DELBOURGO  
 RALLY ..... TONY PARFITT  
 CHECKERS ..... J & J GANS  
 FOURDRAW ..... JOHANNA VAGG

## Best of CoCoOz #2 part 2 32K GAMES

TREASURE ..... DAVIDSON & GANS  
 SHOOTING GALLERY ..... TOM DYKEMA  
 MASTERMIND ..... GRAHAM JORDAN  
 GARDEN OF EDEM ..... DAVE BLUHORN  
 ANESTHESIA ..... MIKE MARTYN  
 YAHTZEE ..... KEVIN GOWAN  
 ORBON TRAIL ..... DEAN HODGSON  
 BATTLESHIP ..... CHRIS SIMPSON  
 ADVENTURE + ..... STUART RAYNER  
 ANDROMEDIA ..... MAX BETTRIDGE  
 LANDATTACK ..... ALDO DEBERWADIS

## Best of CoCoOz #3 UTILITIES

SCREEN PRINT ..... TOM DYKEMA  
 RANTEST ..... TOM DYKEMA  
 PRINT SORT ..... PAUL HUMPRIES  
 BEAUTY ..... BOB THOMPSON  
 DATAGEN ..... ROBIN BROWN  
 PCOPY ..... BRIAN DOUGAN  
 FASTEXT ..... OZ-VIZ  
 MONITOR + ..... BRIAN FERGUSON  
 COPYDIR ..... THOMAS SZULCHA  
 LABELLER ..... FRED BISSELING  
 SPEED CONTROL ..... PAUL HUMPRIES  
 2BC ..... WARREN VARNE  
 CREAT-A-TITLE ..... BRIAN FERGUSON  
 DISKFILE ..... BRIAN DOUGAN  
 BIG REMARKS ..... BOB THOMPSON  
 LABELLER ..... GORDON BENTZEN  
 DIR ..... MORRIE SINGER  
 HI ..... ALEX. HARTMANN

## Best of CoCoOz #4 Business

HI ..... ALEX. HARTMANN  
 (disk; Disk Directory Manager)  
 PERSONAL ..... PAUL HUMPRIES  
 (Personal Finance Management)  
 BANKSTAT ..... BARRY HATTAN  
 (Annual & Store Statement)  
 CC5 ..... GRAHAM MORPHETT  
 (tape; Sales invoicing)  
 INSURE ..... ROY VANDERSTEEK  
 (Analyse Home Contents)  
 COCOFILE ..... BRIAN DOUGAN  
 (tape; database)  
 DPMS ..... PAUL HUMPRIES  
 (disk; Disk Program Management Sys)  
 DATABASE ..... PAUL HUMPRIES  
 (tape; THE tape database)  
 RESTACC ..... DUNG LY  
 (tape; Restaurant Accounts)  
 SPDSHEET ..... GRAHAM MORPHETT  
 (disk; 22 column spreadsheet)  
 PRSPDSHT ..... GRAHAM MORPHETT  
 (disk; prints out "SPDSHEET")  
 ACS3 ..... GREG WILSON  
 (disk; Multi disk database)

## Best of CoCoOz #5 ADVENTURES

ADV 32K ..... S. RAYNER  
 QUEST ..... TONY PARFITT  
 LABYRINTH ..... JAMES REDMOND  
 ADV + ..... SEAN LOVE  
 CRYSTAL ..... C & K SPRINGETT  
 PRISON ..... TIM ALTON  
 OPALTON ..... IAN CLARKE  
 WIZARD ..... DARRELL BERRY  
 TREASURE ..... C. DAVIDSON  
 LOST ..... ALEX. HARTMANN

## Best of CoCoOz #6 PRESCHOOL

ALPHABET ..... STUART DAWSON  
 HATDANCE ..... JOHANNA VAGG  
 AUSTSONG ..... McDERMOTT FAMILY  
 ADVANCE ..... McDERMOTT FAMILY  
 VALTZING ..... McDERMOTT FAMILY  
 TIMEKANG ..... McDERMOTT FAMILY  
 BAND ..... McDERMOTT FAMILY  
 KIDSTUFF ..... JOHANNA VAGG  
 MATCHER ..... ?  
 LETTERS ..... JACK FINNEN  
 BABYSIT ..... JOHANNA VAGG  
 SPELLING ..... JOHANNA VAGG  
 SPEEDTAB ..... DEAN HODGSON  
 10 FACES ..... JOHANNA VAGG

## Best of CoCoOz #7 GRAPHICS

LIL' COCO ..... ANDREW WHITE  
 THE ROOM ..... HERMANN FREDRIKSON  
 BACK STREET ..... JOY WALLACE  
 LOCO ..... MIKE D'ESTERRE  
 COCO ART ..... SANDY McGREGOR  
 KANGA ..... JOHANNA VAGG  
 THE BOAT ..... SANDY McGREGOR  
 SAD COCO ..... P. BOLLE  
 TOWER ..... C. A. SYMS  
 WINDY DAY ..... SARAH LAV  
 SAILING ..... STEVE YOUNGBERRY  
 OUTHOUSE ..... STEVE YOUNGBERRY  
 SKURF ..... JOHANNA VAGG  
 SUNSTATE ..... STEVE YOUNGBERRY  
 HELICOPTER ..... ANDREW WHITE  
 MARTHA ..... ANDREW WHITE  
 BAD MOON ..... STEVE YOUNGBERRY  
 MCC ..... JOY WALLACE  
 EAGLE ..... ?  
 BLASTER ..... PAUL YOULD  
 FOGHORN ..... PAUL STEVENSON

## Best of CoCoOz #8 16K GAMES

ALIEN ..... STUART SANDERS  
 QWERL ..... DARRELL BERRY  
 SHOOTOUT ..... CRAIG STEWART  
 SHUTTLE ..... CRAIG STEWART  
 FROG ..... DARREN OTTERY  
 FROGRACE ..... TOM LEHANE  
 KIMMAT ..... TOM LEHANE  
 GRANDPRI ..... DOUG GREY  
 WATER VARS ..... JUSTIN LIPTON  
 CATERPILLER ..... JUSTIN LIPTON  
 DETECTIVE ..... VAL STEPHEN  
 BREAKOUT ..... WHY/BILT

## Best of CoCoOz #9 32K GAMES

TRIONIMO ..... BOB DELBOURGO  
 MATCHEM ..... CHARLES BARTLETT  
 GO ..... BOB DELBOURGO  
 NARZOD ..... MAX BETTRIDGE  
 CHOMPER ..... MAX BETTRIDGE  
 POPBALL ..... MAX BETTRIDGE  
 LUDO ..... WHY/BILT  
 SABRE ..... ANDREW SIMPSON  
 MOVEABOUT ..... KEVIN GOWAN  
 JIGSAV ..... JAMES REDMOND  
 LABYRINTH ..... JAMES REDMOND  
 TANK ..... CRAIG STEWART

## Best of CoCoOz #10 Education II

METEOR ..... DEAN HODGSON  
 DRIVERS TEST ..... ANDREW SIMPSON  
 SALE ..... JUSTIN LIPTON  
 TABLES ..... PAT KERMODE  
 OPALTON ..... IAN CLARKE  
 CAPITAL LETTERS ..... BOB HORNE  
 TEST MATCH ..... JEFF SIBEN  
 SENTENCE ENDINGS ..... BOB HORNE  
 ESCAPE ..... DEAN HODGSON  
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 COUNTDOWN ..... DEAN HODGSON  
 WHATZIT ..... BOB HORNE  
 HOMOPHONES ..... BOB HORNE  
 COMPOUND WORDS ..... BOB HORNE

## Best of CoCoOz #11 Education III This is a DISK only issue!!

CHATVIN MANOR ..... BOB HORNE

Please Note : Some of the programs on Best of Cocooz # 3 and #4 will not work on the Coco 3.

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# IN A NUT SHELL

We have cause to celebrate! It's been a year now since Tandy released the CoCo 3! One year down the track and look where we are!

Mind you, like any new computer to come on the market, it takes time for software and/or hardware to arrive.

As an example, 2 months ago they released ColourMax 3 (a CoCoMax for the CoCo 3); a few months before that OS-9 level II arrived! There are heaps more software/hardware releases, but they're the type of software that everyone talks about.

And if we look at games, well there are a good 30-50 games out for the CoCo 3, and that's not including games one finds in the pages of Softgold or CoCo!

So far, amazing things are available for the CoCo 3; wait until NEXT year - what will we see then?

As for the CoCo 1 & 2? The story is that Tandy & Goldsoft will still support those computers for a long time to come. Proof of this point, Tandy stopped producing the MC-10 computer two years back, and here we are, still producing articles and software for it!!

As for software for the CoCo 1 & 2: unfortunately for those people who have those computers, most of the REAL keen programmers have gone to the CoCo 3, and we don't really mind that. But we'd still like to see software coming in for the CoCo 1 & 2!

When I read letters saying, "This magazine is dominated by CoCo 3 programs - I only own a CoCo 2! This month is of no particular interest to me!", what can I say?

We don't pick the programs to go into the magazine - the programs that go into the magazine are largely determined by you, the readers - what you send we print, and contrary to statements we've heard 3rd hand, we don't have a huge backlog of material.

Like Graham said in his "Clubroom", it's your magazine - you make it happen! I thoroughly support that statement! It IS a great magazine - made great only by those who support it, through programs, articles, etc.

What I'd like to see in this magazine is programs and articles for the CoCo 1/2 AND the CoCo 3, for all of us to share!

So let's see that article or

that program come in - if you want something in the magazine or if you want something out of it - then go out and do something about it!

Conf '87

Conf'87 went down like New Years Day! Something new and refreshing came out of Conf'87! One met new friends, had new ideas, had new concepts, saw/bought new products ... the list goes on!

Graham has the complete story about Conf '87 in the next few pages of the magazine, including the winners of the competitions that we ran from August 1986 to July 1987!

Software Nabbing!

Again, this subject has to be talked about. I don't find it very funny to fall victim of this!

Recently a program from a trusted author arrived which had been typed from another source.

The only changes he made to the program were to change the copyright notice to his own name!

This sort of thing can lead to severe consequences, not only through the law and all that, but also making it harder for software houses to get software from overseas to sell here!

The situation was really bad last year already ... if it continues, there won't be any software available in Australia - then where does that leave us?

Survey '87

Like the title says, it's survey time again. The objective is to find out how you are going, what we need to do to meet your needs this year and what we can do to make better magazines for you.

Just fill the survey in, answer the competition question to win 100 disks (yes, one hundred!), and send it to us.

There is another survey to be answered, and that's on the Conference, past and future. When you have expressed your thoughts on that subject, send that to Johanna who will then give us the results.

That's it for this month - until next month!



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The inside story behind OS-9.  
L11 on the CoCo 111 written by  
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Operating System for CoCo 111  
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Uses windowing of OS-9 L11.

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4th. Generation language

+ data base manager

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PRODUCED WITH DESKTOP PUBLISHING AND AN ATARI ST SYSTEM

**SPECIALISTS IN COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS**



# CONF 87

# a report

by Graham Morphett

## Bundeena

What can I say?

Bundeena is just about the ideal site for a conference!

Situated just on the northern tip of the Royal National Park, and at the southern edge of Sydney's Port Hacking, Bundeena is a very beautiful spot!

We were visited by 4 different species of parrots, a possum, several species of honeyeaters, and countless other birds!

The views were just wonderful. I hope the black & white of the magazine does the shot from one of the cabins justice! Imagine waking to that view every morning!

The site was the Uniting Church's Campsite at Bundeena, and it is set up for conferences of up to 150 people.

There are cabins there set up with up to 28 beds in each.

People staying over slept in these. They are comfortable, but I think we all found the run to the showers a bit of an effort on those brisk August mornings!

The centre has two halls - one at the top of a hill, the other, at the bottom. The hill is designed to keep you fit!

This year we tried to divide the tutorials so that there were only two on at once - one in the top hall & one in the bottom hall.

The system worked well and the OS9'ers and MS DOS'ers were in the bottom hall, whilst the Basic programmers spent most of the conference in the top hall.

The food was great too! I remember places like this one from the days of my youth, and I remember only too well how bad the food could be.

But each meal at Bundeena just seemed to get better! So a big thank you goes to Frank and his staff for that!

Bundeena also offered the opportunity to provide for families - and so at the end of camp, we were able to offer a bushwalk as part of our activities - a fine way to finish conference!



Springbrook Falls - something to look forward to next year!



The view at Bundeena

## Conference as a Camp

As readers will be aware, this was the first time we have run Conference as a camp.

The change in style certainly made conference far more fun.

When you live in camp with people for any length of time you get to know them far better! The friendships made at this camp will last!

In fact, based on the success of the formula this year, next year's camp, or conference, has been already organised! But more on that soon.

## The People - Who Was There?

Numbers were down on previous years.

About 75 people attended this year compared with almost twice that many last year, but despite the drop in numbers, I personally was not concerned.

The key people from groups across the east coast of Australia were there.

We had a large contingent from Melbourne, quite a few from Queensland, people from the country areas of NSW and no one from Sydney!

## The Equipment

Tandy provided a heap of CoCo 3's, monitors and drives. They also had a T3000HD, a T3000HL and a T1000EX on display.

Paris Radio had several CoCo 3's and an Atari 520ST on display.

Blaxland had CoCo 3's everywhere, including one running two terminals - something to see!

And yes, there was an Amiga there. Charlie Lane owns an Amiga and a CoCo 3, and he brought the Amiga to demonstrate how much better the CoCo 3 was!

Blaxland Computer Services stole the show with their display of CoCo 3 software, much of it on show for the very first time in Australia.

It's hard to decide which package was the most impressive.

In the games category, Magic of Zanth would take some beating.

Magic of Zanth ran hot most of the weekend, and we've been getting enquiries on how to play it or achieve the next phase on Viatel ever since!

In the Utilities area, Blaxland had the ColourMax program and the new Hires joystick adaptors.

These really add to the usability of the joysticks on the 3 and ColourMax is brilliant.



Johanna Vagg, discussing Basic with a rapt group

In the business side of things, undoubtedly, the availability of Sculptor and the fact that Blaxland have already written some programs for the 3 in this new environment had to be the big news of conference.

Sculptor is a new 'language' which transfers across many computer types right up to main frames.

Now what you program at home on your CoCo 3 or MS DOS computer can be transferred directly to the mainframe at work in the morning!

Paris Radio, not to be outdone, concentrated on communications.

Paris has one of the first on line databases in Australia - known as InfoCentre. They were showing that of course, and they also had Ron Wright's CoCoTex Viatel program, version 3.1 on show.

3.1 allows you to make up messages off line and send them when you get back on line. It has 30 pages of storage and it has a lot of other nice features including a stepping rate selector for disk users.

MPD Australia, distributors of Sculptor were themselves there, and they demonstrated the power of Sculptor very adequately!

In Softgold this month, there is an article about Sculptor. And before I hear cries that this article should have been in Australian CoCo, it's in Softgold because it effects both the MS DOS users and CoCo 3 users!

## Tutorials

This year we were honoured by the quality and quantity of tutorials available.

We ran the conference a little more casually too, to allow lots of time for discussion and enquiry.

On Saturday morning, Johanna Vagg ran a well attended Basic course. I think the attendees of this course would have been happy to sit and listen to Johanna for the whole of conference!

Each year she gets more confident, each year Johanna has a very valuable contribution to make.

Running in parallel with Johanna's course, Blaxland presented a showing of their new software for the CoCo 3.

Jerome Siappy was to talk first, but his car somehow mysteriously ended up balanced on a rock outside the camp and that delayed things for a while! In the meantime Bruce Sullivan kept everyone amazed!

When Jerome returned from his adventure, he showed the CoCo 3 with two terminals running Sculptor.

Such a system need not fear competition from ANY computer!

If you need a small office system with real multitasking power, then Blaxland's CoCo 3 based system is well worth looking at.

In the afternoon, Cyclops, um, that is John Redmond, showed his latest version of his Forth program.

Forth is easy to use and is far more powerful than Basic.

Poor John has somehow gained the Cyclops knick name and he looks certain to retain it to the grave!

Whatever, his avowed interest and campaigning for Forth are well founded. And quite a few of the new users there found that using Forth was not difficult at all.

Running parallel to John's



Jack Fricker (least tall), with Ross Pratt and friends discussing OS 9.

course, Mike Turk ran a course on C.

C is in use on MS DOS computers but can also be used with CoCo's running OS 9.

Not the simplest of languages, Mike made it sound easy, and I think, won some converts!

Saturday night saw our traditional dinner and presentations - more on which in a moment.

Sunday morning dawned bright & sunny - although there were a few around that morning who didn't seem to be in a position to notice!

Ron Wright and I discussed Viatel in the top hall with a group of people, whilst John Redmond did a shortened Assembly Language tutorial in the lower hall.

The fact that John's tutorial had to be shortened was the disappointment of the conference.

Hopefully John will give us a longer version next year!

Also speaking that morning was Brad McMaster from MPD (Australia) Pty Ltd - importers of Sculptor.

I've already mentioned Sculptor, but it was Brad's very capable demonstration of the Sculptor system that decided so many to give it a go.

We're certainly looking forward to seeing some work produced in Sculptor!

Finally, after lunch, Alex Hartmann discussed Advanced Basic concepts in the top hall, whilst Farley from Tandy gave an excellent tutorial on MS DOS in the lower hall.

Both these people had prepared extensively for their tutorials, and a special thanks goes to Farley because this was his first attempt at something like this. Your efforts were very much appreciated Farley.

Some of the more energetic ones left later in the afternoon for a bush walk.

The Royal National Park is Australia's oldest national park and as you walk through it, you can get a feel for how Sydney must have looked 200 years ago.

That apart, the scenery is stunning - the wild flowers were just starting to bloom, and the sandstone cliffs and the creeks that carve their way through them, make a walk in the park a real pleasure.

## Prizes

This year saw the richest booty of prizes yet with well in excess of \$3500 worth of prizes being handed out.

Tandy alone provided \$1700 worth of equipment as minor prizes, and backed up for the big one, the Tandy Programming Award.

Paris Radio and Blaxland also gave some very generous prizes, and we at Goldsoft provided some modems too.

The Greg Wilson Award is a special award which we present to a family which has contributed greatly to the Tandy Computing world.

It was won in 1985 by the Delbourgo family, in 1986 by the Dougan family and this year went to the Wright family in Melbourne.



OS 9'ers at work!



Graham at work!!

It is a family award, because at the level of contribution we are talking about, history has shown that the whole family contributes to the endeavours of the principle recipient.

In the case of the Dougans last year, Brian is the principle recipient, in that he is the one with the driving interest in computers. But he could not have done what he has done for us all, had it not been for the help and support his family has given over the years.

In Ron Wright's case, we have a man totally dedicated to gaining and disseminating knowledge about the computer.

But his success in achieving the aim has been achieved only with the help of his lovely wife Debbie.

So the Award goes to the Wright family.

Ron started using computers with the Tandy Model 1. He purchased a 4K CoCo from the US, before they were released in Australia, and soon after was able to produce a book on the ROM calls, which would have been the first Australian book on the CoCo.

He worked with Greg Wilson on a number of projects including a disassembly of the ROMs of the MC 10 computer.

Of late, his major passion has been the provision of Viatel software for the CoCo.

This has led him down some interesting sidestreets, but nonetheless, his Viatel Terminal Emulation for the CoCo 3 is in every way, a world class program.

We were very pleased to have Ron's company - and help at conference, and we were equally glad that Debbie was able to be there too, to receive the award.

Well... receive in a way, because someone left it in Queensland didn't they!

Craig Stewart blew our minds with his programs for the CoCo 3 early this year, and it came as little surprise to anyone that he won the Tandy Programming Contest this year.

Craig is from South Australia and was unable to be at conference, but he won a cash prize of \$500 plus a \$1 royalty for every program of his that Tandy sells.

And the cash resultant of that could be nice, because Tandy intend bundling the program with every CoCo 3 sold at Christmas.

The program's name is "Pursuit", it is an arcade game and it demonstrates Craig's thorough understanding of the way the CoCo 3's memory works.



Jerome Siappy, Bruce Sullivan with some customers.

It is entirely written in machine language and it uses the CoCo 3 colours to advantage.

Look for it in your Tandy Store soon - oh and PLEASE buy it! Your purchase of Pursuit not only will encourage a world class programmer, it will encourage Tandy to continue with this form of encouragement for local programmers.

The Games Competition for CoCo 3's was won by Charles Bartlett from Rockhampton, with the program "SHOW?".

"SHOW?" is a pac man style program written in basic!

It plays well, and although programs were submitted with more detailed screens, this program won because of the excellent logic that Charles employs.

Charles wins a DMP 106 printer from Tandy.

James Redmond won the CoCo 2 games contest with a program called Gryphon.

Programmers of the CoCo 2 always face a problem because of the screen resolutions available to them.

Either the pictures are too small, or often, they are too chunky.

James found a nice medium between the two, and created a very playable game!

James won a CoCo 3 for his work.

The CoCo was donated by Tandy.

Scott Harvey wrote what may become the definitive CoCo2 Adventure.

Scott's adventure is called the "Drenkald Adventure".

We have a problem with it in fact because it takes up a whole disk, so we might have to issue it as a separate program one day soon.

Scott, better known on Viatel as "Zard", created the graphics for his adventure on CoCoMax, and he calls each picture as he needs them from the disk.

The program is highly imaginative and certainly deserves the award of a CoCo 3 from Tandy.

Whilst many were working on games for the CoCo 3, others have spent time creating new programs for the 3 in other interest areas.

Gordon Thurston made an Oscilloscope program for the CoCo 3.

Yes, that's right, he uses the CoCo 3 as his Oscilloscope, feeding in his readings through the joystick ports!

Gordon won Deskmate 3 for his CoCo 3 from Tandy for this program.

George McLintock is no stranger to the winner's circle - George was the winner of a prize last year.

This year his Machine Language "CoCo 3 Experiments" won him an OS 9 Level 2 package.

George always has much to show us, and this program certainly demonstrates some different uses for the CoCo 3 graphics system!

In the Business area, John Grech of Melbourne was a winner with his Stock List program.

John visited us when he was on holidays here and showed this program, which is something he uses at work.

The program has a number of both novel and useful features and won John an Avtec mini modem and the FIRST of the new series of Ron Wright's CoCoTex program. This prize was donated by Paris Radio and Ron Wright.

In Softgold Magazine, we want to do more than just present programs.

We aim to entertain, to educate and to inform.

We want to reflect a little of each of our reader's other interests, and we want to publish articles which may have a socially beneficial effect.

That's a big order for a small magazine, but this year we had articles from Monique Bond, Walter Zambotti, Dean Hodgson, Allan Thompson, John Archer, John Carmichael, Mike Turk, Mark Permuter, Laurie O'Shea, and many others.

Finding a winner from the diverse subject matter presented was a real problem of course, but we finally settled on the Mike Turk articles because of their timely value to our younger readers.

Mike won a Modem plus CoCoTex software from Goldsoft for his work.

We don't get many Hardware articles.

We'd like more!

Paul Kuhn was the only one to submit one this year.

It was a good one too!

A PMODE and colour changer.

He wins a modem and CoCoTex software from Goldsoft!

Bob Horne of course took out the Education award.

Bob supplies top material for the magazine in the Educational area.

He wins software to the value of \$100 from Blaxland computer Services for his program "Fraction Hunt".

In the area of OS 9, we do not receive much material, mainly because the OS 9 users group does such a good job of feeding OS 9 users with information, and because their newsletter has a wealth of their member's programs in it - and so it should be!

However, we'd like to encourage more programming in OS 9, and so Jeff Larsen wins this section with a program called "Cursor", which gives you a custom cursor in OS 9.

Jeff wins one of the new ColourMax programs from Blaxland Computer Services and Goldsoft.

In the MS DOS world, we recently received a bunch of

Basic and Pascal programs from Leigh Dawes of Taralgon in Victoria.

We have had some excellent work over the year, but it seemed to us that Leigh's work was something special, so he gets the MS DOS award which is a Busiware program from Goldsoft.

We also gave an Encouragement Award to Wayne Kely, a young fellow who has been turning in some nice work - he received the program "Cave Walker" from Tandy.

And there were two special mentions.

The first is Johanna Vagg - Johanna continued her support of new users with some lovely programs for both the CoCo 2 and the CoCo 3 this year.

Of all our authors, by your letters, she is the one you all value most highly, and we are proud to count her as part of the team!

This year Johanna won a Tandy Multi Pack Interface from Blaxland Computer Services.

Finally, a special mention must go to Laurie O'Shea, who continued throughout the year to reflect a care and a love for the world in his "Close Encounters" series of articles.

We need more caring people and Laurie is appreciated.

So that's it for the prizes this year. If you didn't make it, sorry!



Johanna shows them how

If you did, congrats!  
Either way, keep at it - we need your programs and articles for the magazine.

More importantly, your programs and articles continue to teach Australians and Canadians about their Tandy computer.

Many people tell us how eagerly they await the magazine each month. It is you authors who provide that pleasure to so many.

## Next Year

How's this for organisation?  
Next year's conference will be at Koonjearre near

Springbrook on the mountains behind the Gold Coast.

Date is to be confirmed, but looks like being on the first weekend of the NSW School holidays.

Springbrook is a true mountain resort. There are tremendous views; a cross section of animal life that has to be seen to be believed; and simply fantastic bushwalks!

Add to this, John Redmond, Johanna Vagg and a heap of other tutorial leaders and I KNOW we are going to have a fine time in 1988!

Of course, Expo 88 will be on at the same time, so you'll be able to take advantage of being in Qld for conference to go to that as well!

Don't miss Conf '88 - Conf '87 was the best yet - but Conf '88 will be something again!

## Thanks

You don't put on an extravaganza like this without the co-operation of a very wide range of people.

Firstly, to Wilfred, Farley and the staff of Tandy, thank you everyone for your help in obtaining hardware and software for conference.

Being away from our "base" we depended on Tandy even more than we would normally, but they came through with brilliant organisation and assistance!

Next to the staff of Goldsoft, thank you for your work

Next to the Tutorial Leaders. Your work is appreciated - not just by ourselves, but also by the people who attended.

Without you, conference would be a very dull event!

Next to MPD, Paris & to Blaxland - we appreciate your part in conference, in the provision of prizes, and in the assistance you gave the attendees.

Many people came, just to see you!

Finally, thank you to those of you who came along and supported this event.

I'm absolutely certain each of you got friendship, information and perhaps even some goodies from the conference.

We enjoyed having you there!

## Conf '88

At this stage it looks like we will be able to make this one cheaper than Conf '87!

Its a bit of a trip to get here for it - but that in itself is fun, and in any case - as many found this time, it is certainly a worthwhile trip!



Alex Hartmann and Michael Horne

# SUBMITTING YOUR WORK

Ah! So you've finally finished that program? And you say to yourself, "What a great program that would make for CoCo Magazine/Softgold Magazine!"

And so you wonder to yourself, "How am I going to send this program in to the magazine?". Some time goes by and you suddenly realise, "Hey, there's an article in this month's magazine about submitting your work. I'll read through that and maybe that'll help me."

So you rip the magazine out of your stack of other CoCo/Softgold magazines and read the article on how to submit your program.

It reads ...

"... we accept programs stored on both tape and disk ONLY along with a hard copy of the program(s) (optional only; we use it here as a reference to see what the program is/does) and suitable instructions.

## Saving to Tape

Each program would be best saved three times with the last save being in ASCII. The tapes we recommend you use are either a C30 or less (the reason for that is that tapes longer than C30 have a tendency to tear).

It'd be even better if you could include some instructions along with the program, either as a separate program or in the wordprocessors listed below.

## Saving to Disk

With disk, you'd be best to save it three times with the last save being in ASCII. Also, the extension name for the second and third copy should be different, so to distinguish the three copies. A simulation is given below.

'... I have just saved 3 copies of a program called "HORSE". The directory listing would be:

```
HORSE BAS 0 B 3
HORSE 1 0 B 3
HORSE 2 0 A 3'
```

Any instructions could be saved in the same system using either a program or in the wordprocessors listed below.

## Wordprocessors we use.

Here is a list from our most preferable wordprocessors to the drastic measure one could take to tell us how your program works.

1. Telewriter/Telepatch
2. Scripsit
3. PenPal
4. VIP Writer
5. Any form of data file.
6. Instructions written in a separate program."

"Oh wow!", you think to yourself as you read it with awe and astonishment. So you go about your busy little way saving your program and instructions to tape or disk. Then you say to yourself, "Where do I send it?"

You read the article on ...

"... any articles and programs should be sent to this address:

Submissions Editor,  
Freepost 5  
PO Box 1742,  
Southport, Qld, 4215

All mail to this address need not be paid for.

All tapes and disks received will be returned after three months in case we need to refer to something or re-print something."

So place your tape/disk along with your hardcopy of the listing in a postpack (or suitable wrapping) and pop it in the mail.

All done!!

# SURVEY

# 87

This is our third survey, so three years that you've had time to think about things like, "What do you hate about us, what could use improvement", and so on!

We really value your comments - even the ones we feel we can't act on! In fact past surveys have helped shape the current magazines. We feel sure this one will also contribute a great deal.

To encourage you to get the survey back to us quickly, we have a small competition with a prize.

When you've filled in all the questions, place the survey in an envelope and post it to:

Survey '87  
Freeport 5  
PO Box 1742,  
Southport, Q. 4215

Get this survey in the mailbox BEFORE 7th October, 1987 to be eligible to win the prize which is 10 boxes of disks - ie 100 disks!

1. Name:

.....  
You can fill this form out anonymously if you want but you will of course be unable to receive the prize if you win it!

2. Address:

.....  
.....

From hereon, circle the appropriate letter:

3. Where did you get this magazine?

- a. I subscribe! My sub. number is: .....
- b. A Newsagent - Which one? .....
- c. A Tandy Store - Which one? .....
- d. A Meet Group - Which one? .....
- e. Elsewhere. Where: .....

4. What is your age range?

- a. 0 - 10                      b. 11 - 20                      c. 21 - 30
- d. 31 - 40                      e. 41 - 60                      f. 61 - 200

5. What computer(s) do you own?

a. Colour Computer, of course!

Cross out the inappropriate:

" ... I own a colour basic / extended colour basic CoCo 1 / 2 / 3 with 16k / 32k / 64k / 128k / 512k RAM."

b. Mico (or MC-10) computer.

Cross out the inappropriate:

" ... My Mico has 4k / 20k / 44k / Rom 1.1 "

c. IBM Compatible Tandy.

Cross out the inappropriate:

" ... I own a Tandy 1000EX / 1000SX / 1000 / 2000 / 3000 / IBM PC Clone / with .....k memory."

d. Some other type of computer.

What kind? .....

6. Your hardware: what do you have?

- a. Cassette? Type? .....
- b. Floppy drive? Number? ..... & Type? .....
- c. Hard drive? Number? ..... & Type? .....
- d. Printer? Number? ..... & Type? .....
- e. Modem? Baud rate? ..... & Type? .....
- f. Monitor? Colour / Monochrome : Type? .....
- g. Television? Type? .....
- h. Anything else? .....

7. What else do you intend to buy in the next twelve months?

8. Do you intend joining Viatel this year? Y N

a. If Yes, what about joining Goldlink? Y N

9. How do you use your computer? Please give percentage (%) of use: (it should all add up to 100%!)

Games ..... %  
 Business ..... %  
 Education ..... %  
 Communication ..... %  
 Utilities ..... %  
 Robotics ..... %  
 Scientific Application ..... %  
 Commercial Software Production ..... %  
 To gain more knowledge of the computer ..... %  
 Other ..... %  
 -----  
 Total 100 %

10. What languages do you have a 50% greater proficiency in?

- a. Basic            b. Basic09            c. C  
 d. Forth           e. Assembly/Machine Language  
 f. Pascal           g. Cobol  
 h. Something else. What ? .....

11. Out of the above languages, which are you familiar with, as opposed to having a working knowledge of?  
 .....

12. Magazine buying habits:

I subscribe to:	I purchase seperately:
a. CoCo	a. CoCo
b. Softgold	b. Softgold
c. American Rainbow	c. American Rainbow
d. 68xxx	d. 68xxx
e. 80 Micro	e. 80 Micro
f. ....	f. ....

13. What was the best thing about the last four months of our magazine?  
 .....

14. What was the worst thing about our last four months of the magazine?  
 .....

15. What would you like to see more of in the magazines?  
 .....

16. Tandy Stores

- a. Which one do you frequent? .....
- b. Managers Name? .....
- c. Is the shop tidy and laid out well? Y N

d. Does the store have what you want? Y N

e. Can the staff help you with computing problems?  
 Y N

f. Have you been able to strike up a friendship with any of them there? Y N

g. To what other Tandy stores do you go to obtain the type of gear you want?  
 .....

17. Conf'87:

- a. Did you attend? Y N
- b. Would you come / come again? Y N
- c. How do you react to the "Camp" format of conference?  
 .....
- d. We'd appreciate hearing any other comments you may have about Conf'87:  
 .....

18. Meet Groups: Are you a regular? Y N

19. Write here if there are any changes to be made on the list of meet groups for your group:  
 .....

20. If you have any further comments about the magazines or our other services, please use this space:

Don't forget, this form has to be in before the 7th of October 1987 to be eligible for the prize!!

Competition:

We are about to introduce Software Downloads to our Goldlink service on Viatel. Suggest a name for this part of the service - best name wins 10 boxes of disks - value \$200!

Thank you for filling in this form.



# COM \* STATION 642

> Ron Wright wins the Greg Wilson award for 1987!!!!

\*

64290210A  
Tandy Users' Board Member  
378651620 SUN 26 JUL 1987 18:32

> FOR COMPUTER USERS LIVING ON OR NEAR THE MORNINGTON PENINSULA, THERE IS A COMPUTER CLUB THAT MAY SUIT YOU.

THE P.C.C.C. (PENINSULA COLOR COMP. CLUB) MEETS THE THIRD WEDNESDAY OF THE MONTH AT BRUCE PARK HALL FRANKSTON 7.30 PM. (MELWAYS REF. MAP 102 G7) ALL COMPUTERS WITH COLOR CAPABILITIES ARE WELCOME, NOT ONLY TANDY COCOS. EXTRA INFO GIVE ME A MB, MAY SEE YOU THERE !!!

\*

Com Station 642 ViaTw 6429035A  
OS-9 Users' Board Member  
648230650 WED 12 AUG 1987 22:40

> I AM having trouble getting deskmate to boot from my hard disk ANY CLUES ?

Ross

\*

Com Station 642 ViaOn 6429036A  
OS-9 Users' Board Member  
585316000 THU 13 AUG 1987 19:43

> TO ROSS  
I DON'T know Deskmate but look at a dump of program. If you see /d0, change that to /dd. This will enable you to boot from the default drive.  
Regards, Rick

\*

Com Station 642 ViaTw 6429029A  
The Tandy Users' Board  
548421180 SUN 16 AUG 1987 19:10

> Can anyone please supply me with a circuit diagram to power 2 DG drives using only ONE transformer .. My existing DS Mitsubishi 4851's use two separate trannies - one for the 12 volt supply and one for the 5 volt supply. Why can't I hang a 12 V and a 5 V regulator on a single tranny ???

\*

Com Station 642 ViaTw 6429037A  
OS-9 Users' Board Member  
755100150 FRI 14 AUG 1987 00:05

> You've not seen anything until you have seen Blackland's CoCo3's running 2 terminals plus the main screen on OS9 L2. There is no speed loss - especially as they use hard drives. Its really incredible.  
At Conference it had the Messy Dos guys very envious!

G

64290211A  
Tandy Users' Board Member  
756413480 TUE 28 JUL 1987 21:25

> HBLP

WHEN USING COCOMAX II WITH 64K GRRY CASE WITH R/BITS 1.4DOS - LOADS FILE1 OK-EDITS FILE1 OK-PRINTS OK-SAVES EDITED FILE 1 OK-WONT LOAD NEW FILE---- WHY? CAN IT BE FIXED  
USING COMP SHACK ZAP PROGRAMS V ILL NOT CHECK OTHER THAN DISKO-ANY FIX FOR THAT?  
KGE

What colour cocomax are you using?  
IE Black or white? Alex

## Tuesday night is computer night on Goldlink Com Station 642

64290212A  
The Tandy Users' Board  
755100150 TUE 28 JUL 1987 21:41

I have worked out a patch to fix Clonemaster to work with the Coco 3. It is quite simple....

LOADM'CLOMSTR'  
POKE&HE4D,&HFE  
POKE&HE4E,&HEE  
SAVERM'CLOMSTR',&HE00,&H1A74,&HE12

That's all there is to it! What was happening is that the memory check routine was writing over the Vectors that the Coco3 uses at &HFEFE - &HFF00. By changing the stop point from &HFF00 to &HFEFE this no longer occurs.  
Peter Harry

\*

Com Station 642 ViaOn 6429022A  
The Tandy Users' Board  
542413860 THU 06 AUG 1987 16:45

> REQUEST INFO ON MC6621 PIA CHIP  
REGARDS  
SEBROF

\*

Com Station 642 ViaTw 6429024A  
Tandy Users' Board Member  
262289400 WED 12 AUG 1987 21:40

> To HAF and the any owners of a COCO 3 let me assure you that having had the privilege to Review DESKMATE 3, it is truly a superb program. As for OS9 Level 2, which I have had for a few months now, these are only 2 programs at the moment sold by Tandy, from the inside stories I have heard that came from the 1987 COCO Conference, there are BIG things about to happen. Most of the programs I have reviewed work just fine on my 512K COCO 3, look for them in future issues of either CoCo or Softgold Magazines. ART

Com Station 642 ViaTw 6429033A  
OS-9 Users' Board Member  
705471270 SUN 02 AUG 1987 10:35

Has anyone with the user group stuff tried to use the ISAN program there? The demo programs for it seem to work, as far as writing an index file, but the pointer index.Rec is always the same.

Jeff

\*

6429031A  
OS-9 Users' Board Member  
726286690 MON 08 JUN 1987 19:30

OZ-WHIZZ If you are trying to get rid of the excess modules in memory like setime data and so on, you can't. They are part of the shell if you do an ident of /dd/cmds/shell you will see what I mean. What you need is to separate them from the shell before you boot.

U F O

\*

64290312A  
OS-9 Users' Board Member  
648230650 SUN 19 JUL 1987 21:18

Xcopy, Xdir, xlist and Xdump do not work with level 2 os9. Does anybody know of a patch for these programmes, or an alternative programme(s). Also is there a patch around for Stylo III, it almost works with level 2.

Ross.

\*

Com Station 642 ViaOn 64290211A  
The Tandy Users' Board  
548421180 MON 17 AUG 1987 20:02

> MR U.F.O  
THANK YOU FOR THE INFORMATION REGARDS THE DISK DRIVES AND POWER SUPPLY  
REGARDS GRAEME ELLIOTT  
(SORRY I FORGOT TO SAY WHO I WAS TIME !)

\*

Com Station 642 ViaTw 64290210A  
Tandy Users' Board Member  
726286690 MON 17 AUG 1987 19:01

> Unsigned, You can indeed run 2 disk drives of 1 multitap transformer. You will need 1x7805 and 1x7812 - 3 terminal regulators and a couple of electrolytic capacitors to smooth out the input and output. The Mitsubishi drives do not require a large amount of power to run. You MUST have at least 7.5 and 13.5 volts to feed the regulators.

U F O

Hi Jack, how's the Hard drives going?

# REVIEWS

By Arthur Slade

## OS9 PASCAL

**T**O QUOTE FROM THE reference manual, "Either you already know Pascal or you don't". OS-9 Pascal comes with a revamped 160pg Manual, whereas the original manual was spiral bound - this one isn't.

There are 14 chapters, 3 appendices and an index. If you already know Pascal you will be pleased to discover that OS-9 Pascal is a very thorough implementation of the language according to ISO Standard 7185.1 Level 0 with exceptions and extensions documented in Ch.14 of the manual.

Also some unnecessarily restrictive Pascal Syntax requirements have been relaxed.

If you don't already know Pascal, you have some learning to do. Pascal having been designed originally for teaching programming making it easier to learn in stages.

If you decide you would like to learn Pascal, then I suggest you obtain some reference and self study source books - try your library.

Buy the Pascal program and read the manual.

The equipment you require would be 64K (min) CoCo, 2 disk drives as well as the 2 OS-9 Pascal distribution disks that come with the program.

As always, make a BACKUP of the 2 Disks, put the originals away for safety and use the backups.

The OS-9 program package comes well presented - it will run on the 512K CoCo 3 (a lot more space), the only drawback being

being that you should retain your earlier version of your OS-9 disk, as OS-9 Pascal will ERROR when attempting to run a Pascal compiled program when using OS-9 Level II.

Although I certainly don't profess to be an expert on Pascal, I found no trouble in understanding the reference manual, and taking into account the cost of \$179.95, I rate it a 7.5/10.

(Tandy Products. 91 Kurrajong Avenue, Mt.Druitt. N.S.W. 2770)  
Reviewed by Arthur Slade.  
Hills District Colour Computer Club.

\*\*\*

## THE COMPUTER AIDED CUISINE

**T**HE COOKBOOK PROGRAM comes well presented with a documented 32pg manual, 1 program and 1 data disk.

As always make backup copies of your original disks and use the copies. NEVER use the originals.

Not being a great cooking fan myself, I soon found out that a lot of recipes, etc, were to my taste, as well as being able to create your own recipes and save them.

Some of the features included:

\* Creating an ingredient shopping list and printing it out, as well as a printout of any recipe.

\* A 'HELP' screen of glossary terms as well as providing a timer to assist in meal preparation. You are able to scale a recipe either up or down to suit from 2 - 99 people.

\* The program has a Database of some 320 recipes, each having visual appearance, nutritional value and flavour intensity.

\* From Appetiser to Dessert as well as Beverages.

I would seriously recommend this program to anyone who has culinary interests, more so to those who want to learn more about cooking a meal and just what to do.

The Menu's are varied and interesting. You can also put your own favourite recipes, desserts, drinks or whatever on the Database for future reference.

The Program requires a min of 32K, 1 or 2 disk drives, colour (optional) T.V. set, serial printer (also optional).

I ran this program initially on my 64K CoCo 2. I then thought I would see how it went on my 512K CoCo 3 - it ran with no problems at all.

It must be realised that the reason the program seems slow, one must remember it has to Scan some 320 Recipes.

With good value priced at \$69.95 I rate it 9/10.

(Tandy Products. 91 Kurrajong Avenue, Mt.Druitt.N.S.W. 2770).  
Reviewed by Arthur Slade.  
Hills District Color Computer Club.

# NUTHACKER

By Peter Fouche

## 3-D GRAPHIC ADVENTURE 32K ECB DISK (TAPE USE OPTIONAL)

**N**UTHACKER IS A 3-D graphics adventure for the CoCo 2 & 3. The programs include the following:

- \* NUTBOOT.BAS: boot program;
- \* TITLE.NUT: title picture;
- \* JCSS.NUT: title music;
- \* NUTHACK.NUT: main program;
- \* SETUP.NUT: string setup

Once RUN (or CLOADed), you will be presented with a title page and then played a little song (written on MUSIC+), then the main program loads. There is a short pause before starting.

There are two commands that need explaining: "TUNNEL" and "MAP".

"Tunnel" blasts away most holographic walls (created by the mutant CoCo 20), but this can only be done fifteen times, after which the power increase solidifies the walls.

You can play faster, by typing your command before your status is printed. (Not seeing your status is fine when you are just moving around looking, because you see everything your status tells you.)

You can move around the maze even faster by using the shifted arrow keys.

Up moves you in the direction you are looking. Down turns you 180 degrees. Right turns you 90 degrees to the right, and left turns you left.

The scenario:

"... you are an expert hacker, and are hired by TANDY to save their prototype CoCo 20 which shed it's conscience circuits (which kept it stable), and 'mutated'.

It then set up a holographic maze to protect itself. With equipment left by fleeing technicians you must repair the mutant CoCo and escape - a feat only an expert hacker known as a Nuthacker can possibly hope to achieve!!"

### LOADING INSTRUCTIONS

There are two sets of programs provided: one set for the tape user and one set for the disk user. Just follow these instructions and you should be right.

Disk Users who are typing this program in:

- \* Format a blank disk.
- \* Type in listing one; this is your boot program. Delete line 60 and 70 ('DEL60-70'). Save it as "NUTBOOT.BAS".
- \* Type in listing five; this is the basic version of an ML file, or the Music+ title music. RUN it. This program will automatically save itself under the title of "JCSS.NUT".
- \* Type in listing two; this is the main program. Save it as "NUTHACK.NUT".
- \* Type in listing four; this sets the strings up. RUNNING it will save a data file for the main program to use, called "NUIDAT.NUT".
- \* Finished. All you need to do to run it is type in RUN"NUTBOOT".

Tape users who are typing in this program

- \* Get a blank tape.
- \* Type in listing three; this is your boot program. Delete line 60 and 70 ('DEL60-70'). Save it as "NUTBOOT".
- \* Type in listing five; this is the basic version of an ML file, or the Music+ title music. RUN it. This program will automatically save itself under the title of "JCSS".
- \* Type in listing two; this is the main program. Replace lines 1000-1050 and lines 30100-30140 with these lines:  
1000 'SETUP LETTER DRAW STRINGS  
1002 POKE65494,0:OPEN"I",#-1,"N

```
UTDAT"  
1005 FORT=65TO75: INPUT#-1, A$(T)  
: NEXT: FORT=76TO87: INPUT#-1, A$(T)  
)  
1010 NEXT  
1015 INPUT#-1, A$(32)  
1020 FORT=48TO56: INPUT#-1, A$(T)  
1025 NEXT: INPUT#-1, A$(57)  
1030 INPUT#-1, A$(33)  
1035 INPUT#-1, A$(40): INPUT#-1, A$(41)  
1040 INPUT#-1, A$(42): INPUT#-1, A$(44): INPUT#-1, A$(46)  
1045 INPUT#-1, A$(8)  
1049 INPUT#-1, A$(45): FORT=88TO90: INPUT#-1, A$(T): NEXT  
1050 RETURN
```

```
30100 FORT=1TO12: IF T=5OR T=100  
R T=9THENNEXTT  
30110 FORT=1TO4: INPUT#-1, D$(T, Y): NEXTY  
30115 NEXT T  
30120 FORT=1TO4: INPUT#-1, D$(5, T): NEXT: FORT=1TO3: INPUT#-1, D$(9, T): NEXT: INPUT#-1, D$(9, 4)  
30130 INPUT#-1, D1$: INPUT#-1, D2$: INPUT#-1, D$(10, 1)  
30135 CLOSE: IFPEEK(150)=2THEMPOKE65494,0  
30140 RETURN
```

Save it as "NUTHACK".

\* Type in listing six; this sets the strings up. RUNNING it will save a data file for the main program to use, called "NUIDAT".

\* All you need to do to run it is type in CLOAD"NUTBOOT".

Hope you have fun with "Nuthack"!

### The Listing:

```
0 GOTO 10  
1 '**NUT HACKER LOADER**  
2 '*****PROGRAM*****  
3 '*****8/4/87*****  
4 SAVE"NUTBOOT:0":END  
10 PCLEAR5  
20 CLS: INPUT"CAN YOUR COMPUTER HANDLE THE SPEED UP POKE? IE P  
OKE 65495,0 (Y,N)"; A$(  
30 IF A$="Y" THEN POKE 150,2:GOT  
0 50
```

```

40 IF A$<>"N" THEN 20
50 PMODE4,1:PCLS
60 LOADM"TITLE.NUT"
70 SCREEN1,1
80 LOADM"JCSS.NUT"
90 POKE &HFF42,0
100 EXEC
110 RUN "NUTHACK.NUT"

```

## The Listing:

```

0 GOTO 20
1 ' NUTHACK
2 ' PETER FOUCHE
3 SAVE"NUTHACK:0"
4 END
20 X=RND(-TIMER):POKE 113,0
21 COLOR 0,0:CLEAR 3700
22 X=10:VIE=1
23 A1=194:B1=58:A4=192:B4=28
24 COS="N S E W NORTSOUT
EASTWESTSHOOQUITWEARREADTAKEREPA
DIE ACTILOOKGET EXAMINVESUICPRES
GO DROPINSEBYE MAP TUNN"
25 DATA "CLOSED DOOR","OPEN D
OOR","COMPUTER MANUAL","LAZER
PISTOL","REFLECTIVEARMOUR","B
UITON","KEY CARD","COMPUTER PAR
T","TRANSMAT DEVICE","BROKEN
COMPUTER","-","LOCKED DOOR"
26 DATA"REPAIRED COMPUTER"
27 NOS="DOORDOORMANUPISTARMOBTUT
CARDPARTTRANCOMPSHIPDOORCOMPWORT
VESTSOUTEAST"
50 DIM A$,B$,L(100,4),A$(122),A(
5),O$(13),D$(15,4),O(17)
55 GOSUB 200
60 GOSUB 1000
65 GOSUB 30000
70 GOSUB 30100
75 GOSUB 400
80 GOTO 20000
100 'INPUT
103 C3=0:C5=INKEY$:IFC3=""THENC3
=1
104 DRAW"S4BM194,0":CU=0:A$=""
105 IFC3 THENB$="YOU ARE INLOCAT
ION":GOSUB300
106 B$=STR$(X):GOSUB300
110 IFC3 THENGOSUB31000
113 IFC3 THENB$="WHAT NEXT OH MA
STER":GOSUB 300
114 B1=168:A1=194
115 A1$=STR$(A1):B1$=STR$(B1):DR
AW"BM"+A1$+" "+B1$+"BD6R5"
117 IFC3=0THENB$=C3:C3=1:GOTO140
120 B$=INKEY$:IF B$=""THEN120
140 DRAW"C1L5COBU6"
145 A=ASC(B$):IF A<>95 AND A<>93
AND A<>91 AND A<>21 AND A<> 8 A
ND A<>13 THEN 169
150 IF B$=CHR$(13) THEN RETURN
151 IF B$=CHR$(95) THEN IF VIE=1
THEN A$="N":RETURN ELSE IF VIE=
2 THEN A$="W":RETURN ELSE IF VIE
=3 THEN A$="S":RETURN ELSE A$="E
":RETURN

```

```

152 IF B$="(" THEN VIE=VIE-2*(VI
E<3)+2*(VIE>2):A$="LOOK":RETURN
153 IF B$=CHR$(21) THEN VIE=VIE+
1+4*(VIE=4):A$="LOOK":RETURN
154 IF B$=")" THEN VIE=VIE-1-4*(
VIE=1):A$="LOOK":RETURN
155 IF LEN(A$)>0 THEN A$=LEFT$(A
$,LEN(A$)-1) ELSE SOUND 100,1:GO
TO 115
165 IF B$=CHR$(8) AND CU=>0 THE
N CU=CU-1:A1=A1-6:IF CU=-1 THEN
A1=248:B1=B1-8:CU=9:DRAW"BM"+STR
$(A1+5)+" "+STR$(B1):GOSUB 1300:
GOTO 115
166 IF B$=CHR$(8) THENGOSUB1300:
GOTO 115
169 IF LEN(A$)=29 THEN SOUND100,
1:GOTO115
170 GOSUB 1300
171 A$=A$+B$
172 CU=CU+1:A1=A1+6:IF CU=10 THE
N A1=194:B1=B1+8:CU=0
175 GOTO 115
200 'MAZE
203 IF PEEK(150)=2 THEN POKE 654
95,0
205 FORT=1 TO 180:A=RND(100):B=R
ND(4)
210 IF B=1 ANDA>10 THEN L(A,1)=A
-10:L(A-10,3)=A
215 IF B=2 AND (A+9)/10 <>INT((A
+9)/10) THEN L(A,2)=A-1:L(A-1,4)
=A
220 IF B=4 AND A/10<>INT(A/10) T
HEN L(A,4)=A+1:L(A+1,2)=A
225 IF B=3 AND A<91THEN L(A,3)=A
+10:L(A+10,1)=A
230 NEXT
233 L(55,1)=0:L(55,2)=0:L(55,3)=
0:L(55,4)=0:L(65,2)=0:L(65,4)=0:
L(65,3)=75:L(75,3)=85:L(75,2)=74
:L(85,4)=86
234 L(10,2)=9:L(9,4)=10:L(75,1)=
65:L(45,3)=0:L(56,2)=0:L(54,4)=0
:L(86,2)=85:L(85,1)=75:L(64,4)=0
:L(66,2)=0:L(65,1)=0
235 RETURN
300 'WRITE
310 DRAW"BR255BM-60,+8;S4"
330 IF LEN(B$)<10 THEN GOSUB 13
00:RETURN
335 IF LEN(B$)/10=INT(LEN(B$)/10
) THEN 345
340 B$=B$+" ":GOTO 335
345 C2$=B$:FORT9=1 TO LEN(C2$) S
TEP 10
350 B$=MID$(C2$,T9,10):GOSUB 130
0
353 B1=B1+8
355 DRAW"BR255BM-60,+8":NEXT T9:
RETURN
400 'MAP
405 PMODE0,5:PCLS1
407 COLOR 0,1
410 LINE(40,20)-(200,180),PSET,B
F
415 DRAW"BM40,0S8":B$="MAP OF TR
AVELS":GOSUB 1300
420 FOR T=56 TO 200 STEP 16:LINE
(T,20)-(T,180),PRESET:NEXT

```

```

425 FOR T=36 TO 180 STEP 16:LINE
(40,T)-(200,T),PRESET:NEXT
427 B$="PRESS A KEY":DRAW"BM 235
,22A1":GOSUB 1300:DRAW"S4A0"
430 PMODE4,1:SCREEN1,1:COLOR 0,1
:RETURN
450 '*** UPDATE MAP ***'
455 PMODE0,5:DRAW"COBM"+STR$(A4)
+" "+STR$(B4)+"BU8NR7NL6BD8":PMO
DE4,1:B4=B4-16:RETURN'****NORTH*
***'
460 PMODE0,5:DRAW"COBM"+STR$(A4)
+" "+STR$(B4)+"BD8NR7NL6BU8":PMO
DE4,1:B4=B4+16:RETURN'****SOUTH*
***'
465 PMODE0,5:DRAW"COBM"+STR$(A4)
+" "+STR$(B4)+"BL8NU6ND7BR8":PMO
DE4,1:A4=A4-16:RETURN'***WEST**'
470 PMODE0,5:DRAW"COBM"+STR$(A4)
+" "+STR$(B4)+"BR8NU6ND7BL8":PMO
DE4,1:A4=A4+16:RETURN'***EAST**
500 'VIEW
505 PCLS1
507 COLOR0,0:DRAW"C0"
510 DRAW"BM96,5":IF VIE=1 THENB$
="N":GOSUB 1300 ELSE IF VIE=2 TH
EN B$="W":GOSUB 1300 ELSE IF VI
E=3 THEN B$="S":GOSUB 1300ELSE B
$="E":GOSUB 1300
515 LINE (192,0)-(192,192),PSET:
LINE (0,0)-(192,0),PSET:LINE (0,
0)-(0,192),PSET:LINE (0,192)-(19
2,192),PSET
520 IF L(X,VIE)=0 THEN C=1:GOTO
555
525 A=L(X,VIE):C=2:A(1)=X:A(2)=A
530 A=L(A,VIE):IF A=0 THEN 540 E
LSE C=C+1:IF C<5 THEN A(C)=A:GOT
O 530 ELSE 530
540 IF C=4 THEN DRAW"BM93,99;M98
,99;U5L6D5"
545 IF C=3 THEN DRAW"BM86,106;M1
06,106;U20L20D20"
550 IF C=2 THENDRAW"BM75,117;M11
7,117;U42L42D42"
555 IF C=1 THEN DRAW"BM143,142;M
49,142U92R94D92":A(1)=10
560 IF C>4 THEN DRAW"BM97,98;H4D
4E4D4
565 TIE=VIE+1:IF TIE>4 THEN TIE=
1
570 IF C>3 THEN IF L(A(4),TIE)<>
0 THEN DRAW"BM 93,99;L8ND7U5WU8R
7"ELSE DRAW"BM 93,98;G8U20F8"
575 ' DRAW FAR SIDE/EXIT
580 IF C>2 THEN IF L(A(3),TIE)<>
0 THEN DRAW"BM85,106;L11ND11U20W
U11R11" ELSEDRAW"BM 84,107;G10U4
2F10"
585 IF C>1 THEN IF L(A(2),TIE)<>
0 THEN DRAW"BM49,142;U25NR24U42N
R24U25" ELSE DRAW"BM49,142;NE25U
92NF25"
590 IF C<>0 THEN IF L(X,TIE)<>0
THEN DRAW"BM0,190;U48NR49U92NR49
U49"ELSE DRAW"BM0,192;NE49U190F4
9"
595 TIE=VIE+3:IF TIE>4 THEN TIE=
TIE-4
600 IF C>3 THEN IF L(A(4),TIE)<>

```

```

0 THEN DRAW"BM 98,99;R8ND7U5NU8L
7"ELSE DRAW"BM 99,98;F8U20G8"
605 IF C>2 THEN IF L(A(3),TIE)<>
0 THEN DRAW"BM107,106;R11ND11U20
NU11L11"ELSEDRAW"BM108,107;F10U4
2G10"
610 IF C>1THEN IF L(A(2),TIE)<>0
THEN DRAW"BM143,142;U25NL24U42N
L24U25" ELSE DRAW"BM143,142;NH24
U92NG25"
615 IF C<>0 THEN IF L(X,TIE)<>0
THEN DRAW"BM192,190;U48NL49U92NL
49U49"ELSEDRAW"BM192,192;NH49U19
0G49"
620 RETURN
1000 'LOADS'S
1002 OPEN"D",#1,"NUTDAT.NUT"
1005 GET#1,1:FORT=65 TO 75:INPUT
#1,A$(T):NEXT:GET #1,2:FORT=76 T
O 87:INPUT #1,A$(T)
1010 NEXT
1015 GET#1,3:INPUT#1, A$(32)
1020 FORT=48 TO 56:INPUT#1,A$(T)
1025 NEXT:GET#1,4:INPUT#1,A$(57)
1030 INPUT#1, A$(33)
1035 INPUT#1, A$(40):INPUT#1,A$(
41)
1040 INPUT#1,A$(42):INPUT#1,A$(4
4):INPUT#1,A$(46)
1045 INPUT#1,A$(8)
1049 INPUT#1,A$(45):GET#1,9:FORT
=88 TO 90:INPUT#1, A$(T):NEXT
1050 RETURN
1300 FORZ7=1 TO LEN(B$)
1305 P$=MID$(B$,Z7,1)
1310 P=ASC(P$)
1315 DRAW"XAS(P);"
1320 NEXT:RETURN
1400 '*CLS*
1045 INPUT#1,A$(8)
1049 INPUT#1,A$(45):GET#1,9:FORT
=88 TO 90:INPUT#1, A$(T):NEXT
1050 RETURN
1300 FORZ7=1 TO LEN(B$)
1305 P$=MID$(B$,Z7,1)
1310 P=ASC(P$)
1315 DRAW"XAS(P);"
1320 NEXT:RETURN
1400 '*CLS*
1405 COLOR0,1:LINE(193,0)-(255,1
92),PRESET,BF:DRAW"BU255"
1406 CS=1:RETURN
1450 'FAIL
1455 PLAY"L10T3EBCFL5EC":FORT=1T
O2000:NEXT:PCLS1:B$="YOU HAVE BO
TCHED UP THE JOB.":DRAW "BM10,10
":GOSUB 1300
1460 B$="DO YOU WANT ANOTHER ATT
EMPT":DRAW"BM10,20":GOSUB 1300
1470 B$="PLEASE TYPE (Y) OR (N)":
DRAW"BM80,70":GOSUB 1300
1475 DRAW D$(10,1)
1480 B$=INKEY$:IF B$="" THEN 148
0
1485 IF B$="N" THEN PCLS:CLS:POK
E 113,0:EXEC40999
1490 IF B$="Y" THEN B$="PLEASE
WAIT WHILEA NEW MAZEIS SET UP.
":GOSUB 300:X=10:VIE=1:A1=194:B1
=58:A4=192:B4=28:WEA=0:REA=0:INS

```

There are two sets of programs: one set for disk, the other for tape. Follow the instructions and you should be OK.

```

=0:FORT=1TO4:I(T)=0:NEXTT:GOSUB
200:GOSUB 400:RESTORE:GOSUB30000
:GOTO 20000
1495 GOTO 1480
1499 GOTO 1499
1500 'T=COMND
1505 A$=A$+" " :C=0
1507 FOR T=1 TO LEN(A$):IF MID$(
A$,T,1)<>" " THEN NEXT T
1510 C$=LEFT$(A$,T):C$=C$+" "
:C$=LEFT$(C$,4)
1515 FOR T=1 TO LEN(CO$) STEP 4
1520 IF MID$(CO$,T,4)=C$ THEN 15
30
1525 NEXT :B$="WHAT":GOSUB 1400:
GOSUB 300:WA=1:RETURN
1530 C=(T+3)/4:RETURN
1550 '*** PRESS A KEY ***'
1552 IF CS=0 THEN GOSUB 1400:CS=
1:'CLS
1555 B$=" PLEASE PRESS A
KEY":GOSUB 300
1556 IF INKEY$<>"" THEN 1556
1557 IF INKEY$="" THEN 1557
1560 RETURN
1601 '***COMMANDS***
1605 '*** NORTH ***'
1610 IF L(X,1)=0 THEN VIE=1:PLAY
"T100CC#C":RETURN
1615 GOSUB 455
1640 VIE=1:X=L(X,1):RETURN
1650 '***SOUTH***'
1655 IF L(X,3)=0 THEN VIE=3:PLAY
"T100CC#C":RETURN
1660 GOSUB 460
1690 VIE=3:X=L(X,3):RETURN
1700 '***EAST***'
1705 IF L(X,4)=0 THEN PLAY"T100C
C#C":VIE=4:RETURN
1710 GOSUB 470
1740 VIE=4:X=L(X,4):RETURN
1750 '***WEST***'
1755 IF L(X,2)=0 THEN PLAY"T100C
C#C":VIE=2:RETURN
1760 GOSUB 465
1790 VIE=2:X=L(X,2):RETURN
1800 '*** SHOOT ***'
1805 GOSUB 5000
1810 GOSUB 1400
1812 WA=1
1815 IF ER=1 THEN RETURN
1816 FORR=1 TO 4:IF I(R)<> 4 THE
N NEXT R:B$="YOU HAVE NO GUN!":
GOSUB 300:RETURN
1817 IF O(T)<>X THEN B$="I DONT
SEE ONE HERE":GOSUB 300:RETURN
1818 PLAY"V10T255L255CC#CV15C#DC
#V20D#DV30D#ED#"

```

```

1820 IF T<3 OR T=5 OR T=6 OR T>1
0 THEN B$="IT HAS NO EFFECT":GO
SUB 300:RETURN
1825 IF T=3 OR T=7 OR T=8 OR T=9
THEN B$="YOU LL BE SORRY!":GOS
UB 300:O(T)=0:RETURN
1830 IF T=10 THEN B$="YOU HIT IT
BUT YOU TRIGGER HALON GAS W
HICH SMOTHERS YOU. YOU ARE
DEAD.":GOSUB 300:GOTO 1450
1900 '*** QUIT ***'
1905 GOSUB 1400:'CLS
1910 B$="QUIT! WHATARE YOU! STI
LL ITS YOUR CHOISE":GOSUB 3
00:B$="QUIT-(Y,N)":GOSUB 300
1915 A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" THEN 191
5
1920 IF A$="N" THEN RETURN
1925 IF A$<>"Y" THEN 1915
1930 POKE 113,0:EXEC40999
1935 END
2050 '*** WEAR ***'
2053 GOSUB 1400
2055 GOSUB 5000
2060 IF ER=1 THEN RETURN
2061 WA=1
2065 IF T<>5 THEN B$="YOU CANT
WEAR THAT":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2066 IF WEA=1 THEN B$="YOU WEAR
IT ALREADY":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2067 FORT=1 TO 4:IF I(T)<>5 THEN
NEXT:T:B$="YOU DO NOTCARRY IT!":G
OSUB 300:RETURN
2070 B$="YOU PUT ITOM. NOW YOU
CAN CARRY ONE MORE THING":GOS
UB 300
2080 FORT=1 TO 4:IF I(T)<>5 THEN
NEXT T ELSE I(T)=0
2085 WEA=1
2090 RETURN
2150 '*** READ ***'
2155 GOSUB 1400
2160 GOSUB 5000
2163 WA=1
2165 IF ER=1 THEN RETURN
2167 IF T<>3 THEN B$="YOU CANNOT
READ THAT":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2170 FORT=1 TO 4:IF I(T)<> 3 THE
N NEXT T:B$="YOU DONT HAVE IT":
GOSUB 300:RETURN
2175 B$=" IT SAYS..REPAIR COM
PUTER ..IT ALSO GIVES SOMEOTHER
DATAON REPAIR TECHNIQUES":GOSUB
300
2180 REA=1:RETURN
2250 '*** GET ***'
2255 GOSUB 5000
2260 IF ER=1 THEN RETURN
2263 GOSUB 1400

```

```

2264 IFT=1ORT=2ORT=6ORT>8 THEN B
$="YOU CANT GET THAT!":GOSUB 3
00:WA=1:RETURN
2265 FORR=1 TO 4 :IF I(R)<>0 THE
N NEXT:B$="I CANNOT CARRY IT!":
:GOSUB 300:WA=1:RETURN
2270 I(R)=T:B$="YOU NOW CARRY
THE":GOSUB 300:B$=O$(T):GOSUB 30
0
2272 O(T)=0
2275 WA=1:RETURN
2350 '*** REPAIR ***'
2355 GOSUB 5000
2360 IF ER=1 THEN RETURN
2365 WA=1:GOSUB 1400
2370 IF T<>10 THEN B$="IT LOOKS
PERFECTLY GOOD TO ME":GOSUB 300
:RETURN
2375 IF O(10)<>55 THEN T=9:GOTO2
370
2380 IF REA=0 THEN B$="I DONT
KNOW HOW!":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2385 FORT=1 TO 4:IF I(T)<>8 THEN
NEXT :B$="WHAT WITH?":GOSUB 300
:RETURN
2390 B$="O.K.!! ITS FIXED!":G
OSUB 300
2395 PLAY"O2V30L4T8EEL1C"
2400 O(10)=0:O(13)=55:I(T)=0
2405 RETURN
2450 '*** ACTIVATE ***'
2455 GOSUB5000:IF ER=1 THEN RET
URN
2457 WA=1
2460 GOSUB 1400
2465 IF T<>9 THEN B$="WHAT FOR":
GOSUB 300:RETURN
2470 IF INS=0 THEN B$="INSERT KE
YCARD FIRST":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2475 IF O(9)<>X THEN B$="ACTIVAT
E!! I CANT EVEN SEE IT!":GOSUB 30
0:RETURN
2480 B$="TRANSMAT OPERABLE":GOS
UB 300:TEL=1:RETURN
2500 '***LOOK***'
2503 DRAW"C1"
2504 NE=1
2505 GOSUB 5000
2507 IF ER=1 THEN ER=0:WA=0:RETU
RN
2509 IF T<14 THEN ER=1:RETURN
2510 VIE=T-13
2515 RETURN
2700 '*** EXAM ***'
2705 GOSUB5000:IF ER=1THENRETURN
2707 GOSUB1400:WA=1
2710 IF O(T)=X THEN 2720
2715 FORR=1TO4:IFI(R)<>T THEN NE
XT:B$="ITS NOT HERE":GOSUB300:
RETURN
2720 IFT<>7THENB$="LOOKS LIKE A"
:GOSUB 300:B$=O$(T):GOSUB300:RET
URN
2725 B$="ITS MULTI-PURPOSE":GOSU
B 300:RETURN
2800 '*** INVENTORY ***'
2810 GOSUB 1400
2815 A=0
2820 B$="YOU NOW CARRY":GOSUB
300
2830 FORT=1 TO 4:B$=O$(I(T)):IF
B$="" THEN NEXT T:GOTO 2845
2840 GOSUB 300:A=1:NEXT T
2845 WA=1:IF A=0 THEN B$="NOTHIN
G":GOSUB 300:RETURN ELSE RETURN
2900 '*** PRESS ***'
2905 GOSUB 1400:WA=1:GOSUB 5000:
IFER=1 THEN RETURN
2910 IF T=4 THEN B$="ITS LIKELYT
O GO OFF":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2915 IF T=10 THEN B$="CAREFULL!!
YOU COULD BREAK IT":GOSUB 300:RE
TURN
2920 IF T<>6 THEN B$="THERE IS
LITTLE EFFECT":GOSUB 300:RETU
RN
2935 IF X<>65 AND X<>55 THEN B$=
"I CANT SEEONE":GOSUB300:RETURN
2937 IF O(13)=65 THEN B$="NOTHIN
G HAPPENS!":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2940 IFO(1)=65THEN O(1)=0:O(2)=6
5:B$="O.K. THE DOOR OPENS":GOSU
B300:RETURN
2941 IF O(12)=65 THEN B$="NOTHIN
G HAPPENS!":GOSUB 300:RETURN
2942 O(2)=0:O(1)=65:B$="THE DOO
R CLOSES!":GOSUB 300:RETURN
3000 '*** GO ***'
3010 GOSUB 5000:IF ER=1 THEN RET
URN
3020 IF T<>1 THEN 3070
3025 WA=1:GOSUB 1400
3030 IF X<>65 AND X<>55 THENB$="
I CANT SEEONE!":GOSUB300:RETURN
3040 IFO(2)<>65THEN B$="YOU CANT
GO THROUGHSHUT DOORS":GOSUB300
:RETURN
3050 IF O(2)=65 THEN IF X=65 THE
N X=55:VIE=1 ELSE IF X=55 THEN X
=65:VIE=3
3060 PLAY"V10T255L255CC#CV15C#DC
#V20D#DV30D#ED#":B$="THE MUTANTC
OCO 20 SHOOTS YOUWITH ITS DEF
ENCE LASER":GOSUB300
3065 IF WEA=0THEN 1450 ELSEB$="T
HE BEAM BOUNCES OFTHE ARMOUR":G
OSUB300:RETURN
3070 IF T<>9 THEN 3100
3075 GOSUB1400:WA=1
3080 IF TEL<>1 THEN B$="IT IS NO
T OPERABLE":GOSUB300:RETURN
3090 IFX<>O(9)THENB$="IT IS NOT
HERE":GOSUB 300:RETURN
3095 B$="YOU GET ONAND ARE ZAP
PED AWAY":GOSUB300:GOTO 40000
3100 IF T> 13 THEN ON (T-13) GOS
UB 1605,1750,1650,1700
3110 RETURN
3150 '*** DROP ***'
3155 GOSUB 5000: IF ER=1THEN RET
URN
3160 GOSUB1400:WA=1
3165 IF T=5 ANDWEA=1THEN WEA=0:O
(T)=X:B$="YOU TAKE IT OFF ANDDR
OP IT":GOSUB300:RETURN
3170 FORY=1 TO 4:IF I(Y)<>T THEN
NEXT:B$="I SEEM TO HAVE LOST IT
":GOSUB300:RETURN
3175 B$="O.K. YOU DROP IT":GOSU
B 300:I(Y)=0:O(T)=X:RETURN
3250 '*** INSERT ***'
3255 GOSUB 5000:GOSUB1400:IF ER=
1 THEN RETURN
3257 WA=1
3260 IF T<>7 THEN B$="IT WONT
FIT!":GOSUB 300:RETURN
3265 FORT=1 TO 4: IF I(T)<>? THE
N NEXT:B$="YOU HAVENTGOT IT!":G
OSUB 300:RETURN
3266 IF X=O(9)THEN3270
3267 IFX=65ORX=55 THEN 3280
3268 B$="INTO WHAT!":GOSUB 300:R
ETURN
3270 INS=1:B$="ACCESS ACCEPTE
D. YOU GET THE CARD":GOSUB 300
:RETURN
3280 B$="AFTER THE TUMBLERS CLI
CK YOU REMOVE THECARD":GOSUB 300
3285 IF O(12)=65 THEN O(12)=0:O(
1)=65:B$="THE DOOR UNLOCKED":GO
SUB 300:RETURN
3290 O(12)=65:O(1)=0:O(2)=0:B$="
YOU LOCKEDTHE DOOR":GOSUB300:RET
URN
3300 '*** MAP ***'
3305 PMODE0,5:SCREEN1,1
3307 DRAW"BM"+STR$(A4)+", "+STR$(
B4)+"C1L2U2R2D2"
3310 IF INKEY$<>"" THEN 3310
3315 IF INKEY$="" THEN 3315
3317 DRAW"COU2L2D2R2"
3320 PMODE4,1:SCREEN1:RETURN
3350 '*** TUNNEL ***'
3351 IFX=55ORX=65THEN 3380
3352 TN1=TN1+1:IFTN1>14THENB$="A
LL WALLS ARE NOW SOLID":GOSUB1
400:GOSUB300:WA=1:RETURN
3353 IFL(X,VIE)<>0 THENGOSUB1400
:B$="NO WALL":GOSUB300:WA=1:RETU
RN
3355 IF VIE=1 THEN IF X<11THEN 3
380 ELSE L(X,1)=X-10:L(X-10,3)=X
3360 IF VIE=2 THEN IF (X+9)/10 =
INT((X+9)/10)ORX=56ORX=66THEN338
0 ELSE L(X,2)=X-1:L(X-1,4)=X
3365 IF VIE=3THENIFX>90 ORX=45 T
HEN3380 ELSE L(X,3)=X+10:L(X+10,
1)=X
3370 IF VIE=4 THEN IFX/10=INT(X/
10)ORX=54 ORX=64THEN 3380 ELSE L
(X,4)=X+1:L(X+1,2)=X
3375 GOSUB1400:B$="OK!":GOSUB300
:WA=1:GOSUB 300:WA=1
3377 RETURN
3380 GOSUB 1400:B$="THE WALLS AR
E SOLID -SORRY-":GOSUB 300:WA=
1
3385 RETURN
5000 ' DETERMINE NOUN '
5003 ER=0
5005 FOR T=1 TO LEN(A$)
5006 IF MID$(A$,T,1)<>" " THENNE
XT
5015 C$=MID$(A$,T+1,4)
5020 FORT=1TO LEN(NOS)STEP4
5025 IF C$<>MID$(NOS,T,4) THEN N
EXT T ELSE 5035
5030 ER=1:IF NE=0 THEN GOSUB 140
0:B$="I DONT SEEONE HERE!":WA=1
:GOSUB 300:RETURN ELSE NE=0:RETU

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RN: NE=0 - REPORT ERR
5035 T=(T+3)/4
5040 RETURN
20000 ' MIAN CONTROL LOOP
20003 IF WA=1 THEN GOSUB 1550
20004 WA=0' RESET WAIT
20005 GOSUB 500' DRAW VIEW
20007 GOSUB 31031'DRAW OBJECTS
20008 CS=0
20010 GOSUB 100' INPUT COMMAND
20015 GOSUB 1500' DESIPHER INPUT
20020 ON C GOSUB 1605,1650,1700,
1750,1605,1650,1700,1750,1800,19
00,2050,2150,2250,2350,1900,2450
,2500,2250,2700,2800,1900,2900,3
000,3150,3250,1900,3300,3350
20025 GOTO 20000
30000 '*** SET UP OBJECTS ***'
30020 FOR R=1 TO 13
30030 O(R)=RND(100):NEXT:O(1)=-1
:O(2)=-1:O(10)=55:O(12)=65:O(6)=
65:O(11)=0:O(13)=0
30040 FORT=1 TO 13:READ O$(T):NE
XT T
30098 RETURN
30099 '***LOAD DRAW$***'
30100 FORT=1 TO 12: IF T=5 OR T=1
0 OR T=9 THENNEXTT
30110 GET#1,4:T:FOR#1 TO 4:INPU
T#1, D$(T,Y):NEXTY
30115 NEXT T
30120 FORT=1 TO 4:GET#1,16+T:IMP
UT#1,D$(5,T):NEXT:GET#1,21:FORT=
1 TO 3:INPUT#1,D$(9,T):NEXT:GET
#1,22:INPUT#1,D$(9,4)
30125 GET#1,23:INPUT#1,A$
30130 GET#1,23:INPUT#1,D1$:GET#1
,24:INPUT#1,D2$:GET#1,25:INPUT#1
,D$(10,1)
30135 CLOSE:RETURN
30140 OPEN"D",#1,"NUTDAT.NUT"
30145 GET#1,23
30150 INPUT#1,A$:CLOSE
30155 END
30199 RETURN
31000 'OBJECTS
31010 B$="IN THIS ROOM YOU S
EE":GOSUB 300:CC=0
31020 FOR R=1 TO 13:IF O(R)=X TH
EN B$=O$(R):GOSUB 300:CC=1
31030 NEXT:IF UD<>0 THEN B$=O$(U
D):GOSUB 300:B$=O$(6):GOSUB 300:
RETURN ELSE IF CC=0 THEN B$="NOT
HING":GOSUB 300:RETURN ELSE RETU
RN
31031 '***DRAW OBLECTS***'
31032 IF C>4THEN C=4
31033 A(1)=X:UD=0
31034 FORR=1 TO 13:FORT=0 TO C
31035 IF X<>65 AND X<>55 THEN 31
045
31036 IF X=65 THEN IF VIE<>1 THE
N IF R=6 OR R=2 OR R=1 OR R=12 T
HEN R=R+1
31038 IF X=55 AND VIE=3 THEN DRA
W D$(6,1):IF O(12)=65 THEN DRAW
D$(12,1):UD=12ELSE IF O(2)=65 T
HEN DRAW D$(2,1):UD=2 ELSE IF O
(1)=65 THEN DRAW D$(1,1):UD=1
31039 IFX=55ANDVIE<>3 THENIFR=13

```

```

THENDRAWD$(10,1)
31040 IFX=55 ANDVIE=3 THENIFR=10
OR R=13THEN R=R+1
31045 IF O(R)=A(T) THEN DRAW D$(
R,T)
31047 NEXTT,R
31049 RETURN
40000 '*** WINNER ***
40005 IFO(10)=55THEN B$="YOU LEF
T WITHOUT REPAIRING THE COCO2
0":GOSUB300:GOTO1450
40010 PLAY "T30L1FL2CP5CL1C#L1CC
P5L1EF"
40015 FORT=1TO2000:NEXT
40020 PCLS1: DRAW"BM20,20S8":B$="
CONGRATULATIONS!":GOSUB 1300:DRA
W"BM20,30":B$=STRING$(19,"-"):GO
SUB1300
40025 DRAW"BM20,50S4":B$="YOU SU
CCEDED! WHAT CAN I SAY!":GOSUB
1300:DRAW"BM20,60":B$="VERY FEW
DO!":GOSUB 1300
40030 DRAW"BM20,75":B$=" DO YOU
WANT TO DO IT AGAIN":GOSUB 1300:
B$="(Y) OR (N)":DRAW"BM130,94":G
OSUB 1300
40035 DRAWD$(10,1)
40040 A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" THEN400
40
40045 IF A$="Y" THEN1490
40050 IFAS="N"THEN POKE 113,0:EX
EC40999
40060 GOTO 40040

```

You can move  
around the maze  
even faster by  
using the shifted  
arrow keys.

## The Listing:

```

0 GOTO 10
1 '***NUT HACKER LOADER**
2 '*****PROGRAM*****
3 '*****8/4/87*****
4 CSAVE"NUTBOOT":END
10 PCLEAR5: CLEAR3700,32707
20 CLS: INPUT"WILL YOUR COMPUTER
HANDLE THE SPEED UP POKE? IE P
OKE 65495,0 (Y,N)":A$
30 IF A$="Y" THEN POKE 150,2:GOT
O 50
40 IF A$<"N" THEN 20
50 PMODE4,1:PCLS
60 CLOADM"TITLE"
70 SCREEN1,1
80 CLOADM"JCSS"
90 EXEC
100 EXEC 32708

```

## The Listing:

```

0 GOTO 10
1 '***** STRING SETUP *****
2 '***** PETER FOUCHÉ *****
3 '***** 7/6/87 *****
4 SAVE "NUTSETUP:0":END
10 'SET UP LETTER DRAW STRINGS'
15 CLEAR2000: DIM A$(122),O$(13),
D$(13,4)
17 OPEN "D",#1,"NUTDAT/NUT"
20 FORT=65 TO 75:READ A$(T):WRIT
E #1,A$(T):NEXT:PUT#1,1:FORT=76
TO 87:READA$(T):WRITE #1,A$(T):N
EXT:PUT#1,2
30 FORT= 88 TO 90:READ A$(T):NEX
T T
40 READ A$(32):WRITE #1,A$(32)
50 FORT=48 TO 56:READA$(T):WRITE
#1,A$(T):NEXT T:PUT#1,3:READA$(5
7):WRITE#1, A$(57)
70 READ A$(33):WRITE #1,A$(33)
80 READ A$(40):READ A$(41):WRITE
#1,A$(40):WRITE #1,A$(41)
90 READ A$(42):READ A$(44):READ
A$(46):WRITE #1,A$(42):WRITE#1,A
$(44):WRITE#1,A$(46)
100 READ A$(8):WRITE#1,A$(8)
110 READ A$(45):WRITE#1,A$(45):P
UT #1,4
115 FORT=88 TO 90:WRITE#1,A$(T):
NEXT:PUT#1,9
130 DATA"BD2ND4D1R4ND3U1H2G2BR4B
E2"
140 DATA"D6R3E1U1H1NL3E1U1H1NL3B
R3"
150 DATA "BD1D4F1R2E1BU4H1L2BR5"
160 DATA "R1D6NL1R2E1U4H1NL3BR3"
170 DATA "D3NR2D3R4BU6NL4BR2"
180 DATA "D3NR2D3BE4BU2NL4BR2"
190 DATA "BD1D4F1R2U2NL1BU3U1NL2
BR3"
200 DATA "D6U3R4ND3U3BR2"
210 DATA "BR1R1D6NL1NR1U6R1BR3"
220 DATA "BD5F1R1E1U5BR3"
230 DATA "D6U3R1NF3E3BR2"
240 DATA "D6R4BU6BR2"
250 DATA "ND6F2E2ND6BR2"
260 DATA "ND6F4D2U6BR2"
270 DATA "BD1D4F1R2E1U4H1NL2BR3"
280 DATA "ND6D3R3E1U1H1NL3BR3"
290 DATA "BD1D4F1R1E1NH1NF1E1U3H
1NL2BR3"
300 DATA "D6U3R1NF3R2E1U1H1NL3BR
3"
310 DATA "BD5F1R2E1H4E1R2F1BU1BR
2"
320 DATA "R2ND6R2BR2"
330 DATA "D5F1R2E1U5BR2"
340 DATA "D2F1D1F1ND1E1U1E1U2BR2
"
350 DATA "D6E2F2U6BR2"
360 DATA "D1F4ND1H2G2ND1E4U1BR2"
370 DATA "D1F2ND3E2U1BR2"
380 DATA "R4D1G4D1R4BU6BR2
390 DATA "BR6"
400 DATA "BD1D4F1R2E1U4NG4H1L2BR
4"
410 DATA "BD1BR1E1D6WR1NL1BU6BR4
"

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```
420 DATA "BD1E1R2F1D1G1L2G1D2R4B
U6BR2"
430 DATA "BD1E1R2F1D1G1NL1F1D1G1
L2H1BR6BU5"
440 DATA "BR3ND6G3R4BU3BR2"
450 DATA "NR4D2R3F1D2G1L2H1BR6BU
5"
460 DATA "BR4L2G1D4F1R2E1U1H1L3B
R6BU3"
470 DATA "R4D1G3D2BR6BU6"
480 DATA "BR1G1D1F1G1D1F1R2E1U1H
1NL2E1U1H1NL2BR3"
490 DATA "BR1G1D1F1R3D2G1L2R2E1U
4H1NL2BR3"
500 DATA "BR1D3BD2D1BU6BR3"
510 DATA "BR4G2D2F2BR3BU6"
520 DATA "F2D2G2BR4BU6"
530 DATA "BR3D5U3NF2NG2D1NH2E2BR
3BU1"
540 DATA "BD4BR2ND1R1D1BD1G1E1U1
BU5BR3"
550 DATA "BD4BR2D1R1U1BR4BU4"
560 DATA "C1L5D1R4D1L4D1R4D1L4D1R
4DL5U6C0"
570 DATA "BD3R4BU3ER"
1000 *** SET UP OBJECTS ***
1010 D$="U70L30D70BE25BU20U4GDFE
UHS4":D$(1,1)="BM112,142"+D$
1020 D$(1,2)="BM104,117S2"+D$:S
2U70L30D70BE25BU20U2ND4BH2ND8G2D
4S4
1030 D$(1,3)="BM100,105;S1U65L30
D65BE25BU20U2ND4BH2ND8G2D4S4"
1040 D$(1,4)="BM96,96ND4L1D3"
1050 D$(2,1)="BM112,142;U70L30D7
0M+11,-8U22BL1U2HGD2FEBR1U33M-11
,-5"
1060 D$(2,2)="BM104,117;S2U70L30
D70M+11,-8U22BL2U2HGD2FEBR2U33M-
11,-5"
1070 D$(2,3)="BM100,105;S1U65L30
D65M+11,-8U19BL2U1BR2U30M-11,-8
1080 D$(2,4)=D$(1,4)
1090 D$(12,1)=D$(1,1):D$(12,2)=D
$(1,2):D$(12,3)=D$(1,3):D$(12,4)
=D$(1,4)
1100 D$="NM+8,-4;D15R10U15L10R4N
M+5,-4R3E2S4":D$(3,1)="BM131,172
;S4"+D$
1110 D$(3,2)="BM108,124;S3"+D$
1120 D$(3,3)="BM99,110;S2"+D$
1130 D$(3,4)="BM98,102;S1"+D$
1140 D$="R12DL6U3NLNRD3NL4FNL3GB
L2UD4L2RU2S4":D$(4,1)="BM116,172
;S4"+D$
1150 D$(4,2)="BM100,124;S3"+D$
1160 D$(4,3)="BM98,110;S2"+D$
1170 D$(4,4)="BM97,102;S1"+D$
1180 D$="M-11,+9;M+3,+8;M+10,-5
;M+5,-5;GU5L2GLU2L4BF4LGLDL6DL2
LBR3NM+5,-3DLG3BM+9,+1R3FGWL2NGD
RNG2D2GL2H2U3BE5URU3RUR3S4":D$(5
,1)="BM100,157;S6"+D$
1190 D$(5,2)="BM100,120;S4;"+D$
1200 D$(5,3)="BM98,107 ;S2"+D$
1210 D$(5,4)="BM97,100;S1"+D$
1220 D$="U4ER4FD4GL4BE2ULDS4"
1230 D$(6,1)="BM116,96S4"+D$
1240 D$(6,2)="BM107,96S3"+D$
1250 D$(6,3)="BM102,96S2"+D$
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```
1260 D$(6,4)="BM97,97L"
1270 D$="L7ER7EL7ER7EL7S4"
1280 D$(7,1)="BM60,170"+D$
1290 D$(7,2)="BM75,140E3LG3LE3LG
3LE3"
1300 D$(7,3)="BM88,115ELGLE"
1310 D$(7,4)="BM92,105L
1320 D$="U2E4R7ND2G4ND2L3ND2L4E2
BR3RS4":D$(8,1)="BM75,170"+D$
1330 D$(8,2)="BM84,140S3"+D$
1340 D$(8,3)="BM89,115S2"+D$
1350 D$(8,4)="BM93,105S1"+D$
1360 D$="R80H20L40G20R5E20L5BD2B
LBRD2UBG5G2BG1G7BR30R15E5U5H5L15
G5D5F5S4":D$(9,1)="BM15,191S8"+D
$
1370 D$(9,2)="BM56,143S4"+D$
1380 D$(9,3)="BM75,120S2"+D$
1390 D$(9,4)="BM85,106S1"+D$
1400 D1$="BM123,110;XD2$;F17NM-5
6,+28D34M-56,+28L2NH31RU33H32ND3
4UM+24,-12;NEHL3H2L8G2DF2RE2UHBD
4R9URUR4D9HNUNH2F18D3GLNF3GNF3G
NF3RNEGLG2LNE8LNE9H19DNF19U2NRE
8DNG8R2NF18HBD3F18G6H12RNF5GNF5U
H5E6G1;F2BF2FBF2FBF2FDH2H2H
BH2HBH2HBH2HGWLND2F2NURDB
1410 D$(10,1)="XD1$;NURDBF2NUBF2
NURDBF2DBL2NDLUBH2NDLUBH2NDLUBH2
NDLUBH2NDLUBR12E4FNG4FNG4FNG4F9R
FREU20H21DNF21DNF21LNU2ND21NULD2
ONF8RNF20RF20U24F2;RERER3ER2E2RE
2RE3D8G3LDG2DG2NRDGD2G2NRDGDGD
L2DL2G2BM+2,-31;BR18UHH9L2GL3DL8
HL5HL5HL4":D$(13,1)=D$(10,1)
1420 D2$="C1LD32NL70NR18U32RCO"
1430 FORT=1 TO 12:FOR Y=1 TO 4:IF
T=10 OR T=9 OR T=5 THEN NEXT T
1440 WRITE #1, D$(T,Y):NEXT Y:PU
T#1,4+T:NEXT T
1445 FOR Y=1 TO 4:WRITE#1,D$(5,Y)
:PUT #1,16+Y:NEXT Y
1447 WRITE #1,D$(9,1):WRITE #1,D
$(9,2):WRITE #1,D$(9,3):PUT#1,21
:WRITE #1,D$(9,4):PUT#1,22
1450 WRITE #1,D1$:PUT#1,23:WRITE
#1,D2$:PUT#1,24:WRITE #1,D$(10,
1):PUT#1,25
1460 CLOSE#1
```

## The Listing:

```
20 FOR I= 19712TO 20529
30 READ QS:POKEI,VAL("&H"+QS):WE
XTI
40 IF PEEK(49152)=68 THEN SAVEM"
JCSS.NUT",19172,20529,20100:END
41 CSAVEM"JCSS",19172,20529,2010
0:END
50 DATA D,E,F,11,12,14,15,16,18,
19,1B;1C,1D,1F,20,22,23,26,27,29
,2A,2B,2D,2E,30,31,32,34,35,37,3
8,38,39,3B,3C,3C,3E,3E,3E,3F,
3F,3F,3F,3F,3F,3E,3E,3E,3C,3C
,3B,3B,39,38,37,37,35,34,32,31,3
0,2E,2E,2D,2B,2A,29,27,26,24,23,
22,20
```

```
60 DATA 1F,1F,1D,1C,1B,1B,19,19,
18,18,16,16,15,15,15,15,15,15,
15,15,15,15,15,16,16,16,18,1
8,18,19,19,1A,1A,1B,1B,1C,1C,
1E,1F,1F,20,20,22,22,22,22,23
,23,23,23,23,23,23,22,22,22,2
0,20,20,1F,1F,1D,1D,1C,1C,1B,19,
19,18,16
70 DATA 15,15,14,12,12,11,F,E,E,
D,B,B,A,8,8,7,7,6,6,4,3,3,1,1,
1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,
1,3,3,3,3,3,4,4,4,4,6,6,6,6,6,
6,6,6,7,7,7,7,7,7,6,6,6,6,6,6,
6,6
80 DATA 6,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,3,
3,3,4,4,4,4,4,4,6,6,6,7,7,7,8,A,
A,B,D,0,0,2,6F,2,94,2,BB,2,E4,3,
10,3,3F,3,71,3,A5,3,DC,4,17,4,56
,4,98,4,DD,5,28,5,76,5,C9,6,21,6
,7F,6,E2,7,4A,7,B9
90 DATA 8,2F,8,AC,9,30,9,BB,A,50
,A,ED,B,93,C,43,C,FE,D,C4,E,95,F
,73,10,5F,11,58,12,60,13,77,14,A
0,15,DA,17,26,18,87,19,FC,1B,88,
1D,2B,1E,D3,20,BE,22,B0,24,C0,26
,EF,29,40,2B,B4,2E,4D,31,E,33,F9
,37,10,3A,57,3D,CF,41,7C,45
100 DATA 60,49,81,4D,DF,52,81,57
,69,5C,9B,62,1D,16,0,88,86,4C,1F
,8B,86,3F,B7,FF,23,1A,50,30,8D,F
E,6A,9F,C3,9F,C6,9F,C9,9F,CC,30,
8D,0,80,9F,C0,39,9E,C0,A6,80,97,
C2,39,31,8D,FF,50,A6,80,EE,A6,DF
,CF,A6,80,EE,A6,DF,D1,A6,80,EE,A
6,DF,D3
110 DATA A6,80,EE,A6,DF,D5,9F,C0
,39,10,8E,0,AB,A6,9F,4C,C3,AB,9F
,4C,C6,A9,9F,4C,C9,A9,9F,4C,CC,B
7,FF,20,DC,C4,D3,CF,DD,C4,DC,C7,
D3,D1,DD,C7,DC,CA,D3,D3,DD,CA,DC
,CD,D3,D5,DD,CD,31,A2,26,6,A,C2,
27,C,20,C7,A6,80,20,0,20,0,20,0,
20
120 DATA C1,39,17,FF,75,8D,91,81
,0,26,4,4F,1F,8B,39,8D,8E,8D,AB,
20,F0,C,32,0,0,0,C,36,0,0,0,30,3
A,32,28,0,C,3C,32,28,0,C,3A,32,2
8,0,C,36,32,28,0,C,32,0,28,0,30,
44,3C,2C,C,30,40,3A,32,28,18,0,2
4,32,0,C,3C,32,24
130 DATA 0,C,3A,32,24,0,18,36,32
,24,0,C,3A,32,24,0,C,3C,32,24,0,
30,3A,28,3A,0,18,36,28,30,0,C,30
,0,0,0,C,2C,0,0,0,30,28,0,0,0,C,
28,0,0,0,C,3A,0,0,0,C,3A,0,0,0,C
,36,0,0,0,30,28,0,0,0,C,0,0,0
140 DATA 0,C,3A,32,28,0,C,3C,32,
28,0,20,40,32,22,0,C,40,32,22,0,
18,32,32,28,0,C,36,32,28,0,C,32,
32,28,0,C,0,32,22,0,C,40,32,22,0
,C,44,32,22,0,C,40,32,22,0,18,32
,32,28,0,C,32,32,28,0,C,3C,2C,24
,0,C,3C,2C,24
150 DATA 0,C,3A,2C,24,0,C,3A,2C,
24,0,C,36,2C,24,0,C,36,2C,24,0,C
,32,2C,24,0,C,32,2C,24,0,30,36,3
0,28,0,C,0,1E,24,0,C,32,1E,24,0,
C,32,1E,24,0,C,32,1E,24,0,30,32,
22,28,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
```



# The Listing:

```
0 GOTO 10
1 '***** STRING SETUP *****
2 '***** PETER FOUCHÉ *****
3 '***** 7/6/87 *****
4 SAVE "NUTSETUP:0":END
10 'SET UP LETTER DRAW STRINGS'
15 CLEAR2000:DIM A$(122),O$(13),
D$(13,4)
17 OPEN "O",#-1,"NUTDAT"
20 FORT=65 TO 75:READ A$(T):PRIN
T #-1,A$(T):NEXT:FORT=76 TO 87:R
EADA$(T):PRINT #-1,A$(T):NEXT
30 FORT= 88 TO 90:READ A$(T):NEX
T T
40 READ A$(32):PRINT #-1,A$(32)
50 FORT=48 TO 56:READA$(T):PRINT
#-1,A$(T):NEXT T:READA$(57):PRIN
T#-1, A$(57)
70 READ A$(33):PRINT #-1,A$(33)
80 READ A$(40):READ A$(41):PRINT
#-1,A$(40):PRINT #-1,A$(41)
90 READ A$(42):READ A$(44):READ
A$(46):PRINT #-1,A$(42):PRINT#-1
,A$(44):PRINT#-1,A$(46)
100 READ A$(8):PRINT#-1,A$(8)
110 READ A$(45):PRINT#-1,A$(45)
115 FORT=88 TO 90:PRINT#-1,A$(T)
:NEXT
130 DATA"BD2ND4D1R4ND3U1H2G2BR4B
E2"
140 DATA"D6R3E1U1H1NL3E1U1H1NL3B
R3"
150 DATA "BD1D4F1R2E1BU4H1L2BR5"
160 DATA "R1D6NL1R2E1U4H1NL3BR3"
170 DATA "D3NR2D3R4BU6NL4BR2"
180 DATA "D3NR2D3BE4BU2NL4BR2"
190 DATA "BD1D4F1R2U2NL1BU3U1NL2
BR3"
200 DATA "D6U3R4ND3U3BR2"
210 DATA "BR1R1D6NL1NR1U6R1BR3"
220 DATA "BD5F1R1E1U5BR3"
230 DATA "D6U3R1NF3E3BR2"
240 DATA "D6R4BU6BR2"
250 DATA "ND6F2E2ND6BR2"
260 DATA "ND6F4D2U6BR2"
270 DATA "BD1D4F1R2E1U4H1NL2BR3"
280 DATA "ND6D3R3E1U1H1NL3BR3"
290 DATA "BD1D4F1R1E1NH1NF1E1U3H
1NL2BR3"
300 DATA "D6U3R1NF3R2E1U1H1NL3BR
3"
310 DATA "BD5F1R2E1H4E1R2F1BU1BR
2"
320 DATA "R2ND6R2BR2"
330 DATA "D5F1R2E1U5BR2"
340 DATA "D2F1D1F1ND1E1U1E1U2BR2
"
350 DATA "D6E2F2U6BR2"
360 DATA "D1F4ND1H2G2ND1E4U1BR2"
370 DATA "D1F2ND3E2U1BR2"
380 DATA "R4D1G4D1R4BU6BR2
390 DATA "BR6"
400 DATA "BD1D4F1R2E1U4NG4H1L2BR
4"
410 DATA "BD1BR1E1D6NR1NL1BU6BR4
"
420 DATA "BD1E1R2F1D1G1L2G1D2R4B
U6BR2"
```

```
430 DATA "BD1E1R2F1D1G1NL1F1D1G1
L2H1BR6BU5"
440 DATA "BR3ND6G3R4BU3BR2"
450 DATA "NR4D2R3F1D2G1L2H1BR6BU
5"
460 DATA "BR4L2G1D4F1R2E1U1H1L3B
R6BU3"
470 DATA "R4D1G3D2BR6BU6"
480 DATA "BR1G1D1F1G1D1F1R2E1U1H
1NL2E1U1H1NL2BR3"
490 DATA "BR1G1D1F1R3D2G1L2R2E1U
4H1NL2BR3"
500 DATA "BR1D3BD2D1BU6BR3"
510 DATA "BR4G2D2F2BR3BU6"
520 DATA "F2D2G2BR4BU6"
530 DATA "BR3D5U3NF2NG2D1NH2E2BR
3BU1"
```

This program comes with a  
pictured title page on  
this month's CoCoOz

```
540 DATA "BD4BR2ND1R1D1BD1G1E1U1
BU5BR3"
550 DATA "BD4BR2D1R1U1BR4BU4"
560 DATA "C1L5D1R4D1L4D1R4D1L4D1R
4DL5U6C0"
570 DATA "BD3R4BU3BR"
1000 '*** SET UP OBJECTS ***'
1010 D$="U70L30D70BE25BU20U4GDFE
UHS4":D$(1,1)="BM112,142"+D$
1020 D$(1,2)="BM104,117S2"+D$:S
2U70L30D70BE25BU20U2ND4BH2ND8G2D
4S4
1030 D$(1,3)="BM100,105;S1U65L30
D65BE25BU20U2ND4BH2ND8G2D4S4"
1040 D$(1,4)="BM96,96ND4L1D3"
1050 D$(2,1)="BM112,142;U70L30D7
0M+11,-8U22BL1U2HGD2FEBR1U33M-11
,-5"
1060 D$(2,2)="BM104,117;S2U70L30
D70M+11,-8U22BL2U2HGD2FEBR2U33M-
11,-5"
1070 D$(2,3)="BM100,105;S1U65L30
D65M+11,-8U19BL2U1BR2U30M-11,-8
1080 D$(2,4)=D$(1,4)
1090 D$(12,1)=D$(1,1):D$(12,2)=D
$(1,2):D$(12,3)=D$(1,3):D$(12,4)
=D$(1,4)
1100 D$="NM+8,-4;D15R10U15L10R4M
M+5,-4R3E2S4":D$(3,1)="BM131,172
;S4"+D$
```

```
1110 D$(3,2)="BM108,124;S3"+D$
1120 D$(3,3)="BM99,110;S2"+D$
1130 D$(3,4)="BM98,102;S1"+D$
1140 D$="R12DL6U3NLNRD3NL4FNL3GB
L2UD4L2RU2S4":D$(4,1)="BM116,172
;S4"+D$
1150 D$(4,2)="BM100,124;S3"+D$
1160 D$(4,3)="BM98,110;S2"+D$
1170 D$(4,4)="BM97,102;S1"+D$
1180 D$="M-11,+9;M+3,+8;M+10,-5
;M+5,-5;GU5L2GLU2L4BF4LGLDL6L2D
LBR3NM+5,-3DLG3BM+9,+1R3FGNL2NGD
RNG2D2GL2H2U3BE5UR3UR3S4":D$(5
,1)="BM100,157;S6"+D$
1190 D$(5,2)="BM100,120;S4"+D$
1200 D$(5,3)="BM98,107 ;S2"+D$
1210 D$(5,4)="BM97,100;S1"+D$
1220 D$="U4ER4FD4GL4BE2ULDS4"
1230 D$(6,1)="BM116,96S4"+D$
1240 D$(6,2)="BM107,96S3"+D$
1250 D$(6,3)="BM102,96S2"+D$
1260 D$(6,4)="BM97,97L"
1270 D$="L7ER7EL7ER7EL7S4"
1280 D$(7,1)="BM60,170"+D$
1290 D$(7,2)="BM75,140E3L3G3LE3L
3LE3"
1300 D$(7,3)="BM88,115ELGLE"
1310 D$(7,4)="BM92,105L
1320 D$="U2E4R7ND2G4ND2L3ND2L4E2
BR3RS4":D$(8,1)="BM75,170"+D$
1330 D$(8,2)="BM84,140S3"+D$
1340 D$(8,3)="BM89,115S2"+D$
1350 D$(8,4)="BM93,105S1"+D$
1360 D$="R80H20L40G20R5E20L5BD2B
LBRD2UBG5G2BG1G7BR30R15E5U5H5L15
G5D5F5S4":D$(9,1)="BM15,191S8"+D
$
1370 D$(9,2)="BM56,143S4"+D$
1380 D$(9,3)="BM75,120S2"+D$
1390 D$(9,4)="BM85,106S1"+D$
1400 D1$="BM123,110;XD2;F17NM-5
6,+28D34M-56,+28L2NH31RU33H32ND3
4UM+24,-12;NEHL3H2L8G2DF2RE2UHB
4R9URUR4D9HN9U9NH2F18D3GLNF3GNF3G
NF3RNLGLG2LNE8LNE9H19DNF19U2NRE
8DNG8R2NF18HBD3F18G6H12RNF5GNF5U
H5E6G1;F2BF2F2F2F2F2F2F2FDH2H
BH2HBH2HBH2HGNLND2F2NURDB
1410 D$(10,1)="XD1$;NURDBF2NUBF2
NURDBF2DBL2NDLUBH2NDLUBH2NDLUBH2
NDLUBH2NDLUBR12E4FNG4FNG4FNG4F9R
FREU20H21DNF21DNF21LNU2ND21NULD2
ONF8RNF20R20U24F2;RERER3ER2E2RE
2RE3D8G3LDG2DG2NRDGDLD2G2NRDGDGD
L2DL2G2BM+2,-31;BR18UH9L2GL3DL8
HL5HL5HL4":D$(13,1)=D$(10,1)
1420 D2$="C1LD32NL70NR18U32RC0"
1430 FORT=1 TO 12:FORY=1 TO 4:IF
T=10 OR T=9 OR T=5 THEN NEXT T
1440 PRINT #-1, D$(T,Y):NEXT Y:N
EXT T
1445 FORY=1 TO 4:PRINT#-1,D$(5,Y
):NEXT Y
1447 PRINT #-1,D$(9,1):PRINT #-1
,D$(9,2):PRINT #-1,D$(9,3):PRINT
#-1,D$(9,4)
1450 PRINT #-1,D1$:PRINT #-1,D2$
:PRINT #-1,D$(10,1)
1460 CLOSE
```

# TAPE UTILITIES

By Bill Holt

## 32K ECB CoCo 1/2/3 TAPE ONLY UTILITY

**F**INALLY, I AM IN a position to submit something for the magazine - a couple of linked tape utilities which I feel are most useful.

Together they give the ability for a tape system to emulate much of the convenience of a disk operating system; automatic indexing, auto-run or exec, etc.

In one of your columns you mentioned that some readers were disappointed that CoCoOz tapes purchased from you did not autoexec.

These programs will give that ability, at the expense only of running the tape through the utility. I have included a sample index of CoCoOz #42 for you to try out if you like.

Alex's plea in the June CoCo stirred me to get off my backside and do something about it. I didn't know what I was letting myself in for, as I will explain later, however this is my entry to the utilities competition.

The programs just grew, and I was using them in a very raw state, always intending to clean them up for submission sometime, but then I bought a couple of disk drives, and had no incentive.

The second program, "Print Index" came first and had its origin when I typed in the excellent utility, "Tape Directory with Crun" by Harold Nicholls from the March 86 Aust. Rainbow.

I didn't like the idea of continually altering Basic Data statements so soon changed it to add a couple of routines to load and save the data on tape:

It also seemed a waste to simply store program names on tape, so I added counter numbers and extended details for use in a database. As I don't have an independant remote on my recorder, a routine to switch motor and audio on and off also went in.

Purchase of the CoCoOz Utilities tape gave me a cassette label print utility ("Labeller" by J.D. Ray) which I initially converted to accept these files, but I was not satisfied with the layout so added a routine based on this to the program. Together with routines to add, delete and modify entries, I felt it was a pretty satisfactory program.

It was now pretty long, so I modularised the program so I could create a run only version by deleting lines 775, 790, and 995 on. This reduced the possibility of a loaded program overwriting sections of the Print Index program and also dramatically reduced the loading time.

All the while, I was looking for a way to reduce the effort of typing in the data. Much of the information I was looking for was directly accessible by the CoCo, if only I could get access to it. I have an excellent commercial utility (Tapeutil by Thomas P. Olk) which obviously could achieve this, but I am a rank amateur at M/L., nevertheless I decided to see if I could find out what it did.

After many hours, I found the routine through Z-Bug, and played around with it a bit. Much of it, however was incomprehensible to my limited understanding, but I fiddled around and with the insertion of several NOP's and a couple of RTS's found that I could access it from Basic, and recover the details I wanted. Next, Joy of joys, it appeared to be re-locatable. I had my first usable M/L routine (even if I didn't really understand it).

I then wrote a bare bones Basic program to access the routine, and to my surprise, it did all that I wanted. I then added the necessary routines to add the details required by

"Prntindx", place a marker at the end of the tape, and save the file.

I then located the M/L routine at the top of the basic listing to allow maximum space for indexed programs, resulting in listing 1- "Autoindx".

On deciding to submit the programs I loaded them to disk in order to clean them up and add a few bells and whistles and remarks.

"Prntindx" was fairly straightforward, but "Autoindx" required me to shift the M/L location. On I went, and everything was working fine, until I loaded it back to tape and tried it out. The program ran well until I went to enter the tape details, when I had a fatal crash with a syntax error in some impossible line number.

Most of line 1600 was wiped out. I tried everything I could think of to try to overcome the problem, relocating the M/L, clearing more memory, but nothing changed. I went back and deleted most of my improvements, now it crashed in Line 5050.

Desperate, I reloaded my old version and ran it - no problems. I then printed a listing to compare with the current version, and found that one data item at the end of line 7010 was missing. Then, after many hours, the penny dropped, "my" M/L program must be writing something to a location in the basic area. Hence the peculiar entry in line 5000, I decided that it was best to let it write where it wouldn't do any damage.

Not very elegant but it seems to work.

Accordingly, I must stress the need to type this listing EXACTLY as listed. For those of you with Rainbow "Check Plus" I have included a table of values to assist you.

Therefore, this program is not quite as finished as I had intended, but I am most reticent

to alter it again and am afraid it will have to suffice. If users wish to amend the program further, they are welcome, but at their own risk, as I don't know what other surprises may be in store. Someone more expert in assembler may be able to develop a more elegant solution.

I am still very much a beginner and everything in this submission incorporates something I have learnt from reading them. It includes many experiments, such as different approaches to Menus and my first "Pop-up" Menus, and I have learnt a lot in developing them.

#### Check Plus Values

AUTOINDEX		PRINTINDEX	
440	245	510	157
990	14	990	240
2500	42	1800	251
5100	168	2550	24
7190	221	10050	201

#### ML Checksums

AUTOINDEX	PRINTINDEX
35251	1570

#### Instructions

##### Listing One - "AUTOINDEX"

###### Automatic Tape Index

Operation of this program is fairly straightforward and is Menu driven. CLOAD and RUN the program. After a short delay, the main menu appears, then:

1. Select option 4 - "Mark Tape End".
2. Advance tape past last program and set recorder to "Record".
3. Press any key. The program will write a short file called "End".
4. Select option 1 - "Load Index".
5. You will be asked for a Tape Number, Tape Name (preferably less than 16 characters), and Side
6. On the message "Loading Tape Index"- rewind tape to start and set recorder to "Play".
7. The program will run through the tape and display program details. If you do not

have a record of counter numbers take a note now, otherwise you can just let the tape run through.

Note: Occasionally, a long program will display an "Error" at the end address - this can be ignored as it will not affect the operation of the program.

8. On return to Menu, select Option 3. "Insert Counter Numbers".

9. The name of each program will be displayed and you will be asked to enter the counter number (up to three characters).

otherwise the directory screen will be displayed.

This displays the program names and counter numbers beside an alpha key. You now have the option to run a program or move into the utility section of the program.

3. To "run" a Basic program or "execute" an M/L program - press Space to turn on motor and audio - advance tape to counter number and press appropriate alpha key. The program will then load and (usually) run.

Note: Occasionally a program

'For those users with 'Check Plus' I have included a table of values to assist you.'

10. You will then be asked for a single number entry for "Category". A Pop-up Menu is provided as an aide-memoir. (Line 1600). Press "Space" to repeat previous entry. After confirmation the next item will be displayed.

11. On return to main menu select Option 2. "Save Index".

12. Position tape and record index as per instructions.

13. Repeat procedure for next tape or select option 5.

Warning: Due to bug in M/L Routine you cannot re-run the program and will get a U.L. error in line 20.

will overwrite this program and you will get either a syntax error, or the program will hang up. Placement of the execute routines in lines 2 and 3 should minimise this occurrence, but if it should happen, <reset> and "Run" or "Exec" will work in most cases.

4. To exit the directory screen press <SHIFT><CLEAR>. The utility menu will then be displayed.

5. Press "R" to return to directory screen. You will be given the option of returning to the previous index or loading a new index.

6. Press "E" to end program. These are the only options given in the execute only version.

7. Press "A" to Amend directory. You will be guided by a menu to "Add", "Delete" or "Change" any records, you can also use "Change" to view all the file details of a program. The directory screen is used in these sub-routines. Select items as above.

8. Press "S" to save modified directory to tape.

9. Press "P" to print a Cassette label. Only the first 24 items will be listed, but you can use "A" and "D" to customise your listing before selecting this item if you so desire.

You are given the option of printing an alignment pattern to assist in lining up your labels.

Note: Printer Codes are for the R/S DMP 105 and are annotated in lines 2000-2400. Modify these lines to suit your printer.

##### Listing 2 - "PRINTINDEX"

###### Autoexecute Directory, Modify, or Print Cassette Label

Similarly, this program is Menu driven, and reasonably self explanatory.

1. On running the program you will be asked if you wish to load an index from tape. If you answer "Y" you will be asked to input the tape number and side.

Place target tape in recorder and load index.

2. If there are more than 26 items loaded, the program will accept up to 30 and display those that cannot be displayed on the screen. This is to allow you to delete any items that cannot be executed (such as data files) if you so desire,

# The Listing:

```
1 *****AUTOINDEX*****
*****W.J.HOLT*****
*****7 JULY 87*****
*
2 GOTO5100
3 CLS:PRINT"READY TAPE FOR SAVE"
:MOTORON:AUDIOON:PRINT"PRESS ANY
KEY WHEN READY":EXEC44539:MOTOR
OFF:AUDIOOFF
4 INPUT"VERSION NUMBER";VNS:VNS=
"AUTINDX"+VNS:CSAVE VNS
5 END
6 SAVE"299:3":END'9
10 ' ** SET UP ROUTINE **
20 CLS:GOSUB5050:PRINT@170,;"by
w.j. holt";:PRINT@263,"LOADING
M/L PROGRAM";
30 POKE65495,0' **H/S**
35 IX=0
40 FORX=&H2791 TO &H291C
50 READ ZZ$:IX=IX+VAL(ZZ$):POKE
X,VAL(ZZ$):NEXT X
60 POKE65494,0' **H/S**
65 IF IX>35251THENSOUND200,10:C
LS:PRINT:PRINT" ERROR IN LINES 7
000-7190:END
70 CLEAR1000,&H2789
80 DIM M$(30),T$(30),C$(30),CA
(30)
90 ' ** INITIAL SCREEN **
100 GOSUB5050
110 PRINT@96,"<1> load index":
PRINT@160,"<2> save index"
120 PRINT@224,"<3> insert coun
ter numbers":PRINT@288,"<4> ma
rk end of tape":PRINT@352,"<5>
end program"
140 GOSUB 5030:K=VAL(K$):IF K<1
OR K>5 THEN 100 ELSE ON K GOTO40
0,1000,1500,2000,2000
390 ' ** ENTER TAPE DATA **
400 GOSUB5050:PRINT@97,":LINEI
NPUT"TAPE NUMBER?";TZ$:LINEINPUT
"TAPE NAME?";NNS
410 INPUT"SIDE (A/B)";SIS:IF SIS
<"A" AND SIS<"B"THEN410
420 TNS="INDEX"+TZ$+SIS
440 I=26
490 ' ** LOAD TAPE ROUTINE **
500 GOSUB5050:PRINT@97,"loading
tape index "TN$:FORZ=1TO I:T$(
Z)=" " :NEXTZ
510 I=1
520 EXEC&H2791
530 MOTOROFF
540 A=PEEK(&H2916)
550 IFA=OTHER M$(I)="B"ELSE IFA
=1 THEN M$(I)="D"ELSE M$(I)="M
"
560 T$(I)=CHR$(PEEK(&H290E))
570 FOR X= &H290F TO &H2915
590 T$(I)=T$(I) + CHR$(PEEK(X))
600 NEXT X
610 IFT$(I)="END "THEN880
810 I=I+1:IFI<30THEN520
820 SOUND 160,5:CLS:PRINT:PRINT"
RECORD CAPACITY EXCEEDED":PRINT"
<ANY KEY> TO RETURN TO MENU":GOS
UB5030
```

```
880 GOTO100
890 ' ** SAVE INDEX FILE **
970 PRINT@449,"TO CONTINUE ";G$;
"[SP/BAR]"
980 Q$=INKEY$:IFQ$=""THEN980 ELS
EIFQ$<">" THEN 980
990 RETURN
1000 GOSUB5050:PRINT@65,"*make";
CHR$(128);"newfile*",NNS;" side
";SIS:PRINTTNS
1010 PRINT"PLACE DATA TAPE IN RE
CORDER NOW":PRINT:PRINT"setup";C
HR$(128);"tape NOW":MOTORON:AUDI
OON:GOSUB970:PRINT" NOW PRESS <r
ecord> KEY!"CHR$(13):GOSUB970:AU
DIOFF
1030 PRINT"csave (ing).";TNS:FORD
L=1 TO100:NEXT
1050 OPEN"O",#-1,TNS
1055 PRINT#-1,TZ$,SIS,NNS
1060 FORZ=1TOI
1080 PRINT #-1,C$(Z),T$(Z),M$(
Z),CA(Z)
1090 PRINTZ" "C$(Z)" "T$(Z)"
" "M$(Z)" "CA(Z)" "TS$
1100 NEXT
1110 CLOSE #-1
1120 Z=0:GOTO100
1490 ' ** INSERT COUNTER NUMBER
S
1500 FORZ=1TOI
1510 GOSUB5050:PRINT@64," inse
rt counter numbers"
1520 PRINT@96,Z;T$(Z):PRINT@110,
"counter";CHR$(128);:LINEINPUT"n
umber? ";C$(Z)
1530 IF LEN(C$(Z))<3 THEN C$(Z
)="0"+C$(Z):GOTO1530
1535 PRINT@125,C$(Z)
1600 PRINT@288,"<1> application
","<6> game","<2> business","<7>
adventure","<3> education","<8>
simulation","<4> utility","<9> m
usic","<5> telewriter","<0> misc
","<SPACE-BAR>to"CHR$(128)"repea
t"CHR$(128)"entry
1700 PRINT@173,"category? ";:GOS
UB5030:IFK$=" "THENCA(Z)=CA(Z-1)
ELSEK=VAL(K$):CA(Z)=K
1705 PRINTCA(Z)
1710 PRINT"IS ENTRY CORRECT? ":G
OSUB5030:IFK$<">"Y"THEN1510
1970 NEXT
1980 GOTO100
1990 ' ** FINISH **
2000 END
2490 ' ** TAPE END MARKER **
2500 GOSUB5050:PRINT@128," mark
end of tape":PRINT:PRINT"positi
on tape past last program":MOTOR
ON:AUDIOON:PRINT:PRINT"<any key>
WHEN READY <record>":GOSUB5030:
AUDIOOFF:OPEN"O",#-1,"END":PRINT
"WRITING MARKER":CLOSE#-1:GOTO10
0
4980 ' *** SUB- ROUTINES ***
5030 K$=INKEY$:IFK$=""THEN5030EL
SE RETURN
5040 ' ** PAGE HEADER ** THIS LI
NE IS EXTENDED TO DEFEAT M/L BUG
```

```
**
5050 CLS(RND(8)):PRINT" aut
omatic tape index":RETURN
5090 ' ** ROM BUG FIX **
5100 PCLEAR1:GOTO20
6990 ' ** M/L DATA **
7000 DATA127,23,5,127,255,64,13,
37,111,141,1,112,48,141,1,109,15
9,126,189,167
7010 DATA1,39,10,23,1,49,13,124,
38,244,22,0,191,23,1,39,13,124,3
8,234
7020 DATA189,167,233,159,126,48,
141,1,76,198,8,189,185,162,109,1
41,1,75,38,22
7030 DATA142,0,0,175,141,1,71,17
5,141,1,65,23,0,135,32,66,65,83,
32,37
7040 DATA32,8,141,125,32,77,76,3
2,32,37,109,141,1,40,43,9,141,11
1,66,73
7050 DATA78,32,37,32,18,142,0,0,
175,141,1,26,175,141,1,20,141,91
,65,83
7060 DATA67,32,37,236,141,1,11,2
3,0,169,236,141,1,2,23,0,162,189
,167,124
7070 DATA189,167,11,16,38,0,138,
159,126,13,124,43,12,23,0,175,16
6,141,0,230
7080 DATA76,38,233,32,228,189,16
7,233,48,31,31,16,48,141,0,220,5
2,16,163,225
7090 DATA227,141,0,210,237,141,0
,186,141,109,23,0,138,13,111,39,
3,189,185,88
7100 DATA109,141,0,175,57,18,18,
18,57,53,16,166,128,129,37,39,5,
189,162,130
7110 DATA32,245,110,132,108,141,
0,152,109,141,0,147,39,3,126,185
,88,141,226,69
7120 DATA82,82,79,82,32,73,78,32
,72,69,65,68,69,82,46,32,83,75,7
3,80
7130 DATA80,73,78,71,32,70,73,76
,69,13,37,141,58,189,167,1,38,24
9,13,124
7140 DATA38,245,22,255,11,108,14
1,0,91,141,174,69,82,82,79,82,37
,32,150,141
7150 DATA7,31,152,141,3,126,185,
172,52,2,68,68,68,68,141,4,53,2,
132,15
7160 DATA139,48,129,57,35,2,139,
7,126,162,130,127,255,2,182,255,
0,72,39,29
7170 DATA189,161,193,129,3,38,7,
50,98,108,141,0,27,57,129,32,38,
11,189,167
7180 DATA233,189,161,177,189,167
,202,32,230,57,255,255,0,2,68,15
4,166,128,47,0
7190 DATA5,70,79,82,77,65,84,77,
32,2,0,255,84,9,68,69
```

# The Listing:

```

1 *****PRNTINDX*****
*****V.J.HOLT*****
*****1 JULY 87*****
2 GOTO610
3 **M/L LOAD**
4 CLOADM T$(PN):EXEC:END
5 **BASIC LOAD**
6 EXEC 32666 T$(PN):END
9 **TAPE SAVE**
10 CLS:PRINT"READY TAPE FOR SAVE
":MOTORON:AUDIOON:PRINT"PRESS AN
Y KEY WHEN READY":EXEC44539:MOTO
ROFF:AUDIOOFF
11 INPUT"VERSION NUMBER";VNS:VNS
="RUNINDX"+VNS:CSAVE VNS
12 END
19 **DISK SAVE**
20 N$="RUNINDX":KILL N$+"BAK":R
ENAME N$+"BAS" TO N$+"BAK"
21 N$="RUNINDX":VERIFYON:SAVE N$
: PRINT N$ " SAVED":PRINT:DIR:PR
INTFREE(0); " GRANS FREE":END
22 END
23 SAVE"299B:3":END'9
100 **INSTALL CRUN**
105 POKE65495,0**HIGH SPEED POK
E**
110 DATA 0F,78,32,62,BD,A5,C5,BD
,A6,48,7D,01,E4,26,05,B6,01,E2,2
7,03,7E,A6,16,BD,AD,19,BD,A7,7C,
9E,19,9F,7E,DC,7E,4C,BD,AC,37,BD
,A7,0B,26,34,96,7C,27,30,2A,ED
120 DATA 9F,1B,BD,A7,E9,8E,AB,BC
,BD,B9,9C,BD,AD,21,BD,AC,EF,BD,0
1,82,8E,02,DD,86,52,A7,80,86,55,
A7,80,86,4E,A7,80,6F,84,C6,04,8E
,02,DC,4F,7E,AC,7F
130 DATA BD,AD,19,7E,A6,19
140 FOR P=A TO A+101
150 READ D$:POKE P,VAL("&H"+D$)
160 NEXT P
200 **INITIALIZE DIRECTORY TABL
E**
220 CA$(0)="MISC. ":CA$(1)="AP
PLIC'N":CA$(2)="BUSINESS":CA$(3)
="EDUCAT'N":CA$(4)="UTILITY":CA$
(5)="TELEWRTR":CA$(6)="GAME "
:CA$(7)="ADVNTURE":CA$(8)="SIMUL
'TN":CA$(9)="MUSIC "
225 POKE65494,0**NORMAL SPEED**
230 CLS:PRINT@9,"TAPE INDEX":PRI
NT:PRINT"LOAD INDEX FROM TAPE? <
y/n?":GOSUB710:IFD$="N"THEN305
ELSE IFD$(">Y")THEN230
235 FORZ=1 TO 26:T$(Z)="
":COS(Z)=" ":MO$(Z)=" ":CA(Z)=
0:TZ$(Z)="":NEXTZ:Z=0**CLEAR V
ARIABLE TABLE**
240 PRINT:LININPUT"TAPE NUMBER?
(1-99) <enter>";TZ$:PRINT"SIDE
A/B?":GOSUB710:TSS=D$:TNS="INDEX
"+TZ$+TSS
245 POKE65494,0**NORMAL SPEED**
250 CLS:PRINT:PRINT"READY TAPE
<play>":MOTORON:AUDIOON:PRINT:PR
INT:PRINT:PRINT" < any key >WHEN
READY":EXEC44539:AUDIOOFF:GOSUB
730:PRINT:PRINT"file loading: ";
TNS;" side ";TS$:GOSUB810:GOS

```

```

UB730:GOSUB750:PRINT:PRINT" ";TN
$;" LOADED":GOSUB720
300 **DISPLAY TAPE DIRECTORY**
305 POKE65495,0**HIGH SPEED POK
E**
310 GOSUB730:GOSUB750
320 FORI=1 TO 13
330 PRINTCHR$(64+I);"- ";T$(I);"
";COS(I),CHR$(77+I);"- ";T$(I+1
3);" ";COS(I+13)
340 NEXTI
344 POKE65494,0**NORMAL SPEED**
345 IFDR THENRETURN
350 MMS="ON ":COSUB760
360 PRINT" USE (shift)(clear)
TO EXIT";
370 SCREEN 0,1

```

Note: Printer Codes are for the RS/ DMP 105 and are annotated in lines 2000-2400. Modify these lines to suit your printer.

```

400 **PROGRAM SELECTION**
410 GOSUB710:IF D$=" " THEN MOTO
RON:AUDIOON:MMS="OFF":GOSUB760:G
OSUB710:IF D$=" "THEN MOTOROFF:M
M$="ON ":GOSUB760:GOTO410
420 AUDIOOFF:PN=ASC(D$)-64
430 IF ASC(D$)=92 THEN DR=0:GOTO
770
440 IF ASC(D$)<65 OR ASC(D$)>90
THEN GOTO 410
450 IF T$(PN)=" " THEN SO
UND 1,3:GOTO 410
455 IFDR THENRETURN
460 IF MO$(PN)<>"BAS"THEN480
470 CLS:SCREEN 0,0:PRINT:PRINT:P
RINT" LOADING basic PROGRAM"
:PRINT@237,T$(PN):GOTO 6
480 IF MO$(PN)="DAT"THEN SOUND4,
4:CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT" data t
ape -- CANNOT EXECUTE-":FOR TT=1
TO500:NEXT:CLS:GOTO300
490 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"LOADIN
G machine language PROGRAM":PRIN
T:PRINT@237,T$(PN):PRINT:PRINT"
IF ERROR OCCURS AFTER LOADING":P

```

```

RINT:PRINT@331,"TYPE <exec>":GO
TO4
500 GOTO4
510 END
600 ** INITIALISE PROGRAM **
610 PCLEAR1:CLEAR800,32666:A=326
66
620 CLS:PRINT@9,"TAPE DIRECTORY"
:PRINT@77,"loading":PRINT@322,"w
arning- BASIC PROGRAMS WILL B
E LOADED AND RUN IN pclear1 *
** PROGRAMS must INCLUDE** *
** CORRECT pclear INSTRN**
625 PRINT@192,"*****BY BILL
HOLT*****"
7*****";
630 DL=1000:GOSUB720
640 DIMCOS(50),T$(50),MO$(50),CA
(50),TZ$(50):I=1:GOTO105
700 **GENERAL SUB ROUTINES*
710 D$=INKEY$:IFD$=""THEN710ELSE
RETURN
720 FOR TT=1TO DL:NEXT:RETURN
730 CLS
740 PRINT@9,"tape directory":RET
URN
750 PRINT@0,NNS:GOSUB740:PRINT@2
5,"SIDE ";TS$,:RETURN
760 PRINT@450," spacebar MOTOR "
MMS:SCREEN 0,1:RETURN
770 CLS:PRINT:PRINT" RETURN TO
DIRTY <r>"
780 PRINT:PRINT" END PROGRAM
<e>"
785 SCREEN 0,1:GOSUB710:IFD$="R"
THEN230
795 IFD$="E"THEN PCLEAR4:CLEAR20
0:CLS0:PRINT@239,"bye";:PRINT@0,
"";:END ELSE GOTO770
800 *LOAD INDEX SUB-ROUTINE*
810 OPEN"I",#-1,TN$:I=1
815 INPUT#-1,TZ$,SI$,NNS
820 IF EOF(-1) THEN895
830 INPUT#-1,COS(I),T$(I),MO$(I)
,CA(I)
840 IF LEN(T$(I))<8THEN T$(I)=T$
(I)+" ":GOTO840
845 IFT$(I)=" " THENCOS(I)
="":GOTO820
860 IFMO$(I)="B"THEN MO$(I)="BAS
"ELSEIFMO$(I)="M"THEN MO$(I)="M/
L"ELSEIFMO$(I)="D"THEN MO$(I)="D
AT"
865 IFI>26THENPRINTT$(I)" "MO$
(I),COS(I)" "CA$(CA(I))
870 I=I+1
880 IFI=27THENPRINT"MORE THAN 26
ITEMS-PASSING REST":FORTT=1 TO5
00:NEXT
890 GOTO820
895 IF I>25THENGOSUB970
900 Z=I-1:I=1
910 CLOSE #-1
920 RETURN
930 END
970 PRINT@449,"TO CONTINUE ";G$;
"[SP/BAR]"**CONTROL ROUTINE**
980 Q$=INKEY$:IFQ$=""THEN980 ELS
EIFQ$(">") THEN 980
990 RETURN

```



# FASTBACKUP

by Gordon Thurston

## UTILITY

**A**FTER BACKING UP many disks with a single drive, I decided there must be a better way. When the CoCo 3 arrived with 128k, it seemed a shame to have to spend so much time switching disks.

The following program will back up a disk in just 2 goes. It is prompted, and beeps just like the routine in disk Basic.

I have included both a Basic loader, and a commented source code for those who want to understand and possibly modify it for their own needs.

If the CoCo has 512k, it would be simple to make it back up in one fast go with a few slight mods.

Type in the basic program, and save it to disk before running it. Using a fresh disk, or one you can afford to loose, run it, and if all goes well, it should make a machine language program, and save it to disk.

DSKINI a disk to back up to, and insert a source disk.

Execute the program and follow the prompts. If all goes well, you should have a duplicate disk. If not, reload the original basic program, find the mistake, and re-save it.

After backing up a disk, it instructs to press enter to back up another disk. Any other entry will do a cold start.

## The Listing:

```

0 GOTO10
1 '***** FASTBACK *****
2 '***** GORDON THURSTON ****
3 SAVE"294:3":END'8
10 FORA=&HE01 TO &H1001:READP:PO
KEA,P: NEXT: SAVEN"FASTBACK/BIN",&
HE01,&H1001,&HE01
20 DATA 183,255,222,16,206,17,0,
142
30 DATA 255,34,166,1,132,251,167
,1
40 DATA 230,132,202,2,231,132,13
8,4
50 DATA 132,247,167,1,23,1,47,23
60 DATA 0,56,23,0,80,23,1,55
70 DATA 23,0,47,23,0,75,23,1
80 DATA 29,23,0,41,23,0,62,23
90 DATA 1,37,23,0,32,23,0,57
100 DATA 23,1,167,48,141,1,132,2
3
110 DATA 1,112,173,159,160,0,39,
250
120 DATA 129,13,39,172,15,113,11
0,159
130 DATA 255,254,79,32,2,134,18,
190
140 DATA 192,6,167,2,111,1,134,1
150 DATA 167,3,204,96,0,237,4,13
4
160 DATA 48,183,255,163,57,134,2
,32
170 DATA 2,134,3,167,0,173,159,1
92
180 DATA 4,166,6,38,69,166,3,76
190 DATA 167,3,129,19,38,17,134,
1
200 DATA 167,3,166,2,76,129,18,3
9
210 DATA 48,129,35,39,44,167,2,3
2
220 DATA 2,167,3,16,174,4,49,169
230 DATA 1,0,16,175,4,16,140,128
240 DATA 0,38,20,16,142,96,0,16
250 DATA 175,4,182,255,163,76,12
9,56
260 DATA 38,2,134,57,183,255,163
,32
270 DATA 180,57,68,68,198,255,68
,92
280 DATA 36,252,88,48,141,0,14,1
74
290 DATA 133,23,0,222,173,159,16
0,0
300 DATA 39,250,22,255,27,14,242
,14
310 DATA 252,15,6,15,37,15,49,15
320 DATA 63,76,79,83,84,32,68,65
330 DATA 84,65,141,67,82,67,32,6
9
340 DATA 82,82,79,82,141,83,69,6
9
350 DATA 75,32,69,82,82,79,82,32
360 DATA 79,82,32,82,69,67,79,82
370 DATA 68,32,78,79,84,32,70,79
380 DATA 85,78,68,141,87,82,73,8
4
390 DATA 69,32,70,65,85,76,84,14
1
400 DATA 87,82,73,84,69,32,80,82
410 DATA 79,84,69,67,84,141,68,8
2
420 DATA 73,86,69,32,78,79,84,32
430 DATA 82,69,65,68,89,141,23,0
440 DATA 153,48,141,0,26,23,0,98
450 DATA 173,159,160,0,39,250,57
,23
460 DATA 0,136,48,141,0,44,141,8
2
470 DATA 173,159,160,0,39,250,57
,73
480 DATA 78,83,69,82,84,32,83,79
490 DATA 85,82,67,69,32,68,73,83
500 DATA 75,32,65,78,68,32,80,82
510 DATA 69,83,83,32,69,78,84,69
520 DATA 82,141,73,78,83,69,82,8
4
530 DATA 32,68,69,83,84,73,78,65
540 DATA 84,73,79,78,32,68,73,83
550 DATA 75,32,65,78,68,32,80,82
560 DATA 69,83,83,32,69,78,84,69
570 DATA 82,141,166,128,43,6,173
,159
580 DATA 160,2,32,246,128,128,17
3,159
590 DATA 160,2,57,80,82,69,83,83
600 DATA 32,69,78,84,69,82,32,70
610 DATA 79,82,32,65,78,79,84,72
620 DATA 69,82,32,66,65,67,75,85
630 DATA 80,141,198,2,134,200,24
6,255
640 DATA 34,200,2,247,255,34,142
,0
650 DATA 200,48,31,38,252,74,38,
238
660 DATA 57,175,238,170,170,170,
234,171

```

```

00100 *****
00110 ***** FASTBAC *****
00120 *****
00130 *** BY G. THURSTON *****
00140 *** 22/5/87 *****
00150 ORG $E00 PROGRAM STARTS HERE
00160 DCOPC EQU 0  OFFSETS FOR DSKCON
00170 DCDRV EQU 1
00180 DCTRK EQU 2
00190 DCSEC EQU 3
00200 DCBPT EQU 4
00210 DCSTA EQU 6
00220 LSTRK RMB 1          LAST TRACK POINTER
00230 START STA $FFDE    CHANGE TO 32K FORMAT
00240 LDS #$1100        STORE STACK SAFELY
00250 LDX #$FF22        POINT TO PIA1
00260 LDA 1,X           GET CONTROL REG
00270 ANDA #$FB         MASK OFF BIT 2
00280 STA 1,X           ENABLE DATA DIRECTION REG
00290 LDB ,X            GET DATA DIRECTION STATUS
00300 ORB #2            FORCE BIT 1 HIGH
00310 STB ,X           STORE IN DATA DIRECTION REG NOW BIT
1 IS

                                OUTPUT
00320 ORA #4           FORCE BIT 2 HIGH
00325 ANDA #$FF-8     TURN OFF 6 BIT SOUND
00330 STA 1,X         ENABLE PERIPHERAL REGISTER
00340 LBSR SOURCE     PRINT MESSAGE AND WAIT
00350 LBSR INIT1     INITIALIZE VARIABLES
00360 LBSR READGO    READ IN HALF A DISK
00370 LBSR DEST     PRINT MESS AND WAIT
00380 LBSR INIT1    INITIALIZE VARIABLES
00390 LBSR WRITE    PUT ON SECOND DISK
00400 LBSR SOURCE   PRINT MESS
00410 LBSR INIT2   INITIALIZE FOR SECOND HALF
00420 LBSR READ    GO READ IN HALF DISK
00430 LBSR DEST    PRINT MESS
00440 LBSR INIT2   INIT SECOND HALF
00450 LBSR WRITE   GO WRITE IT
00455 LBSR BEEP
00460 LEAX AGAIN,PCR GET ADR OF MESS
00470 LBSR PRINT   GO PRINT IT
00480 WAIT JSR [$A000] WAIT FOR KEY ENTRY
00490 BEQ WAIT
00500 CMPA #13     ENTER KEY?
00510 BEQ START    DO AGAIN IF ENTER PUSHED
00520 OUT CLR $71  CLEAR WARM START FLAG
00530 JMP [$FFFE] DO COLD START
00540 INIT1 CLR A  START AT TRACK 0
00550 BRA INIT
00560 INIT2 LDA #18 SECOND HALF OF DISK
00570 INIT LDX $C006 POINT TO DSKCON VARIABLE AREA
00580 STA DCTRK ,X INITIALIZE TRACK #
00590 CLR DCDRV,X SELECT DRIVE 0
00600 LDA #1
00610 STA DCSEC,X  INIT SECTORS

```

00620	LDD #\$6000	START OF MEMORY BLOCK
00630	STD DCBPT,X	START BUFFER AT BEGINNING
00640	LDA #\$30	BOTTOM OF MEMORY
00650	STA \$FFA3	GET FIRST BANK OF MEM
00660	RTS	
00670	READ LDA #2	DSKCON OPCODE FOR READ
00680	BRA MOVEIT	
00690	WRITE LDA #3	DSKCON OPCODE FOR WRITE
00700	MOVEIT STA DCOPC,X	PASS OPCODE ON
00710	MOVE1 JSR [\$C004]	CALL DSKCON
00720	LDA DCSTA,X	TEST STATUS
00730	BNE ERROR	BRANCH IF ERROR
00740	LDA DCSEC,X	
00750	INC A	NEXT SECTOR
00760	STA DCSEC,X	CHANGE IT
00770	CMPA #19	OUT OF RANGE?
00780	BNE MOVE2	BRANCH IF OUT OF RANGE
00790	LDA #11	ST SECTOR
00800	STA DCSEC,X	CHANGE IT
00810	LDA DCTRK,X	GET TRACK
00820	INC A	INCREMENT IT
00830	CMPA #18	END OF FIRST RUN?
00840	BEQ BACK	RETURN IF SO
00850	CMPA #35	END OF SECOND RUN?
00860	BEQ BACK	
00870	STA DCTRK,X	CHANGE IT
00880	MOVE2 BRA MOVE3	
00890	STA DCSEC,X	CHANGE IT
00900	MOVE3 LDY DCBPT,X	GET BUFFER POINTER
00910	LEAY \$100,Y	ADD 256 TO IT
00920	STY DCBPT,X	CHANGE IT
00930	CMPY #\$8000	END OF BANK OF MEM?
00940	BNE MOVE4	BRANCH IF NOT
00950	LDY #\$6000	START OF NEXT BANK
00960	STY DCBPT,X	CHANGE IT
00970	LDA \$FFA3	GET LAST BANK
00980	INC A	INC IT
00990	CMPA #\$38	END OF RUN?
01000	BNE MOVE5	BRANCH IF NOT
01010	LDA #\$39	START OF NEXT RUN
01020	MOVE5 STA \$FFA3	CHANGE IT
01030	MOVE4 BRA MOVE1	GO DO SOME MORE
01040	BACK RTS	
01050	ERROR LSRA	ERROR ROUTINE
01060	LSRA	DISCARD FIRST TWO BITS
01070	LDB #\$FF	ADJUST FOR FIRST INC
01080	ERR1 LSRA	SHIFT A BIT
01090	INC B	COUNT IT
01100	BCC ERR1	BRANCH IF NOT FOUND
01110	LSLB	MULT BY 2
01120	LEAX MESTBL,PCR	POINT TO TABLE OF ADDRESSES
01130	LDX B,X	GET ADR OF MESS
01140	LBSR PRINT	GO PRINT IT
01150	ERRW JSR [\$A000]	INKEY\$
01160	BEQ ERRW	WAIT FOR KEYPRESS
01170	LBRA START	TRY AGAIN

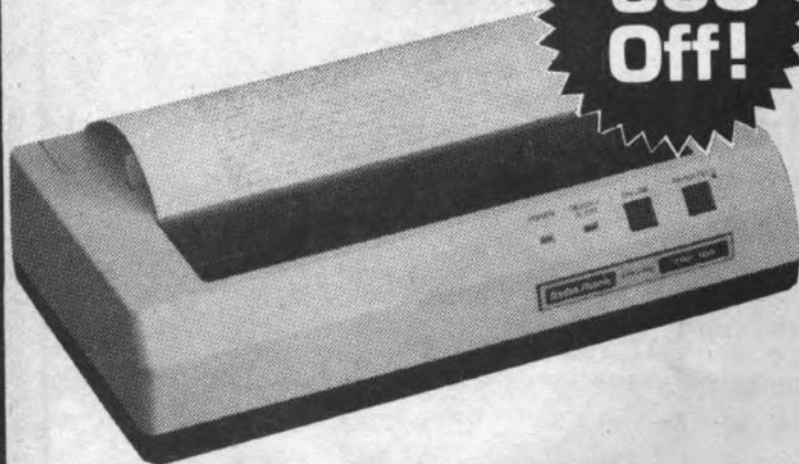


	MESSAGE ADDRESS LIST	
01180	MESTBL FDB LOST	
01190	FDB CRC	
01200	FDB SEEK	
01210	FDB WRIT	
01220	FDB PROTEC	
01230	FDB DRIV	
01240	LOST FCC /LOST DATA/	MESSAGES
01250	FCB \$8D LINE FEED + \$80	MARK END OF MESS
01260	CRC FCC /CRC ERROR/	
01270	FCB \$8D	
01280	SEEK FCC /SEEK ERROR OR RECORD NOT FOUND/	
01290	FCB \$8D	
01300	WRIT FCC /WRITE FAULT/	
01310	FCB \$8D	
01320	PROTEC FCC /WRITE PROTECT/	
01330	FCB \$8D	
01340	DRIV FCC /DRIVE NOT READY/	
01350	FCB \$8D	
01360	SOURCEL BSR BEEP	
01370	LEAX SORMES, PCR	GET ADRESS OF MESS
01380	LBSR PRINT	GO PRINT IT
01390	SOR2 JSR [\$A0001	WAIT FOR KEYPRESS
01400	BEQ SOR2	
01410	RTS	
01420	DEST LBSR BEEP	
01430	LEAX DESMES, PCR	GET ADR OF MESS
01440	BSR PRINT	PRINTIT
01450	DEST2 JSR [\$A0001	WAIT FOR KEYPRESS
01460	BEQ DEST2	
01470	RTS	
01480	SORMES FCC /INSERT SOURCE DISK AND PRESS ENTER/	
01490	FCB \$8D	
01500	DESMES FCC /INSERT DESTINATION DISK AND PRESS ENTER/	
01510	FCB \$8D	
01520	PRINT LDA, X+	GET A BYTE OF MESSAGE
01530	BMI LAST	BRANCH IF LAST BYTE
01540	JSR [\$A0021	GO PRINT TO SCREEN
01550	BRA PRINT	GO DO MORE
01560	LAST SUBA #\$80	MAKE NORMAL
01570	JSR [\$A0021	GO PRINT IT
01580	RTS RETURN	
01590	AGAIN FCC /PRESS ENTER FOR ANOTHER BACKUP/	
01600	FCB \$8D	
01610	BEEP LDB #2	
01620	LDA #200	
01630	BEEP2 LDB \$FF22	
01632	EOR B#2	
01635	STB \$FF22	
01640	LDX #200	
01650	BEEP3 LEAX-1, X	
01660	BNE BEEP3	
01670	DECA	
01680	BNE BEEP2	
01690	RTS	
01700	END START	

■

**Tandy**  
ELECTRONICS

# LAY-BY NOW FOR CHRISTMAS!



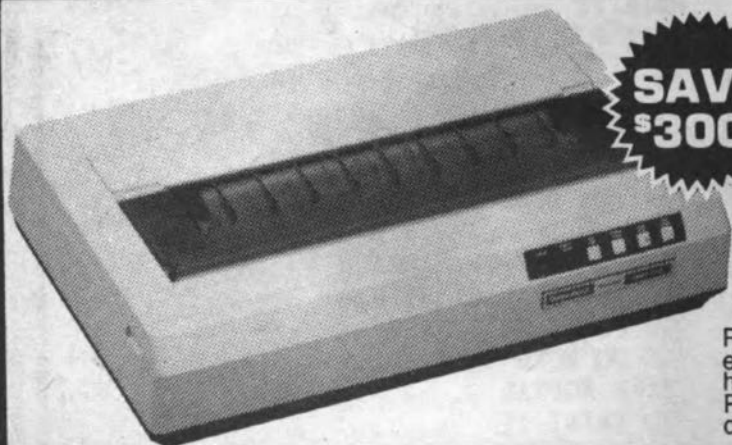
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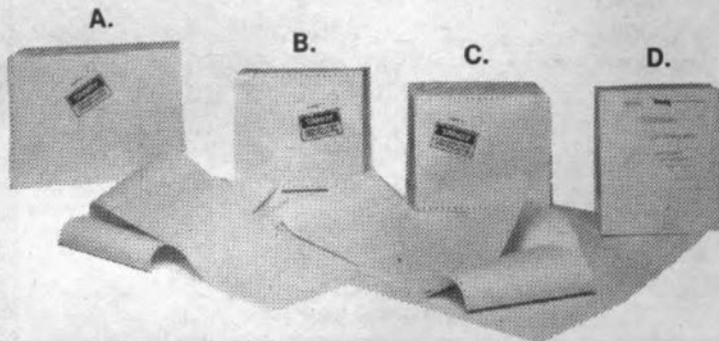
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- C. Wordprocessing Paper. Size 241 x 279mm. Design blank white, 1000 sheets. 26-9316... **39.95**
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B. Features volume control with preset marker. Includes cable. Requires 4 "AA" batteries or AC adapter (not included). 26-1209

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**FD-501 Color Thinline Disk #0.** Turn any color computer with Extended BASIC into a complete disk system and store over 156,000 characters of data. 26-3129 Was 599.00 **Save \$200 . . . . . Sale! 399.95**

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# LLIST32

CoCo1/2/3 + PRINTER  
UTILITY

by Grahame Pollock

**W**HEN YOU'RE TRYING to debug a BASIC program, you really need to work with a printout (hardcopy) of the LISTING. This is achieved on the CoCo by typing LLIST.

If you have a TP-10 then your printout will be 32 columns across.

If you have any other sort of printer, then the listing will be the full width of the printer (usually 80 columns or more).

The 32 column listing is an advantage because it's the same as the screen width. It's also the same as the magazine listings, (which may be done by loading into a wordprocessor).

This 32 column listing really comes in handy when you're trying to find a typographical error.

With "LLIST32" you'll be able to get a 32 column printout on ANY printer. Simply (C)LOAD"LLIST32" and RUN.

Any BASIC program that is (C)LOADED into memory from that point on will LLIST with 32 columns.

This program should work with ALL ROMS:- Colour Basic, Extended Colour Basic, or Disk Extended Colour Basic.

In the BASIC loader, lines 10 and 20 find the end of memory.

Lines 30-50 POKE in the m.l. into memory.

Line 55 moves the output hook information to the end of the m.l. This is important because each type of BASIC has different instructions in this hook.

Line 60 replaces the output hook with a jump to the start of the m.l. program.

The assembly listing for the m.l. is included here for those who want to dissect it.

## The Listing:

```
1 CLS:PRINT"32 COLUMN LLIST FOR
THE COCO BY GRAHAME POLLOCK"
2 GOTO10
3 SAVE"290:3":END'8
10 PK=116
20 X=256*PEEK(PK)+PEEK(PK+1):X=X
-32
30 FORZ=X TO X+30
40 READ A:POKE Z, A
50 NEXT Z
55 POKEX+31,PEEK(359):POKEX+32,P
EEK(360):POKEX+33,PEEK(361)
60 POKE359,126:POKE360,INT(X/256
):POKE361,X-INT(X/256)*256
70 PRINT"ANY BASIC PROGRAM WILL
NOW LLISTWITH 32 COLUMNS TO ANY
PRINTER"
75 CLEAR100,X
80 DATA 52,18,134,254,145,111,39
,4,53,18,32,19,150,156,129,32,39
,2,32,244,52,36,134,13,189,162,1
91,53,36,32,233
```

For those of you with 64K, I've included this program on the RAMDISK file that's free with every copy of RAMDOS64.

Also included on the file is:-

CANON - a projectile game  
BORDERS - for a DMP-105  
SUMS - for the kids  
RECOVER - to recover programs with IO ERRORS  
TYPTCH - to learn typing  
LOWRCASE-for true lower case

For RAMDOS64 and free disk file send \$20 to the address below:-

GRAHAME POLLOCK,  
24 KEET ST,  
MINTO,2566.  
AUST.

## The Listing:

```
7FDE 34 12 00210 ENTRY PSHS X,A PUSH REGISTER A AND X
7FE0 86 FE 00220 LDA #3FB "PRINTER ON" CODE
7FE2 91 6F 00230 CMPA #6F IS PRINTER ON?
7FE4 27 04 00240 BEQ LENGTH IF YES GO CHECK LENGTH
7FE6 35 12 00250 RET PULS A,X PULL REGISTERS
7FE8 20 13 00260 BRA RETURN
7FEA 96 9C 00270 LENGTH LDA #9C PRINTER HEAD POSITION
7FEC 81 20 00280 CMPA #320 32 CPL?
7FEE 27 02 00290 BEQ LFEEED IF YBS GO LINE FEED
7FF0 20 F4 00300 BRA RET RETURN
7FF2 34 24 00310 LFEEED PSHS Y,B PUSH Y AND B ONTO THE STACK
7FF4 86 0D 00320 LDA #30D LOAD LINE FEED
7FF6 BD A2BF 00330 JSR $A2BF PRINT IT
7FF9 35 24 00340 PULS B,Y
7FFB 20 E9 00350 BRA RET RETURN
7FFD 12 00360 RETURN NOP REPLACED BY
7FFE 12 00370 NOP OUTPUT HOOK DURING
7FFF 12 00380 NOP BASIC LOADER
00390 END
```

# COMMAND CHANGER

64K ECB  
UTILITY

by Martin Eade

**C**OMMAND CHANGER IS AN entry into the utilities competition but is mainly for fun. It is for 64kecb (and possibly decb) systems and is a program that allows you to change almost any Colour or Extended Colour Basic command to anything you wish, as long as it has the same number of characters as the original.

This program can be used as a fun program, or to make an easier to understand Basic (for young children, beginners, etc).

When RUN, a menu is displayed, prompting you for a selection.

Type in the required number and an appropriate screen will appear.

Options ...

1 - This allows you to change most commands supported by the computer (I do not have Disk Basic, but it would be possible to incorporate them into the program).

Also, some commands couldn't be changed (eg, RUN).

The computer will ask for a command to be change. If the inputted command is accepted, it will ask for a replacement.

This must have the same amount of characters as the original.

It will keep asking for commands to change until nothing is inputted at the first prompt.

Then it will return to the menu.

2 - This exits to Basic and allows you to switch between command sets and to program normally (when you are returned to Basic, the new command set is in operation. To get to the original, press reset or type...

It is possible to get to the new set by typing ...

POKE 65503,127

- the new set will of course be forgotten if the computer is turned off!

3 - This will save your changes as a basic program and 3 m/c files.

To load in the command set, the Basic program has to be loaded and RUN.

The program will automatically load the m/c and return you to Basic.

Note!!!

'MOTOR ON/OFF' and "AUDIO ON/OFF" cannot be changed entirely. Only the "motor" and "audio" parts can.

## The Listing:

```
1 GOTO5
2 CSAVE"CCHANGE"
3 SAVE"305C:3":END'9
5 'COMMAND CHANGING PROGRAM FOR
64K ECB COCO'S.BY MARTIN EADE
AGE13 17/7/87
90 DIM C(95),C$(95)
100 CLS:PRINT" COMMAND CHANG
E PROGRAM"
110 FORA=3072TO3096:READ B:POKEA
,B:NEXT
120 DATA26,80,142,128,0,166,132,
183,255,223,167,128,140,224,0,39
,5,183,255,222,32,239,28,175,57
125 EXEC3072:POKE65503,127
130 PRINT:PRINT"READING DATA-PL
EASE WAIT....."
140 FORA=1TO95:READ C(A),C$(A):N
EXT
145 CLS:PRINT"COMMAND CHANGING P
ROGRAM"
150 PRINT:PRINT" ME
NU"
155 PRINT" 1.CHANGE COMMANDS":P
RINT" 2.EXIT TO BASIC":PRINT"
3.SAVE CHANGES TO TAPE"
160 PRINT:PRINT:INPUT"TYPE 1,2 O
R 3":CH:IF CH<1THEN160:IF CH>1TH
EN160
```

```
170 ON CH GOTO 200,280,300
180 GOTO145
200 CLS:PRINT" CHANGE COM
MANDS"
210 PRINT:PRINT:INPUT"ENTER COMM
AND TO CHANGE";CC$:IFCC$=""THEN1
45ELSE220
220 FORZ=1TO95:IF CC$=C$(Z)THEN
GOTO240 ELSE NEXT Z
230 PRINT"COMMAND DOES NOT EXIST
OR CANNOTBE CHANGED-TRY AGAIN
<INKEY>":EXEC44539:GOTO200
240 PRINT"ENTER NEW COMMAND(;"LE
N(CC$);"CHARS.)":INPUT NC$
245 POKE65503,127
250 IF LEN(NC$)>LEN(CC$)THENPRIN
T"TOO LONG":GOTO240ELSE255
255 IF LEN(NC$)<LEN(CC$)THENPRIN
T"TOO SHORT":GOTO240ELSE260
260 FOR L=1TO LEN(NC$)-1:POKE C(
Z)+(L-1),ASC(MID$(NC$,L,1)):NEXT
L
265 A$=RIGHT$(NC$,1):AA=ASC(A$):
AA=AA+128
270 POKE C(Z)+(LEN(CC$)-1),AA
275 GOTO200
280 CLS:PRINT"TO USE NORMAL COMM
AND SET PRESS RESET OR USE POKE6
5502,127. TO USE NEW COMMAND
SET USE POKE 65503,127.THE CURR
ENT COMMAND SET IS THE NEW ONE
":END
300 IN$(1)="10 CLS:FOR A=3072 TO
3096:READ B:POKE A,B:NEXT A:EXE
C3072"
305 IN$(2)="20 DATA26,80,142,128
,0,166,132,183,255,223,167,128,1
40,224,0,39,5,183,255,222,32,239
,28,175,57"
310 IN$(3)="30 POKE 65503,127"
315 IN$(4)="40 CLOADN:CLOADM:CLO
ADM"
320 IN$(5)="50 PRINT"+CHR$(34)+
"THE NEW COMMAND SET IS NOW IN
ACTION"+CHR$(34)
400 CLS:PRINT"TAPE SAVE"
410 PRINT:PRINT"INPUT FILENAME":
LINEINPUTFS
420 IF LEN(FS)>8THENPRINT"(MAX.8
CHARS.)":GOTO310ELSE430
430 PRINT"PRESS RECORD AND PLAY
ON TAPE AND THEN PRESS A KEY":
EXEC44539
440 OPEN"O",#-1,FS
450 FORPR=1TO5
```

POKE 65502,127

continued on p52

# DISKDUMP

32K DECB  
UTILITY

by Brendon Pudney

**T**HIS PROGRAM IS FOR the utilities competition. It is called "DISK DUMP". It is used to alter the data stored on the disk. The controls are:

- \* (right arrow) - go to the second half of the sector,
- \* (left arrow) - go to the first half of the sector,
- \* SHIFT (right arrow) - go to the next sector,
- \* SHIFT (left arrow) - go to the previous sector,
- \* (up arrow) - go to the next track,
- \* (down arrow) - go to the previous track,
- \* E - go into edit mode, and
- \* J - jump to a specific track and sector.

## IN EDIT MODE

While you are in edit mode, simply move the pointer (to the right of the current byte) to the byte that you would like to change.

Then, enter a hexadecimal number from 00 to FF. This is then stored in memory.

To re-save the sector to disk, press (ENTER). The computer will prompt you to make sure that you want it saved.

If you reply "NO", the program re-runs. If you reply "YES" then the sector is saved to the disk.

I hope that you will find this program useful, as I have found that most "industrial" software is not worth the magnetic-media that it is stored on!

In the future I hope to include a printing routine that prints the entire sector, ASCII and all to the printer for later reference.

## The Listing:

```
0 GOTO10
3 SAVE"306:3":END'9
10 '*****
20 ' * DISK DUMP *
30 ' * BY BRENTON PUDNEY *
40 ' * 110 BOWER ROAD *
50 ' * SEMAPHORE PARK *
60 ' * SOUTH AUSTRALIA 5019 *
70 ' * PHONE (08) 491741 A.H. *
80 ' * (C) MCMLXXVII *
90 ' * COPYRIGHT 1987 *
100 ' * BY S.B.PRODUCTIONS *
110 '*****
120 CLEAR1000
130 DIM O1$(128),O2$(128)
140 CLS3
150 PRINT@203,"DISK DUMP";
160 PRINT@224," BY S.B.PROD
UCTIONS ";
170 PRINT@288,STRING$(32,32);:PR
INT@288,"";
180 INPUT"TRACK";TN
190 PRINT@320,STRING$(32,32);:PR
INT@320,"";
200 INPUT"SECTOR";SN
210 IF TN<0 OR TN>39 THEN170
220 IF SN<1 OR SN>18 THEN190
230 FS=1
240 CLS0
250 DSKI$0,TN,SN,I1$,I2$
260 FORI=1TO128
270 O1$(I)=MID$(I1$,I,1)
280 O2$(I)=MID$(I2$,I,1)
290 NEXTI
300 V=1048
310 P=0
320 FORA=1TO128 STEP8
330 FORB=A TO A+7
340 IF FS=1 THENOTS=RIGHT$("00"+
HEX$(ASC(O1$(B))),2)
350 IF FS=2 THENOTS=RIGHT$("00"+
HEX$(ASC(O2$(B))),2)
360 PRINT@P,OTS;:P=P+3
370 POKE V,VAL("&H"+OTS)
380 V=V+1
390 NEXTB
400 P=P+8
410 V=V+24
420 NEXTA
430 SOUND1,1
440 AS=INKEY$:IFAS=""THEN440
450 IF AS=CHR$(9)THEN FS=2:CLS0:
GOTO300
460 IF AS=CHR$(8)THEN FS=1:CLS0:
GOTO300
470 IF AS=CHR$(93)THEN FS=1:SN=S
```

```
N+1:IF SN>18THEN SN=18:CLS0:GOTO
240:ELSE CLS0:GOTO240
480 IF AS=CHR$(21)THEN FS=2:SN=S
N-1:IF SN<1THEN SN=1:CLS0:GOTO24
0:ELSE CLS0:GOTO240
490 IF AS=CHR$(94)THEN TN=TN+1:F
S=1:IF TN>39 THEN TN=39:CLS0:GOT
O240:ELSE CLS0:GOTO240
500 IF AS=CHR$(10)THEN TN=TN-1:F
S=1:IF TN<0 THEN TN=0:CLS0:GOTO2
40:ELSE CLS0:GOTO240
510 IF AS=CHR$(74) THEN GOTO550
520 IF AS=CHR$(81)THENCLS0:RUN"B
OOT/DO$":END
530 IF AS=CHR$(69)THEN 630
540 FORA=1TO5:SOUND1,1:SOUND10,1
:NEXTA:GOTO440
550 CLS3
560 PRINT@160,STRING$(32,32);:PR
INT@160,"";
570 INPUT"TRACK";TN
580 IF TN<0 OR TN>39 THEN 560
590 PRINT@352,STRING$(32,32);:PR
INT@352,"";
600 INPUT"SECTOR";SN
610 IF SN<1 OR SN>18 THEN 590
620 GOTO240
630 FORA=1TO5:FORB=1TO100:NEXTB:
SOUND150,1:NEXTA
640 PV=1026
650 LL=1026:LR=1047
660 POKE PV,95
670 AS=INKEY$
680 POKE PV,240
690 BS=INKEY$
700 IF AS="" AND BS="" THEN 660
710 IF AS="" THEN AS=BS
720 IF AS=CHR$(9)THEN PV=PV+3:IF
PV>LR THEN PV=LR:GOTO660:ELSE M
X=MX+1:GOTO 660
730 IF AS=CHR$(8)THEN PV=PV-3:IF
PV<LL THEN PV=LL:GOTO660 ELSE M
X=MX-1GOTO 660
740 IF AS=CHR$(10)THEN LL=LL+32:
LR=LR+32:PV=PV+32:IF LL>1506 THE
N LL=1506:LR=LR-32:PV=PV-32:GOTO
660:ELSE MX=MX+8:GOTO 660
750 IF AS=CHR$(94)THEN LL=LL-32:
LR=LR-32:PV=PV-32:IF LL<1026THEN
LL=1026:LR=LR+32:PV=PV+32:GOTO6
60:ELSE MX=MX-8:GOTO660
760 IF AS=CHR$(13)THEN 940
770 IF AS<"0"THEN 860
780 IF AS="F"THEN 860
790 IF AS="9"AND AS<"A"THEN 820
800 GOTO830
```

continued on p52

# DOUBLES FROM SINGLES

HARDWARE MODIFICATION

by Gordon Thurston

**A**FTER WEEKS OF WAITING, Tandy had a sale on disk drives. Double sided drives were selling for less than \$200.

This was what I had been looking forward to - the ability to use both sides of every disk, and to backup from one drive to another is every Cocom owner's dream.

When I got it home, there remained the problem of whether it would work well. The CoCo is not well set up for double sided drives, and it was with some trepidation that I installed the new drive.

The main problem is, that the CoCo uses the side select line to access drive 3. I got around this problem by using a single diode as a gate.

These are the instructions for installing a double sided double density half height drive in a Tandy FD500. When finished, the drive will have drives 0, 2, and 3.

Drive 3 will be the flip side of drive 2.

First remove the case. This voids any warranty that is left, so be warned. There is a plastic insert which looks like the front of a drive. Remove this.

There is already a second connector, but the new 1000 drive has the connector upside-down.

There are two plastic hooks which lock the connector on. Pry the end of each hook gently loose, and push the end of the hook gently to release the back cover of the connector.

When free, the connector can be pulled free from the ribbon cable. There is a metal stake for each of the 34 lines. It takes a bit of pulling to remove the connector.

Remove the two plastic clips which hold the ribbon cable to the back of the drive to free the cable. Install the new drive in the space provided.

You may have to loosen the 4 screws in the lower drive to make the new drive low enough to clear the case. Two extra screws will have to be bought or found (I found mine) for there's only two provided with the new drive.

Move the link on the drive to select drive 2. Twist the cable 180 degrees, and measure where the new connector will come to. Install the connector.

I placed the connector on the bench and used a hammer to gently (?!!) push the back onto the connector and pierce the cable with all 34 stakes. When the back is straight, it should be on properly.

Connect up the computer and drive, and keeping clear of the insides of the drive, check that drive 0 and 2 are operational. A DIR to each drive should confirm.

You now have 2 down and one to go. To make the third one operational, you must operate on the controller, namely the rompack part that slides into the rompack slot.

Disconnect the ribbon cable, and remove it from the computer. There's a screw under the label. Remove it, and you'll find at the more open end, two plastic hooks holding the case together.

Gently pushing on one corner will release one of these hooks. Work slowly and carefully.

When the case is apart, remove the 2 screws and lift out the board. The back is covered with a plastic and metal shield. Pry the fasteners, and remove the

shield. Use a germanium diode for the gate.

Count out and mark pins 14 and 32 of the drive end of the board. Bend the leads of the diode to follow the tracks on the board. Cut 2 pieces of insulation (spagetti) to insulate the leads where they might short. Scrape the tracks clean. They are very small, and must be handled carefully.

Using a temperature controlled soldering iron with a small tip, tin the two tracks and solder the diode to the two tracks, keeping the diode clear of the pins.

This is important; the cathode goes to pin 32 (that's the end with the band.)

Put the controller back together, hook everything up, and test for drive 0, 2 and 3.

You might have to DSKINI a disk on the flip side to test it. See if all drives will save ok.

Just a few pointers. If you don't have much experience with printed circuits, or the proper equipment, see if you can find someone to help you out. The tracks are very small on the controller. If you do it yourself, have good light, take your time, don't force anything, and keep track of where everything comes from.

The 240 mains voltage is pretty well insulated, but don't get careless. We need all the computer experts we can get. Be careful of the motor under the drive. It's vulnerable. The gates in the controller are open collector type, so it's OK to use the diode as a gate if you're wondering.

It sure is nice to tell it to backup 0 to 2 or 3. Good luck!

# HELP

## 16/32K CoCo1/2 DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

by Tom Lehane

**T**HE TITLE SAYS 'HELP' and I have noticed in a few letters to the editor that some colour computer users' have been asking for help with a particular program.

The program is called "Rockfall" by T.J.Davies, Australian CoCo magazine October 1986, page 18.

"Rockfall" is one of those rare programs that uses a hidden machine language routine to achieve a special effect that is not normally available from the computer's own ROM - Read Only Memory.

The machine language routine used with "Rockfall" is appended to the Basic part of the program and follows it around hidden from any listing to the screen or printer.

When you CSAVE or CLOAD the machine language appended to the Basic part of the program is also saved or loaded.

This is achieved by moving the BASIC pointers to the end of the hidden machine language routine and when you type CSAVE the computer looks for the start pointers and CSAVES the program to tape from the start pointers and continues on until it reaches the end pointers - in this case the pointers are 1874 bytes further on than the true Basic's ending.

How can you tell if there is a hidden machine language program tacked on to a Basic program's listing?

For Basic to call up the machine language routine the computer needs to know where this machine code is.

Some where in the listing there will be a PEEK(27)\*256+PEEK(28) - this is where the end pointers of the BASIC program in memory are.

In the program "Rockfall" this PEEK is in line number 6. The BASIC word DEFUSR defines where the entry point of a machine language routine will be.

In the case of "Rockfall" ...

```
DEFUSR=PEEK(27)*256+PEEK(28)-1874
```

The minus 1874 is the length of the hidden machine code.

The POKE 359,57 also in line number 6 is a nasty one. This POKE disables the return to a text screen, so in a running program that uses PRINT, the computer normally return to the TEXT SCREEN and prints to the screen but with POKE 359,57 nothing happens.

You can use POKE 359,57 in a Basic program but must be accompanied with SCREEN 0,0.

Why has the programmer used this POKE?

The program "Rockfall" uses the hidden machine language routine to transfer what is normally printed on the text screen to your graphic screen and the POKE 359,57 prevents the computer from jumping out of any of the PMODE areas.

To execute the machine language from BASIC we use the USR command. In "Rockfall" this is in line number 62,

```
ML=USR(FC*256+NL)
```

The other variables in side the parentheses were defined also in line number 6.

FC=0 this can be changed to a 1 as the FC variable set dark or light printing to a graphic screen.

The other variable LN=16 sets the number of text lines that can be transferred from the bottom of the text screen to the graphic screen.

You can change this value from 1 to 16, in the case of "Rockfall" all text is transferred to the graphic screen.

The machine language routine used to transfer text screen print to the HI-RES graphic screen was written by Bruce A. Brown and was available on

November 1982 CHROMASETTE  
monthly tapes.

The program is called GRAFTEX.

The author provided only a Basic demonstration with the hidden machine language appended. He suggested deleting the Basic listing and then typing your own Basic program into the computer.

As the end pointers are already set to the end of the machine code nothing would be lost. (The hidden GRAFTEX ...)

The same can be done with "Rockfall" if you have that issue of CoCo Oz on tape (number 43).

The author of GRAFTEX openly invited CoCo users' to use the machine language routine for their own Basic programs.

With this open invitation I have assembled the machine language code in to a Basic program that POKES the code from DATA statements into a protected area of memory depending on computer size.

Type in the listing and save a copy before you run the program. There is a small demonstration program from line 360 to 440.

To use this with "Rockfall" delete lines 50, 80, 90, 100 and 360-460.

Run the program - when the code has been poked into memory load "Rockfall" and change the following line:

Change line 6 to

```
PMODE3:COLOR3,2:PCLS:DEFUSR=30886:POKE359,57:NL=16:FC=0:SCREEN1,0
```

The DEFUSR=30886 is for 32K to 64K computers. If you have a 16K computer change DEFUSR=14506.

Note: If you press the BREAK key the program stops but will not return to the text screen due to the POKE359,57. If you hit the reset button then the computer resets this location to 126 and returns you to the text screen.





# QUIZ MACHINE

32K ECB + HARDWARE  
GAME

by Nathan Gibson

**T**HE IDEA FOR THIS program came when my mother asked if it would be possible to build a device with three buttons, three lights and a buzzer. The device to be used for a quiz contest with the juniors at the local church.

It seemed that a software solution to this problem would be the easiest way out and also provide a means of scoring.

A simple bit of wiring, three push buttons two 5 pin Din connectors and a 4.7K ohm resistor is still necessary to get the most out of this program.

The program is written for three players, each player having a button.

I used plastic pill bottles from the local chemist to house pushbutton switches. These buttons are connected to the left and right joystick firebutton pins on 5 pin din connectors, pin 4.

The third button uses the joystick (0) pin on one of these connectors, pin 1. It is also necessary to connect a resistor about 4.7K ohms from pin 1 to earth, pin 3.

Using the joystick position was necessary as at the time the program was written.

The second wire from each switch is connected to pin 5, +5 volts on the respective connectors.

It is possible to use the program for two players without any hardware and simply use the two fire buttons on your joysticks. The third players button is now joystick (0) so pushing the joystick to the right will activate player three's response.

I am twelve years old and have only picked up my programming skills from magazines so this program may not be as efficient as it could be, but it did the job it was intended for, and my Mother has used it with great success on a number of occasions.

## The Listing:

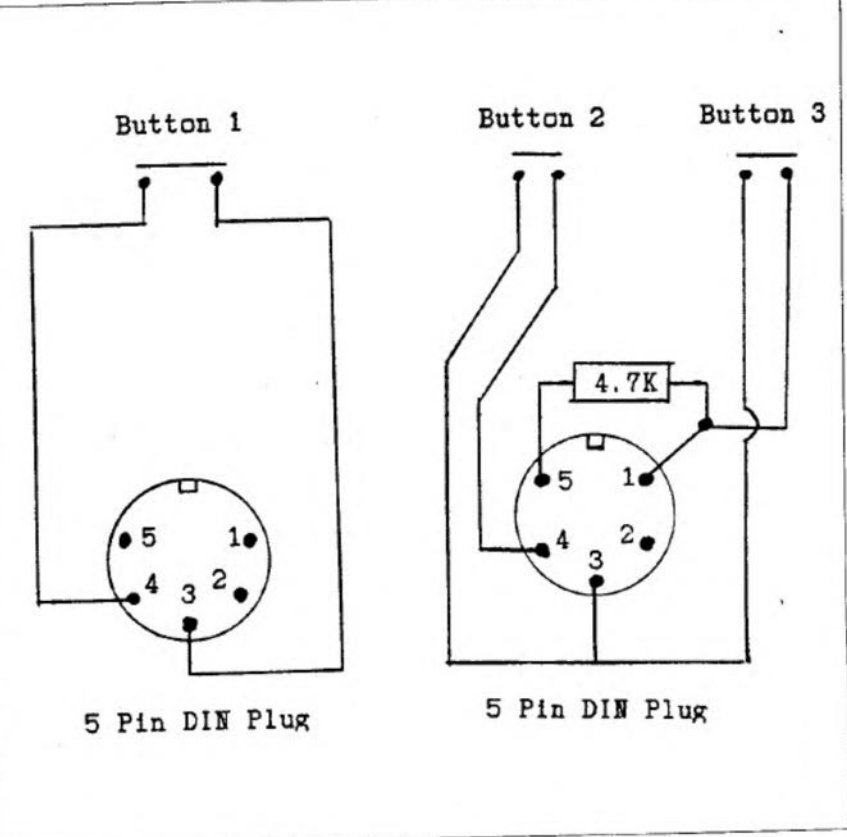
```
0 *****
1 *      QUIZ MACHINE      *
2 *      BY                *
3 *      NATHAN GIBSON    *
4 *      (C) COPYRIGHT 1987 *
5 *****
6 GOTO10
8 SAVE"281:3":END'1
10 GOSUB49:GOSUB54:PCLS:N$(1)="G
3E3D10":N$(2)="R5D5L5D5R5":N$(3)
="R5D5L5R5D5L5":N$(4)="G5R8L3U5D
10":N$(5)="L5D4R5D6L5":N$(6)="L5
D10R5U5L5":N$(7)="L5R5G1D1G1D1G1
D1G1D1G1D1":N$(8)="L5D10R5U5L5R5
U5":N$(9)="L5D5R5U5D10L5":N$(0)=
"L5D10R5U10
11 N$(1)=N$(1)+"R3L5":V$="D10H3G
3U10":R$="L5D10U5F5H5R5U5":T$="L
5R3D10":I=0:I$="":AA=20:BB=20:CC
=20:LINE(30,30)-(20,40),PSET:LIN
E(20,90)-(40,92),PSET,BF
12 LINE(30,30)-(32,90),PSET,BF:L
INE(222,30)-(192,32),PSET,BF:LIN
E(222,90)-(192,92),PSET,BF:LINE(22
2,60)-(192,62),PSET,BF:LINE(141,
30)-(111,32),PSET,BF:LINE(141,30
)-(143,60),PSET,BF
13 LINE(141,60)-(111,62),PSET,BF
:LINE(111,60)-(113,90),PSET,BF:L
INE(111,90)-(141,92),PSET,BF:J$=
"L5R2D10L2R5":G$="L5D10R5U5L2":H
$="D10U5L5U5D10":T$="L5R2D10":N$
="D10U2H5U3D10":MM$="D10U10G3H3D
10":E$="L5D5R5L5D5R5":U$="D10L5U
10"
14 FRED=0:AA$=STR$(AA):BB$=STR$(
BB):CC$=STR$(CC):LINE(0,140)-(25
5,150),PRESET,BF:LINE(23,9)-(233
,14),PSET,BF:GOSUB35:GOSUB15:GOT
O32
15 Q=236:T=0:P=PEEK(65280):IFP=1
26ORP=254THEN22ELSEIFP=125ORP=25
3THEN21ELSEIFJOYSTK(0)>60THEN23
16 I$=INKEY$:IFI$=""THEN15ELSEIF
I$="T"THENGOTO48ELSEPLAY"T10GA":
LINE(72,175)-(177,185),PRESET,BF
:RETURN
17 IFRED<>12 THENLINE(67,175)-(
177,185),PRESET,BF ELSERETURN
18 I$=INKEY$:IFI$="W"THEN24ELSEI
FI$="R"THEN27
19 Q=Q-4:IFQ=24 THEN46ELSELINE(Q
,10)-(Q-4,13),PRESET,BF
20 FORA=1TO10:NEXT:GOTO18
```

```
21 GOSUB30:W=1:FORI=1TO7:PAINT(3
0,30),0,0:LINE(30,30)-(32,90),PS
ET,BF:LINE(30,30)-(20,40),PSET:L
INE(20,90)-(40,92),PSET,BF:FORA=
1TO30:NEXTA,I:GOTO17
22 GOSUB30:W=2:FORI=1TO7:PAINT(1
41,30),0,0:LINE(141,30)-(111,32)
,PSET,BF:LINE(141,30)-(143,60),P
SET,BF:LINE(141,60)-(111,62),PSE
T,BF:LINE(111,60)-(113,90),PSET,
BF:LINE(111,90)-(141,92),PSET,BF
:FORA=1TO40:NEXTA,I:GOTO17
23 GOSUB30:W=3:FORI=1TO7:PAINT(2
22,30),0,0:LINE(222,30)-(192,32)
,PSET,BF:LINE(222,30)-(224,90),P
SET,BF:LINE(222,60)-(192,62),PSE
T,BF:LINE(222,90)-(192,92),PSET,
BF:FORA=1TO40:NEXTA,I:GOTO17
24 IFRED<>12THENPLAY"T255GEGEGE
GEGE":LINE(67,175)-(177,185),PRE
SET,BF:DRAW"BM102,175"+V$+"BM117
,175"+R$+"BM132,175"+N$(0):DRAW"
BM147,175"+M$+"BM162,175"+G$ELSE
RETURN
25 IFW=1THENA=AA-5ELSEIFW=2THEN
BB=BB-5ELSEIFW=3THENC=CC-5
26 GOTO14
27 IFRED<>12THENPLAY"T1A":LINE(
67,175)-(177,185),PRESET,BF:DRW
"BM102,175"+R$+"BM117,175"+J$+"B
M132,175"+G$:DRAW"BM147,175"+H$+
"BM162,175"+T$ELSERETURN
28 IFW=1THENA=AA+5ELSEIFW=2THEN
BB=BB+5ELSEIFW=3THENC=CC+5
29 GOTO14
30 PLAY"T100AACCCCAAAD":RETURN
31 PLAY"T20ACDCCDEA":GOTO14
32 T=T+1:IFT=70THEN31
33 P=PEEK(65280):IFP=126ORP=254T
HEN22ELSEIFP=125ORP=254THEN21ELS
EIFJOYSTK(0)>60THEN23
34 FORI=1TO10:NEXTI:GOTO32
35 IFAA<OTHENA=STR$(0):AA=0ELSE
EIFBB<OTHENBB=STR$(0):BB=0ELSEI
FCC<OTHENCC=STR$(0):CC=0
36 IFRED<>12THENIFAA>5ANDAA<100
THENDRAW"BM30,140"+N$(VAL(LEFT$(
AA$,2)))
37 IFAA<100 THENDRAW"BM45,140"+N
$(VAL(RIGHT$(AA$,1)))
38 IFBB>5ANDBB<100THENDRAW"BM115
,140"+N$(VAL(LEFT$(BB$,2)))
39 IFBB<100 THENDRAW"BM130,140"+
N$(VAL(RIGHT$(BB$,1)))
40 IFCC>5ANDCC<100THENDRAW"BM205
,140"+N$(VAL(LEFT$(CC$,2)))
41 IFCC<100 THENDRAW"BM220,140"+
N$(VAL(RIGHT$(CC$,1)))
42 IFAA>99 THENDRAW"BM30,140"+N$
```

```

(VAL(LEFT$(AA$,2)):DRAW"BM45,14
0"+N$(VAL(MID$(AA$,3,1)):DRAW"B
M60,140"+N$(VAL(RIGHT$(AA$,1)))
43 IFBB>99 THENDRAW"BM115,140"+N
$(VAL(LEFT$(BB$,2)):DRAW"BM130,
140"+N$(VAL(MID$(BB$,3,1)):DRAW
"BM145,140"+N$(VAL(RIGHT$(BB$,1)
))
44 IFCC>99 THENDRAW"BM205,140"+N
$(VAL(LEFT$(CC$,2)):DRAW"BM220,
140"+N$(VAL(MID$(CC$,3,1)):DRAW
"BM235,140"+N$(VAL(RIGHT$(CC$,1)
))
45 RETURN
46 PLAY"BB":DRAW"BM72,175"+T$+"B
M87,175"+J$+"BM102,175"+MM$:DRAW
"BM117,175"+E$+"BM147,175"+N$(0)
+"BM162,175"+U$:DRAW"BM177,175"+
T$
47 I$=INKEY$:IF I$="W"THEN24ELSEI
F I$="R"THEN27ELSE47
48 FRED=12:GOSUB15:GOTO14
49 CLS:PRINT@480,"
QUIZ
MACHINE":PRINT:SOUND150,2:PRINT:S
OUND150,2:PRINT:SOUND150,2:PRINT
:SOUND150,2:PRINT:SOUND150,2:PRI
NT:SOUND150,2:PRINT:SOUND50,2
50 PRINT@204,"* quiz *":PRINT@1
72,"*****":PRINT@268,"*****
***":PRINT@236,"*":PRINT@244,"*
":FOR I=1TO8:PRINT@206,"QUIZ":;PR
INT@237,"machine":;SOUND55,2:PRI
NT@206,"quiz":;PRINT@237,"MACHIN
E":;SOUND150,2:NEXT:PRINT@329,"B
Y NATHAN GIBSON"
51 PRINT@360,"(C) COPYRIGHT 1987
"
52 FOR I=1TO2000:NEXT:FOR I=1TO15:
PRINT:NEXT
53 RETURN
54 CLS:PRINT"DO YOU NEED INSTRU
CTIONS"
55 I$=INKEY$:IF I$=""THEN55ELSEIF
I$="N"THENPMODE4,1:SCREEN1,1:RET
URNELSE56

```



```

56 PRINT" TO TEST BUTTONS PRESS
<T> AND ASK CONTESTANT 1 TO PRE
SS HIS BUTTON. REPEAT THIS FOR
EACH CONTESTANT":PRINT" AFTE
R ASKING EACH QUIZ QUESTIONPRESS
ANY KEY TO START THE TIMER.":PR
INT" IF THE QUESTION IS ANSWERED
CORRECTLY PRESS <R>";
57 PRINT" AND THE SCOREWILL INCR
EASE.":PRINT" IF QUESTION IS ANS
WERED INCORRECTLY PRESS <
V>":PRINT"IF TIME-OUT OCURES, AD

```

```

JUDICATOR DECIDES IF QUESTION HA
S BEEN ANSWERED CORECTLY":PRI
NT" PRESS <ENTER>";
58 I$=INKEY$:IF I$(<>CHR$(13))THEN5
8
59 CLS:PRINT" IF NO CONTESTANT P
RESSES HIS BUTTON AND THE TONE
SOUNDS CONTINUE TO NEXT QU
ESTION.":PRINT" PRESS <B
NTER>"
60 I$=INKEY$:IF I$(<>CHR$(13))THEN6
0ELSEPMODE4,1:SCREEN1,1:RETURN

```

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# DATA STRUCTURES in FORTH

by John Redmond

LAST MONTH WE started to look at how we might use Forth's special flair for data structures in constructing a full-screen editor which uses high resolution character display. This editor, and the special words it uses are part of the standard E\*FORTH library, and available as an upgrade to all legal A\*FORTH users.

The high-res screen was a must for a serious editor, in order to get around the 32-column problem and the lack of lower case on the text screen. And, as was confidently expected, Forth turned out to be ideal for the job.

To define the obvious, the graphics screen we will use is 256 by 192. The video memory is organized as a 192 by 32 byte array and, if we are to display 24 lines of text, each line will require  $192/24 = 8$  of the 32-byte rows of bytes.

As we define our character set, it is convenient (and fairly efficient) to use one byte for each of the rows of pixels so that, for each printable character, we require these eight definition bytes. For convenience, these will be stored in consecutive memory locations in the definition array but, when displayed on the screen, they must be introduced into video memory at locations 32 bytes apart.

To keep the concepts simple for a start, consider that we will display only 32 characters across each screen line. This means that each character, in

video memory, will be one byte wide. All we need to know is 1. The address of the first byte in video memory where we will introduce the character (we will call this 'CURSOR'); and 2. The address of the group of eight bytes in the character definition array.

---

Next month, the Forth screen text file as a data structure.

---

Let us take the second of these first. Assume that we want to display 'A', which has an ASCII value of 65 (41 hex). For simplicity, we have introduced no space economies; so the definition array (called FONTS) will contain (127 x 8) bytes for the 127 ASCII characters. We will define it by

```
CREATE FONTS 127 8 * ALLOT.
```

Now the 65th character ('A') will be defined by the 8 bytes starting (65 x 8) bytes after the base address of the array. Therefore, the word to display the character (we will call it .CHAR) needs to do this

arithmetic. The bones of its definition will be

```
: .CHAR ( char is on stack)
  8 * ( offset to 8 bytes)
  FONTS + ( add base addr)
  'CURSOR @ (screen dest)
  (.CHAR) ; ( does the work)
```

Of course we've put off all the work by invoking the low-level slave word, (.CHAR), but this sort of code factoring keeps the program simple, limits the bugs and makes it possible to introduce optimization at a later stage. Poor old (.CHAR) is given the source and destination address on the stack, and has the job of transferring the character bytes in the correct way.

```
: (.CHAR) ( srce add, dest)
  8 0 ( moving 8 bytes)
  DO
    OVER C@ ( fetch a byte)
    OVER C! ( store it)
    SWAP 1+ ( incr srce add)
    SWAP 32 + ( and dest add)
  LOOP
  2DROP ; ( drop addresses)
```

Isn't it simple? Provided you have all the appropriate bytes set up in FONTS, it's trivially easy to display a character. In truth, it's not quite as easy as that because, as it stands, .CHAR will display all characters in the same position on the screen. There really is quite a lot of housekeeping to do as well: The destination pointer must be updated by 1 'CURSOR +' and we must update a counter of the number of characters so far displayed on the line. This must be compared with the maximum allowed

(presently 32) and, if we've gone too far, we must go to the start of the next screen line.

But what if we were already on the bottom line? Then we must scroll! And what if the character we are passing to .CHAR is a control char, like carriage return or backspace? Obviously they have to be given special treatment. Yes I've told you about only a part of the whole process, but all these complications can be handled very nicely, and compactly, in Forth. It's all on the E\*FORTH library disk.

To complete this point, we've taken a very easy line by choosing to display only 32 characters across the screen. We really want 51. To do this, we must reassess the nature of video memory.

Previously, we saw it as 192 rows of 32 bytes; now we must see it as 192 rows of 256 bits.

Forth can handle it, but life is more complicated. To display more than 32 characters across, we are allowed to use only PART of each video byte. For 51 characters, we are entitled to only 5 bits of each byte. To use these, we have to left-justify each of the definition bytes to fit neatly alongside the previous character displayed. This requires us to keep track of the appropriate number of left shifts. (Starting to sound like assembly programming, isn't it? But Forth is not afraid to roll up its sleeves at the low level.)

BITS is the variable to keep track of this left-shifting. Each time a character is displayed, the character width (contained in the variable /CHAR) is SUBTRACTED from the value in BITS and, if the value becomes negative, 8 is added and the address in 'CURSOR is increased. In fact, .CHAR will not have the right to play with the value in 'CURSOR. This has been given to +BITS:

```
: +BITS BITS @ /CHAR @ -  
  DUP 0< ( is it negative?)  
  IF 8 + ( adjust it)  
  1 'CURSOR +! ( next add)  
  THEN  
  BITS ! ; ( update shifts)
```

There are further considerations, about whether the new character is simply stored on the screen, or whether it is ORed (merged) on the screen, but these are not relevant to the present discussion. What emerges from what I've said, however, is that several parameters have to be identified in order to fully define the position of a character on the screen. For full and convenient manipulation of the screen, five variables must be defined:

```
(LINE) : current screen line  
(COLUMN) : current char position  
'LINE : add of start of line  
'CURSOR : add of next char  
BITS : left shifts to do.
```

---

'With a full screen editor, different things happen at different times at different places on the screen.'

---

Now the obvious way to handle the task is to store the information in five variables; so we would define:

```
VARIABLE (LINE) etc
```

With a full screen editor, different things happen at different times at different places on the screen. The cursor might, for instance, be presently on character 5 of line 3, but you want to input a command to search for a string. You will be prompted to enter the string somewhere else, at the top or bottom of the display. But, as soon as this happens, the screen driver program forgets where the cursor is currently located. So we must save the above five values

in other variables, like  
BITS @ CURSOR-BITS ! etc.

A bit of a pain, all this, but the cursor position MUST be saved. Brodie, in 'Thinking Forth' introduces the notion of a status array. Say we have the five variables stacked away in an array, then all we need is a reserve array, called (CURSOR) to which we do a simple and efficient block copy. We will retain the name of the first 'variable', (LINE), as the name of the status array and the code will be ...

```
CREATE (LINE) 10 ALLOT  
(LINE) 2+ CONSTANT (COLUMN)  
(LINE) 4 + CONSTANT 'LINE  
(LINE) 6 + CONSTANT 'CURSOR  
(LINE) 10 + CONSTANT BITS  
CREATE (CURSOR) 10 ALLOT  
: SAVECURSOR (LINE) (CURSOR)  
  10 CMOVE ;  
: FINDCURSOR (CURSOR) (LINE)  
  10 CMOVE ;
```

This simple device makes the source code for SAVECURSOR AND FINDCURSOR so brief and clear - and they work faster!

Again we are out of space. Next month, the Forth screen text file as a data structure, how we find the lines in it and print them out in the correct place on the editor screen.

There will be only one more instalment in this current series of Forth articles. By this stage there is a sizeable number of Forth users on the CoCo. I know that interesting things are being done with the language, but it is high time that the world was told about them. How about it? If anyone wants to discuss Forth, I'm available at 23 Mirool St., West Ryde, NSW 2114 or (better) (02)-85-3751 (after 7 pm). Come Forth!

# GOLDGRABBER!

32K DISK SYSTEM  
GAME

by Andrew Voutsis  
Screens by Chris Voutsis

**A**FTER MANY GREAT hours of enjoyment playing the very challenging "Hoard of the Deep Realm" programmed by Vaughn Clarkson for the Microbee, we all wished we could play it on our own CoCo. As far as we know, there was one similar game made for the CoCo, called "Gold Runner" by Dave Dies, that ran off a tape based system. What we wanted was a game in which we could run off a disk based system, and that we could build our own screens on.

So, after several unsuccessful attempts, we finally got it right. It is called "Goldgrabber" and it is divided into two parts. The first called "Builder", is a program to build the screens.

The second, is called "Goldgrab" and is THE program you need to play the game.

## HOW TO BUILD A SCREEN

You are a cursor that you manipulate around a 20 X 11 pmode 3, screen 1,0 'block' graphics screen. The arrows move you at the direction they indicate. The following numbers produce individual items for the screens as follows:

- #1 - gold bars (red),
- #2 - ladders (yellow),
- #3 - ropes (yellow) and
- #4 - blocks (blue).

When you are happy with your screen, place the cursor in a blank area and press "S" for save.

Now follow the instructions to disk-save your product. Alternatively, "L"oad a previous saved screen and alter it if you so wish. When playing, call the desired screen by the name you gave it.

## PLAYING GOLDGRAB

The ropes and ladders help you climb. The gold increases your

score by 50 points each, and the blocks attempt to create a difficult environment for you to operate in.

You are the red character wandering and collecting gold (50 points) by passing under it, while being chased by two yellow, unpredictable guards. Burying each guard gives you 200 points and an extra life (and I can assure you you need it, even though you start with five men).

This is achieved by pressing either 'M' for the gap to open to diagonally down left, or '/' to right. Remember, you have to wait for the gap to fill in before you can dig again. To move, use the up and down arrows for up and down, and comma and full stop for left and right. Press "M" and "/" to bury guards and provide access to seemingly impossible places. When in a hopeless position, press "X" to commit suicide.

Remember, you always start at a random position, and so do your hunters.

You die when the guards catch up with you, or fall into the your own hole or pressing "X". When all the gold is collected, the program restarts by asking you for the next screen. Your score and lives carry on to the next screen.

Good luck, and we hope you like the program.

However, if you are too lazy and want ready made screens, send a blank disk and \$5 to A. Voutsis 23 Curragundi Rd, Jindalee, 4074, and we will send you 20 screens.

Anything we have forgotten, you just have to figure out for yourselves. May the Gold Fever be with you.

## The Listing:

```
0 GOTO5
1 '***** GOLDGRABBER *****
  * ANDREW & CHRIS VOUTSIS ***
3 SAVE"274:3":END'1
5 CLEAR 500
7 Q$="O3T255L255ABC
10 REM goldgrabber by andrew v
  ousis
12 B$="T2P4V15L1604CEGL805CL1604
  AL405C
13 C$="O1V25T25L2CCC
14 DD$="V25T503P4L2CL3CL8CL2CE-L
  8DL3DL8CL3CO2L8B03L2C2P2
15 E$="T5V15L404ED#ED#E03B04DCLA
  Q3AP4
16 F$="O3T41;9;2;8;3;7;4;6;5;6
19 MEN=5:SC=0
20 REM january 1986
30 CLS RND(7)+1
35 PLAY E$
40 PRINT@230,"FILENAME OF SCREEN
  ";:INPUT A$
50 PMODE 3,1:SCREEN 1,0:PCLS
55 POKE 65494,0
60 LOADM A$
70 POKE 65495,0
80 L=8:TR=0:DI=0:IX=0:YY=0:AM=0
  :MA=0:GID=0:EM=1
81 C=RND(12)+7:D=RND(10):C=C*12:
  D=D*16:C=C+8:D=D+8:IF PPOINT(C,D
  )=3 THEN 81 ELSE 82
82 CC=RND(12)+7:DD=RND(10):CC=CC
  *12:DD=DD*16:CC=CC+8:DD=DD+8:IF
  PPOINT(CC,DD)=3 THEN 82 ELSE 90
90 FOR T=14 TO 242 STEP 12
100 IF PPOINT(T,L)=4 THEN TR=TR+
  1:NEXT ELSE NEXT
110 IF L=168 THEN 120 ELSE L=L+1
6:GOTO 90
120 BT$="C1R4D4R4U4L6D4R8U4L2
130 US$="BD7BR4F2NU2NE2DNF2NG2
135 D$="R10D14L10U14D3NR10D3NR10
  D4NR10D4R4NU14R4NU14
140 X=RND(10):Y=RND(5):X=X*12:Y=
  Y*16:X=X+8:Y=Y+8
150 IF PPOINT(X,Y)=3 THEN GOTO 1
40 ELSE 155
155 PLAY B$
159 GOSUB 1010:GOSUB 1020
160 GOSUB 1050
161 IF DI=1 THEN AM=AM+1:IF AM=
  >20 THEN DRAW"EM"+STR$(XX)+", "+S
  TR$(YY)+"C3"+D$:DI=0:IF X=IX AN
  D Y=YY THEN PLAY DD$:GOTO 205 EL
  SE 1060
162 IF GID=1 THEN MA=MA+1:IF MA=
  >20 THEN DRAW"EM"+STR$(AA)+", "+S
```

```

TR$(BB)+"C3"+D$:GID=0:IF X=AA AND
D Y=BB THEN PLAY DD$:GOTO 205 ELSE
SE 1060
163 REM taking treasures
164 IF PPOINT(X+6,Y)=4 THEN PLAY
Q$:DRAW"BM"+STR$(X)+","+STR$(Y)
+BT$:SC=SC+50:TR=TR-1:IF TR=<0 T
HEN 1130
165 IF PPOINT(X+4,Y+28)<>3 THEN
IF PPOINT(X+2,Y+8)=2 OR PPOINT(X
+4,Y+4)=2 THEN GOTO 170 ELSE GOS
UB 1000:Y=Y+16:GOTO 160
167 IF EM=1 THEN EM=2 ELSE IF EM
=2 THEN EM=1
170 REM digging holes
175 REM DIGGING TO THE LEFT
180 IF PEEK(343)=253 THEN IF DIG
=1 OR Y=168 THEN 190 ELSE IF PPO
INT(X-6,Y+16)<>3 THEN 190 ELSE D
RAW"BM"+STR$(X-12)+","+STR$(Y+16
)+"C1"+D$:AM=0:DIG=1:XX=X-12:YY=
Y+16:PLAY C$
185 REM DIGGING TO THE RIGHT
190 IF PEEK(345)=223 THEN IF GID
=1 OR Y=168 THEN 195 ELSE IF PPO
INT(X+18,Y+16)<>3 THEN 195 ELSE
DRAW"BM"+STR$(X+12)+","+STR$(Y+1
6)+"C1"+D$:MA=0:GID=1:AA=X+12:BB
=Y+16:PLAY C$
195 REM when the guards catch
you
200 IF X=C AND Y=D OR X=CC AND Y
=DD THEN 203 ELSE 240
203 PLAY DD$:GOSUB 1000,1030,104
0
205 MEN=MEN-1:CLS
210 IF MEN=0 THEN PRINT@201,"gam
e over"; ELSE 220
215 PLAY F$:PRINT@265,"FINAL SCO
RE ";SC;
217 PRINT @480,"HIT ANY KEY TO P
LAY AGAIN ";:INPUT B$:IF B$="N"
THEN END ELSE CLEAR:RUN
220 IF MEN=>1 THEN PRINT@234,"SC
ORE ";SC;
225 PRINT@294,"YOU HAVE ";MEN;"
MEN LEFT";
230 PRINT@480,"HIT ANY KEY TO CO
NTINUE ";:INPUT E$:PMODE 3,1:SCR
EEN 1,0:GOSUB 1100:GOSUB 1050:GO
SUB 1010:GOSUB 1020:GOTO 161
240
250 IF PEEK(341)=247 THEN IF PPO
INT(X+6,Y-2)=3 THEN 260 ELSE IF
PPOINT(X+2,Y+8)=2 THEN GOSUB 100
0:Y=Y-16:GOSUB 1050
260 IF PEEK(342)=247 THEN IF PPO
INT(X+6,Y+16)=3 OR PPOINT(X+4,Y+
28)=3 THEN 270 ELSE GOSUB 1000:Y
=Y+16:GOSUB 1050
270 IF PEEK(342)=223 THEN IF PPO
INT(X-1,Y+8)=3 THEN 280 ELSE GOS
UB 1000:X=X-12:GOSUB 1050
280 IF PEEK(344)=223 THEN IF PPO
INT(X+12,Y+8)=3 THEN 250 ELSE GO
SUB 1000:X=X+12:GOSUB 1050
285 IF PEEK(338)=247 THEN GOTO 2
03
290 REM making guards chase you
295 IF EM=2 THEN 999 ELSE IF EM=
1 THEN 310
310 IF PPOINT(C+4,D+28)<>3 THEN

```

```

IF PPOINT(C+2,D+8)=2 OR PPOINT(C
+4,D+4)=2 THEN GOTO 315 ELSE GOS
UB 1030:D=D+16:GOSUB 1010:GOTO 3
10 ELSE 315
315 IF PPOINT(CC+4,DD+28)<>3THEN
IF PPOINT(CC+2,DD+8)=2OR PPOINT
(CC+4,DD+4)=2 THEN GOTO320ELSE G
OSUB 1040:DD=DD+16:GOSUB 1020
320 IF C<X THEN IF PPOINT(C+12,D
+8)=3 THEN 330 ELSE GOSUB 1030:C
=C+12:GOSUB 1010
330 IF C>X THEN IF PPOINT(C-1,D+
8)=3 THEN 340 ELSE GOSUB 1030:C=
C-12:GOSUB 1010
340 IF D<Y THEN IF PPOINT(C+6,D+
16)=3 THEN 350 ELSE GOSUB 1030:D
=D+16:GOSUB 1010
350 IF D>Y THEN IF PPOINT(C+6,D-
2)=3 THEN 360 ELSE IF PPOINT(C+2
,D+8)=2 THEN GOSUB 1030:D=D-16:G
OSUB 1010 ELSE 360
360 REM moving the blue guard
370 IF CC<X THEN IF PPOINT(CC+12
,DD+8)=3 THEN 380 ELSE GOSUB 104
0:CC=CC+12:GOSUB 1020
380 IF CC>X THEN IF PPOINT(CC-1,
DD+8)=3 THEN 390 ELSE GOSUB1040:
CC=CC-12:GOSUB 1020
390 IF DD<Y THEN IF PPOINT(CC+6,
DD+16)=3 THEN 400 ELSE GOSUB 104
0:DD=DD+16:GOSUB 1020
400 IF DD>Y THEN IF PPOINT(CC+6,
DD-2)=3 THEN 999 ELSE IF PPOINT(
CC+2,DD+8)=2 THEN GOSUB 1040:DD=
DD-16:GOSUB 1020 ELSE 999
999 GOTO 161
1000 DRAW"BM"+STR$(X)+","+STR$(Y
)+"C1"+US$:RETURN
1010 DRAW"BM"+STR$(C)+","+STR$(D
)+"C2"+US$:RETURN
1020 DRAW"BM"+STR$(CC)+","+STR$(
DD)+"C2"+US$:RETURN
1030 DRAW"BM"+STR$(C)+","+STR$(D
)+"C1"+US$:RETURN
1040 DRAW"BM"+STR$(CC)+","+STR$(
DD)+"C1"+US$:RETURN
1050 DRAW"BM"+STR$(X)+","+STR$(Y
)+"C4"+US$:RETURN
1060 IF C=AA AND D=BB OR C=XX AN
D D=YY THEN SOUND 100,1:SC=SC+20
0:MEN=MEN+1:GOTO 1065 ELSE 1070
1065 C=RND(12)+7:D=RND(10):C=C*1
2:D=D*16:C=C+8:D=D+8:IF PPOINT(C
,D)=3 OR C=X AND D=Y THEN 1065 E
LSE GOSUB 1010:GOTO 1070
1070 IF CC=AA AND DD=BB OR CC=X
X AND DD=YY THEN SOUND 100,1:SC=
SC+200:MEN=MEN+1:GOTO 1075 ELSE
GOTO 163
1075 CC=RND(12)+7:DD=RND(10):CC=
CC+12:DD=DD+16:CC=CC+8:DD=DD+8:IF
PPOINT(CC,DD)=3 OR CC=X AND DD
=Y THEN 1075 ELSE GOSUB 1020:GOT
O 163
1100 X=RND(10):X=X*12:X=X+8:Y=RN
D(5):Y=Y*16:Y=Y+8:IF PPOINT(X,Y)
=3 THEN X=0:Y=0:GOTO 1100 ELSE 1
102
1102 REM
1104 REM
1110 RETURN
1130 ' loading the next screen

```

```

1140 CLS:PRINT@234,"SCORE ";SC;
1150 PRINT@320,"ENTER FILENAME O
F NEXT SCREEN ";:INPUT A$:GOTO 5
0

```

## The Listing:

```

0 GOTO10
3 SAVE"274A:3":END'1
10 REM BUILDER FOR GOLDGRAB
20 REM (C) A. VOUTSIS, SEPT '86
22 X=20:Y=24
30 DIM CU(14)
40 REM DEFINING PIECES VARIABLES
50 REM TREASURE
60 A$="C4BR4R4D4L4U4L2D4R8U4L2
70 REM LADDER
80 B$="C2BR2D14BR8U14
90 REM ROPES
100 C$="C2BD4R10
110 REM BLOCKS
120 D$="C3R10D14L10U14D3NR10D3NR
104NR10D4R4NU14R4NU14
121 CLSRND(8):PRINT@0,"LOAD OLD
SCREEN?(Y/N)":INPUT FL$:IF FL$="
Y" THEN PRINT"FILENAME":INPUT LD
$ ELSE 122
122 PMODE 3,1:SCREEN 1,0:PCLS
123 IF LD$="" THEN 125 ELSE LOAD
M LD$
125 COLOR 3:LINE(7,7)-(249,185),
PSET,B:PAINT(1,1),3,3
130 LINE(X,Y)-(X+10,Y+14),PSET,B
F
140 GET(X,Y)-(X+10,Y+14),CU,G
150 REM the loop
160 IF PEEK(341)=247 THEN IF Y=8
THEN 170 ELSE Y=Y-16:ES=Z$
170 IF PEEK(342)=247 THEN IF Y=1
68 THEN 180 ELSE Y=Y+16:ES=Z$
180 IF PEEK(343)=247 THEN IF X=8
THEN 190 ELSE X=X-12:ES=Z$
190 IF PEEK(344)=247 THEN IF X=2
36 THEN 160 ELSE X=X+12:ES=Z$
200 PUT(X,Y)-(X+10,Y+14),CU,OR
206 LINE(X,Y)-(X+10,Y+14),PRESET
,BF
220 IF PEEK(339)=239 THEN ES=A$
230 IF PEEK(340)=239 THEN ES=B$
240 IF PEEK(341)=239 THEN ES=C$
250 IF PEEK(342)=239 THEN ES=D$
255 VS=INKEY$
257 IF VS="S" THEN LINE(X,Y)-(X+
10,Y+14),PRESET,BF:CLS:PRINT"SUR
E"::INPUT Q$:IF Q$<>"Y" THEN SCR
EEN 1,0:GOTO 260 ELSE PRINT"FILE
NAME"::INPUT X$:SAVE X$+""",3584
,9728,3584:END
260 DRAW"BM"+STR$(X)+","+STR$(Y)
+";"+ES$
400 GOTO 150
410 SCREEN1,1:GOTO410

```

# DMDATGEN

32K ECB + DMP-110  
UTILITY

by Alan Bridges

**B**EING AN ENTHUSIASTIC reader of CoCo/Softgold magazines, I look forward each month to picking up my copies at the local Tandy store (Springwood, Q).

Some of the articles in the magazines have lead to further investigation on my part, and have definitely given me a better understanding of my colour computer.

Upon reading through the June edition of Softgold, my imagination was fired up by one of Johanna Vagg's articles - 'Crumbling Mental Block'.

After reading the article I too, took another look at "GARFIELD". The printer I use is a DMP-110 and the program works well.

From there I tried a few creations of my own. PROBLEM - heaps of DATA statements for a very small result! ANSWER - Why not get CoCo to calculate all the data from a picture drawn by the user?

After a few experiments to improve my knowledge of binary numbers and graphics printing on the DMP-110, I came up with my Utility program 'DOT MATRIX DATA GENERATOR'.

The program is very simple to operate, a title / instruction screen is displayed for which I used the character set from 'COMSAT' (by Max Bettridge Softgold April '87). I hope the author accepts the compliment.

The directional controls for drawing are the same as CoCo's DRAW statement.

e.g.

- U - up
- E - diagonally up & right
- D - down
- F - diagonally down & right
- L - left
- G - diagonally down & left
- R - right
- H - diagonally up & left

Pressing <ENTER> displays the drawing screen which has a 62 X 49 matrix. Cursor movement is by the previously defined keys.

If help is required to remember the keys, pressing 'I' will return to the instruction screen.

Pressing <ENTER> again returns to the drawing screen.

Pressing 'C' toggles the colour on & off.

When your masterpiece is complete, pressing CLEAR & 'P' together will initiate the data processing and file creation.

Each data line is displayed on the screen as it is created. When this process is complete you are asked to press the RECORD & PLAY buttons on the cassette player and enter the filename.

The newly created file complete with the necessary printer control lines is written to tape and instructions for using the file are displayed.

Using the file is very simple; LOAD the program file, turn on the printer and RUN the program.

Although the finished print is still fairly small (approx. 50cm x 25cm) this utility does alleviate the odious task of mapping out all that data.

Up to 434 items of data are produced by 'DMDATGEN' when covering the full matrix. It does not however produce all that data if the picture drawn is smaller than the matrix.

Lines 1000-1100 check the matrix to find the smallest area that may be used from the top left hand corner.

I hope everyone has fun with this, my entry for the utilities competition - even the kids may be able to find a use for it creating ornate labels for their school book.

By the way I think we should all congratulate JOHANNA VAGG on her well written and most informative articles - WELL DONE JOHANNA.

## The Listing:

```
0 *****
  * DOT MATRIX DATA GENERATOR *
  *   BY ALAN BRIDGES   *
  *****
  * CREATED - JUNE 1987 *
  *****
  * UPDATED -          *
1 *****
  THIS PROGRAM GENERATES DATA
  STATEMENTS FROM A PICTURE
  DRAW ON THE HI-RES SCREEN
  THESE ARE THEN USE TO CREATE
  A PICTURE IN DOT ADDRESSABLE
  GRAPHICS ON THE TANDY DMP 110
  PRINTER.
2 GOTO 9
3 SAVE"271:3":END'8
9 CLEAR 2000:PCLEAR8:DIM L$(57),
  D$(62),C$(7):GOSUB 5000
10 PMODE4,1:PCLS1:SCREEN1,0:COLO
  R0
20 FORX=5 TO 249 STEP 4
25 LINE(X,8)-(X,155),PSET
26 NEXT
30 FOR Y=8 TO 156 STEP 3
35 LINE(5,Y)-(249,Y),PSET
36 NEXT
40 FOR Y=8 TO 156 STEP 21
45 PSET(1,Y):PSET(2,Y)
46 PSET(252,Y):PSET(253,Y)
48 NEXTY
50 FOR X=5 TO 249 STEP12
51 PSET(X,5):PSET(X,6)
52 NEXT
54 X1=40:Y1=170:W$="PRESS I FOR
  INSTRUCTIONS"
55 FOR L=1TO 23:Ps=MID$(W$,L,1):
  IF Ps=" " THEN X1=X1+7 ELSE DRAW
  "BM"+STR$(X1)+","+STR$(Y1)+L$(AS
  C(P$)-33)
56 X1=X1+7:NEXT
100 X=6:Y=9:C=1
110 SOUND200,2
115 A$=INKEY$:IF PEEK(339)=191 A
  ND PEEK(338)=251 THEN 1000
116 IF A$="C" THEN GOSUB 300
117 IF A$="I" THEN GOSUB 250
120 COLOR C
125 PSET(X+1,Y+1):PSET(X,Y):PSET
  (X+2,Y+1)
140 IF A$(">)" THEN GOSUB 500
148 PRESET(X+1,Y+1):PRESET(X,Y):
  PRESET(X+2,Y+1):PRESET(X+2,Y+2)
150 GOTO 115
```



```

200 REM INKEY ROUTINE
210 IF INKEY$(<>CHR$(13)) THEN 210
ELSE RETURN
250 REM DISPLAY HELP SCREEN
255 PMODE4,5:SCREEN1,0
260 GOSUB 200
265 PMODE4,1:SCREEN1,0
300 REMRUB OUT
310 IF C=0 THEN C=1 ELSE C=0
315 LINE(X,Y)-(X+2,Y+1),PSET,B
F
370 RETURN
500 IFAS="U" THEN Y=Y-3
505 IF AS="E" THEN X=X+4:Y=Y-3
510 IFAS="D" THEN Y=Y+3
515 IF AS="F" THEN X=X+4:Y=Y+3
520 IFAS="L" THEN X=X-4
525 IF AS="G" THEN X=X-4:Y=Y+3
530 IFAS="R" THEN X=X+4
535 IF AS="H" THEN X=X-4:Y=Y-3
540 IF Y<9 THEN Y=9 ELSE IF Y>15
3 THEN Y=153
544 IF X<6 THEN X=6 ELSE IF X>24
6 THEN X=246
546 LINE(X,Y)-(X+2,Y+1),PSET,BF
550 RETURN
1000 REM PRECESS DATA*****
1001 REM TEST FOR SMALLEST AREA
1002 LINE(X,Y)-(X+2,Y+1),PSET,BF
1010 FOR YY=153 TO 9 STEP-3
1020 FOR XX=7 TO 247 STEP 4
1030 IF PPOINT(XX,YY)=0 THEN 105
0
1040 NEXTXX,YY
1050 Z2=YY+3
1060 FOR X=247 TO 7 STEP-4
1070 FOR Y=9 TO 153 STEP 3
1080 IF PPOINT(X,Y)=0 THEN GOTO
1095
1090 NEXT Y,X
1095 Z1=X+4
1100 IF Z1<11 AND Z2<12 THEN 100
ELSE Z3=INT((Z2-12)/21)+1
1200 REM CREATE DATA FILE
1205 N=0:Y=10:LN=10
1206 CLS:PRINT" THESE ARE THE L
INES OF DATA":PRINTSTRING$(32,"#
")
1210 FOR X=7 TO Z1 STEP 4
1222 IF PPOINT(X,Y)=0 THEN D=D+1
1223 IF PPOINT(X,Y+3)=0 THEN D=D
+2
1224 IF PPOINT(X,Y+6)=0 THEN D=D
+4
1225 IF PPOINT(X,Y+9)=0 THEN D=D
+8
1226 IF PPOINT(X,Y+12)=0 THEN D=
D+16
1227 IF PPOINT(X,Y+15)=0 THEN D=
D+32
1228 IF PPOINT(X,Y+18)=0 THEN D=
D+64
1230 N=N+1
1240 D$(N)=STR$(D)
1245 D=0
1250 NEXT X
1300 REM PRINT OUT DATA LINES
1305 LN$=STR$(LN+100)
1310 C$(LN/10)=RIGHT$(LN$,LEN(LN
$)-1)+" DATA ":N=1
1320 IF D$(N)="" THEN 1340 ELSE
C$(LN/10)=C$(LN/10)+RIGHT$(D$(N)

```

```

,LEN(D$(N))-1)+"",
1330 N=N+1:IF N<=4>Z1 THEN1340 E
LSE 1320
1340 CL=LEN(C$(LN/10))
1342 C$(LN/10)=LEFT$(C$(LN/10),C
L-3)
1350 PRINT C$(LN/10)
1355 SOUND 240,2
1360 LN=LN+10
1365 IF LN/10 >Z3 THEN 1550
1380 N=0:Y=Y+21
1385 IF Y>Z2 THEN 1550
1390 GOTO 1210
1500 REM CLEAR ARRAY
1510 FOR R=1TO62:D$(R)="" :NEXT
1520 RETURN
1550 REM END THE PROGRAM
1555 LN$=STR$(LN+100)
1565 POKE65494,0
1570 GOSUB 1900
1600 OPEN "O",#-1,NM$
1605 GOSUB 1700
1610 FOR R=1TO Z3
1620 PRINT #-1,C$(R)
1630 NEXT R
1636 C$=RIGHT$(LN$,LEN(LN$)-1)+"
DATA 256":PRINT#-1,C$
1640 CLOSE#-1:SOUND200,5
1650 CLS:PRINT" INSTRUCTIONS
FOR USE":PRINTSTRING$(32,"-")
1660 PRINT:PRINT" 1> REWIND TH
E TAPE"
1670 PRINT:PRINT" 2> LOAD THE
NEW PROGRAM FILE"
1680 PRINT:PRINT" 3> TURN ON T
HE PRINTER"
1690 PRINT:PRINT" 4> TYPE 'RUN
' - PRESS ENTER"
1699 END:'END OF PROGRAM
1700 REM CREATE PROGRAM LINES
1710 C$="10 REM '"+NM$+"' CREATE
BY 'DMDATGEN':PRINT#-1,C$
1720 C$="20 PRINT#-2,CHR$(18):'
GRAPHICS MODE":PRINT#-1,C$
1730 C$="30 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);CH
R$(14):' ELONGATION":PRINT#-1,C
$
1740 C$="40 FOR X=1 TO'+STR$(INT
((Z1-5)/4))+":READ F':PRINT#-1,C
$
1750 C$="50 IF F<128 THEN F=F+12
8":PRINT#-1,C$
1760 C$="60 IF F=256 THEN 100":P
RINT#-1,C$
1770 C$="70 PRINT#-2,CHR$(28);CH
R$(2);CHR$(F):' :PRINT#-1,C$
1780 C$="80 NEXT X":PRINT#-1,C$
1790 C$="90 PRINT#-2:GOTO 40":PR
INT#-1,C$
1795 C$="100 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);C
HR$(15);CHR$(30)":PRINT#-1,C$
1800 RETURN
1900 REM GET THE NAME OF THE PRO
GRAM
1905 PRINT:PRINT" 1> INSERT C
ASSETTE 2> PRESS PL
AY AND RECORD"
1910 PRINT" 3> ENTER THE DRAW
ING NAME":PRINT
1920 INPUT NM$
1930 RETURN

```

```

5000 REM TITLE OR HELP SCREEN
5005 POKE65495,0:GOSUB 1500
5010 FOR R=15 TO 57:READ I$:L$(R
)=I$:NEXT R
5020 PMODE4,5:SCREEN1,0:COLOR1
5030 GOTO 5090
5035 REM DRAW LETTERS
5040 FOR L=1TO LEN(W$):P$=MID$(W
$,L,1):IF P$="" THEN 5070
5050 POKE178,0:LINE(X1,Y1-6)-(X1
+6,Y1),PSET,BF:DRAW"C$;"
5060 DRAW"BM"+STR$(X1)+","+STR$(
Y1)+";":DRAWL$(ASC(P$)-33)
5070 X1=X1+7:IF X1>248 THENX1=3:
Y1=Y1+10
5080 NEXT:RETURN
5090 REM DRAW SCREEN
5100 PCLSO:LINE(2,2)-(253,189),P
SET,B
5110 LINE(40,14)-(215,14),PSET
5120 X1=40:Y1=12:W$="DOT MATRIX
DATA GENERATOR BY
ALAN BRIDGES":GOSUB 5040
5130 X1=10:Y1=40:W$="THIS GENERA
TOR WILL CREATE ON TAPE A BASIC
PROGRAM FILE WHICH WILL PRI
NT THE IMAGE CREATED BY YOU ON
A TANDY DMP 110 PRINTER":GOSUB
5040
5140 X1=95:Y1=80:W$="COMMANDS":L
INE(95,82)-(150,82),PSET:GOSUB50
40
5150 DRAW"BM50,130;NU22ND22NR22N
L22NE20NF20NG20NH20"
5160 DRAW"BM25,107;"+L$(39):DRAW
"BM48,105;"+L$(52):DRAW"BM72,107
;"+L$(36)
5170 DRAW"BM25,160;"+L$(38):DRAW
"BM48,162;"+L$(35):DRAW"BM72,160
;"+L$(37)
5180 DRAW"BM20,132;"+L$(43):DRAW
"BM79,132;"+L$(49)
5190 X1=18:Y1=92:W$="DIRECTIONS"
:GOSUB 5040
5200 X1=125:Y1=110:W$="PRESS CLE
AR P WHEN":GOSUB 5040:X1=125:Y1=
120:W$="FINISHED DRAWING":GOSUB
5040
5210 X1=125:Y1=140:W$="PRESS C T
O TOGGLE":GOSUB 5040:X1=125:Y1=1
50:W$="COLOR ON OR OFF":GOSUB 50
40
5220 X1=50:Y1=186:W$="PRESS ENTE
R TO CONTINUE":GOSUB 5040
5222 POKE65494,0
5225 GOSUB 200
5230 RETURN
5240 DATAU6R4D6L4,R2NR2U6LG,NR4E
UHL2G,BUFR2EUHNL2EUHL2G,BR3U6G3
R,BUFR2EU2HL2GU3R4,BU3ER2FD2GL2H
U4ER3,E4U2L4D,BUVERN2HVER2FDGFDG
L2H,BR2EU4HL2GD2FR2E,,,,,BU5ER
2FDGLDDBD2D,U4E2F2D2NL4D2,R3EUHE
UHL3RD3NR2D3,BE4BUHL2GD4F1R2E,R3
EU4HL2NLD6
5242 DATA R4UBU4VL3NLD3NR2D3
5250 DATARNRU3NR2U3NLR3D,BE2RNRD
NGLHU4ER2D,U3NU3R4NU3D3,BRRNRU6
NLR,BUNUFREU5NLR,RU6NLD3R2EUBD5
NDH2,R4UBGL2U6NLR,U6F2E2D6,U6F4
NU4D2,BUU4ER2FD4GL2H,RNRU6NLR2FD

```

continued on p50

# DIRSQR

32K ECB  
UTILITY

by Jim Jacobs

**D**IRSQR IS A machine language program to find square roots of floating point numbers on the CoCo. It is nearly ten times faster than the SQR function of Extended Basic. There is no such function in non Extended Basic.

## ALGORITHM

This uses the normal way of finding square roots, arranged for binary arithmetic.

The bits of the number, S, whose square root, R, is required are treated in pairs extending on either side of the fractional point.

One bit of R is found for each pair, zeros are added on the right if required to give the correct number of bits in R.

Starting with the most significant on the left, each bit of the root is chosen so that the square of the partial root is just less than or equal to the number formed by the pairs of bits so far.

Now let b be the 'i'th bit, 'Si' be the number so far and 'Ri' the partial root. The condition is:  $S_i \geq R_i * R_i$

The difference,  $D_i = S_i - R_i * R_i$ , now  $R_i = 2R_{i-1} + b$ , x2 (left shift) for each new bit. Squaring,

$$R_i * R_i = 4R_{i-1} * R_{i-1} + 4R_{i-1} * b + b * b$$

... so  $D_i = 4D_{i-1} + \text{bit pair of } S_i - 4R_{i-1} * b - b * b$

... and b can only be 0 or 1 which makes the process much easier to follow than the decimal case used at school.

This is illustrated in the flow diagram:-

```

:
: # setup, exponent,
: # initial values, etc
:
:----->:
: # left shift S into D
: : twice, x4
: : (bit pair)
: : .no-<-# D>4R ? )
: : yes: )
: 0: 1# D=D-4R-1 ) bit
: : : )
: : # R=2R+1 )
: : '---->:
: : # left shift R, using
: : the leading 1 to
: : count the bits
: :
: : '---no-<-# penultimate bit?
: : yes:
: : # last bit
: :
: : # round, store, etc.
: :

```

## STORAGE

In CoCo, Basic numbers are stored in floating point form as an exponent byte followed by four mantissa bytes. The mantissa is a fraction between half and one.

It is normalized so that the most significant bit is always one. This is done by adjusting the value of the exponent.

Four bytes are equivalent to nine or ten significant figures in decimal.

The exponent is the power of two the fraction is to be multiplied by to give the number. In two's compliment form one byte gives a range of  $2^{**+127}$  to  $2^{**-129}$ .

Actually the exponent is in excess 128 form, the most significant bit of the exponent is complimented so that positive exponents have a leading one and negative a zero.

With this notation the number zero is not represented, so the smallest range of numbers, with zero exponent, are taken to be zero. This has the advantage that a simple one byte zero test can be used. The range of numbers is slightly restricted by this but is ample for practical purposes, about  $3 \times 10^{**+38}$  to  $3 \times 10^{**-38}$ .

Since the mantissa is normalized to always have a leading one, bit 7 of its first byte, this is replaced by a sign bit, zero for positive and one for negative.

For numerical operations two six byte floating point accumulators, FPAC1 and 2 are located at \$004F and \$005C, these store numbers as discussed above except that the sign bit is replaced by a one and the original first mantissa byte is stored in the sixth byte as the sign byte, this is more convenient for arithmetic.

## LISTINGS

Listing 2 is a Basic program "SQRT", which, when RUN, pokes the routine into protected high memory where it can be utilized via theUSR function. The machine language is held in data lines.

The poking takes a few seconds. Once done the "SQRT" program can be deleted or overwritten by other programs.

Listing 1 is the machine and assembly language version.

## LISTING 1

\* The program does not follow the flow diagram directly. Three loops are used. The first is for the first byte of the result, the next for the second and the last for the final two. This is

for speed, avoiding unnecessary bit shifting.

\* The assembly language used here is to explain the machine language, and does not follow any particular assembler.

\* Difference in registers X, D  
\* Register Y Byte Pointer,  
\* Number S in FPAC1:-

004F... XPNT S0 S1 S2 S3  
SIGN

\* Root R in FPAC2:-

005C... - RO R1 R2 R3 -

listing one

```

xx19 0853: LEFT ASL S3 Number
      B 0952: ROL S2
      D 0951: ROL S1 x2
      F 0950: ROL S0
      21 39 : RTS

2 3436: START PSH S Registers
4 5F4F: CLR D )
6 1F01: TFR D X )Dif'ce
8 5C : INC B
9 DD5D: ST D R0 )
B D75F: ST B R2 ) First
D C604: LD B '4' ) result
F D760: ST B R3 ) x4
31 C611: LD B '4s' Bit pair
3 D75C: ST B CNT counter
5 C650: LD B S0 Number
7 1F02: TFR D Y byte ptr
9 8DDE: BSR LEFT Bit1

B D64F: EXPNT LD B XPNT
D CB7F: ADD B '-1' 1st shift
F 57 : ASR B /2
40 46 : ROR A save parity
1 CB81: ADD B '1' restore
3 D74F: ST B XPNT
5 5F : CLR B
6 48 : ASL A parity?
7 2404: BCC LOOP1
9 8DCE: BSR LEFT odd exp'nt
B 59 : ROL B this bit
C 5C : INC B hidden 2-1

D 68A4: LOOP1 ASL ,Y First byte
F 5949: ROL D
51 68A4: ASL ,Y
3 5949: ROL D
5 2604: BNE ONE1
7 D160: CMP B R3
9 2308: BLS GOON1
B 0C60: ONE1 INC R3
D D060: SUB B R3
F 0C60: INC R3
61 8200: SBC A '0' carry

3 8D64: GOON1 BSR TOUT
5 24E6: BCC LOOP1

7 8D6B: LOOP2 BSR LFT22 2nd byte
.8C0001: CMP X '1'
C 2405: BCC ONE2

```

```

.10935F: CMP D R2
71 230A: BLS GOON2
3 0C60: ONE2 INC R3
5 935F: SUB D R2
7 0C60: INC R3
9 2402: BCC GOON2
B 301F: LEA X-1, X carry

D 8D4A: GOON2 BSR TOUT
F 095F: ROL R2
81 24E4: BCC LOOP2
3 8D4F: BSR LFT22 bit 16
5 8C : CMP X skip2

6 8D54: LOOP3 BSR LFT32 3rd &
8 8D5D: BSR BIT last bytes
A 0860: ASL R3
C 095F: ROL R2
E 095E: ROL R1
90 095D: ROL R0
2 24F2: BCC LOOP3
4 8D46: BSR LFT32 32nd bit
6 2402: BCC HALF
8 8D4D: BSR BIT

A 1A01: HALF OR CC '1' leading 1
C 065D: ROR R0 Correct
E 065E: ROR R1 result
A0 065F: ROR R2 /2
2 0660: ROR R3

4 9C5D: CMP X R0 rounding
6 2603: BNE SKP
10935F: CMP D R2
B 230B: SKP BLS OUT 0

D 0C60: RNDUP INC R3 1
F 260A: BNE OUT
B1 0C5F: INC R2
3 2606: BNE OUT
5 0C5E: INC R1
7 2602: BNE OUT
9 0C5D: INC R0

B DC5F: OUT LD D R2
D DD52: ST D S2 result
F DC5D: LD D R0 into
C1 DD50: ST D S0 mantissa
3 847F: AND A '+ve'
5 9754: ST A SIGN

7 35B6: END PUL S P, Registers

9 085C: TOUT ASL CNT
B 2404: BCC GOON count
D 0C5C: INC CNT bit pairs
F 3121: LEA Y 1, Y
D1 0860: GOON ASL R3

3 39 : RTS

4 8D00: LFT22 BSR 0 repeat
6 68A4: ASL ,Y number
8 5949: ROL D into
A 2004: BRA NOUT

C 8D00: LFT32 BSR 0 repeat
E 5849: ASL D dif'ce
E0 1E01: NOUT EXG D X
2 5949: ROL D
4 1E01: XOUT EXG D X x2
6 39 : RTS

```

```

7 9C5D: BIT CMP X R0 D<S?
9 25FB: BCS RTN
B 2205: BHI ONE
.10935F: CMP D R2
F0 23F4: BLS RTN

2 0C60: ONE INC R3 +1/2
4 935F: SUB D R2
6 0C60: INC R3 +1/2
8 1E01: EXG D X new
A D25E: SBC B R1 dif'ce
C 925D: SBC A R0
E 20E4: BRA XOUT

```

## The Listing:

```

10 GOSUB12: CLEAR200, A-229: GOSUB1
2: A=A+1: PRINT "POKING": B=INT((A+9
)/256): POKE275, B: POKE276, A+9-B*2
56
11 FOR A=A TO A+230: READB: POKEA,
B: NEXT: END
12 A=PEEK(39)*256+PEEK(40): RETUR
N
20 DATA8,83,9,82,9,81,9,80,57,52
,54,95,79,31,1,92,221,93,215,95,
198,4,215,96,198,17,215,92,198,8
0,31,2,141,222,214,79,203,127,87
,70,203,129,215,79,95,72,36,4,14
1,206,89,92
21 DATA104,164,89,73,104,164,89,
73,38,4,209,96,35,8,12,96,208,96
,12,96,130,0,141,100,36,230,141,
107,140,0,1,36,5,16,147,95,35,10
,12,96,147,95,12,96,36,2,48,31,1
41,74,9,95,36,228,141,79,140
22 DATA141,84,141,93,8,96,9,95,9
,94,9,93,36,242,141,70,36,2,141,
77,26,1,6,93,6,94,6,95,6,96,156,
93,38,3,16,147,95,35,14
23 DATA12,96,38,10,12,95,38,6,12
,94,38,2,12,93,220,95,221,82,220
,93,221,80,132,127,151,84,53,182
24 DATA8,92,36,4,12,92,49,33,8,9
6,57,141,0,104,164,89,73,32,4,14
1,0,88,73,30,1,89,73,32,1,57,156
,93,37,251,34,5,16,147,95,35,244
,12,96,147,95,12,96,30,1,210,94,
146,93,32,228

```

## LINKING

If the address of the square root routine is held in the USR vector at address \$0113-4 (275-6 decimal), a statement like Y=USR(X) in a Basic program will give the square root of the variable X as the variable Y.

This is because the routine takes the floating point number in FPAC1 and replaces it by its square root. Basic automatically transfers the numbers between the accumulators and the variable storage area.

No tests are provided for zero or negative number inputs, these are up to the user.

The routine can be located anywhere convenient in memory. The addresses given in the listing are notional only.

#### TIMING

I worked the routine out because I needed a square root routine for another program and the Basic routine given in the Color Computer manual seemed slow. I ran the following programs to check the timing:

```
10 FOR I=1TO10000:NEXT:END
Loop timing: 10secs - 1mS each
```

```
15 FOR I=1TO10000:Y=I:NEXT:END
Vbl Loop: 23secs - 2.3mS each
```

```
20 K=9:FOR I=1TO10000:Y=K+I
:NEXT:END
Addition: 36secs - 3.6mS each
```

```
30 K=9:FOR I=1TO10000:Y=K-I
:NEXT:END
Subtraction: 37secs - 3.7mS
each.
```

```
40 K=9:FOR I=1TO1000:Y=K*I
:NEXT:END
Multiply: 5secs - 5mS each
```

```
50 K=9:FOR I=1TO1000:Y=K/I
:NEXT:END
Divide: 7secs - 7mS each
```

```
60 FOR I=1TO100:T=1/2
65 R=T:T=(I/R+R)/2:IFT<>R
THEN65
70 NEXT:END
Basic SQRT: 10secs - 100mS each
```

```
80 FOR I=1TO1000:Y=USR(I):NEXT
:END
M/L SQRT: 8secs - 8mS each
```

... and finally using Extended Colour Basic,

```
90 FOR I=1TO100:Y=SQR(I):NEXT
:END
ECB SQRT: 7secs - 70mS each
```

Showing that the routine is almost ten times faster than the ECB routine and that it compares well with the other arithmetic routines.

#### REFERENCES

I had some difficulty finding out about square roots, the best reference I could find was ...

"Mathematical Microprocessor Software: a SQR(X) Comparison" by Michael Andrews, IEEE Micro, May 1982, p63.

Others are:-  
Yachan Chu "Digital Computer Design Fundamentals", McGraw Hill, New York, 1962.

Ivan Flores "The Logic of Computer Arithmetic", Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 1962.

#### Hint ...

##### Double spacing LLIST

Now you can put an extra line between program lines when LLISTing them (cassette users only).

```
Type in:
POKE 383,126:POKE384,185
:POKE 385,88
```

To turn it on type: POKE383,126  
To turn it off type: POKE383,57

John Carmichael

#### Hint ...

Print-out your directory to the printer

By typing in:

```
POKE111,254:DIR DR:
PRINT#-2,"Free = "
:FREE(DR)
```

... you will be able to get a hard copy of your disk directory. Replace 'DR' with the drive number you want printed.

continued from p47

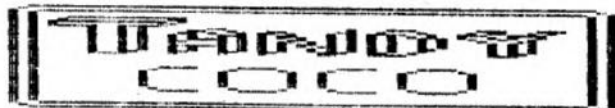
```
GL2,BU4ER2FD4GDRBHL2H,U6R3FDGWL
2F2D,BUFR2EUHL2HUER2F,BR2U6NL2R2
,BUNU5FRERNDU5
5260 DATABU3NU3FDFFEUEU3,NU6E2F2U
6,UE4UBL4DF4D,BRRNRU3H2UBR4DG2,B
U5UR4DG4DR4U,....
```

### The Listing:

```
0 GOTO10
3 SAVE"271A:3":END'8
10 REM 'TANDY' CREATE BY 'DMDATG
EN'
20 PRINT#-2,CHR$(18):' GRAPHICS
MODE
30 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);CHR$(14);:'
ELONGATION
```

```
40 FOR X=1 TO 61:READ F
50 IF F<128 THEN F=F+128
60 IF F=256 THEN 100
70 PRINT#-2,CHR$(28);CHR$(2);CHR
$(F);
80 NEXT X
90 PRINT#-2:GOTO 40
100 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);CHR$(15);C
HR$(30)
110 DATA 124,2,121,5,5,69,37,37,
37,37,37,37,37,37,37,101,101,
5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,
5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,
5,5,5,5,5,5,5,121,2,124
120 DATA 127,0,127,0,7,5,5,5,125
,1,1,125,5,125,5,7,66,33,112,16,
40,72,80,96,0,96,48,80,96,0,0,0,
96,16,120,0,96,48,104,40,72,16,9
6,0,0,96,48,40,88,24,96,32,48,10
4,24,8,0,0,127,0,127
```

```
130 DATA 127,0,127,0,0,0,0,0,127
,0,0,127,0,127,0,0,127,20,115,18
,18,127,0,127,0,127,0,125,6,27,1
08,16,127,0,127,0,127,0,127,0,0,
127,32,31,0,0,1,2,124,1,124,2,12
7,0,0,0,0,0,127,0,127
140 DATA 127,0,127,0,0,0,0,0,3,2
,2,3,1,0,0,0,3,1,0,0,0,3,1,0,0,3
,1,0,0,0,0,3,3,1,0,0,3,3,2,2,1,0
,0,0,0,0,0,3,2,3,1,0,0,0,0,0,0
,127,0,127
150 DATA 127,0,127,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
,0,0,0,120,4,2,2,2,2,0,0,120,4,2
,2,2,2,4,120,0,0,120,4,2,2,2,0
,0,120,4,2,2,2,2,4,120,0,0,0,0,0
,0,0,0,0,0,127,0,127
160 DATA 127,0,127,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
,0,0,0,15,16,32,32,32,32,0,0,15,
16,32,32,32,32,16,15,0,0,15,16,3
2,32,32,32,0,0,15,16,32,32,32,32
,16,15,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,127
,0,127
170 DATA 31,32,79,80,80,80,80,80
,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,8
0,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80
,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,8
0,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80
,80,80,80,80,80,80,79,32,31
180 DATA 256
```



# WORKSHEET 80

16K CoCo1/2/3  
UTILITY

by Harry Hoffmann

**T**ODAY I AM SUBMITTING another and last worksheet program. I found these programs rather indispensable when I am programming.

To run this program, the printer must be in the serial I/O socket, otherwise the computer will kick you if it isn't turned on.

There are no fancy menus or any other things to make this program more interesting - it works just like a kettle: you want hot water, fill it up and turn it on.

You want a worksheet, load the program and RUN it - simple, isn't it?

Please let me now expose on my past programs. You may remember the first two programs I submitted. They were about the weather - look at the February issue of CoCo magazine, page 26 and 29.

I am now working on a series of weather programs like rainfall and temperature - one will be a daily data input program for both, one a printout for the DMP-105 printer, one a display program for the CoCo 3, and one a display program for the CoCo 2, which can also be dumped to the printer by using Craig Stewart's "Screen Dump" or any other.

The last 3 (6) aforementioned programs will make use of the files created in the first 1 (2) program(s). I am also trying to work out a program for the IP-10 printer using the same files.

May I give a little hint to low memory computer users? A quick way of saving quite a lot of memory is this, type:

```
RENUM0,,1
```

... by doing it to the program I am submitting today it will save almost 200 bytes of memory. That's a lot for such a short program.

Another hint: I have about two full disks with useful

subroutines. So far when I want to merge one, I had to find out what line number they start on.

This can take up a lot of programming time. My solution to this problem is this:

I am now re-saving all subroutines starting with line number 3000 incremented by 1 - so if want to merge in a subroutine, I renumber the program I am working on, renumbering from the point I wish to merge into [4000,x,1] and merge.

No more problems with line numbers.

I am sorry, but I have to leave you with this, for now.

## The Listing:

```
0 GOTO10
1 *****WORKSHEET 80*****
2 *****BY HARRY HOFFMANN*****
3 **CROWS NEST CARAVAN PARK****
4 **CROWS NEST QLD 4355*****
5 **WRITTEN ON COCO 3*****
6 SAVE"296:3":END'8
7 END
10 CLS7:GOSUB890
20 PRINT@233," CROWS NEST ";:PRI
NT@416,""
30 GOSUB50:GOTO90
40 *****
   ** TITLESONG BY HARRY **
   ** HOFFMANN CROWS NEST **
   *****
50 FORX=1TO3:PLAY"T603V30L4CV20L
8CV10CL8V30CL16V20CV10CL8V30DL16
V20DV10L8V30EL16V20EV10EL4V30CL8
V16CV10CL4V30FL8V20FV10FL4V30EL8
V20EV10EL4.V30DL8.V20DV10D":NEXT
60 FORX=1TO3:PLAY"V30L8GV20L16GV
10G":NEXT:PLAY"V30L4.GL8.V20GV10
GV30L8FV20L16FV10FV30L4EV20L8EV1
0EL4V30DL8V20DV10DL2V30GL4V20GV1
0G"
70 PLAY"V30L8GV20L16GV10GV30L4.G
V20L8.GV10GV30L8FV20L16FV10FV30L
4EV20L8EV10EL4V30DL8V20DV10DL1V3
0CL4V20CV15CL2V10CV5C"
80 RETURN
85 CLS4
90 IF PEEK(65314)/2<>INT(PEEK(65
```

```
314)/2)THEN 95:** CHECK FOR PRI
NTER **
93 GOTO100
95 GOSUB890:PRINT@229," PRINTER
NOT ON LINE ";:GOTO90
100 A$=CHR$(27)
110 B$=A$+CHR$(20):** CONDENSED
120 C$=A$+CHR$(21):** SET CR=CR
130 D$=A$+CHR$(56):** 3/4 LFEED
140 E$=A$+CHR$(22):** CR=CR+LF
150 F$=A$+CHR$(16)+CHR$(0)+CHR$(
69):** SET CARRIAGE
160 G$=CHR$(13):** CR
170 H$=CHR$(10):** LF+CR
180 I$=CHR$(18):** GRAPHICS MOD
E
190 J$=CHR$(30):** CHARACTER MD
200 K$=STRING$(8,128)+CHR$(255)
210 L$=STRING$(8,192)+CHR$(255)
220 M$=A$+CHR$(16)+CHR$(0)+CHR$(
64)
230 N$=A$+CHR$(28):** HALF LINE
FEED
240 O$=A$+CHR$(90)+CHR$(7):** F
ULL LF
250 P$=A$+CHR$(16)+CHR$(0)+CHR$(
63)
260 Q$=CHR$(255)
270 R$=CHR$(14):** END UNDERLINE
OR BIT FOR START ELONGATION
280 S$=CHR$(15):** START UNDERL
INE OR BIT FOR END ELONGATION
290 T$=A$+R$:** START ELONGATIO
N
300 U$=A$+S$:** END ELONGATION
310 V$=A$+CHR$(19):** STANDARD
CHARACTER MODE
320 CLS3:GOSUB890:PRINT@227,"PLE
ASE WAIT, I'M PRINTING"::PRINT@4
16,""
330 POKE150,18:** 2400 BAUD **
340 PRINT#-2,J$:V$:O$
350 PRINT#-2,TAB(23);"";:PRINT#-
2,T$:S$;"WORKSHEET 24 X 80";R$:U
$:V$:H$
360 PRINT#-2,TAB(24),"BY HARRY H
OFFMANN";H$:H$:H$
370 CMP
380 PRINT#-2,B$C$
390 FOR A=1TO40
400 READ X
410 PRINT#-2,TAB(10);X;
420 NEXT A
430 DATA ,,,,1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,
2,3,3,3,3,4,4,4,4,4,5,5,5,5,5,
6,6,6,6,6,7,7,7,7,7
440 PRINT#-2,C$;
```

```

450 PRINT#-2,G$
460 PRINT#-2,F$;
470 RESTORE
480 FOR A=1TO40
490 READ X
500 PRINT#-2,X;
510 NEXT A
520 PRINT#-2,D$;H$
530 FOR Y=1TO8
540 FOR X=0TO9STEP2
550 PRINT#-2,TAB(10);X;
560 NEXT X
570 NEXT Y
580 PRINT#-2,C$;
590 PRINT#-2,G$
600 PRINT#-2,F$;
610 FOR Y=1TO8
620 FOR X=1TO9STEP2
630 PRINT#-2,X;
640 NEXT X,Y
650 PRINT#-2,M$;L$;
660 FOR X=1TO 80
670 PRINT#-2,K$;
680 NEXT
690 PRINT#-2,H$;H$;M$;
700 FOR X=1TO80
710 PRINT#-2,L$;
720 NEXT
730 FOR X=0TO23
740 PRINT#-2,J$;O$
750 PRINT#-2,TAB(5);"";:PRINT#-2
,USING"##";X;
760 PRINT#-2,I$;P$;Q$;:FOR Y=1TO8
0
770 PRINT#-2,K$;
780 NEXT Y
790 PRINT#-2,H$;H$;P$;Q$;
800 FOR Y=1TO80
810 PRINT#-2,L$;
820 NEXT Y
830 NEXT X
840 PRINT#-2,J$;E$;D$
850 CLS7:GOSUB890:PRINT@235,CHR$
(128)"finish"CHR$(128);:PRINT@41
6,"":GOSUB50
860 END
880 *****
* ATTENTION! *
* WATCH OUT FOR SEMICOLON *
* OMITTING OR ADDING ANY *
* COULD MESS UP THE WHOLE *
* PROGRAM ;;;;;;;;;;;;;; *
*****

```

```

890 PRINT@32," WORKSHEET 80 BY H
ARRY HOFFMANN ";
900 RETURN

```

```

1000 *****
* THIS PROGRAM WAS WRITTEN*
* BY HARRY HOFFMANN *
* CROWS NEST CARAVAN PARK *
* CROWS NEST QLD 4355 *
*****

```

```

1010 *****
# ALL COMMENT LINES WITH #
# OR WITHOUT <> CAN BE #
# OMITTED. THIS PROGRAM #
# SHOULD ALSO WORK ON A #
# COCO 2 (+DMP 105 ) #
*****

```

## COMMAND CHANGER

continued from p35

```

460 PRINT#-1,IN$(PR):NEXT
470 CLOSE#-1:GOTO500
500 CSAVEN"1",&H8183,&H81EF,0:CS
AVEN"2",&H821E,&H8256,0:CSAVEN"3
",&HAA66,&HAB66,0
530 PRINT:PRINT"TO OPERATE COMMA
ND SET,LOAD BASIC PROGRAM,KE
EP PLAY DOWN ANDRUN THE PROGRAM"
:PRINT:PRINT"PRESS A KEY":EXEC44
539
540 GOTO145
1000 DATA43670,RESTORE,43677,RET
URN,43683,STOP,43687,POKE,43691,
CONT,43695,LIST,43699,CLEAR,4370
4,NEW,43707,CLOAD,43712,CSAVE,43
717,OPEN,43721,CLOSE,43726,LLIST
,43731,SET,43734,RESET,43739,CLS
,43742,MOTOR,43747,SOUND,43752,A
VDIO,43757,EXEC
1010 DATA43761,SKIPF,43770,TO,43
775,THEN,43814,RND,43817,SIN,438
20,PEEK,43824,LEN,43827,STR$,438
31,VAL,43834,ASC,43837,CHR$,4384
1,EOP,43782,STEP,43794,AND,43802
,SGN,43805,INT,43808,ABS,43811,U
SR,43635,IF,43637,DATA,43641,PRI
NT,43646,ON,43648,INPUT
1020 DATA43653,END,43656,NEXT,43
660,DIM,43663,READ,33349,TIMER,3
3354,PPOINT,33360,STRING$,43622,
FOR,43625,GO,43627,REM,43630,',4
3631,ELSE,33158,EDIT,33162,TRON,
33166,TROFF,33174,LET,33177,LINE
,33181,PCLS,33185,PSET,33189,PRE
SET,33195,SCREEN,33201
1030 DATA PCLEAR,33207,COLOR,332
12,CIRCLE,33218,PAINT,33223,GET,
33226,PUT,33229,DRAW,33233,PCOPY
,33239,PMODE,43844,JOYSTK,43850,
LEFT$,43855,RIGHT$,43861,MID$,43
865,POINT,43870,INKEY$,43876,MEM
,33243,PLAY,33247,DLOAD,33252,RE
NUM,33259,USING,33310,ATN
1040 DATA33313,COS,33316,TAN,333
19,EXP,33322,FIX,33325,LOG,33328
,POS,33331,SQR,33334,HEX$,33338,
VARPTR,33344,INSTR

```

## DISKDUMP

continued from p37

```

810 FORA=1TO5:SOUND1,1:SOUND20,1
:NEXTA
820 GOTO 630
830 NV$=A$
840 POKE PV-2,191

```

```

850 POKE PV-1,191
860 A$=INKEY$:IFA$=""THEN860
870 IF A$<"0" OR A$>"F"THEN860
880 IF A$>"9" AND A$<"A"THEN 860
890 NV$=NV$+A$
900 IF FS=1THEN O1$(MX)=CHR$(VAL
("&H"+NV$))
910 IF FS=2THEN O2$(MX)=CHR$(VAL
("&H"+NV$))
920 PRINT@((PV-2)-1024),NV$;
930 GOTO660
940 S1$="" :S2$=""
950 FORA=1TO128
960 S1$=S1$+CHR$(VAL("&H"+O1$(A)
))
970 NEXT
980 FORA=1TO128
990 S2$=S2$+CHR$(VAL("&H"+O2$(A)
))
1000 NEXT
1010 CLS4
1020 PRINT@224,"PREPARING TO WRI
TE BACK TO DISK!";:PRINT@288,"PL
EASE CONFIRM (Y/N)";
1030 FORA=1TO5:SOUND1,3:SOUND100
,3:NEXTA
1040 A$=INKEY$:IFA$=""THEN1040
1050 IF A$<"Y"THEN GOTO120
1060 PRINT:PRINT"NOW WRITING....
"
1070 DSKO$0,IN,SN,S1$,S2$
1080 GOTO120

```

## COMPETITIONS

Yes, we're going to run the following competitions again this year:

- Games, for CoCo 1/2 and CoCo 3
- Utility
- Music
- Adventure
- Business
- Educational
- Graphics
- Applications

Quite a lot, eh?

Like this year, the winners will be announced at Conf'88 September next year. If you haven't read what the winners got this year, then read! One could get envious!

If you would like to win something, then send in your program or article! Who knows, it could be you in the winners list next year! You might end up with a very nice prize for your efforts!

Especially for the young one we have...

# ADVENTURE + II

32K ECB  
GAME

by Sean Lowe

**A**DVENTURE PLUS II IS the sequel to "Adventure +" which was printed during mid-1985. Again, it is directed towards the younger adventurers (aged between 10 and 16), but of course any age will enjoy playing it.

This adventure was intended for the 16k users, but I got carried away and only those with more than 16k can use it (ie, those with 32 or 64k).

## Instructions

Your wealthy uncle has died and left you his mansion. It has a garden, an attic and a basement.

The object of this adventure is to retrieve 11 of his most prized possessions and return to your starting position.

Some objects can be picked up but you need a rope and a key to access the rest.

There are three transport rooms placed about the mansion. If you walk into one of these rooms it will place you close by your starting position.

More instructions are inside the program.

Happy hunting!!

## The Listing:

```
0 * ADVENTURE PLUS II *
1 * BY SEAN LOVE. *
2 *SEAL SOFTWARE INC. *
3 GOTO5
4 SAVE"297:3":END'7
5 POKE65495,0
6 CLS
10 POKE280,PEEK(275)
11 GOSUB20000
12 FORT=1TO17
13 READRDS:FOR RT=134TO151-T:PRI
NT@RT," ";RDS:;FOR RR=1TO55:NEXT
RR:NEXTRT
14 NEXTT
15 FORT=1TO1200:NEXT
25 CLSRND(9)-1:PRINT@106,"INSTRU
CTIONS";:PRINT@141,"[Y/N].";
26 IS=INKEYS:IFIS="Y"THEN30 ELSE
```

```
IFIS="N"THEN50 ELSEIFIS<>=""THEN
26
30 CLS:PRINT"WELCOME TO YOUR UNC
LE'S MANSION. IT WAS A GREAT TRAD
GEDY WHEN YOUR UNCLE DIED, BU
T BECAUSE YOUWERE HIS FAVORITE P
ERSON, THIS MANSION WAS LEFT TO
YOU IN HIS WILL."
31 PRINT" HE WAS A MAN OF FEW PO
SSESSIONS BUT EVERYTHING HE OWNED
WAS OF GREAT VALUE. AS THE NE
W OWNER OF THE MANSION, YOU WIL
L HAVE TO SEEK OUT HIS PRICELE
SS TREASURES.
32 PRINT@480,"PRESS [ENTER]";:IF
INKEYS=CHR$(13) THEN33 ELSEGOTO3
2
33 CLS:PRINT"YOU WILL START AT T
HE FRONT DOOROF THE MANSION. YO
U CAN MOVE ABOUT BY PRESSING T
HE DIRECTIONAL KEYS.
34 PRINT:PRINT"F=FORWARD","B=BAC
KWARDS":PRINT"L=LEFT","R=RIGHT":
PRINT"U=UP","D=DOWN":PRINT"G=GET
OBJECT.
35 PRINT@480,"PRESS [ENTER]";:IF
INKEYS=CHR$(13)THEN36 ELSEGOTO35
36 CLS:PRINT" THERE ARE 4 MAIN AR
EAS OF YOUR MANSION. THE GARDE
N, THE HOUSE,THE BASEMENT AND TH
E ATTIC.":PRINT:PRINT"ALL TOGETH
ER THERE ARE 11 TREASURES
TO BE FOUND.
37 PRINT"SOME CAN BE FOUND BY VA
LKING AROUND AND PICKING THEM
UP, BUT IN ORDER TO FIND THE RE
ST YOU NEED 2 OBJECTS TO HELP
YOU FIND THEM. ONE IS THE ROPE
IN ORDER TO CLIMB AND THE OTHER
IS A KEY IN ORDER TO OPEN LOCKED
DOORS.
38 PRINT@480,"PRESS [ENTER]";:IF
INKEYS=CHR$(13) THEN40 ELSEGOTO3
8
40 CLS:PRINT"WHEN YOU THINK YOU
HAVE ALL THE TREASURES, GET BACK
TO THE FRONTDOOR IN ORDER TO WI
N THE GAME. TO MAKE LIFE EASIER
, THERE ARE 3 TRANSPORT ROOMS S
PREAD AROUND
41 PRINT"THE MANSION AND THESE V
ILL TAKE YOU TO WITHIN 2 MOVES A
WAY FROM THE FRONT DOOR.
42 PRINT:PRINT"HAPPY HUNTING.
49 PRINT@480,"PRESS [ENTER]";:IF
INKEYS=CHR$(13)THEN50 ELSEGOTO49
50 GOTO850
100 GOSUB15100
```

```
110 GOSUB12000
130 ON I GOTO400,100,350,150,100
,100,100
150 GOSUB15100
160 IFT1=1 THEN170
165 CIRCLE(82,188),4:DRAW"BM82,1
84 H2E2F2G2U4G2R4"
170 GOSUB12000
180 IFI=7 THEN1=1
195 ON I GOTO420,150,100,200,150
,150,150
200 GOSUB15100
210 GOSUB12000
230 ON I GOTO450,200,150,250,200
,200,200
250 GOSUB15100
260 GOSUB12000
280 ON I GOTO480,250,200,300,250
,250,250
300 GOSUB15100
310 GOSUB12000
330 ON I GOTO500,300,250,350,300
,300,300
350 GOSUB15100
360 GOSUB12000
380 ON I GOTO550,350,300,100,350
,350,350
400 GOSUB15100
410 GOSUB12000
415 ON I GOTO570,100,550,420,400
,400,400
420 GOSUB15100
430 GOSUB12000
440 ON I GOTO600,150,400,450,420
,420,420
450 GOSUB15100
460 GOSUB12000
462 ON I GOTO620,200,420,480,460
,460,460
480 GOSUB15100
485 GOSUB12000
495 ON I GOTO640,250,450,500,480
,480,480
500 GOSUB15100
505 IFR1=1 THEN542
510 DRAW"BM151,129 D47R2U47L2"
520 FORT=132TO172 STBP4:PSET(152
,T):NEXT
542 GOSUB12000
544 IFI=7 THENR1=1
546 ON I GOTO500,300,480,550,542
,542,500
550 GOSUB15100
560 GOSUB12000
565 ON I GOTO680,350,500,400,550
,550,550
570 GOSUB15100
580 GOSUB12000
```

590 ON I GOTO700,400,680,600,570	1170 GOSUB12000	0,1820,1820,1820
,570,570	1190 ON I GOTO1800,1170,1100,120	1850 GOSUB15000
600 GOSUB15100	0,1170,1170,1170	1855 DRAWF\$+L\$
605 GOSUB12000	1200 GOSUB15000	1860 DRAWTA\$
615 ON I GOTO750,420,570,620,600	1210 DRAWL\$	1870 GOSUB12000
,600,600	1215 DRAWTA\$	1890 ON I GOTO2300,1870,1800,187
620 GOSUB15100	1220 DRAWCS	0,1870,1870,1870
625 GOSUB12000	1230 GOSUB12000	1900 GOSUB15000
635 ON I GOTO800,450,600,640,620	1240 ON I GOTO1230,1230,1150,123	1905 DRAWF\$+D\$
,620,620	0,1230,1230,1230	1907 CIRCLE(225,120),3
640 GOSUB15100	1250 GOSUB15000	1910 GOSUB12000
645 GOSUB12000	1255 DRAWF\$+D\$	1930 ON I GOTO1910,1910,1910,195
655 ON I GOTO850,480,620,660,640	1260 GOSUB12000	0,1910,7700,1910
,640,640	1270 ON I GOTO1450,1250,1260,126	1950 GOSUB15000
660 GOSUB15100	0,1260,6900,1260	1955 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$
665 GOSUB12000	1300 GOSUB15000	1960 CIRCLE(17,116),3
675 ON I GOTO900,660,640,680,660	1305 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	1970 GOSUB12000
,660,660	1310 GOSUB12000	1975 IFI=3 AND K=0 THENI=7
680 GOSUB15100	1330 ON I GOTO1500,1310,1300,135	1990 ON I GOTO2400,1500,1900,200
685 GOSUB12000	0,1310,1310,1310	0,1970,1970,1970
695 ON I GOTO950,550,660,570,680	1350 GOSUB15000	2000 GOSUB15000
,680,680	1360 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	2010 DRAWL\$+R\$
700 PCLS:GOSUB15200	1370 GOSUB12000	2015 DRAWP\$
742 GOSUB12000	1390 ON I GOTO1550,1370,1300,140	2020 GOSUB12000
746 ON I GOTO742,570,950,750,742	0,1370,1370,1370	2040 ON I GOTO2020,1550,1950,205
,742,742	1400 GOSUB15000	0,2020,2020,2020
750 GOSUB15100	1410 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	2050 GOSUB15000
752 GOSUB15200	1420 GOSUB12000	2060 DRAWF\$+L\$
792 GOSUB12000	1440 ON I GOTO1600,1420,1350,100	2070 GOSUB12000
793 IFI=5 AND R1=0 THENI=1	0,1420,1420,1420	2090 ON I GOTO2480,2070,2000,207
796 ON I GOTO792,600,700,800,455	1450 GOSUB15000	0,2070,2070,2070
0,792,792	1460 DRAWF\$	2100 GOSUB15000
800 PCLS:GOSUB15200	1465 DRAWCS	2110 DRAWF\$+U\$
840 GOSUB12000	1470 GOSUB12000	2120 GOSUB12000
845 ON I GOTO840,620,750,850,840	1490 ON I GOTO1470,1250,1470,150	2140 ON I GOTO2120,2120,2120,215
,840,840	0,1470,1470,1470	0,4650,2120,2120
850 PMODE4,1:SCREEN1,1	1500 GOSUB15000	2150 GOSUB15000
851 PCLS:GOSUB15200	1510 DRAWF\$+L\$	2160 DRAWF\$+L\$
852 DRAW"BM104,108 R40D76L40U76"	1515 DRAWTA\$	2165 DRAWP\$
:CIRCLE(112,148),4	1520 GOSUB12000	2170 GOSUB12000
889 IFT1+T2+T3+T4+T5+T6+T7+T8+T9	1540 ON I GOTO1950,1300,1450,152	2190 ON I GOTO2550,2170,2100,217
+TQ+TZ=11 THEN25000	0,1520,1520,1520	0,2170,2170,2170
890 GOSUB12000	1550 GOSUB15000	2200 GOSUB15000
895 ON I GOTO1000,640,800,900,85	1560 DRAWF\$+R\$	2210 DRAWF\$
0,850,850	1570 GOSUB12000	2220 GOSUB12000
900 PCLS:GOSUB15200	1590 ON I GOTO2000,1350,1570,160	2240 ON I GOTO2600,1750,2220,222
940 GOSUB12000	0,1570,1570,1570	0,2220,2220,2220
945 ON I GOTO940,660,850,950,940	1600 GOSUB15000	2250 GOSUB15000
,940,940	1610 DRAWL\$+R\$	2255 DRAWF\$+R\$
950 PCLS:GOSUB15200	1620 GOSUB12000	2260 CIRCLE(112,116),3
990 GOSUB12000	1640 ON I GOTO1620,1400,1550,165	2270 GOSUB12000
995 ON I GOTO990,680,900,700,990	0,1620,1620,1620	2275 IFI=1 AND K=0 THENI=3
,990,990	1650 GOSUB15000	2290 ON I GOTO2650,1800,2270,230
1000 GOSUB15000	1660 DRAWL\$+R\$	0,2270,2270,2270
1010 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	1670 GOSUB12000	2300 GOSUB15000
1015 DRAWP\$	1690 ON I GOTO1670,1000,1600,170	2310 DRAWL\$
1020 GOSUB12000	0,1670,1670,1670	2320 GOSUB12000
1040 ON I GOTO1650,850,1400,1050	1700 GOSUB15000	2340 ON I GOTO2320,1850,2250,232
,1020,1020,1020	1710 DRAWL\$+R\$	0,2320,2320,2320
1050 GOSUB15000	1720 GOSUB12000	2350 GOSUB15000
1060 DRAWL\$+R\$	1740 ON I GOTO1700,1720,1650,175	2360 DRAWF\$+R\$
1070 GOSUB12000	0,1720,1720,1720	2370 GOSUB12000
1090 ON I GOTO1070,1070,1000,110	1750 GOSUB15000	2390 ON I GOTO2750,2370,2370,240
0,1070,1070,1070	1760 DRAWF\$+L\$	0,2370,2370,2370
1100 GOSUB15000	1765 DRAWCS	2400 GOSUB15000
1110 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	1770 GOSUB12000	2410 DRAWF\$+L\$
1120 GOSUB12000	1790 ON I GOTO2200,1100,1700,177	2415 DRAWCS
1140 ON I GOTO1750,1120,1050,115	0,1770,1770,1770	2420 GOSUB12000
0,1120,1120,1120	1800 GOSUB15000	2440 ON I GOTO2800,1950,2350,242
1150 GOSUB15000	1810 DRAWF\$+R\$	0,2420,2420,2420
1160 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	1820 GOSUB12000	2450 GOSUB15000
1165 DRAWCS	1840 ON I GOTO2250,1150,1820,185	2455 FORT=2T096 STEP4



2460 LINE(T,T)-(256-T,192-T),PSE  
 T,B  
 2465 NEXT  
 2470 X=RND(3):ON X GOTO1000,1400  
 ,1050  
 2480 GOSUB15000  
 2484 DRAWFS+L\$+R\$  
 2488 GOSUB12000  
 2495 ON I GOTO2900,2050,2450,250  
 0,2488,2488,2488  
 2500 GOSUB15000  
 2510 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 2520 GOSUB12000  
 2540 ON I GOTO2520,2520,2480,255  
 0,2520,2520,2520  
 2550 GOSUB15000  
 2560 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 2570 GOSUB12000  
 2590 ON I GOTO2570,2150,2500,260  
 0,2570,2570,2570  
 2600 GOSUB15000  
 2610 DRAWL\$  
 2620 GOSUB12000  
 2640 ON I GOTO2620,2200,2550,262  
 0,2620,2620,2620  
 2650 GOSUB15000  
 2660 DRAWFS\$  
 2670 GOSUB12000  
 2690 ON I GOTO3100,2250,2670,267  
 0,2670,2670,2670  
 2700 GOSUB15000  
 2705 DRAWFS\$  
 2710 IFT2=1 THEN2720  
 2715 DRAW"BM91,183 L10E11R4G8NL4  
 F3E8H3;BM104,183 L10E11R4G8NL4F3  
 E8H3;BM117,183 L10E11R4G8NL4F3E8  
 H3"  
 2720 GOSUB12000  
 2735 IFI=7 THEN2=1  
 2740 ON I GOTO3150,2720,2720,272  
 0,2720,2720,2700  
 2750 GOSUB15000  
 2760 DRAWFS\$  
 2765 DRAWFS\$  
 2770 GOSUB12000  
 2790 ON I GOTO2770,2350,2770,280  
 0,2770,2770,2770  
 2800 GOSUB15000  
 2810 DRAWFS+L\$+R\$  
 2820 GOSUB12000  
 2840 ON I GOTO3250,2400,2750,285  
 0,2820,2820,2820  
 2850 GOSUB15000  
 2860 DRAWFS+L\$+R\$  
 2870 GOSUB12000  
 2890 ON I GOTO3300,2870,2800,290  
 0,2870,2870,2870  
 2900 GOSUB15000  
 2910 DRAWFS+L\$  
 2915 DRAWTA\$  
 2920 GOSUB12000  
 2940 ON I GOTO3350,2480,2850,292  
 0,2920,2920,2920  
 2950 GOSUB15000  
 2955 DRAWFS\$  
 2960 IFT3=1 THEN2970  
 2965 DRAW"BM176,160 F4G4D13F3R14  
 E3U13H4E4L2G4L8H4L2;BM188,170 L4  
 D4R4D4L4R2D2U12"  
 2970 GOSUB12000  
 2980 IFI=7 THEN3=1  
 2990 ON I GOTO3400,2970,2970,297  
 0,2970,2970,2950  
 3000 GOSUB15000  
 3010 DRAWFS\$  
 3020 GOSUB12000  
 3040 ON I GOTO3450,3020,3020,302  
 0,3020,3020,3020  
 3050 GOSUB15000  
 3060 DRAWFS+P\$  
 3070 GOSUB12000  
 3090 ON I GOTO3070,3070,3070,310  
 0,3070,3070,3070  
 3100 GOSUB15000  
 3110 DRAWFS+L\$  
 3120 GOSUB12000  
 3140 ON I GOTO3550,2650,3050,312  
 0,3120,3120,3120  
 3150 GOSUB15000  
 3160 DRAWFS\$  
 3165 DRAWTA\$  
 3170 GOSUB12000  
 3190 ON I GOTO3600,2700,3170,317  
 0,3170,3170,3170  
 3200 GOSUB15000  
 3210 DRAWFS+R\$  
 3220 GOSUB12000  
 3240 ON I GOTO3200,3220,3220,325  
 0,3220,3220,3220  
 3250 GOSUB15000  
 3260 DRAWFS+L\$+R\$  
 3270 GOSUB12000  
 3290 ONI GOTO3700,2800,3200,3300  
 ,3270,3270,3270  
 3300 GOSUB15000  
 3310 DRAWFS+L\$+R\$  
 3315 DRAWFS\$  
 3320 GOSUB12000  
 3340 ONI GOTO3750,2850,3250,3350  
 ,3320,3320,3320  
 3350 GOSUB15000  
 3360 DRAWL\$  
 3370 GOSUB12000  
 3390 ONI GOTO3370,2900,3300,3370  
 ,3370,3370,3370  
 3400 GOSUB15000  
 3410 DRAWFS+L\$  
 3420 GOSUB12000  
 3440 ONI GOTO3850,2950,3800,3420  
 ,3420,3420,3420  
 3450 GOSUB15000  
 3460 DRAWFS+R\$  
 3465 DRAWCS\$  
 3470 GOSUB12000  
 3490 ONI GOTO3900,3000,3470,3500  
 ,3470,3470,3470  
 3500 GOSUB15000  
 3510 DRAWFS+L\$  
 3520 GOSUB12000  
 3540 ONI GOTO3950,3520,3450,3520  
 ,3520,3520,3520  
 3550 GOSUB15000  
 3560 DRAWFS+R\$  
 3570 GOSUB12000  
 3590 ONI GOTO3550,3100,3570,3600  
 ,3570,3570,3570  
 3600 GOSUB15000  
 3610 DRAWFS+L\$  
 3620 GOSUB12000  
 3640 ONI GOTO4050,3150,3550,3620  
 ,3620,3620,3620  
 3650 GOSUB15000  
 3660 DRAWFS+R\$  
 3670 GOSUB12000  
 3680 ONI GOTO4100,3670,3670,3700  
 ,3670,3670,3670  
 3700 GOSUB15000  
 3710 DRAWFS+L\$  
 3720 GOSUB12000  
 3730 ONI GOTO4150,3700,3650,3720  
 ,3720,3720,3720  
 3750 GOSUB15000  
 3760 DRAWFS+L\$  
 3765 DRAWTA\$  
 3770 GOSUB12000  
 3780 ONI GOTO4200,3300,3650,3770  
 ,3770,3770,3770  
 3800 GOSUB15000  
 3820 GOSUB12000  
 3830 ONI GOTO3820,3400,3820,3820  
 ,3820,3820,3820  
 3850 GOSUB15000  
 3860 DRAWFS+TA\$  
 3870 GOSUB12000  
 3890 ONI GOTO4300,3400,3870,3870  
 ,3870,3870,3870  
 3900 GOSUB15000  
 3910 DRAWFS\$  
 3920 GOSUB12000  
 3930 ONI GOTO3920,3450,3920,3950  
 ,3920,3920,3920  
 3950 GOSUB15000  
 3960 DRAWFS+L\$+R\$  
 3970 GOSUB12000  
 3990 ONI GOTO3950,3500,3900,4000  
 ,3970,3970,3970  
 4000 GOSUB15000  
 4010 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 4020 GOSUB12000  
 4030 ONI GOTO4020,4020,3950,4050  
 ,4020,4020,4020  
 4050 GOSUB15000  
 4060 DRAWFS+L\$  
 4070 GOSUB12000  
 4080 ONI GOTO4490,3600,4000,4070  
 ,4070,4070,4070  
 4100 GOSUB15000  
 4110 DRAWFS\$  
 4120 GOSUB12000  
 4130 ONI GOTO4120,3650,4120,4150  
 ,4120,4120,4120  
 4150 GOSUB15000  
 4160 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 4170 GOSUB12000  
 4190 ONI GOTO4170,3700,4100,4200  
 ,4170,4170,4170  
 4200 GOSUB15000  
 4210 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 4220 GOSUB12000  
 4230 ONI GOTO4220,3750,4150,4250  
 ,4220,4220,4220  
 4250 GOSUB15000  
 4260 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 4270 GOSUB12000  
 4280 ONI GOTO4270,4270,4200,4300  
 ,4270,4270,4270  
 4300 GOSUB15000  
 4310 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 4320 GOSUB12000  
 4330 ONI GOTO4320,3850,4250,4350  
 ,4320,4320,4320  
 4350 GOSUB15000  
 4360 DRAWL\$+R\$  
 4365 DRAWFS\$  
 4370 GOSUB12000  
 4390 ONI GOTO4370,4370,4300,4400

, 4370, 4370, 4370	4970 GOSUB12000	, 5520, 5520, 5520
4400 GOSUB15000	4980 ONI GOTO5350, 4550, 4970, 5000	5550 GOSUB15000
4410 DRAWL\$+R\$	, 4970, 4970, 4970	5560 DRAWF\$
4420 GOSUB12000	5000 GOSUB15000	5570 GOSUB12000
4430 ONI GOTO4420, 4420, 4350, 4450	5010 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	5580 ONI GOTO5950, 5150, 5570, 5570
, 4420, 4420, 4420	5015 DRAWF\$	, 5570, 5570, 5570
4450 GOSUB15000	5020 GOSUB12000	5600 GOSUB15000
4455 DRAWL\$+R\$	5030 ONI GOTO5400, 4600, 4950, 5050	5610 DRAWF\$
4457 DRAW"BM60, 68 R24D24L24U24"	, 5020, 5020, 5020	5620 GOSUB12000
4460 IFT4=1 THEN4470	5050 GOSUB15000	5630 ONI GOTO5620, 5200, 5620, 5650
4465 DRAW"BM62, 70 R20D20L20U20; B	5060 DRAWL\$+R\$	, 5620, 5620, 5620
M72, 80 NR4NL4NU4D4": CIRCLE(72, 80	5070 GOSUB12000	5650 GOSUB15000
), 4	5080 ONI GOTO5070, 5070, 5000, 5050	5660 DRAWL\$
4470 GOSUB12000	, 5070, 5070, 5070	5670 GOSUB12000
4475 IFI=7 THENT4=1	5100 GOSUB15000	5680 ONI GOTO5670, 5250, 5600, 5670
4480 ONI GOTO4470, 4470, 4400, 4450	5110 DRAWF\$	, 5670, 5670, 5670
, 4470, 4470, 4450	5115 DRAWF\$	5700 GOSUB15000
4490 GOSUB15000	5120 GOSUB12000	5710 DRAWF\$
4495 GOSUB12000	5130 ONI GOTO5500, 4700, 5120, 5120	5720 GOSUB12000
4497 ONI GOTO4495, 4050, 4495, 4495	, 5120, 5120, 5120	5730 ONI GOTO5720, 5300, 5720, 5750
, 4495, 4495, 4495	5150 GOSUB15000	, 5720, 5720, 5720
4500 GOSUB15000	5160 DRAWF\$+R\$	5750 GOSUB15000
4505 DRAWF\$	5170 GOSUB12000	5760 DRAWL\$+R\$
4510 IFK=1 THEN4520	5180 ONI GOTO5550, 5170, 5170, 5200	5770 GOSUB12000
4515 DRAW"BM60, 176 U2L2ND2L2ND1L	, 5170, 5170, 5170	5780 ONI GOTO5770, 5350, 5700, 5800
4U2L2D1L1D2R1D1R2U2"	5200 GOSUB15000	, 5770, 5770, 5770
4520 GOSUB12000	5210 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	5800 GOSUB15000
4530 IFI=7 THENK=1	5213 DRAWF\$	5810 DRAWL\$
4540 ONI GOTO4900, 4900, 4520, 4520	5216 CIRCLE(17, 116), 3	5820 GOSUB12000
, 4520, 4520, 4500	5220 GOSUB12000	5830 ONI GOTO5820, 5820, 5750, 5820
4550 GOSUB15000	5225 IFI=3 AND K=0 THENI=5	, 5820, 5820, 5820
4560 DRAWF\$+R\$+D\$	5230 ONI GOTO5600, 4800, 5150, 5250	5850 GOSUB15000
4570 GOSUB12000	, 5220, 5220, 5220	5860 DRAWF\$+R\$
4580 ONI GOTO4950, 4570, 4570, 4600	5250 GOSUB15000	5870 GOSUB12000
, 4570, 750, 4570	5260 DRAWF\$+L\$	5880 ONI GOTO6250, 5870, 5870, 5900
4600 GOSUB15000	5270 GOSUB12000	, 5870, 5870, 5870
4610 DRAWF\$+L\$	5290 ONI GOTO5650, 5270, 5200, 5270	5900 GOSUB15000
4620 GOSUB12000	, 5270, 5270, 5270	5910 DRAWL\$
4630 ONI GOTO5000, 4620, 4550, 4620	5300 GOSUB15000	5920 GOSUB12000
, 4620, 4620, 4620	5310 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	5930 ONI GOTO5920, 5500, 5850, 5920
4650 GOSUB15000	5320 GOSUB12000	, 5920, 5920, 5920
4660 DRAWF\$+D\$	5330 ONI GOTO5700, 4900, 4900, 4500	5950 GOSUB15000
4670 GOSUB12000	, 5320, 5320, 5320	5960 DRAWF\$
4680 ONI GOTO4670, 4670, 4670, 4700	5350 GOSUB15000	5970 GOSUB12000
, 4670, 2100, 4670	5360 DRAWF\$+R\$	5980 ONI GOTO5970, 5550, 5970, 6000
4700 GOSUB15000	5365 DRAWF\$	, 5970, 5970, 5970
4710 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	5370 GOSUB12000	6000 GOSUB15000
4720 GOSUB12000	5380 ONI GOTO5750, 4950, 5370, 5400	6010 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$
4730 ONI GOTO5100, 4720, 4650, 4750	, 5370, 5370, 5370	6020 GOSUB12000
, 4720, 4720, 4720	5400 GOSUB15000	6030 ONI GOTO6350, 6020, 5950, 6050
4750 GOSUB15000	5410 DRAWL\$+R\$	, 6020, 6020, 6020
4760 DRAWL\$+R\$	5415 CIRCLE(225, 120), 3	6050 GOSUB15000
4770 GOSUB12000	5420 GOSUB12000	6060 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$
4780 ONI GOTO4770, 4770, 4700, 4800	5425 IFI=4 AND K=0 THENI=5	6070 GOSUB12000
, 4770, 4770, 4770	5430 ONI GOTO5420, 5000, 5350, 5450	6080 ONI GOTO6400, 6070, 6000, 5950
4800 GOSUB15000	, 5420, 5420, 5420	, 6070, 6070, 6070
4810 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$	5450 GOSUB15000	6100 GOSUB15000
4820 GOSUB12000	5455 DRAWL\$	6110 DRAWF\$+R\$
4830 ONI GOTO5200, 4820, 4750, 4850	5460 IFT5=1 THEN5470	6120 GOSUB12000
, 4820, 4820, 4820	5465 CIRCLE(180, 162), 10, .24	6130 ONI GOTO6450, 6120, 6120, 6150
4850 GOSUB15000	5466 DRAW"BM170, 162 F3G2D10F3R12	, 6120, 6120, 6120
4860 DRAWL\$+R\$	E3U10H2E3": PAINT(180, 169), 5, 5	6150 GOSUB15000
4870 GOSUB12000	5467 DRAW"BM180, 158 U12; BM172, 15	6160 DRAWL\$+R\$
4890 ONI GOTO4870, 4870, 4800, 4650	8 H11; BM188, 158 E11"	6170 GOSUB12000
, 4870, 4870, 4870	5470 GOSUB12000	6180 ONI GOTO6170, 6170, 6100, 6200
4900 GOSUB15000	5480 IFI=7 THENT5=1	, 6170, 6170, 6170
4910 DRAWF\$	5490 ONI GOTO5470, 5470, 5400, 5470	6200 GOSUB15000
4920 GOSUB12000	, 5470, 5470, 5450	6210 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$
4930 ONI GOTO5300, 4920, 4920, 4920	5500 GOSUB15000	6215 DRAWF\$
, 4920, 4920, 4920	5510 DRAWF\$	6220 GOSUB12000
4950 GOSUB15000	5520 GOSUB12000	6230 ONI GOTO6550, 6220, 6150, 6250
4960 DRAWF\$+R\$	5530 ONI GOTO5900, 5100, 5520, 5520	, 6220, 6220, 6220

6250 GOSUB15000  
6260 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$  
6270 GOSUB12000  
6280 ONI GOTO6600,5850,6200,6300  
,6270,6270,6270  
6300 GOSUB15000  
6310 DRAWL\$+R\$  
6320 GOSUB12000  
6330 ONI GOTO6320,6320,6250,6340  
,6320,6320,6320  
6340 GOSUB15000  
6342 FORT=2TO96 STEP4  
6344 LINE(T,T)-(256-T,192-T),PSE  
T,B  
6346 NEXT  
6348 X=RND(3):ONX GOTO1400,1000,  
1050  
6350 GOSUB15000  
6360 DRAWF\$+R\$  
6365 DRAW\$  
6370 GOSUB12000  
6380 ONI GOTO6800,6000,6370,6400  
,6370,6370,6370  
6400 GOSUB15000  
6410 DRAWF\$+L\$  
6420 GOSUB12000  
6430 ONI GOTO6850,6050,6350,6420  
,6420,6420,6420  
6450 GOSUB15000  
6460 DRAW\$  
6470 GOSUB12000  
6480 ONI GOTO6470,6100,6470,6450  
,6470,6470,6470  
6500 GOSUB15000  
6505 DRAW\$  
6510 IFT6=1 THEN6520  
6515 DRAW"BM172,153 U57E4U8G4E10  
F10H4D8F4D57;BM179,143;M182,116  
R6D32L12U32R6;BM182,102 NU5R3":C  
IRCLE(182,102),8:CIRCLE(179,145)  
,2  
6520 GOSUB12000  
6525 IFI=7 THEN6=1  
6530 ONI GOTO6520,6520,6520,6550  
,6520,6520,6500  
6550 GOSUB15000  
6560 DRAWL\$+R\$  
6570 GOSUB12000  
6580 ONI GOTO6570,6200,6500,6600  
,6570,6570,6570  
6600 GOSUB15000  
6610 DRAWL\$  
6620 GOSUB12000  
6630 ONI GOTO6620,6250,6550,6650  
,6620,6620,6620  
6650 GOSUB15000  
6660 DRAW\$  
6670 GOSUB12000  
6680 ONI GOTO6670,6670,6670,6750  
,6670,6670,6670  
6750 GOSUB15000  
6760 DRAWL\$+R\$  
6770 GOSUB12000  
6780 ONI GOTO6770,6770,6650,6800  
,6770,6770,6770  
6800 GOSUB15000  
6810 DRAWL\$  
6820 GOSUB12000  
6830 ONI GOTO6820,6350,6750,6820  
,6820,6820,6820  
6850 GOSUB15000  
6860 IFT7=1 THEN6870  
6865 DRAW"BM81,183 E11R4WG8F3G8L  
10E3R4F3"  
6870 GOSUB12000  
6875 IFI=7 THEN7=1  
6880 ONI GOTO6870,6400,6870,6870  
,6870,6870,6850  
6900 GOSUB15000  
6910 DRAWF\$+R\$+U\$  
6920 GOSUB12000  
6930 ONI GOTO7300,6920,6920,6950  
,1250,6920,6920  
6950 GOSUB15000  
6960 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$  
6970 GOSUB12000  
6990 ONI GOTO7350,6970,6900,7000  
,6970,6970,6970  
7000 GOSUB15000  
7010 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$  
7020 GOSUB12000  
7030 ONI GOTO7400,7020,6950,7050  
,7020,7020,7020  
7050 GOSUB15000  
7060 DRAWF\$+L\$  
7070 GOSUB12000  
7080 ONI GOTO7450,7070,7000,7070  
,7070,7070,7070  
7100 GOSUB15000  
7110 DRAW\$  
7120 GOSUB12000  
7130 ONI GOTO7120,7120,7120,7150  
,7120,7120,7120  
7150 GOSUB15000  
7160 DRAWF\$+L\$  
7165 DRAW\$  
7170 GOSUB12000  
7180 ONI GOTO7550,7170,7100,7170  
,7170,7170,7170  
7200 GOSUB15000  
7210 DRAW\$  
7220 GOSUB12000  
7230 ONI GOTO7600,7700,7220,7220  
,7220,7220,7220  
7250 GOSUB15000  
7255 DRAW\$  
7260 IFT8=1 THEN7270  
7265 DRAW"BM52,168 R48H4L40G4D20  
R4NU20R4NU20R14NU20R4NU20R14NU20  
R4NU20R4U20":FORT=1TO60:Q=RND(40  
)+56:W=RND(3)+164:PSET(Q,W):NEXT  
7270 GOSUB12000  
7275 IFI=7 THEN8=1  
7280 ONI GOTO7650,7270,7270,7270  
,7270,7270,7250  
7300 GOSUB15000  
7310 DRAW\$  
7320 GOSUB12000  
7330 ONI GOTO7320,6900,7320,7350  
,7320,7320,7320  
7350 GOSUB15000  
7360 DRAWL\$+R\$  
7370 GOSUB12000  
7380 ONI GOTO7370,6950,7300,7400  
,7370,7370,7370  
7400 GOSUB15000  
7410 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$  
7420 GOSUB12000  
7430 ONI GOTO7400,7000,7350,7450  
,7420,7420,7420  
7450 GOSUB15000  
7460 DRAWF\$+L\$  
7465 DRAW\$  
7470 GOSUB12000  
7480 ONI GOTO7850,7050,7400,7470  
,7470,7470,7470  
7500 GOSUB15000  
7510 DRAWF\$+S\$  
7520 GOSUB12000  
7530 ONI GOTO7900,7520,7520,7520  
,7520,7520,7520  
7550 GOSUB15000  
7560 DRAWF\$  
7570 GOSUB12000  
7580 ONI GOTO7950,7150,7570,7570  
,7570,7570,7570  
7600 GOSUB15000  
7610 DRAW\$  
7620 GOSUB12000  
7630 ONI GOTO7620,7200,7620,7650  
,7620,7620,7620  
7650 GOSUB15000  
7660 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$  
7670 GOSUB12000  
7680 ONI GOTO8050,7250,7600,7700  
,7670,7670,7670  
7700 GOSUB15000  
7710 DRAWF\$+U\$  
7720 GOSUB12000  
7730 ONI GOTO8100,7720,7720,7720  
,1900,7720,7720  
7750 GOSUB15000  
7760 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$  
7765 CIRCLE(225,120),3  
7770 GOSUB12000  
7775 IFI=4 AND K=0 THENI=7  
7780 ONI GOTO8150,7770,7750,7800  
,7770,7770,7770  
7800 GOSUB15000  
7805 DRAWL\$  
7810 IFT9=1 THEN7820  
7815 DRAW"BM64,72 R73D16L73U16;B  
M68,77 U1R45D1NL45U1;M116,78 R18  
D7;M115,81D1L1H3NR1L21H2"  
7820 GOSUB12000  
7830 IFI=7 THEN9=1  
7840 ONI GOTO7820,7820,7750,7820  
,7820,7820,7800  
7850 GOSUB15000  
7860 DRAW\$  
7870 GOSUB12000  
7880 ONI GOTO8250,7450,7870,7870  
,7870,7870,7870  
7900 GOSUB15000  
7910 DRAW\$  
7920 GOSUB12000  
7930 ONI GOTO7920,7500,7920,7950  
,7920,7920,7920  
7950 GOSUB15000  
7960 DRAWF\$+L\$  
7970 GOSUB12000  
7980 ONI GOTO8350,7550,7900,7970  
,7970,7970,7970  
8000 GOSUB15000  
8010 DRAW\$  
8020 GOSUB12000  
8030 ONI GOTO8020,8020,8020,8050  
,8020,8020,8020  
8050 GOSUB15000  
8060 DRAWF\$+L\$+R\$  
8065 DRAW\$  
8070 GOSUB12000  
8080 ONI GOTO8450,7650,8000,8050  
,8070,8070,8070  
8100 GOSUB15000  
8110 DRAW\$

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8120 GOSUB12000
8130 ONI GOTO8500,7700,8120,8120
,8120,8120,8120
8150 GOSUB15000
8160 DRAWF$+S$
8170 GOSUB12000
8180 ONI GOTO8550,7750,8170,8170
,8170,8170,8170
8200 GOSUB15000
8205 DRAWL$+R$
8210 IFTQ=1 THEN8220
8215 DRAW"BM125,177 R11D3L20U3R9
U8R1U4D2L1R2L1D2R1D8":CIRCLE(122
,175),6,5,1,.43,.83:CIRCLE(129,1
75),6,5,1,.69,.07
8220 GOSUB12000
8225 IFI=7 THENIQ=1
8230 ONI GOTO8220,8220,8200,8250
,8220,8220,8200
8250 GOSUB15000
8260 DRAWL$
8270 GOSUB12000
8290 ONI GOTO8270,7850,8200,8270
,8270,8270,8270
8300 GOSUB15000
8310 DRAWR$
8320 GOSUB12000
8330 ONI GOTO8320,8320,8320,8350
,8320,8320,8320
8350 GOSUB15000
8360 DRAWF$+L$+R$
8365 DRAW$S
8370 GOSUB12000
8380 ONI GOTO8750,7950,8300,8400
,8370,8370,8370
8400 GOSUB15000
8410 DRAWF$+L$+R$
8420 GOSUB12000
8440 ONI GOTO8800,8420,8350,8400
,8420,8420,8420
8450 GOSUB15000
8460 DRAWF$+L$
8470 GOSUB12000
8480 ONI GOTO8850,8050,8400,8470
,8470,8470,8470
8500 GOSUB15000
8510 DRAWR$
8520 GOSUB12000
8530 ONI GOTO8520,8100,8520,8550
,8520,8520,8520
8550 GOSUB15000
8560 DRAWF$+L$
8570 GOSUB12000
8580 ONI GOTO8950,8150,8500,8570
,8570,8570,8570
8600 GOSUB15000
8610 DRAWF$+R$
8620 GOSUB12000
8625 DRAW$S
8630 ONI GOTO9000,8620,8620,8650
,8620,8620,8620
8650 GOSUB15000
8660 DRAWF$+L$
8670 GOSUB12000
8680 ONI GOTO9050,8670,8600,8670
,8670,8670,8670
8700 GOSUB15000
8710 DRAWF$+S$
8720 GOSUB12000
8730 ONI GOTO9100,8720,8720,8720
,8720,8720,8720
8750 GOSUB15000

8760 DRAWF$
8770 GOSUB12000
8780 ONI GOTO9150,8350,8770,8770
,8770,8770,8770
8800 GOSUB15000
8810 DRAWF$
8820 GOSUB12000
8830 ONI GOTO8800,8400,8820,8820
,8820,8820,8820
8850 GOSUB15000
8860 DRAWF$
8870 GOSUB12000
8880 ONI GOTO9250,8450,8870,8870
,8870,8870,8870
8900 GOSUB15000
8910 DRAWF$+R$
8911 DRAW$S
8920 GOSUB12000
8930 ONI GOTO9300,8920,8920,8950
,8920,8920,8920
8950 GOSUB15000
8960 DRAWF$+L$+R$
8965 DRAW$S
8970 GOSUB12000
8980 ONI GOTO9350,8550,8900,9000
,8970,8970,8970
9000 GOSUB15000
9010 DRAWF$+L$+R$
9020 GOSUB12000
9030 ONI GOTO9360,8600,8950,9050
,9020,9020,9020
9050 GOSUB15000
9060 DRAWF$+L$+R$
9070 GOSUB12000
9080 ONI GOTO9400,8650,9000,9100
,9070,9070,9070
9100 GOSUB15000
9110 DRAWF$+L$+R$
9120 GOSUB12000
9130 ONI GOTO9450,8700,9050,9150
,9120,9120,9120
9150 GOSUB15000
9160 DRAWF$+L$
9170 GOSUB12000
9180 ONI GOTO9500,8750,9100,9170
,9170,9170,9170
9200 GOSUB15000
9210 DRAWF$+R$
9215 DRAW$S
9220 GOSUB12000
9230 ONI GOTO9550,8800,9220,9250
,9220,9220,9220
9250 GOSUB15000
9260 DRAWL$
9270 GOSUB12000
9280 ONI GOTO9270,8850,9200,9270
,9270,9270,9270
9300 GOSUB15000
9310 IFTZ=1 THEN9320
9315 DRAW"BM72,153 L20U33R20D33R
2U38R22D3L22R4U1R16D1R2D2NL22D8L
22R2U4R18D4R2D8L22R2U4R18D4R2D17
R2U33R20D33":CIRCLE(62,126),3:CIR
CLE(108,126),3:CIRCLE(62,142),8
:CIRCLE(108,142),8
9320 GOSUB12000
9325 IFI=7 THENTZ=1
9330 ONI GOTO9320,8900,9320,9320
,9320,9320,9300
9350 GOSUB15000
9355 FORT=2TO96 STEP4
9356 LINE(T,T)-(256-T,192-T),PSE

T,B
9357 NEXT
9358 X=RND(3):ONX GOTO1400,1000,
1050
9360 GOSUB15000
9365 DRAWF$+L$+R$
9370 GOSUB12000
9380 ONI GOTO9360,9000,9350,9400
,9370,9370,9370
9400 GOSUB15000
9410 DRAWF$+L$+R$
9420 GOSUB12000
9430 ONI GOTO9400,9050,9360,9450
,9420,9420,9420
9450 GOSUB15000
9460 DRAWL$
9470 GOSUB12000
9480 ONI GOTO9470,9100,9400,9470
,9470,9470,9470
9500 GOSUB15000
9510 DRAWR$
9520 GOSUB12000
9530 ONI GOTO9520,9150,9520,9550
,9520,9520,9520
9550 GOSUB15000
9560 DRAWL$+R$
9570 GOSUB12000
9580 ONI GOTO9570,9200,9500,9600
,9570,9570,9570
9600 GOSUB15000
9610 DRAWL$
9620 GOSUB12000
9630 ONI GOTO9620,9620,9550,9620
,9620,9620,9620
12000 IS=INKEY$:IFI$="F"THENIS="
1"ELSEIFI$="B"THENIS="2"ELSEIFI$
="L"THENIS="3"ELSEIFI$="R"THENIS
="4"ELSEIFI$="U"THENIS="5"ELSEIF
IS="D"THENIS="6"ELSEIFI$="G"THEN
IS="7"ELSEIFI$(<)"="0"
12010 I=VAL(I$)
12015 IFI=0 THEN12000
12020 RETURN
15000 PCLS:DRAW"BM0,0;M48,38 R16
0;N;M255,0 D115;N;M255,191 L160;
N;M0,191 U115"
15001 RETURN
15100 PCLS:CIRCLE(124,96),23:PAI
NT(124,96),5,5:CIRCLE(156,104),1
7:PAINT(156,104),5,5:CIRCLE(159,
86),17:PAINT(159,86),5,5:CIRCLE(
146,68),17:PAINT(146,68),5,5:CIR
CLE(118,68),17:PAINT(118,68),5,5
:CIRCLE(94,77),17:PAINT(94,77),5
,5:CIRCLE(94,105),17
15101 PAINT(94,105),5,5
15110 DRAW"BM116,118 D62;M113,18
6;M109,191;BM132,118 D63;M136,19
1;BM132,136 G2D1F2R10E4;M156,132
U4;M146,132 G4L10"
15111 RETURN
15200 DRAW"BM0,40 R4U4R8D4R48U4R
8D4R48U4R8D4R48U4R8D4R48U4R8D4R2
0D4L255U4"
15201 DRAW"BM20,0 D32R32U32BR24D
32R32U32BR24D32R32U32BR24D32R32U
32BR24D32R12"
15202 DRAW"BM20,72 R32D28L32U28;
BM20,104 R32D44L32U44;BM188,72 R
32D28L32U28;BM188,104 R32D44L32U
44"
15210 RETURN

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continued on p62

Wash your mouth out, you little...

# CURSOR

OS9, WORDPAK, OS9 ASSEMBLER.  
OS9 UTILITY

by Jeff Larson

**B**ACK IN THE BAD old days, when I had an old grey case CoCo and wanted 80 column text, I had a Wordpack II.

After using it for a while, I decided to find out how it worked. By this I don't mean the electronic details of its insides (I must admit that I peeked inside and shuddered before quickly replacing the cover).

No, I wanted to know how to program it to do its tricks.

Most of what I discovered about it was in the source code for the basic driver for it, but one thing I discovered was how to alter the cursor to suit myself.

This is illustrated in the assembly language programme I wrote called "cursor".

This program is designed to be used under OS9, and will change the cursor to suit your own preferences.

I found sometimes that the blinking cursor drove me nuts, and other times that I needed it blinking so I could find it.

This was the first option I added. Then I discovered that the cursor could be made to blink at double speed. I can't imagine anyone using this option, but amongst all the strange users, there is sure to be one.

The last option is to turn the cursor off completely.

This is handy if you don't want the cursor displayed while you are setting up a screen.

A short word of explanation here about writing OS9 programs. Ho hum, I can hear from all you "experienced" people out there.

Too bad! I read all I can

about programming, and manage to learn something new from the most elementary articles.

Now I've got that out of the way, OS9 assembly language is really easy. All the hard work is done for you by the operating system, leaving you to concentrate on the logic of the program.

Take parameters for example. To read these from the command line, all that is needed is ...

```
lda ,x+
```

Simple! The ascii value of the character is in register a. If (for instance) it is a carriage return (\$0d) index register x points to the end of the line, and there is no (or no more) parameters.

This passing of parameters is illustrated in the first part of the program in line 35, and again in line 40.

Once the parameter is in register a, then we can check it for a value, or do something with it. The first thing I do is check if it is a "-". This happens in line 38.

If it is a dash, the program then gets the next character from the command line. Then comes the tricky bit. Line 41 is ...

```
anda $df
```

If you examine the ASCII code carefully you will see the difference between upper and lower case is bit 5. If bit 5 is set, then the character is lower case. If bit 5 is clear, the character is upper case.

All line 41 does is clear bit

5 of the number in register a (which is the next character from the command line). This allows the user to enter the option in upper or lower case, and still have it recognized as a valid command.

The rest of the program is fairly ordinary stuff. It proceeds to check the various options, and prepare register b for storing in wordpack's cursor control register.

This is finally accomplished in line 73.

The program then exits with no errors in line 81.

The only other thing of note in the program is that any unknown option on the command line will stop the program from doing anything to wordpack.

It will go onto the `errmsg` routine, and print to the standard error output a message to show the user what are valid options.

This is done from line 82 to 89, but all the work is done by OS9 in line 86. If you read your OS9 Technical Information, you will not only learn something, but you will see that the `l$write` call will send whatever you want to your screen.

In conclusion, this was an educational program, as well as being useful. I found that while I had my wordpack, I used the cursor program in my startup file, so that the cursor was initialized every time I booted into OS9.

Mainly I set the cursor to underline and blinking, which is the default as just a plain underline is sometimes hard to find on a full 80 column screen.

# The Listing:

Microware OS-9 Assembler RS Version 01.00.00 09/03/86 23:26:32 Page 001  
 cursor - Setup Wordpak's cursor

```

00001 *****CURSOR*****
00002 ***** BY *****
00003 ***** Jeff Larsen *****
00004 ***** 3/9/86 *****
00005 * 43 Yangooora St. White Rock Cairns Queensland*****
00006 * This programme controls the cursor format in Wordpak *****
00007 *****
00008 * choice of blinking or not blinking*****
00009 *Public Domain *****
00010 * call: cursor OPTS
00011 * OPTS: none default (underline blinking)
00012 * -B Stop blinking (The blinking thing sends you mad)
00013 * B Normal blinking
00014 * F Fast blinking (If you are into speed)
00015 * -O Turn cursor off
00016 * -? Help
00017 nam cursor
00018
00019 ttl Setup Wordpak's cursor
00020
00021 * The use statement is: use /d0/defs/defsfile
00022 ifpl
00024 endc
00025 0000 87CD0128 mod csize,cnam,type,revs,start,size
00026 000D cnam
00027 000D 63757273 fcs /cursor/
00028 0011 type set prgrm+objct
00029 0081 revs set reent+1
00030 0013 01 edition fcb 1
00031 D 0000 rmb 200
00032 D 00C8 size equ .
00033 0014 start equ *
00034 0014 C669 ldb #$69 default value
00035 0016 A680 lda ,x+ get argument
00036 0018 810D cmpa #$0d no arguments?
00037 001A 2724 beq curset go set cursor
00038 001C 812D cmpa #'- got a '-'
00039 001E 2614 bne setb no, must be B,O or F
00040 0020 A684 lda ,x get next argument
00041 0022 84DF anda #$df make it uppercase
00042 0024 8142 cmpa #'B 'B' = turn off blinking
00043 0026 2708 beq noblink stop blinking
00044 0028 814F cmpa #'O 'O' = cursor off
00045 002A 2625 bne errmsg not O or B
00046
00047 *Cursor off
00048
00049 002C C629 ldb #$29 set R10 to off
00050 002E 2010 bra curset
00051
00052 *Blink off
00053
00054 0030 noblink
00055 0030 C40F andb #$0f set R10 noblink
00056 0032 200C bra curset
  
```

```

00057
00058      *Turn cursor or blink on
00059
00060      0034          setb
00061      0034 84DF          anda  #sdf      make it uppercase
00062      0036 8142          cmpa  #'B      turn slow blink on?
00063      0038 2706          beq   curset
00064      003A 8146          cmpa  #'F      fast blink on?
00065      003C 2613          bne   errmsg  anything else is wrong
00066      003E C649          ldb   #s49    set fast blink
00067
00068      *point Y at wordpak's control register
00069
00070      0040          curset
00071      0040 108EFF98       ldy   #sff98
00072      0044 860A          lda   #s0a    setting R10
00073      0046 EDA4          std   ,y      put value in R10
00074
00075      * set cursor to stop scanning on line 9
00076
00077      0048 CC0B09         ldd   #s0b09
00078      004B EDA4          std   ,y      store in R11
00079      004D 5F           clrb          no errors
00080      004E          exit
00081      004E 103F06       os9   f$exit  finished
00082      0051          errmsg
00083      0051 308D000E      leax  msg,pcr
00084      0055 108E00C2     ldy   #msglen
00085      0059 8602          lda   #2
00086      005B 103F8A       OS9   l$write
00087      005E 25EE          bcs   exit
00088      0060 5F           clrb
00089      0061 20EB        bra   exit
00090
00091      0063          msg
00092      0063 55736561      fcc   /Usage: Cursor OPTS/
00093      0078 0D0A          fdb   $0d0a
00094      007A 4F505453     fcc   /OPTS: None (Underline blinking)/
00095      009A 0D0A          fdb   $0d0a
00096      009C 20202020     fcc   /      -B (Stop blinking)/
00097      00B4 0D0A          fdb   $0d0a
00098      00B6 20202020     fcc   /      B (Slow blinking)/
00099      00CE 0D0A          fdb   $0d0a
00100      00D0 20202020     fcc   /      -O (Turn cursor off)/
00101      00EA 0D0A          fdb   $0d0a
00102      00EC 20202020     fcc   /      F (Fast blinking)/
00103      0104 0D0A          fdb   $0d0a
00104      0106 20202020     fcc   /      -? (Print this message)/
00105      0123 0D0A          fdb   $0d0a
00106      00C2          msglen  equ   *-msg
00107      0125 55613A       emod
00108      0128          csize   equ   *
00109
end

```

```

00000 error(s)
00000 warning(s)
$0128 00296 program bytes generated
$00C8 00200 data bytes allocated
$2839 10297 bytes used for symbols

```

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# ADVENTURE + II

continued from p58

```

20000 Fs="BM104,153 U81R48D81"
20001 Ls="BM12,182 U125;M36,72 D
91"
20002 Rs="BM244,182 U125;M220,72
D91"
20003 Ss="BM123,72;M127,81;M130,
86;M137,92;M145,95 R7U5;M146,89;
M140,87;M135,83;M133,78 U6R7D4;M
142,79;M145,81;M146,82 R4U10;N;M
145,95 N;M137,92 N;M130,86;M127,
81"
20004 Tas="BM172,132 R36;M224,14
5 L36;M172,132 D21;M176,156;NU17
R2U15;BM172,136;M188,149;NU4R36U
4D21L2NU17;M218,163;U14L7D7L2NU7
;M206,153 U4L16D17L2NU17;M184,16
3 U17"
20005 Ds="BM104,192 E8R32F8"
20006 Us="BM104,0 P8R32E8"
20007 Ps="BM160,56 D36NE4R44NH4U
36NG4L44F4R36D28L36U28;BM176,88
H8R4F2R16E3R5D5G4;BM183,82 U17NG
15R1D5ND12F9"
20009 Cs="BM66,132 U16E4R20F4D16
L28;M62,145 NR36D3NR36D18R3U18D8
R2U8R31D18L3U18L2D8R2U8R3U3;M94,
132"
20100 RETURN
25000 FORT=1T0100;NEXT:CLS:PRINT
"YOU HAVE FOUND ALL OF THE
TREASURES. WOULD YOU LIKE
ANOTHER GAME (Y/N).
25001 IKs=INKEYS:IFIKs="Y"THENRU
N ELSEIFIKs="N"THENEND ELSEIFIKs
<>="N"THEN25001
26000 DATA I,I, ,S,U,L,P, ,E,R,U
,T,N,E,V,D,A
    
```

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