## OUR GAMES ISSUE

## Find the

Dragon's Gold

## Take the

 $\mathrm{M}^{*} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}^{*} \mathrm{H}$ Trivia Quiz
## - Elly the Sopwith Coço

## Plus

MORE GAMES, GRAPHICS, UTILITIES,
TUTORIALS AND DOZEN \& OF HARDWARF AND SOFTWARE REVIEWS

## The Trip

A Joystick
Adventure
Byte Master' ANew il Column

For Beginners
, $\operatorname{m}^{2}$



Model 100 8K $\$ 495$ Model 100 24K \$625


Color Computer II w/16K Ext. Basic $\$ 165$ w/64K Ext. Basic \$210


Model 4 16K \$679 Model 4 64K 2 Disk \& RS232 \$1215

DMP120 \$385 DMP200 $\$ 520$


BIG SAVINGS ON A FULL COMPLEMENT OF RADIO SHACK COMPUTER PRODUCTS
COMPUTERS
Model 4 Portab

64 K w mod w/2 Drives
Model 2000 2Dr
Model 16B 1Dr 256K
MODEMS
Hayes Smartmodem II
AC-3
DC Modem I
DC Modem II
PRINTERS
Silver Reed EXP400 D.W. Par.
Silver Reed EXP550 D.W. Ser.
CGP115
CGP220 Ink Jet
DMP110
Toshiba 1340 ( 24 wire head) Gemini 10X
Gemini Powertype
Panasonic P1091
Smith Corona Fastext
Prowriter 8510
Okidata and Epson

| ETC. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Disk Drive Controlle | 139 |
| Extended Basic Kit | 39.95 |
| PBH Ser/Par Conv. | 69 |
| 64K Ram Chips | 62.95 |
| Deluxe Keyboard | 35.95 |
| HJL Keyboard | 79.95 |
| CCR-81 Recorder | 52 |
| Deluxe Joystick (each) | ) 35.95 |
| Joysticks (pair) | 22 |
| Video Plus (monitor adapter) | adapter) 24.95 |
| Video Plus IIC | 39.95 |
| Amdek Color 1 + Monitor | nitor 299 |
| Amdek Video 300 Green | een 145 |
| Amdek Video 300 Amber | 崖 159 |
| Taxan Color 210 Monitor | litor 285 |
| Taxan Green | 130 |
| Taxan Amber | 139 |
| SOFTWARE (Tape V | (Tape Version) |
| Zaxxon | 34.95 |
| The King | 26.95 |
| Trap Fall | 27.95 |
| Buzzard Bait | 27.95 |
| Devil Assault | 27.95 |

1149
2299
2360
3965
225
Disk Drive Controller PBH Ser/Par Conv. 64K Ram Chips Deluxe Keyboa CCR-81 Recorder
125
89
160
309
525
159
545
305
779
289
345
305
195
345
CALL

Colorpede
29.95

Juniors Revenge 28.95
.95 Pac Attack 24.95
69 Block Head 26.95
Froggie 24.95
Lunar Rover Patrol 24.95
Lancer 24.95
Typing Tutor 23.95
Galagon 24.95
Scott Adams Adventures 19.95
Sea Dragon 34.95
Colorcome 49.95
Telewriter 6449.95
O-Pak (disk) 34.95
Key-264K 39.95
Elite-Calc 59.95
VIP Writer $\quad 59.95$
VIP Calc $\quad 59.95$
VIP Terminal 49.95
VIP Database (disk)
49.95
59.95

Order any 2 software pieces listed and take $10 \%$ off their listed price. All Radio Shack software 10\% off list. Send for complete list.

## CALLTOLL FREE 1-800-343-8124

- LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES
- BEST POSSIBLE WARRANTY
- KNOWLEDGEABLE SALES STAFF
- timeLY DELIVERY
- SHOPPING CONVENIENCE



IN MASSACHUSETTS CALL (617) 486-3193


## FEATURES

Surviying On Safari/Robert Rogers ..... 18
GADE It's a jungle out there!
Disk Files Of Data/ Bill Nolan ..... 22
DISK TUTORIAL Developing a database manager program
相Climbing The Ladder/Charles Husak25
GAME .But watch out for the dragon
D Catching Those Gremlins/H. Allen Curtis ..... 61
UTILITY An error-trapping program
(EI Incoming Wounded!/Milt Tanzer ..... 67
GAME $M^{*} A^{*} S^{*} H$ trivia quiz
CoCo Takes Flying Lessons/William G. Franklin ..... 74
SImULATION Flight Simulation update
5
5 Making Sense From Your Dollars/Leonard Hyre ..... 84
FINANCE Projecting your IRA earnings
On The Road Again/Jacques Bourgeois ..... 90GAME An adventurous trip in your CoCo car
An Addition To Your CoCo Manual/Andy Kluck ..... 109
TUTORIAL A new series on helpful techniques
[8] Another 'Simulating' Lesson/Robert K. Tyson, Ph.D. ..... 119SIMULATION TUTORIAL On creating Simulations
Convert Those Paddles/Helene M. LaBonville ..... 131HARDWARE TUTORIAL An Atari-to-CoCo paddle conversion

- Interfacing Your Own Circuits,Part IIIT. Whit Athey, Susan C. Athey138
HARDWARE TUTORIAL. Circuits to add to your interface board
[-] Air Raid On The Keyboard/Gil Cummings ..... 148GAME Sharpening your reflexes is the key to this game- Salute Our Athletes/Bill Duke156GRAPHICS An Olympic display
- Speed Check Your Disk Drives/Roger Schrag ..... 164
DISK UTILITY This utility can save you repair costs
E Cooking With CoCo/Colin J. Stearman ..... 170EXPANDING BASIC Part II on enhancing your DOS
Back Up Those Diskettes/Wayne Duncan ..... 229UTILITY Backup your disk, on cassette
DEPARTMENTS

The mall cassette lape symbole beside featurez and regular columns indicate thil the pragram lialings with those articles are on this monith'a RAINBOW ON TAPE, ready to CLOAD and AUN. For tull details, check our RAINBOW ON TAPE ad on Page 126.

MEXT MONTH: September is back to school time, which means THE RAINBOW will emphastze education for atudents, parents, and teachers. From a lesson on how to tell time to a focson on making Simulation games, THE RAINBOW will glve you the ABCs of the classroom and the CoCo. Well have word puzzles, a math logic program, a quiz on past presidents; two educational cotumne, as well as our usual colortul btend of programs, lutorials, games, uthitites and reviews.

Look for the September RAINBOW for more on the Color Compuler than is available from any otheir source.
Advertiser Index ..... 273
Back Issue Information ..... 259
Corrections ..... 130
Letters To Rainbow ..... 6
The Pipeline ..... 152
Rainbow Info ..... 73
Received And Certified ..... 194
Reviewing Reviews ..... 198
Scoreboard ..... 266
Scoreboard Pointers ..... 268
Submitting Material To Rainbow ..... 230
Subscription Information ..... 231
These Fine Stores ..... 270

## COLUMNS

BASIC Training/Joseph Kolar158
Having fun with graphics characters
Bits And Bytes Of BASIC/Richard White ..... 115
A little string printing
Building August's Rainbow/Jim Reed ..... 16
$A$ discussion of our product reviews

- Byte Master/R. Bartly Betts ..... 236
$A$ new assembly language column
CoCo Graphics/Dor Inman ..... 134
Learning takes shape with Color LOGO
Earth To Ed/Ed Ellers ..... 240
Beam up those "tech" questions
Education Notes/Steve Blyn ..... 107
CoCo can be a pluis in learning signed numbers
Education Overview/ Dr. Michael Plog ..... 51
The microcomputer grows in the classroom
PRINT \#-2,/Lawrence C. Falk12
Editor's Notes
School Is In The Heart Of A Child/ Bob Albrecht,
Ramun Zamora53
Words worth learning
Turn Of The Screw/Tony DiStefano ..... 190
Clearing up popular misconceptions38
Programs to get you ready for school
Dale Peterson's "Greetings From Uncle Bert" will return next month.
RAINBOWTECH
Downloads/Dan Downard ..... 244
Answers to your technical questions
hogg_wash/Frank Hogg246
Building logical pathways
Some assembly language tips257Personable Pascal/Daniel A. Eastham250
Expressions and statements


## Editor and Publisher

Lawrence C. Falk
Managing Editor James E. Reed
Senior Editor Courtney Noe
Technical Editor Dan Downard
Copy Editor Susan Remini.
Submissions Editor Jutta Kapthammer
Editorial Assistants Valarie Edwards,
Wendy Falk, Suzanne Kurowsky.
Lynn Miller, Shirley Margan;
Noreen Morrisan, Kevin Nickols
Technical Assistant Ed Ellers
Contributing Editors Bob Albrecht, Steve Blyn, Tony DiStefano, Dan Eastham, Frank Hogg, Don Inman, Jóseph Kolar, Dale Peterson, Michae! Plog, Dale Puckett, Fran Saito, Paul Searby; Fred Scerbo, Richard White
Art Director Sally Nichois
Assistant Art Director Jerry McKiernan
Designers Peggy Henry, Neal C: Lauron,
Kevin Quiggins
Advertising Manager Charlotte Ford
Advertising Assistant Debbie Baxter
(502) 228-4492

General Manager Patricia H. Hirsch
Asst. General Manager for Finance Donna Shuck
Bookkeeper Diane Moore
Adverlising Accounts Doris Taylor
Dealer Accounts Judy Quashnock
Administrative Assistant to the Publisher Marianne Booth
RAINBOWfest Site Management Willo Falk Director of Fulfilment Services Bonnie Shepard Asst, Customer Service Manager Deidra Henry Customer Service Representative Sandy Apple Word Processor Manager Lynda Wilson RAINBOW ON TAPE Subscriptions Monica Wheat Research Assistants Lauirie Falk,
Wanda Perry, Loretta Varda, Kara Voit
Dispatch Mark Herndan
Production Assistant Melba Smith

Advertising and Marketing Office for the Westem states and provinces: Cindy Shackleford, director, 12110 Meridian South, Suite 8; P.O. Box 73-578, Puyallup, WA 98373-0578. Phone. (206) 848-7766. Territories nicluded: AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY, Canadian Provinces of Alberta, Brtish Columbia, Saskatchewan.
THE RAINBOW is fepresented in the Eastern United States by Gariand Associates, Inc, P;O. Box 314, S.H.S. Duxbury, MA 02331, (617) 934-6464 or 934-6546. Advertisers easi of the Mississippi may contact them for further intormation. Territories included: AL, CT, DE, DC, FL, GA, L,IN, KY, ME, MD, MA, M, WI $\mathrm{NC}, \mathrm{NH}, \mathrm{NJ}, \mathrm{NY}, \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{PA}, \mathrm{AL}, \$ \mathrm{C}_{3}, \mathrm{TN}, \mathrm{VA}, \mathrm{VT}, \mathrm{WV}$, WI, Canadian Provinces of Ontaric, Quebec.

THE RAINBOW is published every month of the year by FALSOFT, Inc, 9529 U.S. Highway 42, P.O. Box 385 , Prospect, KY, 40059 Phone (502) 228-4492. THERAINBOW and THE HANBOW logotypes are trademarks of FALSOFT, Inc.
Second class postage paid prospect, $K Y$ and additonal offices. USPS N. $705-050$ (ISSN No, 0746-4797). POSTMASTER Sendaddress changes to THERANEOW, POSTMASTER: Sendaddress changes to THE RANEOW, P. Box 385 , Prospect, KY 40059 . Forwarding Postage Guaranteed. Authorized as second class postage par
from Hamilton, Ontario by CanadaP Post, Ottawa, Ontarfrom Hamilt
Entire contents e by FALSOFT, Inc., 1984. THE RAINBow is intended for the private use and pleasure of its subscribers and purchasers and reproduction by any means is prohibited. Use of information herein is for the single end use of purchasers and any other use is expressly prohibited. All programs herein are distributed in an "as is" basis, without warranty of any kind whatsoever.

TRS-80, Color BASIO, Extended Color BASIC, Scripsit and Program Pak are trademarks of the Tandy Corp CompuServe is a trademark of CompuServe Inc.
Subscriptions to THE RANEOW are $\$ 28$ per year in the United States, Canadianaro Mexican rates are U $S$. $\$ 35$ Surface mail to other countries is U.S 865 , dir mall U.S $\$ 100$ All subscriptions begin with next avallable isslue: Limited back issues are avaliable. Please see nolice
for issues which are in pnint and costs. Payment for issues which are in phnt and costs. Payment Cash, Check or Money Order in U.S. currency only.

ARTS AND LETTERS


## A FLOWERY THANKS

## Editor:

On behalf of the entire Garden State CoCo Users Group, we would like to thank THE RAINBOW staff for the excellent job they did with the New Brunswick RAINBOWfest. All the seminars were very helpful, the exhibitors were very friendly, and best of all, it was great meeting all the other CoCo users from around the U.S. Our group was very happy to help THE RAINBOW by manning a booth, and distributing posters and T-shirts. We are all looking forward to the Princeton RAINBOWfest.

Darren Nye, Secretary Garden State CoCo Users Group
Editor's Note: We appreciate all your club did to make it a successful show.

## HINTS AND TIPS

Editor:
If anyone ever asks you why their printer will not work on the Color Computer you can be nearly certain that the reason is that pin two on the serial $1 / O$ port is not being held high by the printer. I got the clue to this from reading the green technical manual put out by Radio Shack, which I was given at my local Radio Shack store when no one there knew the answer. For anyone making a cable, here is the way to do it.

Buy a cable with four pin connectors on each end from Radio Shack and cut it in two. Splice to one of these four-pin half cables a standard 25 -pin D.B. plug and connect the following pins.

## From the

## computer:

pin 1 not used
pin 2 green receive
pin 3 red signal ground pin 4 white send

## On the printer side:

> pin 20 or any other +12
pin 7 signal ground pin 3 receive

The technical manual defined "high" as above three volts but I found that even an eight- or nine-volt line would not work. Most printers will have a pin 20 output which is 12 volts, and if not they generally will have another pin with +12 which will do just as well. It is a little peculiar that the computer's receive pin instead of its carrier detect pin is the one needing to be held high, but every machine has its idiosyncracies. And it took me a while to find this one, sol thought you might appreciate my passing it on.

Caution also on print speeds chosen (with the above-mentioned corrections) since the CoCo has no busy detect. So if it sends data faster than your printer can print it or buffer it, you will lose text.

Tom Lott Savannah, GA

## Editor:

You can turn your CoCo into a jukebox if you CSAVE the ML program generated by Composer or Music+.

1) Save each ML program to tape, leaving a short blank between them.
2) Press Reset if you have turned $A$ UDIO $O N$. Typing $A U D I O O F F$ or $N E W$ or deliberately creating a SN Error won't do. The ML program will $E X E C$, but with no sound.
3) In the command mode type $F O R T=1$ TO number of tunes on the tape: $C L O A D M$ : FOR $R=I$ TO number of times to repeat each tune: $\operatorname{CLSRND}(8): E X E C: F O R P=1$ TO 700 a short pause : $N E X T$ : $N E X T$ :NEXT.
4) Rewind tape, press PLAY then press ENTER.

The above can also be entered and run as a BASIC program, with an ON T GOSUB to some graphics routines instead of CLSRND(8).

Composer music will not load into Musict. But all that work is not lost. CSAVE ML music from both programs on an all music tape. The above program will $E X E C$ them all.

Now your CoCo sounds like an organ, works like a record player; with colors for flair.

I hope you will put more music in RAINBOW ON TAPE. CTRYROAD is number one on my Top 40.

Your magazine is the greatest!
Robert H. Little
Utica, MS

## IT'S A CHECK PLUS

## Editor:

I am one of your subscribers and I have been wondering for a while about a rectangle with a check mark and a lot of numbers. I have tried to unravel the mystery but I have not been albe to do so.
Will you please indicate to me if there is an explanation to what is inside the rectangle or if it is just some numbers without any explanation.

Editor's Note: Please read "Rainbow Check Plus" under Rainbow Info on Page 73 of this issue for a full explanation.

## BOUQUETS AND BRICKBATS

Editor:
I want to compliment two of your advertisers. One is Computer Plus for their super fast shipments to a very impatient CoCo owner.

The other is VIP Software. I doubt that there is anyone that has asuch a feature packed word processor for such a low price. To make it even more amazing, they "throw in" a 50,000 word speller at no additional cost.

## Paul Frank

Buffalo Grove, IL
Editor:
I was most interested to read the letters from Joe Cain and John Spataro in the May 1984 issue, Page 206, because I have encountered some of the same problems with VIP Terminal.

Like Mri. Cain, I suffer from considerable loss of data when 1 use the default 51 characters-per-line screen which was one of the main reasons I bought VIP Terminal. And like Mr. Spataro, I encountered the same lack of interest on Softlaw's part when I tried to get some help.
A full month after I wrote to Softlaw, I received a form letter telling me that my question could be answered only if I would call them at an inconvenient hour of the afternoon. I found it rather difficult to understand how the manufacturer of $V I P$ Writer, a truly excellent word processor, would be unable to communicate by letter. But in the interest of getting the problem solved, I managed to be near a phone at the proper hour one day and I called.

I spoke to Mr. Tom Saag of Softlaw's customer relations department. He was somewhat unsympathetic, and only moderately helpful. He suggested I ask the Bulletin Boards and databases with which I communicate to send nulls for line delay. But that is only a partial solution, because many of these services, including MCI Mail, are not equipped to send nulls.
I find it highly significant that Cer-Comp, in its advertisements for its new Data Pack II terminal program, puts "No lost information when using Hi-Res display on line" first on the list of features. On top of that, Data Pack $/ I$ seems to have all the same bells and whisties that VIP Terminal has, and it has a buffer editor that VIP Terminal lacks - all for $\$ 15$ less! Obviously, Cer-Comp found that a problem existed and did something about it. Why can't Softlaw do the same'?
In its own advertising, Softlaw likes to emphasize its "professionalism," but the company is anything but professional in its treatment of its customers.

Neil Edward Parks Beachwood, OH

## GOOD SUPPORT

Editor:
l would like to publicly thank Software Support Inc. for their honesty and responsiveness in handling iny disk drive order and the ROM change that was needed on it. "Support" is, in fact, their middle name. I hope all CoCo product companies follow their example.

## Editor:

I recently ordered a program tape called Custom Flashcards from one of your advertisers, Creative Technical Consultants. After it arrived, I found that it took two or three tries to get past an 1/O Error and get it loaded. I wrote the company and within two weeks I received a new Custom Flashcard. tape, along with a 50 percent discount coupon "by way of apology for any inconvenience the defective tape may have caused me." The new tape works fine and the program is just great. I used the coupon to order another one of their programs called Alphabet Soup, and it worked perfectly too. (Now if I can just get my kids to quit playing Alphabet Soup long enough for me to study my Flashcards . . .) Anyway, it's great to deal with a company that cares about their product and my "inconvenierice."
J.W. Abel

Denver, CO

## SPREADING THE WORD

## Editor:

Let me express my appreciation for the quality of Rainbow. It by far outshines all other CoCo publications on the market.

I am the pastor of Grace Covenant Church in St: Louis. We are a small church, presently meeting in a home. I am writing to express a need we have for a printer. 1 have a 64 K CoCo which I intend to use for word processing. It will be used for sermons, writing Sunday school materiais, printing articles, and typesetting leaflets and tracts. Because of the size of the church, neither I nor the church can afford to purchase a printter at this time. I am hoping that one of your Christian readers might consider donating a printer to us, or selling us one at a low price. Your donation would be used for the glory of God. Please contact me at Grace Covenant.Church, P.O. Box $1165 ; 63011$ or call (314) 227-3238.

Pastor Mark S. Camp Ballwin, MO

## INFORMATION PLEASE

## Editor:

I am an avid reader and user of RAINBOW magazine (the best of all the ones for the TRS-80). I've been wondering for quite some time if there is a Bible Concordance program availabe for disk? Write to: 7031 9th Avenue, H2A 3B5.

Dick Svendsen
Montreal, Quebec

## LOOKING FOR POKE

## Editor:

My friend and 1 are working on a computer program and we were wondering if there was a poke to disable the reset command: Also, we would really appreciate it if. you knew if there was a poke to immediately make a program run afer CLOADing it. Thanks for any information you can possible give us. 125 Guinea Road, 04005.

Marc Labbe
Biddeford, ME

## Publisher's Clearance!

Official Version Frogger
Leapin Lizards.
Thousands sold
at 24.95
Avenger
Shoot'm up fun
Reg sold
at 24.95

## Scarfman <br> Eat em up Pac Man( 101 Reg sold at 24.95

## Robot Attack <br> 

## Happy Hurdler



## Supplies Limited 603-924-9882



## GRAIN OF AN IDEA?

Editor:
We have a TRS-80 CoCo 2 and have found our best source of program has been your magazine. We have enjoyed the games and business programs.

There is a type of program we haven't been able to find. We are grain farmers and we would love to be able to use our computer more in our farm operations. We are looking for any program that would help us with grain farm management.

If you know of any programs or any other farmers that might know of some programs, we would like to hear from you. RT \#2, 83420.

Dennis Rogers Ashion, ID

## A REAL SCOUT

## Editor:

I would like inform your readers of my experience with a program that I have not seen reviewed anywhere. A few months ago I purchased Compu Scribe B.S.A. from Color Connection Software. The ad states you can keep tabs on the whole troop, and create a printout by scout rank or alphabetically. This is true and looks rather impressive, especially if a scout has really worked hard. The program is rather worthless though because there are no provisions for keeping track of dates of advancement or when merit badges were earned. So, in effect, you must still keep another set of books. The program
might be more effective if the 132 -character format were eliminated and more space provided to allow for more information on the other half of the page.

I would like to install a video buffer and am confused about the new chip numbers in CoCo 2. 1 am running two Radio Shack drives, a DMP 120 printer and a modem 1.

1 would be interested in hearing from readers who may have modified Compu Scribe or have other useful programs dealing with scouting or those who have added a video buffer to their CoCo 2. What buffer did they use? Write: P.O. Box 321, 45390.

Paul McKee, Jr.
Union City, OH

## Editor:

I would like an opinion on two printers, the Okidata 92 and the Gemini 10X. I have seen both of them print and I lean toward the Okidata 92.

Could you please give me your opinion on which printer would be best suited for use with the CoCo 2 and which would be best supported by software ävailable for each printer.

## William C. Mulvey <br> Patchogue, NY

Editor's Note: The Okidata ML 92 was reviewed in the October 1983 (Page 227) issue of the rainbow. The Gemini 10 was reviewed in June 1983 (Page 109) while the Gemini 10X review appeared in the June 1984 (Page 265) issue.

## PIGGYBACK BLUES

Editor:
Help! Back in the legendary days of the "D" board, memory upgrades were mysterious and awesome. Financial and technical considerations led some of us into the realms of piggy-back 32 K . By now everyone knows that this creates the obscure memory-overlay syndrome. The problem is what to do about it! Simply put, when encountering programs that combine BASIC and ML across the 16384 border in this modification, anything can happen! Some work, some don't, and some frustratingly partially work before the dreaded (most frequently) FC Error message occurs. If you stick to BASIC everything is fine, but addressing the ML seems to be up for grabs. The standard answer seems to be "get good 64 K chips," but for nonelectronic types, 64 K for the " $D$ " board is fearsome, not to mention expensive for those who started with 4 K and have scrimped for those chips and other needed peripherals. I find it hard to believe that the only answer for the "piggy-back" owners is "tough luck, buddy!"

Maybe the vendors of this modification have a fix, or more likely, other owners with a technical bent have found one. If so, publish! Many programs sit in my inactive box because of this glitch and I am sure there must be others in the same situation out there in CoColand. Write me: Box 28, 61426.

Richard Gordley
Castleton, IL


Color Computer Disk Model I/III Cassette
Color Computer Cassette Color Computer Cassette -

Mame
Address
City . . State ZipMy check for $\$ 29.95$ is enclosed (Minnesota residents add $6 \%$ sales tax).
$\square$ Charge to VISA Charge to Mastereard

4005 West Sixty-Fifth Street Minneapolis, Minnesota 55435

Please rush me Early Games for Young Children

## The Best Selling Program for Young Children Mow Available for: TRS-80 Color Computer16K disk or cassette and TRS-80 Models I/III-32K disk or 16K cassette

## Mine fun educational games for children ages $2^{11 / 2}$ to 6

Phone Orders: 800-328-1223
Minnesota: 612-926-7888 Acet. Ho Expiration Date

Educators Endorse: "Early Games can help children learn new concepts, information and skills, and also introduces them to the joys and benefits of home computers."

Peter Clark, Faculty Institute of Child Development University of Minnesota
Mo adult supervision required. The Picture Menu gives children control. They can:

- Match Numbers
- Count Colorful Blocks
- Add Stacks of Blocks - Subtract Stacks of Blocks
- Draw and Save Colorful Pictures
- Match Letters
- Learn the Alphabet
- Spell their Mames
- Compare Shapes



# Color Power ll Expands Your CoCo to CP/M' 2.2 

Plug Color Power II into the expansion port of your 64 K CoCo or CoCo 2, plug your disk controller into Color Power II, and insert our disk into your drive. You are now ready to run thousands of CP/M programs such as WordStari ${ }^{\circ}$, MailMerge ${ }^{\oplus}$, SpellStar ${ }^{\text {© }}$, and StarIndex ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and to run Ultra Term + to create an 80 column by 24 line terminal.

Your CoCo is now a CP/M compatible computer that includes CP/M 2.2 and generates an 80 column by 24 line display on your 80 column monitor with upper and lower case characters.

## Introductory Prices:

Color Power II (includes CP/M 2.2) ...................... $\$ 329.00$
Add Ultra Term + ................................................ $\$ 55.00$
Color Power II plus WordStar® \& MailMerge ${ }^{\circledR}$ \$498.00
Add SpelIStar and StarIndex ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ for only............S
\$ 79.00

Call or send check, money order, Visa or MasterCard number with expiration date to the address below. N.J. residents add 6\% sales tax.


A fantastic strategic arcade game with animated movement. 11 different hi-res screens and several enjoyable musical selections make this game a fun but difficult challenge. Saving the forest from the evil monster spiders of Dageth can require considerable quick thinking and pianning. You musi avoid the spider and falling coconuts while at the same time trying to destroy the vile web, free the sacred birds, and recover the stolen treasures. $100 \%$ machine language! Joystick required.

32 K cas $\$ 21.95$
32K disk $\$ 23.95$


## CONNECTION

 SOFTWARE
## NEW

## PUZZLER

Superb puzzle creation system with built in editor Will creale three different puzzles from any set of words that you type in. Puzzles available, wordsearch, wordscramble, and most surprising of all, a crossword puzzle. Great for parties, classes, or as a simple diversion. Inquire for pricing and avallability.
COMING SOON: DESIGNER 64 An unbelievable and highly advanced Graphics development system! Watch for more into.

## COLOR DESIGNER

Use Color Designer and you CoCo to create amazing hi-res color pictures. Many features available, including a fill command that paints the screen in over 1000 different colortiexture combinations. Has machine language subroutines. April 84 Rainbow, "'

I would not hesitate to recommend (Color Designer) to someone in the market for a graphics editor." NEW LOW PRICE!
$16 / 32 \mathrm{~K}$ cas $\$ 23.95$
disk $\$ 25.95$

> QUIZ ALL

A versatile quiz program. Great for individual study or creation of a quiz for a group. Quiz can be taken on the computer or printed for others. Even has an option for the computer to generate multiple choice answers! June 1984 Rainbow, ". . . I I found Quiz All to be an axcellent program. .

$$
\text { cas } \$ 18.95
$$

disk $\$ 20.95$

## OKI DUMP

An excellent hi-res screen dump for the Okidata 80 series without Okigraph. Printed pictures aren't miniatures! Manual includes hints on printing game screens; The King by Tom Mix is the example. $100 \%$ machine language!

16 K cas $\$ 8.95$
16 K disk $\$ 10.95$
Call or write for our free newsietter. All casselte orders include disk version on cassette with instructions to transler to disk Unless otherwise specified, programs require 16 K extended tor casselte or 32 K extended tor disk Add $\$ 2.00$ shipping. Utah residents add $53 / 4 \%$ sales lax Orders paid by personal check allow 1.2 weeks; all others sent within 48 hours COD add $\$ 2.00$
To order, call 24 hours a day or write
COLOR CONNECTION SOFTWARE
1060 Buddlea Drive, Sandy, Utah 84070

## (801) 571-5023

For information:
Call weekdays between $6: 30 \mathrm{pm}$ and 10 pm MT

Has anyone out there ever heard of the Impact Data Printer Company or know where we can get replacement ribbons for their printers? We have an Impact Data model 800 printer with its ribbon in shreads from overwork. It requires a 1 -yard loop of cloth ribbon and no one we have talked to at major office and computer supply stores has ever even heard of a ribbon like that. It is getting to be a headache to slide carbon paper into the printer between the sheets of blank paper. This works fine when you run out of ribbon but gets tiresome after a while. 1 also would like to know: does anyone know of a screen dump for these printers? They print no graphics characters - just alphanumerics and punctuation.

Rogers George, IV
Terrace, MN

## KUDOS

## Editor:

I have read the many plaudits that you receive in the "Letter's To Rainbow." You deserve every one and I can only add a job well done unless 1 take a different tact.

Our grandson, since receiving Ralnbow, has gone to the head of his class in typing as well as improving his grades in all other classes at least one full grade letter point and in some subjects more. His mother tells me he has gone from a C - average to a $\mathrm{B}+$ average overall. His reading comprehension has improved tenfold. Your subscription rate is a small price to pay for this improvement in his overall education.

Even if you have a sore arm, pat yourselves on the back just once more for me.

Alex M. Parker Central Valley, CA

## Editor:

the rainbow is tops. Every once in a while I'll glance at another, but as it's been said so many times and by so many people, there's none other that compares. THE RAINBow is my only source of information on the CoCo.

Continue the excellent work. I am a true believer that the CoCo will never get cold!

Daryl Judd
Nampa, ID

## Editor:

Thank you for producing such an informative, comprehensive magazine. Richard White's "Marrying Machine Language to Basic" (May 1984, Page 31) was the most informative article I have ever read in any computer magazine. After becoming proficient at BASIC, the average CoCo user faces a difficult task in attempting to learn machine language.

Mr. White's contribution has provided us with a basic understanding of how machine language works and some direction in finding the proper sources for reference. More articles aimed at the machine language learner would be greatly appreciated; especially anything that would clarify the infamous "Hidden 32 K " and the difference between "C" and an assembler!

Ralph M. Greco, Jr.
Providence, RI

## EVALUATORS NEEDED

## Editor:

1 have developed a federal income tax program and would like to have it evaluated by some of your readers. In exchange, they may keep the program. All CoCo system configurations are needed. Write me at: Alpha Byte, 1008 Alton Circle, 29501.

John M. Gregg
Florence, SC

## BULLETIN BOARD SYSTEMS

## Editor:

I would like to inform your readers of a CoCo BBS in the 312 area code. It is called Cream De CoCo BBS. It can be reached at (312) 597-8485. Erik Thred is the Sysop of the BBS. It also has downloads for the CoCo. Call today!

Darren O'Neill
Palos Heights, IL

## Editor:

It is with great pride that 1 announce the start of a new bulletin board service called the Next Step Board. The board supports member messages, downloads, uploads, and other general interest categories. It is a full support board for Pro-Color-File by Dennis Derringer. Owners of the program can contact other owners and converse at will. We also support the Pro-Color-File Users Group headed by Jorge Mir. There is a special section set aside especially for these members.

We support Colorcom $/ E(C)$ and Videotex(C). Call (213) 690-4589. We may just have the program you have been looking for.

Paul L. Kush (SYSOP)
Yorba Linda, CA

## A CLEAN DREAM

## Editor:

I had a dream the other night. I was buying a washing machine. The salesman told me how powerful this machine was, the many features it had, how it could handle all sorts of tasks and how it would be the answer to all of my needs.

I was impressed until I asked about the warranty. I was told that it was sold as is. However, the manufacturer did guarantee that I would be able to load it. It was not warranted to be free from defects and it was not warranted as to whether or not it would wash clothes. 1 was also cautioned that before I used this machine I should make a duplicate so that if anything happened 1 would have a backup. I was also told that if something should happen and 1 needed information that there would be an additional fee.

I awoke with a start. I thought about the reason for such an odd dream when 1 realized that the day before 1 had purchased some software. Ridiculous, isn't it?

Juil M. Divet
Tacoma, WA

## Don't Take Chances!

## Instead use the revised

## DATABASE/MAILER 64



LETTER WRITER 64

## REVISION C

 for FAST, EASY single page letters or 1000's of form letters \& labels with our new
## 30DAYMONEY-BACK GUARANTEE!* <br> RAINBOW



ACCOUNTS•INSURANCE•PROPOSALS•BULK MAIL•DENTAL RECALL•CHRISTMAS LISTS•CHURCHES•CLUBS•REALTORS•SALES

- Active menus guide you to valid operations.
- Won't "hang up" your system.
- 32K system allow 68 to 440 records per flie.
- 64 K system allows 91 to 610 records per file.
- Up to 10 fields, 270 characters/record.
- All user definable with default values - easy.
- Sort any field alpha/numeric, full or partial.
- Adjusts for emply address lines - no gaps.
- Create new files from all or part of old file.
- Auto select "special" records for saving to new file
- Change lengths, add or delete fields of existing files.
- Auto copy identical data to all records in file.
- Combine unfilled files to create new file from old
- Full memory sense adjusts to your system.
- Up to 9 line labels with up to 500 copies each.
- Master two column printout with field names.
- Master printout includes date, paging \& filename.
- Selective printing by any fieid or field range.
- Accepts alpha or numeric zip codes up to 10 digits.
- Partial or whole item search by any chosen field.
- Single screen 10 record display by any field
- Single key entry for hard copy of screen data.
- Disk to tape data file transier
- Tape to disk data file transier
- Archive files to tape for security
- 1 key VERIFY ON/OFF for secure copying
- Interim save aliows multiple file copies.
- User friendly error checking.
- Fast single page letter writing with wordwrap.
- Fast single page letter writing with wordwrap.
- Full screen edit allows delete, insert \& change.
- Headings are tabbed, spaced automatically.
- No "Database Adventure" - over 50 page manual
- Manual includes program operation flowcharts.

Not needed, but included is user modification section.

- Access up to 4 drives in disk version.
- Prints sorted disk directory to printer

Directory printout fits on disk jacket.

- Copy files/programs between disks.

2 key kill of old files/programs on disk.

- Complete file maintenance made easy.
- Fully menu driven for fast, easy response


## DARE TO COMPARE: GUARANTEE /FEATURES

 The most complete package available for only... $\$ 99.95$ plus shipping $\varepsilon$ handling.
## Tired of waiting? we ship 1st Class Mail within 48 hours.

When ordering please provide: NAME
ADDRESS
CITY/STATE
ZIP CODE
PHONE
TAPE or DISK
CREDIT CARD NO.
EXP. DATE
Master Card holders include interbank no.

## Gall our 24 hour orderline

 619-695-1385 or 619-566-6013, 9 - 5 p.m. PST weekdays or send check or money order to:9528 Sulte 35, Miramar Road San Diego, CA 92126

Please include the following:
\$3 postage and handling U.S. funds only CA residents add 6\% tax COD orders add \$4 Amdek disk add \$4

Dealer inquiries invited Personal checks - OK we won't make you wait.
from date of invoice excluding non-refundable postage/handling COD charges.


Isure hope everyone's nose has recovered from our Scratch And Sniff Adventure last month. We certainly did get a lot of response, and all of it was good. Or, at least, most of it was good. One lady called in saying that she stayed up late typing the whole program in, caught a cold, and wasn't able to smell the scents. Well, we're easy. We told her what they are. I guess she's happy now!

We did attract some attention in the media for the Scratch And Sniff Adventure, and we plan to be doing some more "wild and crazy things" as time goes by. That, to my mind, is what is nice about CoCo - while you can use it for a whole range of significant applications, you can have a lot of fun with it, too. Perhaps this is the reason CoCo is still there and going strong while virtually all the "highly-touted" home computers have bitten the dust. It is called a "shakeout," but maybe we should call it a "Shackout," because guess who is shaking the others out of the market?

Our RAINBOWfest in Chicago was a huge success: the largest of the shows we have had - both in terms of attendance and number of firms exhibiting. Are we doing it again? You bet! And what we'd like to see is you folks in other parts of the country trying to beat the Chicago attendance record. The east held it for a time, but the midwest came storming back. And, how about you westerners? We'll be back in California in February.

I know no one cares but me, but RAINBOWfest in Princeton, N.J., (Sept. 28-30) is the week before my birthday. And, while most people who start getting a little older like 1 am try to forget their birthdays, I have always had this thing about the occasion. So, we're planning something a little special for what Jim Reed has dubbed as "Lonnie's Birthday at RAINBOW fest." I hope you will come and help me celebrate in Princeton.

Yes, the rumors have been flying about a new Color Computer. Will there be one? Of course. But don't expect anything anytime real soon.

We can't tell you a great deal at this point, but one of the things we can point out is to expect "upward"software compatibility with the new CoCo. That means that what you see running now will be able to run right away on the new machine - or will require only a little modification. Contrast that, if you will, with Commodore's dumping of the VIC-20 when the Commodore 64 became available. And, when Commodore tried to do it again a few months ago, there was such a hue and cry from users and dealers that they have gone back and looked at the whole issue again -significantly delaying the introduction of the new machine.

While some changes are necessary in bringing out a new model, you don't see this planned obsolescence from Radio Shack. Perhaps that's why Radio Shack is the "shaker" instead of the "shakee" in the home computer market.

Thanks to a friendly computer store in the area, I have been playing with a Macintosh computer for the past several days. I am sure most of you have seen or heard something about this one - from our friends at the Apple Computer Company.

1 have seen the Macintosh - known as the Mac among friends - at three or four shows now, always with an extra-big projection TV and a lot of people looking. (In fact, at the West Coast Computer Faire in San Francisco, it was a little hard to get into the main exhibit hall because doors were narrow and the Mac exhibit was right in front of them.)

Mac addicts (at this point, mostly Apple people and dealers and the people who are planning the software for this new addition) are touting the Mac as the newest and greatest thing since sliced bread. 1 thought you might be interesed in some observations, so here we are.

I do not see the Mac as a particularly great computer. I do see the software as a major innovation in user-friendliness. In fact, for the most part, the software is not only user-friendly, it is useraffectionate. Mac uses $31 / 2$-inch disks, similar to those with the AMDISK system available for the CoCo, and each one (single-sided) holds a little over 400 K . That sounds fine, except the system and applications software take up a lot of space. To do word processing for instance, I can clear about 160 K on my disk. Not bad, but not great, either.

The single worst thing about the Mac is the disk drive access. It is s-l-o-w. If you think any other

# Telewriter-64 the Color Computer Word Processor 

3 display formats: 51/64/85 columns $\times 24$ lines

- True lower case characters

User-friendly full-screen editor
■ Right justification
Easy hyphenation
$\square$ Drives any printer

- Embedded format and control codes
$\square$ Runs in $16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$, or $\mathbf{6 4 K}$
- Menu-driven disk and cassette I/O
- No hardware modifications required


## THE ORIGINAL

Simply stated, Telewriter is the most powerful word processor you can buy for the TRS-80 Color Computer. The original Telewriter has received rave reviews in every major Color Computer and TRS-80 magazine, as well as enthusiastic praise from thousands of satisfied owners. And rightly so.
The standard Color Computer display of 32 characters by 16 lines without lower case is simply inadequate for serious word processing. The checkerboard letters and tiny lines give you no feel for how your writing looks or reads. Telewriter gives the Color Computer a 51 column by 24 line screen display with true lower case characters. So a Telewriter screen looks like a printed page, with a good chunk of text on screen at one time. In fact, more on screen text than you'd get with Apple II, Atari, TI, Vic or TRS-80 Model III.
On top of that, the sophisticated Telewriter full-screen editor is so simple to use, it makes writing fun. With single-letter mnemonic commands, and menu-driven 1/O and formatting, Telewriter surpasses all others for user friendliness and pure power.
Telewriter's chain printing feature means that the size of your text is never limited by the amount of memory you have, and Telewriter's advanced cassette handler gives you a powerful word processor without the major additional cost of a disk.
...one of the best programs for the Color
Computer I have seen..

- Color Computer News, Jan. 1982


## TELEWRITER-64

But now we've added more power to
Telewriter. Not just bells and whistles, but major features that give you total control over your writing. We call this new supercharged version Telewriter-64. For two reasons.

## 64K COMPATIBLE

Telewriter-64 runs fully in any Color Computer $-16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$, or 64 K , with or without Extended Basic, with disk or cassette or both. It automatically configures itself to take optimum advantage of all available memory. That means that when you upgrade your memory, the Telewriter-64 text buffer grows accordingly. In a 64 K cassette based system, for example, you get about 40 K of memory to store text. So you don't need disk or FLEX to put all your 64 K to work immediately.

## 64 COLUMNS (AND 85!)

Besides the original 51 column screen,
Telewriter-64 now gives you 2 additional highdensity displays: $64 \times 24$ and $85 \times 24!!$ Both high density modes provide all the standard Telewriter editing capabilities, and you can switch instantly to any of the 3 formats with a single control key command.
The $51 \times 24$ display is clear and crisp on the screen. The two high density modes are more crowded and less easily readable, but they are perfect for showing you the exact layout of your printed page, all on the screen at one time. Compare this with cumbersome
"windows" that show you only fragments at a time and don't even allow editing.

## RIGHT JUSTIFICATION \&

 HYPHENATIONOne outstanding advantage of the full-width screen display is that you can now set the screen width to match the width of your printed page, so that "what you see is what you get." This makes exact alignment of columns possible and it makes hyphenation simple.
Since short lines are the reason for the large spaces often found in standard right justified text, and since hyphenation is the most effective way to eliminate short lines, Telewriter-64 can now promise you some of the best looking right justification you can get on the Color Computer

## FEATURES \& SPECIFICATIONS:

Printing and formatting: Drives any printer (LPVII/VIII, DMP-100/200, Epson, Okidata, Centronics, NEC, C. Itoh, Smith-Corona, Terminet, etc).
Embedded control codes give full dynamic access to intelligent printer features like: underlining, subscript, superscript, variable font and type size, dotgraphics, etc.
Dynamic (embedded) format controls for: top, bottom, and left margins; line length, lines per page, line spacing, new page, change page numbering, conditional new page, enable/disable justification.
Menu-driven control of these parameters, as well as: pause at page bottom, page numbering; baud rate (so you can run your printer at top speed), and Epson font. "Typewriter" feature sends typed lines directly to your printer, and Direct mode sends control codes right from the keyboard. Special Epson driver simplifies use with MX-80.
Supports single and multi-line headers and automatic centering. Print or save all or any section of the text buffer. Chain print any number of files from cassette or disk.

File and I/O Feätures: ASCİI format files create and edit BASIC, Assembly, Pascal, and C programs, Smart Terminal files (for uploading or downloading), even text files from other word processors. Compatible with spelling checkers (iike Spell ' $n$ Fix).
Cassette verify command for sure saves. Cassette autoretry means you type a load command only once no matter where you are in the tape.
Read in, save, partial save, and append files with disk and/or cassette. For disk: print directory with free space to screen or printer, kill and rename files, set default drive. Easily customized to the number of drives in the system.
Editing features; Fast, full-screen editor with wordwrap, block copy, block move, block delete, line delete, global search and replace (or delete), wild card search, fast auto-repeat cursor, fast scrolling, cursor up, down, right, left, begin line, end line, top of text, bottom of text; page forward, page backward, align text, tabs, choice of buff or green background, complete error protection, line counter, word counter, space left, current file name, default drive in effect, set line length on screen.
Insert or delete text anywhere on the screen without changing "modes." This fast "free-form" editor provides maximum ease of use. Everything you do appears immediately on the screen in front of you. Commands require only a single key or a single key plus CLEAR.

## ...truly a state of the art word processor.. outsianding in every respect.

-'The RAINBOW, Jan. 1982

## PROFESSIONAL

## WORD PROCESSING

You can no longer afford to be without the power and efficiency word processing brings to everything you write. The TRS-80 Color Computer is the lowest priced micro with the capability for serious word processing. And only Telewriter-64 fully unleashes that capability.
Telewriter-64 costs $\$ 49.95$ on cassette, $\$ 59.95$ on disk, and comes complete with over 70 pages of well-written documentation. (The step-by-step tutorial will have your writing with Telewriter-64 in a matter of minutes.) To order, send check or money order to:

## Cognitec <br> 704 Nob Street <br> Del Mar, CA 92014

Or check your local software store. If you have questions, or would like to order by Visa or Mastercard, call us at (619) 755-1258 (weekdays, 8AM-4PM PST). Dealer inquiries invited.
(Add $\$ 2$ for shipping. Californians add $6 \%$ state tax. Allow 2 weeks for personal checks. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for Telewriter reviews from CCN, RAINBOW, 80-Micro, 80-U.S. Telewriter owners: send SASE or call for information on upgrading to Telewriter-64. Telewritercompatible spelling checker (Spell ' $n$ Fix) and Smart Terminal compatible speling checker (Spell n Fix) and Smart Terminal program (Colo
information.)
Apple II is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.; Atari is a
trademark of Atari, Inc.; TRS-80 is a trademark of Tandy Corp; MX-80 is a trademark of Epson America, Inc.

## （Continued from Page 12）

system is slow，try Mac．Those disk drives grind and grind and grind．Oh，for some fast I／O！

Too，Mac is a black and white computer．There is no mention anywhere of color－coming or available at some future time．To some degree，this really does not upset you as much as you would think：But，given an absolutely fantastic graphics package called MacPrint，it is a shame that the people who pioneered color computing end up now with a one－color computer．And，the resolution in the graphics mode（and it is always in the graphics mode）is less than $\mathrm{CoCo} . \mathrm{Hmmmm}$ ．

One of the things which is important is the＂footprint，＂ that is，the amount of space the Mac takes on a desk． Basically，the footprint is rather small，but，if you add the need for space in which to operate the＂mouse＂（more on this later），it is pretty big．The disk drive is built in，but that is only for a single drive．The second has to be outside the computer．Given the small amount of available storage on a single disk after the applications are added，you almost have to have a second drive（not yet available）．
If you get the idea that I am not particuiarly impressed with the Mac，you are right．And，at $\$ 2,500$（plus $\$ 500$ for a C．Itoh graphics printer）that＇s a hefty price，in my humble opinion．You do get MacPaint and MacWrite（a word pro－ cessing package）with the computer but BASIC costs extra （like，\＄199 extra）．

As much as I am not impressed by the Mac，I am impressed by the software！This stuff is super．I do not go so far as to say it is the answer to interfacing people and computers，but it makes a giant step．

As I mentioned，everything involving the Mac is in a graphics mode．It uses a＂desktop＂in which your programs and／or applications are graphically represented on the screen．Your major tool is the mouse，and you can use it to select different applications，rearrange the desktop，make each＂window＂larger or smaller，scroll and the like．

All of this is super．It really is．One of the major assets is that you do not have to remember a bunch of commands to do things like save programs，edit letters，draw lines and the like．Instead of typing SAVE＂LETTER＂all you have to da is move a pointer controlled by the mouse to a label at the top of the screen which reads＂File＂and then move the pointer down（again with the mouse）until the word $S A V E$ is highlighted．You press the mouse button and the save starts to take place．

|  | 中 LOTTO PLAYERE LOTTO＊ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots$ | LET YOUR TRS－Molma OMMPUTER |
| －＂＇ | SELEET YOUR NUMBEFE－TMFE ONLY |
| －－7 |  |
| － | RAM 1 G日G PGPLAR TREE DRIVE |
| $\cdots$ | ANAAPOL TS MARYLAMD， 4.41 |
|  | FREE WITH EACH ORDER FREE |
| $\cdots$ | PTCK゙ 3 \＆PICKC 4 |

Oh，oh．A screen comes up asking you what you wish to name the document．All of a sudden，you have to get to the keyboard and type it in．This means，in effect，switching from the mouse to the keyboard．To my mind，this is a fault of the system．

Let＇s take word processing－an application a whole lot of people use a computer for．You have to use the mouse to get yourself into the word processor，use the mouse to set margins and the like，and then go to the keyboard，just like always．It seems to me you are switching systems．

Oh，yes，the word processor is nice．It lets you type in nine different type styles，six different types（like underline，ital－ ics and so on），and in five different sizes．But，if you want to change from＂regular＂type to underline，you either have to ＂leave＂the keyboard and go to the mouse to make these changes，or you have to memorize a bunch of control keys！

My point，exactly．Mac is billed as a compuțer system where you do not have to memorize things．Yet，it is abun－ dantly easier to memorize Control－I to get italics than to take your hands off the keybaord，move the mouse around and then do some clicking of the mouse button．

I see this as a fallacy in the entire system．While the graphics program works extremely well with the mouse，you still need to go to the keyboard to label anything．In the edit mode of the word processor，you are basically going back and forth between the mouse and the keyboard．It drives you nuts．

Maybe it is me．I am used to computers and feel com－ fortable with the commands．I＇ve memorized most of them so long ago that I do not realize I have memorized them． But，it does bother me to have to switch back and forth between the mouse and the keyboard．And，especially when I want to edit，it is frustrating not to have cursor keys on the keyboard itself．In word processing the keyboard is where it＇s at－not the mouse．

Let me suggest three things．First of all，go take a look at the Mac．I do think you will be impressed with the total concept．I know I am．Spend a few minutes playing．And， then，looking at things objectively，I believe you will be able to see past the gee－whiz and discover some of the problems this sort of system brings abaut．

Second，let me ask you to consider that the Tandy 2000 machine will soon have a mouse available，along with Microsoft＇s Windows program．The 2000 costs less than the Mac，and can do oh，so much more！

Third，and most important here，I wish to remind you that there are some applications which can use，in a very effective way，the graphics capabilities and the mouse that Apple has used in making its Mac．And，remembering that all it takes is software to do this，I believe some very excellent programs can be（and are being）developed for the Color Computer （which already has a mouse，too，along with better graphics） using this concept．

Then，you have a truly excellent opportunity to teach people to get friendly with a computer－using the same techniques applied by Mac－without sacrificing any of the ease flexibility necessary in keyboard－necessary applica－ tions．Just as will appear with the Mac，I foresee a whole range of programs made available to use mouse＂technol－ ogy．＂But，by using CoCo，we will have them at a fraction of the cost，in color－and on a superior computer，too！


Turn your Color Camputer into a graphic design center with the ease of a keystroke! MagiGraph makes it simple to create highly detailed figures up to and including an entire high-resolution screen. Designed for those with some experience in Basic and Assembly Language programming, MagiGraph jncludes lots of special features:

- A full sot of logical and pixal manipulation functions simplifies the development of complex figures.
- An editior lets you zoom in and work on every detail of your design. Toggle between the "macro" and "micro" screens for perspective on your creations.
- Nine animation buffers allow you to preview each sequence to ensure continuity and smooth flow.
- Versatile 1/0 routines store a graphic screen on cassette or floppy disk; recall it later for use by another program or revise it with MagiGraph.
If you're looking for the finest graphic development utility available for your Color Computer, THIS IS IT. Maximize your machine's potential, while you push your imagination to the limit - with MagiG̣raph!
By Kevin Dooley. Cassette $\mathbf{\$ 3 4 . 9 5}$ (16K required); Disk $\mathbf{\$ 3 9 . 9 5}$ (32K Extended Color BASIC required); Amdisk cartridge $\$ 44.95$.


# NEW GOOD STUFF FOR EVERY COLOR COMPUTER 

## CSPOOL Color Computer Print Spaoler


#### Abstract

Stop Waiting Around for the Printer! CSPOOL allows yọu to use your printer and computer concurrently, takes only 26 bytes of Color Basic's memory, and gives you 32K of print buffer. It's like having two computers in one! By intercepting characters sent to the printer and storing them in the upper 32 K of RAM, CSPOOL allows you to run other programs while your printer is doing its job . CSPOOL is FREE with the purchase of a 64K RAM UPGRADE KIT from The Micro Works, or it may be purchased separately on cassette or diskette for $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 . 9 5}$. Requires 64K; not for FLEX or OS9̣.


64K MEMORY UPGRADE KIT: For Rev. levels E, ET, NC, TDP-100s, ạnd Color Computer II. Eight prime 64K RAM chips, instructions, and CSPOOL: \$64.95.

## SYSTEMS SOFTWARE

MACRO-80C: DISK-BASED EDITOR, ASSEMBLER AND MONITOR-With all the features the serious programmer wants, this package includes a powerful 2-pass macro assembler with conditional assembly, local labels, include files and cross referenced symbol tables. MACRO-80C supports the complete Motorola 6809 instruction set in standard source format. Incorporating all the features of our Rompack-based assembler (SDS-80C), MACRO-80C contains many more useful instructions and pseudo-ops which aid the programmer and add power and flexibility. The screen-oriented editor is designed for efficient and easy editing of assembly language programs. MACRO-80C allows global changes and moving/ copying blocks of text. You can edit lines of assembly source which exceed 32 characters. DCBUG is a machine language monitor which allows examining and altering of memory, setting break points, etc

Editor, assembler and monitor-along with sample programs-come on one Radio Shack compatible disk. Extensive documentationn included. By Andy Phelps. $\$ 99.95$
SDS-80C: SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM-Our famous editor, assembler and monitor in Rompack. Like MACRO-80C, it allows the user to write, assemble and debug assembly language programs with no reloading, object patching or ather hassles. Supports full 6809 instruction set. Complete manual included. $\$ 89.95$
MICROTEXT: COMMUNICATIONS VIA YOUR MODEM! Now you can use your printer with your modem! Your computer can be an intelligent printing terminal. Talk to timeshare services or to other personal computers; print simultaneously through a second printer port; and re-display text stored in memory. Download text to Basic programs; dump to a cassette tape, or printer, or both. Microtext can be used with any printer or no printer at ath. It features user-configurable duplex/parity for special applications, and can send any ASCII character. You'll find many uses for this general purpose module! ROMPACK includes additional serial port for printer. $\$ 59.95$

## MICRO WORKS COLOR FORTH

- Faster to program in than Basic
- Easier to learn than Assembly Language
- Executes in less time than Basic

The MICRO WORKS COLOR FORTH is a Rompack containing everything you need to run Forth on your Color Computer. COLOR FORTH consists of the standard Forth Interest Group (FIG) implementation of the language plus most of FORTH-79. It has a super screen editor with split screen display. Mass storage is on cassette. COLOR FORTH also contains a decompiler and other aids for learning the inner workings of this fascinating language. It will run on $4 \mathrm{~K}, 16 \mathrm{~K}$, and 32 K computers. And COLOR FORTH contains 10K of ROM, leaving your RAM for your programs! There are simple words to effectively use the Hi-Res Color Computer graphics, joysticks, and sound.

Includes a 112-page manual with a glossary of the system-specific words, a full standard FIG glossary and complete source listing.

MICRO WORKS COLOR FORTH . . THE TE BEST! From the leader in FORTH, Talbot Microsystems.

## $\$ 109.95$

## MACHINE LANGUAGE

MONITOR TAPE: A cassette tape which allows you to directly access memory, $1 / 0$ and registers with a formatted hex display. Great for machine language programming, debugging and learning. It can also send/receive RS232 at up to 9600 baud, including host system download/upload. 19 commands in ail. Relocatable and reentrant. CBUG TAPE: \$29.95

MONITOR ROM: The same program as above, supplied in 2716 EPROM. This allows you to use the entire RAM space. And you don't need to reload the monitor each time you use it. The EPRROM plugs into the Extended Basic ROM Socket or the Romless Pack I. CBUG ROM: $\$ 39.95$

SOURCE GENERATOR: This package is a disassembler which runs on the Color Computer and generates your own source listing of the BASIC interpreter ROM. Also included is a documentation package which gives useful ROM entry points, complete memory map, 1/0 hardware details and more. A 16 K system is required for the use of this cassette. 80C Disassombler: $\mathbf{\$ 4 9 . 9 5}$

## HARDWARE

PARALLEL PRINTER INTERFACE-Serial to paralle! converter allows use of all standard paralle! printers. P180C plugs into the serial output port, leaving your Rompack slot free. You supply the printer cable. P180C: $\$ 59.95$
SUPER-PRD KEYBOARD- $\$ 69.95$ (For computers manufactured after Oct. 1982, add \$4.95)
ROMLESS PACKS for your custom EPROMS - cali or write for information.

## BOOKS

6809 ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING, by Lance Leventhal, \$18.95
TRS-80 COLOR COMPUTER GRAPHICS, by DON Inman, $\$ 14.95$
ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE GRAPHICS FOR THE TRS-80 COLOR COMPUTER, by Don Inman, $\$ 14.95$ STARTING FORTH, by L. Brodie, $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 . 9 5}$

## GAMES

ZAXXON-The real thing. Excellent. What more can we say? Cassette requires 32K. $\$ 39.95$
STAR BLASTER-Blast your way through an asteroid field in this action-packed Hi-Res graphics game. Available in ROMPACK; requires 16 K . $\$ 39.95$
PAC ATTACK-Try your hand at this challenging game by Computerware, with fantastic graphics, sound and action! Cassette requires $16 \mathrm{~K} . \$ 24.95$ HAYWIRE-Have fun zapping robots with this HiRes game by Mark Data Products. Cassette requires 16K. $\$ 24.95$
ADVENTURE-Black Sanctum and Calixta Island by Mark Data Products. Each cassette requires 16K. $\$ 19.95$ each.
CAVE HUNTER-Experience vivid colors, bizarre sounds and eerie creatures as you wind your way through a cave maze in search of gold treasures. This exciting Hi-Res game by Mark Data Products requires 16 K for cassette version. $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 9 5}$


# Starting Our Fourth Year ... <br> <br> The Annual Games Issue . . . <br> <br> The Annual Games Issue . . . <br> And, Some Comments on Reviews . . . 

Radio Shack

LP I, II, IV<br>2.95

LP IIIV
5.88

LP VI, VIII 4.92
DMP 400, 420
4.92

DW II, Nylon
7.88

DW III, Multistrike 4.98
Epson
MX 70/MX 80
5.68

MX 100
7.88

Okidata
$80,82,92 \& 93$ 2.07 84, 94

## 1,000's more

Call or Write for Prices Not Listed

Add $\$ 2.00$ per order for shipping.

## All orders are shipped promptly. <br> Credit Card, Check enclosed.

-MasterCard IVISA
SIX PACK RIBBONS
119 Village Square, Louisville, KY 40243
(502) 245-0064

Name
Address
City
STate $\qquad$
Caro Holder Signature

Card Holder Name (Please Print)

Card Number

Master Card
intortank No.

# WHERE'S-IT 

## by C.E. Laidiaw

What programs are on this disk? Which disk is my WIDGET program? WHERE'S-IT will answer these questions for you and maintain disk directory index files with up to 972 programs in each. Completely user-friendly. just run WHERE'S-IT and follow the prompts to: Create index files holding up to 972 programs
Load or save existing index files Add, delete or update index files for a specific disk
Sort index files alphabetically with a machine language sort
List index files to screen Print index out with 162 programs to the page

Disk only..... $\$ 1995$
(32K Extended Color BASIC)

We are also a dealer for the following companies:

Moreton Bay Software Computerware Spectrum Projects Mark Data, Amdek. Epson Pal Creations, Tom Mix PBH Computer: Inc. Spectral Associates. Cognitec, Elite Sofware Frickly Pear, Botek Cobra Software and many more fine companies.

SOFTWARE HARDWARE

1636 D Avenue, Sulte C Natlonal Clty, CA 92050

After hours:
BES 619-474-8981
Orderline:
61 -474-8982

## T.A.G. <br> THE ADVENTURE GENERATOR



FEATURES
Creates stand-alone programs
Up to 100 rooms, 60 objects, 30 command words. and 9 conditional flags
Supports tape and disk output
Optional printer output of important sections during creation of ADVENTURE
Complete documentation
Includes sample ADVENTURE
Works with all models of the CoCo except MC-10 Requires 32K Extended Color BASIC

## GRAY LADY

by Terry A. Steen

Control your submarine in its efforts to destroy the enemy fleet. You must launch your sub to surface missiles while avoiding the depth charges. Five different types, hi-res graphics and spectacuiar sounds. Also a talking version included at no extra charge for those who have an SCO1 based voice pack. Four screens and progressive difficulty make this all machine language program a real bargain.

Cassette: \$19.95
Disk/Amdisk: \$24.95

# A Journey 



## By Robert Rogers

## Through The Jungle

$T$The Jungle is a graphics game for the 4 K , nonExtended basic Color Computer. It is in response to 4 K owners who ask for programs for their machines. Having started with $4 \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{I}$ understand the feeling of being lost in a sea . . . or jungle of 16 K CoCos.

After upgrading to 32 K and disk-printer system, I more or less forgot about my "old" programs. Then I came across a game I had written and enjoyed. So I spruced it up a bit (remembering not to use the other 29,000 bytes of memory I have). And here it is in its current state, Despite the small memory it still has quite a bit (byte?) of color, sound, graphics and action.
Upon running The Jungle, the title will appear. The theme song will play and then you will be given the chance to select your skill level. One is the easiest, while three is the most difficult. Next, the graphics are drawn.
The object of the game is to maneuver your man (orange, flashing cursor) through the jungle from the upper left-hand corner to the lower right. In the lower right corner is the safari camp (safe zone). In between are dozens of green trees. If too many are "walked into," you lose one man. The number of trees you are allowed to hit is determined by the skill level. On skill level one you can hit eight; two, you can hit five; three, you can hit three.
Control is through the use of the keyboard's arrow keys (see, you don't even need joysticks). Because of the use of PEEKs rather than INKEYS statements, you need not hit the key every time you want to move - just hold it down as long as you want in a particular direction. Also, you can go on diagonals, which saves time and can help you get out of some impossible situations by jumping between trees. Other obstacles include two blue lakes, yellow quicksand, purple bottomless pit, and a vertical river (blue). If you hit any of these you lose one man. The river must be crossed at "dry spots" (black) areas. Usually there are five such spots.
During each play the timer in the upper right of the screen

[^0]shows how much time you have. If the timer hits zero, night falls and you can't see how to go to the camp, so you lose a man. At the completion of each screen your score is shown and you start over with a new maze of trees. Other indicators on the screen are from left to right: number of completed screens; men left; trees hit so far on current screen; and timer,

Your score is computed as follows; time left times remaining trees plus screen number times 1,000 ; plus other bonus points for your level. The score is always multiplied times the skill level. The highest score is displayed at the end of each game.

One thing which might cause the program to crash is if you glide your man into the timer/men-left area of the screen. For some reason, POINT statements give FC Errors if they are made to test text. This is an incentive for you not to go the wrong direction.
1 hope 4 K CoCo users enjoy The Jungle, although those with larger systems will enjoy it too.

Have fun!


The listing:
\% COPYRIEHT (C) 1982 BY ROBERT T, RDGERS
1 CLSE:PRINTE224, "***** THE JUNE LE ADVENTURE *****": PRINTEの," R OBERT ROGERS PRESENTS ....
2 GOSUB4006: $N=4: U=\varnothing$
3 CLS:PRINTE224,"SKILL LEVEL (1-
3) ": : INPUTL: 1 FL=2THENNT=6: $A T=206$
:ELSEIFL=3THENNT=3:AT=100:ELSENT
$=8: A T=300$
$9 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{N}-1$ : IFN= OTHEN 2610
 SUB700.

```
20}x=
36 SET {X,Y, B): SET {X+1,Y, B): SET {X
, Y+1, B):SET (X+1,Y+1, B)
106 IFPEEK(341)=247 THEN Y=Y-2:I
FY<BTHENY=%
116 IFPEEK(342)=247 THEN Y }=\textrm{Y}+2:
FY>36THENY=36
12% IFPEEK(343) =247 THEN X=X-2:I
FX<6THENX=%
130 IFPEEK(344)=247 THEN }X=X+2:
FX>62THENX=62
200 A=A-1
216 PRINTE27, A!
211 IFA<@THENG00%
306 RESET (XX,YY) : RESET {XX+1,YY):
RESET ( }XX,YY+1):RESET { XX+1,YY+1
65% G0T0100%
700 XX=X:YY=Y
80% G0T036
1000 P=POINT (X,Y):PP=POINT {X,Y+1
)
1010 IF PP=1 THENGOSUB290%
1620 UN P EDSUB2066,2200,2400,26
00,700,700,2800
1036 G0T0700
2000 SOUND200, 1:R=R+1:PRINTE25,R
:IF R>NT THEN 2100 ELSE RETURN
210% CLS:PRINT:224,"YOU KNOCKED
```

YOURGELF OUT RUNNING INTO SO MAN Y TREES．YOU DIED ！！＂！
2110 FORM＝1TO2\％：SOUNDRND（23\％），1： NEXT：GロSUB960\％
2120 GロTロ？
2206 CLS2：PRINTE224，＂半为＊＊STUCK IN QUICK SAND＊＊＊＊＊＊＂！
2216 FORM＝1TOG6：SOUNDRND（26），1：N EXT：GOTO9
2400 CLS3：PRINTE224，＂＊훈휸휴 YOU D ROWNED．TOD BAD！＊＊＊＊＊＂
2416 FORM＝1T030：SOUNDRND（106），1： NEXT：GOSUB906历：GOTO9
$2606 \mathrm{U}=\mathrm{U}+1: \mathrm{S}=\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{A} *$ INT（（（R／NT）＊16）
）＋（U＊1の日6）：CLS2：PRINTE224，＂SCORE
SO FAR＝＂S＊L：GUSUE4060：EDT010
2616 S＝S＊L：CLS2：PRINTA224，＂gCDRE $=19$
2620 PRINT＂LEVEL＝＂L
2636 IFS＞HS THENHS＝S：PRINT＂NEW H IEH SCORE！！！！＂：SOUND206，10
2640 PRINT＂HIGH SCORE TODAY＝＂HS
2645 G0SUB4066
2650 GOSUB9000：GOTO2
2806 CLS7：PRINTE224，＂YOU FELL I N THE BOTTOMLESS PIT－HAVE A NI CE FALL！！HA！HA！HA！＂！
2810 FORM＝255T019TEP－5

## HARDWARE PRODUCTS FOR THE TRS－80 COLOR COMPUTER

## SERIAL SWITCHERS

These bi－directional switchers allow you to expand your serial port to two or inree peripherals or to connect one peripheral to two or three computers．They are a compact $2 \times 3 \times 11 / 2$ inches and are available with a mounted pilot light． 2 Ports ．．．．．．．．．．．． $25^{00}$ 64KFOR $3^{3} 75^{00}$ Add 550 for Pilot Light

## RASIC ROME

 BASIC ROM 1.1 BASIC ROM $1.2 \ldots . .35^{\circ \circ}$E．C．B．ROM $1.1 \ldots . .60^{\circ 0}$ D．E．C．B．ROM 1．1．．．． $35^{\circ 0}$

## RAMs

 Set of Eight

1．C． 8 6809E－1 MHZ MPU $25^{\circ 0}$
$68809 E-2$ MHZ MPU． $30^{\circ 0}$ $68809 E-2 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{MPU}$
$6821-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ PIA． ©8B21－2 MHz PIA． 6883－SAM 6847－VDG 1 MHz Set of Four 2 MHz Set of Four ．．${ }^{3} 0^{\circ \circ}$ 6822－H．D．PIA．．．．${ }^{3} 15^{00}$
TERMS：Cashler＇s checks and money orders for immediate delivery－Personal checks allow 2 weeks－Orders $\$ 100$ to $\$ 199$ save $10 \%$－$\$ 200$ and over save $15 \%$ California residents add $\%$ Orders under $\$ 25$ add $\$ 2$ shipping－C．O．D．add $\$ 4$

Price includes expert instaliation a 64K RAM Button，64K Software （Specily disk or cass．），a 64k User Sheet，Return Shipping，and a $90-D A Y$ ÚNCONDITIONAL WARRANTY． Requires 1.1 or newer BASIC ROM． Send your operating 285 （F）Series Color Computer，TDP－100，or Color Computer 2 with a Cashier＇s Check or Money Order for fastest return． For D，or E Series boards，add ${ }^{5} 20^{\circ 0}$ ． If necessary，add ${ }^{9} 35^{\circ 0}$ for new ROM．

## misc

VT－8302 Pilot Light KIt． VT－8401 Cooling Fan Kit． 6＇T．V．Cable wik．F．I．Filter 40 －Pin，Clip－on Heatsink $16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$ ，or 64 K RAM Button． 16 to 24 Pin I．C．Extractor． 4,5 ，or 6 Pin，M or F，Cable DIN 4，5，or 6 Pin，F，Chassis DIN．．
$7^{* 0}$ $25^{\circ \circ}$ $* 1500$
.100 $.1^{\circ 0}$ $3^{30}$ －1000 ：200

## SGS

SEMIGRAPHICS SYSTEM FOR

## EXTENDED COLOR BASIC USERS

POUERFUL，YET EASY TO USE UTILITY TO PERFORH GRAPHIC FUNCTIONS IN THOSE SEIICRAPHIC HODES UHICH ARE NOT SUPPORTED BY EXTENDED COLOR BASIC．USE EIEHT CDLORS ON BLACK BACKGRONND，UP 10 A MAXIMUY RESOLUTION OF $64 \times 192$ POINTS．COMBINE TEXT AND GRAPHICS．

GRAPHICS UTILITY FUNCTIONS
SET／TEST POINI DROU LINE DRAN／FILL RECTAWCLE DRAN CIRCLE PAINT AREA TRANSFOPM CDORODTMATES
PAGE ALLOCATION IM RAM COPY PAGES／SELECTED AREAS SELECT HOOESTCOLORS PACE PAWTINC／SCROLLIMG
SAVEAOAD TMACE ON TAPEJDISK DISPLAY／CLEAR PAEE
OTHER FEATUPES：USER CREATED SOUNDS，ERROR COOES， COHPREHENSIVE USERS HANUAL，AND DEMO PROCRAH．

SCS is a S．SK，position－independent Hachine Language systen that can be accessed fron Extendad Color Basic While using the standard graphics connands．

CASSETTE ．．．．． $\mathbf{\$ 2 9 . 9 5}$ Distcatte．．．．．$\$ 34.95$ Send Check or Money Order to：
MICRD COMPUTER SYSTEHS
1404 SUNSET DRIVE
FRIENDSWOOO TK 77546

## 2829 SOUNDM, 1: NEXTM

2830 CL59: G0suB9øø0: G0T09
4øøø DATA58, 4, 78, 4, 89, 8, 78, 4, 89, $4,125, B, 108,16$
491ø FORM=1TO3:FORZ=1TO3:READK,K K
4Ø2ø SOUNDK,KK: NEXTZ: IFM<3THENRE STORE: NEXTM
4930 FORM=1TO4:READK,KK: SOUNDK,K K: NEXTM: RESTORE: RETURN
69øø CLSפ:PRINTE224,"IT IS ALREA
DY NIGHT---YOU LOST!!";
610ø FORM=1T036:SOUND99, 1:SOUND8 9,1:NEXT
6260 GOT09
$706 \emptyset$ FORH=4TO17
7010 FORV=10TO17
$7020 \operatorname{SET}(H, V, 3)$
7936 NEXTV,H
7106 FORH=44T055
7110 FORV=8TO15
$7129 \operatorname{SET}(H, V, 3)$
7130 NEXTV,H
7200 FORH=30TO31
7210 FORV=gT031
$7220 \operatorname{SET}(\mathrm{H}, \dot{\mathrm{V}}, 3)$
7239 NEXTV,H
$739 \varnothing$ FORT=1T05

丸 $\star \star$ NEM $\star \star \star$

## Forralaker220

## the fastest, most complete office package yet!

Totally Menu Driven
Customize with company information \& printer Complete "on screen" instructions

## FORMS

letter
invoice
quote
purchase order
mail order
confirm order
receipt

## STORES

complete forms itemlist subquotes letters footnotes customer info

## FIGURES

quantity
list
net
discount
subtotąls
tax
freight, etc.

SEPARATE CONFIGURE PROGRAM
for company info
printer options
quote \& inv. \#
w/auto sequencing
auto date

## PRINTS

form feed
letterhead
envelope
multiple copy
emphasized
Challenger Software
3703131 st Ave N
$\$ 4932 \mathrm{~K}$ disc send for more information Clearwater, FL 33520
or Call [813] 577-3998
and catalog of other
fine software

```
7316 VmRND(30)
```

7316 VmRND(30)
7315 IF INT (V/2)<>(V/2)THENV=V-1
7315 IF INT (V/2)<>(V/2)THENV=V-1
7320 RESET (30,V)
7320 RESET (30,V)
7325 RESET (30,V+1)
7325 RESET (30,V+1)
7330 RESET (31,V)
7330 RESET (31,V)
7335 RESET (31,v+1)
7335 RESET (31,v+1)
734 NEXTT
734 NEXTT
7400 FORH=16T023
7400 FORH=16T023
7410 FORV=20T027
7410 FORV=20T027
7420 SET (H,V,2)
7420 SET (H,V,2)
7430 NEXTV,H
7430 NEXTV,H
759% FORH=36TO45
759% FORH=36TO45
7510 FORV=22T027
7510 FORV=22T027
7520 SET (H,V,7)
7520 SET (H,V,7)
7530 NEXTV,H
7530 NEXTV,H
7690 FORH=S6T0G3
7690 FORH=S6T0G3
7610 FORV=36TOS1
7610 FORV=36TOS1
7620 SET (H,V,4)
7620 SET (H,V,4)
7636 NEXTV,H
7636 NEXTV,H
790% RETURN
790% RETURN
80400 CLS0
80400 CLS0
8610 FORT=1TO17%
8610 FORT=1TO17%
8036 C=RND (2)
8036 C=RND (2)
8940 IFC=1 THENC=137ELSEC=134
8940 IFC=1 THENC=137ELSEC=134
8656 PRINTE (RND (507)), CHR\$ (C);
8656 PRINTE (RND (507)), CHR\$ (C);
8060 NEXT:PRINTB15, U!"MEN="N:RET
8060 NEXT:PRINTB15, U!"MEN="N:RET
URN
URN
9006 FORM=1TO20@m:NEXT:RETURN
9006 FORM=1TO20@m:NEXT:RETURN


- Directional Movement
- Screen Scrolling
- Home the Cursor
- Limit the Cursor
- Down Page
- Up Page
- Search a Line
- Call a Line
- Find a String
- Repeat Find

SCREEN-EDITING

- Change Characters
- Extend a Line
- Kill a Line
- Insert Characters
- Delete Characters
- Move a Line
- Split a Line
- Copy a Line - Auto-Numbering Other features include: Auto-Repeating keys, Key Tone, user-friendly Prompts and Error Messages, and 24 pages of comprehensive, easy-to-read Documentation.

EDITTRON is a 3 K , fully position-independent Machine Language program that requires a minimum 16 K of RAM, and Extended Color BASIC.
CASSETTE.................... $\$ 35$ DISKETTE
\$ 40

# Theory And Structure Of Direct Access Files - Part II 

By Bill Nolan Rainbow Contributing Editor

Last month we introduced this series with an article about the INSTR function and its use on the Color Computer. This month we will talk about the theory and structure of direct access files, and in the upcoming months we will learn about and develop a working database manager program. The particular program we will develop is a mailing list program.

When we are talking about disk files of data, we need to have some terms in common. A database is a group of related pieces of information arranged in some way. A database manager is a program designed to create, sort, search, or otherwise manipulate a database. To sort means to arrange in some order, such as alphabetically, or by ZIP code. To search means to look through the whole file and find all the data related in some way you have chosen. For example, you might search through a mailing list to find all of the people who live in Ohio.

Some additional terms we will be using are field, record, and file. A good way to illustrate these is by considering a mailing list program. This program will store information about several people. We may choose to keep track of the name, address, city, state, ZIP, and phone: six pieces of information about each person. Each one of these pieces of information is called a field. The name is a field, the address is another field, and so on. All of the information about one person is called a record, and all of the information about all of the people is called the file. Thus, we have files which are made up of records, while the records are made up of fields.

Whenever you are working with direct access files on any computer, including the Color Computer, all of the records must be the same length. That is, each record must have exactly the same number of characters as every other record in the file. The reason for this is that we may want to remove

[^1]a record from the file and put another in its place, and if they aren't exactly the same size, the new record won't fit in the spot the computer has allocated for it.

For the same reason, you must decide ahead of time how long each field in the record will be, and that is then a fixed figure. For instance, considering the mailing list again, we might decide ahead of time to allow 30 characters for the name, 30 for the address, 15 for the city, two for the state code, nine for the ZIP code, and 13 for the phone number. This will make each and every record 99 characters in length, and even if we don't use all of those 30 spaces for the name, the record will still be 99 characters long. As you can see, it is important to decide on the length of each field very carefully.

Since names and addresses differ in length, the CoCo has a special command that will make everything fit. This command is SET, and it can be used in two forms, LSET and $R S E T$. If you use $L S E T$, the computer adds spaces to the beginning of your name to make it 30 characters long, while if you use $R S E T$, the computer achieves equality of length by adding spaces to the end. If the name is too long, the computer just chops it off at the predetermined length. If it won't fit, don't worry, we'll make it fit.

If you allocate too much space for one of your fields, then a lot of space will be wasted on the disk, while too little space allocated will result in loss of data as the computer chops off the extra. Be sure to put a lot of thought into this when you choose your field length. In general, you must have enough space to accommodate the longest possible item, but no more. Let's consider names again. Many people have short names like Bill, John, Mary, Jill, and Bob, but the publisher of this magazine has the first name of Lawrence, and some other long first names are Archibald, Georgette, and Theodore. First names can easily be nine or 10 letters long.

Last names are also quite variable, ranging from Ho to Schlotzhauer, with a few even longer. Fifteen letters is not too many to allow for the last name. In addition to the first and last name, we have to allow for the space between the two names and also for something following the name, such
as Jr. or M.D. As you can see, 30 characters is just about right for the name. You will find the other figures I mentioned above are not too far off, either, so we will want to allocate 9.9 spaces for each record in our mailing list.

What we are doing right now is the sort of planning ahead you should do before you start to write any program. You first need to decide what the program will do for you. In this case, we decided that we wanted a program that would keep a mailing list on disk, sort that list, and search it for us.

We have also decided that we are going to keep track of six pieces of information about each person, and we have decided how much space to allocate for each piece of information. The next thing to be decided is what main sections we will need in our program in order to fulfill our objectives.
> "The final mailing list will be a pretty nice one, with the ability to search or sort on any field, and a fairly fast sort method utilizing a temporary directory."

Most programs need a section in the beginning to set things up. This is where we can clear space for strings, set up any initial variables, and print out the main menu of the program. Our main menu will have choices on it for such things as Add Names, Search, Sort, Print List, and Print Labels. We will need a section for each of these things.

Let's start by considering some of the commands we will need to use for the disk access portion of our program.

## 10 OPEN "D", \#1 "MAILLIST/DAT", 99

This line does several things for our program. First, the command OPEN creates a channel of communication between the computer and the disk drive. The " $D$ "tells the computer that we will be using the direct access mode of storage. The \#1 tells the computer to use buffer \#l for temporary storage of the information passing back and forth between the computer and disk drive. "MAILLIST/ $D A T$ "is the name of our file, and the 99 is the length of each record in the file. When this command is executed, the computer will look on the disk in the drive to see if there is already a file named "MAILLIST" out there, and if there isn't, the computer will create one. Try running that line, and you will see that the disk directory gets a new entry. By the way, when working with disk files it is a good idea to type the command UNLOAD before removing a disk from the drive. This will close all open channels, and help prevent data loss.

[^2]
## 25 FOR R=1 TO 3

The $F O R$ loop set up here will let us type in the information about three people and store it on the disk.

```
30 INPUT"NAME";X$:LSET N$=X$
40 INPUT"ADDRESS";X$:LSET A$=X$
50 INPUT"CITY";X$:LSET C$=X$
60 INPUT"STATE";X$:LSET S$=X$
70 INPUT"ZIP CODE";X$:LSET Z$=X$
80 INPUT"PHONE #";X$:LSET P$=X$
```

These six lines let us input the information about a person, and then "make it fit" our pre-decided field lengths by applying the $L S E T$ command.

## 90 PUT \#1,R

This line puts the information on the disk. The \#1 is the buffer number, and is the same as the \# 1 in Line 10 . The $R$ is the record number. Every record in a direct access file is numbered, and the file is called a direct access file because we can go directly to the information we want if we know its number. The number is like the address of that record.

## 95 NEXT R

Line 95 sends us back to Line 25 so we can input the information for the next person. This loop will continue until we have input the information about all three people.

```
97 CLS
100 FOR R = 1 TO 3
```

Now we've re-established the loop because we are going to go out on the disk, get the information about the five people, and print it on the screen.

## 110 GET \#1, R

The $G E T$ command is the opposite of PUT. PUT writes the information on the disk as the record number specified, while $G E T$ retrieves the information.

## 120 PRINT N\$:PRINT A\$:PRINT C $\$, S \$, Z \$, P \$: P R I N T$ 130 NEXT R

Line 120 prints out the information about one of the people in the file, and 130 completes the loop. All we have to do now is tell the computer we are finished with this file for the present. The command to do that is:

## 140 CLOSE \#1

This tells the computer that we are finished communicating with the disk drive through buffer \#1.
In the next four columns we will write each of the sections we talked about above almost as though they were separate programs, and then combine them together into our mailing list. The final mailing list will be a pretty nice one, with the ability to search or sort on any field, and a fairly fast sort method utilizing a temporary directory. Our program will be designed to handle about 400 names. Between now and next month, you start getting your names together, and I'll finish writing the mail list program. See you next month with part three.



## By Charles Husak

0nce upon a time in a far away land lived a dragon who guarded a fabulous fleece of gold. In this land there also lived a poor farmer named Arnold, who dreamed of the day when he could climb to the top of the dragon's lair, slay him, and take his golden fleece.

The trip to the top of the lair is very dangerous, but Arnold has learned from a sorcerer the secrets of the lair - that there is a staff of Ora at the very top which will destroy the dragon. But you must reach the top, get the staff, and push your joystick button to fire the magic light that will destroy the dragon. Getting the staff is difficult. You must jump over the Hornbobers that come from under the ladders. Then you must climb the one-way ladders. Once you start you cannot climb down. Beware of the pits that open and close. You must wait till the pit closes before you can cross.

# THE TOP 4 COCO GAMES... 



## CUBIX

By Spectral Associates. Very much like the arcade smash! Jump little Cubix around the 3D maze trying to change the color of all the squares. With Death Globes, Discs, Snakes, etc. 32K Tape: $\$ 24.95$

## ZAKSUND

From Elite Software comes this fantastic arcade style space action game with 3 different stages of moving 3-D graphics. You've never seen anything like this on your CoCo! Great sound too! 32K Tape: $\$ 24.95$



## THE KING

Previously called 'Donkey King' you simply cannot buy a more impressive game for your CoCo. With 4 different screens and loads of fun! From Tom Mix Software, 32K Tape: $\$ 25.95$

## GHOST GOBBLER

From Spectral Assoc, This "PAC" theme game has been improved several times. It is definitely the best of its type. Brilliant color, action and sound just like an arcade. 16K Tape: $\$ 24.95$


## COLORCADE SUPER JOYSTICK MODULE



JOYSTICK INTERFACE/RAPID FIRE/6 FT. EXTENDER ALL IN ONE! The Colorcade allows connection of any Atari type joystick to your CoCo (including the Wico Red Ball). These switch type sticks are extremely rugged and have a faster and more positive response. They will improve the play of almost any action game.
An adjustable speed rapid fire circuit is built in. Press your fire button and get a great burst of fire instead of just a single shot! You get a real advantage in shooting games that do not have repeat fire.

ATARI JOYSTICK
ONLY $\$ 8.50$

THE BEST YOU
CAN BUY WICO \#15-9730

## COLORWARE LIGHT PEN

 ONLY \$19.95

WITH SIX FREE PROGRAMS ON CASSETTE!

The Colorware Light Pen plugs directly into your joystick port and comes with six fun \& useful programs on cassette. Easy instructions show how to use it with Basic and it's compatible with light pen software such as Computer Island's "Fun Pack." Order yours today. Only $\$ 19.95$ complete

## TELEWRITER-64



## TOLL FREE ORDERING 800-221-0916

## 'REAL TALKER' HARDWARE Voice Synthesizer

## NEWfrom COLORWARE.. only... \$59.95

## THINKING OF BUYING A COCO VOICE SYNTHESIZER? READ THIS....

Making your computer talk couldn't be any easier! 'Real Talker' is a full featured, ready to use, HARDWARE voice synthesizer system in a cartridge pak. It uses the Votrax SC-01 phoneme synthesizer chip to produce a clear, crisp voice.

## FREE TEXT-TO-SPEECH

Included free with 'Real Talker' is Colorware's remarkable Text-to-Speech program. This is a truly powerful machine language utility. What it does is automatically convert plain English to speech. And it has an unlimited vocabulary! For example, use it in the direct mode: Type in a sentence or a paragraph, even mix in numbers, dollar signs, etc., then press enter. The text is spoken. At the same time a phoneme string is generated which can be saved to cassette or disk, modified or used in a Basic program.

We originally planned to sell this major piece of programming for about $\$ 40.00$ but decided it was so useful that no 'Real Talker' user should be without it. Besides, it really shows off the capability of 'Real Talker'.

Also included with 'Real Talker' is our unique Phoneme Editor program. It allows you to explore and create artificial speech at the phoneme level. Phenomes are the fundimental sounds or building blocks of word pronunciation. There are 64 different phenomes, as well as 4 inflection levels at your disposal. Creating and modifying speech at the phenome level is both fascinating and educational. The Phenome Editor may also be used to customize the pronunciation of speech produced by the Text-to-Speech program.


You don't have to use any of our utility programs though. If you write your own Basic Programs, you will find the pocket sized Votrax Dictionary (included free) is all you need to make your own Basic programs talk. This dictionary gives you quick access to the phenome sequences used to create approximately 1400 of the most used words in the English language.

How about compatibility? 'Real Talker' is compatible with any $16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}, 64 \mathrm{~K}$, Extended or non-extended Color Computer. It works with any cassette or disk based system, with or without the Radio Shack Multi-slot expander. No other synthesizer under $\$ 100$ can make this claim. Most other CoCo voice synthesizers require an expensive Multi-slot expander in order to work with the disk system. 'Real Talker' requires only an inexpensive $Y$ adapter. This is an important consideration if you plan on adding a disk or have one already.
'Real Talker' comes completely assembled, tested and ready to use. It is powered by the CoCo and talks through your T.V. speaker so there is nothing else to add. Price includes Text-to-Speech and other programs on cassette (may be transferred to disk), User Manual and Votrax Dictionary. ONLY
. \$59.95
'Y-BRANCHING CABLE' For disk systems. This 40-pin, 3 connector cable allows 'Real Talker' to be used with any disk system
\$29.95

## YOU DECIDE....

Order yours today on our Toll-Free Order Line. If you are not delighted with your 'Real Talker' system, simply return it within 30 days for a prompt, courteous refund.

COLORWARE INC. 78-03F Jamaica Ave. Woodhaven, NY 11421 (212) 647-2864

The Dragon＇s Gold，requiring 32 K ECB，is a game of arcade action which I wrote for my eight－year－old daughter， Dianne．For those who can use the higher computer speed， enter 5 POKE 65495，0．Speeding up the computer will also increase the difficulty．To start the game after the title either push the Space Bar or the joystick button．And here＇s a hint before you begin the quest：Keep moving because if you stop，the Hornbobers will speed up．

The listing：


6 DIM R（16），S（16）
7 TR＝1
8 CLS：GOSUB3000：CLS
9 CLS：EOTO290\％
$10 T=\& H 1 A: Z=1: P O K E \& H 415 A, 6$
11 C＝183：$D=162: P=g$
12 POKE\＆H4123，\＆H59：POKE\＆H4125，\＆H
46：POKE\＆H4 127，\＆H59
13 KL＝్ర：POKE\＆H3F58，\＆H1A
15 PMODE4：SCREEN1，1：PMDDE3
20 PCLS
35 DRAW＂BMD，1845C75R255＂
49 PAINT $(8,188), 7,7$

30 DRAW＂BM\％，144；C7；R255＂
55 DRAW＂BME，152；C7！R268U日R1日DER3
6＂
57 PAINT（256，148），7，7
60 PAINT $(8,148), 7,7$
76 DRAW＂BMD，112；C7；R33U日R1日D日R21
6＂
75 DRAW＂BM0，104；C7；R255＂
77 PAINT $\{250,108), 7,7$
89 PAINT $\{8,108), 7,7$
90 DRAW＂BM＠，72；C7；R20日U8R18DER30
＂
95 DRAW＂BMg，64；C71R255
97 PAINT $(256,68), 7,7$
109 PAINT $(8,68), 7,7$
110 DRAW＂ BM 6，44；C7；R24U4R20DER4D
4R4D4R4D4R4D4＂
120 PAINT $(20,48), 7,7$
125 GOSUB136
126 EOTO166
130 DRAW＂EM212，184；C7；U4RED4UBLB D4U日R8D4U8L8D4U日RED4UELED4UERED4 UBLED4UERED4＂
146 DRAW＂BM36，144；C7；U4RED4UBLED 4UERED4U日L BD4U日RED4UELED4UERED4U 8L8D4U日R日D4＂
150 DRAW＂BM212；104；C7；U4R8D4UBLB D4U8RBD4U8L8D4U日R8D4U日L8D4U日R日D4

## For Your TRS－80 Color Computer 320 Full－time Audio Talk／Tutor Programs！



## We＇re Your Educational Software Source

Course
Language Arts
（Spelling）
Reading
Comprehension
Phonics
English as a Second
Language
Mathematics
Basic Algebra
Physics
Effective Writing History

No．of Programs
16 Programs 64 Programs 32 Programs 32 Programs

32 Programs 64 Programs 16 Programs 16 Programs 16 Programs 32 Programs

## In Color，with Pictures and Text！

All of our TRS－80 Color programs have easy to understand profes． sional announcer narration，not synthesized，robotic voices．All text is displayed in easy to read upper－and lower－case characters．Video clearly illustrates key concepts in each frame of the program．
Only $\mathbf{\$ 4 . 4 0}$ per program（ $\mathbf{\$ 8 . 8 0}$ for 2，one on each side of a half－hour cassette）．$\$ 59.90$ for 16 programs（ 8 cassettes）in an album．Send for catalog of over 1000 programs for Atari，TRS－80，Apple，etc．

Dealer inquiries welcome For more information，or to order call： TOLL FREE 1－800－654－3871 IN OKLAHOMA CALL（405）288－2301

DORSETT
Educational Systems，Inc．
Box 1226，Norman，OK 73070
－
Vझ ${ }^{\circ}$
-155 RETURN
160 DRAW＂ BMB ；44；C6；U4H4G2；BM1 $\mathrm{D}_{3} 4$
4；U6E6U2：BME；40；U3H6U2；BM1D，40：U 19E3＂
165 DRAW＂BM4：9，39；－E9TDGR2U6L2＂ $\qquad$
170 DRAW＂EM70，63tE6\％U2RGU2R6U2R6 U2R6U2R6D2R5D2R6U2R4U2R4D2R2ERR3
D2L1D2L2D2L2D2L2D2R1g＂
173 DRAW＂BM249，63；C8；U15L3ESFSL4 D15＂
189 DRAW＂BM79；63；C6；R15U3F3R4U4F 4R2øU2L4U2R22U2＂
185 PAINT（ 72,62 ），6，6：PAINT（ 89,69 ），6，6
187 PSET（118，55，7）
188 POKE\＆H3F58，\＆H1A：POKE\＆H3F59，\＆ H4ø
189 EXEC\＆H3F90：$Y=65$
190 POKE\＆H3F67，\＆H3F：POKE\＆H3Fø8，\＆
H5B
192 EXEC\＆H4999
195 A＝JOYSTK（ø）
290 IF A＞5ø THEN GOSUB23øø
$21 \varnothing$ IF A＜1ø THEN GOSUB233ø
$215 \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{JOYSTK}(1)$
220 IF $\mathrm{B}<1 \varnothing$ AND PEEK $(\& H 3 F 59)=\$ \mathrm{H} 5$
A THEN GOSUB265
$23 \varnothing$ IF B＜1ø AND PEEK（\＆H3F59）$=\$ \mathrm{H} 4$
4 AND $\mathrm{C}=143$ THEN GOSUB 2669
249 $\mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Z}+1$
25ø IF $Z=8$ THEN GOSUB4ø5
26ø IF $Z=2 \emptyset$ THEN GOSUB 430
265 IF PEEK（\＆H3F59）＞77 AND PEEK（
\＆H3F59）＜ 82 THEN 266 ELSE 270
266 IF $Z>B$ AND $Z<29$ THEN GOSUB47 0
－ 270 IF PEEK（339）$=254$ THEN GOSUB 1 ตøø
272 EXEC\＆H4099
275 EXEC\＆HSFøø
278 EXEC\＆H4130
279 IF PEEK（\＆H415A）$=196$ THEN 48の
280 IF PEEK（\＆H3F58）$=\$ H 98$ THEN 27
89
$310 \mathrm{SC}=5 \mathrm{SC}+19$
490 GOTO19の
495 DRAW＂BM12ø，112；C1；U8R20D8L2の
＂：PAINT（125，108），1，1
41ø DRAW＂BM12ø，152；C1；U8R2øD8L2の
＂：PAINT（125，149），1，1
429 RETURN
43ø DRAW＂BM129，112；C7；U8R20D8L2の
＂：PAINT（125，198），7，7
44ø DRAW＂BM129，152；C7；U8R29D8L2の
＂：PAINT（125，149），7，7
45月 $\mathrm{Z}=\emptyset$
469 RETURN

479 IF PEEK（\＆H3F58）＜ 15 THEN RETU RN
475 IF PEEK（\＆H3F58）＞25 THEN RETU RN
$-489 S R=S R+1$
481 PLAY＂L29；04；1；2；3；4；5； $6 ; 7 ; 8 ;$
9；10；11：12＂
483 IF SR＞2 THEN $49 \varnothing$
484 GOTO1ø
490 TR＝4
491 PLAY＂L2ø：04；1：2：3：4：5：6：7：日！
9！10：9；8；7：6：5；4；3；2：1＂
495 GOTO9
$1909 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{PEEK}$（\＆H3F58）
1995 EXEC\＆H3F3C
$1010 A=A-1$
1020 POKE\＆H3F5B，A
1930 EXEC\＆H3F1E
1033 FORX＝1T04：EXEC\＆H4999
1 1034 PLAY＂03L30；4：5＂：NEXTX
1935 EXEC\＆HSF3C
1046 A＝A＋1
1050 POKE\＆H3F5B，A
1055 EXEC\＆H3F $9 \varnothing$

## AUTOSTART，PROTECT \＆PROFESSIONALIZE YOUR PROGRAMS with IIIDE－A－BASIC 1.1

AT LASTI A program that combines autostart with complete protection of your valuable basic programs． IMPORTANT FEATURES：
－Autostarts your programs．
A ML program that modifies your program and NOT just ＇Stands Apart＇．
－Option to disable Break－key，Clear key \＆Reset button．
－Disables LIST，LLIST，EDIT，DEL，TRON，TROFF，CSAVE（M）， CLOAD（M）．
－Disables POKE，PEEK，EXEC \＆USR to prevent＇Back－door entry＇to your program．
－Disables disk functions to avoid access thru Disk System．
－Creates an＇ONERR GOTO＇routine to trap errors．
－Your Basic program is loaded as a ML program－with CLOADM．
－Full documentation．
WITH HIDE－A－BASIC 1．1 THERE IS PRACTICALLY NO WAY ANYONE CAN＇GET INTO＇YOUR PROGRAM．
Buy Now \＆Protect your Profits．For 16K ECB Cassette System．Tape－Only $\$ 24.95$ ．
To Order：VISA，MC，Check，MO，COD（\＄2．50）．Please add $\$ 2.00$ shipping and handling．NYS Residents，please add Sales Tax．Immediate Shipment．

## ／$/$ MICROCOM SOFTWARE

## P．O．BOX 214，FAIRPORT，N．Y． 14450

（716） $425-1824$
（9AM－9PM Mon－Sat）
Dealer Inquiries Welcome
$\underbrace{\times}_{\text {Mastercard }}$

## Elite-File

THIS IS IT! ELITE•FILE is the Data Base Manager that Color Computer users have been. waiting for. ELITE•FILE is for everyone who needs to store and retrieve information. ELITE•FILE is a full-featured relational Data Base Manager with all the editing and report formatting features that are typically found on much larger computer systems. Compare record structure flexibility, total record capacity, information processing ability, speed of program response, printed output flexibility, and you'll agree that ELITE•FILE may very well be the most powerful/useful program ever written for the Color Computer.

## MAJOR features include:

All machine language for speed - Flexible, user defined, data record structures • Up to 255 characters per record fleld - Up to 255 fields per record - Up to 2000 characters per record - Up to 4000 records per file • Up to 16 files can be open at the same time for information processing • Edit, Scan, Sort, Select Record information; all done FAST • Output reports to Screen, Printer, or ASCII Disk file - Place output data by Fleld Name, with Custom Text anywhere on the printed page - Perform math operatlons (,,+- *, /) between Field contents • Produce tabulated reports from multiple record contents - Generate column totals across record field contents.

Compatible with Elite $\cdot$ Calc and Elite $\cdot$ Word files - User friendly combination of Menu driven input, and single key commands • Supports up to 4 drives - Minimum 32K RAM, Disk required - Nested sub-field definitions - Up to 8 fields in Primary Key - Copy record definition from file to file - View/Print record definition - Input/Add records with easy to use field name format display - Edit records with full screen "type over" editor • Copy records to repeat identical data - Load Elite ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Calc}$ worksheets into random access data files Scan mode for quick data retrieval - Locate any record by field contents - Select specific groups of records by field content with full logic combination capabilities - Sort records in ascending or descending order by any field, or group of fields. Calculate values from combinations of field contents - Output any subset of fields in any order for printed reports - User setable print formats; Page Title, Top and Bottom Margin, Line Spacing, Page Length, Page Pause, Form Feeds and more - Output format also supports TAB, VTAB, CR, PAGE, text, HEX printer controls, and more - Join up to four sub-files to extend data record for printing - Produced detailed repetitive reports, for output on preprinted forms, using output formats written on Elite Word - Váriable Text Insert feature of Elite *Word is fully supported - Refile old record data into NEW record structures - Data, Field Definitions, Indices all stored on a single file - Memory resident, no program overlays from disk - Single program performs all features - List disk Directories and "Kill" files without leaving the program - Data files also accessible from BASIC programs.

- Disk Only

THE BEST FOR ONLY

- Shipping NOW
- Add $\$ 2.50$ Shipping
- PA residents add $6 \%$ sales tax
- Dealer inquiries invited
* COLOR COMPUTER WORKSHEET *


## Elite-Calc

ELITE•CALC is a powerfui, full featured worksheet calculator designed especially for the Color Computer. Answer "what if" questions, prepare reports, maintain records and perform other tasks that, until now, required sophisticated business computers. ELITE CALC is a serious tool for those who want to do more than play games.

## MAJOR features include:

Ease of use - Individual cell formulas - Copy Blocks of cells - Full cell-edit capability • Easy 132 column page width - Changeable Baud rates - Graph format for bar charts - Sort (ascending or descending) - Sample worksheets included.

Single character commands - Help displays - 255 maximum rows • 255 maximum columns - Available memory always displayed • Rapid Entry modes for text and data - Selectable, automatic, cursor movement - Insert, Delete, Move entire rows or columns - Replicate one cell to fill a row or column with selectable formula adjustment All machine language for speed $\bullet$ Extended BASIC required for ROM routine calls - Automatic memory size detection for $16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$, or $64 \mathrm{~K} \cdot>20 \mathrm{~K}$ bytes storage available in 32 K systems • Math operators: $+,-, x, /, \dagger,(,) \bullet$ Relation operators: $=,>,<,<=,>=,<>\bullet$ Logic Operations: AND, OR, NOT • Conditional Formula: IF, THEN, ELSE - Trig Functions: SIN, COS, TAN, ATN - Log Functions: LOG, EXP, SQR • Misc. Functions: INT, FX, ABS, SGN, RND - Range Functions: SUM, AVERAGE, COUNT, MIN, MAX, LOOKUP - Definable constant table - User definable printer set-up commands • Individual column width settings - Adjustable row height to insert blank lines without wasting memory • Hide columns or rows * Alternate print font selectable on a cell by cell basis - Display/Print formats set by cell, row, or column - Dollar format, comma grouping, prefix or postfix sign - Scientific notation, fixed point and interger formats - Left and Right cell contents justification • Full page formatting - All formats stored with worksheet on disk (tape) - Save/ Load Disk (tape) files in compact memory form - Scan disk directories - Output ASCII file for word processor input capability • Memory resident code ... no repeated disk calls.

THE BEST FOR ONLY

Specify: Disk or Tape

- Shipping Irom stock NOW
- Dealer Inquiries Inviled Add \$2 Poslage \& Handing PA residents add 6 . sales tax quality program has the performance required for serious home applications as well as small businesses."
-Stuart Hawkinson, RAINBOW
"Truly one of the best programs I have seen." - John Steiner, MICRO
"Elite•Calc is an extremely powerful worksheet
- Jack Lane, COLOR MICRO JOURNAL
"Bruce Cook's Elite*Caic is a very fine program indeed; potentially one of the great Color Computer Programs." ". . a very impressive product.
-Scott L. Norman, HOT COCO


# Elite-Word <br> Also Available On 0S-9 

THE SECOND GENERATION WORD PROCESSOR IS HERE ELITE•WORD is a high performance, all machine language, Full Screen Editor which offers an ease-of-use that is simply incredible. ELITE•WORD has many powerful features not found in other word processors for the Color Computer. ELITE •WORD also offers a printed output flexibility that can handle your sophisticated home and business applications.

MAJOR features include:
Very easy to use - Top screen line reserved for HELP display/Command prompts - Excellent for BOTH program editing and word processing - TWO text entry modes; Insert or Exchange - Auto Key-Repeat - Smooth display scroll for easier proof reading - True Upper/Lower case display with lower case descenders • Hi-Res text "View" mode displays text exactly as it will be printed; Including text Justification, Auto Line Centering, dynamic Margin changes, Top and Bottom Margins, Page Numbering, and Page Breaks - Include feature (disk only) permits including several file names within one output document; total document will have sequential page numbering if desired - Fast Disk I/O; no loading of overlay files to slow down operation - Variable Text (Mall Merge) capability for Form Letter generation

32K Extended Basic Required for ROM routine calls - Variable TAB stops - User definable Headers and Footers - Smooth cursor movement over text; in any direction (including vertical) - Page Forward or Backward through text • Jump to beginning or end of text • Automatic text centering • Automatic text Word-Wrap if desired • True Block text Move, Delete, or Copy * Delete entire screen line - Backspace and Delete Character - Delete character above cursor • Find a string of characters - Global Replace character string - Two HiRes screen displays; $32 \times 19$ for text entry/editing, $64 \times 19$ for formatted text viewing - Continuous Memory display - Over 22 K file size in 64K machines - Easy generation of ASCII files - Save/Load text files (in ASCII if desired) - Program remembers last File Name loaded or saved, and will write to it by default if desired: All I/O errors trapped and recoverable - Disk commands for Change Drive, Directory and Free Space - Print Format features allow user to specify Left Margin, Line Length, Line Spacing, Top and Bottom Margin, Duplicate Copies, Right-Side text Justification, Page Pause, Page Numbering, and more - Dynamically change any print Format features within text - Imbed Hex codes and printer Font changes within text.

Additional OS-9 version features
Edit two files simultaneously - Save or Print only a portion of the text buffer - Edit files larger than memory (uses disk as buffer) - Block Copy from one file to another Execute any OS-9 command from Editor

OS-9 is a trademark of Microware and Motofola.

- Shipping from slock NOW
- Dealer Inquiries Invited. Add $\$ 2$ Postage \& Handling
PA residents add $6 \%$ sales tax
Specify
Tape $\$ 59.95$
RS Disk $\$ 59.95$
OS.9 Disk $\$ 79.95$
OS.9 \& RS Disk \$109.95

$$
\text { Elite•Spel }{ }^{\text {" }}
$$

This program cannot spell AARDVARK or SALUBRIOUS or VICHYSSOISE, but it is very easy to use and it's FAST! All potentially misspelled words are identified in a single pass through it's 24,000 word dictionary. ELITE•SPEL is fully compatible with ELITE•WORD and supplements the best word processor for the Color Computer. By the way, if you often use the word AARDVARK, ELITE•SPEL can learn it and up to 4,000 other words that are in your common vocabulary. Dictionary maintenance for adding and deleting words is included as an integral part of the program, not as separate programs.

## MAJOR features include:

Easy to use, menu commands - Single pass dictionary search - 1,000 word memory dictionary of common words - 20,000 word dictionary included - Room for 4,000 of your own words • List suspect words on screen or printer - List all words used with number of occurrences - Learn individual words that were correct in file * Learn entire files of words - Delete words from dictionary. Apply corrections to file in batch or Interactive modes - Works in single or multiple drive systems - All machine language for maximum speed - 32 K disk required.


When bought with ELITE•WORD ONLY \$ 15.00

## Elite Software

Productive Programs for Serious Users

All software features:
$\star$ Superior Ease of Use
$\star$ Cross-file Compatability
$\star$ Printer Compatability
$\star$ Comprehensíve Manual
$\star$ Nationwide User-group Support
$\star$ Handsome Vinyl Binder
$\star$ Revision Ujpgrade Program

## Montercard

## VISA

- Shipping from stock NOW -

Add $\$ 2.00$ Shipping ( $\$ 2.50$ for Elite ${ }^{\text {File }}$ ) PA Residents add 6\% Sales Tax

Dealer Inquiries Invited
Box 11224 • Pittsburgh, PA 15238 • (412) 795-8492
$106 \emptyset$ RETURN
$2000 \mathrm{SR}=\varnothing$
2989 FORV＝1T0日：GOSUB2296：NEXT：FO
RV＝1T08：G0SUB22ø日：NEXT
2ø9ø FORV＝1T08：G0SUB221ø：NEXT：FO
RV＝1TO6：GOSUB2210：NEXT
2100 FORV＝1TOB：GOSUB2220：NEXT：FO RV＝1T07：GOSUB2220：NEXT
2105 POKE1534，143：POKE1535，143
2110 DEFUSRg＝16515
2120 PRINTe136，＂THE DRAGON＂S GOL
D＂；：PRINTG2ø7，＂BY＂；
2130 PRINTe233，＂CHARLES A HUSAK＂ ；
2149 IF TR＝4 THEN PRINT 393：＂S ORRY YOU LOSE＂；
2145 IF TR＝5 THEN PRINT e 389，＂Y OU HAVE WON THE GOLD＂；
2170 SCREEND， 1
2172 W＝1
2175 R事＝＂CFCFCFCFGFEFGCECECECEFE DEFCEFEDEFCAF＂
2176 N $=$＝＂T602L5＂
2189 A＝USRø（ $\varnothing): I F W=36$ THEN $W=1$
$2181 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{MID}(\mathrm{R} \ddagger, W, 1): W=W+1$
2182 PLAY＂XN末；XM象；＂
2183 A＝USRの（6）
2185 IF INKEY $\$=$＂＂OR PEEK $\{339$ ）$=$ 254THEN16 ELSE218ø
220ø PRINTSTRING（ $2,127+16 * V):$ ： ETURN
$221 \varnothing$ PRINTSTRING $\$(2,127+16 *(9-V)$
）TAB（3g）STRING $(2,127+16 * V)$ ；：RET URN
2220 PRINTSTRING事 $2,127+16 *(9-V)$
）：：RETURN
239ø POKE\＆H3F26，\＆H87：POKE\＆H3F＠8， \＆ 458
$23 ø 2$ EXEC\＆H3F3C：EXEC\＆H3Føø
2304 FORX＝1TO30：NEXT
2305 EXEC\＆H3F3C
$\times 2306$ EXEC\＆H3F1E
2367 GOSUB130：EXEC\＆H4130：IF PEEK （ $\& \mathrm{H} 415 \mathrm{~A}$ ）$=169$ THEN 489
2368 EXEC\＆H3F3C
2310 IF PEEK（\＆H3F59）＝\＆H5C THEN19 $\downarrow$
2312 POKE\＆H3F59，Y
$2314 \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{Y}+1$
2315 EXEC＊H3F 96
2316 RETURN
2330 POKE\＆H3F26，\＆HEF：POKE\＆H3FgB，
\＆HC3
2509 EXEC\＆HSF3C：EXEC\＆H3FØの
2510 FORX＝1T030：NEXT
2515 EXEC\＆H3F3C
2520 POKE\＆H3F59，Y
$253 \emptyset$ EXEC\＆H3F1E
2535 EXEC\＆H4139：IF PEEK（\＆H415A）＝ 100 THEN 480
2549 G0SU日130
2559 EXEC\＆H3F3C
2555 IF PEEK（\＆H3F59）$=8449$ THEN19 $\emptyset$
$2595 \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{Y}-1$
2598 EXEC\＆H3F9g
$260 \emptyset$ RETURN
2659 C1＝210：D1 $=225$
2655 G0T0279ø
2669 C1＝35：D1＝48
2700 IF $\mathrm{C} 1=210$ AND $\mathrm{P}=10$ THEN RET
URN
2702 IF $C 1=210$ AND $\mathrm{P}=30$ THEN RET URN
$=2795$ POKE\＆H3F $97, \& H 40:$ POKE\＆H3F 68 ； \＆ H 2 B
2710 EXEC\＆H3Føぁ
2715 GET（C1，C）－（D1，D），R，G
2739 POKE\＆H3F98，\＆H57
2740 EXEC\＆H3Føø
2745 GET（C1，C）－（D1，D），S，G
2751 PUT（C1，C）－\｛D1，D），R，PSET
2752 GOSUB136：C＝C－2：D＝D－2：EXEC\＆H
4999
2753 LINE（C1，C＋2）－（D1－2，D＋2），PRE
SET，BF
2754 PUT（C1，C）－\｛D1，D），S，PSET
2755 FORX＝1TO4 $\boldsymbol{F}:$ NEXT：C＝C－2：D＝D－2
2756 LINE（C1， $\mathrm{C}+2$ ）－$\{\mathrm{D} 1, \mathrm{D}+2$ ），PRESE
T，BF
2757 DRAW＂BM30，104；R22＂
2758 DRAW＂BM206，64；R22＂
2759 DRAW＂BM206，144；R22＂
$2760 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1: \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{P}=10$ THEN 2765
2762 IF $P=29$ THEN 2765
2763 IF P＝30 THEN 2765
2764 GOTO2751
2765 POKE\＆H3F $97, \& H 3 F:$ POKE\＆H3FøB，
\＆ H 5 B
$2767 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{T}-5$
2768 POKE\＆H3FSE，T
2770 RETURN
$2780 \mathrm{XX}=229$
2782 IF KL＝9 THEN 29øø
2783 EXEC\＆H4999
2784 A＝JOYSTK（0）：KL＝KL＋1
2785 IF A＞5 THEN GOSUB23 $0 \varnothing$
2786 IF $A<10$ THEN GOSUB233 $\varnothing$
2787 IF PEEK $\{\& H 3 F 59)\rangle \& H 5 A$ THEN G OSUB 2850
2788 IF PEEK（\＆H3F59）＜ 82 AND KL＜1 6 THEN GOSUB4日D
2790 IF PEEK（\＆H3F59）$=\$ H 48$ THEN 2 936

## GRAPHICOM

The hit of the Pasadena Color Expo, GRAPHICOM is the best graphics program ever written for the COCOI GRAPHICOM was three years in the making, and you can see every minute in its quality and ease of use. GRAPHICOM has features you would expect from systems costing hundreds of times more!
**Powerful drawing tools: "rubber band" graphics, "stamps", rotating pictures, mirrored, masked, and reversed images, and lots more!
**Easy to use: Uses two joysticks, or one joystick and koala pad, to operate a big, simple picturebased menu.
**Incredible output capacity: Transmit pictures over modems or ameteur radio! GRAPHICOM even has a screen dump function that works with over 20 different printers!

GRAPHICOM is simple enough that anyone can use it, yet it's so powerful that a seasoned artist can use it to explore new frontiers of creativity.
Requires 64 K and disk drive
Only $\$ 29.95$

## ART MAN: THE POOR MAN'S GRAPHICOM?

ART MAN has a remarkable resemblence to GRAPHICOM; they're almost the same! The biggest difference is that ART MAN will run on a 32 K system! Tape or Disk. \$29.95

## GRAPHICOM PICTURE DISKS

Marvel at the wonders of computer aided art with the amazing gallery of picture disks for use with GRAPHICOM:

Picture Disk \#1: Features drawings, and tutorials for GRAPHICOM.

Disk \#2: Features Elvira, mistress of the dark, and friends (great drawings and digitized photos).

Disk \#3: Excellent drawings, tutorials, and examples of use of the "X-PAD".

Disk \#4: Electronic circuits and symbois.
GRAPHISET - More than 16 font screens: Roman, Greek, Cursive, special symbols and more!
Picture Disks are $\$ 19.95$ for one, and $\$ 10.00$ for each additional disk, or $\$ 39.95$ for all five.

## NEWBASIC

This impressive package will save you hundreds of tedious hours trying to do those "impossible" little things in BASIC. NEWBASIC adds over 30 commands to regular BASIC: expanded directory, text "window", inverse video, keyboard click, BREAK on or off, underline, word "wrap", ten definable function keys, ON ERROR GOTO, text screen dump, a function to help you type in programs from RAINBOW magazine, and MUCH, MUCH MORE! Requires 64 K and disk drive
$\$ 49.95$

COMPUTER PROGRAM DATA RECORDER


## DON'T REPAIR YOUR TAPE RECORDER! Buy a new one at this special price of only $\$ 39.95$. Get a new Computer Data Recorder.

Disk Drive and Controller only $\$ 329.95$. This may not be the lowest price you will find in the Rainbow, but we can guarantee it will be the best disk drive you can buy. Most special prices are for big, old, outdated full size drives. We are offering you the newest design, Slim Line TEAC disk drives. These are exceptional quality 40 track disk drives. They are guaranteed for 6 months, twice as long as most disk drives. For a controller we will offer the J \& M with gold plated contacts. As a special bonus with each disk drive, we will include a dual power supply and case. Now or at a later date you can add a second disk drive for very little money:

[^3]

2840 IF $X X<200$ THEN 2783
2845 GDTO 2782
2859 IF PEEK（339）$=254$ THEN 2852
ELSE RETURN
$2852 X X=220: Y Y=57$
2853 CIRCLE $(X X, Y Y), 4,8:$ CIRCLE $(X X$ ，YY），4， 1
$2854 X X=X X-3$
2855 IF PPOINT $(X X-4, Y Y)=6$ THEN 2 857 ELSE 2853
2857 LINE（76，63）－（136，44），PRESET ，BF
2858 RETURN
$2906 \times 5=136: Y 5=57$
2965 CIRCLE（XS，YS），4，6：CIRCLE（XS ，YS），4，1
$2967 \times 5=\times 9+3$
2910 IF $X 5=220$ THEN GOSUB480 ELS E GOTO 29ø5
2926 GOTO27B6
$2935 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{T}-1$
2932 EXEC\＆HSFSC
2935 POKE\＆H3F5B，T
2936 EOSUB2336
2947 FORX＝1TO1 פ6：NEXTX
2948 IF PEEK（\＆H3F5日）$=$ \＆HOB THEN 2 955
2950 GOTO2936
2955 GOSUB2336
2956 TR＝5
2957 FORE＝1TO1090：NEXTE
2960 GOTO9
3006 PRINT e232，＂ONE MDMENT PLEA SE＂
3691 FOR A＝1612日 TD 16730
3995 READ D $\ddagger$
$3010 \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{VAL}$（＂＊H＂＋D⿻）
3015 POKE $A, V$
3020 NEXT
3625 RETURN
3636 DATA 86，16，B7，3F，56，16，8E， 3 F
3935 DATA $5 B, B E, 3 F, 5 B, C 6,02, A 6, A$ 5
3940 DATA A7，80，5A，26，F9，36，8B， 1 E

3045 DATA $7 A, 3 F, 56,26, E F, 39,86,1$ 4
3650 DATA $B 7,3 F, 5 A, 10,8 E, 3 F, 87, B$ E
3055 DATA $3 F, 58, C 6,03, A 6, A D, A 7,8$ 6

3066 DATA $5 A, 26, F 9,30,8 B, 1 D, 7 A, 3$ F
3065 DATA 5A，26，EF，39，86，16，B7， 3 F

3070 DATA 57，BE，3F，58，86，00，C6， 0

3
3075 DATA A7， $86,5 A, 26, F B, 36,88,1$ D
30日g DATA 7A，3F，57，26，F1，39，FF， 6 6

3085 DATA $1 A, 5 E, F F, 6 A, 86,6 A, 80,2$ A

3096 DATA AB， $0 F, C \varnothing, 2 B, 76,2 B, F C, A$ B
3095 DATA FC，AB，CD，$O F, F \infty, 0 F, F D, 3$ E

3106 DATA $8 \%, 3 E, 8 \varnothing, 3 E, 8 \%, 3 E, A \varnothing, 3$ F
3165 DATA $88,3 F, 6 B, 6 F, 6 B, 6 A, A \varnothing, \sigma$ A
3116 DATA $B 6,0 A, 8 \varnothing, 6 F, F \varnothing, 6 F, F C, \sigma$ 0
3115 DATA AB， $00,00, A B, 06,62, A A_{1} 8$ 0
$312 \%$ DATA $00, F C, 00,62, B 7,06,62, \mathrm{~B}$ F
3125 DATA C 0, ， $1, B F, C D, 6 A, B C, 60,0$ 6
3130 DATA FF，$\varnothing \varnothing, 06, F F, \varnothing \varnothing, 3 F, A F, 0$ C
3135 DATA $3 F, A F, F C, 60, A F, F C, 60, A$ A
$314 \varnothing$ DATA $\Phi \varnothing, \varnothing \varnothing, A A, 6 C, \emptyset E, A A, 8 C, \varnothing$ E

3145 DATA AA，AC，$\varnothing E, A D, A C, 6 C, 6 D, A$ C
3150 DATA $\varnothing[, 06,00,62, A \varnothing, 62, A 0,2$ A

3155 DATA AB， $63, F 6,6 D, E B, 3 F, E B, 3$ F
3160 DATA EA， $63, E A, O F, F \omega, 0 F, F \varnothing, \sigma$ 2
3165 DATA BC， $02, B C, 02, B C, 0 A, B C, 2$ 2
3170 DATA FC，20，FC，20，FD， $0 A, A 0, \infty$ 2
3175 DATA AD， $62, A D, O F, F \varnothing, 3 F, F D, \varnothing$ 0
$318 \emptyset$ DATA $2 A, 66, \varnothing \varnothing, 2 A, 0 \varnothing, \varnothing 2, A A, 8$ 0
3185 DATA $00,3 F, 00,00, D E, 80,03, F$ E
3190 DATA $80,63, F E, A 0,06$, उE，A6， 6 0
3195 DATA $F F, 00,60, F F, 00,30, F A, F$ C
3200 DATA $3 F, F A, F C, 3 F, F A, \varnothing \varnothing, \varnothing \varnothing, A$ A
3205 DATA $96,36, A A, \varnothing \varnothing, 32, A A, B \varnothing, 3$ A
3210 DATA AA，$B 0,3 A, G A, B \varnothing, 3 A, 00,3$ 6

```
3215 DATA 0%,0%,36,02,AB,62, A0,0
A
322% DATA AB,03,F%,02,A0,02,A0,3
A
3225 DATA AB, 3A, AB, 33,F%,3F, BC, 3
F
3236 DATA BC, 62, AC, 62, AC, 62, AC, %
2
3235 DATA A%,02,A0,02,A0,03,20,0
F
3240 DATA 20,0%,2%,00,30,00,3C,6
2
3245 DATA AD, 62, AD, DA,AB,63,F0,0
2
3250 DATA AD, 02,AD,6A,AB,0A,AB,O
3
325S DATA FS, DF,BF, }F,BF,\varnothingE,A\varnothing,
E
326@ DATA A%, \varnothingE, A0, }2,A,A,\emptyset2,A\infty,
2
3265 DATA A%,62,3%,02,3C,02,60,%
3
3270 DATA 0%,0F,00
3280 DATA BE, 03,FF,30,01, AG, 84,2
C,04
3290 DATA 8B, 10,8A, 80, A7, 80, 8C
3300 DATA 56,01,2F,F1,39
3310 DATA 12, EE,41,22,30,01,BF,4
```

$1,2 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{BD}, 56, \mathrm{BE}, 41,24,3 \%, 1 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{BF}, 41$
3320 DATA 2B, 8D, 4C, BE, $41,26,3 \%, \phi$
$1, \mathrm{BF}, 41,2 \mathrm{~B}, 8 \mathrm{D}, 42, \mathrm{BE}, 41,22,8 \mathrm{C}, 12$
3336 DATA $41,27,4 D, 8 D, 1 A, 30,1 F, B$
$F, 41,22, B E, 41,24,8 D, 1 \pi, 36,01, \mathrm{BF}$
3340 DATA 41,24, BE, $41,26,8 \mathrm{~A}, 66,3$
6, 1F, BF, $41,26,39,10,8 E, 41,2 A, B F$
335, DATA 41,28, C6, 66, A6, A6, A7, 8
6, 36, 8B, 1F, 5A, 26, F6, A6, 9F, 41, 22
$336 \%$ DATA $\mathrm{B} 7,41,21, \mathrm{BE}, 41,2 \mathrm{~B}, 39, \mathrm{~B}$
$E, 41,28,86,0, C 6,06, A 7,80,30,8 日$
3376 DATA $1 F, 5 A, 26, F 8, \mathrm{BE}_{9} 41,28,3$
$9,8 E, 12,59, \mathrm{BF}, 41,22,8 \mathrm{E}, 17,46, \mathrm{BF}$
3386 DATA $41,24,8 E, 1 \mathrm{C}, 59, \mathrm{BF}, 41,2$
$6,7 E, 40,79,0,12,59,17,46,1 C, 59$
3396 DATA $12,5 \mathrm{D}, 41,41,14,14,55,5$
5
3400 DATA BE, 41,22,36, $61,8 \mathrm{D}, 6 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{~B}$
$E, 41,24,30,1 F, 8 D, 08, B E, 41,26$
3410 DATA $36,01,8 \mathrm{ED}, 61,39, \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{B4}, \mathrm{~B}$
$1,41,26,67,39,86,64, B 7,41,5 A$
3420 DATA 39, A6, 84, 81, 00, 26, F4, 3
9. 0

GRAPHICOM has established itself as the premium graphics program for the Color Computer. One of the outstanding features of this program is its ability to use a picture disk with lots of designs on it, to incorporate these pictures into other designs such as greeting cards, business announcements, school projects, electronics, etc.

At the last two RAINBOWfests, demand for the picture disks has been overwhelming. We at MichTron are now going to come out with a new picture disk every month. If you would like to subscribe to this service for a year, it will be at a substantial savings. Picture disks are normally $\$ 19.95$ each, plus $\$ 3.00$ shipping and handling. A one year subscription is only $\$ 199.95$. You can save over 100 dollars by subscribing now!
Join now, and you can pick any TWO disks from our ad on Page 35 for your first month's subscription!



6655 Highland Road Pontiac, Michigan 48054 Orders \& Info: (313) 666-4802
Master Charge and VISA OK. Add $\$ 3.00$ for shipping in the U.S.A. $\$ 5.00$ in Canada. Dealer inquires invited.


## Computer rules to live by, programming, and educational shortcuts in . . .

# Getting Ready For The Fall 

By Fred B. Scerbo Rainbow Contributing Editor

Editor's Note: If you have an idea for our "Wishing Well," send it directly to Fred or c/o The rainbow. We don't promise that any given wish will be granted, but you may be lucky if a certain program looks like a challenge or is educational. All programs developed from your ideas are for your use, but remain the property of the author.

Here we are in the middle of summer vacation and what does the "Wishing Well" have in store for you? What else, but a set of programs which will help you when you go back to school in the fall.

Actually, spending the summer months in preparation for school is not that unusual. Quite often the summer is the only time teachers have to actually try any type of curriculum development. (There is a reason for this. Can you imagine trying to map out your navigational route halfway through a journey? It is the same with teaching. Ad-

[^4]vance planning is essential.) Since a large number of responses and phone calls have been from educators and parents who want to help their children with their Color Computers, I decided to dip into the "Wishing Well" to come up with two programs which I have used quite often in my classroom during the last three years. (These programs are not three years old, but have evolved. In fact, I must have had at least two dozen variations on these programs. What you will see here are the most current refinements.)

Over the most recent articles, some of you may have been able to discern what my philosophy of computers is. (A philosophy of computers?) To sum it up in just a few words, the Scerbo Rules of Computer Use go something like this:

1) Never do by hand what can be done more easily by computer.
2) Never do by computer what can be done more easily by hand.

Sound logical? Sound like something that nearly every computer user would take for granted?

You would be amazed to discover that many computer users do not readily subscribe to this philosophy. (Note that I said users and not programmers.) Quite often when a person gets a new
computer, he or she will want to do nearly every simple task imaginable with the computer. One request which I receive at least twice a week is for a program to pick random numbers for our state lottery, "The Megabucks." Sure, writing a program like this is simple, but I have yet to hear of anyone writing one which regularly picked the winning numbers. (Don't you think that if I could write such a program I would have written it months ago and stopped writing columns and teaching?)
On other occasions, people have asked me to help develop filing programs to keep track of names and phone numbers of clients in small businesses. My argument is always the same. Why do this with a computer when the same task can be done much more easily with a simple set of file cards? Who really wants to waste time loading files if a file card can be more quickly looked up? Such computer efforts are often a waste of time. If a computer is needed for this type of work and we are talking about massive numbers of clients, then we can talk about getting a database program which will let us sort by a number of different factors. (Example: Give me the names of all clients in a given town who are left-handed, etc.) Since there are a number of programs on the market that can
do these tasks, why bother to re-invent the wheel? This brings us to the third Scerbo rule:
3) Never rewrite a program that already exists unless you can make it better and the improvements warrant the extra time invested.

Some of the programs which I have listed in the first few "Wishing Wells" have been exactly that, such as the Screen Quiz programs, which were inspired by other programs. Improvements were made in those programs which made the programs much more flexible for those wanting to use them, thus justifying the time spent.
The first two rules which I discussed have actually come to play recently as well as in the development of the two programs you see listed here. I'll get to those recent developments by the end of the article, but for now, let us get down to the business at hand: the two programs listed here.
Remember my first rule: Never do by hand what can be done better by computer. Well, this rule can be especially well suited in the teaching of math. Some of my students come to my resource room for math remediation. Since some of them may be operating on a third or fourth grade math level, I often use my Color Computers for addition and subtraction remediation. However, not all of my students respond well to just sitting at a computer. No matter how much time a student spends learning from a computer, the actual skills still have to be applied to paper.
In most cases, this is simple. There are countless math workbooks available which have the problems a student needs to master in order to improve his or her math skills. There is one catch, however. Most commercially available books will only spend a single chapter on a given skill. Add to that a page or two with examples and then it's on to the next chapter. Nearly all these books assume that the skill will be mastered in a single chapter.

This is rarely the case when working with students who need math remediation. It might take months to master a single skill, such as borrowing in subtraction.

What is a parent or teacher to do in such cases? They do what teachers have done for decades: they create math worksheets and problem papers by hand. Believe me, this can be very time
consuming. Just try to sit down and think up a pattern of random numbers that you haven't used before. After a short period of time, this task becomes complicated if not tiring when done manually.

If you had to name the one thing that a computer does easily, what would you say it was? The answer would most likely be - select random numbers, right? Therefore, if we want to use this function to help create our own math sheets, the task should be relatively simple.
(We do have one caution to consider, however. All computers do not generate true random numbers. Instead, they generate a sequence of numbers which appear to be random. Therefore, to avoid a repeat of the same sequences, we can solve this problem by making a random number equal to the value of $-T I M E R$, a negative TIMER value. Since we can never predict that value of the TIMER at any given point, the effect will be to reset our random number generator.)

Both programs listed will generate these worksheets. The first is called Super Math Worksheet Generator and will generate, on an $81 / 2$ by 11 -inch sheet of plain or tractor feed paper, a problem sheet of 18 math problems equally
> "Super Math Worksheet Generator . . . is the one program which I have used every day of teaching for over the last two years."

spaced on the page. The program naturally requires a line printer. One that works with a Color Computer should be suitable unless you are using the color pen plotter or thermal printer. (The results with these would tend to be too small to be of any use.) The page prints out the problems in the enlarged print CHR\$(31) mode. The largest digit any problem will contain will be four digits wide.
The first rule also comes to play in the special feature of the program: it creates a coded answer sheet. When I first started creating these random sheets, there was no answer sheet. Instead, I would often spend time correcting my students' papers either by hand or with a pocket calculator. This was once again a foolish waste of time since the computer
had the ability to create the answers as well as the problems. The special feature of the answer section is also contained in the fact that it gives each set a random sheet identification number which can be matched with the answer sheet.

This feature can be used in several ways. Sometimes I will print the answers at the bottom of the sheet and fold the bottom of the paper so that they are not visible to the student. The bottom can even be torn off. In other cases where the student might not be so trustworthy, I would let the program save the answer sheets for up to six different problem sheets. These can then be printed up on a separate sheet of paper which is held until you choose to print them, or until you have made a total of six worksheets. The program will hold the answers and the corresponding identification numbers so they can be matched up later.

On running the program, you will be presented with a menu which includes addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and the exit program. When you select subtraction, the program will ask for a maximum digit up to 999. This will in fact create a four digit problem when a three digit number is entered, insuring that the minuend is always larger than the subtrahend. If we select addition or multiplication, we can enter up to 9999 as our maximum number. Any larger number will not be accepted and pressing enter with no number will return us to the menu. When we use division, we will be asked to select a number between 99 and 999. This will generate division problems from a low of two or three digits to a maximum of four digits. Playing around with these input numbers will help you to select the type of problems you wish to generate.

How successful or valuable is Super Math Worksheet Generator? Let me give you a hint. It is the one program which I have used every day of teaching for over the last two years. I begin every day by creating the worksheets that I need for my students. I am never at a shortage of math materials since I can always load in MATHGEN (its disk filename) and create what I need at the learning level I need. Try it and let me know what your comments are on it.
Now let's take a look at Listing 2 which is titled Written Math Problem Generator. This program is very different from MATHGEN in that it creates verbal problems along the lines of "If Johnny has three dollars and wants to

# REAL time CLOCK 

## RTC-10

Full featured, yet very easy to use RTC-10 is a quartz-based. Time/Date clock contained in a compact ROM case RTC-10 makes it simple to access the time and date with just a few Basic PEEKS. A 2 -year + replaceable battery (included) keeps time accurate when the computer is off and even when the cartridge is unplugged.


## ONLY $\$ 89.00$

Cumpatible with any 16 K or greater, Extended or non-extended Color Computer, RTC-10 may be used with or without a Radio Shack or any other MultiSlot unit. To use it with a disk, without a Multi-Slot, order the $Y$-cable below

Completely assembled, tested and ready to plug-in and use, with programs included for clock setting and for continuosly displaying the Time/Date in the upper right corner of the video screen. ONLY.
$\$ 89.00$

## COCO CABLES

Top quality cable and connectors with all gold plated contacts.
Y.CABLE- 40 conductor, 1 ft . long. 1 Male, 2 Females. Allows you to connect your disk controller pack and the RTC-10 Clock or most voice synthesizers, etc ONLY
$\$ 29.95$

## DISK PACK EXTENDER CABLE. 40

Conducter, 2 ft . long, $1 \mathrm{Male}, 1$ Female. Lets you place your disk controller pack where you want it, out of your way ONLY
$\$ 22.95$
CUSTOM FLAT CABLES- Call-in or send us your requirement. We will quote a reasonable price for the cable you need.

Custom Computer Products 6 Dogwood Court Goshen, NY 10924 (914) 469-9780
ccp
ADD $\$ 3.00$ PER ORDER FOR SHIPPING \& HANDLING FOR C.O.D.. INCLUDE AN ADDITIONAL $\$ 3.00$ NY RESIDENTS MUST INCLUDE SALESTAX.
buy . . " etc. The program is designed to write 12 problems on two sheets of paper. It is designed so that the computer prints the first six problems and then waits for a prompt while you prepare the second sheet, or, if you choose, to reverse the paper so as to print on the reverse side of the same sheet. Printing on the reverse side can be a wise idea if you are using a line printer which accepts single sheets. It can help save paper, which is in increasingly short supply in many school systems.

If you check the $D A T A$ statements, you will notice many names listed. I have included these names to be used, at random, for the creation of these written problems. You may wish to substitute the names of your own children or students so that they will enjoy working with the worksheets that much more. (Just keep most names around eight or nine letters long.) You will also find the names of products (tapes, food, etc.) which you may wish to alter. Just be sure you change the number of data items or you will get an OD Error.
$M A T H P R O B$, as it is called, will create an answer sheet, but will not store successive sheets like $M A T H G E N$ will. You may wish to print the sheet at the bottom of the second side, or put it on another sheet. The choice is yours.

Both programs should be immense time savers for you and should prove valuable if you do teach. 1 have mentioned that some of my educational programs have been translated to Apple or Pet BASIC. These programs would be very difficult to translate into APPLESOFT because there is no PRINTUSING command in APPLESOFT. The next time one of your friends tries to tell you that the Apple IIe is a better computer, ask that person if the Apple can print numbers with decimals for dollars and cents. The answer will be no. You would have to write an algorithm to work around this deficiency. Good luck if you want to try! Just thank your CoCo that you don't have to do the same as the Apple owners.

0nce again, I want to thank you for your suggestions and wishes. I hope these two programs have granted some of your wishes. Keep those ideas coming.

I did mention earlier that there was one more development which had to do with my rule about using the computer to save time with things you would normally have to do by hand. If you remember my articles from recent
months, I have mentioned that the members of my high school wrestling team were wondering when I would write a sports program that had to do with wrestling.

Well, the task was finally completed, but not in the way that I originally had intended. The normal high school wrestling season ends in late February. However, during the spring and summer months, many high school wrestlers participate in freestyle wrestling sponsored by the USA Wrestling Federation or under AAU tournaments. Since the start of the freestyle season, I have gone to a tournament with our wrestlers nearly every week. At these tournaments, fellow coach Brian Collins and I have helped with the pairings and bout sheets which have to be completed before any wrestling starts (usually an hour and a half before!).

After trying this time consuming process by hand, it didn't take long for me to realize that the computer could do the same task more easily. As a result, my program for pairing and bout sheets was used recently at the Northeastern Regional Kids Freestyle Tournament in Easton, Pa., as well as the New England Regional Junior Freestyle Tournament at the University of New Hampshire in Durham, N.H.

If things go as planned, by the time you read this, I may have actually had the opportunity to use this program as part of the selection of the June USA Olympic Wrestling Team in Michigan as well as the actual event this summer in Los Angeles. There are still many details to be worked out as of the time of this writing, but the thrill of just being asked to help out the USA Wrestling Federation in this big event was just too much not to share.

Therefore, in an upcoming "Wishing Well," I will try to share an off-shoot of these programs which can be used for any sport or any type of competition. Since these would be much more useful than strictly a wrestling program, I'll share the more general versions that would be of greater interest to more of you.

Just keep in mind that when you set a goal with your CoCo , great things can often come of it. With a little luck, by the time you read this I may have gotten a summer vacation in Los Angeles using my computer for a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity.

I'll keep you posted. In the meantime, keep those letters coming.


The Education Testing Service (ETS, famous for managing the SATs) have based the college computer science advanced placement (AP) test on Pascal.

## DEFT Pascal $\$ 79.95$

DEFT Pascal Compiler
complete Pascal language generates machine language object

DEFT Linker
combines multiple program objects into one binary program

DEFT Pascal Workbench $\$ 119.95$
(DEFT Pascal And DEFT Bench Together)

DEFT Bench $\$ 49.95$

DEFT Debugger
debug Pascal machine programs symbolically
DEFT Macro/6809
supports entire 6809 instruction set lets you define your own instructions

DEFT Edit
Full screen editor
DEFT Linker
(see DEFT Pascal)
DEFT Lib
create and maintain program object libraries

DEFT Products are available through these fine dealers:

THE PROGRAM STORE
computer plus
DELKER
OWL-Ware
Follett Library Book Co.

All DEFT software and programs developed with DEFT software are BASIC ROM independent and use all of the memory in your Color Computer without OS-9. Al you need is DEFT software and a TRS-80 Color Computer with Extended Disk BASIC, at least 32K of RAM and One Disk Drive. All orders are shipped UPS within 24 hours of receipt. Add 3\% for shipping and handling; Maryland residents add 5\% for State Sales Tax; add $\$ 2.00$ for COD. Software licensing arrangements are available for schools. Dealer inquiries welcome.

For Product Questions Call
1-301-253-1300
For Credit Card Orders Call Toll Free 24Hrs
1-800-368-3238 Operator 8 In Virginia
1-800-542-2224 Operator 8
Or Fill Out Our Order Coupon And Mail Țo: DEFT Systems, lnc.
Suite 4, Damascus Centre
Damascus, MD 20872
DEFT is a Trademark of DEFT Systems, inc.
DEFT is a raademark or DEF Syssems, Inc.

Quantity of Each: - DEFT Pascal _ DEFT Bench
Method of Payment (check one) $\square$ Check Enclosed $\square$ VISA $\square$ Master Card $\square \mathrm{COD}$
Account Number


Card Expiration Date $\square$
Signature
Name $\qquad$
Street
City $\qquad$ State $\square$ Zip

Listing 1：

| $50 \ldots \ldots .115$ |
| :--- |
| $150 \ldots \ldots .187$ |
| $340 \ldots \ldots .215$ |
| $570 \ldots \ldots .21$ |
| $730 \ldots \ldots .202$ |
| $790 \ldots \ldots .123$ |
| $E N D \ldots . .167$ |


2 ＊＊SUPER MATH WORKSHEET GEN＊
3 ＊＊BY FRED B．SCERBC（C） 1984 ＊
4＊ 149 BAREOUR ST．N．ADAMS＊
5 ＊＊MASSACHUSETTS－ 91247 ＊
6 ＊＊ILLUSTRATED MEMORY BANKS＊
7 ＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊
10 DIM U（ 6,36$), D(6,36), S N(36)$, QK （3（30）
20 CLS3：SCREEN 1 ， $1:$ LC $\$=$ CHR $\$(175)+$ CHR $\$$（ 170 ）：RC $\$=$ CHR $\$(165)+$ CHR $\$$（ 175 ）：EB\＄＝CHR\＄（175）＋CHR（ 175 ）：GOSUB3 Ø：GOTO4
36 CLS5：PRINTSTRING（32，172）；：P0 KE1056，32：PRINT＠33，＂super＂：：POKE 1ø62，32：PRINT＠39，＂math＂；：POKE1ø6 7，32：PRINT＠44，＂worksheet＂；：POKE1 677，32：PRINTe54，＂generator＂：：POK E10日7，32：PRINT®64，STRING中（32，163 ）：CHR（175）：：RETURN
40 FORI＝6TOB：PRINTE127＋（I＊32），EB \＄；：NEXT：PRINTE 133, CHR $\$(175)$ ；CHR $\$$ （174）；STRING\＄（18，172）；CHR末（173）； CHR（175）；
59 PRINTE165，LC $\ddagger$ ；＂（A）DDITIUN ＂：RCक：PRINTE197，LCक：＂（S）UB TRACTION＂；RCक；：PRINTE229，LCक ；＂（M）ULTIPLICATION＂：RCक：PRINT ＠261，LCक；＂〈D）IVISION＂；RC क：：PRINTE293，LC\＄：＂（E）XIT PROGRA M＂；RCक
69 PRINT＠325，CHR $\$$（175）；CHR（171） ；STRING（ 18 ，163）；CHR（ 167 ）；CHR（ 175）：
7ø FRINT＠384，STRING $(32,172):$ ：PO KE1440，32：POKE1441，32：POKE1442，3 2：POKE1443，32：FOKE1444，32：PRINTE 421，＂press＂：：POKE1450，32：PRINT＠4 27，＂desired＂；：POKE1458，32：PRINT⿷ 435，＂category＂；：POKE1467，32：POKE 1468， 32
80 FOKE1469，32：POKE1470，32：POKE1 471，32：PRINTG448，STRING $\$\{32,163$ ） ；STRING（31，128）；：POKE1535，128：I F NC＝＞\＆THEN 750
9＠X $\$=$ INKEY $\$$ ：KE＝RND（－TIMER）：IFX $=" S "$ THENGOSUB12øELSE IFX $\$=" A "$ THEN GOSUB29øELSEIFX $\$=$＂M＂THENGOSUB43 ELSEIFX事＝＂D＂THENGOSUB560ELSEIFX\＄ ＝＂E＂THEN73øELSE9の

190 GOTO2ø
116 REM SUBTRACTIDN SECTION
120 NC＝NC＋1：GOSUB3 $0:$ FORI $=127$ TO19 1STEP32：PRINTEI，EB\＃；：NEXT：PRINTE 192，STRING\＄（32，172）；
13＠QK\＄（NC）＝＂S＂：PRINT＠132，＂SUBT RACTION WORKSHEETS＂；：PRINTE224； INPUT NUMBER SPAN＂：PRIN TSTRING $(32,32)$ ；：PRINTe256，＂（ 3 DIGITS－MAX．999）＂：INPUTWW：IF W W $>999$ THEN $136 E L S E$ IF $W W=g T H E N \quad N C=N$ C－1：GOTO2
140 SN（NC）＝TIMER：L＝1：W＝1：GOSUB15 0：GOTO180
15ø PRINT\＃－2，CHR（31）：＂NAME＂：STR ING\＄（24，\＆HSF）；＂DATE＂；STRING\＄ 17,9 5）；CHRक（ $3 \boxed{ }$ ）
$16 \emptyset$ PRINT\＃－2，＂SHEET IDENTIFICATI ON NO．＂：SN（NC）：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂
170 PRINT\＃－2，CHR\＄（31）；：RETURN
18め FORK＝1TOG
19ø FORS＝øTO2：PRINT\＃－2，USING＂\＃\＃．
＂：S＋L；：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂；：NE
XTS：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂
200 FORI＝1 TOS：A＝RND（WW）＋\｛RND（日）＊ （WW＋1））：U（NC，L）＝A：PRINT\＃－2，＂
＂：：PRINT\＃－2，USING＂\＃\＃\＃\＃＂；A；：PRIN T\＃－2，＂＂；：L＝L＋1：NEXTI：FRINT\＃－ 2，＂＂
210 FORI＝1TOB：$A=R N D(W W): D(N C, W)=$ A：PRINT\＃－2，＂－＂：PRINT\＃－2，USI NG＂\＃\＃\＃\＃＂；A；：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂；：W＝W ＋1：NEXTI：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂
229 GOSUB23ø：GOTO24め
230 FORI＝1TO3：PRINT\＃－2，＂
－－＂；：NEXTI：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂：RETURN $24 \emptyset$ FORI＝1TO4：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂：NEXTI ，K
259 G0SUB69
260 G0T077
270 RETURN
$29 \emptyset$ REM ADDITION SECTION
29Ø NC＝NC＋1：GOSUB3 $\emptyset: F O R I=127 T 019$ 1STEP32：PRINTEI，EBक：：NEXT：PRINTE 192，STRING\＄（32，172）；
309 QK\＄（NC）＝＂A＂：FRINTG133，＂ADDI
TION WORKSHEETS＂：：PRINTe224，＂ INPUT NUMBER SPAN＂：PRINTS TRING\＄（32，32）；：PRINTE256：＂（4 DIGITS－MAX．9999）＂；：INPUTWW：IF WW $>9999$ THEN $366 E L S E I F$ WW＝פTHEN NC＝N C－1：GOTO20
$31 \varnothing S N(N C)=T$ IMER：$L=1: W=1$
329 GOSUB150
330 FORK＝1TO6
 ＂：S＋L；：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂；：NE XTS：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂

## THE COLORSOFT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ BUSINESS SYSTEM

## INTEGRATED BUSINESS SOFTWARE DESIGNED FOR THE COLOR COMPUTER WRITTEN FOR USE BY THE NON-ACCOUNTING ORIENTED BUSINESSMAN CONCISE USERS MANUAL WITH SAMPLE TRANSACTIONS TUTORIAL PROFESSIONALLY WRITTEN AND FULLY TESTED HIGHLY USER FRIENDLY AND MENU DRIVEN AFTER THE SALE SUPPORT


#### Abstract

SMALL BUSINESS ACCOUNTING (Version 2.0) This sales-based accounting package is designed for the non-accounting oriented businessman. It also contains the flexibility for the accounting oriented user to set up a double entry journal with an almost unlimited chart of accounts. This package includes Sales Entry, transaction driven Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable, Journal Entry, Payroll Disbursement, and Record Maintenance programs. Screen and hardcopy system outputs include Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Customer and Vendor Status Reports, Accounts Receivable and Payable Aging Reports, Check Register, Sales Reports, Account Status Lists, and a Journal Posting List. The number of accounts is limited only by the number of disk drives. $\$ 89.95$


#### Abstract

 the requirements of most small business users. The system includes detailed audit trails and history reports for each customer, prepares invoices and monthly statements, mailing labels, aging lists, and an alphabetized customer listing. Thé user can define net terms for commercial accounts or finance charges for revolving accounts. This package functions as a standalone A/R system orintegrates with the Small Business Accounting package to build a complete accounting/receivables system. $\$ 59.95$


PAYROLL (Version 2.0) This integratable package is designed for maintaining personnel and payroll data for up to 200 hourly and salaried employees with 8 deductions each. This system calculates payroll and tax amounts, prints checks and maintains year-to-date totals. These amounts can be automatically transferred to the SBA package for financial reporting. It computes each pay period's totals for straight time, overtime, and bonus pay and determines taxes to be withheld. Additional outputs include mailing list, listing of employees, year-to-date federal and/or state tax listing, and a listing of current misc. deductions. This system is suited for use in all states except Oklahoma and Delaware.
\$69.95

All programs require a minimum of 32 K and 1 disk drive but will take advantage of 64 K and multiple drives. Each package features a hi-res $51 \times 24$ black on green screen. 16 K versions available without hi-res screen. Specify 16 K or 32 K versions when ordering. Future integrated packages will include: Inventory Control, Sales Analysis, Accounts Payable.

```
35@ FDRI=1TO3:A=RND (WW):U(NC,L)=
A:PRINT#-2," ";:PRINT#-2,USI
NG"####";A;:PRINT#-2," ";:L=L
+1:NEXT1:PRINT*-2,""
36% FORI=1TO3:A=RND (WW):D (NC,W)=
A:PRINT#-2," +"::PRINT*-2,USI
NG"####";A;:PRINT#-2," ";:W=W
+1:NEXTI:PRINT#-2,""
376 GOSUB230
380 FORI=1TO4:PRINT"-2," ":NEXTI
,K
390 EOSUB690
400 GOTO770
4 1 0 \text { RETURN}
420 REM MULTIPLICATION SECTION
430 NC=NC+1:G0SUB30:FORI=127T019
15TEP32:PRINTEI,EB$;:NEXT:PRINTE
192,9TRING (32,172);
440 QK$(NC)="M":PRINTE130," MLLT
IPLICATION WORKSHEETS "::PRINTE
224," INPUT NUMBER SPAN":P
RINTSTRING$ (32, 32);:PRINTE256,"
(4 DIGITS-MAX .9999)";:INPUTWW:
IF WW>9999THEN44gELSEIF WW=gTHEN
    NC=NC-1: GOTO20
450 SN(NC)=TIMER:L=1:W=1:GOSUB15
\emptyset
356 FDRI=1TO3:A=RND (WW):U(NC, L) \(=\) A:PRINT\#-2," "; PRINT\#-2, USI NG"\#\#\#\#" A; : PRINT\#-2," "! +1:NEXTI:PRINT*-2,""
369 FORI=1TD3:A=RND (WW):D \(\{N C, W\rangle=\) A:PRINT\#-2," +": PRINT*-2, USI NG"\#\#\#\#";A;:PRINT\#-2," ": \(\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{W}\) +1:NEXTI:PRINT\#-2," "
376 GOSUB230
380 FORI=1T04:PRINT"-2;" ":NEXTI
, K
390 EOSUB690
400 GOTO770
410 RETURN
420 REM MULTIPLICATION SECTION
430 NC=NC+1: G0SUB30:FORI=127T019
15TEP32:PRINT@I,EB\#; :NEXT:PRINT
440 QK (NC) = "M": PRINTE130," MLLT IPLICATION WORKSHEETS "::PRINTE 224," INPUT NUMBER SPAN":P RINTSTRING \((32,32)\); : PRINTE256, "
(4 DIGITS-MAX.9999)": : INPUTWW:
IF WW>9999THEN44øELSEIF WW=øTHEN NC=NC-1: EOTO2
450 SN(NC) \(=\) TIMER: \(L=1: W=1:\) GOSUB15 פ
```

46ø FORK=1TOG
476 FORS=øTO2:PRINT*-2, USING"制.
";S+L;:PRINT\#-2," ";:NE
XTS:PRINT\#-2,""
489 FORI=1TO3:A=RND (WW):U(NC,L)= A: PRINT\#-2," ";:PRINT\#-2,USI
NG"\#\#\#\#"A!:PRINT\#-2," ": L= +1:NEXTI:PRINT\#-2,""
490 FORI=1T03:A=RND (WW):D (NC, W) = A:PRINT\#-2," X";:PRINT\#-2,USI
NG"\#\#\#\#"; A!: PRINT*-2," "; : W=W
+1:NEXTI:PRINT\#-2,""
$59 \varnothing$ GOSUB230
51ø FORI=1T04:PRINT\#-2," ":NEXTI , K
529 G0SUB69ø
530 GOTO77ø
540 RETURN
550 REM DIVISIDN SECTION
$569 \mathrm{NC}=\mathrm{NC}+1$ : GOSUB36: FORI=127T019 1STEP32:PRINTEI, EB末; : NEXT:PRINT® 192,STRING $(32,172)$;
 SION WORKSHEETS ": :PRINTE224,"

INPUT NUMBER SPAN":PRINTSTR ING $(32,32)$ : : PRINTE256," ENTER 999* FOR EASY OR *9990": ${ }^{\text {PRRINTE2 }}$

## Metric Industries

## For the color computer and TDP100

Model 101 Interface \$54.95

- Serial to Parallel Interface
- Works with any Centronics Compatible Printer including Radio Shack, TDP, Gemini, Epson, Gorillia and
many others
- Six switch selectable baud rates (300 to 9600)
- 90 day warranty
- Power Supply included



## Model 102 RS-232-C Switcher

- Switches all three data lines
- Indicator lights let you know computer is on
- 3 position switch has silver plated contacts for high reliability
- Color coded lights indicate switch position
- Color coded labels for your printer, modem etc., supplied


## Cassette Label Program \$6.95

\$35.95


- Prints five lines of information on pinfeed cassette labels
- Menu driven - easy to use

- Uses special features of your printer for standard, expanded and condensed characters
- 24 free labels included with program
- Auto centering features for each line of text
- 16 K ECB required


## General Items

- Gemini 10X Printer $\$ 319.00$
- Special Save - Printer \& Interface $\$ 360.00$
- C-10 Cassettes $\mathbf{\$ 7 . 5 0 / d o z e n}$
- Hard plastic boxes $\$ 2.50$ dozen
- Pin-feed Cassette labels $\mathbf{\$ 3 . 0 0}$ per 100
- Free shipping on all orders over $\$ 50.00$
- Add $\$ 3.00$ for shipping on orders under $\$ 50.00$
- Ohio residents add $5.5 \%$ sales tax
- Phone order line for VISA and MASTERCARD, orders accepted 24 hrs. a day, call 513-677-0796 or send check or money order to:
Metric Industries
Department $R$
P.O. Box 42396

Cincinnati, OH 45242
Dealer Inquiries Invited

# Personal Productivity Tools for Modern 

 Times ®
## The Library Concept

State of the Art, Quality, Integrity, Compatibility and Affordability. Five things good software must possess. Five things that epitomize the VIP Library ${ }^{\text {™ }}$. Each program is the diamond of its class, true excellence. These programs are first in features, first in power, first in memory, and all are affordably priced. And for your convenience all disk programs can be backed up.

## State Of The Art

All Library programs are written in machine code specifically for the Color Computer, to work without the interference of a separate operating system such as FLEX. From this comes speed and more workspace for you. Unlike other programs for the Color Computer which are said to be 64 K compatible, VIP Library ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ programs are not limited to between 24 and 30 K of workspace in 64 K . Library programs have Memory Sense with BANK SWITCHING to " fully use all 64 K , thus giving up to 51 K with a disk version and up to 53K with a tape version.

## Easy To Use

Each Library program was carefully designed to be extremely easy to use. Built-in on-screen help tables are at your fingertips, as are menus of all kinds. Every effort is made to use Iogical, intuitive and easy-toremember commands. The manuals have been thoughtfully prepared to cover every aspect of the program, and they have complete tutorials to get you going right away. We set the standard!

## Lowercase Displays

State-of-the-Art graphics allow instant use of four display colors, and eight lowercase displays featuring descending lowercase letters. You can select from 51,64 or 85 columns by 21 or 24 lines per screen, with wide or narrow characters in the 64 display. These screens provide a pleasant and relaxing way to perform your tasks, with as much text on the
> ". . . PICTURE getting your instantaneous investment report over the phone, using it in your spreadsheet calculation, generating a report, and writing a memo including that report and data from your database with your word processor, and all this, with VIP Library ${ }^{\text {T" }}$ programs . . ."

screen as is possible. Each program is easy to learn and a joy to use. We take pride in the stringent testing done to make these programs perform flawlessly. Every feature, every convenience, sleek, simple and elegant.

## Total Compatibility

All Library programs are compatible. Transfer and use of files between programs is easy and carefree. What's better, when you have learned one program the others will come easy. And every program is the best of its kind available.

## The Library Programs

For your writing needs is the VIP Writer ${ }^{\text {T"M }}$, and its spelling checker, the VIP Speller ${ }^{\text {™ }}$. For financial planning and mathematical calculations you can use the VIP Calc ${ }^{\text {™ }}$. To manage your information and send multiple mailings there is the VIP Database ${ }^{\text {m" }}$. For sending all these files to and from home or the office and for talking to your friends you can have the VIP Terminal'". Finally, to fix disks to keep all your Library files in good repair we offer the VIP DiskZAPT.

## Mini Disk Operating System

The Disk versions each have a Mini Disk Operating System which will masterfully handle from 1 to 4 drives. It offers smooth operation for such features as the ability to read a directory, display free space on the disk, kill files, save and automatically verify files, and load, rename and append files. Library programs simply do not have the limitations of BASIC.

## Professionalism

The Library will grace your work area with the professionalism it deserves. Welcome the VIP Library ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ into your home and office.

# VIP Writer ${ }^{T M}$, mishemich <br> <br> RATED TOPS IN RAINBOW, HOT COCO, COLOR CO 

 <br> <br> RATED TOPS IN RAINBOW, HOT COCO, COLORCO
}

The most powerful and easy-to-use word processor is available in the showpiece and workhorse of the Library: The VIP Writer". Because of its undisputed superiority over all Color Computer word processors, it was selected by Dragon Data Ltd. of England and TANO in the U.S., to be the Official Word Processor for their line of Dragon microcomputers.

The result of two years of research, the VIP Writer" offers every feature you could desire from a word processor. It is the most powerful, fastest, most dependable and most versatile. With the hi-res display, workspace and compatibility features built into the Library the Writer is also the most usable.

Nearly every feature and option possible to implement on the Color Computer. The design of the program is excellent; the programming is flawless . . . Features for the professional, yet it is easy encugh for newcomers to master . . Certainly one of the best word processors available for any computer ... "October 1983 "Rainbow"
"Word' processing with VIP Writer is like driving a high-periormance vehicle . . . This Ferarri of a package has more features than Telewriter, Easywriter (for the IBM PC), or Applewriter." October 1983 "Hot CoCo"

The Writer will work with you and your printer to do things you always wanted to do. Every feature of your printer can be put to use, every character set, every graphics capability at any baud rate, EVEN PROPORTIONAL SPACING. All this with simplicity and elegance. You can even automatically print multiple copies.

Although all versions feature tape save and load, the disk version provides the Mini Disk Operating System common to the whole Library, plus disk file linking for continous printing.

## Professional features of particular note:

- Memory-Sense with BANK SWITCHING to fully utilize 64K, giving not just 24 or 30K, but up to 61K of workspace with the rompak version and 50 K with the disk version.
- TRUE FORMAT WINDOW allowing you to preview the printed page ON THE SCREEN BEFORE PRINTING, showing centered lines, headers, FOOTNOTES, page breaks, page numbers, \& margins in line lengths of up to 240 characters. It makes HYPHENATION a snap.
- A TRUE EDITING WINDOW in all 9 display modes for those extra wide reports and graphs (up to 240 columns!).
- FREEDOM to imbed any number of PRINTER CONTROL CODES anywhere, EVEN WITHIN JUSTIFIED TEXT.
- Full 4-way cursor control, sophisticated edit commands, the ability to edit any BASIC program or ASCII textfile, SEVEN DELETE FUNCTIONS, LINE INSERT, LOCATE AND CHANGE, wild card locate, up to TEN SIMULTANEOUS block manipulations, word wrap around, programmable tabs, display memory used and left, non-breakable space, and headers, footers and FOOTNOTES,
- Automatic justification, automatic pagination, automatic centering, automatic flush right, underlining, superscripts, subscripts, pause print, single-sheet pause, and print comments.
- Type-ahead, typamatic key repeat and key beep for the pros, ERROR DETECTION and UNDO MISTAKE features, 3 PROGRAMMABLE functions, auto column creation, and an instant on-screen HELP TABLE,


## 32K (Comes with tape \& disk) $\$ 59.95$

 (Includes VIP Speller)
## RAINBOW

## VIP Speller

WITH A 50,000 WORD INDEXED DICTIONARY!
By Bill Argyros
Gone are the eyestrain, boredom and fatigue from endless proofreading. VIP Speller ${ }^{\text {m }}$ is the fastest and most user-friendly speller for your CoCo. It can be used to correct any ASCII file - including VIP Library'" files and files from Scripsit" and Telewriter'". It automatically checks files for words to be corrected, marked for special attention or even added to the dictionary. You can even view the word in context, with upper and lowercase. VIP Speller" comes with a specially edited 50,000 word dictionary which, unlike other spellers for the CoCo, is indexed for the greatest speed. The shorter your file, the quicker the checking time. And words can be added to or deleted from the dictionary or you can create one of your own. VIP Speller" also coines with the Library's mini disk operating system for easy disk manipulation.

32K DISK ONLY \$39.95
Lowercase displays not available with this program.

# VIP Library <br> VIP Calc ${ }^{\text {Tm }}$ <br> (Formerly Super "Color" Calc) <br> By Kevin Herrboldt 

You can forget the other toy calcs - The real thing is here! No other spreadsheet for the Color Computer gives you:

- 20 ROWS BY 9 COLUMNS ON THE SCREEN AT ONCE
- LOWERCASE LETTERS WITH DESCENDERS
- UPTO 16 CONCURRENT DISPLAY WINDOWS
- FLOATING-POINT MATH
- CHOICE OF SINGLE AND DOUBLE PRECISION
- WORKS WITH BASE 2, 10, AND 16 NUMBERS
- UP TO 512 COLUMNS BY 1024 ROWS
- USER DEFINABLE WORKSHEET SIZE FOR MORE MEMORY
- LOCATE FUNCTION TO FIND CHECK NUMBERS, NAMES, ETC.
- COLUMN/ROW MULTIPLE SORTS
- PROGRAMMABLE FUNCTIONS
- IMBEDDABLE PRINTER CONTROL CODES
- 21 ALTERABLE PRINT FORMAT PARAMETERS
- ON-LINE HELP TABLES
- DOES NOT REQUIRE FLEX OR BASIC

VIP Calc ${ }^{\text {m }}$ is truly the finest and easily the most powerful electronic worksheet and financial modeling program available for the Color Computer, Now every Color Computer owner has access to a calculating and planning tool better than VisiCalc™, containing all its features and commands and then some, WITH USABLE DISPLAYS. Use Visicalc templates with VIP Calc ${ }^{\text {m }}$ !

There's nothing left out of VIP Calc*. Every feature you've come to rely on with VisiCalc'M is there, and then some. You get up to 5 TIMES the screen display area of other spreadsheets for the Color Computer and Memory-Sense with BANK SWITCHING to give not just 24, or 30, but UP TO 33K OF WORKSPACE IN 64K!!! This display and memory allow you the FULL SIZE, USABLE WORKSHEETS you require, You also get: User definable worksheet size, up to 512 columns by 1024 rows! * Up to SIXTEEN YIDEO DISPLAY WINDOWS to compare and contrast results of changes * 16 DIGIT PRECISION * Sine, Cosine and other trigonometric functions, Averaging, Exponents, Algebraic functions, and BASE 2, 8, 10 or 16 entry * Column and Row, Ascending and Descending SORTS for comparison of results * LOCATE FORMULAS OR TITLES IN CELLS * Easy entry, replication and block moving of frames * Global or Local column width control up to 78 characters width per cell * Create titles of up to 255 characters per cell * Limitless programmable functions * Typamatic Key Repeat * Key Beep * Typeahead * Print up to 255 column worksheet * Prints at anybaud rate from 110 to 9600 * Print formats savable along with worksheet * Enter PRINTER CONTROL CODES for customized printing with letter quality or dot matrix printer * Combine spreadsheet tables with VIP Writer"* documents to create ledgers, projections, statistical and financial reports and budgets.

Both versions feature Tape save and load, but the disk version also has the Mini Disk Operating System of the entire Library.

32K has no hi-res displays, sorl or edit.

# Check These Library Prices: 

- Fully CoCo 2 Compatible - Nine Display Formats: 32 by 16 $51,64,85$ by 21 or 24 - True Lowercase \& Descenders - Four Different Display Colors - 32 \& 64K Compatible - Memory Sense - Bank Switching - Up to 51K Disk, 53K Tape - Mini Disk Operating System - Compatible With All Printers


## VIP Terminal ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ <br> (Formerly Super "Color" Terminal)

RATED BEST IN JANUARY 1984 "RAINBOW"
RAINBOW By Dan Nelson

RAINBOW
From your home or office you can join the communication revolution. The VIP Terminall: opens the world to you. You can monitor your investments with the Dow Iones Information Service, or broaden your horizons with The Saurce or Compuserve, bulletin boards, other computers, even the mainframe at work.

For your important communication needs you've got to go beyond software that only lets you chat. You need a smart termnal so that you can send and receive programs, messages, even other VIP Library" files. VIP Terminal" has "more features than communications software for CP/M, IBM and CP/M 86 computers." Herb Friedman, Radio Electronics, February 1984.

FEATURES: Choice of 8 hi-res lowercase diplays * Memory-Sense with BANK SWITCHING for full use of workspace *Selectively print data at baud rates from 110 to 9600 * Full 128 character ASCIl keyboard * Automatic graphic mode * Word mode (word wrap) for unbroken words * Send and receive Library files, Machine Language \& BASIC programs * Set communications baud rate from 110 to 9600 , Duplex: Half/Full/Echo, Word length: 7 or 8, Parity: Odd/Even or None, Stop Bits: 1-9* Local linefeeds to screen * Save and load ASCII files, Machine Code \& BASIC programs * Lowercase masking * 10 Keystroke Multiplier (MACRO) buffers to perform repetitive pre-entry log-on tasks and send short messages * Programmable prompt or delay for send next line * Selectable character trapping * Send up to ten short messages (KSMs), each up to 255 characters long, automatically, to save money when calling long distance.

All versions allow tape load and save of files and KSMs , but the disk version also has the Mini Disk Operating System common to the Litorary.

32K (Comes with tape \& disk) \$49.95
(Tape comes in 16 K but without hi-res displays)

This high speed MACHINE LANGUAGE program fills all your information management needs, be they for your business or home, And it does so better than any other database program for the Color Computer, featuring machine code, lowercase screens and mailmerge capabilities. Inventory, accounts, mailing lists, family histories, you name it, the VIP Database ${ }^{\text {M }}$ will keep track of all your data, and it will merge VIP Writer ${ }^{\text {T" }}$ files.

The VIP Database'" features the Library Memory Sense with BANK SWITCHING and selectable lowercase displays for maximum utility. It will handie as many records as fit on your disk or disks. It is structured in a simple and easy to understand menu system with full prompting for easy operation. Your data is stored in records of your own design. All files are fuily indexed for speed and efficiency. Full sort of records is provided for easy listing of names, figures, addresses, etc., in ascending or descending alphabetic or numeric order. Records can be searched for specific entries, using multiple search criteria. With database form merge you may also combine files, sort and print mailing lists, print "boiler plate" documents, address envelopes - the list is endless. The math package even performs arithmetic operations and updates other fields. Create files compatible with the VIP Writer"'and VIP Terminal'". Unlimited print format and report generation with the ability to imbed control codes for use with all printers.

As with all other Library programs, the Database features the powerful Mini Disk Operating System.

# VIP Disk-ZAP <br> (Formerly Super "Color" Disk-ZAP) 

RAVED ABOUT IN THE APRIL 1963 "RAINBOWI" RAINBOW By Tim Nelson
Your database file disk, form letter disk, or BASIC program, disk goes bad. An I/O error stops loading, or even backing up of the disk. Weeks, even months of work sit on the disk, irretrievable. Now catastrophic disk errors are repairable, quickly and with confidence, using the VIP Disk-ZAPru. It is the ultimate repair utility for simple and quick repair of all disk errors. Designed with the non-programmer in mind, the VIP Disk-ZAP'TM will let you retrieve all types of bashed files, BASIC and Machine Code programs.

This high-speed machine code disk utility has a special dual cursor screen display to look at the data on your disk. You are able to: Verify or modify disk sectors at will * Type right onto the disk to change unwanted program names or prompts * Send sector contents to the printer * Search the entire disk for any grouping of characters * Copy sectors * Backup tracks or entire disks * Repair directory tracks and smashed disks * full prompting to help you every step of the way * 50 plus page Operators Manual which teaches disk structure and repair.

16K DISK \$49.95
Lowercase displays not available with this program.

## For Orders ONLY van - Call Toll Free -



## 1-800-328-2737

Order Status and Software Support call (612) 881-2777
Available at Dealers everywhere.
If your Dealer is out of stock ORDER DIRECT!
In Canada distributed by Kelly Software Distributors, LTD. P.O. Box 11932, Edmonton, Alberta T5J $3 \mathrm{L1}$ (403) 421-8003

MAIL ORDERS: $\$ 3.00$ U.S. Shipping ( $\$ 5.00$ CANADA; $\$ 10.00$ OVERSEAS). Personal checks allow 3 weeks.
All Disk Programs are also available on $3^{\prime \prime}$ Diskettes for the Amdek Color AMDISK-III Micro-Floppy Disk System for an additional $\$ 3.00$ each.
© 1983 by Softlaw Corporation

8日，STRING（ 32,32 ）：
5日6 PRINTE28日，STRING\＄（32，32）：：PR INTE288，＂FOR DIFFICULT＂；：I NPUTWW：IF WW＞9999THEN579ELSEIF W W＝gTHEN NC＝NC－1：GOTO20
590 SN（NC）＝TIMER：L＝1：W＝1
600 GOSUB156
616 FORK＝1TO6
620 PRINT\＃－2：＂＂：FARS＝0T02：PRIN T\＃ー2，USING＂聿井：＂；S＋L；：PRINT\＃－2；＂ ＂：NEXTS：PRINT帮－2，＂＂
630 PRINT\＃－2，＂
＂；：FORI＝1TOS ：FORYY＝1T06：PRINT\＃－2，CHR＊（\＆HSF）； ：NEXTYY：PRINT非－2，＂＂；：NEXTI 640 FORI＝1T03：IN＝RND（INT（WW／106） ）：A＝RND（INT（WW／100））：$B=A * I N: U$（NC ，L）$=\mathrm{B}: \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{NC}, L)=\mathrm{A}:$ PRINT\＃－2，USING＂\＃ \＃\＃\＃＂；A；：PRINT䏸－2，＂）＂！：PRINT\＃－2，U SING＂井\＃\＃＂；B！：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂： L＋1：NEXTI：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂
650 FORI＝1T05：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂：NEXTI ，K
669 GOSUB699
670 GOTO779
6日g RETURN
690 PRINT＂PRESS 〈ENTER〉 FOR ANS WER SHEET OR 〈M〉 FOR MORE WOR

KSHEETS＂
700 RETURN
710 X $\$=$ INKEY $\$: I F X \$=" M "$ THEN26ELS EIFX $\$=$ CHR ${ }^{\text {s }}$（13）THENRETURN ELSEIFX \＄＝＂＂THENPRINT\＃－2；＂＂ELSE 716
720 E0T0710
730 PRINT岜3日4；STRING 3 （32，172）：＂ PRESS＜E＞ND OR＜A＞NSWER SHEETS＂： PRINTSTRING $\$(32,163)$ ；STRING $\ddagger(31$, 128）：：POKK1535，128
 EIFX事＝＂A＂THEN778ELSEIFX事＝CHR\＄（13 ）THEN2GELSE749
750 CLS5：PRINTE192，STRING $\$$（32，17 2）：CHR ${ }^{\text {（128）＂}}$（12eady＂：：POKE1254，32 ＂PRINTe231，＂printer＂：：POKE1262， 3 2：PRINTE239，＂then＂；：POKE1267，32： PRINTE244，＂press＂：：POKE1273，32：P RINTa250，＂enter＂CHR\＄（128）STRING （32，163）：
 79ELSE76＠
770 CLS5：PRINTE192，STRING\＄ 32,17 2）：＂now＂：：POKE1251，32：PRINTe228， ＂printing＂；：POKE1260，32：PRINTE23 7，＂coded＂；：POKE1266，32：PRINTE243 ，＂answer＂；：PロKE1273，32：PRINTE256


[^5]，＂sheets＂；STRING中（32，163）：：IF NC ＝ 6 THENBSO
789 NW＝NC：FOR NC＝1 TO NW
796 IF QK（NC）$=$＂g＂THENB 1 gELSEIF GK（NC）＝＂A＂THENB2gELSEIF QK事（NC） ＝＂M＂THENB3日ELSEIF QK象（NC）＝＂D＂THE N845
日थも FOR JK1TOZ：PRINT\＃－2＂＂＂：NEX T JK：NEXT NC：RUN
816 PRINT\＃－2，CHR（3\％）＂SHEET \＃＂： 5 N（NC）：FORI＝1TO13STEPG：FORL＝ØTOS： PRINT\＃－2，TAB（2＋（L＊12））：：PRINT年－2
 NC，I $+L$ ）－D（NC，I＋L）；：NEXTL：PRINT\＃－ 2，＂＂＝NEXT I ：GOTD890
826 PRINT＊－2，CHR事（30）＂SHEET \＃＂； 5 N（NC）：FDRI＝1TO13STEP6：FORL＝6TO5： PRINT\＃－2，TAB（2＋（L＊12））；：PRINT咩－2 ，USING＂耕．＂；I＋：：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂！U（ NC，I $+L\rangle+D\{N C, I+L\rangle ;$ NEXTL：PRINT\＃－ 2，＂＂：NEXT I ：GOTOB＠
830 PRINT＊－2，CHR（3＠）＂SHEET \＃＂；S N（NC）：FORI＝1TO165TEP3：FORL＝9TO2： PRINT\＃－2，TAB \｛9＋（L＊2g））：：PRINT\＃－2 ，USING＂籼．＂；I＋L ：PRINT\＃－2，USING＂
 ；：NEXTL：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂：NEXTI ：GOTD日g 0
840 PRINT掛－2，CHRक（36）＂SHEET \＃＂： N（NC）：FORI＝ 1 TO13STEP6：FORL＝6T05： PRINT\＃－2，TAB（ $0+(L * 13)$ ）：：PRINT\＃－2 ，USING＂讲\＃＂ 5 I＋L ：PRRINT\＃－2，USING＂
 NEXTL：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂：NEXTI：GOTD日もぁ 850 CLS\％：SCREENO， $0: E N D$

Listing 2：


1 ＂$\because * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * ~$
2 ＊WRITTEN MATH PROBLEMMAKER＊
3＊BY FRED B．SCERBD（C） $1983 *$
4 ＊＊ILLUSTRATED MEMORY BANKS＊

60 CLS
79 DIM A $\ddagger(50), \mathrm{B}=(20), \mathrm{B}(12,7)$

96 FORI＝1T026：READ E\＄\｛I）：NEXT
10ø FロRI＝1TO12：G（I，1）＝RND（59）：E（ $I ; 2\rangle=$ RND $\langle 9\rangle+1: G\{I, 3\rangle=R N D(26): G(I$ ，4）＝（RND（49）＋50）／160：NEXT I
110 FORI＝1TO11STEP2：G（I，5）＝RND（1 0）：$G(I, 6\rangle=$ RND $(10): G(1,7)=($ RND $\langle 49$ $\rangle+50\rangle / 106: G\{1+1,5\rangle=($ RND $(4)+2) * 5:$

## RETIRE EARLY？ WHY NOT！

HOW？PRACTICE THRIITT AND PLAN WISELY．THE THRIFT IS UP TO YOU，BUT FOR PLANNING．．． YOU NEED THE RETIREMENT PLANNING MODEL $\star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star$

## ABOUT RETIREMENT PLANNING

By the year 2010，today＇s $\$ 8800$ auto will cost $\$ 40,000$ if inflation averages $6 \%$ ．Inflation makes retirement planning essential．Proper retirement planning requires a complex year－by－year analysis which must consider these factors：
＊Your investment program
＊Inflation
＊Tax－deferred savings
＊Pension
＊Social Security
＊Taxes

## START NOW

Start your planning now．Try different retirement ages and vary your investment program goals．The objective is to develop a plan for early retirement which eases doubt regarding your future financial security．

## WHAT THE MODEL DOES

First，the model helps you organize your present assets．The model then projects these assets，along with estimated pension and social security，to the retirement age you select．Based on this projection，a detailed cash flow analysis is conducted for each year of your retirement．
The factors listed above are considered in all calculations．Each analysis stops when your funds deplete or when the analysis carries to the age of 100．The model is designed for＂what if＂analysis and optional printer output．

## AN．ESSENTIAL TOOL FOR COMPREHENSIVE RETIREMENT PLANNING <br> FULLY DOCUMENTED

ABOUT THE AUTHOR
From the author of＂Real Estate Investment，＂＂Bond Analysis，＂＂Owner Financed Real Estate＂and＂Homeowner Selling Analysis＂as featured by Petrocci Freelance Associates．

REDUIRES 16K EXTENDED COLOR BASIC
ILL．RESIDENTS ADD
8\％SALES TAX

## SEE RAINBOW REVIEW JULY 1984

＂．．．RPM does exactly what it says it will do in fine style．＂

TAPE \＄34．95
DISK \＄39．95
A\＆P SOFTWARE
P．O．Box 202 Glenview，IL 60025

NEXTI
120 PRINTSTRING（32，＂玉＂）；＂．WRITT EN MATH PROBLEM GENERATOR．
BY FRED B．SCERBO＂：STRI NG（32，＂＝＂）：PRINTE164，＂PREPARE P APER AND PRESS＂：PRINT®204，＂＜ENTE R＞．＂

## 130 IFINKEY象＝CHR（13）THEN149ELSE

 139140 PRINT\＃－2，＂NAME．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
 INT\＃－2，＂＂：FORI＝1TO11STEP2：Z2＝RN D（－TIMER）
159 PRINT\＃－2，USING＂\＃\＃，＂IS：PRINT \＃－2，＂＂；A\＄（G（I，1））：＂NEEDS TO PU RCHASE＂；G（I，2）；B\＄\｛（G（I，3））；＂ON S ALE AND PRICED AT A COST OF＂
160 PRINT\＃－2，＂＂；：D＝（G（I，4））： PRINT\＃－2，USING＂${ }^{\text {．\＃\＃＂；}} \mathrm{D}$ ：$:$ PRINT\＃－2 ，＂EACH．HOW MUCH WILL THE TOTAL
 ARE ALSO＂
170 PRINT\＃－2，＂PURCHASED AT A COST OF＂：$: D=\{G\{I, 7)):$ PRINT\＃－2， USING＂$=$ ．\＃\＃＂；D；：PRINT\＃－2，＂EACH？＂ 18ø FOR J＝1TO6：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂：NEXT J

[^6]$190 \mathrm{SN}=\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{I}+1,1):$ PRINT\＃－2，USING＂\＃ \＃．＂；I＋1；：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂；A\＄（SN）；＂W ANTS TO PURCHASE＂； $\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{I}+1,2): \mathrm{B} \$(\mathrm{~B}\{$ I $+1,3)$ ）；＂AT A SALE COST OF JUST ＂： $\mathrm{D}=(\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{I}+1,4))$ ：PRINT\＃－2，USING＂事聿＂＂D
299 PRINT\＃－2，＂EACH．HOW MUCH MONEY WILL＂；A\＄（SN）；＂HAVE LEFT FROM＂： $\mathrm{H}=(\mathrm{G}(1+1,5)):$ PRINT\＃－2，U SING＂事\＃\＃\＃\＃＂；H；：PRINT\＃－2，＂？＂
210 IF $\mathrm{I}+1=12$ THEN 250
220 IF I＝5THEN24の
239 FORJ＝1TO7：PRINT＂－2，＂＂：NEXTJ
240 IF $I=5$ THENEOSUB33 0
250 NEXTI
265 FOR T＝1TOQ：PRINT\＃－2，＂＂：NEXT
T：Z＝Ø：FDR $Y=1$ TOTSTEPG
270 FORI $=Y$ TO $Y+5 S T E P 2$
290 PRINT\＃－2，TAB（ $(I-Z) * 12-9)$ ；：PR INT\＃－2，USING＂\＃\＃．＂；I；：PRINT\＃－2，US
 I，5）＊G（1，7））；
299 PRINT\＃－2，TAB（\｛1＋1－Z）＊12－9）；： PRINT\＃－2，USING＂\＃\＃．＂；I＋1；：PRINT\＃－
 1，4）＊G（I＋1，2）））；
3．ø NEXTI：Z＝6：PRINT\＃－2：NEXTY
310 PRINT：PRINT＂ANOTHER SHE ET（Y／N）？＂
329 IFINKEY象＝＂Y＂THEN RUN ELSE IF INKEY $=$＝＂N＂THENG690ELSE32の
33ø PRINT：PRINT＂PREPARE SECOND SIDE AND PRESS＜ENTER＞TO PR INT REMAINDER．＂
349 X $\$=$ INKEY $\$$ ：IFX $\$=$ CHR $\ddagger$（13）THEN3 5øELSE34ø
$35 \emptyset$ RETURN
1 1øø DATA HARRY，SAM，DEBRA，SALLY， BILL，BOBEY，RHONDA，LUCY，WADE，DALE $101 \varnothing$ DATA DARLENE，MILTON，NOREEN， JANET，BARBARA，RUSTY，LARRY，JOE，MA RK，DEREK，JAY，GLEN，TERRY，JIM，TORY 1 102 DATA RAY，STEVE，DONNA，ADAM，J ENNIE，BRENDA，JOHN，PETE，LEE，PALL， MARYANN，ROSE，ANNIE，KAY，FLO，IRVIN G，DICK，ROGER，CHRIS，TIM，ERIC，GORD ON，DAN，TOM，DARRIN
1639 DATA CARROTS，CANDY APPLES， 5 PICE CAKES，CANDY BARS，LETTUCE HE ADS，BATTERIES，PAPERBACK NOVELS，B OXES OF TISSUES，PAPER TOWELS，CAR PET LINERS，COFFEE ROLLS，BARS OF SDAP
$104 \varrho$ DATA ORANGES，TV DINNERS，BAG $S$ OF CHIPS，LUNCH SNACKS，CUPS DF YOGURT，BLANK TAPES，MAGAZINES，VIT AMIN PACKS
$6 \emptyset 6 \emptyset$ CLS：END

# The Rise Of The Microcomputer 

By Michael Plog, Ph.D. Rainbow Contributing Editor

Congratulations to South Dakota and Minnesota! Those states have a higher microcomputer per student ratio than any other ștate in the nation. In South Dakota, there are 62 students for every microcomputer in a school. In Minnesota, there are 63 students for each microcomputer. Nationwide, each school microcomputer is "shared" by 136.7 students (Did you ever wonder about that "point seven" student?) The poor state of Hawaii has only 156 microcomputers in the entire school system in the state, with 1,072 students for each microcomputer. Hawaii has less than one micro per school, while Jefferson County, Colo., has 15 microcomputers per school.

There are nine states with less than 100 students per microcomputer: Colorado, lowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, and Wyoming. Seven states have between 200 and 400 students per microcomputer; all are in the southeast part of the country: Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee. Thirty-four states (including the District of Columbia) have between 100 and 200 students per microcomputer.
These facts are brought to you by a research study conducted by Quality Education Data, Inc., located in Denver, Colo. They conducted a telephone survey of every school district in the country. This is a massive undertaking, and the company has provided invaluable information to people interested in microcomputer research. Of course, by the time

[^7]you read this, the numbers will have changed; schools are purchasing microcomputers every day.

Across the nation, about two-thirds ( 66.5 percent) of schools have microcomputers. Across all school types, student enrollment is an extremely strong predictor of microcomputer use. The larger the enrollment, the more likely the school is to have microcomputers. Also, the grade level of the school is a strong predictor of microcomputer use. Senior high schools are more likely to have microcomputers than junior high schools, which are more likely to have microcomputers than elementary schools. For example, 91.1 percent of senior high schools with enrollment over 1,500 students have microcomputers. About a third (33.9 percent) of elementary schools with less than 100 students have microcomputers.

Use of microcomputers has increased at all school levels during the past three years. The following table shows the percentages of schools in each category having microcomputers during each of three years:

|  | Elementary | Junior High | Senior High |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 2}$ | $9.4 \%$ | $20.3 \%$ | $42.6 \%$ |
| 1983 | $27.4 \%$ | $46.2 \%$ | $62.5 \%$ |
| 1984 | $61.0 \%$ | $72.2 \%$ | $78.5 \%$ |

The growth of microcomputers in elementary schools is phenomenal! Of course, all school levels show an increase, even a rapid increase, in microcomputer use. But in just two years, this country has gone from less than one out of 10 elementary schools having microcomputers to more than three out of five elementary schools with microcomputers,

What are elementary schools doing with all those microcomputers? Well, we can find out from a survey of members of the National Association of Elementary School Princi-
pals. The results of that survey showed that 29 percent use the school's microcomputer exclusively for management purposes; while 50 percent use the equipment to teach computer literacy and drill in other subjects. I do not know how many elementary principals are members of this organization, nor what type of school is most represented by this group. I would hazard a guess that the members of the organization would be more likely to have microcomputers in their schools than elementary principals who are not members.

Let's get back now to the research study by Quality Education Data, Inc. One of their findings related to the school's community type. Urban and suburban schools are more likely to have microcomputers than rural schools. Nationwide, 72.6 percent of suburban schools have micros; 69.1 percent of urban schools; and 59.5 percent of rural schools. Typically, suburban and urban school districts have more funds to spend than rural school districts. Also, parents in suburban and urban areas will be more likely to work in a job requiring some knowledge of microcomputers than parents in rural areas. This is probably changing quickly, however. There is a large increase in computer software for farming and related industries.

Microcomputer use is also related to ethnic minority enrollment of a school. The greater the percentage of black students in a school, the less likely that school is to have microcomputers. The same is true of Hispanic students -the smaller the percentage of Hispanic enrollment, the more likely the school will own microcomputers. The report did not cover other ethnic groups, such as Asians and American Indians.

After considering the data, it is easy to conclude that microcomputers in schools is not a passing fad. Purchases of microcomputers are increasing in all areas, even though inequities still exist (and probably will in the future). Schools are spending money on microcomputers, and every indication is that educational leaders will continue to invest funds for this type of educational aid.

The report also contained information about brands of microcomputers. The predominant brand is Apple, but we knew that already. The different Radio Shack types of computers were not differentiated. A total of 35.1 percent of school districts in the country own Radio Shack computers, including Models I, II, III, and our favorite, the Color Computer.
School districts are not the only educational institutions interested in microcomputers. Several organizations involved with education have taken an interest in microcomputers, and are using electronic technology to help their members. Probably the most prestigious educational group is the American Education Research Association (AERA). The AERA includes educational leaders from all over the world, not just the United States. While membership includes teachers, the organization is mostly composed of superintendents, university-type people, and researchers. Recently, a Special Interest Group (SIG) for microcomputers in education was founded. This SIG has just started a teleconferencing network for members to share resources and ideas.
Another group, the Midwestern AERA, has a SIG for microcomputers, available to members through CompuServe. Of course, CompuServe has a SIG devoted to education, which anyone can access.

Researchers are not the only people interested in using microcomputers. It is difficult these days to attend any type of educational conference without seeing a session on microcomputers. Many educational special interest groups have networks which use microcomputers to share information. The field of special education (education for the handicapped) has an electronic communication system called SpecialNet. The bilingual community supports the network BLNG (pronounced "bling"). Vocational education has a similar electronic "board" for interested parties.

What use are all these special interest electronic communication systems? Well, take just one example to illustrate the possibilities. A bill affecting one of these groups is scheduled for debate and voting in Congress. Representatives in Washington put this notice on the electronic system. People all over the country read the notice that same day. They can immediately call their representatives and express their views. Now, if you were a representative, and suddenly received a few hundred telephone calls urging passage of that bill, plus possibly a thousand telegrams, would that not help you decide to support the bill? It has apparently worked in the past, and every indication is that such activities are extremely powerful.
A second, more mundane (but not less important) example can be given. A special education director in a local school needed to change the budget provided by the state education agency. The director composed a letter requesting this change, and sent it via electronic mail to the state education agency. The next day, the state agency sent approval of the change, also via electronic mail. The normal procedure would have been to send the request through the postal service, requiring several days (or weeks) for the entire process. As a result, a teacher can be hired and serving students in the same amount of time that would be taken just to get approval to open a new position.

As a third example, consider children of migrant workers, and their schooling. These children move around the country with the different harvest seasons. Their parents work for a while in one area, then move on to another job. Migrants usually cover several states during the course of a year. Migrant children can receive education in many school districts during any single year. In fact, the family may have moved on to another job before past school records are received. Well, no longer, thanks to electronic communication. There is a central repository of records of migrant school children, which any local district (or state education agency) can contact. The date after a child enters a new school, past school records can be printed for the local teacher to view. This means the teacher knows what subjects the child was taking last week, what level of achievement the child demonstrated, and what special handling may be required. Information like this is invaluable for a teacher.
Educational use of microcomputers covers a lot more than just classrooms. Our current technology is valuable for many facets of education, including (but not limited to) classroom instruction.

There is really no point, no editorial stand, to the column this month. The purpose of the article is to share information with you; information you may be able to use in your local area or just for your own store of knowledge. I hope the information is worthwhile to you. If you can use it, please let me know. My address is 829 Evergreen, Chatham, IL, 62629.

# Letters, Books And Dreams Of The Future 

By Bob Albrecht and Ramon Zamora Rainbow Contributing Editors


#### Abstract

"School Is In The Heart of a Child" is for parents of quite young children. We want to help you work and play with your three- to eight-year-old child and learn to use computers as a joyful family experience. We want to suggest ways to incorporate the home computer as another means to encourage your child's independence, growth, and control over his own life. See the pride on her face as she directs the computer to do what she with deliberation selects. See her head gears switch to "on" as she progresses step-by-step with your presence and caring direction.

We will explore (we hope, with your help ) the following: - Specific "teaching" techniques so that the discovery can be the child's own. - Critical evaluation of software based on extensive playtesting in family and related environments. - Additional resources to consult: books, magazines, software publishers, networks, etc. - Suggestions for interludes and fun times away from the computer (a must): call the librarian for specific information; watch a TV program together and discuss it; work together as volunteers in a community project; take a spring (or fall or winter or summer) awareness walk - Whatever we learn from families we work with in Menlo Park of from you, our readers, Let's pool our knowledge. Let's share our experiences as we all learn from our children. We also provide small programs you can type in and use right now: Copyright ${ }^{\circ} 1984$ by DragonQuest, P. O. Box 310, Menlo Park, CA 94026.


[^8]
## Farewell, Fran and Hello, Ramon

Fran's blithe spirit has decided against jousting with monthly deadines, so she has turned over her lance to Ramon Zamora. Fran and Mariko will still be around, however, to lend help and inspiration to all of us in the "School Is In the Heart of a Child" project.
Ramon is author or co-author of several books, cofounder of ComputerTown, USA!, and currently designing computer games for kids at ChildWare Corporation in Menlo Park, Calif. Welcome, Ramon, to Rainbow's computer sandbox.

## We love the letters!

Thanks again, people, for sending us letters about your experiences with your kids and your CoCo . More, please. If it is okay for us to reprint all or part of your letter, please include permission when you write to us. Here is a letter from Denise Lambird sharing her experiences in CoCo play with her 18 -month-old son!

## Dear Fran and Bob:

As the parent of a very young child, I would like to say that I found your column in the rainbow March issue to be one of the greatest interest to me.
We just recently purchased the TRS-80 Color Computer, having decided that, since my son will be growing up in a world of computers, it would be a good idea to begin learning myself to be able to help him learn. Although you refer to your column as being designed for the age group from three to eight, my son David, who is only 18 months old, finds the computer to be thoroughly fascinating. Previous to purchasing the
computer, we had gotten him several books designed for his age group and attempted to read to him, showing him the pictures as we went. However, being a very active little boy, he did not find this the least bit interesting. But he thoroughly enjoys sitting at the keyboard and watching on the TV the various things that appear when he pushes the keys. As a matter of fact, you almost have to fight him to get to use it yourself.

1 know 18 months may seem a little early for a child to start using one, but we purchased the software Early Games for Young Children and use it quite often. He finds the Draw program to be great fun and I have found that, with a lot of patience pointing at the picture and then at the top row of numbers, he is learning to distinguish the difference between numbers in the "match the numbers" program. He may only get three or four right out of 10 attempts, but when he gets one right, I clap and tell him that was very good, which makes him laugh with delight and he wants to try again. You can see the concentration on his face as he keeps looking back and forth for the right one - yet he really enjoys doing it.

David is my first child and I am only now realizing just how much they really can learn at such young ages and wish that there were more programs designed with colors and sounds to interest and teach the very young.

I like your idea of a bulletin board for sharing children's programs and think it would be wonderful. We don't have a modem and honestly, since I am just
learning, I don't know how to use one. But, if such a project were to come into existence I would buy a modem and learn how to use it.
Please let me know of any programs that my son and I might find helpful. Also, please encourage more parents of the very young to let them use the CoCo , too. Even though they haven't developed much speaking skill yet, they still understand, learn and like to be a part of what the older children and parents are doing.

Thanks again for the wonderful column and any information you can give will be gratefully appreciated. As I said, my son and I are both just learning.

Denise A. Lambird
Thanks, Denise. We covered Early Games in the July 1984 issue of THE RAINBOW. It is from Counterpoint Software, Inc., Suite 218, 4005 West Sixty-Fifth Street, Minneapolis, Minn., 55435.
Denise, since you are "just learning," we will send you a copy of Bob's beginner's book, TRS-80 Color BASIC, and for David, a friendly, cuddly stuffed dragon.
 Setting the Standards


## DragonSmoke

An important new book, hot off the press: Parents, Kids, and Computers by Lynne Alper and Meg Holmberg - 145 pages of good information for only $\$ 4.95$. Lynne is a math and computer teacher who has been sharing computer fun and learning with her own children since 1980, when her kids were five, seven, and nine years old. Meg is a technical writer and editor who works closely with educators who are developing new ways for children to learn with computers.

From the Preface:
This book is for parents who want their kids to know about computers, but aren't sure where to begin learning about them. It's also for parents who have already purchased a home computer and wonder what more their children could be doing with it than playing arcade-like games.

Some parents want to know how their children can use a computer on their own [Bob: Solo mode]. Others might also want to know how they can work with their children on the computer [Bob: Dual mode]. This book is for both.

Here are a few chapter titles:

1) The.Computer: Opportunity for Learning
2) Simulations - Windows on the World
3) Learning Games
4) Programming Is Kid Stuff
5) Computers and Writing
6) Working With Your Child
7) Girls and Computers
8) Where to Find Good Programs
9) Computers in the Schools

We recommend this book. Get it at your local bookstore or from the publisher: SYBEX, Inc., 2344 Sixth Street, Berkeley, CA , $94710, \$ 4.95$. Parents, Kids, and Computers is dedicated: "To the first generation of children to grow up with computers."

Since we began this department in your favorite CoCo magazine, we have mentioned an assortment of books for you to read. Would you like an up-to-date list? If so, send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to School, P.O. Box 310, Menlo Park., CA , 94026. If you do, please include a note.

## Your Dream Machine

The next generation of home computers is coming.

- From the Apple tree, an almost-clone and a mutation. The Apple IIc bundles a lot of old stuff into one neat package. Will there someday be an Apple IIz? The Macintosh brings the creative ideas of Doug Englebart and Alan Kay, for the first time, to we, the people. Read InfoWorld, June 11, 1984. The cover story is "Alan Kay: Portrait of a High-Tech Dreamer."
- The Japanese are coming out with part or all of the home computer built-in to the TV and the MSX machines, with 80 K and 32 sprites.
- What if Radio Shack had included the TI sprite chip in the CoCo? We sure wish they had done so. Imagine: 32 sprites carrying shapes of your choice, in colors of your



## EASY TO USE

ON-SCREEN EDITING via cursor. Full prompting and error checking. Key Beep and Error Beebop. Scroll bkwd/fwd while on line. Save/load files while on line. Maintain a disk copy of session. Automatic graphics. True lower case. Screen widths of $32,40,42,50,64$. No split words on screen/printer. Print all or part of text. Search for strings. Well written manual goes step-by-step and has many KSM examples. Back cover is a cheat sheet.

RECOMMEND 32K to 64K
EASY UPGRADE
Price Ditterence $+\$ 13$

## AUTOTERM TURNS YOUR COLOR COMPUTER INTO THE WORLD'S SMARTEST TERMINAL! YOU'LL ALSO USE AUTOTERM FOR SIMPLE WORD PROCESSING \& RECORD KEEPING

## PLEASANTLY POWERFUL

Total communications ability, 128 ASCII chars, 1200 baud, etc. Send text, graphics, BASIC, ML. Scan/ Edit current data while receiving more data. Any modem. Fully supports D.C. Hayes and others. Any printer, page size, margins, etc. Override narrow text width of received data. Examine/change parameters, KSMs and disk directories at any time. Handles files which are larger than memory.

CASSETTE \$39.95
DISKETTE \$49.95
Add $\$ 3$ shipping and handling MC/VISA/C.O.D.

## TRULY AUTOMATIC

Create, edit, print, save and load Keystroke Multipliers (KSMs). KSMs automate almost any activity. Dial via modem, sign-on, interact, sign-off. Perform entire session. Act as a message taker. KSM may include parameter changes, disk operations, editing, time delays, looping, execution of other KSMs, waiting for partspecified responses, branching based upon responses.

## PXE Computing

11 Vicksburg Lane
Richardson, Texas 75080
214/699-7273
choice, without using the "computer" in your CoCo . Then little kids could learn to do animation in a few minutes, even if they had never before touched a computer!

How many people read this magazine? 100,000 ? 200,000? More? Are you getting your Dream Machines? No? You can, if you put out a little energy. Send your wants to THE RAINBOW. Together, we can be a GIANT SQUEAKY WHEEL. Next time, we will squeak a bit and tell you what we would like for children, dragons, and others.

## Wordsworth

In May 1984, we challenged you to answer a bunch of Wordsworth problems, using the Sesame Street Dictionary. Only one kid responded! Thanks, Justin Wireman, who is $41 / 2$ years old. Did your parents help you? We hope so. Thanks, Justin's parents. Here are our questions and Justin's answers.

1) What three-letter word has the smallest Wordsworth? BAD
2) What three-letter word has the largest Wordsworth? TRY
3) What four-letter word has the smallest Wordsworth? FACE
4) What four-letter word has the largest Wordsworth? YOYO
5) What is the first word (alphabetically) to have a Wordsworth of exactly 100 ?
CARPENTER

ㅊㅜㅜㅜํ HARUARD DESIGN PRESENTS: $\boldsymbol{* * * * ㅜ ㅜ ~}$

The Disk File Duplicator: This disk utility will make copying files from one disk to any number of other disks
a snap. 16k............................................... $\$ 17.95$ disk
The Disk Utility: This package contains three utilities - Disk Repair, Disk+ (text movement), and Disk Inventory, 16K........................................ $\$ 24.95$ disk

The Directory Alphabetizer: Alphabetize disks which have hard-to-follow directories, 16k......... $\$ 15.95$ disk

Lettering Services: This banner generator allows stretching of letters, printing both across and down the paper, Any printer, 32k......... $\$ 17.95$ cass / $\$ 20.95$ disk

Shandria and Pendicadia: This adventure is for one who appreciates real challenges, not useless frustration, First in a trilogy. 32K......... $\$ 14.95$ cass / $\$ 17.95$ disk

The Waxen Furnace: A multi-scene; high-res graphics adventure based on underground prison escapes, Available July 30, 1984, 32K................................... $\$ 24.95$ disk

We accept personal checks and money orders, Foreign orders must be in US funds. Dealer and author inquiries invited. Catalog for $\$ 1.50$, deductible from next purchase. Send orders to HARUARD DESIGN, P.O. Box 40, Harvard, MA, 01451

6) In the entire dictionary, what word has the largest Wordsworth?

HIPPOPOTAMUS

7) What is the longest word (most letters) having a Wordsworth of exactly 100 ?

## CARPENTER, LIGHTNING, TELEPHONE

Again, thanks, Justin and his parents. Please (Wordsworth $=58$ ) write to us and tell us how you and Justin did this. In the meantime, we will send Justin a friendly, cuddly, stuffed dragon.

Why only one problem-solver? Probably because we picked a dictionary only a few of you have. So, let's make it easy for all of you out there who want to play Wordsworth.

1) Tell us what children's dictionary you have.
2) Invest in an inexpensive paperback dictionary. This one: The American Heritage Dictionary of the American Language, paperback edition, published by Dell Publishing Co., Inc., 1 Dag Hammarskjold Plaza, New York, NY, $10017, \$ 3.95$. From now on, we will base all Wordsworth problems on this inexpensive paperback dictionary.

So, here are two programs called Wordsworth \#1 (WWI) and Wordsworth \#2 (WW2). WW1 asks for a word, assigns a letter score (LS) from one for A to 26 for $Z$, adds the letter scores and tells you the total score. WW2 asks for a word, assigns a letter score (one to 26), multiplies the letter scores, and tells you the total score -well, maybe it's called the product score.

Here is Wordsworth \#1, almost as you might have seen it in the May 1984 issue.

```
1@\emptyset REM**WORDSWORTH #1 SCH 7-1
110 CLS
200 REM**ASK FOR A WORD
210 PRINT
22\emptyset INFUT "YOUR WORD"; WRD$
3ø\emptyset REM**WL IS LENGTH OF WORD
310 WL = LEN(WRD$)
40\emptyset REM**START WORDSWDRTH AT @
41\varnothing WW = 
500 REM**ADD LETTER SCORES
510 FOR L=1 TO WL
520 : L$ = MID&(WRD$,L,1)
530 : IF L$<"A" THEN 570
540 : IF L$>"Z" THEN 570
55. : LS = ASC(L事) - 64
56\varnothing : WW = WW + LS
570 NEXT
600 REM**PRINT THE WORDSWORTH
610 PRINT "THE WORDSWORTH IS" WW
7\emptyset\emptyset REM**GO FOR ANOTHER
710 GOTO 210
```

Use this program to check out some of Justin's answers.

[^9]
## YOUR WORD?

and so on
That's WW1. Most of the work and play in answering our questions is people play: browsing a dictionary, thinking about what to do, creating strategies - most enjoyable! Peopl- are well-equipped to do this kind of work/play.
Some of the work is grungy stuff: looking up letter scores, adding numbers. Let the CoCo do that. Now, on to Wordsworth \#2 (WW2). Note changes in Lines $100,400,410,500$, and 560 .

```
10ø REM**WORDSWORTH #2 SCH 7-2
110 CLS
2øg REM**ASK FOR A WORD
210 PRINT
220 INPUT "YOUR WORD"; WRD$
300 REM**WL IS LENGTH OF WORD
310 WL = LEN(WRD$)
4gg REM**START WORDSWORTH AT 1
41g WW = 1
500 REM*MULTIPLY LETTER SCORES
51ø FOR L=1 TO WL
520 : L& = MID* (WRD*,L,1)
539 : IF L$<"A" THEN 57ø
540 : IF L$>"Z" THEN 570
55ø : LS = ASC(L$) - 64
560 : WW = WW*LS
570 NEXT L
Gøg REM**PRINT THE WORDSWORTH
61g PRINT "THE WORDSWORTH IS" WW
700 REM**GO FOR ANOTHER
71ø GOTO 210
```

In Wordsworth \#2, the letter scores are multiplied instead of added.

- The $W W 2$ of BAD is $2 * 1^{*} 4=8$.
- The $W W 2$ of TRY is $20 * 18 * 25=9000$.

If a word is in your children's dictionary, it is probably also in the American Heritage Dictionary. So you and your child first browse your dictionary, then perhaps also look it up in the one we recommend. Work together, play together to answer these questions for Wordsworth \#2.
In the American Heritage Dictionary, paperback edition:

1) Pick any number of letters, two, three, four, your choice. Find the words having this many letters with the smallest Wordsworth \#2 and largest Wordsworth \#2.
2) What is the first word (alphabetically) to have a Wordsworth \#2 exactly equal to $100,1000,5040$, or any number you pick.
3) A party game. Select a number. Everyone gets 15 minutes (or 12 or 20 or . . .) to find a word whose $W W$ is close to the chosen number. Winner is the one who comes closest. Try this with both $W W l$ and $W W 2$.
4) The numbers $2,3,5,7,11,13$, and so on are called prime numbers. The numbers $4,6,7,9,10$, and so on are called composite numbers. For each composite number up to 100 , find a word whose Wordsworth \#2 is equal to the composite number. For example, 50 is a composite number. Here's a word: BEE. The $W W 2$ of BEE is $2 * 2 * 5=50$.

# Good News for CoCo Users 

## New OS-9 Utilities from Brian Lantz Computerware offers "Text Tools"

Noted OS-9 programmer and author Brian Lantz has joined with leading os.9 vendor Computerware to offer an impressive group of $\mathbf{O S}-9$ utilities' called "Text Tools" which sells for $\mathbf{\$ 2 9 . 9 5}$. Review the list of powerful commands that follow and you will see why every OS-9' user will be adding the Text Tools to his library! You'll see similar "Unix-type" commands from otlrer companies wilh prices of up 10 S 50 . But why pay more than Comiputerwares $\$ 29.95$ when you (and get top o puatity from real experts? Order the OS-9 Text Tools today!

| CAT | FGREP | LOWER |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GSORT | RPL | SPLIT |
| UNIO | UNPACK | UPPER |

## Ending Fierce Battles and Bloodshed

Sanctuary - Finally, a brave adventurer returned the three golden rings to the Sanctuary and was crowned ruler of the Middle Kingdom. This ends the gruesome carnage of warriors. merchants. and magicians that have been murdered and mamed by all varieties of mansters as they searched the dangerous Catacombs. Temple, and Pyramid for the precious rings. This Middle Kingdom adventure can be replayed in graphics for $\$ 24.95$ on cassette or S 27.95 on disk. Could you be crowned ruler? (Req. 32 K )

## JDOS - Available Separately

Computerware announced they have a limited supply of JDOS (rom and manual) sets available for $\$ 39.95$. JDOS is the new $J \& M$ disk operating system which supports double sided drives and has many other attiractive features.

## 2 $j^{-35}$ <br> The Sourcerer Reveals All. .

 Buyers Warried About:- reliabillty!! line size
- adequate power supply
- technical documentation

If you like to take things apart to see how they tick - if you want to see the hows and whys of assembly language programs - the Sourcerer is your tool! It's an easy-to-use, menu-driven disassembler that produces symbolic source code that can be assembled by most of the popular editor/assemblers. (Yes, OS-9 users, it will disassemble the mysterious OS-9!) It's available on cassette or disk; disk verstons for RSDOS, FLEX, \& OS-9. So anyone can take a closer look! At $\$ 39.95$ on disk or $\$ 34.95$ on tape, you owe it to your curiosity!

## Bio Detector Results Not Admissable In Court

The truths and untruths have been exposed. The suspect's inner mind has been tapped through the "galvanic skin response" sensars of the Bio Detector. The reaction to every question was displayed with color and sound on the CoCo screen for everyone to see. Yet the culprit is freed on a technicality - Bio Detector results were not admissable in court. But at least the truth is out! You too can tap into the 'truth by hooking up your family, friends, and "others" to Computerware's Bio Detector and your CoCo. Just ask questions and watch the Graphic screen. The truth will come out! (Just $\$ 29.95$ for all hardware, software, and fun. Req. 16K)

## Programmers Applaud New Basic Utilities and Print Spooler

A new aid to the serious Basic programmer released by Computerware has proven to be essential. It gives the 32 K system a 2 K print buffer and the 64 K system a 32 K print buffer. WOW! Other utilites include a Basic cross reference program, a dump for values of all Basic program variables, a $51 \times 24$ screen display for 64 K users and more. At \$19.95 for cassette or S24.95 for disk. every programmer should have one!

## Computerware ${ }^{\circledR}$ Disk System Breakthrough!

- buying pieces from several different vendors \& having to assemble them together - if something's wrong. who do you go to?
- getting the most advanced features like fast step rates. extended tracks. slim

Computerware ${ }^{\text {© }}$ Offers Solutions like:


- complete systems assembled \& tèsted by expert technicians. We've been selling disk systems since 1977 so we know what you need $\&$ we make sure you get it!
- highiest quality components including TEAC \& Hitachi drives, $\boldsymbol{J}$ \& $\mathbf{~ M}$ Systems controller, all GOLD connectors, heavy duty cabinet, power supply. \& cable.
- totally adequate power supplies to insure reliability. We know dual drives need heavier power supplies!
- all TEAC \& Hitachi drives with $6 \mathbf{m s}$ step fate, full 40 tracks, slim line. \& 1 year warranty
- In addition to the DOS manual, a 20 page technical manual documenting every detaii of disk drive performance \& specification.


# from Computerware ${ }^{\circledR}$ 

## CoCo Owners Use Video Plus to Interface Monitors



## New NAP Monitors Have Built-In Audio Speaker!

Computerware has made special arrangements with North American Phillips (familiar for Magnavox \& Sylvanla brands). Their green and amber composite video monitors are the only moriochromes on the market with built-in audio. And they are still very affordable! Check out Computerware's full line of monitors.

| NAP green | $\$ 109.95$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| NAP amber | $\$ 119.95$ |
| Color (Comrex or Amdek) | $\$ 265.00$ |

## Flexi Filer Price Slashed -Now Only \$54.95!!!

Computerware's popular data base system now includes the powerful file manager, making Flexi Filer a super buy at the new reduced price. It comes with a useful personal inventory format as a starter and has been used for such applications as sales analysis, sophisticated mailing lists, property locator \& descriptor, buisiness inventory - the lists goes on! Flexi Filer can be tailored to meet almost any need and is now affordable to all. (Req. 32 K \& disk).

CoCo users can now take advantage of the crisp display of a composite video monitor by installing one of Computerware's Video Plus interfaces. They are inexpensive, completely assembled, and easy to install. It also provides audio output for monitors with audio. There are three models depending on the kind of monitor and whether you have the original CoCo or CoCo II.

## Video Plus

$\$ 24.95$
(original CoCo \& either color or monochrome monitor)

## Video Plus IIM

$\$ 26.95$
(CoCo Il \& monochrome monitor)

Video Plus IIC
$\$ 39.95$
(CoCo II \& either color or monochrome monitor)


PASCAL Price Reduced!!! low of pascal with Computer language of Pascal with Computerware's affordable 32 K subset of standard Pascal. Though it omits floating point and some sophisticated data structures, the user can enjoy learning the basics of this popular language and accomplish virtually any programming task. The cassette version (\$39.95) Includes compiler, P-code interpreter, supervisor, editor and sample programs. The disk version (\$54.95) has added features like graphics, joystick, sound and directed I/O and includes compiler, P-code interpreter, supervisor and samples. The disk version with the Advanced Editor is available at $\$ 74.95$. Finally, an affordable Pascal!

## OS-9 Users Turn To Computerware ${ }^{\text {® }}$

OS-9 users are finding quality products at Computerware! The Advanced Edittor is a much needed, comprehensive program editor. The Disk Fic 8 OS-9 Utilties package allows full use of drives like double sided, extended track, and fast step rates plus some very powerful and useful utilities. To explore how things "tick" the Sourcerer disassembler is a handy tool! Random Bdsic offers some significant advantages like extended precision and graphics. Computerware also carries Elite Word, O-Pak, and CCompiler. Write for a complete catalog from the OS-9 experts!
Advanced Editor $\$ 39.00$
Disk Fix \& Utilities $\$ 29.95$
Sourcerer $\$ 39.95$
Random Basic $\$ 75.00$
Elite Word $\$ 72.95$
O-PAK \$34.95
C-Compiler $\quad \$ 59.95$

## Synther 77 Users Form Band - Play Tunes Right From Their Keyboards

With Synther 77 you can tune your keyboard to any of a hundred different voices (or instruments) then play music right on the keyboard. Some users groups have formed CoCo bands, playing familiar tunes together and saving their favorites to disk or tape. The pro musicians love the technical fine tuning factors like vibrato, bender, boing, attack, sustain, and decay. While the novices can enjoy just playing along and experimenting. Synther 77 requires 32 K and costs only $\$ 24.95$ on cassette or $\$ 27.95$ on disk. It will bring hours of listening and playing enjoyment to all.

## 「Call or Write to:



Volksmodem
300 boud, direct connect, with CoCo coble
UICO adapter
interfaces 2 Atori-tupe jousticks
Kraft Joustick
589.95

Video Clear
reduces RF interference from coCo to TV
CCP-1 Printer Interface
parallel to serial interface with selectable baud rates
CCP-2 Printer 8 Modem Interfoce
$\$ 79.95$
CCP. 1 plus extro connection for modem \& switch for printer módem selection
(619) 436-3512

Box 668 - Encinitas, CA - 92024
Name Address
City $\qquad$ State

Zip
Yes! Send the your FREE catalog! $\square$ VISA MasterCard
Card * $\qquad$ Signature

$5 \%$ for orders over $\$ 100$
|Checks are delayed for bank clearance

Okay, how about another contest? Send us answers to these four questions.

Q1) What magic word has a Wordsworth \#l equal to the number of weeks in a year?
Q2) What five-letter word has the smallest Wordsworth \#2?
Q3) What five-letter word has the largest Wordsworth \#2?
Q4) What is the longest word (most letters) that has a Wordsworth \#2 less than 20,000?

We'll put all answers received by August 31, 1984, in a box, shake 'em up, and draw a winner. The winner will receive, of course, a stuffed dragon. If we get lots of answers, we'll draw for more stuffed dragons and perhaps some other prizes.

## Simulations - Powerful Learning!

Schools use computers primarily to preserve old ways of teaching. So they use computers mostly as automated flashcards and for mundane drills and practice. These uses blend easily into traditional lesson plans. They can be done in oneto 10 -minute chunks once or twice a day without disturbing 19th century teaching methods. No creative thinking is
required on the part of the teacher. As always, the kids learn to memorize and regurgitate facts.

The most powerful computer tools for learning are Simulations, Simulation games, and Adventure games. Unfortunately, these take time, sometimes lots of time. In fact, an unpredictable amount of time. Of course, that doesn't fit in with the rigid scheduling of schools. Do you know any school that lets kids spend hours in creative problemsolving?

Earlier, we recommended the book Parents, Kids, and Computers by Lynne Alper and Meg Holmberg. This book is subtitled: Learning Adventures Beyond the Classroom. Chapter two, "Simulations - Windows on the World" is the best concise description we have seen of Simulations as learning tools.
> "'The most powerful computer tools for learning are Simulations, Simulation games, and Adventure games."

We especially like text Adventure games. We can think of no better way to encourage a kid to learn several skills: reading, reasoning, learning by trial-and-error, mapmaking, problem-solving, and working together.

Wanted: Adventure games suitable for general audiences or okay with PG (parental guidance). We want games with these characteristics:

- Mostly non-violent. Focus on exploration, storytelling, and problem-solving instead of "kill monster, get treasure."
- Difficulty range from easy to moderately difficult. How about some easy games for beginners, parent and child?
- Reading level suitable for younger kids.
- Good documentation showing how to make maps and other ways of organizing information.
- Creative ways of imbedding things to learn in the game without sacrificing fun or playability.

We have received Adventure games from Prickly-Pear Software and Owls Nest Software. Look for their ads in this issue of THE RAINBOW. We are playtesting these games with parent and child playing together.

## Help!

If your home has a kid, three to eight years old, and a CoCo , please share your experiences in using your CoCo with your child. If you write to us, please tell us if it is okay to print all or part of your letter in this column. ComputerKid, P.O. Box 310, Menlo Park, CA, 94026.


T hen the Color Computer is compared with the TRS-80 Model III by those who have used both, usually the Color Computer is favored. However, it is generally agreed that the Color Computer's keyboard and character set (no true lowercase) are inferior to the Model III's. Use of kits can eliminate the keyboard inferiority. Use of software can give the Color Computer a high resolution character set with a true lowercase. Sometimes the Color Computer is criticized because of its lack of BASIC commands for error trapping. The purpose of this article is to overcome this criticism.

The vehicle for overcoming the criticism is a program that adds to the Color Computer's repertoire of BASIC command analogs of the Model III's ON ERROR GOTO, ERROR,
(H. Allen Curtis resides in Williamsburg, Va. He is interested in 17th and 18th century history and enjoys biking through the colonial capital. He balances past and present with his computer work.)

ERL, ERR/2+1 and RESUME commands. Before the program called Trapperr is presented, a brief description of the new commands will be given. Then, after the presentation of Trapperr, there will follow a set of examples illustrating in detail the workings and applications of the new commands.

The ETRAP command is analogous to the Model III's ON ERROR GOTO. The format of ETRAP is simply as follows:

ETRAP line number
With ETRAP you provide a means of entry to an errortrapping routine which will permit your program to analyze an error when it occurs, take suitable action, and continue the program without any break in execution. The errortrapping routine starts at the line specified in the ETRAP command.

The next command, $E R \#$, allows you to simulate a specified error. Its format is $E R \#$ code where code is any integer from one through 27 for Extended Color BASIC or from one through 38 for Disk BASIC. Associated with each code is a


Learning to type the right way can save you hours of tedious work when entering programs into your CoCo , and this is just what ETT was designed to do. Devote a little time every day practicing with ETT and before you know it you will be typing with confidence. Entering those programs will no longer be the chore it used to be.

ETT's video keyboard lets you practice with all the keys labeled, all the keys blank or only the "home" keys labeled. The visual cues guide you while you learn to type without watching your fingers. ETT shows your accuracy, response time, and words per minute. You will quickly see that you are improving with practice

With the sentences provided by ETT learning to type can be fun. Over 1000 variations chosen because they include every letter in the alphabet. You can also create your own practice sets. This outstanding program was written by a certified teacher and professional programmer and comes with a ten page student manual-study guide. Requires 16 K Extended Basic.

## Cassette \$21.95

ETT NOW AVAILABLE FOR COMMODORE 64 CASSETTE 524.95 DISK $\$ 29.95$

## MASTER CONTROL II

The best doesn't always cost more and MASTER CONTROL II is a good example. What would you be willing to pay for a program that would cut your typing time by more than $50 \%$ and eliminate hours of debugging because you misspelled a command word? For example the command STRING\$ (requires nine strokes) with MASTER CONTROL II you only require two strokes, just hit the down arrow key twice and it's done, and no mistakes. That is just one of the 50 pre-programmed commands available to you. If that isn't enough you also have the ability to customize your own key to enter a statement or command correctly, automatically every time. But that's not all, how about automatic line numbering. Just enter the starting number and the increment you want and MASTER CONTROL II will do it for you. You also have direct control of MOTOR, AUDIO and TRACE plus a direct RUN key. Sounds great? Well, thousands of color computer owners have been enjoying these features for years. But now the new MASTER CONTROL II also has the following features:

そ̈New plastic overlay that can be removed when you are not using MASTER CONTROL II.
*New documentation, to help you get the most from the program. *New repeating keyboard.

Cassette \$21.95

Include $\$ 2.50$ Shipping and Handling in U.S.-\$5.00 Foreign
Warehouse
Where Shopping By Mail is "USER FRIENDLY"
500 N. DOBSON - WESTLAND, MI 48185
Phone (313) 722-7957

FREE catalog DEALER INQUIRIES invited
distinct type of error. Table 1 shows the codes and their associated errors. Execution of the ER\# command will cause the computer to react as though the associated error had occurred. This command is a handy tool in the composition and testing of error-trapping routines. The $E R \#$ command is not generally used in your program once it has been completely developed.

The $E R L$ command of the Color Computer is a function that returns the line number in which an error has occurred. $E R L$ is primarily used in an error-trapping made accessible by an ETRAP command. If an error occurs in the direct mode, $E R L$ returns -1.

The $E R R$ command is the Color Computer analog of the $E R R / 2+1$ command of the Model III. $E R R$ is a function that returns the code number (see Table 1) associated with the error that occurred. $E R R$, like $E R L$, is primarily used in an error-trapping routine accessed by an ETR AP command.

The final error handling command to be added to BASIC's command repertoire is RESUME. RESUME is used to terminate an error-trapping routine by specifying where normal execution is to resume. RESUME followed by a line number causes the computer to resume execution at the specified line. RESUME without a following line number causes the computer to return to the statement in which the error occurred. RESUME NEXT causes the computer to go to the statement directly after that in which the error occurred. If a programming bug causes the error-trapping routine to be reached without the occurrence of an error, you will receive an ID Error message. The ID Error message in such a case is intended to inform you that a RESUME has been executed without the occurrence of any of the errors in Table 1.

Trapperr, the program that adds ETRAP, ER\#, ERL, $E R R$ and RESUME to the BASIC command repertoire of your computer is shown in Listing 1. Trapperr employs a combination of two languages - BA'SIC dnd machine language. Each value in the DATA statements of Lines 90 through 500 is a byte of the machine language portion of Trapperr. This machine language routine consists of two distinct sections. The first section, found in Lines 90 through 190, initializes the mechanism that adds the error-trapping commands to the computer's command repertoire. The second section, found in the rest of the DATA statements, acts as an extension of the BASIC ROM and executes each error-trapping command when issued.

The purpose of the BASIC portion of Trapperr is to generate the machine language routine, reserve and protect high RAM, and transfer the routine to the reserved memory area. Lines 10 and 20 take care of the reservation and protection of the high 336 bytes of RAM. Lines 30 thrbugh 60 generate and transfer the machine language routine to the protected RAM. Line 70 provides a check on the accuracy of your typing the DATA statement values. Line 80 causes the execution of the initialization section of the machine language routine. This section is no longer needed after its completion and return to basic. Therefore, its 90 bytes are released from protection. The addition of the five error-trapping commands comes at a memory cost of only 246 bytes. There is an additional cost for those without Disk BASIC; you may no longer employ the first three USR functions USRO, USRI and USR2.

After you have correctly keyed in Trapperr, run it; it takes about five seconds. Then save Trapperr on tape or disk.

| Code | Error | Description |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | NF | NEXT without FOR | 20 | DN | Device number error |
| 2 | SN | Syntax error | 21 | IO | Input-Output error |
| 3 | RG | RETURN without GOSUB | 22 | FM | Bad file mode |
| 4 | OD | Out of DATA | 23 | NO | File not open |
| 5 | FC | Ilegal function call | 24 | IE | Input past End of file |
| 6 | OV | Overflow | 25 | DS | Direct statement |
| 7 | OM | Out of memory | 26 | UF | Undefined function |
| 8 | UL | Undefined line | 27 | NE | Can' find file |
| 9 | BS | Bad subscript | 28 | BR | Bad Record Number |
| 10 | DD | Redimensioned array | 29 | DF | Disk full |
| 11 | D | Division by zero | 30 | OB | Out of Buffer space |
| 12 | ID | Ilegal direct | 31 | WP | Write Protected |
| 13 | TM | Type mismatch | 32 | FN | Bad filename |
| 14 | OS | Out of string space | 33 | FS | Bad file structure |
| 15 | LS | String too long | 34 | AE | File already exists |
| 16 | ST | String formula too complex | 35 | FO | Field Overflow |
| 17 | CN | Can't continue | 36 | SE | Set to non-field string |
| 18 | FD | Bad file data | 37 | VF | Verification |
| 19 | AO | File already open | 38 | ER | Past End of Record |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Erase Trapperr by typing and entering NEW. Now, you are ready to become more familiar with the error-trapping commands via illustrative examples.
Example 1: Type and enter the following:

## 10 ETRAP1000 <br> 900 STOP <br> 1000 PRINT"TEST"

Then type $R U N$ and press ENTER. The result is the message, BREAK IN 900. In Line 10 the entry Line 1000 is established for the error-trapping routine. Because no error occurred in Lines 10 and 900, the error-trapping routine was never reached.

Try typing and entering RUN2000. Ordinarily, you would receive a UL Error message, but because of the previous execution of the ETRAP command, the occurrence of the UL Error caused entry to the routine at Line 1000 and the subsequent printing of the word TEST on the screen.

Again, type and enter RUN2000. This time the message UL Error is indeed displayed. This illustrates that once an error has occurred, another ETRAP command must be issued in order to trap the next error.

Example 2: Add to the Example I program the following:

## 20 PRINT"THIS IS A ";:ER\#16:STOP

Then change Line 1000 to:

## 1000 PRINT"TEST":RESUME

Displayed on the screen as a result of running this program is:

## THIS IS A TEST ?ST ERROR IN 20

This display shows that after the completion of the PRINT statement of Line 20, the ER\#16 command simulated an ST Error that caused an interruption of the execution of Line 20 and an entry to the routine at 1000 . At Line 1000 following the printing of TEST on the screen, the RESUME command brought about a return to the ER\#16 command in Line 20. Because there was no second execution of an ETRAP, ER\#16 this time produced the message, ?ST ERROR IN 20. Change Line 1000 to 1000 PRINT "TEST":RESUMENEXT and then run the program again. Now, you should get printed on the screen the following:

## THIS IS A TEST <br> BREAK IN 20

Because of the RESUMENEXT in Line 1000, the return was made to the STOP statement just after and next to the $E R \# 16$ command. Thus, $E R \# 16$ was only executed once in the changed version of the example program. The STOP in Line 20 accounted for the "BREAK 1N 20" message.
Example 3: In the program of Example 2 change Line 1000 to:

## 1000 PRINT"TEST":PRINTERL:PRINTERR: RESUMENEXT

Running this program yields the display:
THIS IS A TEST
20
16
BREAK IN 20
The execution of PRINT ERL and PRINT ERR in Line 1000 caused the printing of 20 and 16 , respectively, before the execution of the STOP command in Line 20. The printed

## What Does

# Dugger's Crowing Systems Grow? 

We grow C Compilers ( $\$ 120$ value) generate fast, efficient code longs, floats, most operators

FLEX* $\$ 75.00$
new OS-9* $\$ 59.95$
COCO DOS \$49.95

## We grow Relocatable Macro Assemblers

 ( $\$ 150$ value)Assembler, linker, library builder symbols up to 32 characters "fortran-like" common

FLEX* $\$ 75.00$
new OS-9* $\$ 75.00$
COCO DOS $\$ 49.95$
We grow Orchids
Odontoglossums write for catalog and price list
We grow HI RES OS-9 "Windows"
$52 \times 24$ hi-res display
new cursor control multi-window displaving

OS-9* $\$ 34.95$
We grow Orchids
intergeneric hybrids write for catalog and price list
We grow OS-9 Experts
Over 6 years experience with OS-9 Used in development of major project Experts in both levels 1 and 2
Quality
quality at an affordable price
all products tested and proven
Solid Authorship Royalties
royalties up to $20 \%$ of selling price Only quality products accepted

ORDER NOW! YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF
All orders add $\$ 3.00$ for shipping VISA and MC welcomed Foreign orders add 15\% California orders add 6\%

## For more information write 0 or call:

DUGGER'S GROWING 回SYSTEMS
post Office Box 305
Solana Beach, Calif. 92075
(619) 755-4373

Technical information 6 am to 8 am PDT only Dealer inquiries welcome
*Flex-trademark of TSC, OS-9 trademark of Microware
number 20 is the line in which the error occurred and 16 is the code number of the error.

Now, add the following line: 30 ER\#5 and change Line 20 to 20 PRINT"THIS IS A ";:ER\#16. As you would now expect, running this program should produce the following display:

## THIS IS A TEST

20
16
?FC ERROR IN 30
Change Line 1000 to:
1000 ETRAPI000:PRINT"TEST":PRINTERL:
PRINTERR:RESUMENEXT
Running this program yields the following:

```
THIS IS A TEST
20
16
TEST
30
5
BREAK IN 900
```

The insertion of ETRA P1000 in Line 1000 permitted the trapping of the error produced by the $E R \# 5$ command in Line 30 . The printing of 30 and 5 announced that the error occurred in Line 30 and was of the type having a code number 5.

Delete Line 900 . Now the program has a bug: the errortrapping routine can be reached without the occurrence of an error. Run the program to get the following:

```
THIS IS A TEST
20
16
TEST
30
5
TEST
30
5
TEST
1000
12
```

The first half of the display is not surprising. The second printing of TEST, 30 and 5 is explained as follows: After the ER\#5 error at Line 30, the RESUMENEXT caused a return to the statement, immediately after $E R \# 5$, which happens to be the ETRA P 1000 statement of Line 1000 . The ERL and $E R R$ values did not have a chance to change; hence, 30 and 5 were again printed after TEST. Because the error-trapping routine was reached illegally, an ID Error resulted. The occurrence of the ID error caused a legal entry to the errortrapping routine and thus the printing of 1000 and 12 after TEST. The error was at Line 1000 and was an error with code number 12. The final RESUMENEXT set up a return to the statement following the final statement of Line 1000. Since no line follows 1000 , the program ended.
Example 4: Using NEW, erase the program of Example 3. Then key in the program of Listing 2. After you respond to the program's request to enter a message, the program forms
a string consisting of a repetition of your message．The string formation continues until the program consumes all the string space allotted．Then the string is printed on the screen． This example illustrates the ERL function in an IF THEN statement；it also demonstrates the use of a RESUME followed by a line number．
Example 5：Erase the program of Listing 2 and type the program of Listing 3．The ER\＃s in Lines 20 through 50 are included for illustrative and testing purposes only and would be deleted in an actual working program．Have you ever wished that the Color Computer provided more than abbreviated error messages？This example indicates how you can go about replacing the abbreviated error messages with descriptive ones．
Before the conclusion of this article，there is an important comment which should be made．Trapperr must be loaded and run before you load and run any program containing error－trapping commands．Furthermore，it is a good policy to load and run Trapperr before keying in any program using error－trapping commands．Trapperr must be present to permit the error－trapping commands to be tokenized．If you should start composing a program containing error－ trapping commands without Trapperr residing in the com－ puter，all is not lost．Merely save the program in ASCII format．When you wish to use that program，load and run Trapperr first；then the error－trapping commands will be automatically tokenized upon the loading of your program．

Listing 1：


| 10 | CLS：$X=256 *$ PEEK（116）－81 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 29 | CLEAR100，$X$ |
| 30 | $\mathrm{X}=256 *$ PEEK（116）－ 80 |
| 40 | FORZ $=\mathrm{X}$ TOX +335 |
| $5 \emptyset$ |  |
| 60 | POKEZ，A：NEXT |
| 70 | IFW＜＞36869THENPRINT＂DATA ERRD |
| R＂： | STOP |
| 89 | EXEC X：CLEAR200， $\mathrm{X}+89$ |
| 90 | DATA CE，1，34，F6，1，92，C1， 21,26 |
| 100 | DATA 17，30，8C，6C， $86, E 4, A 7,81$ |
| 110 | DATA 86，E1，A7，8，86，52，A7，D |
| 129 | DATA $86,50,39, F, A 7,4,33,4 A$ |
| 139 | DATA $30,8 C, 2 B, C 6, B, B D, A 5,9 A$ |
| 140 | DATA E7，44，DC，74，33，56，A7，C1 |
| 159 | DATA A7，C1，A7，41，A7，43，36，8C |
| 169 | DATA $34, \mathrm{C6}, 5, \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{B1,5A,26,FB}$ |
| 179 | DATA CE，1，8E，A7，41，86，7E，A7 |
|  | DATA C4，86， $7 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~A}, 42,39,3,3 \mathrm{~F}$ |
| 190 | DATA 15，3F，28，2，3F， $\mathrm{A}, 3 \mathrm{~F}, 37,0$ |
| 296 | DATA 45，52，CC，45，52，D2，45，52 |
| 210 | DATA A3，45，54，52，41，D6，52，45 |
|  | DATA 53，55，4D，C5，3F，45，3F，4D |
|  | DATA $3 \mathrm{~F}, 53,3 \mathrm{~F}, 5 \mathrm{D}, 3 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{A7}, 81, \mathrm{D1}$ |

DATA 25，3，7E，B2，77，30，日C，F9
DATA $80, C E, 7 E, A D, D 4, C 1,46,23$
260
DATA 2，20，EF，C0，44，30，日C，DC
290
$29 \varnothing$
395
310
320
330
350 DATA $34,12,30,8 C, 1 F, A 6,84,26$
350 DATA 2，35，92，6F，80，A7，80，57
369 DATA $5 C, E 7,8 \emptyset, D C, A 6, E D, 81, D C$
370 DATA 68，ED， $81, E C, 81$, DD，A6， 9 E
$38 \varnothing$ DATA $21,32,10,39,0, \varnothing, 0,0,0,6$
$39 \emptyset$ DATA $\varnothing, \varnothing, \varnothing, 3 \emptyset, 8 C, F 5, A 6,84,27$
$4 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $46,6 F, 81,9 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{A5}, 27,1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{B1}$
$41 \emptyset$ DATA 3 A，27，16，81， $8 \mathrm{~B}, 27,3,7 \mathrm{FE}$
$42 \emptyset$ DATA AE，AG， $8 \mathrm{D}, 38, \mathrm{AG}, \mathrm{C}, 27,4$
439 DATA $81,3 A, 26, F B, 33,5 F, D F, A 6$
440 DATA 39， $8 \mathrm{D}, 29,9 \mathrm{E}, 19,30,2, \mathrm{EC}$
459 DATA $84,19,93,68,27,4$, AE，1E
460 DATA $20, F 3,30,2,9 F, 2 B, 11,93$
470 DATA $2 B, 27,8, A 6, C 2,81,3 A, 26$
489 DATA F5，20，DB，33，1B，29，D7，C6
490 DATA 16，7E，AC，46，EE， $81, E C, 84$
590 DATA DD，68，39

Listing 2：
5 CLEAR5DD
10 ETRAP19øø
20 CLS：PRINTE259；＂ENTER A MESSAG E＂
30 LINEINPUTA $\$$
40 B事＝＂＂＋A加
$5 \emptyset$ IF $1<101$ THENA $\$=A \phi+B \$: I=I+1:$ GOT 050
60 PRINTE2日B，A
900 STOP

## $10 \varnothing \varnothing$ IFERL＝S＠THENRESUME6＠ELSERES UME

Listing 3：
10 ETRAP2090
20 ER\＃2
30 ER\＃3
4 ER\＃1
50 ER\＃10
900 STOP
1000 PRINT＂NEXT without FOR＂：RET URN

| 1010 | PRINT＂SYNTAX | error＂：RETURN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1020 | PRINT＂RETURN | without G0SUB＂ |
| ：RETURN |  |  |
| 2000 | ON ERR GOSUE | 000，1010，1020 |
| 2010 | IFERR＞3THENR | SUMEELSEETRAP2 |
| 006： | RESUMENEXT |  |

1010 PRINT＂SYNTAX errar＂：RETURN 1029 PRINT＂RETURN without GOSUB＂ ：RETURN
2000 ON ERR GOSUB1ø90，1010，1020 2010 IFERR＞3THENRESLMEELSEETRAP2 00ø：RESUMENEXT

## SUPER SCREEN <br> 

- A big 51 character by 24 line screen. Auto-key repeat for greater keyboard - Full upper and lower case characters. - Easily combine text with hi-res graphics.
- PRINT @ is completely functional on the big screen.
The powertul ON ERROR GOTO is fully implemented. convenience.
- Controf codes for additional functions. - Works with $16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$ or 64 K computers.
- Avallable on disc or cassette
- Works with extended and/or diac BASIC.


## 51 CHARACTERS BY 24 LINE DISPLAY

Super Screen is a powertul, machine language program that significantly upgrades the performance and usefulness of 16 K or greater, Extended and Disc Basic Color Computers. The standard Color Computer display screen is totally inadequate for serious, personal or business applications so Super Screen replaces it with a brand new, 51 character wide by 24 line screen including full upper arid lower case characters. Instead of a confusing checkerboard appearance, you now have true lower case letters along with a screen that is capable of displaying 1224 characters. The difference is starting! Your computer takes on new dimensions and can easily handie lines of text that were simply too long and complex to display on the old screen.

## COMBINE TEXT WITH HI-RES GRAPHICS

You can now write truly professional looking programs that combine text with hi-res gräphics. Super Screen ailows you to create graphics displays with the Basic LINE. DRAW and CIRCLE statements and then notate the graphics with descriptive text. You can even use PRINT @ if you wish for greater programining convenience. Super Screen's versatility will amaze you

## PRINT @ IS FULLY IMPLEMENTED

The PRINT @ statement is a valuable asset to the programmer when formatting text on the screen. The standard Color Computer will report an error if you specify a location higher than 511 but Super Screen allows locations all the way to 1223 ! You get a big screen and a powerful formatting tool as weil. Of course, Super Screen also sufports the CLS command allowing you to clear the big screen using standard Basic syntax.

## ON ERROR GOTO

That's right! Super Screen gives you a full implementation of ON ERROR GOTO including the ERR and ERL functions. Now you can trap errors and take corrective action to prevent crashed programs and lost data using the same standard syntax as other computers. The ON ERROR GOTO capability overcomes a serious deficiency of Color Computer Basic and greatly improves your capability to handle sophisticated tasks. All well written, 'user friendly' programs use error trapping techniques and yours can too! Now that's power!

## AUTO KEY REPEAT

No more frustration as you edit a long line in your Basic program; just hold the space bar down and automatically step to the desired position in the line. Need a line of asterisks? Hold the key down and auto repeat will give them to you. Those of you who spend many hours at your keyboard will appreciate this outstanding addition to Super Screen's long list of impressive tapabilities.

## CONTROL CODES FOR ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS

Super Screen recognizes several special control code characters that allow setection of block or underline, solid or blinking cursor and other functions. You can 'Home Up the cursor or you may erase from the cursor to the end of a line or to the end of the scireen just like many other computers. These special codes give you an extra dimension of versatility and convenience that put Super Screen in a class by itself.

## AND MORE GOOD NEWS...

Super Screen comes with somplete, well detailed instructions and is available on cassette or disc. It adjusts automatically to any 16 K or greater, Extended or Disc Basic Color Computer or TDP-100 and uses only 2 K of memory in addition to the screen memory reserved during power up. Guaranteed to be the most frequently used program in your software library...once you use it, you won't be without it! Super Screen's low price will really please you; only $\$ 29.95$ on cassette or $\$ 32.95$ on disc

## 64K Memory Expansion Kit

All parts and complete instructions
\$64.95 program for your Coco. If you are a beginner, the program and documentation are an indispensable training aid, helping you to gain a better understanding of your Color Computer and machine code programming. If you are an accomplished computerist, SUPER BUG's capabilities, versatility and convenience will prove invaluable during programming and debugging.

SUPER BUG offers so many outstanding features that we are unable to list them all in this limited space. hex and alpha numeric memory display, modify, search and test; full printer support with baud rate and line feed select; up to 220 breakpoints; mini object code disassembler; 64 K mode setup; decimal, hex and ascil code conversion routines and extensive documentation. Only $\$ 29.95$ on cassette or $\$ 32.95$ on disc.

## ORDER ENTRY SYSTEM

The Mark Data Products sales order processing system will give a fast, efficient means to enter orders, primt shipping papers and invoices, prepare, sales reprots, and monitor receivables. The system automatically enhances the monitor screen to a 51 character by 24 line display. 32 K of memory is required along with an 80 -column printer, and one or more dlsc drives.
The MDP order entry system is a family of programs which operate interactively by means of a "menu" selection scheme. Up to 900 products may be defined and a single disc system can hold over 600 transactions. When the operator selects a task to be performed, the computer loads a program designed to handle that task from the system disc. The system disc contains all of the programs required to create, update and maintain data files and prepare the necessary paperwork including shipping and invoice forms, daily sales reports, a monthly (or other period) sales report and a receivables report.

## The MDP system:

- Is accurate, user friendly and simple to use.
- Is easy to customize for spectfic user requirements
- Produces a traceable invoice.
- Handles réceivables as well as closed orders.
- In capable of future expandability.

This accounting software equals or exceeds higher priced packages for othe computers and includes a detailed operating manual. For just $\$ 99.95$.

## ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

The Mark Data Products accounting system is ideal for the small businessman rieeding a fast, efficient means to process income and expenses, prepare detailed reports and maintain most of the information required at tax time. The system is a family of programs which operate by means of a "menu" selection scheme. When the operator selects a task to perform, the computer loads a program designed to handle that task from the system disc. The system disc contains all of the programs required to create, update and maintain data files and prepare the necessary accounting reports including a transaction jourinal, a P\&L or income report, an interim or trial balance and a balance sheet.
Up to 255 separate accounts may be defined and a single disc system can hold over 1,400 transactions. This system automatically enhances the monitor screen to a 51 character by 24 line display. 32 K of memory is required along with an 80 -column printer and one or more disc drives.
The MDP system:

- Is accurate, user friendly and simple to use.
- Is easy to customize for specific user requirements.
- Immediately updates the chart of accounts.
- Provides an audit trail.
- Includes end of period procedures.
- Is capable of future expandability.

This order entry software equals or exceeds higher priced packages for other computers and includes à detailed operating manual. For júst $\$ 99.95$.

## IMPORTANT NEW BOOKS

"Your Color Computer" by Douig Mosher. Over 300 pages of detailed informationA CoCo encyclopedia. $\$ 16.95$
"Programming the 6809 " by Rodnay Zaks and William Labiak. One of the best 6809 machine language texts available-required reference material. \$15.95.

## WE STOCK SOFTLAW PRODUCTS

The VIP WRITER Text Processor is rated tops by Rainbow, Hot CoCo and Color Computer Magazine. After, evaluation we rate it tops too. Disc $\$ 59.95$.

## Mark Data Products

## But, Who Was

 (2)By Milt Tanzer

Flor several years (I won't say how many because that is one of the questions) the TV series $M^{*} A^{*} S^{*} H$ stayed at the top of the charts as one of the most watched programs on TV. It even topped the Super Bowl game on viewing audience.

One evening, after the series had ended, our family sat reminiscing about the program. "Remember how Hawkeye and B.J. used to pick on Frank Burns?" someone said. "Sure, it started with the pilot episode when they put him in a full body cast," someone else answered. "That wasn't B.J. He wasn't on the show yet. That was Hawkeye and Trapper." Before we knew it, we were totally involved in testing each other's memory about the many characters and happenings at the $\mathrm{M}^{*} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}^{*} \mathrm{H}$ unit. Over the next few months we made a list of 200 trivia questions and answers about the series, spanning the entire 11 years the show ran. (Oh, I just gave you one answer.)

I decided to write a program for the CoCo that would give all $M^{*} A^{*} S^{*} H$ fans the opportunity to share the fond memories of everyone's favorite TV series.

Since I could not find a way to have the computer accept a correct answer that varies slightly from the data line answer, 1 suggested to the player in the instructions not to take a missed question too seriously . . . after all, it's only a game.

The listing which follows is the 16 K version of the game and can be found on this month's Rainbow on tape. Additionally, a longer ( 32 K ) version with many more $M^{*} A^{*} S^{*} H$ trivia questions is also on Rainbow On TAPE.

[^10]The listing:


## 1 "BY MILT TANZER

2 . 2921 NE 46TH ST.
3 . LIGHTHOUSE POINT, FLA. 33064
5 CLEAR $1 ø \emptyset \emptyset$
$1 \emptyset$ CLS:PMODE 3,1
15 PCLS:SCREEN1,1
26 DRAW"C3; BM44;156;D18;R12;U18"
25 CIRCLE $(38,168), 19,4,1,-25, .85$
36 CIRCLE $\{32,164$ ), 16, 4,1, $12, .99$
$35 \operatorname{LINE}(44,156)-(120,156)$, PSET
49 LINE (56, 171)-\{129, 160), PSET
45 DRAW"EM48,137;D18;R3;U18;L3"
59 DRAW"BM1,149;R100;U1;L106"
55 DRAW"BM12,182;F4;R6め
69 CIRCLE 1122,158$), 9,4$
65 DRAW"BM37,184;E9;R8;F9
70 DRAW"BM56,171;E14;F1め;E10;F7; E7:F5:E5"
75 DRAW"BM20, 181:F2;R52"
89 PAINT (47, 165),3,3
85 FORT=1TO1øøø: NEXT
9ø DRAW "BM16, 10;D40;F8;U28;F12;
E12;D28;R8;U4ø;L8;G12;H12;L8"
95 PLAY"D:L7;C;L4;D;C;D;C;P4"
1 1øø LINE 92,52$)-(76,92)$, PGET

## HARDWARE \& PROGRAMS

## MONITORS

BMC MEDIUM-RES COLOR
13" BMC w/ sound . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 303.95$ 14" USI w/ sound . ............ . 324.95 12" Taxon Composite \& RGB. . . 335.95

## COMREX HI-RES MONOCHROME

12"Amber or Green. ........... . 140.95 9" Amber or Green. . . . . . . . . . 125.95
Sorry, no C.O.D. on moniturs.

## COMPOSITE MONITOR INTERFACES

Double Driver. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 24.95 Video Plus. ...................... 24.95 Both work great with color or monochrome on CoCol.

> Coco Double Driver. . .
> 28.95
> Video Plus II M . 26.95
> Video Plus II C. 39.95 For CoCo 11 Only

## JARB DISK DOUBLER

Why spend twice as much as, you need to for double sided diskettes? With our doubler, you can make your own and pay for it with the first box you double. A must for disk drive users.
$51 / 4$ " size only
12.95

| BASF DATA CASSETTES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | C-0S | C-10 |
| $1-10$ | .60 ea | 65 ca |
| $11-20$ | 55 ea | 60 ea |

> Soft Poly Cases.
> Ea $\$ 20$
> Hard Shelled Cases.
> Ea. $\$ .22$
> Cassette Labels (12).
> Sh. $\$ .36$
> Cassette Labels Tractor (1000)
> $\$ 21.95$

## MEMORY UPGRADE KITS

16K RAM CHIPS $\qquad$ .50 ca 5V, CoCo II 10K $\qquad$ 1.95 ta:

## *64K RAM CHIPS

Eight 200 NS Factory Prime 64K RAM Chips. Allows you to upgrade 'all' board easily. No soldering needed. ...... $\$ 52.50$

## - 16K/32K

Eight 200 NS Factory Prime Chips with Piggy Backed Sockets, Sain Socket, Bus Wire. Comprehensive Instructions. Recommended for "D" or eartier, but may be used on "E". Only 9 simple solder connections to kit. None to computer. $\$ 25.95$. NOT FOR COCO 2


BY Terri A. Sleen
An excellent hi-res, arcade quality game progran for two players. Joysticks and 32 K are required in this all machine language program.
Cassette $\$ 19.95$ Disk/Amdisk $\$ 24.95$

## JUNGLE TREK

Lost in a jungle with wild animals lurking; your only survival is to find a safe compound before you are lunch for lions; high resolution; mulli-color.
16K EXT
$\$ 14.95$

## BIORHYTHMIPSYCHIC APT.

1) Prints biorhythm charts of nearly unlimited length; attractively formatted for use on mosi printers. $\quad 16 \mathrm{~K}$
2) Your psychic ability is determined through questions evaluating your psychic experiences
16K Ext
Both for $\$ 15.95$

PROGRAMS FOR THE SPECTRUM PROJECTS VOICE-PAK OR SPEECH SYSTEMS VOICE

## TALKING

 FINAL COUNTDOWN(by Bill Cook)
For 32 K EXT
Standard cassette
FINAI. COUNTDOWN $\qquad$
$\$ 19.95$ $\$ 14.95$

## TALKING <br> SPELL.A.TRON

The program allows the user to build a dictionary of words. During testing, the words are spoken. If an incorrect responise is given, the word is spoken again and spelled. Tape ( 32 K EXT) $\$ 22.95$

## TALKING SCORE E-Z

A yahtzee type program. Up to six players can compete. All scoring and record keeping is done by the computer. Tape ( 32 K EXT)
$\$ 19.95$
Siandard SCORE E-Z............ $\$ 15.95$

## TALKING

 COLOR MATHThe perfect educational game to aid the student in learning addition, subiraction, multiplication and division, Allows one to specify difficulty level.
Tape ( 32 K EXT)
$\$ 22.95$

## TALKING SHIP HUNT by Cobra Sofiware

Play Batleship against your computer. 32 K w. joystick needed. Graphics and sound. Can be played without voice.
Cassette
$\$ 10.95$

SCHEMATIC DRAFTING PROCESSOR (disk) can draw large scale schematics in hi-res (has six overlapping screens) and then print them out to any of several popular printers, fast!! A must for serious hardware computerist.
Now only.
$\$ 49.95$

## CoCoChips

Sam, Pia, CPU; Ext, Basic
We carry products from many manufacturers. If you don't see it, ask.

1636 D Avenue, Suite C National City, CA 92050

## SOFTWARE HARDWARE

COD orders accepted, no charge cards please Shipping and handling $\$ 3.00$
California residents please add $6 \%$ sales tax

Order Line
(619) 474-8982

After Hours BBS
(619) 474-8981

195 LINE（76，92）－（84，92），PSET
110 LINE（84；92）－（88，84），PSET
115 LINE（88，84）－（194，84），PSET
120 LINE（104，84）－（108，92），PSET
125 LINE（108，92）－（116， 92$)$ ，PSET
$13 \emptyset$ LINE（116，92）－（190，52），PSET
135 LINE（100，52）－（92，52），PSET
140 LINE $(96,64)-(88,76)$ ，PSET
145 LINE（88，76）－（104，76），PSET
150 LINE（ 104,76$)-(96,64)$, PSET
155 PLAY＇L6；C！L4；D；LG；C：L4；D；C；D ；C；P4＂
16ゅ DRAW＂BM144；96；G8；D8；F8；R26；D
日；LЗ2；F8；R24；E8；U8；H8；L24；U8；R32
；H8：L24＂
165 PLAY＂L4；C；02；A；L4；03；C；D；F＂
170 DRAW＂BM196，140；D40；R8；U16；R2
4；D16；R8；U40；L8；D16；L24；U16；L8＂
175 PLAY＂L4；GFDC；L2；D＂
180 PAINT（20，12），4，3：PAINT 496,54
），4，3
185 PAINT（148，98），4，3：PAINT（200，
144），4；3：FOR $X=1$ TOSの ：NEXT
$19 \emptyset$ COLOR4，3
195 LINE $(64,52)-(76,64)$ ，PSET
$20 \emptyset$ LINE（76，52）－（64，64），PSET
205 LINE（ 64,58 ）－（76，58），PSET：FOR X＝1 T05øめ：NEXT
210 LINE（120，8B）－（132，100），PSET
215 LINE（132，88）－（120，10ø），PSET
225 LINE（125，94）－（132，94），PSET：F
OR $X=1$ TOS60：NEXT
225 LINE（186，132）－（192，144），PSET
230 LINE（192，132）－（180，144），PSET
235 LINE（180，138）－（192，138），PSET
：FORX＝1Tロ506：NEXT
240 PLAY＂L4：C；02；A：ロ3；CDFGFDC：L1 ；D＂
245 DRAW＂BM180，16：D16；L16；D20；R1
6：D16：R2馬U16：R16；U20；L16；U16：L2 あ＂
250 FAINT（188，24），4，4
255 FOR T＝1TO10历の：NEXT
260 PRINTE71．＂WELCOME TO．．．＂
265 PRINTE138，＂M＊A＊S＊H＂
279 PRINTG202．＂TRIVIA＂
275 FRINT＠385，＂DO YOU WANT INSTR
UCTIONS？（Y／N）＂：INPUT I क
$28 \emptyset$ IF I $=$＂Y＂THEN GOTO45
285 CLS：PRINTE165，＂PLEASE EE PAT IENT＂
290 PRINTE322；＂I ${ }^{2} M$ THINKING UP $Q$ UESTIONG＂
295 PLAY＂D；LG；C；L4；D；C；D；C；P4＂
उめ DIM Q
$305 \mathrm{FORX}=1$ T020
310 READ $Q(x)$ ，$A(X)$
315 NEXTX
320 CLS：C＝6

325 FOR $Y=1$ TO29
330 CLS：PRINTE64，＂＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ ＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＂
335 PRINTQ ${ }^{(Y)}$（INPUT Z
340 IFZ $\$=A \$(Y)$ THEN GOTOS75
345 SOUND1øø． 10

＂MY ANSWER IS：＂
355 PRINTE320，A事（Y）
360 FOR T＝1T025ø6：NEXT
365 NEXTY
376 GOTO415
$375 \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{RND}$（5）：PRINT＂＂
389 FORX＝1T05：SOUND5ø，1：SDUND159 ，1：NEXT
385 IFR＝1 THEN PRINT＂THAT＂S RIGH T．．YOU＇RE PRETTY GOOD＂
$39 \varnothing$ IFR＝2 THEN PRINT＂HEY，YOU＂RE 0K＂
395 IF R＝3 THEN PRINT＂TERRIFIC．． ．RIGHT AGAIN＂
4ळぁ IFR＝4 THENPRINT＂YOU DID IT A GAIN
495 IFR＝5 THENPRINT＂RIGHT．．．VOU SUFE KNOW MASH＂
$410 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}+1$ ：FOR T＝1TO15めø：NEXT：GOT 0365

NOW COMPLETE DISK DRIVES from \＄159． INCLUDING CASE－\＆ POWER SUPPLY

Drives \＄35． Less Without Case \＆Power Supply．

DOUBLE SIDED 40 TRACK $1 / 2$ HGT．．．\＄244．（Panasónic） 2 DOUBLE SIDED 40 TRACK $1 / 2$ HGT．．．\＄434．（Panasonic）

All drives unused． 35 Track Drives are manu－ facturers overstock． 6 month warranty．

OWL－WARE
P．O．Box 116－B Mertztown，PA． 19539
PA．Res．Include 6\％Tax （215）682－6855

## Tired of the same old utilities?

## Would you like to protect your disk software from unauthorized copying, but still allow your users to make back up copies? Then

## PIRATECTOR features:

- Protects Basic or ML programs
- Encryption
- ML AUTO Loader
- Basic Break Disabler
- Error catcher
- Reset Button Disable
- Utility subroutines included
- Automate your duplication if multiple drives are used
\$99.95 - Disk

NEAIIGRAF Graplohics Ealitor

Tape - \$19.95 Disk - \$24.95

- Graphics editor to create and modify your own pictures
- Pictures can be used as a title screen for a program
- Create a series of pictures to make a slide show
- Both Extended and non-Extended Basic versions on the same tape
- High Resolution
- Semigraphic modes 8,12 , and 24 $(64 \times 64,64 \times 96$ and $64 \times 128)$
- 8 colors
- Combine text with graphics
- Auto-repeat and "magic" delete
- Requires 16 K



## AUTO RUN $64 \quad \$ 24.95$

Software that you design and sell can be enhanced by using the Auto Run Loader. Sugar Software will allow you to do this without requesting royalties.

- Starts up your Basic or ML program automatically - no need to type EXEC or RUN
- Locate your program anywhere in memory
- Graphics editor helps you create attractive title screens for your program
- Gives your program the professional touch
- Provides an audio introduction for your program
- Create "slide shows" with a series of title screens
- Used by many CoCo software houses
- Requires 16 K ECB


A complete catalog of other sweet Sugar Software products is available.
SUGAR SOFTWARE

## Something New！

How far out in the Pacific Ocean can you see Mt．St．Helens？Could you talk via VHF radio between 2 air－ planes flying 1,000 feet off the ground if they were 100 miles apart？Answer these questions with

## Radio Systam Dssiga aslesolations



For the amateur radio enthusiast！ For radio technicians or en－ gineers who design or maintain systems！For the electronics， radio，engineering or physics stu－ dent！For the pilot！

Radio System Design Calculations does 14 different calculations commonly used in the design or evaluation of a land mobile radio system，satellite TV or satellite data acquisition systems，TV and Broadcast FM systems，micro－ wave systems and aircraft radio systems．
$\$ 29.95$ - Tape
$\$ 32.95$ - Disk
32 K ECB

SUGAR SOFTWARE 2153 Leah Lane
Reynoldsburg，Ohio 43068 （614）861－0565


[^11]A complete catalog of other sweet Sugar Software products is available


## Flying Tigers

16K Tape－$\$ 24.95$
32K Disk－ 27.95
Joystick required
Somewhere in the far future， while flying home from an alien skirmish，your squadron of Warhawk Il＇s is ambushed by aliens from hyperspace．In the battle that follows，all 10 of your wingmates are shot down．They eject to relative safety on a small asteroid．YOU are their only de－ fense as the aliens close in for the kill！
－ $100 \%$ ML
－Arcade quality
－ 5 levels of difficulty
－Super hi－res graphics
and animation
－Sensational space sound effects
－Skill and strategy needed

Requires a Bit Mode Printer． Works with Epson，Okidata， Gemini 10X，R．S．Line Printer VII， DMP 100 or equivalent．
（3）1d 菲nglizit 911 而代亚正
 abrdefghijkl

36 point（1／2 inch）letters are vari－ ably spaced－great for flyers， invitations，signs，etc．Input up to 17 lines of text at a time；save and retrieve data．

Carteon
7890ABCDEF
RSTAYWXYZa

```
415 CLS:PRINT:PRINT"THAT'S 20 QU
ESTIONS"
420 PLAY"D;LG;C;L4;DCDC;P4"
425 PRINT:PRINT"YOU GOT ";C;"RIG
HT DUT DF 25"
430 RESTORE:PRINT"CARE TO TRY M口
RE?(Y/N)":INPUT C$
435 IFCक="Y"THEN GOTOS2g
44\emptyset PRINT:PRINT"THANKS FOR PLAYI
NG:"
445 PLAY"L4;C;02;A:L4;03:CDF;LS;
GFDC;L2;D":END
450 * INSTRUCTIONS
455 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"YOU WI
LL BE ASKED 20 TRIVIA QUES
TIONS ABOUT THE TV SERIES
    M*A*S*H
460 FOR T=1T02500:NEXT:CLS
465 PRINT:PRINT"TYPE IN YOUR ANS
WER AND <ENTER>"
470 PRINT:PRINT"HINT: EXCEPT WHE
RE ASKED TO GIVE FULL NAMES
USE ONLY THE CHARACTER'S NICK
NAME (RADAR, HAWKEYE,ETC.)
475 PRINT"IF THE CHARACTER HAS N
- NICKNAME USE THEIR LAST NAME O
NLY (POTTER,MULCAHY,ETC.)
48@ PRINTE418, "PRESS <ENTER> TO
```


## The ORACLE II <br> The Ultimate CoCo Monitor．



The ORACLE II is not a rehashed monitor program adapted to the CoCo，but a state of the art monitor designed to compliment the CoCo and its unique abilities．
Compare some of our features：
－ 64 K Compatible－the ORACLE II can relocate it－ self and its monitor screen above disk basic．
－Single Stepper－a single variable speed stepper that allows you to step both rom and ram．
－Disassembler－
－Graphics Support－allows you to step a program while watching any graphic screen，in any graphic mode，and toggle between the monitor screen and back，with one key．
－ASCII／hex search－up to a 10 byte search．
－Full screen display and editing of memory．
－Over 40 commands．
CoCo disk or tape（both versions included）\＄35．95
Spectral or FHL Flex version
45.95
（ $+\$ 2.00$ shipping and handling）

P．O．BOX 142，SUMNER，WA 98390 （206）863－8762

CONTINUE＂：INPUT C
485 CLS
490 PRINT＂AT TIMES；THE COMPUTER MAY TELL YOU YOUR ANSWER IS NOT CORRECT JUST BECAUSE YOUR WORD ED IT DIFFERENTLY．
495 PRINT＂PLEASE DON＂T TAKE A MI
SS TOD SERIOUSLY＂：PRINT
500 PRINT＂AFTER ALL．．．IT＊S ONLY A GAME！！＂
505 PRINT：PRINT＂．．．SO IF YOU＂RE READY TO RELIVE YOUR MEMOR IES OF＂
$51 \emptyset$ PRINTG362，＂M＊A＊S＊H
515 PRINTE418，＂PRESS〈ENTER〉 TO 5 TART＂：INPUT C

## 520 CLS：GOTO285

525 DATA H．Q．PHONE OPERATOR，SPAR KY
539 DATA POTTER＇S HOBRY，PAINTING 535 DATAWHO PLAYED TRAPPER，WAYNE ROGERS
54ø DATAMULCAHY＇S SISTER＊S DCCUP ATION，NUN
545 DATANEIGHBORHOOD BAR：ROSIE＊ 5
55ø DATAWHAT DOES MASH STAND FOR ，MOBILE ARMY SURGICAL HOSPITAL 555 DATANAME AND RANK OF INTELLI GENCE OFFICER，COLONEL FLAGG
$56 \emptyset$ DATAWHO QUIT DRINKING WHEN H E SAW HIS BAR BILL，HAWKEYE
565 DATARADAR＂ 5 GUINEA PIG，DAISY $57 \varnothing$ DATAONLY ACTOR TO STAR BOTH
IN THE TV SERIES AND THE MOVIE， gary burghoff
575 DATANAME AND RANK OF THE SHR INK，MAJOR SIDNEY FREEDMAN
$58 \emptyset$ DATAPOTTER＇S HOMETOWN AND ST ATE，＂HANNIBAL，MISSOURI＂
585 DATAWHAT DID B．J．DO THAT BU GGED HAWKEYE，COMBED HIS MUSTA CHE
59ø DATABURNS＇FAVORITE DRINK，SH IRLEY TEMPLE
595 DATANAME AND RANK OF NURSE W HO WAS PRIZE IN A RAFFLE，LT．DI SH
GøØ DATAWHO KEPT BOMBING THE MAS H UNIT，FIVE D＂CLOCK CHARLIE
G®5 DATAHOW DID BURNS PASS HIS M EDICAL EXAMS，BOUGHT THE ANSWERS $61 \emptyset$ DATAKLINGER＇S FAVORITE TEAM， TOLEDO MUD HENS
615 DATAWHERE DID BLAKE＇S PLANE CRASH，SEA OF JAPAN
629 DATANAME OF BARBECUE RIB PLA CE IN CHICAGO，ADAM＂S RIB

# RAINBOW Info 

## How To Read Rainbow

Please note that all the BASIC program listings you will find in the Rainbow are formatted for a 32character screen - so they will show up just as they do on your CoCo screen. One easy way to check on the accuracy of your typing is to compare what character "goes under" what. If the characters match - and your line endings come out the same - you have a pretty good way of knowing that your typing is accurate.

We also have "key boxes" to show you the minimum system a program needs. But, do read the text before you start typing.

Finally, the little cassette symbol on listings indicates that program is available through our Rainbow On Tape service. An order form for this service is on the insert card bound in the magazine.

## The Rainbow Seal

The Rainbow Certification Seal is our way of helping you, the consumer. The purpose of the Seal is to certify to you that any product which carries the Seal has been physically seen by us and that it does, indeed, exist.
Manufacturers of products hardware, software and firmware - are encouraged by us to submit their products to the Rainbow for certification. We ascertain that their products are, in actuality, what they purport to be and, upon such determination, award a Seal. This lets you know that we have seen the product and that it does, indeed, exist.
The Seal, however is not a "guarantee of satisfaction." The certification process is different from the review process. You are encouraged to read our reviews to determine whether the product is right for your needs.

There is absolutely no relationship between advertising in the Rainbow and the certification process. Certification is open and available to any product pertaining to CoCo. A Seal will be awarded to any commercial product, regardless of whether the firm advertises or not.

We will appreciate knowing of instances of violation of Seal use.

## Using Machine Language

Machine Language programs are one of the features of the Rainbow. There are a number of ways to "get" these programs into memory so that you can operate them.

The easiest way is by using an EditorAssembler, a program you can purchase from a number of sources.

An editor-assembler allows you to enter mnemonics into your CoCo and then have the editor-assembler assemble them into specific instructions that are understood by the 6809 chip that controls your computer,

When you use an editor-assembler, all you have to do, essentially, is copy the relevant instructions from the Rainbow's listing into CoCo.
Another method of getting an assembly language listing into CoCo is called "hand assembly." As the name implies, you do the assembly by hand. This can sometimes cause problems when you have to set up an ORIGIN statement or an EQUATE. In short, you have to know something about assembly to hand assemble some programs

Use the following program if you wish to hand assemble machine language listings:
10 CLEAR $200, \& H 3 F 00: 1=\& H 3 F 80$
20 PRINT "ADDRESS:";HEX\$(I);
30 INPUT "BYTE";B\$
40 POKE I,VAL("\&H"+B\$)
50 I=I+1:GOTO 20
This program assumes you have a 16 K CoCo. If you have 32 K , change the \& H3F00 in Line 10 to \&H7F00.

## What's A CoCo

CoCo is an affectionate name which was first given to the TRS-80 Color Computer by its many fans, users and owners. As such, it is almost a generic term for three computers, all of which are very much alike.
When we use the term CoCo, we refer to the TRS-80 Color Computer, the TDP System-100 Computer and the Dragon32 Computer. It is easier than using the three "given" names throughout the Rainbow
In most cases, when a specific computer is mentioned, the application is for that specific computer. However, since the TDP System-100 and TRS-80 Color are, for all purposes, the same computer in a different case, these terms are almost always interchangable.

## Rainbow Check PLUS

The small boxes that you see accompanying programs in the Rainbow "Check system," which is designed to help you type in programs accurately.

Rainbow Check PLUS will count the number and values of characters you type in. You can then compare the numbers you get to those printed in the Rainbow. On longer programs, some benchmark lines are given. When you reach the end of one of those lines with your typing, simply check to see if the numbers match.

To use Rainbow Check PLUS, type in the program and CSAVE it for later use, then type in the command RUN and press [ENTER]. Once the program has run, type NEW [ENTER] to remove it from the area where the program you're typing in will go.

Now, whenever you press the down arrow key, your CoCo will give you a checksum based on the length and content of the program in memory. This is to check against the numbers printed in the Rainbow. If your number is different, check the listing carefully to be sure that you typed in the correct BASIC program code. For more details on this helpful utility, refer to H . Allen Curtis' article on page 21 of the February 1984 Rainbow.

Since Rainbow Check PLUS counts spaces and punctuation, be sure to type in the listing exactly the way it's given in the magazine.

10 CLS:X=256*PEEK(35)+178
20 CLEAR25,X-1
$30 X=256 * \operatorname{PEEK}(35)+178$
40 FOR $Z=X$ TOX +77
50 READ $Y: W=W+Y:$ PRINT $Z, Y ; W$
60 POKE $Z, Y$ : NEXT
70. IFW $=7985$ THEN80ELSEPRINT "DATA ERROR":STOP
80 EXEC X:END
90 DATA 182,1,106,167,140,60,134
100 DATA $126,183,1,106,190,1,107$
110 DATA $175,140,50,48,140,4,191$
120 DATA $1,107,57,129,10,38,38$
130 DATA $52,22,79,158,25,230,129$
140 DATA 39, 12, 171,128,171,128
150 DATA $230,132,38,250,48,1,32$
160 DATA $240,183,2,222,48,140,14$
170 DATA $159,166,166,132,28,254$
180 DATA $189,173,198,53,22,126,0$
190 DATA $0,135,255,134,40,55$
200 DATA $51,52,41,0$



## SOPwIH COCO flies AGAIN!

## By William G. Franklin

For all you Sopwith flyers who have stuck with it, we are going to clean up a little and then really get serious about navigational aids.
If you had trouble in Line 170 of the Instrument Flight Simulator in the June 1983 issue, check the data statements carefully in the 7000 series lines to see that you have not inserted a semicolon in place of a comma. These are $D R A W$
strings and the letters must be correct or you will get a Function Call Error when the program attempts to draw the character in error. Disk system users please note that the variable $A S$ in Lines $390,400,405,410,1190,1510$, and 8030 should be changed to some other designation, i.e., AV or VQ. Finally, if you remove the semicolons altogether in the 7000 series data statements you should be able to run the 16 K version without having to CLEAR 100 prior to running.

This update will: allow 26 stations to be input; install a course deviation indicator (CDI) feature coupling the path deviation indicator to TACAN and ADF stations; require a field elevation input when entering ILS location data (this means you will no longer be landing at 0 on the altimeter, but at the barometric altitude, or field elevation, you set in). It will also give you some instrument labels if you wish, and clean up some of the techniques.
The increase to 26 stations now uses the alphabet to identify the stations: A through F for ILS, G through P for TACAN, and Q through Z for ADF. A significant difference is that when entering station data, the letter identifying the station need only be pressed. The rest of the information must still be entered. However, if you make a mistake, the information still may be re-entered the next time as only the last data entered for a particular station is valid. You will also be entering a field elevation - more on this later.

The CDI feature includes a read out in the window just above the DME window, a dot indication on the outside of the $\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{F}$ dial, and an indication by the path deviation pointer if you are within $\pm 15^{\circ}$ of the selected course.

Course selection is made with the ' 1 ', 2 ', and ' 3 ' keys. The 'I' key increments the hundreds digit, the ' 2 ' key increments the tens digit, and the ' 3 ' key increments the ones digit. Values above $360^{\circ}$ are not allowed. For example, if the current course selected is $276^{\circ}$ and the hundreds digit is incremented, the tens digit will reset to 0 . This should not present any difficulty so long as the operation is understood. As a new course is selected, the dot on the outside of the $\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{F}$ dial will be placed accordingly, representing the course selected.

If you are inbound to a station and want to fly a particular radial, the course selected must be the reciprocal, $180^{\circ}$ opposite, of the radial you wish to fly. Example I: You are flying inbound on the $44^{\circ}$ radial, the selected course should be $224^{\circ}$. Example 2: You are inbound on $286^{\circ}$ radial, the course selected should be $106^{\circ}$. If you are outbound, the selected course should be that of the radial. Example: You are flying away from a station on the $318^{\circ}$ radial, select course 318 . In all of these cases the path deviation pointer will indicate where the correct path is and you must fly toward that path - operation of this indicator is the same as in the ILS mode. As a course deviation indicator the calibration is $5^{\circ}$ per division up to $\pm 15^{\circ}$. Greater than $15^{\circ}$ deviation from the selected course disconnects the CDI and removes the pointer.

The CDI indicates the selected path, left or right of your airplane, regardless of the aircraft heading. Therefore, it is important that you understand the inbound outbound and course select relationship so that you can properly interpret the CDI movement when flying across a radial and using that station to cross check your position.

When an ILS station, for which you have input a position, is selected, the runway heading will be displayed in the course set window and the indicator on the $\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{F}$ dial will be set accordingly. Course select can not be changed while an ILS station is selected.
The field elevation feature allows you to insert a 0 to 2000 foot field elevation and, when landing, the ILS glideslope will indicate properly so that you will touch down with an altimeter reading of the field elevation. If you are not using

[^12]
an ILS, the terrain elevation reverts to 0. Important: If you enter an ILS airspace at below the field elevation, then punch up the ILS station, the program will pause with a reminder of ynur error. You may continue by pressing ENTER. The ILS station will be turned off and you should climb to above the field elevation before reselecting that station. The "aircraft elevation" input allows you to place the airplane "on the field" at the beginning. However, as soon as you are airborne and select a valid nav-aids station, terrain elevation reverts to 0 or to that input for an ILS if you are in range.

The three features just described should enable you to use the FAA low-level charts and let-down plates to realistically simulate instrument flying techniques. These charts are available at FAA flight stations. Correspondence I have received from pilots has been enthusiastic about the Sopwith CoCo and these improvements are the ones most frequently requested.

Finally, the change in step 5670 puts the turn rate indicators close to the four minute and two minute turn rates, and Line 5810 will label the top two instruments on each side. More efficient methods are used in Lines 50, 60, and 1835; some interesting input techniques in Lines 56 and 16101625; and the course set control in lines 1660-1700.

If you do not wish to key in the program yourself, you may send $\$ 7$ to William G. Franklin, 31 Preston Ct., Jacksonville, AR 72076 for a tape of the complete updated Sopwith CoCo. Likewise, if anyone wants the original version for 16 K , the same offer applies and please specify you want the 16 K version.


## The listing:

1 PRINT"COPYRIGHT WILLIAM G. FRA NKLIN 1983"
$2=$ SIM 16A1 JUL 1983
29 DIMN ${ }^{2}(26):$ DIMN (26): DIMSX(26):

DIMSY（26）
30 FOR $X=\varnothing$ TO 26：READ $N(X): N(X)$ ＝ 0 ：NEXT
46 GOTO 55
5\％CLS：PRINT＂YロU HAVE ENTERED CD ORDINATES FORTHE FOLLOWING STATI ONS：＂
53 FOR S＝1 TD 26：IF $N(5)=1$ THEN PRINTCHRक（5＋64）；CHRक（32）：
54 NEXT
55 PRINT：PRINT＂WHAT STATION NUMB ER（A－Z）？＂
56 S\＄＝INKEY事：IF S\＄＝＂＂THEN 56 ELS E S＝ASC（S事）－64：IF S＝－16 THEN 110 58 IF $5<1$ OR $5>26$ THEN 56
59 PRINTS\＄
$6 \emptyset$ IF $5>16$ THEN $9 \varnothing$ ELSE IF $5>6$ T HEN $8 \varnothing$
$7 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂STATION＂；CHRक（S＋ 64）：＂IS AN ILS＂：INPUT＂STATION E EARING（ $0-36 \emptyset$ ）＂：A：A＝A／57．29：INPU T＂STATION DISTANCE（MILES）＂；D：D＝ $D * 528 \emptyset: S X(S)=D * C O S(A): S Y(S)=D * S I$ $N(A): I N P U T " R U N W A Y$ HEADING（ $\varnothing-36 \varnothing$ ）＂； $\mathrm{X}: \mathrm{RB}(S)=\mathrm{INT}(X) / 57.29: N(S)=1$
72 INPUT＂FIELD ELEV．（ $0-20 \emptyset \emptyset$ FEE T）＂；$X: I F \quad X<\emptyset$ OR $X>2 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ THEN $72 E$ LSE FE（S）$=x$
74 GOTO 50
8\％PRINT：PRINT＂STATION＂；CHR\＄\｛S＋ 64）：＂IS A TACAN＂：GOTO 1ø＠
$9 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂STATION＂；CHR $\ddagger$ \｛S＋ 64）：＂IS AN ADF＂
$1 \emptyset \emptyset$ INPUT＂STATION BEARING（ $\varnothing-36 \emptyset$ ）＂：A：A＝A／57．27：INPUT＂STATION DIS TANCE（MILES）＂； $\mathrm{D}: \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{D} * 5280: 5 \times(S)=$ $D * \operatorname{COS}(A): S Y(S)=D * S I N(A): N(S)=1: G$ $0 T 05 \emptyset$
110 CLS：PRINT：INPUT＂AIRCRAFT BEA RING（ $0-366$ ）＂：$A: A=A / 57.29:$ INPUT＂ AIRCRAFT DISTANCE（MILES）＂；D：D＝D ＊52日ø：$T X=D * C 0 S(A): T Y=D * S I N(A): I N$ FUT＂AIRCRAFT HEADING（ $\varnothing-36 \emptyset) ": X:$ $C S=I N T(X)$
112 INPUT＂AIRCRAFT ELEV．（ $\varnothing-2 \emptyset \varnothing \varnothing$ FT）＂$X$ ：IF $X<\varnothing$ OR $X>2006$ THEN 112 ELSE AL＝X
$12 \emptyset$ PRINT：INPUT＂GALLONS OF FUEL （MAX 24，USES 6 GPH E 2000 FFM ）＂ ；$X$ ：IF $X>24$ THEN FR＝12 ELSE IF $X<$ 0 THEN $F R=-12$ ELSE $F R=X-12$ 130 PRINT：INPUT＂WIND DIFECTION（ の－36の）＂； $\mathrm{X}: \mathrm{WA}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{X})+18 \emptyset:$ INPUT＂WI ND VELOCITY（MPH）＂；$X$ ：WS＝INT（ $X$ ） 135 CLS：PRINT：PRINT
$14 \emptyset 2=J 0 Y S T K(\emptyset): X=J 0 Y S T K(1): I F X$
＜63 THEN PRINTE64，＂PLEASE PULL T HROTTLE BACK＂：GOTO 149
145 CLS
15Ø PRINT：PRINT：PRINT＂PLEASE STA ND BY．AIRCRAFT IS BEING SERV ICED．＂
$17 \emptyset$ S＝$=$ DIMA $(10):$ FOR $x=\varnothing$ TO 1ø： READ A事（X）：NEXT $X$
21ø PMODE4，1：PCLSø：GOSUB5øøø
$29 \varnothing R X=30: R Y=100: A X=36: A Y=40 ; V X=$
224：VY＝1 $0 \varnothing: L 1=224: L 2=4 \varnothing: L X=224: L$
$Y=40: F X=224: F Y=180: S X=30: S Y=160:$ I $X=128: I Y=4 \varnothing$
3ØØ Q7＝1：Q6＝1： $\mathrm{QS}=1: Q 8=. \emptyset 1: H=\emptyset: A Z$ $=A L: C 7=9: C 6=9: C 5=9: L R=46: P 1=1: T I$ MER＝$\varnothing$
32の $H=T$ IMER：TIMER $=6$ ：$T H=T H+H$
उउ $Z=J \square Y S T K(\emptyset): R=63-J 0 Y S T K(1): B$ ＝JOYSTK（2）－31：EP＝\｛JOYSTK（3）－31）／ 188
$34 \varnothing$ IF $B<>B 1$ OR EP＜$\quad 3 P E$ THEN GOSU B 8めぁぁ
360 IF AL＞AZ OR R＞12 THEN R＝1260 ＋R＊20 ELSE R＝R＊116
365 IF $F R=-12$ AND AL＞AZ THEN $R=7$ 6 ELSE IF FR＝－12 AND AL＝AZ THEN $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{D}$
367 IF R1＜3 0 THEN R1＝$\varnothing$
$37 \emptyset R=R 1+((R-R 1) * .6): R 1=R: X=30+($
SIN（R／636．6）＊15）：Y＝10ø－（C0S（R／63
6．6）＊15）：LINE（30，10の）－（RX，RY），PR
ESET：LINE $(30,199\rangle-\{X, Y), F S E T: R X=$ $X: R Y=Y$
$380 \mathrm{AP}=(S \mathrm{IN}(6 *(\{R-2 \emptyset \varrho \rho) / 4488)+.5$ 7）-.54 ）／6
$396 A S=(R *(1-A P) *(1-E P)) / 16.66: A$ $S=A 1+((A S-A 1) * .1): I F A S<10$ THEN $A S=\varnothing$
$496 \quad X=30+(5 I N(A 5 / 39.46) * 15): Y=40$ $-(\operatorname{COS}(A S / 39.46) * 15): \operatorname{LINE}(30,40)-$ （AX，AY），PFESET：LINE $(3 \emptyset, 4 \varnothing)-(X, Y)$ ．PSET：AX＝X：AY＝Y：A1＝AS
465 IF $A S<5 \emptyset$ THEN EP＝－1
410 IF $S G N(V))=-1$ THEN $V V=((A P+E$ P）＊AS）／15 ELSE VV＝\｛1－AL／1øøめø）＊（ （AP＋EP）＊AS）／15
420 IF $A L=A Z$ AND $S G N(V V)=-1$ THEN $V V=\varnothing$
$436 V 1=V 5+((V V-V 5) * 3): X=224-(C 口$ S（V1）＊15）：$Y=100-(S I N(V 1) * 15): L I N$ E（224，10ø）－（VX，VY），PRESET：LINE（2 $24,1 \varnothing \varnothing)-(X, Y), P S E T: V X=X: V Y=Y: V 5=$ V1
440 $Z=30 Y S T K(\emptyset): B=J 0 Y S T K(2)-31: E$ $P=\{J 0 Y S T K(3)-31) / 188: P=I N T(10 \emptyset *$（ $E P+(S I N(6 * A P-.57)+.54) / 6)): I F B<$

## HARD DISK

 5 meg \$1295for the CO CO 10 meg 51595
$-------\quad-\quad$ - COMPLETE SYSTEM $\qquad$ JUST PLUG IN $\qquad$

HARD DISK - OPERATING SYSTEM features

- FULLY INTEGRATED INTO COLOR DISK BASIC
- TAPE TO HARD DISK
-DISK TO HARD DISK
- HARD DISK TO TAPE
-HARD DISK TO DISK
-DUPLICATE
- COLD START
-M-RUN
- ALL EXTENDED DISK BASIC COMMANDS

without hard cirive INTERFACE CARD \& H-DOS
operating system only $\$ 425.00$
peripheral H-DOS UTILITY PACK
$\$ 129.00$ BOOT STRAPS OS-9 OR FLEX, MDIR (master directory)


## 128 K - RAM CARD

INCREASE YOUR 64 K CO-CO OR CO-CO II TO 128 K RAM $\square$ FITS COMPLETELY INSIDE YOUR COMPUTER.
$\square$ SWITCHES TWO NEW 32 K BANKS OF RAM IN AND OUT OF MEMORY.
$\square$ BANKS CAN BE MAPPED IN THE UPPER HALF OR LOWER HALF, OR CAN ALSO BE A SECOND COMPLETE 64 K BANK.
$\square$ SWITCH TABLES INCLUDED.
$\square$ SIMPLE INSTALLATION AND DOCUMENTATION.
$\square$ A MUST FOR OS-9 USERS.
$\square$ COMPLETE WITH 8 (4164) RAM CHIPS.
$\square$ PAL CHIP HANDLES ALL BANKING COMMANDS.

## \$149.95

## MODEL III \& 4 DISK CONTROLLER KIT

AVAILABLE FOR FULL HIGHT
OR SLIM LINE DRIVES
$\square$ EASY INSTALLATION
FULLY TESTED AND ASSEMBLED
COMPLETE WITH EASY INSTRUCTIONS
J \& M SYSTEMS CONTROLLER zivil

## TANDON DISK DRIVES <br> TANDON DISK DRIVES <br> DISK DRIVES COCO

TEAC DISK DRIVES

## FD-55series



Super Sale on New Disk Drives
Distributor for - SOFTWARE SUPPORT, INC. Framingham, MA.
Distributor for = SOFTWARE SUPPORT, INC. Framingham, MA.


CANADA
RGS MICRO INC. 759, VICTORIA SQUARE 405 MONTRÉAL H2Y 2 J 3
TEL.:(514) 287-1563 ORDER LINE ONLY * ** QUEBEC - ONTARIO - MARITIMES 800-361-5338 WESTERN CANADA 800-361-5155
＞B1 OR EP＜＞PE OR P＜＞P1 OR ASく4ø THEN GOSUB 8øøø
459 AL＝AL＋（VV＊H）／4．6：IF AL＜＝ø TH EN AL＝ø ELSE IF AL＜＝AZ THEN AL＝A Z
$460 \mathrm{X}=224+($ SIN $(A L / 159) * 15): Y=40-$ （COS（AL／159）＊15）：LINE（224，40）－＜L $X, L Y)$, PRESET：LINE $(224,4 \varnothing)-(X, Y)$ ， PSET：LX＝X：LY＝Y
470 $X=224+(S I N(A L / 1592) * B): Y=49-$ （COS（AL／1592）＊日）：LINE（224，40）－（L 1，L2），PRESET：LINE（224；4G）－（X；Y）； PSET：L1＝X：L2＝Y
566 FR＝FR－（（R＊H）／7200060．）：IF FR $=<-12$ THEN FR＝－12
$57 \emptyset X=224+$ SIN（FR／25．2）＊26： $\mathrm{Y}=18 \emptyset-$ $\operatorname{COS}(F R / 25.2) * 26: \operatorname{LINE}(224,189)-(F$ $X, F Y), \operatorname{PRESET}: \operatorname{LINE}(224,18 \emptyset)-(X, Y)$ ，PSET：FX＝X：FY＝Y
$58 \varnothing \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{JOYSTK}(\varnothing): \mathrm{B}=$ JOYSTK（2）－31：E $\mathrm{P}=($ JOYSTK（3）－31）／188：IF B＜＞B1 OR EP〈〉PE THEN GOSUB 8øøø
$119 \varnothing$ IF AS＜＝ø THEN $131 \varnothing$
$1206 \mathrm{BC}=-10 *\{\operatorname{CoS}(\{\mathrm{~B} / 31)+1.579796$ 3））：CS＝CS＋BC：IF CS＞360 THEN CS＝C S－36ø ELSE IF CS＜＝ø THEN CS＝CS＋3 69
131ø C＝INT（CS＋．5）：IF C＝C1 THEN 1 359 ELSE C2＝INT（C／10ø）：C3＝INT（C／ $1 \varnothing)-(10 * \mathrm{C} 2): \mathrm{C} 4=\mathrm{C}-1100 * \mathrm{C} 2)-(10 * \mathrm{C} 3$ ）：C1＝C：DRAW＂CØ；BM134，23；XA\＄（C7）； C1；XA虫（C4）：＂：C7＝C4
1320 IF C $3=\mathrm{C} 6$ THEN 1350 ELSE DRA W＂CD；BM 126，23；XA\＄（C6）：C1；XA末（C3） ：＂：C6＝C3
$133 \varnothing$ IF C2 $=$ C5 THEN $135 \emptyset$ ELSE DRA W＂CØ；BM118，23；XA末（C5）；C1；XA末（C2） ：＂：C5＝C2
$135 \varnothing X=3 \varnothing+5$ IN（C／57．2）＊1ø：$Y=16 \varnothing-C$ 05（C／57．2）＊1ø：CIRCLE（CX，CY），1，$\varnothing$ ： CIRCLE $(X, Y), 1,1: C X=X: C Y=Y$
$1360 \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{JOYSTK}(\varnothing): \mathrm{B}=$ JOYSTK（2）－31： EP＝\｛JOYSTK（3）－31）／188：IF B＜＞B1 口 R EPく＞PE THEN GOSUB 8øøø
1510 IF AS＝ø THEN 1619 ELSE CD＝1 AS＊5．28＊H）／216：A＝CS／57．29：$X=C D * C$ OS（A）：$Y=C D * S I N(A): T X=T X+X: T Y=T Y+$ Y
152ø IF AL＝AZ OR WS＝ø THEN $161 \varnothing$
ELSE WD＝（WS＊5．28＊H）／216：A＝WA／57． 29：$X=W D * \operatorname{Cos}(A): Y=W D * S I N(A): T X=T X$ $+X: T Y=T Y+Y$
 $\square$
$1615 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{VAL}\left(5 \mathrm{~S}^{2}\right): I F \mathrm{X}>\varnothing$ AND $\mathrm{X}<4 \mathrm{AN}$ D $5>6$ OR $S<1$ THEN ON $x$ GOSUB 166 $0,1679,168 \varnothing$
162の $X=A S C(5 \$)-64:$ IF $X=-16$ THEN
$X=\varnothing$
1625 IF $x<6$ OR $x>26$ THEN 1640 EL SE GOSUB 1710
1639 DRAW＂CØ；BM126，170；XN （5）：C1 ； $\mathrm{XN}=(\mathrm{X})$ ；＂：S＝X：GOSUB 1719
1635 IF S＜7 AND N（S）＝1 GOSUB 174 $\emptyset$
1640 IF $S=\emptyset$ OR $N(S)=\varnothing$ THEN GOSUB $171 \varnothing$ ELSE GOSUB 181ø
$1645 \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{JOYSTK}(\varnothing): \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{JOYSTK}(2)-31:$ $E P=(J O Y S T K(3)-31) / 188:$ IF $B\rangle B 1 \quad \square$ R EPく＞PE THEN GUSUB Bøøø 1650 GOTO 2100
$166 \emptyset F=F+1: I F \quad F>3$ THEN $F=\varnothing$
1665 DRAW＂CØ；BM66，151；XA象（FS）：C1
；XA事（F）；＂：FS＝F：GOTO 1690
$167 \varnothing \mathrm{G}=\mathrm{G}+1$ ：IF $\mathrm{G}>9$ THEN $\mathrm{G}=\varnothing$
1675 DRAW＂Cø；BM73；151；XA\＄（GS）：C1
：XA事（G）；＂：GS＝G：GOTO 1690
168 $I=I+1: I F I>9$ THEN $I=\emptyset$
1685 DRAW＂CØ；BM89，151；XA\＄（IS）；C1 ；XA\＄\｛I）；＂：IS＝I
$1690 \mathrm{~J}=(\mathrm{F} * 1 \varnothing 6)+(\mathrm{G} * 1 \varnothing)+\mathrm{I}: \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{J}\rangle 36 \varnothing$
THEN G＝－1：GOTO 167ø
$1695 \mathrm{JB}=\mathrm{J} / 57.2$

B）＊28：CIRCLE（FA，FB），1，$\wp:$ CIRCLE（ $X$ ，Y），1，1：FA＝X：FB＝Y：RETURN
$171 \varnothing$ IF $D 7=10$ AND $\mathrm{N}(5)=\emptyset$ THEN RE TURN ELSE LINE（ $3 \varnothing, 16 \emptyset$ ）－\｛5X，5Y），P RESET：DRAW＂Cø；BM83，170；XA象（D7）；B


 RESET：CIRCLE（ $162,92+G X), 1,0, .1: D$ $7=1 \varnothing: D 6=1 \varnothing: D 5=1 \varnothing$
1712 IF AZくAL THEN AZ＝
1730 SCREEN1，$\emptyset:$ RETURN
1740 F＝INT（RB（S）＊．5729）：G＝INT（RB （5）＊5．729）－（10＊F）：I＝INT（RB（S）＊57 －29）－（100＊F）－（10＊G）：DRAW＂C0；BM66 ，151；XA事（FS）；BM＋7， 0 ；XA\＄（GS）：BM＋7 ，Ø；XAक（IS）；С1；XA末（I）；BM－7，Ø；XAक（ G）：BM－7，$\varnothing$ ；XAS（F）；＂：FS＝F：GS＝G：IS＝ I：JB＝RB（S）：GOTO 170日
181Ø $B X=S X(S)-T X: B Y=S Y(S)-T Y: S D=$ SQR（BX＾2＋BY＾2）
1811 IF $B X=\varnothing$ THEN $B X=. \emptyset \emptyset 1$
1812 IF $B Y=\emptyset$ THEN $B Y=. \emptyset \emptyset 1$
$1820 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{BY} / \mathrm{BX}:$ IF $\mathrm{BX}<\emptyset$ THEN 1830 E LSE SB＝ATN（X）：GOTO 1835
$1830 \mathrm{SB}=\mathrm{ATN}(\mathrm{X})-3.1416$
1835 IF $5>16$ THEN 2039 ELSE IF 5 $>6$ THEN 1939
1839 IF SD／5280＞10 THEN 1710
$184 \varnothing \mathrm{CA}=\mathrm{SB}-(\mathrm{RB}(5)-1.57 ø 8): \mathrm{DB}=\mathrm{COS}$ （CA）：IF ABS \｛DB）＞． 2588 THEN 1710 ELSE IF DB＞． 0523 THEN $\mathrm{DB}=.0523 \mathrm{E}$

# MORETON BAY SOFTWARE DOUBLE DRIVER 

The BEST monitor driver available, unlike some monitor drivers the Double Driver provides TRUE monochrome and color composite output. Audio Output. Solderless installation. \$24.95


## RESET YOUR COMPUTER

A REAL Improvement
Move the power switch and reset where they belong. An LED power on light too! High quality parts. Totally solderless kit.

CoCo I \$24.95
CoCo II \$27.95


## 64K UPGRADES

Instantly access 64 K via M/L Totally solderless kit to upgrade E Boards. Kit includes eight 4164 prime chips and chips U29 and U11 already soldered. E Board Kit $\$ 69.95$
Color Computer II kit requires soldering. \$64.95


## GRAPHICOM

The Ultimate Graphic Utility You must see this program to believe it! Create pictures and text on the same screen. Now you can create pictures as good as any graphic you have seen on the color computer. Write graphic adventures or educational programs. Requires 64K EXB, Disk Drive and Joy Sticks $\$ 29.95$

## MORETON BAY SOFTWARE

A Division of Moreton Bay Laboratory


316 CASTILLO STREET
SANTA BARBARA,
CALIFORNIA 93101
(805) 962-3127

## Ordering Information

Add $\$ 2.00$ shipping and handling per order. We ship within 24 hours on receipt of order. Blue Label Service available. California residents add 6\% sales tax.

LSE IF DB＜－． 0523 THEN $\mathrm{DB}=-.9523$
$1850 \mathrm{X}=128-5 \mathrm{IN}(\mathrm{DB} * 26) * 15: \mathrm{Y}=46+\mathrm{C} 0$ $S(D B * 29) * 15: \operatorname{LINE}(128,40)-\{I X, I Y\rangle$ ，PRESET：LINE（ $128,4 \varnothing)-(X, Y), P S E T:$ $I X=X: I Y=Y$
1855 AZ＝FE（S）：AR＝AL－AZ：IF AR＜め T HEN $300 \emptyset$
$1869 X=($（AR／（SD－1009））-.04366$) * 1$ øøø：IF $X>18$ THEN $X=18$ ELSE IF $X<$ -18 THEN $X=-18$
187＠CIRCLE（162，92＋GX），1， 0,1 ． 1 CI RCLE $(162,92+X), 1,1, .1: G X=X:$ GOTO 1946
1939 IF SD／528＞999 THEN 1710
$1949 \mathrm{X}=30+5 \mathrm{IN}(5 \mathrm{~B}) * 15: \mathrm{Y}=160-\cos (5$ B）＊15：LINE（ 30,160 ）$-(5 X, 5 Y)$ ，PRESE
T：LINE $(30,160)-(X, Y), P S E T: S X=X: S$ $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{Y}:$ IF $S>6$ GOSUB 2050
1950 SD＝INT（SD／528）：IF SD＝D1 THE N RETURN ELSE D2＝INT（SD／1øø）：D3＝ INT（SD／10）－（10＊D2）：D4＝SD－（100＊D2 $)-(1 \emptyset * D 3): D 1=5 \mathrm{D}: \mathrm{DRAW"C} 5: \mathrm{BMB3}, 17 \emptyset$ ；XAक（D7）：C1；XAक（D4）；＂：D7＝D4
1966 IF D3＝D6 THEN RETURN ELSE D
 ）：＂：D6＝D3
1970 IF D2 $=\mathrm{DS}$ THEN RETURN ELSE D RAW＂Cø；BM－7， 0 ；XA $\$$（D5）；C1；XA中（D2） ：＂
2039 IF SD／528＞1999 THEN 1710 $2040 \mathrm{X}=36+5 \mathrm{~N} N(5 \mathrm{~B}) * 15: \mathrm{Y}=16 \emptyset-\cos (5$ B）$* 15:$ LINE $(30,16 \emptyset)-(S X, S Y)$ ，PRESE T：LINE $(3 \varnothing, 16 \boxminus)-(X, Y), P S E T: S X=X: S$ $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{Y}$
$295 . \mathrm{CA}=5 \mathrm{~B}-(\mathrm{JB}-1.5708): \mathrm{DB}=\mathrm{COS}(\mathrm{CA}$ ）：$X=128-5 I N(D B * 4) * 15: Y=40+C 口 S(D B$ ＊4）＊15：LINE（ 128,49$)-(I X, I Y)$ ，PRES ET：IF ABS（DB）$>.2588$ THEN RETURN
ELSE LINE $(128,49)-(X, Y), P S E T: I X=$ $X: I Y=Y:$ RETURN
2100 Q1＝INT（TH／360ø）：IF Q1＝Q8 TH EN 320 ELSE Q2＝INT（TH／2160øめ）： 33 $=I N T(T H / 36096)-(6 * Q 2): Q 4=Q 1-(16 *$ Q3）－（60＊Q2）：Q8＝Q1：DRAW＂C0；EM184， 170；XA象（Q7）；C1；XA象（Q4）；＂： $07=$ Q4 2136 IF QS＝Q6 THEN 320 ELSE DFAW ＂CØ；BM－7， 5 ；XA（Q6）；C1；XA Q6＝Q3
2140 IF Q2＝Q5 THEN 329 ELSE DRAW
 ：Q5＝Q2：GOTO 320
उØDø CLS：PRINT：PRINT＂YロUR ALTITU DE IS LESS THAN VATION．YOU MAY
PRESSING 〈ENTER〉．
TION SELECTED WILL
FF AND YOU SHOULD BE ）；＂FT．BEFORE SELECTING＂

3905 PRINT＂STATION＊＂：CHR事（S＋64）
：＂AGAIN．＂
3010 INPUT＂${ }^{10} \mathrm{X}:$ SCREEN1，$\varnothing$
3020 DRAW＂C6；BM126，176；XN\＄（S）；C1
；XN\＄（ $\ddagger$ ）$; ": S=\varnothing: D 7=\varnothing: A Z=\varnothing: T I M E R=\varnothing:$
GOTO 1716
5øøø FOR $X=3 \varnothing$ TO 224 STEP 194：FO $R \mathrm{Y}=4 \boldsymbol{6}$ TO $16 \varnothing$ STEP 6 $6:$ CIRCLE $(X, Y$ ），25，1：NEXT Y：NEXT $X$
5010 CIRCLE（ 128,92 ），55，1
5929 LINE（84，92）－（88，92），PSET：F0 R $X=74$ TO 110 STEP 6：LINE $(86, X)-$ $(8 B, X)$, PSET：NEXT $X$
$503 \varnothing$ LINE（168，92）－（172，92），PSET：
FOR $X=74$ Tロ 110 STEP 9：LINE（168， $X)-(170, X)$, PSET：NEXT $X$
5940 FOR $Z=1$ TO 3：GOSUB 5960：NEX T Z
505 FOR Z＝5 TO 7：GOSUB 596 ：NEX T Z：GOTO 519g
$5060 \quad X=5 I N((6.2832 / 10) * Z): Y=\operatorname{COS}($ （6．2832／10）＊2）
$597 \emptyset \times A=30+(20 * X): X B=30+(24 * X): Y$ $A=40-(20 * Y): Y B=49-(24 * Y)$
5980 LINE（XA，YA）－（XB，YB），PSET：RE TURN
$510 \varnothing$ DRAW＂BM28，24；XA\＄（ 0 ）；BM39： 58 ；XA ${ }^{(1) ; B M 10,36 ; ~ X A \$(2) ; " ~}$
5200 FOR $Z=1$ T0 9 STEF 2
$5210 X=S I N(\{6.2832 / 10) * Z): Y=\operatorname{CoS}($ （6． $2832 / 10) * 2$ ）
$5220 \times A=224+(20 * X): X B=224+(24 * X)$ ：$Y A=4 \varnothing-(2 \emptyset * Y): Y B=4 \varnothing-(24 * Y)$
5236 LINE（XA，YA）－（XB，YB），FSET：NE XT Z
5250 DRAW＂BM222，24：XA\＄（6）：BM239， 36；XA\＄（2）；BM233，58；XA $\$$（4）：BM210， $58 ;$ XA事（6）；BM2 64,$36 ;$ XA 5 （ 8 ）；＂
$53 \varrho \varrho$ FQR $Z=2$ TO 8 STEP 2：X＝COS（ 6． $2832 / 1$（ ）＊ 2 ）：$Y=S I N((6.2832 / 1 \varnothing) *$ Z）
$5326 \times A=224+(26 * X): X B=224+(24 * X)$ $: Y A=1 \varnothing 0+(2 \infty * Y): Y B=1 \varrho \varnothing+(24 * Y)$
5330 LINE（XA，YA）－（XB，YB），PSET：NE XT Z
5340 DRAW＂BM237，113；XAक（2）；BM215 ，121；XAक（1）；BM203，1ø2；XA $\$$（6）；BM2

$535 \emptyset$ LINE（114，15）－（142，25），PSET， B：CIRCLE（128，19），18， 1
5409 FOR $Z=1$ TO 5 STEP 2
$5416 \mathrm{X}=5 \mathrm{SN}($（ $6.2832 / 8) * \mathrm{Z}): \mathrm{Y}=\cos ($（ $6.2832 / 8) * Z)$
$5420 \times A=30+(20 * X): X B=39+(24 * X): Y$ $A=100-(20 * Y): Y B=10 \varnothing-(24 * Y)$
$543 \emptyset$ LINE（XA，YA）－（XB，YB），PSET：NE XT Z
5450 DRAW＂BM28，84；XA事（9）；BM47，19

3；XA\＄（1）；BM2B，122；XA\＄（2）；BM9，163 ；XA中（З）；＂
55＠ø FOR Z＝2 TO 11 STEP 3：GDSUB 5510：NEXT
$55 \emptyset 5$ FOR Z＝1 TO 19 STEP 3：GOSUB 5516：NEXT：GOTD 554ø
$551 \emptyset \quad X=S I N((6.2832 / 12) * Z): Y=\operatorname{COS}($ （6．2832／12）＊2）
$552 \emptyset \times A=36+(2 \emptyset * X): X E=3 \varnothing+(24 * X): Y$ $A=160-(20 * Y): Y B=16 \emptyset-(24 * Y)$
553 б LINE（XA，YA）－（XB，YB），PSET：RE TURN
554＠DRAW＂ $\mathrm{EM} 2 \mathrm{~B}, 144 ; \mathrm{XN}$（14）：BM47， 163：XN\＄（5）；BM28；182；XN\＄（19）；BM9， 163；XN\＄（23）；＂
$560 \emptyset$ FOR $Z=-1$ TO 1
$5610 \quad X=5 I N((6.2862 / 24) * Z): Y=\operatorname{COS}($ （6．2862／24）＊Z）
$562 \emptyset \times A=224+(3 \emptyset * X): X B=224+(33 * X)$ $: Y A=18 \emptyset-(3 \emptyset * Y): Y B=18 \emptyset-(33 * Y)$
5639 LINE（ $\left.X A_{9} Y A\right)-(X B, Y B)$ ．PSET：NE XT
5650 DRAW＂BM296；154；XN末（5）：EM238 ，154；XN\＄（6）：＂
$566 \emptyset$ CIRCLE（ $128, \infty$ ） $140,1,1, .23,$. 29
5670 DRAW＂BM128，135；ND5；BM＋11； $9 ;$
 め；D2；＂
5680 LINE $(62,142)-(88,153)$, PSET， B：LINE（62，161）－（91，172），PSET，B：L INE（163，161）－（192，172），PSET，B：LI NE（122，161）－（134，172），PSET，B：DRA W＂EM8め，169；U1；BM＋94， $5 ; N ; D 1 ; B U 2 ; U$ 1：＂
5705 FOR $Z=-3$ TO $3: A=Z / 57.29: X=5$ IN $(A * 20): Y=\cos (A * 2 \emptyset): X A=128-(19 *$ $X): X B=128-(21 * X): Y A=40+(19 * Y): Y B$ $=46+(21 * Y)$
$571 \varnothing$ LINE（XA，YA）－（XB，YB），PSET：NE XT
58øø DRAW＂BM126，17ø；XN\＄（0）；BM66， $151 ;$ XA末（ $\varnothing$ ）；$B M+7, \varnothing ; X A \$(\varnothing) ; B M+7, \varnothing ;$ $X A \$(\varnothing): "$
$581 \varnothing$ DRAW＂ $\mathrm{BM} 5 \emptyset, 65 ; \mathrm{XN} \$(13) ; \mathrm{BM}+7 . \varnothing$
 $X N \$(13) ; B M-7,6 ; X N \$(16) ; B M-7,9 ; X N$
 （22）：BM－7， $6 ; \times N \$(22): B M+0,-60 ; \times N(1)$
 ）：＂
590．RETUFN
6006 DATA BU1U4E1R2F1NG4D4G1L2H1 BD1，U5E1R2F1D2NL4D3EL4，U6R3F1D1G 1NL3F1D1G1L3，BU1U4E1R2F1BD4G1L2H 1BD1，U6R2F2D2G2L2，U6F4BD3BL1L3D3 NR4
6919 DATA U6R4BD3ELIL．3D3，BU1U4E1

R3BD4NL1D2L3H1BD1，U6BR4D3NL4D3BL 4，BU6BR1R2L1D6NR1L1BL1，BU6BR4D5G 1L2H1BD1，U6D3R1NE3NF3BD3BL 1 6920 DATA NU6NR4，UGF2ND1E2D6BL4； U6D1F4NUSD1BL4，BU1U4E1R2F1D4G1L2 H1BD1，U6R3F1D1G1L3D3，BU1U4E1R2F1 D3G1NH1NF1G1L1H1BD1
6ø3 DATA U6R3F1D1G1L3R1F3BL4，BU 5BR4H1L2G1D1F1R2F1D1G1L2H1BD1，BU 6R4L2D6BL2，BU1USBR4D5G1L2H1BD1，B U6BR4D2G1D1G1ND1H1U1H1NU2BD4，NU6 E2NU1F2NU6BL4
$6 \Phi 4 \varnothing$ DATA EU6D1F2E2NU1BD4ND1H2G2 D1，BU6BR4D1G2ND3H2NU1BD5，BU6R4D1 G4DINR4
7øøめ DATA BU1U4E1R2F1NG4D4G1L2H1 BD1，BU6BR2NG1D6R1L2BL1，BU5E1R2F1 D1G1L1G2D1NR4，BU5E1R2F1D1G1NL1F1 D1G1L2H1BD1，BU2NR4U1E3D6BL3
7ழ1ø DATA BUGNR4D3E1R2F1D2G1L2H1 BD1，BU6BR2NR2G2D3U2R3F1D1G1L2H1B D1，BU6R4D1G3D2BL1，BU1U1E1NR1H1U1 E1R2F1D1G1NL1F1D1G1L2H1BD1，BU4NF 1U1E1R2F1D2NL3D1G2L2
$7 \emptyset 20$ DATA BU6D1F2E2NU1BD4ND1H2G2 D1
$80 \varnothing \varnothing$ TR＝INT（B＊COS（B／41）＋．5）：IFT $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{LR}$ THEN B＠29
日 010 LINE（126＋LR，13 12$)-(130+L R, 13$ ø），PRESET：LINE（128＋LR，139）－（128＋ LR，133），PRESET：LINE（126＋TR，136）－ （130＋TR，13 13 ，FSET：LINE（128＋TR， 13 ＠）$-(128+T R, 133)$, PSET：LR＝TR
B＠20 P＝INT（1 00 ＊（EP＋（SIN（6＊AP－． 57 $)+.54) / 6)$ ）$=1 F P>20$ THEN $P=26$ ELS $E$ IF $P<-2 \emptyset$ THEN $P=-2 \emptyset$
8625 IF AL＜S＋AZ THEN AL＝AZ
$893 \emptyset$ IF $A L=A Z$ AND $A S<5 \emptyset \quad O R \quad A L=A Z$ AND $\operatorname{SGN}(P)=-1$ THEN $P=\varnothing$
$8 \emptyset 4 \varrho$ IF $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{F} 1$ AND $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{B} 1$ THEN RETUR N

8ø5め $\mathrm{BB}=\mathrm{B} / 93:$ IF $\mathrm{AL}=\mathrm{AZ}$ THEN $\mathrm{BB}=\varnothing$ $8 \oiint 6 \emptyset x=I N T$（COS（BE）＊25）：$Y=5 I N(B B)$ $* 25$
8975 LINE（12日＋PX，92－P1＋PY）－（128－ PX，92－P1－PY），PRESET：CIRCLE（128，9 2－P1），5， 0
8ø8ø LINE（128＋X，92－P＋Y）－（128－X，9 $2-P-Y), P S E T: C I R C L E(128,92-P), 5,1$ $: P 1=P: P X=X: F Y=Y: B 1=B: P E=E P: R E T U R$ N

If you're looking for the finest terminal software you can buy, look no further! And now we've added a high-res screen display that gives you 32 by $16,42,51$, or 64 by 24 lines.* And you can switch between the high-res screen and the normal screen without destroying what you have in the buffer! + PLUS + we have a buffer editor, complete up and down load support, on-line cassette or disk reads and writes, off-line and on-line scrolling, pre-entry of data before calling, word wrap, buffer printing, selective printing, change any parameter so you can communicate with any other computer. You can send and receive Basic programs, ASCII file, as well as machine code, + PLUS + you can save your buffer to tape (Tape or Rom version) or disk (Disk version). You can communicate with the local BBS, Compuserve ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, The Source ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, the main frame at work or school, other color computers, Apples, IBM PC'S, TRS-80 Model I, II, III, IV, 12, 16, 100, or any other computer via RS-232.
Compare these features with any other terminal program: $32 \times 16,42,51,6 \times 24$ Screen
Communications BAUD Rate: 110-19200
Printer Baud Rate: 600-9600
Select Half or Full Duplex.
Select Odd, Even, or no Parity.
Select 7 or 8 Bit Words.
Send Control Characters.
Send a True Line Break.
Separate Keys for Escape and Rubout. Select All Caps If Needed.
Word Wrap - Eliminate Split Words.
(32 Character Mode)
Selectable Reverse or Normal Video.
(32 Character Mode)
"Disk and Rom Pack only (not on tape). PRICE: $\$ 2.9 .95$ (TAPE) $\$ 3.9 .95$ (ROM PACK) $\$ 39.95$ (DISK)

## BBS 817-387-8381

## HARDWARE

SUPER PRO KEYBOARD - Mark Data replacement . \$64.95 DOUBLE SWITCH I - This is our original switch box. Two LEDs show you which port is being used, 1 or 2 . High quality parts, and a new great looking yellow face plate. ...... $\$ 29.95$ DOUBLE SWITCH II - Same as the above switch box, but we have added three RCA jacks, and a switch which allows you to switch between your 80 column board output, and your computer output at a touch instead of unplugging. . . . . . . . . $\$ 39.95$ VIDEO SWITCH - Switch between your 80 column board, and your computer's output. Two LEDs display the device . $\$ 19.95$ DOUBLE CABLE - If you don't have a lot of money to spend, you can hook a modem and a printer up at the same time using this Y-Cable. Works with most printers.
\$14.95
WORD PAK ( 80 Column Board) - This is one of the finest pieces of hardware to come along since the CoCo. Allows you to display a real 80 column screen, not the graphics that are sometimes difficult to read. Comes with a software driver that will interface basic into the 80 column board. . . . . . . . $\$ 139.95$ Y-CABLE - Used with the WORD PAK when disk drives are being used. Not needed if you own some type of multi-port device, the Multi-Pak interface for instance. . $\$ 29.95$ DOUBLE DRIVER - Best video driver available for the Color Computer. Made by our friends at Moreton Bay Software. Specify regular CoCo or CoCo II.
\$24.95
DOUBLE SPEAKER - This plug-in device gives you sound with a monitor. Plugs right in, nothing to solder. . . . . . $\$ 19.95$
HARD DISK DRIVE FOR THE CoCo WITH CONTROLLER:
5 MEG HARD DISK DRIVE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1299.95$
10 MEG HARD DISK DRIVE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1599.95$
$\$ 2.00$ shipping and handling on all orders. $\$ 3.00$ charge on C.O.D. orders, Mastercard and VISA accepted. Texas residents add $5 \%$ sales tax. Allow two weeks for personal checks.
Send 20 cent stamp for free catalog.

## Double Density Software



920 Baldwin Street Denton, Texas 76205 Phone 817/566-2004

Scroll Protect Up to 9 Lines.
Automatic Capture of Incoming Files, Send One Line At a , Time From Your Buffer.
Has Programmable Prompt for "Send Next Line!!"
Buffer Size Indicator.
Complete Up and Down Load Support.
Improved Buffer Editor.
On/Off Line Scrolling of Buffer.
On/Off Cassette or Disk Reads and Writes.
Pre-Enter Data Before Going On-Line.
Save/Load Machine Code, Basic Programs or Files.
Select Printer Line Feeds If Needed or Ignore All Line Feeds in Buffer.

PROFESSIONAL PROFESSIONAL PROFESSIONAL PROFESSIONAL

This program is the ultimate in coco communicating!! Ultra Term + is used with a plug-in 80 column board that gives you True 80 columns, not the graphics display that is unreadable at 80 columns. This is truly a Professional Package that is so easy to use that once you have used it, you'll wonder why other packages are so difficult to use, (except for Color Term + Plus + that is!) After using a terminal program that cannot give you True mainframe terminal emulation, you will find Ultra Term + indispensable! Ultra Term + even has a host mode that allows you to echo characters like full duplex mainframes do! There are also 10 macro keys which will allow you to save passwords, phone numbers, modem programming information, etc. + PLUS + you can save them to disk. Also, like all Professional terminal programs you can save your current parameters. This saves you set up time when moving from one system to another. +Plus + when used with the parallel printer port* " you can print what is coming in. And what about documentation? Every feature is explained in detail and indexed for fast look up! There is also a comprehensive help section to aid those unfamiliar with telecommunications. Although this program was designed for the Professional a total novice can use it with ease. Check all the features listed below and then you decide who has the world's smartest terminal!
Baud Rates: 110-4800) (communicate) 600-960) (printer).
Screen Format: $80 \times 25 \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{true}$ upper \& lower case.
Select half, full duplex or echo. Select odd, even, mark, space or no parity.

Send all 128 characters from keyboard.

Select 7 or 8 bit words
Select 1 or 2 stop bits.
Send a true line break.
Select all caps if needed:
Automatic capture of incoming files. X on/X off capabilities.
Merge text or programs in buffer. 53,000 ) character buffer ( 64 K ).
Send and receive BASIC, FILES and machine code.

## 10 macro keys.

Four buffer send modes (dump, prompted, manual \& time delay).
Buffer size indicators (bytes used \& bytes remaining).
Buffer editor w/auto key repeat.
Scroll forward \& reverse to view huffer \& print viewed screen option
Selectable printer formats (line feeds, etc.).
Selectable trapping of incoming characters.
Print while receiving data*
Buffer editor has these features:
Move forward and reverse through
buffer. Insert, type over, delete lines or characters
Block deletion or start to end of buffer delete.
Save and load macros.
Save and load parameters.
Use 1-4 disk drive (w/SAVE, LOAD, [)IR. \& granule display).
Easy to use MENU driven format. Comprehensive users manual.
Works with ALL Radio Shack ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ I)isk Systems and all models of color computers.
Still not convinced? How about a 15 day, money back guarantee? If you don't like the package for any reason, we will
refund your money upon return of a likenew package. $\dagger$ Who out there is offering you this kind of deal? And customer support was never better. Simply fill out your registration card and send it back to us and you will be notified when new features, improvements, etc become available hecause all registered owners will receive Free upgrades for a $\$ 5: 00$ shipping and handling fee).
As with all good Professional programs, Ulera Term + is all machine code. This program has been tested by those both familiar and unfamiliar with communications programs. And when you call for some technical support, you won't get an answering machine during our business hours ( 10 -5 CST M-Sat.) under normal circumstances. Technical help is usually available all day.

## PRICE: Ultra Term + - $\$ 55.95$ (Disk)

Word-Pak (80-column board; includes a software driver so you can use your basic programs with no modification in most cases!) $\ldots \$ 139.95+\$ 3.00 \mathrm{~S} \& \mathrm{H}$
Y-Cable .. $\mathbf{5 2 9 . 9 5}$ (Required if expansion port not used with disk drives)
Complete Package Ultra Term Word Pak \& Y Cable [subtract $\$ 20$ ), 0 ) if not needed) is only $\mathbf{\$ 2 1 0 . 0 0}$

- Ultra Term + supports the 80 column board made by PB.J. Inc. If you already have the board. simply order the program. hut those of you who don't can get a good deal.
- Parallel Printer Port from PBJ, Inc. +Less $\$ 10.00$ restocking charge.


## DOUBLE SPOOLER

Tired of waiting for your listings'? printouts? etc.? This is THE Spooling Program!! No need to save your programs in AsCII. You can also spool your files and you can spool ANYTHING you print on the screen while a program is running! Requires a minimum of 32 K AND the 64 K computer can spool really LARGE files!! Plus more!! PRICE: $\$ 19.95$ (Tape) $\$ 21.95$ (Disk)

## DOUBLE MAILER

At last a powerful, easy to use, mailing list program for a reasonable price. Up to 200 names can be held in memory for you to change, modify, search or print as you like. Plus, you can print out up to 1800 names without touching the keyboard. Save thousands of names on each disk. The machine language sort routine will sort 200 names in as little as 6 seconds! Supports single or double wide labels. Three and four line labels can be intermixed without leaving gaps in your listings! All menu driven, and easy to use. Printer support gives 60(0-9600 BAUD selection, and different print sizes if you wish. 16 K Extended

Announcing a BREAK-THROUGH! Now you can own an 80 column board for $\$ 99.95$. And you can choose the software you want to buy instead of being charged for something you don't want. Y-Cable available for use with disk drives. Look at these features and compare:
TRUE 80 COLUMN OUTPUT
BUILT IN SWITCH FOR COCO OR DOUBLE 80 PLUS
ADJUSTABLE VIDEO OUTPUT
GOLD PLATED EDGE CONNECTOR
drivers available for basic, OS9 and flex
DISPLAY ALL ASCII CHARACTERS

## alternate character sets available

METAL CASE (not cheap plastic)
ULTRA TERM + available for this board
BACKED BY A 90 DAY PARTS AND LABOR WARRANTY
PRICES: DOUBLE 80 PLUS ( 80 column board) ................................. . . 599.95
Y-CABLE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 29.95

OS9 DRIVER . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12.95
FLEX DRIVER (available soon) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12.95
ULTRA TERM + (disk only)
.55 .95 RAINBOW

# Watching it all add up + with 

# The IRA Projection 

By Leonard Hyre

0ne of the best ideas the federal government has had in the last decade has to be the Individual Retirement Account (IRA). It gives the average person the chance to build a future retirement fund without paying the price of taxation now on the money he puts away. People who are considering such accounts invariably wonder about just how it all adds up, and rightly so! I love to plug in the various figures and watch the theoretical interest come pouring in. You can get some practical use out of my $I R A$ Projection program and, at the same time, kick around lots of figures just to be sure you are making the right choice of planning or financial institution.

One of the reasons I bought the CoCo is that it is a Color Computer. So why does a practical program have to be blah? It doesn't! Programs can be colorful, have lots of bells and whistles, and still perform a quality service for the user. I've tried to emphasize this theme with IRA Projection.

A nifty looking title screen is always a big plus to me when I $R U N$ or $E X E C$ a program. It doesn't have to eat up 6 K of memory and require two or three machine language subroutines to be effective. The screen should have a little color, be theme oriented (to the program) and possibly make a bit of noise. Now let's see about the screen for this program. Color? Well, IRA s are money and money is traditionally

[^13]green in the United States, so that kind of takes care of itself. It is green and black. (Take a look, it really has more color than you might think.)

Theme? Once again, IRAs go with money so a big dollar sign will do nicely. Now put the title on the screen by popping the letters into place with a tiny blip of noise and the deed is done. Tell the folks who wrote the program, "l used a single $D A T A$ statement to list the letters needed and then used several loops to put them in place." These are at Lines 110-180 in the listing.

Now we get down to business. Line 200 changes the screen to the alternate red/orange color set. Data to be required of the user is now gathered with a few simple INPUT commands. The screen is cleared and the formula applied to the data to give us the required figures. A loop made up of the number of years required is set up in 350 . When the calculation is done, we have our answer for the year represented by the value $G$ at that time. The formula is standard, which can be obtained from any financial institution.

After getting the data, we need to display it. Here is where the CoCo can shine. The PRINT USING command makes these things easy for CoCo users. Owners of many other machines can't even tell the computer where or how to print without writing major subroutines. If you skipped over this one in Going Ahead With Extended Basic, do yourself a favor and go back and learn to use it. It's one of my favorites. (Do you have to be nuts to have a favorite BASIC command?) Anyway, we have it all on the screen.

Only one thing left to do now, let those with printers have an option to obtain hard copy of the information. Lines 430-670 deal with the printer routine and may be totally left out by those of you who do not own a printer. Just take the

# ENDICOTT COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND ACCESSORIES 

## PRINTERS

(SEE PRINTER INTERFACE beLow) SPIRIT (SAME AS MX8O) $\$ 319.00$ $\$ 445.00$
OKIDATA 92P (160 CPS) . . . .......
CORRESPONDENCE QUALITY! * NEWI * NEWI *

ABATI LQ-2OP (PARALLEL).
18CPS-DAISY WHEEL-LETTER QUALITY TRACTOR FEED. $\$ 389.00$ . $\$ 79.00$

## MONITORS

SEE MONITOR INTERFACE BELOW) ALL WITH NONGLARE SCREEN. *NEW PRICE* BYAMDEK VIDEO 300(G) VIDEO 300'A
GORILLA (GREEN)
GORILLA (AMBER)

## ENDICOTT JOYSTICK

$\$ 19.95$.....EACH $\$ 37.95 \ldots .$. FOR TWO ANALOG TYPE - PLUGS RIGHT IN!
"In use, we found the ENDICOTT JOYSTICK to be smooth and responsive. ...built to last, the Endicott model is a solid buy". the RAINBOW, Ocrober 1982
..provided the best feel of all the joysticks tested (a) rugged unit at an aflordable price. 80 micro, March 1983

## PRINTER INTERFACE

 pbh serial /parallelSWITCHABLE: 300 TO 9600 BAUD PRINTER AND MODEM CONNECTIONS NOTHING ELSE REQUIRED.

$$
\frac{\text { S80.85 }}{\text { SURCHASED WITH PRINTER . . . } \$ 64.00}
$$

## MONITOR INTERFACE

 VIDEO PLUS.(COLOR OR MONOCHROME) PURCHASED WITH MONITOR ... $\$ 20.95$ VIDEO PLUS IIM. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 26.95$ (MONOCHROME FOR COLOR II) PURCHASED WITH MONITOR . . $\$ 22.95$ VIDEO PLUS IIC.
(COLOR FOR COLOR II) PURCHASED WITH MONITOR . . . $\$ 33.95$


## SUPER-PRO KEYBOARD

${ }^{* *}{ }^{N E W}$

KEYBOARD. \$64.95 \$56.95 ADPT. $\$ 4.95$

BY: ANCHOR AUTOMATION 300 BAUD. DIRECT CONNECT MANUAL ANSWER. MANUAL DIAL INCLUDES CABLE $\$ 74.95$

## MEDIA STORAGE TAPE

TAPE CAROUSEL (HOLDS 25) . . . $\$ 13.00$

## DISKETTE

| FLIP'N'FILE 10 | \$ 5.45 |
| :---: | :---: |
| FLIP'N'FILE 25 | \$24.95 |
| FLIP'N'FILE 50 | \$33.95 | FLIP'NFILE 50.

$\$ 33.95$

# Look at These Discounts and Compare...Remember WE PAY SHIPPING! software prices shownare 20\% OFF listprice! 


note: all sales final no returns unless defective. ADDITIONAL LISTINGS IN OUR FREE CATALOG - CALL OR WRITE.
*Requires 16 K Ext. Basic Minimum. DRequires 32 K Ext. Basic Minimum. DWe Recommend 32 K or 64 K . Others 16 K Ext. Std. Basic Minimum.

[^14]
## ENDICOFT

## Computer Software And Accessories

2806-A S. MEMORIAL PARKWAY
HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA 35801
VISIT OUR STORE
prices in ad are mail order only.

PHONE ORDERS
205/536-4400
(PHONE OPEN 7 DAYS A WEEK)
WE PAY SHIPPINGI
＇ P ＇option out of Line 400 and modify 420 to read： 420 GOTO 200.
I often use the same routine for screen and printer format using a Print $\#-X$ type of style．However，the display of the information given here requires a different display for the printout if we want it to be attractive．Notice that＇$A$＇and＇$B$＇ values are reset to 0 in Line 570．Data input earlier is then used to recalculate and print out the year by year accumu－ Jation．
IRA Projection is a relatively short program and should not present much of a typing challenge to you．I believe you will find the program worthwhile．


The listing：


## Quality $\mathbb{E}$ bristian Softmare

## MONEY BACK CUARANTEE

If for any reason you are not fully satisfied with any program you purchase from Quality Christian Software just return the original program（Cassette or Diskette）and we will refund the purchase price of the program．

## ＊＊＊＊＊ 4 NEW PROGRAMS

## $\star$＊＊＊＊

PILGRIM＇S PROGRESS：An interactive adaptation of Pilgrim＇s PTogress in the form of an adventure game．Your progress is directed awoy from the city of destruction and towards the Celestial City． Important Biblical Doctrines are grasped as the player proceeds． Requires 16 k E．C．B．－$\$ 17.99$ Cassette．
CHURCH TIME：A light hearted non－theologlcal adventure for the whole family．You＇re almost late for church and to top it off you forgot your Bible．Rushing back into your house you find that the sticky front door has bolted behind you．The object is to find your Bible and get outside so that you won＇t be late for church． 32 k E．C．B．－$\$ 10.99$ Cassette．
BIBLE REFERENCE PROGRAM：Topographical Bible Reference PTo－ gram covering 27 Topics with 60 Biblical References． 16 k E．C．B．not required－$\$ 10.99$ Cassette．
3－GAME PACK＊3：Reversed Sword Drill game \＃2，＂Who Did That＂ Game \＃2 \＆＂Who Said That＂Bible Quote game＂2．－16k E．C．B．－ \＄10．99 Cassette．

JUDE：A full text commentary and reference study on the Epistle of St． Jude．See the review in the December 1983 Issue of RAINBOW．Page 286．Requires 32k E．C．B．Cassette \＄13．99 Disk \＄16．99
3－GAME PACK＊1：Books of the Bible Game，Bible Character Word Scramble game \＆＂Who Said That＂Bible quote game．Requires 16k E．C．B．－Cassette $\$ 10.99$
3－GAME PACK＊2：Reversed Sword Drill game，＂Who Dld That＂game \＆ Bible Places Word Scramble game．Req． 16 k E．C．B．－Cassette Version \＄10．99．

## QCS

P．O．Box 1899
Duncan，OK 73534 405／255－5696

24 Hour
Phone Service

90 ：16K EXTENDED BASIC REQUIRED 100 DATA I，N，D，I，V，I，D，U，A，L，R，E $, T, I, R, E, M, E, N, T, A, C, C, O, U, N, T, S$ $, b, y, f, e, a, n, a, r, d, h, y, r, e$ 116 CL59：A1 $=$＝STRING $(5,143)$ ：A2 $=$ CHR $\$$（143）
120 POKE359，126：SCREENG， 1
$13 \varnothing$ PRINTE16，A2\＄；：PRINTE43，A1\＄＋A 2\＄＋A1\＄！：PRINTE75，A2\＄＋STRING\＄（4， 1


 PRINT＠171，A1本＋A2\＄＋A1\＄；：PRINT＠26日 ，A2\＄＋STRING $(4,128)+A 2$ क；
140 PRINTE240，A2\＄＋STRING $(4,128)$ ＋A2\＄；：PRINT＠267，A2\＄＋STRING\＄（4，12日）＋A2\＄＋STRING\＄（4，128）＋A2\＄；：PRINT g299，STRINGक（11，143）；：PRINTE336， A2 ${ }^{\text {（ }}$
150 $\mathrm{PR}=34$ ： $\mathrm{FORI}=1$ TO1 $0:$ READA $\mathrm{F}:$ PRIN
 R＝PR＋32：PLAY＂T25504CE05CE＂：NEXT I
$160 \mathrm{FR}=62$ ：FORR＝1TO1 $0:$ READA $0:$ PRIN T＠PR－1，CHR（ 143 ）$+A \$+$ CHR $\$$（143）：：P R＝PR＋32：PLAY＂T25504CE05CE＂：NEXTR $170 \mathrm{PR}=428:$ FORAT $=1$ TOB：READA $;$ ：PRI NTGPR，A\＄；：PR＝PR＋1：PLAY＂T25504CEO 5C3＂：NEXTAT
189 FOR DL＝1TO3 $06:$ NEXT：PR＝456：FO
 ＝PR＋1：PLAY＂O4CC＂：NEXT NA
$19 \varnothing$ FORDL＝1TO7øø：NEXT
200 POKE359，57：SCREEN0，1：CLS
210 PRINT：PRINTSTRING\＄$(32,205) ;:$ FRINT＂INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT AC COUNT＂：：PRINTSTRING\＄（32，203）；：P LAY＂VЗ1T2003C04C05C＂
$22 \varnothing A=6: B=\varnothing$
$23 \varnothing$ INPUT＂YOUR NAME：＂；Nक：IF LEN（ No）$>12$ THEN PRINT＂SHORTER PLEASE ＂：PLAY＂T801ECE＂：GOTO 236
240 FLAY＂T2004CE＂
250 INPUT＂TOTAL DEPOSIT PER YEAR ＂： C
266 PLAY＂T2ø04CE＂
279 INPUT＂ANTICIPATED \％INTEREST ＂；D
286 PLAY＂T2004CE＂
290 INPUT＂NO．TIMES COMPOUNDED／YR
＂；E
3＠ø PLAY＂T2004CE＂
उ1ø INPUT＂NO．YEARS TO PROJECT．．．
＂；F
320 PLAY＂T2004CE＂
330 CLS：GOSUB430
349 FOR $G=1$ TO F
$350 A=(1+D /(106 * E)) \wedge E *(A+C\}$

## SUPER PRO KEYBOARD*



More Super Pro keyboards have been sold than any other brand for good reason. . .It is the best looking, best feeling keyboard available anywhere! The best buy for your money. Read what the reviewers have said:

## Color Computer News, June '83

Mark Data Products is well known to us "longtimers".. Every bit as finished as if Tandy had done it...The Mark Data Super-Pro is your best buy...The one that is in my CoCo to stay.

Color Computer Magazine, June '83
The installation procedure is well detailed and quite simple. . .Has a professional feel, reacts well to the touch. has held up to some purposeful pounding.

## Hot CoCo, August '83

Like putting leather upholstery in your Volkswagen. . .Very impressed with the appearance and performance. . .Could easily pass as original equipment...Installation is very simple.

Rainbow, April ' 83
A fine piece of hardware from Mark Data Products. . .It is super and it is professional too...If you are searching for a replacement keyboard, it is an excellent buy.

## Mark Data Products

24001 ALICIA PKWY., NO. 207 • MISSION VIEJO, CA 92691 • (714) 768-155!
All Orders: Please add $\$ 2.00$ shipping and handling in the continental U.S. All others, add air shipping and $\$ 3.00$ handling. California residents add $6 \%$ sales tax. Foreign orders please remit U.S. funds. Software authors-contact us for exciting program marketing details.
$369 \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{FIX}($（190＊A）＋．5）／190
379 PRINTUSING＂\＃\＃＂；G；：PRINTUSING
 CE＂
3日曰 IF G／1 $0=$ INT（G／10）GロSUB $44 \varnothing$
39毋 NEXT G
400 PRINT：PRINT＂［ PRESS＂P＂F OR PRINTOUT ］＂：PRINT＂［ANY OTHER ＝ANOTHER PROJECTIONJ＂：FORS＝1TOS ：PLAY＂TSØV3103COSC＂：NEXTS
416 AN $\$=I N K E Y \$:$ IFAN $=$＂＂THEN $41 \varnothing$
420 IF AN\＄＝＂P＂THEN 480 ELSE 200
436 PRINTSTRING＊（32，133）；＂IRA PR
OJECTION FOR＂；N\＆：PRINTSTRING\＄（3
2；133）：RETURN
449 PRINT＂$[$ PRESS ANY KEY TD
CONT．〕＂；
456 AN\＄＝INKEY\＄：IFAN\＄＝＂＂THEN 456
469 CLS：G0SUB439
470 RETURN
480 POKE359，126：SCREEND，1：CLS
490 PRINT：PRINTSTRING $\$(33,159) ; "$ PRINTING OPERATION IN PROCESS＂； STRING象（33，159）；
599 PRINT：PRINT：PRINT：PRINT＂ ONE MINUTE PLEASE＂
510 PRINT\＃－2，STRING\＄（BD，＂＝＂）
529 PRINT\＃－2；＂INDIVIDUAL RETIREM
ENT ACCOUNT PROJECTION FOR：＂ N ：

```
53@ PRINT#-2, "BASED ON DEPOSITS
OF $";C;" DVER ";F;" YEARS"
54! PRINT#-2, "ANTICIPATED INTERE
ST RATE IS ";D;"% COMPOUNDED ";E
;"TIMES/YEAR"
55@ PRINT#-2,5TRING車(89,"一")
560 H=\emptyset
570 A=\varnothing:B=\varnothing
5Bg FOR G=1 TO F
590 A= (1+D/(1@\emptyset*E)) ^E* (A+C):B=FI
X({100*A)+-5)/10\varnothing
69g PRINT#-2,TAE (25);
610 PRINT#-2, "YEAR # ";:PRINT#-2
    ,USING"##";G;:PRINT#-2," ";:P
RINT#-2,USING"車##########"; E
62@ NEXT G
63@ PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2,TAB(13);"T
OTAL DEPOSITS=";:PRINT#-2,USING"
```



```
NET INCREASE OF ";:PRINT#-2,USIN
```



```
640 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2,STRING主 < 8@
    ,"=")
659 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT" DPER
ATION COMPLETE!:FORS=1TOS:SOUND
225, 1:NEXTS
660 FOR DL=1TO409:NEXT
670 POKE359,57:SCREEN@, 1:CLS:PRI
NTSTRING$ (32, 207): GOTO 40@
```

Hint...
Simplified Saves

For disk users：
3 GOTO 10
5 KILL＂PROGRAM／BAS＂：SAVE＂PROGRAM＂： END
10 ＇THIS IS FIRST LINE OF PROGRAM
To use，first SAVE＂PROGRAM＂（your program name） in the usual fashion．Thereafter，just type RUN 5 ENTER． This is especially handy during debugging．

For cassette users，change Line 5 to read：
5FORS＝1TO 3：CSAVE＂PROGRAM＂：MOTORON ：FOR DL＊ 1 TO 460 ＊3 ：NEXT DL：MOTOROFF： SOUND 200，1：NEXT S ：END
To use，set the recorder to record mode，then type GOTO5 ENTER or RUN5 ENTER．Line 5 will then CSAVE the pro－ gram three times，putting a three second＂rewind gap＂ between each of the saves and after the last save．The SOUND command may be deleted，but it＇s a handy signal which reminds you to jot down the tape counter number．
A special note to Worksaver users，cassette or disk：store the applicable Line 5 from the above as a key definition，then to do a whole save routine it takes only two（at most three） keystrokes！

Chris W．Brown Siloam Springs，$A R$


## The Joystick that sets you free!

The one-hand operation of this fantastic new joystick will truly set you free and increase the pleasure of playing your favorite video games. The smoothness and responsiveness of this unique joystick that operates completely
without a base is something to be experienced. Available direct from us or from your independent computer retail store. (See below) $\$ 49.95$ suggested retail

STOP changing Printer and Modem Cables! Our Parallel Printer Interface provides Switch Selectable Printer or Modem operations for both COCO and MC10. It features switchable baud rates from 300 to 9600 . It comes complete with power supply, modem cable and "Centronics" type printer cable. For Basic 1.1 and later revisions.

Available direct from us or from vour independent computer retail store. (See below)

## Only $\$ 89.95$

suggested retail
P) Compuker_ Produck, Inc. Houston, Texas 77055

713/956-0207
When ordering direct from PBH please enclose $\$ 3.00$ per item for shipping.


Compukit Stocking Distributors
Houston, TX. 77059
Spectrum Projects
Woodhaven, N.Y. 11421
Authorized Dealers Huntsville, AL. 35801 The Computer Store Jasper, IN. 47456 The Software Connection Ft. Lauderdale, FL. 33319 Colorware, Inc. Woodhaven, N.Y. 11421

Computers, Etc. Austin, TX. 78745

Chips, Incorporated
Atlanta, GA. 30340
Computer Associates West Fargo, N.Dak. 58078

Computer Plus, Inc.
Littleton, MA. 01460
Turtie Micro Ware East Lime, CT. 06333

## (enall



The Trip is a 32 K Hi -Res Adventure game that you play mostly with a joystick. The main element of the game is a car which you ride on a main road. This main road crosses 10 different side roads on which you go to find the objects you need.
It is a mix of Adventure and arcade-type games. Luck is involved as well as skill and head work. Most of the elements of the game are random, so you can play it over and over again and find it challenging every time.

It is not easy to get through, and even a skilled Tripper may take two hours to finish it or make a wrong move and be killed.

Free your friend Joe, prisoner of the evil forces. At the start of the game, you do not know where the evil forces hide, and you have nothing in your possession.

You are represented by the flashing dot on the screen and can move around using your right joystick. Be careful, however, because moving in some positions may get you into trouble.
To get into action, you have to use your fire button. For example, if you see a sign moving in front of you, push the fire button and you will be able to read it. The computer will react by flashing a message for a few seconds or by changing the graphics. If nothing happens, it means that you are not in the right position on the screen, or that there is nothing to do there.

You can press＇$I$＇any time the cursor is present on the screen to get an inventory of what you have．Pressing the Space Bar in the same conditions will automatically bring you back to the car（if you have one）and it can sometimes help in difficult situations．＇I＇and the Space Bar will not work when there is text on the screen．

The car，you will find，is very sophisticated．It will give you instructions the first time you will get into it by speaking $t o$ you．The program makes use of the audio possibilities of your CoCo，but for that，you will have to prepare a short recording．

Make a save of the program on an empty cassette．Right after the program，record the following text with a micro－ phone，pinching your nose to give the impression that a computer is talking：

## I am the Car．

Please listen carefully because I will not repeat these instructions．
lam an all push button car．You have to push a button to turn me ON or OFF，to move around or to open the door to get out of me．

Once on the main road，you will encounter a number of side roads．Each one bears a number which will appear at the upper－left or right side of your screen．You can turn on a side road as long as you can see the road and the number．If you turn when there is no road，you will end up in the field and lose control of me．

Once on a side road，your screen will become blank． You then have to open the door and get out to see what happens there．

To get back to me and the main road，try hitting the Space Bar．

Good luck and have a good trip．
This recording will self－destruct within 10 seconds．
If you leave the recorder on play after loading the game， the message will be heard through your TV the first time you enter the car．The recorder will shut off after one minute of play，so make your recording less than one minute long．

The computer will be in a long loop during that time and will not accept any command．If you want to get rid of that feature，delete the end of Line 99 from ：IFPEEK．This program will not run with the disk drive plugged in．

As with any Adventure game，you will have to find your way through it．If you are stuck somewhere，you can write to me，including 50 cents to cover the cost of postage，and I will be glad to help．Those who do not have the RAINBOW ON TAPE and do not want to type in the long program can send me $\$ 10$ to purchase a cassette．A disk version is also avail－ able for $\$ 15$ ．It is somewhat better and faster，but it does not have the message from the car．Write me at 105 Poincare， Lonqueuil，Quèbec J4L 1B2．
（Jacques Bourgeois is an audio－visual technician who became involved in computers because they will soon replace the video and audio equipment he uses every day．）


The listing：

## 1 CLEAR2，32766：CLEAR3 50 ：POKE6549 5， $0:$ IFPEEK（32767）＜ 7 THENPOKE 32767 ，8：GOTO16ELSE22 <br> 2 FORX＝1TO1ø9ळ：NEXT：RETURN <br> 3 FORX＝1TO3øøø：NEXT：RETURN <br> 4 IF（JロYSTK（ $\emptyset)<40 R J O Y S T K(\emptyset)>590 R$ JOYSTK（1）＜40RJOYSTK（1）＞59）AND（PE <br> $E K(65280)=1260$ RPEEK $(65280)=254) T$ HEN4 <br> 5 IFCB $=1$ THENT＝T＋1：IFT $>3 \emptyset T H E N T=g:$ $T X=T X-1: I F A P=1$ THENLINE $(T X, 144)-($ TX，152），FSET <br> 6 A $==I N K E Y \$: I F A \phi="$＂ANDA8＝1ANDAT $=$＝ANDC $6=\emptyset T H E N 91 E L S E$ IFA $=$＂I＂THENC LS：GOSU日241

7 IF INKEY家＝＂I＂THENCLS：GOSUB241
8 IFAT $=1$ THENCX＝JOYSTK（6）$* 4: C Y=J 0$ YSTK（1）＋ $198:$ GET（CX，CY）－（CX $+3, \mathrm{CY}+$ 3），M：：PUT（CX，CY）－（CX＋3，CY＋3），A2： FORX＝ 1 TO9：NEXT ：PUT（CX，CY）－（CX +3 ， CY＋3），M：RETURN
9 PUT（CX，CY）－（CX $+3, \mathrm{CY}+3)$ ，M：IFJOY STK $(\varnothing)<4$ THENCX $=\mathrm{CX}-8$ ：IFCX $\leqslant 1$ THENCX $=1: G E T(C X, C Y)-(C X+3, C Y+3), M E L S E$ GET（CX，CY）－（CX $+3, C Y+3), M:$ SOUND 12 5.1

10 IFJOYSTK（ 6$)>59$ THENCX $=\mathrm{CX}+8$ ：IFC $X>252$ THENCX $=252:$ GET $(C X, C Y)-(C X+3$ ， $\mathrm{CY}+3$ ）， M ELSEGET $(E X, C Y)-(C X+3, C Y$ ＋3），M：SOUND 125,1
11 IFJOYSTK（1）＜4THENCY＝CY－3：IFCY \＆ 1 THENCY $=1$ ：GET $(C X, C Y)-(C X+3, C Y+3$ ），$M$ ELSEGET $(C X, C Y)-(C X+3, C Y+3), M$ ：IFJOYSTK（ $\varnothing$ ）＞3ANDJOYSTK（ $\varnothing$ ）＜ 6 OTHE NSOUND 125,1
12 IFJOYSTK（1）＞59THENCY＝CY＋3：IFC Y $>188$ THENCY $=188:$ GET（CX，CY）- \｛CX +3 ， $\mathrm{CY}+3$ ），M ELSEGET（CX， CY ）－（ $\mathrm{CX}+3, \mathrm{CY}$ ＋3），M：IFJOYSTK（ $)>3$ SNDJOYSTK（ $\varnothing$ ）＜ 60THENSOUND125，1
13 IFPPQINT（CX－1，CY－1）＝10FPPOINT （CX－1，$(X-1)=5$ THENPUT \｛CX， CY$)-\{C X+$ 3， $2 Y+3$ ），A2：RETURNELSEPUT（ $C X, C Y$ ）－

```
(CX+3,CY+3),A1:RETURN
14 FORX=1TO2000:NEXT:RETURN
15 DATAt,h,E,,t,r,i,p
16 A$=STRING${32," "):CLSø:PRINT
巴226,"WELCOME";: FRINTE234;"TO";:
PRINT@160, Aक::PRINTG288,Aक:
17 PLAY"L3O1EEEL1C":Y=236
18 FORZ=1TOB: Y=Y+2:READA$:PRINTE
Y,A变;IFA$<>" "THENSOUND2SD, 3:GOS
UB2: NEXTELSEGOSUB2: NEXT
19 FLAY"L3O1AAAL1F":GOSUB2
20 PRINTG352," C. JACQUES BOLRE
EOIS - 1983
21 FORX=1TO255STEPS:SOUNDX, 1:NEX
T
22 CL50:PRINTE256, " WE HOPE YOU
    WILL STAY ALIVE HA!
    HA! HA!"
23 DIMA1 ( },3,3),A2(3,3),M(3,3),R\
\emptyset), FS(1\emptyset), C(16, 16),D(3,3),E(3,3)
    ,F(3,3)
24 Y=RND (10):FORX=1T01 %: IFR(X)=Y
    THEN24
25 IFR (X)=\emptysetTHENR (X)=Y:IFX=1 ¢THEN
26ELSEGOTO24ELSENEXT
26 Y=RND (1\emptyset):FORX=1TO1 0:IFRS (X)=
Y THEN26
27 IFFS (X)=@THENRS (X)=Y:IFX=19TH
```

EN2BELSEGDTO2GELSENEXT
28 PMODE3：PCL54：EET（19，10）－（26，2 6），C：PCLS：GET $(9,6)-(3,3)$ ，A1
29 BO事＝＂U48R48D48NL48H48
39 LINE（ $\varnothing, \varnothing)-(7,9)$, PSET，BF：：PAIN $\mathrm{T}(2,2), 2,1:$ GET $(1,1)-(4,4), \mathrm{A} 2$
31 PMODE3：PCLS：SCREEN1， 0
32 DRAW＂BMø，96CЗR255＂：DRAW＂BMD， 8 gE2F2＂：FORX＝1T063：DRAW＂BM－4；+1 ；E 2F2BU1E2F2＂：NEXT：PAINT（2，84），2， 3 ：PAINT（1，1），3，3：DRAW＂BM9，76C2R25 5
33 FORZ $=1$ T05 ：$X=$ RND（255）：$Y=R N D$（9 5）：PSET（ $X, Y, 2$ ）：NEXT：CIRCLE $(5 \varnothing, 20$ ），10，2：PAINT（50，2＠），2，2
34 AT＝0：COLOR4，1：LINE（8，96）－（56， 68），PSET，BF：LINE $(94,194)-(229,52$ ），PSET，BF：CIRCLE $\{182,52\}, 24,4: \mathrm{PA}$ INT（182，51），4，4：DRAW＂BM182，28C1U 8

35 DRAW＂BM16：76；C3R32D20L32U20＂： PAINT（32，84），2，3：DRAW＂BM16，日0：R3 2＂：FDRY＝1TO3：DRAW＂BM－32，＋4：R32＂： NEXT：DRAW＂BM179，88；R24D16L24U16＂ ：PAINT（182，96），3，3
36 LINE $(84,52)-(220,56)$, PRESET，B F：FORX＝164T01965TEPB：IFX＜＞18＠THE NL I NE $(x, 56)-(x+4,1 \emptyset 4)$ ，PRESET，$B: P$

## It＇s time we put our chips on the table

 ．．．and showed you our best deals on computer hardware．
## HARDWARE SPECIALS

Extended Basic w／bk
64 k （DEI）Memory Upg
Amdek Disk Drives
26－3029 COCO Drive 0
$26-3023$ CoCo Drive 1
HJL Keyboard（ $0, E, F, 2$ ）
Super Pro Keybd．（D，E）
26－3127 64k Extended CoCo 2 26－3801 Model 100 8k 26－3816P 8K Upgrade Model 100 26－1272 CGMP－110 Printer／Plotter C．Itoh 8510 AP Printer 120 cPS Gorilla NAP Video Monitor CPS Gorilla／NAP Video Monitor（Grn） Video Monitor Adapters 26－3024 RS．Multi－Pac Interface
Botek Ser／Par Interface


## ACCESSORIES

RS D．C．Modem IB Novation J－Cat Modem RS D．C．Modem II Signalman MK X Modem Hayes SM 300 Modem USR Password $1200 / 300$ CoCo Switcher Elephant Disks ssdd 26－3030 OS－9（64k） Basic－09（req．OS－9） ＂C＂Compiler（OS－9） FHL 0－Pak（req．OS－9） Elite Word Elite Calc Color Term Plus
$\$ 89.95$
$\$ 129.95$
$\$ 179.95$
$\$ 179.95$ $\$ 239.95$ $\$ 429.00$ \＄ 39.95 \＄ 22.95
\＄ 64.95 （disk）
\＄ 87.95 （disk $\$ 87.95$（disk） \＄ 34.95 （disk） $\$ 59.95$（d\＆c） $\$ 59.95$（d\＆c） $\$ 29.95$（cass）

MSI SOFTWARE
MSI DISKUTIL NEW $\$ 19.95$ COLOR FINANCE 1 CDLOR FINANCE 11 NEW $\$ 49.95$ $\$ 69.95$ MSI NAMEFILE $\$ 24.95$ MSI CALENDAR NEW $\$ 19.95$

Cail for prices and availability of your favorite software and hardware．All advertised items subject to availability．Prices do not include shipping and handling．All of the above units are covered by our 120 day carry－in warranty．
TRS－80 Trademark Tandy Corporation．Prices subject to change without notice．
Write for our FREE newsletter
TOLL FREE TENNESSEE 1－800－545－2502｜TOLL FREE 1－800－251－5008


DELKER ELECTRONICS，INC．
P．O．Box 897
Dept．R
408C Nissan Blvd．
Smyrna，TN 37167

800－251－5008
800－251－2502（TENNESSEE） 615－459－2636（TENNESSEE） 615－254－0088（NASHVILLE）

AINT \{ $\mathrm{X}+2,57$ ), $1,1:$ NEXTELSENEXT:LI NE (182,29)-(182,28), PSET:LINE (84 , 194)-(229, 194), PSET
37 COLOR4,1:FORX=88TO148STEP29:L INE ( $X, 64$ ) - $(X+12,76)$, PRESET, BF: PA INT $(X+2,65), 2,4: \operatorname{LINE}(X+6,69)-(X+$ 6,89), PSET: NEXT:LINE (86,79)-(162 , 7ø), PSET:FORY=64TOB8STEP24:LINE (294, Y) $-(216, Y+12)$, PRESET, BF: PAI NT $(212, Y+1), 2,4: \operatorname{LINE}(292, Y+6)-(2$ 18, $\mathrm{Y}+6$ ) , PSET: NEXT
$38 \operatorname{LINE}(210,66)-(210,102)$, PSET:F ORX=92TO128STEP36:LINE $(X, 84)-(X+$ 28, 1øø), PRESET, BF: PAINT $(x+2,9 \varnothing)$, 2,4:NEXT:FORY=8פTO96STEP4:LINE (B $8, Y)-(160, Y)$, PSET : NEXT: FORX=98TO $1145 T E P G:$ LINE $(x, 83)-(x, 101)$, PSET : LINE $(X+36,83)-(X+36,101)$, PSET:N EXT
$39 \operatorname{COLOR} 3,1: \operatorname{LINE}(4,172)-(16,96)$, PSET:LINE $(48,96)-(60,172)$, PSET:L INE (158, 172)-(179, 194), PSET:LINE -(194, 104), PSET:LINE-(206, 172), P SET: DRAW"EMø, 172R4BR56R98BR48R5 ": PAINT (3. 191), 3,3: DRAW"BM160, 1 ø4C4R4ø
40 COLOR2, 1: FORX=1T0255: $Y=$ RND (19 )-2:LINE ( $X, 191$ )-(X,191-Y), PRESET : NEXT: DRAW"BM136, 168U12LEU12R16D 12LBER92L8U12R16D12L8D12":PAINT $132,148), 2,2:$ PAINT $(226,148), 2,2$ 41 FORX=132TO224STEP92: FORY=148T

Hint.

## More Disk For The Money

Disk drive users can save a great deal of money by doublesiding their single-sided disks. This can be accomplished by notching the left corner, as is the right, with a sharp razor (and ruler for accuracy). Then (using a ruler again), a hole must be punched opposite the hole already in the disk jacket. Both sides must be done, taking extreme care not to scratch the disk surface. (The jacket may be pulled away from the disk surface far enough to facilitate punching.) A standard hole punch does the job nicely. This hole punch is necessary due to the LED inside the drive which begins reading/ writing after touching off a photo-circuit on the opposite side of the disk through the hole.

Dave Raun Jacksonville, IL

0152STEP4: FDRW=gT09STEP2:PSET $\ \mathrm{X}+$ W, $\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{B})$ : NEXTW, $\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{X}$
42 IFPEEK $(32766)=7$ THENCX $=36$ : $\mathrm{CY}=1$ 19ELSECX=180: CY=170
43 A1= $: ~ A 2=\emptyset: G E T(C X, C Y)-\{C X+3, C Y$ +3), M
44 IFA1=1THENDRAW"BM16,76C4R32D2
 $32,78), 3,4:$ PAINT $(32,92), 3,4$
45 IFA2=1THENDRAW"BM179,88C2R7D1 SL7U15": PAINT (183,96), 2,2
46 GOSUB4
47 IFCY<172ANDCX > 9 AND $\langle C X<1730 R C X$ >189) THENIFPPOINT (CX-1, CY-1)=10R PPOINT ( $\mathrm{CX}+4, \mathrm{CY}+4)=1$ THENCLS:PRINT @1ø1,"YOU HEAR A DOG BARKING": A3 =A3+1: GOSUB14:ELSEA3= $\varnothing$
48 IFA3>1THENA3=ø: PRINT@192,"YOU
STAYED TOL LONG ON THE GRASSTHE
INVISIBLE DOG COMES AND EATSYOU -": IFAC=1THEN243ELSE248
49 SCREEN1, $\varnothing$ : IF $(C X<84$ ANDA $1=\emptyset$ AN DCY<96) OR (CX>日4ANDA2=øANDCY<1ø4) THENPUT (CX,CY)-(CX+3, CY+3), M: CY= CY+4: GET (CX, CY)-(CX+3, CY+3), M
$5 \emptyset$ IFA2=1ANDCX>172ANDCX<19øANDCY <194THENSE
51 IFA1=1 ANDCX<48ANDCX>12ANDCY<9 GTHENG 1
52 IF (PEEK (6528ø) $=1260$ RPEEK $(6528$ ø) $=254$ ) THEN53ELSEGOTO46
53 IFCX<48ANDCX>12ANDA1=ØANDCY>9 4ANDCY<1øøTHENA1=1: GOTO44
54 IFCY<172THEN56ELSEIFCY<182AND CX>126ANDCX < 142THENCLS:PRINTe232 ,"THE SIEN READS:":PRINTE295, "KE EP OFF THE GRASS":gOSUB3: GOSUB2: SCREEN1, $\varnothing$
55 IFCY<182ANDCX>218ANDCX<238THE NCLS:PRINTe232, "THE SIGN READS:" :PRINTE290,"BEWARE OF THE INVISI BLE DOG": GOSUB3:SCREEN1, $\varnothing$
56 IFA2=øANDCX>172ANDCX<19øANDCY <107THENA2=1: GOTO45
57 GOTO46
58 CLSø: PRINTSTRING\$(32,CHR ${ }^{(159}$ )) : : FORX=3øTO34:FORY=31TO1STEP-1 : SET ( $X, Y, 2$ ): NEXTY, $X$ : PRINTe96, "A TRAP OPENS ";:PRINTE128,"UNDER $Y$ OU AND";:PRINTE160, "YOU FALL IN A";:PRINTG192, "DEEP DARK PIT";
59 FORY $=1$ TO31: SET $(32, Y, \operatorname{RND}(8)): S$ OUNDY*B, 2: SET $(32, Y, 2)$ : NEXT:FORX= 31T034: SET $(X, 31,4)$ : NEXT:PRINT@14 6,"YOU ARE THE "::PRINTE210,"R ED BLOB ";:PRINT:GOSUBS: IFAC =1 THEN243ELSE248
$6 \emptyset$ GOTO46
$61 C X=244: C Y=18 \emptyset$

62 POKE32766, 7: AH=RND (5) -1 : SCREE N1, Ø: PCLS3: FDRW=1 TOQ: $X=$ RND ( 18 ) +1 62: $Y=$ RND $(42)+58:$ PSET $(X, Y, 2):$ NEXT : LINE $(220,1 \emptyset 8)-(228,116)$, PRESET, BF
63 COLOR4, 3: FORX=øTO1: FORY=øTO1: LINE (162+12*X,58+22*Y)-(162+12* ( $X+1), 58+22 *(Y+1))$, PSET, B: NEXTY, $X$ :FORY=69T084STEP24: NEXT:COLOR2,1 : LINE $(223,115)-(224,111)$, PSET, BF : GET (CX, CY) - (CX $+3, C Y+3$ ), M
64 GOSUB4
65 IFPEEK 365289 ) $=1260$ RPEEK ( 65289 ) $=254$ THENG6ELSEGOTOG4
66 IFCX>16@ANDCX<189ANDCY>54ANDC $\mathrm{Y}<1$ 192THENCLS3: PRINTe166, "NICE WE ATHER OUTSIDE";:PRINTE225, "THE F ULL MOON GIVES A STRANGE";:PRINT e259, "LOOK TO ALMOST EVERYTHING" ;: GOSUB3: SCREEN1, $0:$ GOTO64
67 IFCX>218ANDCX<23 6 ANDCY>106AND CY<114THENIFAG $=1$ THENA $6=\varnothing$ : GOTOG2E LSE69
6 IFAG=1THEN79ELSE64
69 A $6=1: \operatorname{LINE}(9,56)-(136,1$ (10), PSE T, BF: FORX=12T01ø8STEP24:LINE (X,6 4) $-(x+29,92)$, PRESET, BF: CIRCLE ( $X+$ 5,84), 3, 2: NEXT
70 LINE $(0,164)-(255,191)$, PRESET, BF:LINE $(0,163)-\left(100_{5}, 129\right)$, PSET, BF : FORX=4TO76STEP24:LINE $(X, 136)-(X$ $+20,162)$, PRESET, BF: CIRCLE ( $X+4,14$ 4), 3, 2: NEXT

71 COLOR4, 1:FORY=1TO3:LINE\{4,102 $+Y)-(1 \emptyset \varnothing, 102+Y)$, PSET:LINE $\{4,114+$ $Y)-(10 \varnothing, 114+Y)$, PSET: NEXT: FORX=14 TOB6STEP12: FORY=1T03:LINE $\{X+Y, 1 \varnothing$ 4) $-(X+Y, 116)$, $\mathrm{PSET}: \mathrm{IFX}=140 \mathrm{R} X=590 \mathrm{R}$ $X=86$ THENL INE $(X+Y+7,162)-\langle X+Y+7,1$ Øb), PRESET: NEXTY, $X$ ELSENEXTY, $X$
72 IFAG=1 THEN7BELSEFORX=86T0198S TEF28: IF $X=860 R X=1700 R X=198$ THENC $I$ $\operatorname{RCLE}(X, 166), 14,3: \operatorname{PAINT}(X, 176), 3$, 3:CIRCLE ( $X, 166$, 7,2: PAINT ( $X, 166$ ) :2,2:A $=$ = BM" + STR $\$(x)$ : DRAWA $\$+", 16$ 6C3NUTND7NE7NF7NG7NH7NR7L7": NEXT ELSENEXT
73 COLOR2, 1:FORX= 7 TO1: LINE (163 $+x$ $, 58+x)-(188-x, 101-x)$, PSET, B: LINE $(175+X, 58)-(175+X, 151)$, PSET:LINE $(163,79+X)-(188,79+X)$, PSET, B: NEX T:LINE (159, 190)-(192,194), PSET, B F
74 DRAW"BM24,168C4R44BR36R48BR64 R12BM24,152M92,128NM198,168R9BE8 U12R6gBM182, 114 L 34 ND 14 BL 8 ND 14 L 26 D14R26BR8R54BM222,152R6D10BL30BU 4L28

DYNAMITE $+" ~$
"THE CODE EUSTR $" ~$
disassembles any 6809 or 6800 machine code program into beautiful source

- Learn to program like the experts!
- Adapt existing programs to your needs!
- Convert your 6800 programs to 6809 !
- Automatic LABEL generation.
- Ailows specifying FCB's, FCC's, FDB's, etc.
- Constants input from DISK or CONSOLE.
- Automatically uses system variable NAMES.
- Output to console, printer, or disk file.
- Available for all popular 6809 operating systems.

FLEX ${ }^{\top M} \$ 100$ per copy; specify $5^{\prime \prime}$ or $8^{\prime \prime}$ diskette. OS-9 ${ }^{\text {TM }} \$ 150$ per copy; specify $5^{\prime \prime}$ or $8^{\prime \prime}$ diskette. UniFLEX ${ }^{\text {TM }} \$ 300$ per copy; 8 " diskette only.

For a free sample disassembly that'll convince you DYNAMITE + is the world's best disassembler, send us your name, address, and the name of your operating system.


DISASSEMBLES OS-9, FLEX, DOS FILES
Order your DYNAMITE+ today!
See your local DYNAMITE + dealer, or order directly from CSC at the address below. We accept telephone orders from 10 am to 6 pm , Monday through Friday. Call us at 314-576-5020. Your VISA or MasterCard is welcome. Orders outside North America add 55 per copy. Please specify diskette size for FLEX or OS-9 versions.

Computer Systems Center
13461 Olive Blva.
Chesterfield, MO 63017
(314) 576-5020

UniFLEX software prices include maintenance for the first year.
DYNAMITE + is a trademark of Computer Systems Center.


FLEX and UnifLEX are trademarks of TSC.
OS-9 is a trademark of Microware and Motorola. Dealer Inquirles welcome.
$75 \operatorname{CIRCLE}(32,175), 24,4,1, .63, .7:$ CIRCLE（ 24,144 ），16；4，1，．65，．3：CIR CLE（36，144），28，4，1，．32，．4：CIRCLE （100，120）， $8,4,1, \varnothing, .25:$ CIRCLE（86， 18ø），22，4，1，．6，9：CIRCLE（170，18 ），22，4，1，．6，．75：CIRCLE（198，180）， 22，4，1，．75，．9 ：CIRCLE（145，255），8 8，4，1，．81，．96
76 PAINT $(24,164), 4,4: \operatorname{PAINT}(24,15$ 6） $2,4: \operatorname{COLOR} 2,1: \operatorname{LINE}(114,113)-(1$ 41,129 ），PSET，B：DRAW＂BM179，113C2L 33D 16R58＂：PAINT（226，154），4，4
77 CIRCLE $(64,168), 20,3,1, .5, .75:$ CIRCLE（64，168），24，3，1，5，．75：DRA W＂BM40，168C3R4BM64，148R158H4L 152 ＂：PAINT（210，145），3，3：CIRCLE（145， 255），88，4，1，．81，．96：PAINT（ 44,165 ），3，3：DRAW＂EM1 10，168U58R34D58＂：C L＝RND（5）：DRAW＂BM114，138C2RED1L8D 1R8＂
78 IFCX＜125ANDCX＞111ANDCY＞134AND CY＜142THEN79ELSEGOTOBø
79 IFA7＝1 ANDAG＝øTHENB9ELSECLS7：P RINTE239，＂THIS DOOR IS LOCKED＂： GOSUB2：SCREEN1，$\emptyset$
8め FORX＝14T011פSTEP24：IFCX $>=X$ AN DCX＜X＋8ANDCY＜87ANDCY＞79THENPAINT （CX＋9，CY），3，2：CIRCLE $(X+3,84), 3,3$ ：GET（CX，CY－4）－（CX＋3，CY－1），M：GOTO 81ELSENEXT：GOTO64
$81 \mathrm{X}=12+24 * A H: I F A 7=\varnothing 0 \mathrm{RAG}=1$ THEN82 ELSEGOTOG4
82 IFCX＞X ANDCX＜X＋18THENBSELSEGO T064
83 IFAR＝ØANDAG＝1THENGOTOBBELSEIF $A R=$ MTHENFORW $=X+4$ TOX $+16 S T E P 4$ ：FQRY $=68 T 088$ STEP4：PSET（ $W, Y$, RND（2）＊2）： NEXTY，W：GOSUB2：CLS3：PRINTG96，＂TH ERE IS A PANEL FILLED WITH REDAN D YELLOW KEYS＂：PRINT＂DO YOU WANT
A KEY（Y／N）＂；ELSEGOTO64
84 INPUTA末：IFA $=$＂$Y$＂THENBSELSESCR EEN1， $0:$ GOTOG4
85 PRINT＠327，＂WHAT COLOR（Y／R）＂； ：INPUTZ\＄：A7＝1：IFZ\＄＝＂R＂THENCLS：A6 ＝ $5:$ FORY＝1TO1め：PRINTE234，＂＊＊＊ALAR M＊＊＊＂：FDRW＝1T020øSTEP25：SOUNDW， 1 ：NEXTW：PRINTE234，＂＊＊＊al arm＊＊＊：N EXTY：CLS：PRINT＂THE INVISIBLE DOG
COMES AND EATSYOU．＂：IFAC＝1THEN2 43ELSEGOTO248
86 IFZ\＄く＞＂Y＂THEN85
87 SCREEN1，0：GOTO64
88 CLS： $\mathrm{X}=$ RND（2øøø）：PRINT：PRINT＂Y
OU FIND＂X＂GOLD COINS＂：G＝G＋X：GOSU
B241：AR＝1：GOTO64
89 IFPEEK（ 32767 ）＜$>7$ THENAS＝1：AUDI OON：MOTORONELSEAS＝1

9Ø $\mathrm{AL}=\emptyset: A 7=\emptyset: A B=1: C 5=\varnothing: C B=\varnothing: P X=1$ Ø4： $\mathrm{PY}=161: T X=156: T=\varnothing$
91 IFCB＝øTHENZ $1=3: 22=2$ ：GOTO94ELS EZ $1=2: 12=3$ ：IFTX $>92$ THENCLS：PRINT： PRINT＂YOU FOREOT TO TURN THE MOT OR OFFWHEN YOU LEFT THE CAR．YO U ARE LUCKY THERE IS SOME GAS LE FT．BECAREFUL NEXT TIME＂：GOSUBS： G0TO94ELSEGOTO92
92 CLS：PRINT：PRINT＂YOU LEFT THE CAR WITHOUT TURNINGTHE MOTOR OFF －IT RAN OUT OF GAS
＂：PRINT：PRINT＂the game is ove r＂：GOTO249
93 IFCB $=1$ THENZ $1=2: 22=3$
94 A $6=\emptyset:$ PCLS1：SCREEN1，$\emptyset: A E=\emptyset: D R A$ W＂BM24，24C3M9，108R255M232，24BM20 8，0L16句：CIRCLE $(52,27), 28,3,1, .5$ 2，．73：CIRCLE（294，27），28，3，1，．77， ．98：FAINT（ 0,26 ），4，3：PAINT（255， 26 ），4，3
95 A\＄＝＂R28D29L28U2の＂：DRAW＂BM4， 12

 ：COLOR3，2： $\operatorname{LINE}(92,144)-(168,152)$ ，PSET，B：LINE（TX，144）－（TX，152），PS ET：PAINT（166，159），3，3：LINE（10ø，1 69）－（160，188），PSET，B：LINE（10， 164 ）－（48，176），PSET，B
96 LINE（208，164）－（228，176），PSET， B：LINE（239，164）－（259，176），PSET，B ：PAINT（129，1），3，3：PAINT（ 0,169$), 4$ ，3：COLORZ1，22：LINE（208，164）－\｛228 ，176），PSET，B：LINE（ 230,164 ）－ 256 ， 176），PRESET，B
97 DRAW＂BM2B，132C3U4L12U4M－8，＋6M +8 ，＋6U4R12GM228，132U4R12U4M＋8，＋6 M－8，＋6U4L12＂：PAINT（27，129），3，3：P AINT（230，130），3，3：DRAW＂BM89， 136 U 12R10F2D2G2L16M92，136BR32R19E2U2 H2LGH2U2E2R1øBR32R1＠F2D8G2L10U12 ＂：C $=$＝＂U4R2F1D2G1L2BR7＂：A $=$＝＂BR1H1 U2E1R1F1D2G1L2BR7
 BM17，172＂＋Cक＋＂BR1＂＋A\＄＋＂EL1＂＋A\＄＋B क＋＂S4＂
99 AT＝1：DRAW＂BM213，17255＂＋A象＋＂S4 U4F4NU4BR8＂＋Aक＋＂BL1U2NR2U2R3BR3N F3D2NR2D2BM88，152C1L4U4NR4U4R4BM 172，152U4NR4U4R4＂：IFPEEK（32767）＜ $>7$ ANDA5 $=1$ ANDAN＝gTHENFORX＝1T044øø Ø：NEXT：FORX＝1T025：SOUNDRND（255）， 1：NEXT：AN＝1：POKE32767，7：AUDIOOFF ：MOTORDFF：GOTO193
109 IFAS＝1 THEN 103
101 DRAW＂BM22，32C1R21øM255，108BL 255M22，32BM3，96M128，32M253，96＂：P AINT（ 118,35 ）， $1,1:$ PAINT（ 138,35 ）， 1

# PRO-COLOR-SERIES 

(3) 1984 BY DERRINGER SOFTWARE, INC.

## NOBODY, BUT NOBODY MAS DONE IT LONGER AND BETTER THAN US!

## A fully intergrated series of programs that offers a full range of information tracking capability.

PRO-COLOR-FILE *Enhanced*

$\$ 79.95$
This is the main link in the series. With PRO-COLOR-FILE, you can design a full featured database that is custom tailored to your needs. Its ability to allow the user to custom define formats is unmatched by anything else on the market. A full range of features for information handling is available for any application you might have:

* 60 Data Fields for storing data
* 1020 bytes capacity per record
* Variable record length capability
* Multi-drive drive ability
* Allows maximum system storage
* 4 Custom designed screen formats
* 28 Equation lines (+- */)
* 8 Custom designed report formats
- Send reports to printer or screen
* Summarize file by groups of records
* Column totals and averages
* Posting routine performs file wide calculations and updates fields
* 6 Custom designed mailing label formats
* Custom designed menus for selection of reports and label formats
* Selectable password protection for data entry screens and reports
* Sort any size file
* 3 level sort capability
* Select options for sorting or reporting sub-sets of a file
* Duplicato records and fields
* Cursor controlled text editing
* Fast record selection via indexing
* Global file searching

As a database is created, all of the formats are stored in a file which means you won't have to enter it each time you want to print a report or label. Once your database is up and running, you can install a limited menu that will lead even the most timid user through the program. Since menu selection of report formats are custom made, you'll know exactly which format does what.
PRO-COLOR-FILE is also supported by a NATIONAL USERS' group. Their quarterly newsletter is packed with ideas for using PRO-COLOR-FILE to its fullest. A listing of database programs that have already been created is also provided for comparing notes with other users. Useful database information such as magazine articles are available on a data disk for use on your own system.
Think about it, how can a program exist for over a year and a half, be sold in every state and overseas, and have the support of a national users' group? Simple, it's that good!

## PRO-COLOR-FORMS**

\$39.95
This is the second link in the series. PRO-COLOR-FORMS offers the ability to merge data files with text files. Just imagine being able to place the data you enter with PRO-COLOR-FILE anywhere on a sheet of paper, either by itself or within an external source of text, then you'll have the picture. This means you could write a general letter to a list of people but have each one custom printed with their name and address. You can pre-enter checks into a data base and then have the checks printed on form-feed checks. You might even use form-feed statements for sending out to customers at the end of each month. All of the parameters can be modified to indicate just what size "page" you need for any application:

* 6 Menu Selectable formats
* Page width from 40 to 133 characters
* Lines per page from 7 to 66
* Supports printer control codes
* Converts any ASCII file for use
* Prints multiple copies
* Interfaces with PRO-COLOR-FILE
* Password protection

If you need to generate forms from your data files then chances are you can do just that with PRO-COLOR-FORMS. Form letters, billing statements, index cards, or even post cards can be used easily
PRO-COLOR-DIR**
\$24.95
The latest addition to the series is a utility for organizing disk directories into one nice listing. PRO-COLOR-DIR reads the directory of a diskette and then stores valuable information about each program into a master data file. This data file can then be accessed by PRO-COLOR-FILE for sorting, searching and reporting. PRO-COLOR-DIR will create a record for each filename on a diskette and store the following information about each one:

## * Diskette ID name

* Date diskette was created
* Last date diskette was updated
* Filename and extension
* File type (BASIC, ML Text, Data)
* Number of Grans allocated
* Number of sectors allocated and used
* Machine Language program addresses

PRO-COLOR-DIR allows for hardcopies of a single diskette's files and has a versatile label printing routine. A global replace function can re-store a diskette's files with deleted files being removed or new ones appended automatically.

# **PRO-COLOR-FORMS \& PRO-COLOR-DIR Require PRO-COLOR-FILE to be used** *Requires 32 K Disk Basic* 

# Give your Color Computer a Masters Degree in Business. 

PRO-COLOR-FILE *Enhanced* PRO-COLOR-FORMS PRO-COLOR-DIR ALL THREE PROGRAMS

SALE
\$79.95
$\$ 39.95$
\$24.95
\$124.95 (Best Value)

Checks
Money Order
Visa
Master Card
COD
Add $\$ 3.00$ for
Shipping \& Handling
Over seas add \$15.00

Derringer Software Inc., P.O. Box 5300, Florence, S.C. 29502 - (803) 665-5676 9 a.m. - 5 p.m.
Note: All of our programs have registration cards - If you've purchased one from another dealer, then you should be registered with us. If not, send your name, program ID\# and where the program was purchased. We want to keep you informed about changes.

## PETROCCI FREELANCE ASSOCIATES



Maintains data on 255 people in first eight generations of your family tree. Prints 3 charts; 5 generation pedigree - graphic display of lineage; Family group charts; ancestors by reference number. Easy to use. 32K EXT 14.95


- INSPECTOR CLUESEAU

The No. 1 Murder Mystery for the CoCo! (Every game is different.) 32 K EXT
19.95

## ASTRO CAST

ASTROLOGY MADE FAST \& SIMPLE
Data files saved on each chart. (Makes record keeping easy and provides instant access to data).
Quick calc routine calculates planet positions to .5 min . accuracy.
Precision calc routine provides exact figures necessary for planets on cusps \& wide orb aspects.
Calculates Ascendant, Midheaven, NODE


Calculates Equal \& Placidian house systems.
Formatted printout of all data.
Graphic screen display of chart. Dumps to LPVII/DMP100 printers.
Written by Professional Astrologer
Excellent documentation \& after
purchase support.
32KT - 29.95
32KD - 34.95

## BOWLING SECRETARY

(New Super Second Edition)
Now includes handicap routines for both men and women, pin spotting, selection of up to 15 players per team, plus the standard team standings, individual average, high and total pins, team won/lost, high series, cumulative total team points.

Printer Output \& Screen Display
32K EXT - 24.95 Std. 16K Version Still Available

## WEATHER PRO

Over 4 years of research and testing are behind this program. Provides accurate area-specific forecast for current day, next day, and following day. Also gives deviance from the norm. Attractive printout for future reference. Well documented. 32KT-24.95

32KD-29.95
Voice synthesized version compatible with colorware's Real Talker. 32KT - 29.95 32KD-34.95
24.95

Heart Lung Circulatory
32K EXT ................. 34.95
Weather Forecaster
32K EXT DISK .......... 19.95
Weather Watch
Hurricane Tracker
16 K EXT ................ 15.95 Print Spooler

Master Graphics Tool Kit
32K EXT
39.95 32K EXT . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 19.95

All Programs 16 K Tape Unless Otherwise Specified
All Programs Available on Disk - Add $\$ 5.00$
Special Sale Prices - Retail Only


Super Disk Utility
32K EXT DISK .......... 44.95 Real Estate Investment 16K EXT . . .............. 24.95 Homeowner Selling Analysis
16K EXT ................ Real Estate
16K EXT .............. 24.95 KIDS KORNER
Preschool Package, ABCs.
123s, Shapes, Big-Bigger
All Four
Guillotine Spelling
Game 16K EXT
Alphabet Song
16K EXT

1：FORW＝1T020：$X=$ RND（298）＋24：$Y=R N$ $D(31)$ ：IFPPDINT $(X, Y)=3$ THENPSET $(X$, $\mathrm{Y}, 2)$ ：NEXTELSENEXT
192 COLOR3，2：LINE（122，108）－（12日， 32），PRESET：LINE－（134，108），PRESET ：LINE－ $1122,1 \varnothing 8$ ），PRESET：PAINT（12日 ，105），2，2：COLOR4，3：LINE（ 0,6$)-(25$ 5，191），PSET，B
193 COLOR3，2：SCREEN1； $5: A P=1: G O S U$ B5：IFTX＜92THENCLS：PRINT：PRINT＂YO U RAN OUT DF GAS＂：PRINT：PRINJ＂th e game is over＂：G0T0249
194 IF（PEEK（65286）$=1260$ RPEEK（ 652 80）$=254$ ）THEN105ELSE122
165 IFCY＜176ANDCY＞162THEN166ELSE
110
106 IFAQ $=1$ ANDC $\times 8$ ANDC $<47$ THENC $6=$ 1：GOTO232
197 IFCX $>206$ ANDC $X<227$ ANDCB $=9$ THEN CB＝1：LINE（208，164）－（228；176），PRE SET，B：LINE（230，164）－（250，176），PS ET，B
198 IFCX $>239$ ANDCX $<251$ ANDC8＝1THEN CB＝ 0 ：LINE（208，164）－（228，176），PSE T，B：LINE（235，164）－（259，176），PRES ET，$B: C 5=\emptyset$

## 109 GOT0103

116 IFCB＝ $10 \mathrm{RAQ}=1$ THEN 193
111 IFCX＞158ANDCX＜187THENC5＝1：IF $A S=1$ THENCLS：AS＝1：AU＝1：A7＝ø：AT＝ø： A6＝0：AG＝0：PRINT：PRINT＂YOU CRASHE D INTO THE WALL OF THEGARAGE．＂：G OSUB2：IFAC＝1 THEN243ELSECLS：GOTO2 48
112 IFCX＞7＠ANDCX＜99THENCS＝وELSEG 0T0115
113 IFAS＝1THENCLS：PRINT：PRINT＂YO
U ARE OUT OF THE GARAGE＂：GOSUB2：
AS＝$=$ ：GOTO114ELSECLS：PRINT：PRINT＂
YOU CAN＂T GO BACKWARD ON THE ROAD．＂：GOSUB3：SCREEN1， $0:$ GOTO1ø1
114 PRINT：PRINT＂THE CAR IS PROGR AMMED TO GET YOUOUT OF TOWN AUTI MATICALLY．IT THEN STOPS AND W AITS FOR YOUR INSTRUCTIONS．＂：G OSUB3：GOSUB2：SCREEN1， $0:$ GOTO101 115 IFCX＜144ANDCX＞114THENCS＝$\varnothing$ 116 IFCS＝6THEN103
117 IFCX＜31ANDCX＞2ANDCS＝1ANDCB＝1 THENC $1=1$ ELSEIFCX $>222$ ANDCX $<251$ AND C5＝1 ANDCB＝1 THENC2＝1
118 IFC1＝1 THENIFAA＝1 THENR＝RE：GOT 013ळELSEIFC $1=1$ ANDCS $=1$ THEN 121
119 IFC2＝1THENIFAB＝1THENR＝RD：GOT O13＠ELSEIFC2＝1 ANDCS＝1 THEN121
120 GロT0123
121 FORX＝1TO10：SCREEN1，1：SOUND1， 2：SCREEN1，$: ~ S O U N D 2 \emptyset g, ~ 2: N E X T: ~ C L S: ~$
PRINT：PRINT＂YOU TURNED WHEN THER

E WAS NO ERED THE
AND LOST $A 5=1: C 1=0: C 2=\varnothing: A U=1: A 7=\varnothing: A T=\varnothing: A 6$ ＝ $0: \mathrm{AG}=0$ ：GOTO243
122 IFCS＝ $00 \mathrm{RAQ}=1$ THEN $1 \emptyset 3$
$123 T=T+2$ ：COLOR 3 ；1：IFAB＝1THENLIN $E(S D, Y D)-(X D, Y D), P R E S E T: S D=S D+.5$ ：$X D=X D+4: Y D=Y D+2: I F X D>259 T H E N P U T$ （235，4）－（252，20），C：AB＝ 0 ELSELINE（ SD，YD ）－\｛XD，YD ），PSET：GOTO125
$124 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RND}$（20）：IFX＝19THENX＝RND（1． ）：IFX＝RG THEN12SELSEGOSUB229：DRA W＂BM235，20C2＂+ L事：RD＝X：$A B=1: X D=12$ 8： $\mathrm{YD}=32: 5 \mathrm{D}=233$
125 COLORS， 1 ：IFAA＝1 THENL INE $\{5 G, Y$ G）－（XG，YG），PRESET：SG＝SG－． $5: \times G=X G$ －4：YG＝YG＋2：IFXG＜4THENPUT $(4,4)-(2$ $\emptyset, 20), C: A A=\emptyset E L S E L I N E(S G, Y G)-(X G$, YG），PSET：GOTO127
$126 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RND}(20)$ ： $\mathrm{IF} \mathrm{X}=19 \mathrm{THENX}=\mathrm{RND}(19$ ）：IFX＝RD THEN127ELSEGOSUB229：DRA W＂BM4，20C2＂＋Lक：RG＝X：AA＝1：XG＝128： $Y G=32: 5 G=22$
127 PUT（ $P X, P Y$ ）－（ $P X+3, P Y+3), A 1: P X$ $=P X+4: I F P X>157 T H E N P X=104: P Y=P Y+4$ ：IFPY $>184$ THENPY $=161$
128 PUT（PX，PY）－（FX＋3，PY＋3），A2
129 GOTO1g3
130 GOTO232
131 SCREEN1，1：PCLS5：CIRCLE（128，9 6），125，6，$-75:$ PAINT（ 6,9$), 6,6:$ COLO R6，7：LINE（ 0,176 ）－（255，176），PSET， BF：PAINT（128，177），6，6：LINE（32，16 8）－（224，175），PRESET，BF
132 BRक $=$＂BE4E12F4G16U7＂
133 DRAW＂BM40，16854C8U132BE12R52 EF12D132L74BM6ø，34R32BD24L32＂：CI RCLE（59，35），12， $8,1, .5, .75:$ CIRCLE $(106,35), 12,8,1,-75,1:$ CIRCLE（ 60 ， 46），12，8，1，－25，．75：CIRCLE（92，46） ，12， $8,1, .75$, ．25：PAINT（41，167），8，日：LINE $(69,4 \varnothing)-(92,44)$, PSET，BF：PA INT $\{44,167), 8,8$
134 LINE（ 60,48 ）$-(92,52)$ ，PRESET，B F：DRAW＂BM112，60C7＂＋BR事：PAINT（120 ，56），7，7：LINE（48，72）－（104，148），P SET，BF：DRAW＂BM1 04，148CSL56M76，72 M104，148＂：PAINT（76，76），5，5：CIRCL $E(76,130), 14,7:$ PAINT $(76,136), 7,7$ $135 C X=126: C Y=182$ ：GET（CX，CY）- \｛ $C X$ $+3, C Y+3), M: A D=R N D(2): I F A D=1$ THEND RAW＂BM132，167C857＂＋BOD 中＂ 54 ＂：PAIN T（136，163），8，8：PAINT（187，122），7， 8
136 IFOW＝9THEN13日ELSECLS：PRINT：P RINT＂YロU OWE＂OW＂COINS＂：PRINT：IFQ WくG THENG＝G－OW：OW＝ø：PRINTTAB（日）＂ THANK YOU！＂：GOSUB3：SCREEN1， $1: G O T$

## 0138

137 PRINT＂YOU DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH MONEY TO PAY YOUR DEBT，WE TAKE WHAT YOU HAVE AND YOU WILL HAVE TO COME BACK TO GET GAS．＂：OW＝0 W－G：G＝9：GOSUB3：GOSUB2：GOTO131
138 GOSUB4：SCREEN1，1：IFPEEK〔6528 6）$=1260$ RPEEK $(65289)=254$ THEN 139 EL SEGOTO13日
139 IFCX $>120 \mathrm{ANDCX}$（139ANDCY＞41AND CY＜56THENPUT（CX，CY）－（CX＋3，CY＋3）， M：DRAW＂BM112，6954C5＂＋BR末：PAINT（1 20，56），5，5：DRAW＂BM112，69A1C7＂＋BR \＄：PAINT（129，69），7，7：FORX＝1T025： 5 OUND24ø， 1 ：SOUND255，2：NEXT：CLSB：P RINTe229，＂YOUR TANK IS NOW FULL＂ ；：ELSE142
149 W＝166－TX：TX＝166：PRINT＠298，W＂ LITERS＊ 15 COINS／LITER＂：PRINT＂T OTAL COST：＂W＊15＂COINS＂：GOSUB3：IF G－W＊15＜ $0 T H E N P R I N T E 384$ ，＂YOU HAVE ONLY＂G＂COINS，SO YOU OWE＂ABS（G －W＊15）＂COINS＂：OW＝ABS（G－W＊15）：G＝ø ：GOSUB3：ELSEG＝G－W＊15：GOTO141
141 SCREEN1，1：DRAW＂BM112，69C5＂＋B R\＄：PAINT（129，69），5，5：DRAW＂BM112， 69AøC7＂＋BR末：PAINT（129，56），7，7：C0 LOR8，6：LINE 116,52 ）－（116，78），PSE T：PAINT（114，64），8，8

142 IFAD＝1ANDCX＞ 134 ANDPPOINT（CX $1, C Y-1)=$ SANDPPOINT $(C X+4, C Y+4)=8 T$ HENGOSUB237：SCREEN1，1：GOTO138ELS E138
143 R＝RND（4）：PCLSR：SCREEN1， $0: C X=$ 128：$C Y=96$
$144 \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{RND}$（4）：IFV＝R THEN144ELSECO LORV，R：LINE（ 0,6$)-(3,3)$, PSET，BF：$G$ $E T(6, \varnothing)-(3,3), D$
$145 \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{RND}(4): I F Z=\mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{ORZ}=\mathrm{V}$ THEN145 ELSEPAINT $(1,1), Z, \operatorname{R:GET}(\varnothing, \emptyset)-(3,3$ ），E
$146 \mathrm{FORX}=6 \mathrm{~T} 02555 \mathrm{TEPB}: \mathrm{FORY}=9 \mathrm{TO} 18 \mathrm{~B}$ STEPG：IF INT（Y／8）－Y／B＝ 6 THENPUT $\{X$, Y）$-(X+3, Y+3), D: N E X T Y, X$
$147 \mathrm{~W}=\mathrm{RND}(4):$ IFW＝R $\quad$ RRW＝V $\quad$ ORW＝Z T HEN147ELSEFORZ＝1TOS：$X=$ RND $(215)+2$ פ：$Y=R N D(151)+20:$ CIRCLE $(X, Y), 2 \phi, W$ ：PAINT $(X, Y), W, W: S O U N D 2 \emptyset \emptyset, 3: N E X T$ $148 \mathrm{CX}=\mathrm{RND}(251): C Y=R N D(187): I F P P$ OINT（CX－1，$C Y-1$ ）＝W ORPPOINT（CX＋4， $C Y+4)=W$ THEN14BELSEGET（CX，CY）－（C $X+3, C Y+3), M$
$149 X=R N D(249)+1: Y=R N D(185)+1: G E$ $T(X, Y)-(X+3, Y+3), F:$ PUT $(X, Y)-(X+3$ ，$Y+3$ ），$E: Z Z=R N D(28): F O R V=1 T O Z Z: G D$ SUB4：IFPPOINT（CX－1， $\mathrm{CY}-1$ ）＝W ORPPD INT（CX＋4， $\mathrm{CY}+4$ ）$=\mathrm{W}$ THENGOSUB2：CLS： GOTO243ELSEIFCX＜X＋4ANDCX＞X－4ANDC

## COLOR COMPUTER Buyers Club

－Members enjoy a $25-40 \%$ savings on softwarel
－Over 500 programs＇from 38 companies to choose from！
－More software constantly being addedl
－Hardware \＆accessories at substantial savings！
－Special order service for members！
－No service charge for VISA or MCl
－Your savings can far exceed your duesl
Join Today and Start Saving！


Dues are $\$ 24.50$－We accept Personal Checks，M．O．or Charge It NAME

ADDRESS
CITY $\qquad$ STATE $\qquad$ ZIP
$\square$ VISA $\square$ MC
Exp．Date $\qquad$ Bank \＃ $\qquad$ （MC only）
Mail to：Color Computer Buyers Club P．O．Box 241
Eaton Rapids，MI 48827

ATTENTION Kelly software Distributors Ltd manutactures 100 stores throughout and distributes sollowing firms：Aadvark，Chromasette， canada for the Cheshire Cat，computerware．Coducts， poole，Cer－co the computer Proble＇s Programs，Michtron，Moreton Double Density，Dr．Prata Products，Mark Dar，Rainbow Elite，Jarb，Mark Creelance，Trick，Shooting Star， Bay，Petrocci Rainbow on Spectral Associates． connection，softlaw，spectral aler support，Kelly Silverware，sovide complete dealer supp over 500 To provide comple fast delivery we also provide an sotware can guarane in canada．Wuthors and products to anywhere for software distributed to stores excellent opportunity their products disiately for further publishers Canada Call or write catalogue．
details and your the Kelly Software Distributors Lidd．

$Y<Y+4$ ANDCY $>Y-4$ THEN1S1ELSENEXT：PU $T(X, Y)-(X+3, Y+3), F$
$15 \emptyset$ IFAF $=1$ THENAF $=\varnothing:$ SCREEN $1,0:$ GOT O149ELSEAF $=1$ ：SCREEN1， $1:$ GOTO149
151 PCLS6：SOUND132，16：DRAW＂BM16 ，64C7＂＋B0事：PAINT（162，25），7：7：PAI NT（162，62），8，7：SCREEN1，$\varnothing$ 152 GDSUB4：IFPPOINT（CX－1，CY－1）$=3$ ANDPPDINT（CX＋4， $\mathrm{CY}+4$ ）＝3AND（PEEK（ 6 $5289)=1260$ RPEEK（ 65289$)=254$ ）THENG OSUB237ELSE152
153 GOSUB4：GOTO153
154 FCLS5：R＝RND（3）$+5:$ SCREEN1， 1
$155 \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{FND}(3)+5: \mathrm{IFV}=\mathrm{R}$ THEN155ELSE FORZ $=1$ TO29：W＝RND（15）$+1 \varnothing: X=$ RND（25 5）：$Y=$ RND（191）：SOUND 1，1：CIRCLE（ $X$ ， $Y), W, V: \operatorname{PAINT}(X, Y), V, V: N E X T: X=R N D$ $(232)+10: Y=R N D(168)+15:$ CIRCLE $(X$, $Y), 15, R: P A I N T(X, Y), R, R$
$156 \quad X \$=S T R \$(X-6): Y \$=S T R \$(Y+6): D R$ AW＂BM＂＋X串＋＂，＂＋Y\＄＋＂S1C5＂＋B0串＋＂S4＂ ：PAINT $(X-4, Y+4), R, 5$
$157 C X=\operatorname{RND}(251)+1: C Y=R N D(187)+1:$ IFPPOINT（CX－1，$C Y-1)=V$ OR PPOINT $($ $C X+3, C Y+3)=V$ THEN 157 ELSEGET（CX ，CY）$-(C X+3, C Y+3), M:$ PUT $(C X, C Y)-(C$ $X+3, C Y+3), A 1$
158 GOSUB4：PUT（1，1）－（4，4），M：IFPP OINT $(1,1)=V$ OR PPOINT $(4 ; 4)=V$ THE

NGOSUB2：CL5：GOTO243ELSEIFPPOINT（ $C X-1, C Y-1)=R$ QR PPOINT（CX＋4，CY＋4 ）＝R THENGOSUB2：GOSUB237：G0TO158E LSE 158
159 CLS3：IFAVく＞1THENPRINT＠192，＂ IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO TURN ON THAT ROAD，A POLICEMAN ASK YOU TO GD BACK ON THE MAIN ROAD．＂：AV $=A V+1:$ GOSUB3：C1＝$: C 2=\varnothing:$ SCREEN1，$\varnothing$ ：GOTO1 $03 E L S E 234$
$160 \mathrm{AV}=\mathrm{AV}+1: \mathrm{CLS}:$ PRINT：PRINT＂THE POLICEMAN HAS FALLEN ASLEEP．DO Y OU WANT TO GO ON（Y／N）＂：INPUTA ：IFAs＝＂Y＂THEN1G1ELSEIFA\＄＝＂N＂THEN 94ELSE160
$161 X=$ RND（3）：IFX＝2THEN1 3 SELSECLS ：PRINT＂YOU GO ON THE ROAD FOF A WHILE．SUDDENLY，YOU HEAR A STRA NGE NOISE．＂ $\operatorname{FORX}=255$ TO150STEP －1：SOUNDX，1：NEXT：CLS5：SOUND1．19： CLS：PRINT＂SOMETHING HITTED YOUR CAR WHICH EXPLDDED．YOU ARE BADL Y INJURED．
162 AU＝1：PRINT＂THIS IS A TESTING GROUND FOR NEWWEAPONS．＂：GOSUBS： GOTO243
 OME TO THE SCENE DF AN ACCID ENT WHICH SEEMS TO HAVE TAKEN

## PARALLEL PRINTER INTERFACE

## FOR THE RADIO SHACK COLOR COMPUTER

＊Runs any parallel printer from the Color Computer serial I／O port．
＊No hardware modifications or software patches needed．Works with all standard Color Computer commands including graphics．
＊Switch selectable baud rates from 300 to 9600.
＊All cables and connectors included．
＊ 1 year warranty．
＊Most printers supply power at the parallel port．With these printers you may order your interface without the power module．
（ Printers known to require the power module are： Epson，Panasonic，and Mannesman Tally．）
＊PRICE：Model CCP－2 with modem connector \＆switch－－u－－$\$ 84$. Model CCP－1 without modem connector \＆switch－－$\$ \mathbf{\$ 6}$ ． Either model without power module deductm－m－＿\＄3． Shipping costs included in price． Michigan residents add 4\％sales tax．


## CCP－1 OWNERS

UPGRADE YOUR CCP－1 TO A CCP－2 ！！
Send us your CCP－1 plus $\$ 17$（includes shipping ） we will add the necessary cable and switch．

## BOTEK INSTRUMENTS

PLACE ABOUT AN HOUR AGD．ACAR I S STILL BURNING．NEAR IT ANARMY TRUCK IS LYING ON ONE SIDE，DOORS OPEN．IT IS FILLED WITH BAGS． ＂：$G=G+X: Z 1=2: Z 2=3: A A=\varnothing: A B$ 164 PRINT＂A FEW SOLDIERS ARE AWA $Y$ IN THE FIELDS，LOOKING ON THE GROUND ATSOMETHING YOU DO NOT 5 EE．YOU GRAB ONE OF THE BAGS A ND GO AWAYWITH IT．WHILE DRIVING BACK TO THE MAIN ROAD，YOU OPE N IT AND FINDS THAT IT CONTAINS ＂X：PRINT®448，＂GOLD COINS： 165 PRINT＠480，＂PRESS＜ENTER＞TO GO ON．＂；：IFINKEY象＝＂＂THEN165ELSEC LS：GOSUB241：GOT094
166 CLS5：PRINTE448，＂IT IS SNOWIN G SO MUCH THAT YOU CAN＇T SEE．＂： GOSUB3
167 IFS＝øTHENPRINT＂DO YOU WANT T 0 （1）－COME BACK ON THE MAIN ROAD
（2）－STAY ON THIS ROAD＂：INPUTX ：IFX＝1THENAA＝ $0: A B=\emptyset: C 1=\varnothing: C 2=\varnothing: C 5$ ＝1：GOT093ELSEIFX＜＞2THEN167 168 CLS5：PRINTE416，＂THE CAR IS 5 TUCK IN THE SNOW ANDCANNOT MOVE ANYMORE．DO YOU WANTTO USE A BAG OF SALT TO MELT THESNOW AND FRE E YOU（Y／N）＂：INPUTA\＄：IFA $=$＂Y＂TH EN169ELSEIFA $=$＝＂N＂THEN171
169 IFS＞ØTHENS＝S－1：PRINT＂IT WORK ED，YOU ARE NOW MOVING＂：gOSUE3：G $0 T 0172$
17ø PRINT：PRINT＂YOU DO NOT HAVE A BAG OF SALT＂：GOSUB3：GOSUB241 171 AA＝ø：AB＝ø：C5＝ø：CB＝ø：CL55：PRI NTE日，＂AFTER LONG HOURS OF FREEZI NG，YOU FALL ASLEEP．＂：GロSUB3：G 0SUB3：GOT0243
$172 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RND}(16): \operatorname{IFRS}(\mathrm{x})=30 \mathrm{RRS}(\mathrm{x})=6$ THEN172ELSEC6＝1：C8＝ø：G0T0234
$173 \mathrm{AG}=1$ ：G0T031
$174 \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{RND}(3)+5: \mathrm{V}=\mathrm{RND}(3)+5: \mathrm{IFV}=\mathrm{R}$ ORV＝7THEN174ELSEPCLS5：SCREEN1，1： COLORV，R：U＝$\emptyset: F O R Z=1$ TO35
$175 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RND}(252): \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{RND}$（189）： $\mathrm{W}=$ RND $($ $109)+Y$ ：IFW＞1880R $(X\rangle 234 A N D \quad Y\langle 16) T$ HEN175ELSEL INE $(X, Y)-(X+4, W)$ ，PSET ，BF：NEXT：FORZ＝1TO25
176 $Y=$ RND（187）：$X=$ RND \｛245）：IFX $>23$ 40R $Y<16$ THEN176ELSELINE $(X, Y)-(X+$ $10, Y+4)$, PSET，BF：NEXT：$W=\emptyset$ $177 \mathrm{~W}=\mathrm{W}+1$ ：IFW＝V ORW＝R THEN177ELS ECOLORW，R：DRAW＂BM240，16C751＂＋B0\＄ ＋＂S4＂：PAINT（250，6），8，7：PAINT（242 ，14），7，7：CX＝4：CY＝185：GET（CX，CY）－ $(C X+3, C Y+3), M: T I M E R=\varnothing$
178 PUT $(C X, C Y)-(C X+3, C Y+3), M: 5 X=$

CX：TY＝CY：GET $\{S X, T Y)-(S X+3, T Y+3)$ ， D：GOSUB4：IFPPOINT $\{C X-1, C Y-1)=V \square$ R PPOINT（ $C X+4, C Y+4$ ）$=V$ THENPUT（CX ，CY）－（CX $+3, C Y+3), M:$ PUT（SX，TY）－（S $X+3, T Y+3$ ），$D: C X=S X: C Y=T Y: G E T$（CX，$C$ Y）$-(C X+3, C Y+3)$ ，M：PUT $(C X, C Y)-(C X+$ $3, C Y+3), A 2$
179 IFTIMER $>129 \varnothing T H E N L I N E(U, \emptyset)-\{U$ ，191），PRESET：U＝U＋4：IFCX＋4〈U QRU＞ 252THENGOSUB2：CLS：GOTO243ELSEIFU $>129 T H E N U=U+2$
189 IFCX＞236ANDCY＜16AND \｛PEEK 1652日g）$=126$ RRPEEK $(65289)=254$ ）THENGOS UB237
181 GOTO178
182 PCLS4：SCREEN1， $0:$ DRAW＂BM240， 1 6C351＂＋B0申＋＂S4＂：PAINT（250，6），3，3 ：PAINT（242，14），1，3：CX＝1：CY＝188：G ET（CX，CY）－\｛CX＋3，CY＋3），M：COLOR2，1 183 GOSUB4
$184 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RND}(255): Y=\operatorname{RND}(191): W=R N D$（ 255）：$Z=\operatorname{RND}(191)$ ： $\operatorname{IF}(X>236 A N D Y<16)$ OR（ $W$＞236ANDZ＜16）THEN184ELSELINE（ $X, Y)-(W, Z)$, PSET ：SOUNDRND（255）， 2 185 IFCX＞236ANDCY＜16THEN189
186 FORU＝CX TOCX＋3：FORV＝CY TOCY + 3： $\operatorname{IFPPOINT}(U, V)=2$ THENGOSUB2：SCRE ENळ，Ø：FORUE＝øTO9：CLS（UE）：SOUNDRN D（255），2：NEXT：GOTO188
187 NEXTV，U：GOTO189
188 CLS：PRINT：PRINT＂YOU HAVE BEE N HIT．YOU ARE VERYWEAK AND UNA BLE TO GO ON．＂：GOSUB2：GOTO243
189 IFPEEK（ 65289 ）＝ 1260 RPEEK 16528 ほ）$=254$ THENGOSUB237：GOTO183ELSE18 3

199 CLS：PLAY＂EEEC＂：F0RX＝9T0351 ！P RINTGX，CHRक（RND（117）＋128）：NEXT：I FAM＝øTHENAL＝RND（5øøø）＋5øøø：AM＝1
191 IFCB＝ 1 THENTX＝TX－3
192 PRINTe352，＂YOU HAVE FOUND US －DO YOU HAVE＂AL＂GOLD COINS，T HE ELIXIR ANDTHE BAG OF SALT？
193 A $=$＝INKEY申： $\mathrm{X}=$ RND（351）：PRINTEX ，CHR\＄（RND（117）＋128）：：IFA\＄＝＂N＂THE N266ELSEIFA $=$＝＂Y＂THEN194ELSE193 194 PRINTe352，＂＂：IFG＞＝AL ANDS＞＝1 THENIFB $>=1$ THEN2の日ELSEIFBP $>=1$ THEN 199
195 PRINT＠384，＂YOU ARE A LIAR．Y OU DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH＂；：IFG＜AL T HENFRINTTAB（11）＂GOLD
196 IFB＝øTHENPRINTTAB（11）＂ELIXIR 197 IFS＜1THENPRINTTAB（11）＂SALT 198 GOSUB3：CLS：GOSUB241：GOTO91 199 PRINTE352，＂THE BOTTLE YOU HA VE CONTAINS A GREEN LIQUID WHIC H IS POISON． YOU WANTED TO KIL


L US．YOU WILL DIE＂：GOSUB3：FORX＝ 352T0519：PRINT＠X，CHR（RND（117）＋1 28）：：NEXT：PLAY＂L301EEELICP2L301A AAL1F＂：GOTO24日
296 PRINTe384，＂THERE IS ONE MORE THING YOU MUSTDO BEFORE WE GIVE YOU BACK YOUR FRIEND：you must drink poison！ARE YOU READY TO DO SO？
201 A事＝INKEY事：$X=$ RND（351）：PRINT＠X ，CHR（ $\mathrm{RND}(117$ ） $\mathrm{+128}$ ）：：IFA $=$＂N＂THE N2g2ELSEIFA $==" Y$＂THEN2の3ELSE2の1 202 PRINTE352，＂＂：PRINT＂TOD BAD F OR YOU！WE KEEP YOUR FRIEND．T HANK YOU FOR THE GOODIES．＂ ：GOSUB3：GOSUB3：CLS：GOT0249 $2 \emptyset 3$ IFAC＝1ANDBP＞＝1THENCLS：PRINT： PRINT＂THE ELIXIR YOU DRANK SOONE $R \quad$ PROTECTS YOU AND YOU DO ND T DIE WHEN YOU DRINK THE POISON． YOUR FRIEND JOE IS FREE AN D YOU GO AWAY WITH HIM．＂：PRINT：P RINT＂congratulations！YOU＇VE MAD E IT＂：GOTO249
264 IFBP＞＝1THENCLS：PRINT：PRINT＂Y OU DRINK THE POISON AND YOU DIE＂ ：GOTO249
205 PRINT®352，＂＂：PRINT＂YOU DO NO

## Co Co－Cooler

－Brings operating temperature to ambient， regardless of accessory load －Reduces tempera－
ture of
ENTIRE computer．．．not just the SAM chip
－Easy 1－minute installation
－$\$ 39.95$
Companion Keyboard Cover \＄7．95
Co Co Software
NOW SHIPPING
Co Co－Cooler Too
（Same Price，Same Fit，For Color Computer II）
－For Fastest Service Send Money Order Or Certifled Check －Add $\$ 2.00$ Shipping For Continental U．S．
－Add \＄4．00 Shipping For Alaska，Hawail，Canada，\＆APO＇s Add \＄15．00 Shipping For Overseas
－Add \＄3．00 For 220－250 Volt Model
Calif．Residents Add $61 / 2 \%$ Sales Tax
－Will Ship C．O．D．On U．S．A．Shipments Only －All Merchandise Shipped From Stock

T HAVE ANY POISON．CDME BACK WHEN YOU＂LL HAVE SOME．＂：GOSUB3： GOT091
296 PRINTe352，＂＂：PRINT＂THEN GO A ND TRY TO FIND WHAT YOU NEED． ＂：G0SUB3：G0T091
207 AT＝1：CL5：PRINT＂＊＊＊＊＊main roa d general store＊＊＊＊＂：PRINT＂WE SE LL AND BUY．WE HAVE THE LOWES T PRICES THIS SIDE OF THE ROAD AND WE GIVE THE BEST MONEY FOR Y OUR GOODIES．＂：PRINT＂THE DEALS WE OFFER ARE SO GOOD THAT WE HAD TO FIX A LIMIT OF
298 IFCB＝1THENTX＝TX－3
299 PRINT＂ONE TRANSACTION EY CUS TOMER．＂：PRINT：PRINT＂DO YOU WANT TO BUY，SELL OR LEAVE（B／S／L ）？
210 A⿻⿱⿱一口⺕亅八＝INKEY事：IFA $=$＝${ }^{\text {S }}$＂THEN211ELS EIFA事＝＂B＂THEN222ELSEIFA事＂＂L＂THEN 91ELSE216
211 X＝RND（4）：IFX＝1THENZ＝5：A\＄＝＂BA GS OF SALT＂ELSEIFX＝2THENZ＝EP：A ${ }^{\text {S }}=$ ＂BOTTLES OF POISON＂：ELSEIFX＝3THE NZ＝B：A事＝＂BOTTLES OF ELIXIR OF LO NG LIFE＂ELSEA事＝＂EMPTY BOTTLES＂：Z $=\mathrm{B}$
$212 \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{RND}$（50ø）：IFX＝1THENY＝RND（25 Ø）ELSE IFX＝4 THENY＝RND 〈5 5 ）
213 CLS：PRINT：PRINT＂WE WDULD BE INTERESTED IN BUYING＂：PRINTA\＄：PR INT＂AND WILL PAY＂Y＂GOLD COINS＂：G ロSUB241：IFZ＝gTHENPRINT：PRINT＂WE SEE THAT YOU HAVE NDNE AND NOT HING ELSE INTERESTS US．＂ELSE216 214 PRINT＂MAYBE YOU WOULD LIKE T －BUY SOMETHING（Y／N）？＂
215 A $\$=I N K E Y \$: I F A \$=" Y$＂THEN222ELS EIFA ${ }^{\text {＝}}$＂N＂THEN219ELSE215
216 PRINT：PRINT＂HOW MANY DO YOU
WANT TO SELL＂：INPUTW：IFW＞Z THEN GOSUB241：CLS：PRINT＂YOU DO NOT HA VE＂W：GOTOZ16
217 IFW＝øTHEN214ELSEG＝G＋W＊Y：IFX＝ 1 THENS $=5-W$ ELSEIF $X=2$ THENBP $=B P-W$ ELSEIFX＝STHENB＝B－W ELSEBV＝BV－W 218 CLS：PRINT：PRINT＂IT＂S A DEAL＂ ：GOSUB241：PRINT
219 AT＝6：CLS：PRINT＂IT＂S CLOSING TIME NOW，YOU HAVE TO LEAVE．＂：GO SUB3：G0T091
220 PRINTTAB（5）＂ARE YOU INTEREST ED（Y／N）？＂
221 A事＝INKEY象：IFA事＝＂＂THEN221ELSE IFA串＝＂Y＂AND（B－Y）＜ $6 T H E N C L S: P R I N T: ~$ PRINT：PRINT＂YOU DO NOT HAVE THE＂ Y＂COINS＂：GOSUBS：A $=$＝＂：：RETURNELSE

## RETURN

222 CLS：PRINT＂＊＊＊＊ON SALE TODAY ＊＊＊＊＂：PRINT：Y＝RND（1500）＋5 06 ：IFR ND（2）－1THENPRINT＂ 1 BOTTLE OF ELI XIR：＂Y＂GOLD＂：PRINT＂COINS＂：GOSUB2 26：IFA事＝＂Y＂THENG＝G－Y：B＝B＋1：GOTO2 18
223 IFRND（2）＝ 1 THENY＝RND（1 106 ）＋5 ø：PRINT＂1 BOTTLE OF PDISDN：＂Y＂GD LD＂：PRINT＂COINS＂：GOSUB220：IFA $={ }^{*}$ $Y$＂THENG＝G－Y：BP＝BP＋1：GOTO218 224 IFRND $(2)=2$ THENY $=$ RND $\langle 5 \varnothing \varnothing\rangle+19 \varnothing$ ：PRINT＂1 BAG OF SALTE＂Y＂GDLD＂：PR INT＂COINS＂：GOSUB220：IFA ${ }^{\circ}=$＂$Y$＂THEN G＝G－Y：S＝S＋1：G0TO218
$225 \operatorname{IFRND}(2)=1$ THENY＝RND（2øøø）$+5 \varnothing$ ø：PRINT＂1 SURPRISE BOX：＂Y＂GOLD＂： PRINT＂COINS＂：GOSUB220：IFAD＝＂Y＂TH ENG＝G－Y：GOTO227
226 GOTO219
$227 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RND}(4): \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{RND}(4): \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{RND}(4): \mathrm{I}$ $F X=Y \quad O R Z=X \quad D R Z=Y$ THEN227ELSEPCLS $X: S C R E E N 1, ~ \varnothing: C D L D R Y, Z: D R A W " B M 1 \varnothing \varnothing$, 7558＂+ BD ${ }^{\text {＋}}$＂ 54 ＂：PAINT（178，27），$Z, Y$ ：PAINT（192，9曰），Y，Y：GOSUB2
228 W＝RND（2）：FORZ＝1 TOW：AE＝ $6:$ GOSU B237：NEXT：GOTO219
227 IFX＝1THENL $=$＝＂BR6U16＂ELSEIFX＝ 2THENL\＄＝＂NR16U4E4R12U4H4L12D2＂EL

SEIFX＝3THENL市＝＂R16UBNLBUBL16＂ELS EIFX＝4THENL事＝＂BR12U16G12R16＂ELSE IFX＝5THENL\＄＝＂BU4F4R1 1 E2U4H2L 14 U日 F16
236 IFX＝6THENL $\$=$＂R16UBL 16 DRU16R1 6D2＂ELSEIFX＝7THENLक＝＂E16L16＂ELSE IFX＝8THENL事＝＂F16U16L16D16U日R16＂E LSEIFX＝9THENL $\$=$＂NU2R16U16L16D日R1 6＂ELSEIFX＝1øTHENL\＄＝＂U16BR4D16RBU 16 L 8
231 RETURN
232 FORX＝1TO1ø：IFR $(X)=R$ THEN233E LSENEXT
233 IFRS $(X)<>6 A N D R S(X)<>3 T H E N P A I$ NT（ 126,2$), 4,4 E L S E D N R S(X) / 3 G O T O 16$ 6，159
$234 \mathrm{AB}=0: \mathrm{AA}=6: \mathrm{C} 1=0: \mathrm{C}=9: \mathrm{C}=6: \mathrm{AR}=$ 0：AP＝
235 IFRS $(X)=6$ THEN1 6 OELSEIFC $6=1 \mathrm{TH}$ ENAQ＝0：С6＝ $9:$ GOTO236ELSEAQ＝1：GOTO 163
236 AT＝0：0NRS（X）GOTD143，131，199 ，154，173，297，182，174
237 IFAE $=1$ THENRETURNELSEAE $=1: X=R$ ND（6）：CLS：PRINT：PRINT＂THE BOX OP ENS．＂：PLAY＂L1A\＃PBV16T3L2B－9＂：PRI NT＂IT CONTAINS：
238 IFX＜3THENY＝RND（2øøø）：G＝G＋Y：P RINTTAB（10）Y＂GDLD CDINS


SALES OR CLIENT PROFILE

INVENTOAIES
MALLINGLISTS

CAN YOUR DATA BASE REMEMBER HOW YOU DID IT LAST TIME？

CAN YOUR SECRETARY RUN REPORTS AND POST TRANSACTIONS USING YOUR DATABASE？

CAN YOU DEFINE AND SAVE REPORTS AND CALCULATIONS WITH RECCORD SELECTION \＆ SORT PARAMETERS？


OR SEND CHECK OR MONEY ORDER TO：
P．O．BOX 3448，DURHAM，NC 27702


* SAC For those against nuclear disarmament - pilot a B52 to any one of the 36 Soviet cities, destroy it with a nuclear bomb, and make it back to the base. 9 difficulty levels. You can use keyboard or joystick or both. This simulation takes a lot of pre-planning and fast thinking.
\$19.95
* HERE COME DE PREZ Are you fed up with the State of the Union? If so, run for president in this 1 or 2 player simulation complete with scandals, national disasters, and debates . . . \$14.95 \& PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR Murder! Couid Sherlock Holmes have solved this whodunit adventure simulation? \$14.95 ISLE OF FORTUNE You are a fisherman in a waterfront bar. The old salt just told you a tale of treasure on an island, before the poison dart struck . . . . .Sail your ship to dangerous adventure awaiting you on the Isle of Fortune
\$19.95
SCAVANGE HUNT Find the items on the list and return them to Hickory Ridge to free your niece Rebecca from the hermit of Medicine Tree Cointy. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$15.95 * BOMB SCARE A terrorist group has planted 8 bombs in a city. Your mission: locate and disarm all 8 before time runs out. 1 is. The Big One.
$\$ 14.95$
* DARK CASTLE Monsters-magic-myths. King Lothar of Rom has been abducted by the evil wizard. Destroy the wizard and return Lothar to his throne \$14.95 MANSION OF DOOM Destroy the Vampire, rescue Princess Marlena. \$14.95
* WITCHES KNIGHT Back to the days of old, where knights were bold and magic ruled the land. Many enchanted surprises await you on your quest to free Sir Noble from the witches evil spell. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$15.95 BEACON Can you signal the ship before it runs aground? . \$14.95 * SPACE ESCAPE Explore a death-ridden alien spacecraft in search of a way back to Earth . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$14.95 ST̈ALAG Escape the German prison camp before its bombed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 14.95$ * EVASION Sequel to STALAG! Get out of Germany alive. $\$ 19.95$ * FUNHOUSE Work your way through this unique Funhouse searching for the wav out . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$14.95 * SCATTERBRAIN Help wanted: Put Commodore Winslow's 85 -room mansion in order in this graphic adventure $\$ 14.95$

Buy any 1 of the programs above and get
any of the bonus programs below FREE!
*SKI LODGE Times are tough, weather is bad. Manage a Vermont ski lodge successfully to win this 1-4 player simulation.
MOTHER LODE You just inherited your great-grandfather's goldmine. Did he die penniless?
ENO You inherited a million dollars. Just one catch - first you have to find it!
BETTER Á better betting game for 1-4 players. You choose the winning criteria.
MATCH-IT $E_{5}$ A challenging word game in which you identify your opponent's 5-letter wodrd using deduction. 1-4 players.

* DIFFERENT EVERY TIME

Send check or money order to:
PAL CREATIONS
10456 Amantha Ave., San Diego, CA 92126
Calif. residents add $6 \%$ sales tax.

239 IFX=4THENS=S+1:PRINTTAB (19)" A BAG OF SALT"ELSEIFX=5THENBP=BP $+1:$ PRINTTAB(5) "A BOTTLE OF GREEN LIQUID": INPUT"DO YOU WANT TO DR INK IT $(Y / N) " ; A \$: I F A \$=" Y " T H E N P R I$ NT"YOU DRINK AND IT IS POISON": B $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{BP}-1$ : $\mathrm{BV}=\mathrm{BV}+1$ : GOSUB3: GOTO243 $24 \emptyset$ IFX=6THENPRINTTAB (1 $\varnothing$ ) "NOTHIN G"ELSEIFX=3THENPRINTTAB (5) "A BOT TLE OF RED LIQUID": $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{B}+1$ : INPUT"D O YOU WANT TO DRINK IT (Y/N)";A : IFA ="Y"THENBV=BV+1:B=B-1:CLS:P RINT ${ }^{\text {YYOU JUST DRANK ELIXIR OF LO }}$ NG LIFE. YOU ARE NDW SURE THAT YOU WILL NOT DIE.": AC=1
241 PRINT:PRINT"YOU NOW HAVE: ":P RINTG"GOLD COINS": PRINTS"BAGS OF SALT":PRINTB"BOTTLES OF ELIXIR OF LONG LIFE": PRINTBP"BOTT LES OF POISON": PRINTBV"EMPTY BOT TLES":PRINT:PRINT"---PRESS ANY K EY TO CONTINUE.

## 242 IFINKEY $\$=$ " "THEN242ELSESCREEN

 1, $9:$ RETURN243 C2=ø:C1=ø: IFAC=øTHEN245ELSEP RINT:PRINT"YOU SHOULD BE DEAD NO W. YOU ARE LUCKY YOU DRANK ELIXI R OF LONG LIFE. ";
244 IFAU=1 THENPRINT"HOWEVER, YOU DON'T HAVE A CAR SO YOU WILL HA VE TO FIND ONE": gOSUB3:GOSUB3:CB =ø:A7=ø:AG=ø: GOTOЗ1ELSECB= T"THIS WAY I CAN SEND YOU BACK ON THE ROAD.": GOSUB3:GOTO91
$245 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RND}$ (3):IFX=2THENPRINT:PRIN T"YOU ARE LUCKY, YOU COULD HAVE

DIED. YOU SPEND SOME TIME AT T HEHOSPITAL AND NOW YOU ARE OK.

YOU STILL HAVE EVERYTHING";: IF AU=1THENPRINT" EXCEPTTHE CAR WHI CH WAS DESTROYED IN THE ACCIDEN T.":C8=ø: AG=ø:AR=ø

246 IFX=2THENPRINT:PRINT"PRESS < ENTER • WHEN YOU WILL FEELREADY T O GO ON. "ELSE248
247 IFINKEY $\$=$ " "THEN247ELSEIFAU= 9 THEN91ELSEAU= $\boldsymbol{\Phi}:$ PRINT: PRINT"YOU L OST THE CAR, SO YOU WILL HAVE TO FIND ANOTHER ONE": GOSUB3:A7=ø : CB= $: ~ A 5=\emptyset: A S=0: ~ G 0 T 031$
248 PRINTe331, "YOU"RE DEAD"
249 PRINTE448, "****** ANOTHER. GA ME (Y/N)? *****";
250 A $=$ INKEY $\$$ : IFA $=$ "Y"THENRUNELS EIFA $=$ "N"THENPOKE65494, $5:$ ENDELSE IFA $=$ " "THEN25 0 ELSEGOTO249
251 A ${ }^{2}=I N K E Y$ \#: IFA $=$ ""THEN251ELSE PRINTE231, "ONE MOMENT PLEASE!":R UN

# Learning The Signs 

## By Steve Blyn Rainbow Contributing Editor

This month's article deals with signed numbers. Those are the little nasties that have signs in front of the numbers. Mastery of signed numbers is an important skill needed in many areas of mathematics. Teachers introduce signed numbers when they deal with the set of positive and negative integers.

It is always best to introduce new concepts to children by relating to real life situations. There are two such readily available situations in the life of all children - money and the weather.

All children love to make purchases. We have successfully used a game of checks and bills to teach the addition of signed numbers. Checks represent money received and are positive or ${ }^{6}+$ 'numbers. Bills represent money spent and are negative or "-' numbers.

A game is played with the students by choosing a check and a bill for a purchase. The learning is in the computation of the resulting balance. When this is mastered, the result of a set of checks and bills can be computed. This approaches the later skill of balancing a checkbook.

Temperature changes are another good way of teaching the addition of signed numbers. Our game adds a change in temperature to the last reported temperature to find the new temperature. Let's suppose the current temperature is 60 degrees. If the temperature goes up three degrees, a plus three is added to 60 . If the temperature falls three degrees, a minus three is added to 60 degrees.

The difficulty really begins when the temperature falls below zero. It is a surprising fact that many children believe that zero degrees is the lowest possible temperature. If the temperature is three degrees and falls eight degrees, the new temperature is five degrees below zero or minus five. If the

[^15]temperature is minus five and rises six degrees, the new temperature is plus one.

Teaching subtraction of signed numbers is a more difficult task. The rule for subtraction of these numbers is to change the sign of the second number and add: (plus 15) minus (minus three) becomes (plus 15) plus (plus three). The answer is plus 18 .

The program opens by giving a menu choice of addition or subtraction of signed numbers or of exiting the program. This is contained on Lines 40 to 110 . Lines 120 through 300 contain the addition routines. Lines 310 through 490 contain the subtraction routines. After each example, you may either continue or return to the menu.

We felt that students would continue to practice these examples until they are mastered; therefore, there is no set number of examples to do. We have included a counter of the number of right and wrong examples attempted. This is on the screen at all times.

The difficulty of the examples is preset on Lines 150, 160 , 340 and 350 . We set the difficulty for a beginner's level. Please feel free to adjust the level of difficulty to your students' needs. As this skill becomes mastered, change the level to create more difficult examples for added practice.

In closing, we would like to mention a new product that has come to our attention which may be of interest to the educational community. It is called Word-Pak and is manufactured by PBJ, Inc. It is a program and a ROM pack that contains a driver to turn the CoCo's screen into a profes-
sional 80 －column board．Of course，the main use of this device is in running business software．It does，however，also convert your screen into a very professional looking screen for educational programs that you may write．One of the biggest criticisms of the CoCo is its use of inverse capitals for lowercase letters．Word Pak produces the normal lowercase letters with which children are familiar．Light on dark or dark on light backgrounds are available．The dark letters on light background option also creates lines which make the screen resemble notebook paper．This product certainly opens new avenues for the creative user．


The listing：

```
10 REM"〈C> STEVE BLYN,19日4
20 REM"COMPUTER ISLAND,NY
30 S%=STRING* (32,239)
40 CLSB
5ø PRINTE44, "MENU";
60 PRINTE135,"1. ADDITIDN";
79 PRINTE199,"2. SUBTRACTION";
80 PRINTe263,"3. END THE PROGRAM
";
90 PRINTE484,"PRESS THE CORRECT
```


## AT WITS EMP

（C） 1984 by Derringer Software，Inc．
You may lose your sanity while playing this new game from Derringer Software！As the resident caretaker at the local＂Home for burned－ out programmers＂，your job is to keep the public safe by keeping the patients within the confines of the central compound．But，every now and then the somewhat erratic patients start running about and you find yourself having to open and close doors to get them to safety．Of course as one gets in，another may jump out！Three separate display screens with nine levels of play for each．Play against the clock for the best time．Score kept for each game and level．


The CRAZY MAZE is completely different each time you play， SPIRALMANIA will be a true test of mental strength． The BEGINNER＇S BOX is for those short on patience！

## \＄2495

Requires joysticks and can be played on I6K Extended tape or disk systems！Please indicate tape or disk when you order．Send check or money order to：Derringer Software，Inc．P．O．Box 5300，Florence， S．C．29502－2300．Visa or Master Card customers can call（803） 665－5676 9：00am to 5：00pm Mon－Fri．Please include $\$ 2.00$ for ship－ ping and handling－No COD＇s．
$\star$ See the ad for Double Buster also＊

## NUMBER＂：

105 Gも＝INKEY
110 IF G $\ddagger=11$＂THEN 126 ELSE IF $G$ \＄＝＂2＂THEN 310 ELSE IF G\＄＝＂3＂TH EN 56\％ELSE 106
129 CLS：PRINTE7，＂add signed numb ers＂；
136 PRINTE32， $5 \$$ ：
149 PRINTE329，＂CORRECT＝＂；C；＂ WRONG＝＂；W
156 M＝RND（15）－RND（15）
168 N＝RND（5）－RND（16）
$170 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{N}$
1日\％IF M＞6 THEN PRINTG 103，＂＋＂

206 IF N＞6 THEN PRINTEI11，＂＋＂；
210 PRINTE114；＂＂
220 INPUT J
230 PRINT：PRINT
240 IF $J=K$ THEN PRINT＂
CORRECT＂：C＝C＋1：SOUND240；3
250 IF $1<>K$ THEN PRINT＂SORRY，
THE ANSWER IS＂；K：W＝W＋1：SOUND1， 1
269 PRINTE329，＂CORRECT＝＂；C；＂ WRONG＝＂；W
276 PRINTe44日，5\＄；
$28 \%$ PRINTE4日ø，＂ $\mathrm{C}^{2}$ TO CONTINUE 0 $R$＂M＂FOR MENU＂；
299 A $=$ INKEY
306 IF A\＄＝＂M＂THEN RUN ELSE IF A事＂C＂THEN 120 ELSE 296
310 CLS：PRINTe4，＂subtract signed numbers＂：
326 PRINTE32，5费：
336 PRINTE329，＂CORRECT＝＂；C；＂ WRONG＝＂；W
$345 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{RND}$（15）－RND（15）
$350 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{RND}(6)-\mathrm{RND}$（10）
$369 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N}$
370 IF M＞0 THEN PRINTE193，＂＋＂；
380 PRINTE104，M；＂－＂sN：＂$=$＂
396 IF N＞0 THEN PRINTE111，＂＋＂；
490 PRINTE114；＂＂；
410 INPUT J
420 PRINT：PRINT
436 IF $J=K$ THEN PRINT＂
CORRECT＂：C＝C＋1：SOUND24＠， 3
440 IF $J<>K$ THEN PRINT＂SORRY，
THE ANSWER IS＂；K：W＝W＋1：SOUND1； 1
450 PRINTE329，＂CORRECT＝＂；C；＂
WRONG＝＂：W
466 PRINTE448，S $\ddagger$ ；
470 PRINTE4B5，＂${ }^{2}$＂TO CONTINUE $口$ R＂M＂FOR MENU＂；
48』 B $\ddagger=$ INKEY丰
496 IF B $\$=$＂M＂THEN RUN ELSE IF B \＄＝＂C＂THEN 319 ELSE 48g
500．CLS：END

The first in a five part series on . . . Everything

In response to the introductory page of the first section of Radio Shack's Getting Started with Color BASIC, which invites the reader to "prove us wrong (if you can)," I have made an attempt to compile a list of some of the major errors and omissions in the Color Computer's documentation. In this article and in the following installments, I will also outline some of the techniques that can be helpful in using the CoCo that were not mentioned in the manuals. One of the examples assumes that the PLUCK function has been previously defined with the Extended BASIC DEF FN statement:

## 100 DEF FN $\operatorname{PL}(\mathrm{X})=\operatorname{PEEK}(\mathrm{X}) * \& 100+\operatorname{PEEK}(\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{I})$

This function returns the value of the two-byte integer at the address specified by the argument, and is useful for examining Color BASIC's pointers. Hexidecimal numbers in this text are identified by the dollar sign; this should be replaced by \& $H$ in Extended BASIC expressions. I will refer to Radio Shack's Getting Started with Color BASIC, Going Ahead with Extended Color BASIC, and Color Computer Disk System Owners Manual and Programming Guide as the Cbasic, Xbasic, and Dbasic manuals respectively. Some of this information has been previously published, and is included here in the interest of completeness. If you find any mistakes, please be advised that they are intentional; I tried to include something for everyone, and some people are always looking for mistakes. (I'll bet you had fun with Radio Shack's manuals.)

Release Numbers - When Extended or Disk BASIC is activated, the sign-on message gives the revision number of the highest level ROM in the system, ignoring the revision numbers of the other ROM or ROMs. These statements may be used to determine the hidden revision numbers of the Color basic and Extended ROMs:

PRINT PEEK(4I301)-48 ' Revision of Color BASIC PRINT PEEK(33023)-48 'Revision of Extended BASIC, if applicable.

General Information - Color BASIC only accepts line numbers from 0 to 63999 . Whenever program lines are added, edited, renumbered, or deleted, a CLEAR is executed. A question mark may be used as an abbreviation for PRINT, and a single quote (shifted 7) may be substituted for : REM.

Variables and Spacing - According to the Cbasic manual, variable names may be any combination of one or two letters. Actually, the second character may be a letter or a digit, and they may be followed by as many letters and digits as you want; however, only the first two are significant, so

# You Always Wanted To Know About The CoCo But Radio Shack Didn't Tell You 

By Andy Kluck

[^16]$A B$ and $A B C$ are the same variable. Also, variable names may not begin with any BASIC keyword. These rules also apply to array names and defined functions. Note that unlike Level II BASIC, Color BASIC allows BASIC variables to contain BASIC keywords as long as they don't begin with them; $X P R I N T$ is a legal name for the variable $X P$. The Color BASIC manual says that spaces in a program may be removed to save memory. This is true in most cases, but there is an important exception. Wherever a variable or Hex constant or octal constant with the optional ' O ' included is followed by a BASIC keyword without an intervening space, the tokenize routine will consider the keyword as part of the variable or constant, usually causing a Syntax Error. The most common examples are statements like:

## $\mathrm{IFA}=\mathrm{BANDC}=\mathrm{DORE}=\mathrm{FTHENG}=\mathrm{HELSEEND}$

(Needs spaces before $A N D, O R, T H E N$ and $E L S E$ )
FORA $=$ \&H1FTO\&H3FSTEP2 (Needs spaces before $T O$ and STEP)
ONXGOTO 100,200 (or GOSUB; Needs space before GO)
PRINT XTAB(10)Y (with spaces means PRINT $X ; T A B(10) ; Y$. Without spaces means PRINT $X T(10) ; Y)$

Examples where the extra spaces are not necessary include:

```
IFA}=3\textrm{ANDC}=50\textrm{ORE}=7\mathrm{ THENG}==2\textrm{ELSEEND
FORA=31TO63STEP2
ONX+IGOTO 100,200
```

Reset - There are several sensitive routines in BASIC that will cause the BASIC program or variables to be scrambled if
they are interrupted by Reset, so Reset should in general be used only when the BREAK key is repeatedly ignored, such as during PAINT or a machine language program. It is generally safe to use Reset to stop tape I/O, but not disk I/O, except in special circumstances, such as when you accidently DSKINI the wrong disk. Note that Reset leaves all open files open. At least one version of the Extended BASIC manual explains the Reset sequence on Page 208, mentioning the restart flag RSTFLG and restart vector RSTVEC, but doesn't give their addresses. RSTFLG is at $\$ 71$, and RSTVEC is in bytes $\$ 72-\$ 73$.
Errors - Whenever an error occurs, Color BASIC turns off the cassette motor and does an AUDIO OFF. In Disk bASIC, it also closes all disk files.

CONT - Any of these statements and actions: CLEAR, PCLEAR, FILES, pressing Reset, any error, or changing the program, disables the CONTinue statement until the next $S T O P, E N D$ or BREAK in the program. The reason for this is that all these conditions re-initialize BASIC's stack area, including records of subroutine calls and FOR ... NEXT loops, so that if a CONTinue were allowed, the program would probably not work right anyway.
CLEAR - Besides clearing variables as described in the Color Basic manual, CLEAR cancels all DEF FN statements and performs a RESTORE. Statements of the form: CLEAR 200 allocate the specified number of bytes for string space. To prevent an OS Error, there must be one byte allocated for each character in a string variable except variables that are fielded in disk buffers, read from data statements, or defined as literals in the program: 50 A $\$=$ "str"

+"ing"uses six bytes of string space, but 50 B $\$=$ "string"uses no string space because the BASIC only needs to remember where the string is located in the program text. There also must be enough string space for temporary strings that are formed while expressions are evaluated. Usually it is best to overestimate the amount of string space by a few hundred bytes unless the program and variables use up almost all the RAM, since INPUTed strings may be up to 249 bytes long. To allocate half of the available memory to strings:

## CLEAR 0:CLEAR MEM/2

It is often helpful to know how much string space is left unused. In Level II BASIC, the $F R E$ function, when used with a string argument, causes the free and "in use" string space to be separated and returns the number of free string bytes. Color BASIC doesn't have this function, but it can be duplicated by using the Color Computer's "garbage collection" routine and then taking the difference between the bottom of used strings and bottom of string space pointers:

## EXEC $46481:$ FRE $=$ FNPL(35)-FNPL(33)

gives the amount of free string space. According to the Color BASIC manual, "Without CLEAR, the Computer reserves 200 characters." Actually, a CLEAR 200 is done only when BASIC is first entered. The number of reserved string bytes is not affected by $L O A D$ or RUN and is inherited from the last program; therefore, no program should assume that 200 bytes are reserved, since the last program run may have reserved 0 or 10000 . For this reason, all substantial programs should use CLEAR to reserve string memory. Statements of the form: CLEAR 200,23999 allocate the first
number of bytes for string space and set the end of the string pool to the address of the second number minus one. Since the end of the string pool plus one is the highest RAM area used by BASIC, the area starting with the given address plus one, 24000 in this case, is made available for the user's machine language routines. Note that BASIC positions the stack to build down from the bottom of the string pool, so in this example the stack will be in the area just below $24000-200=23800$.

PCLEAR - According to the Extended BASIC manual, a PCLEAR 4 is done automatically, and PCLEAR is necessary only "when you want to reserve a different number of pages." In fact, the number of $P C L E A$ Red pages is also inherited from the last program run, so this number may be anything from one to eight when a new program is loaded, and no program should make assumptions about this number. The manual also says that $P C L E A R$ should be the first or second statement in the program, right after $C L E A R$. This advice could cause problems in many cases because the $P M O D E$ parameters are also unaffected by $L O A D$ operations. For example, if the last program used PMODE 4,5 and the new program tries to $P C L E A R$ any fewer than eight pages without first setting $P M O D E$ to a reasonable value, an FC Error will occur. Furthermore, whenever PCLEA R is used with a different number of pages than the last $P C L E A R$, the BASIC program is moved up or down in memory according to the new number of pages. This, in itself, wouldn't cause any problems, except for the now infamous PCLEAR bug in the Xbasic 1.0 ROM -after $P C L E A R$ copies the program to its new position, it doesn't set the interpret pointer at \$A6 to the new copy. This can
-PER2y conputers

26-3027 16K Color Computer
26-3027 16K Color Computer 2
26-3127 64K Color Computer 2 26-3127 64K Color Com
26-3029 Disk Drive 0. . 26-3023 Disk Drive 1, 2, 3. 26-1271 DMP-110 26-1255 DMP-120 26-1254 DMP-200 26-1257 DWP-210

|  | LIST | OUR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRICE | PRICE |  |  |
| . | 199.00 | $\$$ | 169.00 |
| .$\$$ | 259.00 | $\$$ | 220.00 |
| .$\$$ | 399.00 | $\$$ | 310.00 |
| $\$$ | 279.95 | $\$$ | 230.00 |
| $\$$ | 399.00 | $\$$ | 310.00 |
| $\$$ | 499.00 | $\$$ | 400.00 |
| $\$$ | 699.00 | $\$$ | 520.00 |
| $\$$ | 799.00 | $\$$ | 630.00 |

## OTHER PRINTERS AND ACCESSORIES

EPSON Printer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
OKIDATA Printer . . . . . . . .
STAR GEMINI $10 \times$ Printer. . . .
TRANSTAR Daisy Wheel Printer .
C.ITOH 8510 Prowriter Printer. .

BOTEK Serial to Parallel Interface

## COLOR COMPUTER SOFTWARE

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OUR } \\ & \text { PRICE } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Telewriter 64 Tape. | \$ | 49.95 |
| Telewriter 64 Disk. | \$ | 59.95 |
| VIP Writer. | . | 59.95 |
| VIP Speller. | \$ | 49.95 |
| VIP Database. | . $\$$ | 59.95 |
| RADIO SHACK Software. |  | 15\% Oft |
| TOM MIX Software . | . $\$$ | CALL |
| SPECTRAL ASSOCIATES | \$ | CALL |

## PRICE

Telewriter 64 Tape Telewriter 64 Disk
49.95

Telewriter 64 Disk
VIP Writer.
VIP Database
TOM MIX Software
SPECTRAL ASSOCIATES

## MONITORS



OUR
PRICE
95.00
155.00
335.00

CALL

COLOR ACCESSORIES

| 26-2226 RS-232 Program Pak. 26-3012 Deluxe Joystick (EACH) <br> 26-3017 64K RAM Kit. <br> 26-3025 Color Mouse <br> 26-1173 Modem II. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

All prices and offers may be changed or withdrawn without notice. Advertised prices are cash prices. (Installation and shipping are not included in price.)

PERRY COMPUTERS • DEPT. NO. A1 • 137 NORTH MAIN STREET • PERRY, MI 48872
have several results. Sometimes an unexplained Syntax Error occurs on the line with PCLEAR. Often the program runs normally until the $P C L S$ statement is present, which erases the old copy of the program, since it is now in the area of the graphics screen, and causes either an error or a forced $E N D$. In rare cases, $P C L E A R$ may result in a jump to another part of the program. Usually, when PCLEAR causes an error, the program will work if it is $R U N$ a second time, since it has already been moved to the correct address. To prevent this problem in the first place, two steps have been suggested. First, if $P C L E A R$ reduces the number of graphics pages, it should be at the end of the program, and if it increases the number of pages, it should be at the beginning. This prevents the immediate error that occurs when the PCLEAR statement is overwritten by another part of the program. Second, to set the interpret pointer to its correct position after PCLEAR, use a GOTO statement that references a line number less than the current line. To prevent as many errors as possible, I recommend using something like:

For PCLEAR I:
10 GOTO 63990
20 CLEAR 500
30 REM PROGRAM STARTS HERE
63980 END
63990 PMODE 0,1:PCLEAR 1:GOTO 20
For PCLEAR 2 through 8:
10 GOTO 63990
20 GOTO 40
30 CLEAR 500: PCLEAR 5: GOTO 20
40 REM PROGRAM STARTS HERE

## Aurora Computing

49 Brookland Ave., Aurora, Ontario Canada L4G 2H6
FAMILY GAMES
The popular STOCKBROKER and CRIBBAGE 32K
................................................... $\$ 14.95$ each.
ADVENTURE GAMES: Sea Quest and Shenanigans from MARK DATA . . . . . . . . . . . . only $\$ 24.95(\mathrm{C})$; $\$ 27.95$ (D) each From brantex, PIRATE TREASURE 16K ......... \$13.95
SCAVENGER HUNT 16K ............................. $\$ 18.95$
EDUCATIONAL GAMES
COLORMIND, CONCEN - improve your memory and logical thinking - 16K
$\$ 10.95$ each
-
Also from BRANTEX
EDU-COMBO (Math Derby, Peek ' $N$ ' Spell Metric Converter) 16K. only $\$ 29.95$
BUSINESS: HOUSEHOLD EXPENSE MANAGER $\mathbf{1 6 K} \$ 19.95$ LOAN ANALYSIS 16K \$20.95

NEW from MARK DATA
The amazing TIME FIGHTER 16K
\$24.95(C)
32K . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$27.95(D)
Also the ever popular GLAXXONS 16K .......... \$24.95(C)
32K . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$27.95(D)
UTILITIES: ROMDISK: Run your rom pack games from a disk! 64K
\$15.95
MR. COPY - make up to 99 copies of one program at once! 16K \$15.95

## 63980 END <br> 63990 PMODE 0,1:PCLEAR 1:GOTO 30

Here the PMODE statement in Line 63990 prevents a possible FC Error in the PCLEAR I, which, in turn, prevents an error in the CLEAR 500, which might occur, for example, if the last program used $P C L E A R 8$ and there is not enough free memory for PCLEAR 8 and 500 bytes for strings. The extra GOTOs force BASIC to recover from the bug. The CLEAR statements and the PCLEAR in Line 30 of the second example should be adjusted according to the needs of your program. A shorter version, for example: 10 PMODE 0,I:CLEAR 0:PCLEAR 5:CLEA R 500 would be sufficient for use with Xbasic 1.1, but since many users are stuck with 1.0 , programs to be distributed to others should allow for the bug. Note that PCLEAR also does an implied CLEA R, erasing variables and defined functions.

PCLEAR 0 - They said it couldn't be done, and they were right - Various methods have been suggested for effecting a PCLEAR 0. An often published example is:

## POKE 25,6:NEW

There are two problems with this. First, it moves the BASIC program to $\$ 601$, which is only correct for plain Extended BASIC. If this is used in Disk BASIC, it jumbles system pointers and variables with the likely result that when you try to load a BASIC program, part of it will be written out on the disk in place of the File Allocation Table. (I hope you made backups.) Second, BASIC will give an error if you try to execute a $N E W$ or $R U N$ without a zero in the byte before the program. If Xbasic has just been started, there is a zero in this location, but use of graphics page I may change this. To fix these problems, try this revised PCLEAR 0 :

POKE 25, PEEK(\& HBC): POKE PEEK(\&HBC)*256,0: NEW

Address $\$ B C$ contains the high byte of the start address of graphics page one, which is 6 for non-Disk Extended BASIC and varies with FILES in Disk BASIC. But this is still not a real PCLEAR 0; I would call it a PNEWO. To PCLEAR 0 from inside a program, part of the $P C L E A R$ routine can be used to do the necessary moving of the program:

```
10 GOTO 63950
20 CLEAR 200 ' or whatever
30 REM PROGRAM STARTS HERE
6 3 9 4 0 ~ E N D
63950 POKE &H3C0,&H5F:POKE &H3Cl,&H5C
' CLRB, INCB- $01 in B, Clear Carry
63960 POKE &H3C2,&H96:POKE &H3C3,&HBC
'LDA $BC
63970 POKE &H3C4,&HIF:POKE &H3C5,&H02
'TFR D,Y
63980 POKE &H3C6,&H7E:POKE &H3C7,&H96:
POKE &H3C8,&HA3 'JMP $96A3
63990 EXEC &H3C0:GOTO 20 ` PCLEAR 0
```

This works with Xbasic 1.0 and 1.1. Of course, since any $P C L E A R 0$ places the BASIC program where the graphics screens are supposed to be, any use of graphics statements afterwards should be avoided unless special arrangements have been made. For example, the addition of these lines:

30 POKE \& HBA, \& HE6:POKE \& HB7, \& HFE
40 POKE \& HB9, \&H20:POKE \& HB6,3

## The HJL-57 Keyboard

## Now available for all models,

## including CoCo 2.

# Compare it with the rest. Then, buy the best. 

If you've been thinking about spending good money on a new keyboard for your Color Computer, why not get a good keyboard for your money?

Designed from scratch, the HJL-57 Professional Keyboard is built to unlock ALL the potential performance of your Color Computer. Now, you can do real word processing and sail through lengthy listings... with maximum speed; minimum errors.

At $\$ 79.95$, the HJL- 57 is reasonably priced, but you can find other CoCo keyboards for a few dollars less. So, before you buy, we suggest that you compare.

## Compare Design.

The ergonomically-superior HJL-57 has sculptured, low profile keycaps; and the threecolor layout is identical to the original CoCo keyboard.

## Compare Construction.

The HJL- 57 has a rigidized aluminum baseplate for solid, no-flex mounting. Switch contacts are rated for 100 million cycles minimum, and covered by a spillproof membrane.

## Compare Performance.

Offering more than full-travel, bounce-proof keyswitches, the HJL-57 has RFI/EMI shielding that eliminates irritating noise on displays; and four user-definable function keys (one latchable), specially-positioned to avoid inadvertent actuation.

## Free Function Key Program

 Your HJL-57 kit includes usage Instructions and decimal codes produced by the function keys, plus a free sample program that defines the function keys as follows: F1 = Screen dump to printer. F2 $=$ Repeat Key (latching). F3 = Lower case upper case filip (if you have lower case capability). F4 = Control key; subtracts 64 from the ASCII value of any Key pressed. Runs on disc or tape; extended or standard Basic.
## Compare Installation.

Carefully engineered for easy installation, the HJL-57 requires no soldering, drilling or gluing. Simply plug it in and drop it right on the original CoCo mounting posts. Kit includes a

[^17]new bezel for a totally finished conversion.

## Compare Warrantles.

The HJL-57 is bulit so well, it carries a full, one-year warranty. And, it is sold with an exclusive 15-day money-back guarantee.

## Compare Value.

You know that a bargain is a bargain only so long as it lasts. If you shop carefully, we think you will agree...The HJL-57 is the last keyboard your CoCo will ever need. And that's real value.

## Order Today.

Only $\$ 79.95$, the HJLL-57 is avallable for immediate shipment for elther the original Color Computer (sold prior to October, 1982) or the F-version and TDP-100 (introduced In Ociober, 1982), and the new 64 K CoCo. Now also avallable for CoCo 2 .

> Call Toll Free
> 1-800-828-6968

In New York 1-800-462-4891


PRロロUCTS
Div. of Touchetone Technology Inc. 955 Buffalo Road e P.O. Box 24954 Rochester, New York 14624
Telephone: (716) 235-8358
will direct the action of any graphics statements to the area \$E600 through \$FDFF. This prevents graphics statements from causing problems; and, in the 64 K BASIC in RAM mode, it allows normal use of one $P M O D E 3$ or 4 screen in otherwise unused RAM. For example,

## 50 PCLS 1:SCREEN 1,0:CIRCLE $(128,96), 90,4$ 60 GOTO 60

draws a big PMODE 3 circle using "free" memory with $P C L E A R 0$ still in effect $i f$ the SAM has already been set to the 64 K RAM mode and BASIC has been copied into the upper page of RAM with a MOVEROM program. The $P C L E A R 0$ effectively disables $P M O D E$, but $P M O D E 3$ or 4 may still be selected by POKEing the 3 or 4 into location \&HB6; PMODEs 0 through 2 require some additional POKEs to set up correctly. Because PCLEAR is disabled by Line 30 , the only way to bring the system back to normal is something like:

POKE \& HBA, PEEK (\&HBC): POKE \& HB7, PEEK (\&HBC)+6:PCLEAR 1:PMODE 0,1

PCLEAR 0 graphics should not be used if Extended BASICC has been relocated for extra free memory or any RAM in the range $\$ F 600-\$ F D F F$ is in use. Finally, FILES should be avoided while this is in effect.

FILES - According to the Disk BASIC manual, the statement FILES 1,400 reserves space for 1 file and 400 bytes of buffer space for it. Actually, the first number specifies only the number of files that can be accessed by $O P E N$; one extra file control block is reserved for use by $L O A D(M), S A V E(M)$, $M E R G E$, and $C O P Y$. The second specifies the number of

## Educational Programs for the TRS-80 Color Computer

Used successfully in classrooms across the country on a daily basis, B-5 programs make learning fun! Each program can be geared to the individual needs of each student.

Instructive programs on:
¿MATH FUNCTIONS
ఓLANGUAGE ARTS
$\varkappa$ ¿EARNING TO COUNT MONEY
そLEARNING TO TELL TIME and more!
Priced from $\$ 9.95$ to \$26.95

FGraphics
$\ddagger$ Sound/Color
む̂llolividualized Lessons 3 Positive Feedback


Write today for a free catalog, or ask for a dealer demonstration.

(B)B-5 Software Co. 1024 Bainbridge Place Columbus, Ohio 43228 Phone (614) 276-2752
Teachers: Have you written the "ultimate" program? We'd like to take a look
bytes to be reserved for random file buffers. To prevent an OB Error, this number must be $>=$ the sum of the record lengths of random (direct) files to be open at the same time. Since this buffer space is not used by files opened for sequential access, the program on Page 55 demonstrating the necessity of FILES 1,400 would work just as well without it, A more appropriate example would have been to open a random (direct access) file with a record length of 400 . There are also problems in the FILES routine itself. Use of FILES involves displacement of the graphics a area, and FILES will sometimes set the start of page one to an odd page boundary in Dbasic 1.0. Since the SAM chip can only handle graphics on even pages, this results in garbage appearing at the top of the high resolution picture. To prevent this, test your FILES statement on a computer with Dbasic 1.0 (In RAM, if necessary, I hope to soon publish a routine to install different BASICs from disk files into the upper-half of the 64 K RAM.) before putting it in the program and check the contents of location \$BC. If PRINT PEEK(\& HBC) gives an odd number after FILES, add 256 to the second number in FILES and try again. FILES also may require moving the BASIC program, and in Disk BASIC 1.0 it has the same bug, with similar solutions, that PCLEAR does. Note that many BASIC and machine language programs assume that graphics Page I begins at $\$ E 00$ and makes use of this area. If FILES causes Disk bASIC's file handler variables to move into this area, these programs could cause a crash; therefore, it is a good idea to print a warning to the user when a program's use of FILES causes PEEK (\& $H B C$ ) to exceed 14 ! Finally, executing FILES closes all disk files and does an automatic CLEAR.

# SOFTWARE-HARDW 

-SEND FOR FREE CATALOG.
UTILITY PROGRAMS ON CASSETTE SU-1 CASSETTE COPY $\$ 10 \cong$ II SPECIFY $1 \|$ SU-2 CASSETTE DUMP $\$ 10 \underline{=}$ COMPuter


## Weird And Wonderful

By Richard White<br>Rainbow Contributing Editor

$\mathbf{P}$rogramming a computer is always full of surprises. Perhaps that is why many of us keep at it in spite of its many frustrations. This month, we are going to play with a program sent in by James Shera of Altus, Okla. Jim took me up on my challenge to write a PRINT USING routine for Color BASIC in April 1984 "Bits and Bytes."Jim's code is not the general subroutine I had in mind, but addresses right justified printing of strings and formatting a number to print with alignment on the decimal point. There is a lot to comment on in the logic of his routines. He also added a few pokes I had not seen before which open a whole box full of surprises. Now a surprise may be good or bad, and there are some of both in what we will examine here.

Jim's program essentially makes a formatted listing of outstanding checks, adds the amounts and prints the total amount to the screen or printer. A simple program that will not distract us from studying the how rather that the what is done. The whole program, along with some experiments I added, is at the end of the column.

The jewels begin in Line 53.

## 53 POKE 298,0:POKE303,0 ${ }^{\circ}$ DISABLES EXTENDED BASIC

Line 53 turns both Extended and some of Disk BASIC off.

[^18]It is used here to assure that the program really will work in Color BASIC. I made a few tests from the keyboard just like any doubter would. If you temporarily add 54 END, you can type GOTO 53 from the keyboard and RUN that line only and come back to the keyboard mode. Then type PRINT USING"\#\#.\#\#";22.897 and ENTER. The computer will respond:

0 \#\#.\#\# 22.897
OK
Color BASIC does not recognize USING as a keyword and thinks it is just another variable which, not having been defined before, equals zero. It then dutifully prints the string and the number following exactly as entered from the keyboard. SAVE PROGNAME" returns an SN Error as expected. But, I could open a disk data file, save data to it and close it with Extended BASIC "off." Obviously, the OPEN and PRINT\#D statements use routes through BASIC that are not affected by the above POKEs. BASIC is assuredly "off" only when it has not been "on." When the CoCo comes up in Extended and Disk BASIC, a variety of addresses are set differently than they are in the lower level BASICs.

Two pokes change only two of these "hooks." It's like the front and back doors are locked, but we can climb in through the basement window to get into part of the house.

Let's now turn Extended BASIC back on and try again.

## 288 POKE298,25:POKE303,14 'ENABLES <br> EXTENDED BASIC <br> 290 CLOSE:END

Type GOTO288. Then from the keyboard mode type PRINTUSING"\#\#.\#\#';22.897. The computer replys:
22.90

Now the result is as we expect with PRINT USING functioning. Note that an Error was not reported in Color BASIC because it could treat USING as a variable. We talked last month about variables longer than two characters being accepted by CoCo and will review the topic below.

Observe Line 55 and then I will give you the good news and the bad news.

## 55 POKE360,162:POKE361,191 'ENABLES SCREEN PRINT

The good news is that these pokes cause text to be written to the screen and to the printer at the same time. But, there is bad news. Once you have done this poke, you will not be able to save a data or ASCII file to disk. The file is opened and closed correctly, but no data is stored.

## 285 POKE360,130:POKE361,115 DISABLES SCREEN PRINT

Line 285 stops the dump to the printer and restores the capability to send files to the tape. I am running Disk BASIC and this indeed does stop the dump to the printer, but still redirects ASCII file text to the screen. After a cold start in Disk BASIC, addresses 360 and 361 contain 203 and 74 rather than 130 and 115 . This is a good example of that magical device called a hook. Together, 360 and 361 contain an address to code in the highest level of BASIC in your machine. This hook directs control to the highest level BASIC available which then calls routines in lower level ROMS. If you are running a disk change the line to the following:

## 285 POKE360,203:POKE361,74 'DISABLES SCREEN PRINT

Now I got a surprise here; I had to do some digging to find out why the expected result was not obtained and learned something along the way. No damage was done. You can expect surprises when you poke numbers in memory sections that are controlling CoCo's operation. You ci also expect that what works with Extended BASIC will not work with Disk BASIC. ROM updates will have code at different addresses and POKEs that work with Disk BASIC 1.0 will not work with the greatly revised Disk BASIC 1.1. Radio Shack has taken pains to make sure that published BASIC works the same in both versions. Version and level considerations are one reason I have made very little use of $P O K E S$ in the column. However, you can POKE and PEEK all you want. You will learn a lot about your machine and the worst that can happen is that it may "go west." Just turn it off and then back on and start over.

Lines 60 to 90 set up a menu and allow the user to choose whether to send the output to the screen or printer. But we just went through something like that didn't we? First, Jim wants to have a different format to the printer than he would use on the screen. Second, the Line 55 POKEs provide the ability to put the screen format to both the screen and printer for program development and documentation purposes. The user might not want to do this very often. In fact the program listing I received has Line 55 code preceded by a single quote, turning it into an inoperative REM.

55 'POKE360, 162:POKE361,191 'ENABLES SCREEN

PRINT
60 Q $\$=$ CHR $\$(34)^{\prime}$ QUOTATION MARKS
70 CLS:PRINT@228,"PRESS "Q\$"ENTER"Q\$"FOR SCREEN"
:PRINT@260,"PRESS "Q\$"P"Q\$" FOR HARD COPY"
$80 \mathrm{~A} \$=I N K E Y \$: I F A \$=$ ="THEN80
90 IFAS<"P"THEN D=0:X=4:Y=10:Z=31:WIDTH $=32$ ELSE
$\mathrm{D}=-2: \mathrm{X}=30: \mathrm{Y}=40: \mathrm{Z}=60:$ WIDTH $=80$
Lines 60 and 70 show you how to print quotation marks to the screen. Here $Q \$$ is defined as $C H R \$(34)$, the ASCII value for a quotation mark. $Q \$$ then appears in the code following the $P R I N T$ statement. In this case ENTER and P will be enclosed by quotes. Line 80 is the conventional INKEY\$ routine and Line 90 tests for a P as input and sets tabs (X,Y and Z ) and WIDTH depending on the $I N K E Y \$$ entry. From here on we will see a number of long variable names. They do make the code more readable. You have to be very careful since only the first two letters are significant and conflicts with reserved words are more likely. I think Jim edited the program to add long variables after he got it up and running. One variable he used was TOTAL, which seems like a good name for carrying the total in. But it bombs the program since CoCo sees $T O$, a reserved word and calls SN Error. SUM works and is descriptive.

Earlier, I mentioned the fact that I was able to make a file on disk even though Extended BASIC was "off." I wanted to do this so I could route the program output to an ASCII file and then bring it into this article through the Append Mode of Telewriter. Jim had already set up his PRINT\#D statements with a variable so device numbers could be chosen by the program. D is set in Line 90 as 0 for the screen and -2 for the printer. I added code Lines 94 through 96 to provide the file option.

## 94 IFAS<"P"THENAS="SCREEN"ELSEA\$= "PRINTER" <br> 95 PRINT@324,"PRESS 'D' FOR DISK FILE" <br> $96 \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{INKEY}:$ IFB\$="D"THEND=1:OPEN"O",\#1, A\$ ELSEIFB $\$=$ ""THEN96

In Line 94, $\mathrm{A} \$$ is checked for a " P " and redefined as SCREEN or PRINTER to provide file names. Line 95 prints the option to the menu. Line 96 is an INKEY\$ loop that sets $D=1$ and opens a disk file for output, using \#1 buffer, whose name is in AS. Any key other than "D" drops to the next line without opening the file.

Normally, there would be some sort of routine for data input. Since the program was designed to demonstrate some BASIC procedures, data is provided in DATA statements. This is a good temporary approach when developing and debugging a program. You can later write the input code after the processing routines work. Lines 100 through 160 include initialization of two variables and the DATA statements.

[^19]A $D A T A$ statement consists of the keyword $D A T A$ followed by fields of data separated by commas. You do not have to make a distinction between string data and numbers in the data statement itself. You make the destinction in defining your variables in the $R E A D$ statements. The above $D A T A$ statements consist of a check number which will be treated as a string, a date string and a value which will be treated as a number. Line 190 READs the data.

## 190 READ CHECKS\$,DATE\$,AMOUNT

We are going to print a table and all tables need headings. Lines 170 and 180 perform these chores. The name of the table is held in the variable ITEM\$. Line 170 performs a calculation to center this name. It's a simple subtract the text length from the line WIDTH and divide by two to establish the location to start printing.

## 170 CLS:PRINT\#D,TAB((WIDTH-LEN(ITEMS\$))/2) ITEM\$:PRINT\#D," " <br> 180 PRINT\#D,TAB(X-3)"NO.";TAB(Y+1)"DATE"; TAB(Z-6)"AMOUNT":PRINT\#D," "

Column headings are trickier. Check number and amount are to be right justified so the tab values X and Z refer to the last right column to contain a character. Dates are left justified so the tab position $Y$ is the first column from the left to print. In Line 180, print locations for NO. and AMOUNT are counted back left from X and Z while the heading DATE is centered one character right of the date tab Y.

Data processing occurs in lines 200 through 250. First $D A T E \$$ is checked for an EOF. In this case EOF was included in the terminating record date field in Line 160. This method could be used for a keyboard input routine. Plenty of alternates exist such as -1 in the check number (surely nobody numbers their checks in a series using a -1 ). If an EOF is found, the program goes to Line 260 to develop totals and finish the table.

```
200 IF DATE$="EOF"THEN260
210 SUM=SUM+AMOUNT
220 COUNTER=COUNTER+UNIT
230 N=AMOUNT:GOSUB1010
```

COUNTER simply counts the number of outstanding checks. UNIT was defined as one in Line 110. View it as a constant that might need to be changed at some future time. If all constants used in a program are grouped together and
defined at one place in the program, changes to the constants are easy and one change will affect all places that a constant is used in the program. Here the application is trivial, but demonstrates the procedure.

In Line 230 is a subroutine call to 1010. A good subroutine will be general in nature so it can be called from a number of places in the program. This subroutine takes a number, N , and returns a formatted string N\$. Here the number we want to format is in $A M O U N T$ so we make the assignment $N=A M O U N T$ and GOSUB 1010.

## 240 PRINT\#D,TAB(X-LEN(CHECK\$))CHECK\$;TAB (Y)DATE\$;TAB(Z-LEN(N\$))N\$ <br> 250 GOTOI90

Line 240 prints the data much like we printed headings except the computer is given the task of calculating the lengths of strings $C H E C K \$$ and $N \$$ and counting back from tab locations X and Y .

```
260 N=SUM:GOSUB1010
270 PRINT#D:PRINT#D,TAB(X)COUNT"CHECKS"
280 PRINT#D,TAB(X)"TOTAL AMOUNT'TAB(Z-L
    EN(N$)-1)"$"N$
285 ..
288 ...
290 CLOSE:END
```

Line 260 is the second call to 1010 and N now carries the value from SUM. In Line 270 COUNT is the same variable as COUNTER (remember only the first two characters are meaningful). Note in Line 280 the position to print is moved left by one to allow for the $\$$. In Line 290 a CLOSE is included just in case we had the file open. If it were not opened, nothing is lost. And here is how the result looks on the screen. The printer output is similar, but more spread out and is centered on the page.

## OUTSTANDING CHECKS

| NO. | DATE | AMOUNT |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 89 | Feb. 29 | 100.00 |
| 999 | Apr. 15 | 21.35 |
| 1000 | Apr. 16 | $1,872.99$ |
| 1001 | Apr. 18 | 21.90 |
|  |  |  |
| 4 Checks |  |  |
| Total Amount |  | $\$ 2,016.24$ |

"Plug in Kits" for Cocos* Including the new CoCo II from... eMeleselil Gheliofil

1. EYE-BALL SAYER. Flip easily from NORMAL VIDEO when using games, to REVERSE VIDEO when you write text. Ready to plug in. Price \$19.95....Order \# MK 1233
2. COCO SOUND. Did you buy one of those video things to drive a monitor and now can't hear the sweet sounds of CoCo? No TV or external amp required. Price \$24.95.... Order \#MK 1235, for COCO IIs, order \#MK 1235A
3. COCO DRIVE. Monochrome video driver. Make that text really readable. An improvement really worth plugging in. Price \$19.95....Order \#MK 1236
4. DELUXE YERSIONS for \#1 and \#3 combination. Price \$29.95....\#MK 1239

METRO ELECTRONICS, 5131 Mission St., San Francisco, CA 94112 (415) 333-1917 Established 1963 Terms: Check, Money order, Visa/Master. Add $\$ 2.00$ for Shipping and handling.

[^20]Now we come to the subroutine all the foregoing program was written to demonstrate．It is the equivalent of PRINT USING with the format string＂\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃\＃．\＃\＃＂．Instead of printing the string，the subroutine returns a formatted string that is printed later．PRINT USING rounds the second decimal place so that＇s the first thing done in Line 1010 as well as converting the result to a string without a decimal （＊100）．

```
1010 N$=STR$(INT((N+.005)*100))
1020 IFLEN(N$)>6THEN 1050
1030 N$=MID$(N$,2,LEN(N$)-3)+"."+RIGHT$(N$,2)
1040 GOTO1060 'ALTERNATE 1040 RETURN
1050 N$=MID$(N$,2,LEN(N$)-6)+","+
MID$(N$,LEN(N$)-4,3)+"."+RIGHT$(N$,2)
1060 RETURN
```

A string made from a number using STR $\$$ carries a lead－ ing space．Line 1020 takes this space into account in testing whether there are six or more digits and the comma inser－ tion，Line 1050 ，is to be used．Line 1030 takes a five digit or smaller number and inserts a decimal point before the second digit from the right．Basically a left－hand portion of the string is obtained，a point is added and the right two digits are added．The GOTO1060 only sends the program to a RETURN statement．My preference is to throw out the GOTO and use a return．Line 1050 is like 1030 except a comma is added．

This subroutine is specific to a particular need，formatting a number and returning it as a string．Now that you have an example of how it is done，try your own．


The listing：

[^21]69 Q $0=$ CHR $(34)^{\prime}$ QUOTATION MARKS 70 CLS：PRINTe228，＂PRESS＂Q ${ }^{\text {D }}$＂ENTE R＂Q＂FOR SCREEN＂：PRINTE260，＂PRE SS＂Qo＂P＂Q＂FOR HARD COPY＂
B9 A $=$ INKEY ${ }^{2}$ ：IFA $=$＂＂THENB
90 IFA $\langle<$＂P＂THEN $D=\varnothing: X=4: Y=10: Z=$ 31：WIDTH＝32 ELSE $D=-2: X=36: Y=40:$
Z＝6日：WIDTH＝8の
94 IFA $\langle>$＂P＂THENA $=$＝＂SCREEN＂ELSEA事＝＂PRINTER＂
95 PRINTE324，＂PRESS＂D＂FOR DISK FILE＂
$96 \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{INKEY}$ ： $\mathrm{IFB}=$＝＂D＂THEND＝＋1：OP EN＂ロ＂，\＃1，A象 ELSEIFBक＝＂＂THEN96
100 ITEM $=$＂OUTSTANDING CHECKS＂
119 UNIT＝1
129 DATA 89，FEB 29，190
130 DATA 999，APR 15，21．35
140 DATA 100ø，APR 16，1872．99
150 DATA 1901, APR 18，21．90
160 DATA 9999，EDF，$\emptyset$
179 CLS：PRINT\＃D，TAB（（WIDTH－LEN（I
TEMS（））／2）ITEM末：PRINT\＃D，＂＂
189 PRINT\＃D，TAB $(X-3)$＂ND．＂：TAB $(Y+$ 1）＂DATE＂：TAB（Z－6）＂AMOUNT＂：PRINT\＃ D，＂＂
190 READ CHECKS $\$$, DATE $\$$, AMOUNT
200 IF DATE $=$＂EDF＂THEN26ø
219 SUM＝SUM＋AMOUNT
220 COUNTER＝COUNTER＋UNIT
230 N＝AMOUNT：GOSUB1ø10
24＠PRINT\＃D，TAB（X－LEN（CHECK $\$$ ））CH
 \＄
250 G0TO190
$260 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{SUM}$ ：GOSUB1010
27ø PRINT\＃D：PRINT\＃D，TAB（X）COUNT＂ CHECKS＂
$28 \emptyset$ PRINT\＃D，TAB $(x)$＂TOTAL AMOUNT＂

285 POKE360，130：POKE361，115 ${ }^{2}$ DIS
ABLES SCREEN PRINT
288 POKE298，25：POKE303， 14 ＂ENABL
ES EXTENDED EASIC WITH DISK BASI C
290 CLOSE：END
10.0 REM＊＊PRINT USING NUMBER F ORMATTER＊＊

1029 IFLEN（Nक）＞6THEN1ø5ø
 ＋RIGHT（No，2）
1940 GOTO1ø6ø＂ALTERNATE 1940 RE TURN
 ＋MID事（Nक，LEN（Nक）－4，3）＋＂．＂＋RIGHT （ $\mathrm{N}=, 2$ ）
$106 \varnothing$ RETURN

# Computer Simulation For Fun And Prophet 

 Part II: Exogenous Human Interaction Simulation - The Stock MarketBy Dr. Bob Tyson

"O$h$, I can do better than that!" We've all said that one time or another. "If I were the teacher . . . If I were the Commander-in-Chief... If I were the pole sitter . . . ." Computer Simulations give us the opportunity to prophesy our capability if we were someone that we might never be. "The pilot, the astronaut, the quarterback, are all possibilities if we let the computer do the work for us by just acting as "the other side." Part one of this series, last month, dealt with the components of a Simulation and how prophecy-by-computer is accomplished. The universe and the initial boundary conditions were defined so that anyone with an idea, a computer, and a little programming ability might be able to write a Simulation. One of the most difficult tasks in any Simulation is the art of simulating human thought or the world's reactions to our human thought. This article describes a few of the details of simulating human thought with emphasis on seeing how we might do if conditions were not known in a stock market Simulation.

After deciding what you want to simulate, defining your universe, and setting your initial and final boundary conditions, you can begin to simulate the human thought processes that go into your Simulation. There are two types of simulated human thought. One is called endogenous, which means "from within." An endogenous Simulation is one which lets the program do "the thinking." In an exogenous ("from without") Simulation, the player runs the program and does the thinking. Both are equally difficult to do. Endogenous Simulations are limited by their universe. They can only think certain things. They are not complete human

[^22]brains. On the other hand, an exogenous Simulation will let the "player" think anything, but the computer programmer must have anticipated every possible thought that may arise.

I say these are equally difficult after examining my Strategy Football Simulation. In it, the program had both endogenous and exogenous human thought Simulations. The endogenous part came about when the computer had to play one of the teams. It chose plays, punts and onside kicks based on my own perception of the need for certain plays. I programmed it so that it would not try to kick a 95 yard field goal since that wasn't reasonable. One of the bugs in the published version of the Simulation allowed a very good chance of success for a 95 -yard field goal. The exogenous part, the part where the player entered the plays, allowed for that possibility. Thus, a go-for-broke player might just try such an absurd thing and be successful. That, unfortunately, was the case. The universe for the exogenous human interaction just was not well enough defined. That is a pitfall in any complicated human thought Simulation.

Some endogenous thinking can be done with random numbers. For instance, if the best play to call would be a punt, but one out of 15 times, a forward pass might be successful, the computer could simply generate a random number $R N D(15)$ and see if it was equal to 1 . If so, it would run the unlikely, but surprising play. Another approach to programming endogenous human thought is the $I F$ statement. These can be quite complicated. For instance a chess Simulation - which is the epitome of human thought Simulations - generally runs through dozens of $I F \ldots$. . THEN type statements (in BASIC or Machine Language) before it decides on the best one. It loses because the programmer didn't have the right one in there, not because it made a mistake. The state-of-the-art of endogenous human thought Simulations is called "artificial intelligence," which I will be writing about next month. The crux of this month's article is really exogenous human thought Simulation which is the basis for the Stock Market Simulation.

## The Stock Market Simulation

Key in the listing shown or load it from RAINBOW ON TAPE. It takes more than 16 K after it is run. The Simulation allows up to five players to test their skill buying and selling securities as the market rises and falls. If you think you are a latter-day E.F. Hutton then this Simulation, since it is exogenous, lets you prove it. This is more than a simple buy low-sell high Simulation . . . everybody writes those. This program allows buying and selling stocks, short selling, options (puts and calls), borrowing against the prime rate, and the purchase of fixed rate bonds. It also provides a description of 10 different stocks along with a plot of their performance at any time.

The universe for this Simulation is the 10 stocks from 10 diverse companies, fixed rate bonds, up to seven options-tobuy, borrowing and paying on a debt, exercising the option-to-buy, and long and short selling on the 10 stocks. The Simulation provides for stock splitting and bankruptcies. If you don't know exactly what I'm talking about, just play it with buying and selling and buy a book on the subject, or ask a teacher or a broker, then let them play it and see how well they do. Most importantly, enjoy yourself. You just might learn something.

The Simulation is menu driven. After watching the logo when all the data arrays are initialized in lines $10-90$, the main menu will appear. This will step through the players with the "day" shown on the screen. The "day" really simulates about two weeks in an actual market like the New York Stock Exchange. However, if you change the names and initial conditions in Lines 9000-9017 you can simulate any exchange. If you try a commodities exchange, my computer "day" simulates only a few minutes. Each player has many options (not to be confused with his "options" listed). He can look at his own portfolio; this tells him what he owns and what he owes. It also tells him the condition of any option that he owns. From the main menu, any player can review the current market status. This will tell him the current price of the 10 stocks and their high and low value over the last 12 days. (Remember a "day" is not a day.) The current market status menu will also tell you the prime rate, the market average, and the increase or decrease from the last period. From this menu, you can also get a "description" of each stock. The description routine will ask you for the ticker symbol of the stock (that's a three-letter abbreviation). It will give you a brief market analysis and a graphic plot of its performance over.the last 12 days. The number on the upper left of the plot is the maximum of the vertical axis. It's also a clue to when the stock might split. This is useful when you've got a half dozen stocks floating around and you forgot what they were. From this menu you can also get a list of the options for sale. You can't purchase or sell anything from this menu, you can just get information.

From the main menu you can choose to place an order. This will allow you to buy, sell, and do just about everything except call Merrill Lynch. Investing allows you to buy a stock at its current market price and pay the commission. The Simulation will tell you how many shares you can afford and then prompt you for the number of shares you wish to buy.

Don't enter fractional or negative shares; it was debugged, but I'm not perfect. Divesting allows you to sell shares, also with the commission fee. If you don't own any, the Simulation will stop you. After all, the Securities and Exchange Commission must do its job.

A "short sell" is a gamble that the stock price will go down, rather than up. If you short sell a stock you essentially
borrow the shares and sell them. This money is added to your cash on hand. The shares will show up in your portfolio with an 'S' beside them (for Short). If you bought the shares outright, by INVESTING, the shares will have an "L" beside them in the portfolio (for Long). This looks like a way to borrow money, and it is, but it really becomes a debt you incurred. Cancelling the short sell is the opposite. You must have enough cash to "buy back" the shares that you borrowed. If you want to cancel the short sale, just borrow enough to buy back all the shares, and then do it. This Simulation Universe doesn't allow someone to own a stock "long" and "short" at the same time. If you can't decide whether it's going up or down, l can't either.

Another investing trick of the trade is the "option." This Simulation provides only for an option-to-buy. The option-to-sell just makes it that much more complicated. When you purchase an option, you purchase a chance to buy the stock at a fixed price before a fixed expiration date. All this is spelled out on the option. If the price of the stock goes above the option price then you should exercise the option and "buy the stock at a bargain." If nothing happens before the option expires, just let it die. The price of the option is always much less than the price of the shares. In real life you could also sell the option itself, since it has value. But, in this Simulation you must "exercise it" to buy the shares and then take your profit by selling them.

Sooner or later you may need more money. You can simply borrow what you need here. The rate is based on the prime interest rate that is shown. But, as in real life, the more you borrow, the lower the rate becomes. Don't overdo it; you can easily go into debt too far. At any time you can also pay back all or part of the loan. That will save you a lot of interest.

The last player has an extra choice at his main menu. He, or she, can EXIT to see the results. This ends the Simulation. You can compare yourself with the other players by looking at your total net worth. If the last player decides to continue to the next "day" they just press ' $G$ '. The Simulation will then do all the updating. This takes place in lines beginning with 5000 . The new stock prices are computed based on bull (rising) or bear (falling) market conditions. The new averages are computed. The arrays holding the stock price histories are updated. If a stock price has gone too high, depending on its market analysis, it will split. This is where each owner of the stock will get two shares for each one he owns and the price of the stock will be halved. By itself, it is meaningless, but say, for instance, that the stock rises, on the average, $\$ 2$ a day. If the stock sells for $\$ 20 /$ share that's 10 percent. But now, if it splits, and the price goes to $\$ 10$ /share the same $\$ 2$ increase amounts to 20 percent. In general, if you own a stock when it splits, that's good. On the other hand, if the stock price goes to zero, the company becomes bankrupt. Any shares that you hold are generally worthless, but the Simulation gives you a break, it only takes 90 percent of your unfortunate shares. The company will start over, cautiously.

Also during the update period, dividends are paid to owners of stock. You will be able to see this by your cash increase. If you have any outstanding debt, the bank will deduct the interest and you will see a cash decrease. All these operations are automatic since the broker and banker of the Simulation are endogenous.

Good luck, capitalists. Don't let greed and longing for power overcome your senses. This mainly exogenous Simulation doesn't have a conscience. The prophecy you make may be your own.


The listing：
10 DIM S（5，24），V（11，7），OP $(7,6), N$ （\＄ 5 ），T（事（16）， $\mathrm{PH}(19,24)$
15 CLS9：PRINTE132，＂ 5 T O C K M A R K E T＂：iPRINTa196，＂SIMUL ATION BY BOB TYSON＂；
17 I事＝＂\％\％\％\％\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\％\％事\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃ \＃\＃．\＃\＃＂
29 PMODE 3，1：PCLS（1）：COLOR 2，4 21 LINE（19，18ø）－（230，20），PSET，B F：COLOR 3，4：LINE 119,189$)-(230,29$
），PSET，B
22 DRAW＂BM20，3ø；R2øL2øD2øR2øD2øL 29；BR4øU4のL10R16；BR1øD49R29U4øL2
 14F14D7＂
23 DRAW＂BM19，169；E49F 19E25F2øE5Ø

F2øE22F8E25＂：PAINT（190，175），4，3 24 DRAW＂BM50，172；U40F10E10D4ø；BR 10U49R2のD2øL29R2ตD2ø；BR1øU4のR2のD 2øL29R14D3R3D3R3D14；BR19U4ØD2øR7 E14G14F14D7：BR19R2のL2のU2のR14L14U 20R2の；BR19R20L19D4の＂
25 SCREEN 1；$: F O R X=1$ TO 1ø：GOSU B 990．：NEXT
29 SCREEN $\varnothing$ ，$\varnothing$ ：CLS：：PRINT＂ENTER N UMBER OF PLAYERS 1－5＂：INPUT NP
$39 \mathrm{DA}=1: \mathrm{P}=1: \mathrm{PR}=11+\mathrm{RND}(2 \emptyset) / 19: \mathrm{DN}=$ 1

35 IF NPくも OR NP＞5 THEN 29
49 FOR $S=1$ TO $19:$ READ $V(5,1): V\{5$ $, 2)=V(5,1): V(5,4)=V(5,1):$ READ $V$（ $5,6), V(5,7):$ NEXT：FOR I＝1 TO 7：RE AD V（11，I）：NEXT
50 FOR PP＝1 TO NP：FOR I＝1 TO 24： S（PP，I）＝ø：NEXT I：S（PP，22）＝25øøø： NEXT PP
6ض LA＝ø：FDR S＝1 TO 1ø：FOR X＝1 TO
12： $\mathrm{PH}(5, x)=\mathrm{V}(5,1): \mathrm{PH}(5, x+12)=\varnothing$ ： NEXT X：LA＝LA＋V（S，1）：NEXT 5：LA＝LA ／10：DN＝10
70 FOR PP＝1 TO NP：CLS：PRINT eb5， ＂ENTER NAME OF PLAYER＂；PF，＂＂：IN PUT No（PP）：NEXT PP

Computer Servo Controlled Robot Arm


## Robot－1

Keyboard or Joystick Control Remembers Everything It Did \＆does it again

Typical System Includes：
－Robot－1 \＆Cables
－ 6 Channel Servo Controller
－Power Supply
All Software with source code
Modular Robotic Accessories：
－Mobile Cart for Traveling Robot
Radio Links between all Functions
－Robot－mounted MicronEye －Ultrasonic Range Finder
Robot－1 Series
starting at $\$ 289.00$ for the Color Computer and 6809 SS50 Computers
Additional Systems Available Robot－1R Ior Redlo Control Systems

80 FOR S＝1 TO 1ヵ：READ T⿻三丨口（S）：NEXT 5
99 GOSUB E496：LA＝AV：FOR $I=1$ TO 7 ：OP（I，6）$=-1$ ：NEXT I：GOSUB 870 9 100 CLS3：PRINT e49，＂MENU＂；
 INT E134；＂DAY＝＂；DA；＂＂
102 PRINT 160 ，＂V－VIEW
PORTFOLID C－CURRE
NT MARKET STATUS P－－PLACE ORDER ＂：
103 IF P＝NP THEN PRINT＂G
－－GD TO NEXT WEEK
$X$
－－EXIT TO SEE RESULTS＂；ELSE P
RINT＂
G－－GO TO NEXT PLAY
ER＂
110 K\＄＝INKEY\＄：IF K\＄＝＂＂THEN 110
ELSE IF K\＄＝＂V＂THEN 1990 ELSE IF K $=$＂C＂THEN 200の ELSE IF K\＄＝＂P＂
 øø5 ELSE IF（K\＄＝＂G＂AND P＝NP）TH EN 5 $50 . E L S E$ IF $\langle K \$=" G " A N D ~ P<>N$ P）THEN 4060 ELSE 110
1000 CLS：PRINT Nक（P）
1010 PRINT＂ITEM SHARES TYPE VA LUE＂
1020 FOR $5=1$ Tロ 15
1030 IF $S(P, S)<>0$ THEN 1050
1040 IF $S(P, S+10)\rangle 6$ THEN 1070 E LSE $110 \%$
1950 PRINT USING I事；T ${ }^{(5)}$（S）＂＂；
S（P，S）；＂L＂；S（P，S）＊V（S，1）
1666 GOTO 1100
$107 \infty$ PRINT USING I事；T⿻⿱⿱一口⺕亅八（S）；＂＂；
$S(P, S+10) ; " \quad S ": S(P, S+10) * V(S$,
1）
1100 NEXT
1110 IF $S(P, 21)<\rangle \emptyset$ THEN 1120 ELS E $113 \boldsymbol{D}$
1120 PRINT USING＂\％\％\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\％\％\＄
क\＃，䉽\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂；＂BONDS＂；S \｛P，21）；
＂＂5 S（P，21）＊100
1130 PRINT USING＂\％\％\％\％
疌\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂；＂CASH
＂；＂
＂：S（P，22）
$114 \emptyset$ PRINT USING＂\％\％\％\％
क\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂；＂DEBT＂；＂
＂；S（P，23）

S）$-S(P, S+10)) * V(S, 1): N E X T$
$1160 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{X}+1000 * 5(\mathrm{P}, 21)+5(\mathrm{P}, 22)-5($ P，23）
1176 PRINT USINE＂\％
$\%$
事\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂；＂TOTAL VALUE＂：
1175 IF $S(P, 22)>0$ THEN 1189 ELSE PRINT＂YOU MUST EORRDW FUNDS＂：gロ SUB 990．：G0TO 3409
1180 PRINT＂〈M〉 FDR MENU，〈P〉 TD PLACE ORDER 〈N〉 TO VIEW OPTION

OWNED＂
1190 K事＝INKEY事：IF K事＝＂＂THEN 119 0 ELSE IF K IF K\＄＝＂M＂THEN 100 ELSE IF K ${ }^{(10 y}=$＂P ＂THEN $390 \%$ ELSE 1190
$1200 \mathrm{I}=1$
1210 IF OP（I，G）＝P THEN 1240
$1220 \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+1: \mathrm{IF} \quad \mathrm{I}<8$ THEN 1210 ELSE $123 \varnothing$
1230 PRINT＂YOU OWN NO OPTIONS＂： OSUB 99め日：GOTO 190
1240 PRINT＂YOU OWN AN OPTION TO BUY＂：PRINT OP（I；2）：＂SHARES OF＂
 ＂$/$ SHARE＂：PRINT＂EXPIRES ON＂；OP？ 1，4）
1250 GロTO 1180
2090 CLS：PRINT＂CURRENT
MARKET＂
2610 PRINT＂ITEM HIGH．．．LOW．．． CLOSE：．．＂
2920 FOR S＝1 TO 19
2025 G0SUB 8890

$X=V I: V\{S, 2\rangle=V V$
2045 VV＝V（S．，4）：GロSUB 8190：Yक＝K申：
$Y=V I: V\{5,4\}=V V$
205 VV＝V（S，1）：G0SUB 8100：Z $\ddagger=K \$:$
$Z=V I: V\{S, 1\rangle=V V$
2970 PRINT USING＂\％\％\＃\＃\＃\％\％\＃\＃
\＃\％\％\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃$\%$＂；T $\%$（S）＋＂＂；X；X
；Y；Y $\ddagger$ ；Z；Z
2089 NEXT 5
2990 PRINT＂BONDS
क $100 g^{\prime \prime}$
$21 \emptyset \emptyset$ PRINT＂PRIME＝＂；PR；＂\％＂；：G0
SUB 日4øø：PRINT USING＂\％\％\＃\＃\＃
\＃，\＃\＃＂；＂AVERAEE＂；AV
$2107 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{ABS}(\mathrm{AV}-\mathrm{LA}) * 1006) / 1006$
：IF AV＞LA THEN K $=$＝＂UP＂＋STR\＄（X）
ELSE IF AV《LA THEN K\＄＝＂DOWN＂＋
STR\＄$(X)$ ELSE K
210日 PRINT K
$211 \varnothing$ PRINT＂〈M〉 MENU，＜D＞DESCR．，＜
V）OPTIONS＂；
2120 K申＝INKEYक：IF K\＄＝＂＂THEN 212
0 ELSE IF K $\ddagger=$＂M＂THEN $19 \varnothing$ ELSE I
F K\＄＝＂D＂THEN 6009 ELSE IF K申＝＂V
＂THEN $220 \emptyset$ ELSE 2120
2209 G0SUB 230め
2210 GOTO 2110
2390 CLS：PRINT＂OPTIONS AVAILABLE ＂

2310 FOR I＝1 Tロ 7
2320 IF $\square P\{I, 6\rangle\rangle \varnothing$ THEN $235 \emptyset$
233ø PRINT＂\＃＂；I；＂一＂；OP（I；2）；＂ 5
HARES DF＂pT\＄\｛OP（I，1））
 EXPIRES＂：OP（I，4）

234ø PRINT＂OPTION COSTS $\ddagger$＂；OP（I， 5）
2345 PRINT＂HIT KEY FOR NEXT＂
2346 K $\$=$ INKEY事：IF K $\$="$＂THEN 234
－ELSE 2350
2350 NEXT I
2360 RETURN
3øøஜ CLS：PRINT＂P L A CE OR D ER＂
$3 ø 1 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂＜I＞INVEST（BUY） ＜D＞DIVEST（SELL．
，＜S＞SHORT SELL ＜C〉 CANCEL SHOR
T SELL＂
3615 PRINT＂＜N＞PURCHASE OPTION
〈E〉 EXERCISE OPTION
＜B＞EORROW FUNDS
＜T＞PAY TOWARDS DEBT＂
$3 \emptyset 20$ PRINT：PRINT＂〈M＞MENU
＜P＞PLACE ANDTH

## ER ORDER＂


ELSE IF K $\$=" I "$ THEN $31 \emptyset \emptyset$ ELSE I F K事＝＂D＂THEN 3200 ELSE IF K ＂THEN 330ø ELSE IF K $=$＂B＂THEN 3490
$304 \varnothing$ IF K K\＄＝＂M＂THEN $19 \varnothing$ ELSE IF K\＄＝＂P＂
THEN 3996 ELSE IF K $=$＂ C ＂THEN 36 Øø ELSE IF K $=$＂N＂THEN $370 \emptyset$ ELSE
IF K $=$＝＂E＂THEN $389 \varnothing$ ELSE 3939 31øø CLS：PRINT＂I N VESTIN $G^{\prime \prime}$
3110 PRINT＂CURRENT CASH AVAILAB LE \＄＂；S（P，22）
3129 GOSUB 829.
3122 IF S＝ø THEN 3120
3125 IF $S=11$ THEN $V V=\varnothing$ ELSE $V V=V$ （S，1）
3126 IF $S<>11$ AND $S(P, 1 \emptyset+5)\langle<\varnothing$ T
HEN 3199 ELSE GOSUB $81 \emptyset \emptyset$
312 IF $S=11$ THEN 3130 ELSE PRIN T＂CURRENT PRICE IS＂：VI：K
$3129 \mathrm{X=INT}$（INT $\{5(P, 22) / V(S, 1) / 10$ छ）＊1øø）－1øø：PRINT＂YOU CAN AFFORD
＂； $\mathrm{X} ; \mathrm{"}$ SHARES＂：GOTO $314 \varnothing$
$313 \emptyset x=\operatorname{INT}(5(P, 22) / 1 ø ø \emptyset)-1:$ PRINT
＂CURRENT PRICE IS ＂：PRINT＂YOU CAN AFFORD＂；X；＂BON DS＂
3140 PRINT＂HOW MANY DO YOU WISH T0 BUY？＂：INPUT NS：GOSUB 860．IF FLAG＝1 THEN 3129 ELSE IF NS $>X$ TH EN 3140
$3150 \mathrm{DL}=\mathrm{NS} * V(5,1)$ ：GOSUB 8509
$3155 \mathrm{CV}=\mathrm{INT}$（DL＋CM＊DL／106）
3169 PRINT＂YOUR COST IS 事＂；CV：P RINT＂INCLUDING A＂；CM；＂\％COMMIS SION＂

3170 PRINT＂VERIFY SALE（Y／N）＂
 Ø ELSE IF K $=$＝N＂THEN 1 øø ELSE I F K\＄＝＂Y＂THEN $319 \varnothing$ ELSE 3189
3190 IF $S=11$ THEN $S(P, 21)=S(P, 21$ ）＋NS
3192 IF $S<11$ AND $S>\varnothing$ THEN $S(P, S)$ $=S(P, S)+N S$
$3194 S(P, 22)=S(P, 22)-C V$
3198 GOTD 190
3199 PRINT＂YOU OWN THESE SHARES SHORT，YOU CANNOT BUY THEM LONG＂ ：GOSUB 99øø：GOSUB 99øø：G0TO 1øø 32のø CLS：PRINT＂D I VESTIN G＂
3210 GOSUB 92øø：IF S＝ø THEN 3210 3229 IF S＝11 THEN 325ø
3230 IF $S(P, S)=\emptyset$ THEN 3231 ELSE 3235
3231 PRINT＂YOU DO NOT OWN ANY 5 HARES＂：GOSUB 990．0：GOTO 100
3235 PRINT＂YOU OWN＂；S（P，S）；＂ 5 HARES＠＂；：VV＝V（S，1）：GOSUB 日1øø：P RINT VI；K
$3240 \mathrm{X}=5(\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{S}):$ GOTO 3269
$325 \emptyset x=S(P, 21): V V=V(11,1)$
3260 PRINT＂HOW MANY DO YOU WISH TO SELL？＂：INPUT NS：GOSUB 8690：IF FLAG＝1 THEN 3235
3270 IF $X$＜NS THEN 3269
3275 DL＝NS＊VV：GOSUB 85øø
3289 CV＝DL－CM＊DL／196
3285 PRINT＂YOUR REVENUE IS ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} ; \mathrm{CV}$ ：PRINT＂INCLUDING A＂；CM；＂\％COMM ISSION＂：PRINT＂VERIFY SALE（Y／N）＂
3287 K $\$=$ INKEY $\$$ ：IF K $\$=1 "$ THEN 328
7 ELSE IF K $=$＂N＂THEN $10 \emptyset$ ELSE I
F K $=$＂Y＂THEN 3290 ELSE 3287
3299 IF $S=11$ THEN $S(P, 21)=S(P, 21$ ）－NS
3291 IF $S<11$ AND $S>\emptyset$ THEN $S(P, S)$ $=S(P, S)-N S$
$32925(P, 22)=5(P, 22)+C V$
3294 EロTO $10 \emptyset$
3300 CLS：PRINT＂SHORT SELL A COM MON STOCK＂
3320 GOSUB 9209
3322 IF S＝ø OR 5＝11 THEN 3329
3323 IF $S(P, S)>\varnothing$ THEN 3325
$3324 \mathrm{VV}=\mathrm{V}(5,1):$ GOSUB 8100：G0TO 3 328
3325 PRINT＂YOU CAN NOT SHORT SEL
L A STOCK THAT YOU OWN LONG；YO
U HAVE＂：PRINT $\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{S}) ; "$ SHARES OF IT＂：GOSUB 99øø：GOTO 100
3328 PRINT＂CURRENT PRICE IS＂iv I；K
$334 \varnothing$ PRINT＂HOW MANY DO YOU WISH TO SHORT SELL？＂：INPUT NS

```
3350 DL=NS*V(S,1):G0SUB 8596
3355 CV=DL-CM*DL/106
336@ PRINT "YOUR GAIN IS $";CV:P
RINT"INCLUDING A ";CM;" % COMMIS
SION"
3370 PRINT"VERIFY SALE (Y/N)"
338@ K$$=INKEY$:IF K$="" THEN 338
% ELSE IF K$="N" THEN 10\varnothing ELSE I
F K$="Y" THEN 3399 ELSE 338%
3390 S{P;S+10)=S(P;S+1\varnothing)+NS
3394 S(P,22)=S(P,22)+CV
3398 GOTO 100
3400 CLS:PRINT" B ORRDWIN
G"
341\emptyset PRINT:PRINT"THE PRIME RATE
IS ";PR;" %"
3420 PRINT"HDW MUCH DO YOU WISH
TO BGRROW?":INPUT NS:IF NS<0 THE
N 3426
3424 IF NS=0 THEN 100
3425 IF NS>1 
    X=PR+1.5
3430CV=NS*X*, }01/26:PRINT"YOUR B
IWEEKLY INTEREST PAYMENT WILL B
E ";:PRINT USING"串#####.###";CV
3440 PRINT"VERIFY TRANSACTION (Y
/N)"
345@ K$=INKEY申:IF K$="" THEN 345
0 ELSE IF K串="N" THEN 10% ELSE I
```



F K $=$＂$=$ Y＂THEN 3460 ELSE 3450 $3469 S(P, 24)=(5(P, 24) * S(P, 23)+X *$ $N S) /(S(P, 23)+N S): S(P, 23)=S(P, 23)$ $+N S: S(P, 22)=S(P, 22)+N S$
3476 GOTD 100
350\％CLS：PRINT＂PAYMENT ON DEET＂ 3505 PRINT：PRINT＂YOU OWE ${ }^{\circ}$＂；S（P； 23）
3510 PRINT＂HOW MUCH DO YOU WISH TO PAY？＂：INPUT NS：IF NSくS（P，22）
THEN 3525
3520 PRINT＂YOU DON＂T HAVE THAT M UCH．－YOU ONLY HAVE ${ }^{\text {F＂：}} \mathrm{S}$（P， 22）：G0SUB 990．GOTO 3510
3525 IF NSくS（P，23）THEN 3536 ELS E PRINT＂YOU DON＂T OWE THAT MUCH 3526 GロSUB 99øぁ：G0Tロ 3510
3530 PRINT＂THAT WILL LEAVE YOU W ITH \＄＂：S（P，22）－NS
3540 PRINT＂THE PRIME RATE IS＂झP R：＂\％＂
3559 PRINT＂VERIFY SALE（Y／N）＂
35b0 K\＄＝INKEY\＄：IF K\＄＝＂＂THEN 356
9 ELSE IF K\＄＝＂N＂THEN 106 ELSE I F K\＄＝＂Y＂THEN 357 ELSE 3566
$3570 S(P, 22)=S(P, 22)-N S: S(P, 23)=$ S（P，23）－NS：G0TO 106
3600 CLS：PRINT＂CANCEL A SHORT S OLD STOCK＂
3629 GDSUB 820ø
3622 IF $5=0$ OR $5=11$ THEN 3620
3623 IF $S(P, S+1 \varnothing)=9$ THEN 3625
3624 VV＝V（S，1）：G0SUB 810ø：G0T0 3 628
3625 PRINT＂YOU DO NDT HAVE ANY 5 HARES THAT ARE SHORT SOLD＂：GOSUB 99øø：GOTD 1øø
3628 PRINT＂CURRENT PRICE IS＂；V 1；K\＄
3630 $X=I N T\{I N T\{S(P, 22) / V(5,1) / 1 \varnothing$ （0）＊1øø）－1øø：IF $x>S(P, S+16)$ THEN $X$ $=5(P, 5+1 \emptyset)$
3635 PRINT＂YOU CAN AFFORD＂ $\mathrm{X} \boldsymbol{X}$＂ SHARES＂
3640 PRINT＂HOW MANY DO YOU WISH TO BUY BACK？＂：INPUT NS：GOSUB 8606：IF FLAG＝1 THEN $363 \varnothing$ ELSE I $F$ NS $>X$ THEN $364 \varnothing$
365ø DL＝NS＊VV：GOSUB 85＠6
$3660 \mathrm{CV}=\mathrm{DL}+\mathrm{CM} * \mathrm{DL} / 19 \varnothing$
3662 PRINT＂YOUR COST IS ${ }^{\circ}$＂；CV：P RINT＂INCLUDING A＂；CM；＂\％COMMIS SION＂
3670 PRINT＂VERIFY SALE（Y／N）＂
36日の K申＝INKEY末：IF K事＝＂THEN 368 6 ELSE IF K $\ddagger=$＂N＂THEN $19 \varnothing$ ELSE I F K\＄＝＂Y＂THEN 3690 ELSE 368 $36905(P, S+10)=S(P, S+1 \emptyset)-N S$
$36945(P, 22)=5(P, 22)-C V$
3698 GDTD $1 \varnothing \emptyset$
$3799 \mathrm{~K}=9$
3791 FOR $I=1$ TO 7：IF OP $(1,6)=P T$ HEN K＝I
3702 NEXT I
3703 IF K＝ 6 THEN 3799 ELSE 3704
3794 PRINT＂YOU DWN AN OPTION ALR EADY＂：GOSUB 9900：GOTO 109
3799 GUSUB 239ø
3710 PRINT＂CHOOSE DPTION \＃： 0 F OR MENU＂
$372 \varnothing$ INPUT I：IF I＜＝ 9 THEN $1 \varnothing \varnothing$
3739 IF DP $(I, 5)\langle 5\{P, 22)$ THEN 375 $\emptyset$
3749 PRINT＂YOU CAN＂T AFFORD IT＂： GOSUB 99øめ：GOTO 10ø
3759 OP $(1,6)=P: S(P, 22)=S(P, 22)-\square$ P（I，5）
3760 GOTO 196
उ8 $\quad$ CL5：K＝ø
$381 \varnothing$ FOR $I=1$ TO 7：IF OP $(1,6)=P T$ HEN K＝I
3820 NEXT I
3830 IF K＝ 6 THEN $384 \varnothing$ ELSE 3850
3840 PRINT＂YOU DWN NO OPTIONS＂：E
OSUB 970 ：GOTO 1øø
$385 \emptyset$ IF $S(P, O P(K, 1)+1 \emptyset)<>\varnothing$ THEN
3998
$3866 x=0 P(K, 2) * \square P(K, 3): Y=0 P(K, 2)$ ＊V（OP $(K, 1), 1)$
3865 IF $X>S\{P, 22)$ THEN 3749
3875 PRINT＂YOUR COST IS 事＂；：PRI NT USING＂排\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃＂：X
38日ø PRINT＂MARKET PRICE IS 串＂： PRINT USING＂\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃＂；
389ø PRINT＂VERIFY OPTION SALE $Y Y$ ／N）＂
3895 K $\$=I N K E Y \$: I F K \$="$ THEN 389 5 ELSE IF K丰＝＂Y＂THEN 3896 ＊ELSE 190
$3896 S(P, 22)=5(P, 22)-X: S(P, \square P(K$, 1））$=S(P, O P(K, 1))+\square P(K, 2)$
3897 DP（K，6）＝－1：GOTD 1＠ø
3898 PRINT＂YOU OWN THIS STOCK SH ORT CANCEL THE SHORT GELL
FIRST＂：GOSUB 99øめ：GOSUB 99øめ：G0 T0 196
$496 \varnothing \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ ：IF $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{NP}+1$ THEN 5ळøø
$46 \varnothing 1$ GOTO 1 øø
5000 CLS： $\mathrm{DA}=\mathrm{DA}+1: P=1: Z=\mathrm{RND}$（ $\varnothing$ ）
5005 IF $2>.7$ THEN 5øø8 ELSE IF $Z$ $<.3$ THEN 5097 ELSE 5006
5øø6 PRINT＂MIXED MARKET＂：GOSUB 9 9めぁ：GOTO 5め1ぁ
5097 PRINT＂BEAR MARKET＂：GOSUB 99 0め：GOTO 5919
5øø8 PRINT＂BULL MARKET＂：GOSUB 99 90：GOTO 5 510

5919 FOR $5=1$ TO 10
$5020 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{V}(5,1)+\mathrm{Z} * V(5,6): V=V(5,6)$
5030 GOSUB 830ø
$5649 \quad V(5,1)=T: V(5,3)=T: P H(5,24)=$ $\emptyset$
$505 \%$ IF $V(S, 1)<=\varnothing$ THEN $510 \%$ ELSE IF $V(5,1)>V(5,7)$ THEN 5200
5060 NEXT 5
$5 \boxed{59}$ FOR $X=1$ TO NP＊DEDUCT INTE REST
$5080 \quad Y=5(X, 23) * S(X, 24) / 2609$
$50965(X, 22)=S\{X, 22)-Y: I F S\{X, 22$ ）$>0$ THEN 5976
$50925(X, 23)=S(X, 23)+Y$
5996 NEXT X
5998 GOTO 53øø
$510 \%$ V $\{5,1\rangle=\varnothing: V(5,3)=\varnothing:$ PRINT T样（ S）：＂DECLARED BANKRUPCY＂：PRINT＂T EMPORARY HALT IN TRADING；ALL 5
HAREHOLDERS ARE PAID 1 SHARE F OR EACH 10 CURRENTLY OWNED．＂
5119 GOSUB 990．0：GOSUB 990．
$512 \emptyset$ FOR $X=1$ TO NP
5146 IF $S(X, S)<>0$ OR $S(X, S+16)\rangle$ $\emptyset$ THEN $515 \varnothing$ ELSE 5189
$51505(x, 5)=I N T(S(x, 5) / 1 \emptyset): S(x, 5$ $+16)=\operatorname{INT}(S(X, S+16) / 16)$
$518 \emptyset$ NEXT X


```
5190 GOTO 5øb0
5290 V (S,1)=V(S,1)/2:PRINT Tb(S)
;" SPLIT 2 FOR 1"
5210 GOSUB 990.0:PH(S,24)=1
5220 FOR X=1 TO NP
5230 IF S(X,S)<>0 OR S S(X,S+1\emptyset)<>
\emptysetTHEN 524ø ELSE 525.
5240 S (X,S)=2*S (X,S):S(X,S+1\varnothing)=2
*S(X,S+10)
525@ NEXT X
5260 GOTO 5960
530. LA=AV:FOR I=1 TO 10:T=V{I,1
):V(I,1)=V (I,3):V{I,3)=T:NEXT
5310 GOSUB 8400:FOR I=1 TO 10:T=
V(I,1):V(I,1)=V{I,3):V{I,3}=T:NE
XT
5320 X=ø:FOR I=1 TO 10: X=X+V(I,1
):NEXT
5330 DN=X/AV
5340 FOR S=1 TO 19:FOR I=2 TO 12
: PH(S,I-1)=PH(S,I): PH(S,I+11)=PH
(S,I+12):NEXT I:PH(S,12)=V{S,1):
NEXT S
5350 FOR S=1 TO 1\varnothing
5352 V(S,2)=\emptyset:V(5,4)=500
5354 FOR I=1 TO 12
5356 IF PH(S,I)>V(S,2) THEN V(S,
2)=PH(5, I)
```

```
5358 IF PH{5,I)<V (S,4) THEN V\S,
4)=PH(S,I)
5360 NEXT I
537\emptyset FOR I=1 TO NP
5380 S(I,22)=S(I,22)+3.85*S{I,21
)
5390 NEXT I
54gg IF (2*INT (DA/2)<>DA) THEN 5
44!
541ø FOR I=1 TO NP:FOR X=1 TO 1\varnothing
5420 S{I,22)=S(I,22)+V(X,1)*S{I,
X) /{1200*V (X,6))
5430 NEXT X
5 4 3 2 ~ N E X T ~ I ~
5440 FOR I=1 TO 7
5450 IF DA>OP(I,4) THEN OP (I,6)=
-1
5460 NEXT I
5470 GOSUB 870!
5471 FOR S=1 TO 10:IF V {S,1)=\emptyset T
HEN V(S,1)=19
5 4 7 2 ~ N E X T ~ S ~
548@ GOTO 10ø
6øøø GOSUB 82ø0
6050 RESTORE:FOR X=1 TO 37:READ
Y:NEXT:FOR X=1 TO 10:READ K末:NEX
T
6060 FOR X=1 TO 5:READ K$:NEXT
```


## ARE YOUR WALKING FINGERS GETTING FOOTSORE?

Tired of typing in those long, but wonderful, programs from issues of the rainbow? Now, you can get rainbow On TAPE and give those tired fingers a rest. With rainbow on tape, you'll be able to spend your time enjoying programs instead of just typing . . . typing . . . typing them! All you need to do ever again is pop a RAINBOW ON TAPE cassette into your recorder, CLOAD and RUN any one you want.

Think of it! Not 10 or a dozen - but between 20 and 30 - programs every month from RAINBOW ON TAPE. All the really good programs from THE RAINBOW! All the long ones . . . so you don't have to type them in. Just CLOAD and RUN!

## Now...The Best Color Computer Magazine Offers The Best Tape Service

RAINBOW ON TAPE single issue rate is: within the US, $\$ 8$, Canadian and Mexican rate, $\$ 10$, all other countries, $\$ 10.00$ RAINBOW ON TAPE subscription rate is: within the US, \$70, Canadian and Mexican rate, 80, all other countries, $\$ 95$. US FUNDS ONLY PLEASE

VISA, MasterCARD and American Express accepted. All subscriptions begin with the current issue and back issues are available beginning with April, 1982. Tapes are sent first class mail to arrive approximately the same time as your current issue of the rainbow.

6ø7ø CLS：PRINT K末：PRINT：PRINT＂＜ M＞FOR MENU，＜P＞FOR PLOT＂
 6 ELSE IF K $=" P "$ THEN $61 \emptyset \emptyset$ ELSE IF Kゅ＝＂M＂THEN 1 Øø ELSE $608 \varnothing$ 6100 IF $5=11$ THEN $10 \emptyset$ ELSE PMODE 3，1：PCLS（1）：SCREEN 1， $0:$ COLOR 3， 2 ＇S＝\＃OF STOCK $V\{5,7\}$ IS MAXI MUM
6119 LINE（19，189）－\｛230，29），PSET， BF
6115 COLOR 2，3
6120 FOR I＝1ø TO 230 STEP 29
613ø LINE（I，176）－（I，18ø），PSET：NE XT I
$6140 \mathrm{X}=1 \varnothing: \mathrm{Y}=189-160 * \mathrm{PH}(5,1) / \mathrm{V}(5$, 7）
6150 FOR $I=2$ TO 12
$616 \emptyset V=(I-1) * 20+10: Z=189-160 * P H$（ S．I）$/ V(S, 7)$
617ø LINE（ $X, Y$ ）－$(V, Z)$ ，PSET
$6189 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{V}: \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{Z}$
$619 \emptyset$ NEXT I
6192 COLOR 3，2
6193 DRAW＂BM189，1＂
6195 ON 5 GOTO $6290,6220,6249,62$ 69，6280，6300，6320，6340，6360，6389 62øø GOSUB 89ø1：GOSUB 89ø7：G0SUB
8911：DRAW＂BM10，1＂：GOSUB 8924：G0 SUB 8925：GOTO 65øø
6220 GOSUB 89ø3：GOSUB 8911：GOSUB
8912：DRAW＂BM1Ø，1＂：G0SUB 8925：G0 SUB 8920：GOTO 65øD
624ø GOSUB 89ø4：GOSUB 8918：GOSUB
8915：DRAW＂BM19，1＂：GOSUB 8929：G0
SUB 8920：GロTO 6500
6260 GOSUB 8999：GOSUB 8999：G0SUB 89ø日：DRAW＂BM19，1＂：GOSUB 8925：G0 SUB 8920：G0TO 6590
6289 GOSUB 891ø：G0SUB 9916：G0SUB
89ø9：DRAW＂BM19，1＂：GOSUB 8924：G0
SUB 8920：GOSUB 8929：G0T0 6509
63øø GOSUB 8913：G0SUB 8911：G0SUB
8910：DRAW＂BM1の，1＂：GOSUB 8922：G0
SUB 8925：GOTO 65øø
6320 G0SUB 8913：G0SUB 8917：G0sUB
89ø3：DRAW＂BM10，1＂：G0SUB 8922：G0
SUB 8925：GOSUB 8920：G0T0 6500
6340 GOSUB 8914：GOSUB 8999：GOSUB
8996：DRAW＂BM1ø，1＂：GOSUB 8921：g0S
UB 8920：GOSUB 8920：G0T0 65øø
6369 GOSUB 8915：G0SUB 89ø1：G0SUB 89ø2：DRAW＂BM1ø，1＂：GOSUB 8925：G0 SUB 8920：GOTO 659ø
6380 GOSUB 8916：G0SUB 89ø7：G0SUB
89ø5：DRAW＂BM1ø，1＂：GOSUB 8922：G0
SUB 8925：GOTO 6599
6595 FOR I＝1 TO 12
6510 IF $\operatorname{PH}(5,12+1)<>1$ THEN 6550
$653 \varnothing$ CIRCLE（（I－1）＊2ø＋1ø，1ø），4，4
6550 NEXT I
656ø K $=$＝INKEY＊：IF K $=$＝＂THEN 6569 ELSE 1 øø
8øøø CLS：PRINT＂COMPARATIVE RESUL TS＂：PRINT＂AFTER＂；DA；＂INVESTING PERIODS＂
8ø10 FOR P＝1 TO NP
8020 PRINT No（P）
8ø30 $X=\emptyset: F O R S=1$ TO 1ø：$X=x+\langle S$（P， S）$-S(P, S+1 \emptyset)) * V(S, 1):$ NEXT
8ø4ø $X=X+1$ øøø＊S $(P, 21)+5(P, 22)-S($ P，23）
日日5ø PRINT USING＂\％\％
事\＃\＃，\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂；TOTAL VALUE＂；
8965 NEXT P
8970 END
81øø VI＝INT（VV）：VD＝VV－VI：IF VD＜1 116 THEN 8116
8101 IF VD $>=1 / 16$ AND VD＜3／16 THE N 8120
8102 IF VD $>=3 / 16$ AND VD＜5／16 THE N 8130
8103 IF VD $>=5 / 16$ AND VD＜7／16 THE N 8140
$81 ø 4$ IF VD＞＝7／16 AND VD＜9／16 THE N 8150
8105 IF VD $>=9 / 16$ AND $V D\langle 11 / 16 \mathrm{TH}$ EN 8169
8106 IF VD $>=11 / 16$ AND VD＜13／16 T HEN 8179
8107 IF VD $>=13 / 16$ THEN 8180
811自 K＝＂＂：VD＝．$\quad: V V=V I+V D:$
RETURN
8120 K $=1 / 8 \quad$＂：VD＝． $125: V V=V I+V$
D：RETURN
8130 K $==1 / 4$＂：VD＝．25 $1 / V V=V I+V$
D：RETURN
8140 K事＝＂3／8＂：VD＝．375：VV＝VI＋V
D：RETURN
815ø K\＄＝＂ $1 / 2 \mathrm{M}: V \mathrm{~V}=.59 \varnothing: V V=V I+V$
D：RETURN
日160 K\＄＝＂ $5 / 8 \mathrm{~B}: \mathrm{VD}=.625: V V=V I+V$
D：RETURN

D：RETURN
8189 K事＝＂ $7 / 8 \mathrm{~B}: \mathrm{VD=}=875: V V=V I+V$ D：RETURN
820ø CLS：S＝ø：PRINT＂ENTER TICKER SYMBOL OF STICK OR BOND＂
8202 PRINT：FOR I＝1 TO 5：PRINT T＊ （I）＋＂＂：
8203 FOR I＝7 TO 10：PRINT T ${ }^{(1)}$（I）＋＂ ＂： $\mathrm{E} E \mathrm{XT}: P R I N T$＂BONDS＂
8208 INPUT K
8210 FOR $S=1$ TO 10：IF K $=1=T(S) T$ HEN E240
8229 NEXT 5
8230 IF K⿻三丨＂BONDS＂THEN S＝11 ELS

E $5=\varnothing$
8246 RETURN
8369 ＊RANDOM NORMAL DISTRIEUTION $T, M=M E A N, V=V A R I$ ANCE
$8316 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{V} *(\operatorname{RND}(6)+\operatorname{RND}(6)+\operatorname{RND}(6)-1$
．5）$/ .497+$ MERETURN
$840 \emptyset \quad A V=\emptyset: F O R \quad I=1$ TO $19: A V=A V+V$ \＆
I，1）／DN：NEXT：RETURN
85øø CM＝5：IF DL＞1øøøøø THEN CM＝2
ELSE IF DL $>10009$ THEN CM＝3．5
8516 RETURN
860 IF NS＜6 THEN FLAG＝1 ELSE FL
AG＝ 0
8610 RETURN
8700 FOR $I=1$ TO 7
871．IF OP $(1,6)<\rangle-1$ THEN 878．
8720 QP（ 1,6$)=0: K=R N D(10): 0 P(1,1)$
＝K
$8730 \mathrm{OP}(1,2)=190 \% \mathrm{RND}(5): \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{RND}(19$
$)+5: \operatorname{OP}(I, 3)=I N T(V(K, 1)+Y * V(K, 6) /$
2）：$O P(I, 4)=D A+Y: O P(I, 5)=I N T(O P(I$
，3）＊OP（ 1,2$) / 1 \emptyset \emptyset)$
878．NEXT I
879ض RETURN

8810 FOR $\mathrm{I}=1$ TO 12
8820 IF PH（S，I） $\mathrm{V}^{2}(5,2)$ THEN $V(S$, 2）$=\mathrm{PH}(5, I)$
$883 \emptyset$ IF $P H\{5, I)<V(S, 4)$ THEN $V\{S$, 4）$=\mathrm{PH}(S, I)$
8840 NEXT I
885
$89 \emptyset 1$ DRAW＂BM＋6；$+6 ;$ R8D 12 U6L8D6U12
RG＂：RETURN
89末2 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+6 ;$ D12RGU2R2U4L8R GU2R2U2L2U2L6BR8＂：RETURN
8963 DRAW＂BM＋6，+6 ；D12RBL日U12R8＂：
RETURN
8964 DRAW＂BM＋6，＋6；D12R6U2R2U8L2U 2LGBRE＂：RETURN
8905 DRAW＂BM＋6，+5 D12R8LBLGR4L4U 6R8＂：RETURN
89ఏ6 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+6 ;$ R4D12L4RBL4U12 R4＂：RETURN
8997 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+\emptyset 5$ R8L8D12R8U6L4D 2BU日L4R8＂：RETURN
89の日 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+6 ; \mathrm{D} 12 \mathrm{RBEU12":RET}$ URN
8969 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+6 ;$ D12U12F4E4D12U 12＂：RETURN
891ø DRAW＂BM＋6，＋ 5 ；D12U12F4D4F4U1 2＂：RETURN
8911 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+\varnothing$ ；R8D6LBU6D 12 2RB H6BE6＂：RETURN
8912 DRAW＂BM＋6，＋ 5 D6R8DGL8BU12RB ＂：RETURN
8913 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+5 ;$ R8L4D12U12R4＂： RETURN
8914 DRAW＂BM＋6．$+\varnothing$ ；D1 ØF2R4E2U19＂：

RETURN
8915 DRAW＂BM ${ }^{8} 6_{7}+\varnothing$ ；D8F4E4U8＂：RETU RN
8916 DRAW＂BM＋6，+ Б；D 12 E4F4U12＂：RE TURN
8917 DRAW＂BM＋6，+6 FF4D4G4EREH4U4E 4＂：RETURN
8918 DRAW＂BM＋6，＋6；F4D8U8E4＂：RETU RN
8920 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+5 ;$ D12R8U12L8R8＂： RETURN
8921 DRAW＂BM＋6；+6 ；BR2；R2D12L2R4L 2U12；BR2＂：RETURN
8922 DRAW＂BM＋6，$+6 ;$ F8D6L8D6RBBU12 ＂：RETURN
8924 DRAW＂BM＋6，＋6；DGR8L2D6U12BR2 ＂：RETURN
8925 DRAW＂BM $+6,+6$ ；DGRGF2D2G2L6EU 12R8＂：RETURN
8929 DRAW＂BM＋6；+0 ；D6REDGU12L日R日＂
－RETURN
$9 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $1 \varnothing, 2,45,4,-2,5 \varrho$
9091 DATA $39,3,99,17,1,50$
9092 DATA $40,10,400,6, .5,25$
9093 DATA $34,6,250,20,2,100$
9004 DATA $9, .5,50,8, .5,25$
$9 \varnothing \varnothing 5$ DATA $1 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing, 100 \varnothing, 0,106 \varnothing, 0,0,9$ 999
9506 DATA AGR，CRS，DYN，MML，NWM，TR N，TXC，UMI，VAB，WGE
$9 \emptyset 97$ DATA AGRICON FOODS

AGR
DEALING
OCESSED
AFFECTED
9008 DATA
CRS
ARTMENT

STABLE GROWTH COMPANY IN WHOLE GRAINS AND PR FROZEN FOODS．CAN BE
BY WEATHER CONDITIONS． A CROSS DISCOUNT STORES

CHAIN OF DISCOUNT DEP T OF L GHTTRADING WITH VARIATION G $S$ DUE TO CONSUMER ECONOMIC SITU ATIONS．
9669 DATA DYNATRONICS

DYN
CHNOLOGY
ALIZES IN
$961 \varnothing$ DATA MIDWEST MERCHANTS LIFE MML A LARGE CONGLOMERATE LIFE IN－SURANCE COMPANY WITH A SSETS OVER4ø BILLION DOLLARS．$V$ ERY STABLEUSUALLY PAYS GOOD DIVI DENDS．
9ø11 DATA NORTHWEST MINERALS NWM A SPECULATIVE MINING
COMPANY．
BUT CAN
WITH FARELY PAYS DIVIDENDS RISE AND FALL RAPIDLY INVESTOR INTEREST．
9012 DATA TRANSCON TRUCKING TRN A SMALL COMMON CARRIE
R WITH
VERY VOLATILE HIGH TE GROWTH COMPANY．SPECI
$\square$ OPERATIONS BASED IN D

## COLOR DISK TRIVIA WITH DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM FOR EDUCATIONAL USE

Here it is! The first new program offered by the author of the famed VIKING! in nearly two years, and worth the wait.

## Color Disk Trivia

is simply a very good, and very fun to play game. It has everything going for it:The challenge of trivia, ease of use, a good social game encouraging conversation, and you may even learn something! The development system (included) even lets you easily create your own custom question disks.
The play of the game is easy to understand, because the computer does all the work for you. It even looks up and presents the proper question!
On each question disk there are five categories, and there are an amazing 1100 questions on each disk. No, that's not a misprint, we said 1100 questions per question disk! Yes, that is a pretty full disk. Because the questions are stored on the disk, instead of in memory, you can play COLOR DISK TRIVIA on any size Color Computer system with one disk drive $-16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$, or 64 K .
There are already five question disks available, and you get the GENERAL disk when you purchase the game. That's correct, there are already FIVE question disks with a total of 5500 questions available for shipment RIGHT NOW, with more on the way shortly.
All question disks have five categories and 1100 questions. The disks available now are:
GENERAL: (Included with the game) The categories for this disk are history, the written word, movies \& television, science \& the world, and sports.
ENTERTAINMENT: These categories are movies, the stage, television, music, and literature.
BIBLE: 1100 questions in five categories on the OId and New Testaments.
SPORTS: This disk will challenge even the very knowledgeable sports fan. All major sports (and some minor ones) are represented.
CHILDREN: No, this isn't questions ABOUT children, it's questions FOR children. 1100 fun questions just for the younger set.
The game of COLOR DISK TRIVIA can be played by from 1 to 4 people (or teams), and you set the length of the game at the start when you decide how many questions must be answered in each category to win. The computer chooses the categories randomly, though sometimes it will let you choose the category for yourself (or let your opponents choose for you). Because of this category selection by the computer, a single category can often hold you up while one of your opponents slips by to win. The outcome is always in doubt, and no player is ever eliminated.
Trivia lovers will enjoy the fact that you can play without other people if you desire, because the computer will provide plenty of challenge. We want to emphasize that this is, first and foremost, a fun game.

[^23]
## The Development System

Naturally, in order for our programmers to type in thousands of questions easily and accurately, a good development program to create the question disks had to be written, and we include this program with the game at no additional charge!
The program is all menu-driven and very user-friendly. That means that no knowledge of programming is needed to use it. If you can turn on your computer and type, you're all setl Now sit back and imagine the educational possibilities. Yes, our question disks have 1100 questions, but the game program will handle question disks having any number of questions from 5 up to a full disk of 1100 , so a teacher can type in 50 or 100 questions and answers (the questions are multiple choice), and then the students can play the "game" and have a great time, while accidently picking up the lesson. Let the natural spirit of competition fuel the learning process.
The development program is very easy to use, and gives you options to add questions, change or delete a question, and print the questions and answers on the screen (or a printer, if you have one). You can develop a question disk and easily add questions to it any time you wish.
This program finally gives parents and teachers the opportunity to easily create a custom learning program for any level student, and if we keep it a secret, no-one need know it's more than a game.
TECHNICAL INFORMATION: COLOR DISK TRIVIA is a mixture of Machine Lan uage and BASIC. It uses Fielded Direct Access Disk Files. COLOR DISK TRIVIA requires 16 K and at least one disk drive.

## ORDERING INFORMATION:

COLOR DISK TRIVIA GAME with QUESTION DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM and GENERAL question disk containing 1100 QUESTIONS: \$29.95
ADDITIONAL QUESTION DISKS:
THE BIBLE: 1100 questions on the Bible. $\$ 19.95$
ENTERTAINMENT: 1100 questions on movies, TV, stage, music, and literature. \$19.95
SPORTS: 1100 questions for the sports fan. $\$ 19.95$
CHILDREN: 1100 questions for the younger set. $\$ 19.95$ FOR A LIMITED TIME, buy the game for $\$ 29.95$ and select an additional disk of your choice for $1 / 2$ price! That's a $\$ 49.90$ value for just $\$ 39.95$. You save $\$ 10$, and we will pay the shipping.

Dealer and author inquiries are always welcome. Canadian dealers should contact Kelly Software Distributors, Ltd., P. O. Box 11932, Edmonton, Alberta T5J-3L1 (403) 421-8003

Stocked by Quality Dealers, or
Send Order To: PRICKLY-PEAR SOFTWARE
8532 E. 24th Street
Tucson, Arizona 85710
VISA
(602) 886-1505

```
ALLAS.
SPORTER
NDUSTRIAL
S.
9013 DATA TEXCAL OIL
    TXC A SHALL TEXAS-BASED O
IL EXPLOR-ER WITH SPECULATION IN
    OKLAHOMA AND TEXAS REAL ESTATE
WITH MIN- ERAL RIGHTS.
9014 DATA UNITED MOTORS INC.
        UMI THIRD LARGEST PRODUCE
R OF AUTOSIN THE U.S. EMPLOYS OV
ER 4øø\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset GROWTH DRIENTED WITH G
OOD DIVI- DENDS.
9015 DATA VIRGINIA BANK & TRUST
    VAB LARGEST INTRASTATE BA
NKING CON-CERN IN VIRGINIA. HAN
DLES MANY LAREE GOVERNMENT ACCOU
NTS. DIVI-DENDS ARE STABLE BUT S
MALL.
9016 DATA WESTERN GAS & ELECTRIC
    WGE A LARGE MULTI-STATE U
TILITY IN THE NORTHEFN ROCKIES.P
AYS GOOD DIVIDENDS AND HAS GROW
TH POSSI- BILITIES.
9017 DATA NATIONAL BANK BONDS
        BONDS A SECURE FIXED INTER
EST FIXEDPRICE BOND. EACH BOND
    COSTS $100\emptyset AND PAYS 10% (APR
) INTEREST . . . $S.85 PER PERIOD
PER BOND.
990ø FOR I=1 TD 1G00:NEXT:RETURN
```


## Corrections

This note for non-disk users of the electronic spreadsheet program in "MoCalc - MiniCalc Gets a Big Brother" (April 1984, Page 186), author Barry Spencer says those who don't have Disk BASIC should replace the command WRITE with PRINT in Line 1020 and change KILL to PRINT in Line 1040.
H. Allen Curtis writes that we mistakenly indicated the minimum system for his Bandy program (June 1984 issue) to be Disk basic. Tihis was done because of the use of SAVE, LOAD, and WRITE in the listing, but Curtis says, "The program logic is such that the lines containing those commands are bypassed when there is no disk controller connected." Thus, Bandy can be used in cassette-based 16K ECB - as indicated in the third paragraph of his article.

Curtis adds, however, that LOAD, SAVE and WRITE will not tokenize when used with a cassette-based system.

Therefore, the last Rainbow Check Plus value for Listing 2 will be 187 for cassette users instead of the 101 value given in the "checkbox" on Page 144. The 101 value is correct for disk-based systems.

In the July 1984 first installment of our "Cooking With CoCo" series, Listing 1 (BASLOAD) was inadvertently left out. This omission led to Listings 2 and 3 being mislabeled 1 and 2. The missing Listing 1 is appended to the end of this month's "Cooking With CoCo" article and begins on Page 187.

Reader Steven Ostrom, Minnetonka, Minn., tells us that there is an error in the "Simply Load and . . . Bingo!" program (Page 92, April 1984 issue). The beginning of Line 520 should read $I F B B=>10$ (not, IF $B B>10$ ). You need to add the "equal" symbol because, otherwise, when $\mathrm{L}=3$ and $\mathrm{BB}=10$, the middle row of the Bingo card will not have a free space.

Steven adds, "For my DMP-120, I had to add a printer delay (POKE 151,25) in addition to changing the elongation commands that the author noted. This POKE is necessary for many programs that print, due to a bugin the DMP-120, even after the Radio Shack upgrade."

Damon Swanson writes, "There is an occasional but potentially deadly bug in my modification to Steve Good's Spooler, ("Make the Good Spooler Better," May 1984, Page 23). The disaster will strike if an interrupt occurs while in the RAM (Type 1) memory map.
"The bug rarely bites because the program is only at risk during 11 of the almost 15,000 clock cycles between interrupts, and it causes disaster only when the print buffer is empty, i.e., when printing the first character to the buffer. Under these conditions, the interrupt handler, START, detects the empty buffer and jumps to high memory expecting ROM but finding random code in RAM.
"If the buffer has at least one character, START gets that character from RAM and sets the map back to ROM before calling any ROM routines. We can still have an error dropping one character. The program is at risk for seven clock cycles yielding an error rate of about one in 2,000 characters."
"Bugs of this species are hard to recognize, impossible to test, and often ignored. But a good programmer will find them and destroy them. Fortunately, this bug is easily exterminated."

Continues Swanson, "Add an ORCC \#\$50 (Line 743) to kill the potential interrupt before switching to the RAM page and ANDCC \#SAF (Line 757) to turn it on again in the modified spooler listing. Also correct the start address to allow the four extra bytes (ORG $\$ 7 \mathrm{~F} 61$ or $\$ 7 \mathrm{CF} 0$ with SCRPRT).
"Note there is no problem in the interrupt handler, START, which is synchronized with the interrupt and finishes long before another one comes along."

Thanks, Damon, your discussion calls attention to one of the more subtle problems of interrupt handling.

## HARDWARE TUTORIAL

# Get Your Feet Wet With These Paddles! 

By Helene M. LaBonville

Iam a tinkerer. So, when the Atari died, I just couldn't throw away a perfectly good set of paddles! Although I have no electronics background, I set out to convert the paddles to work on our system. It was easier than I had imagined. As a matter of fact, the hardest part of this project was obtaining the joystick plugs and 5 -conductor cable.

I will illustrate two conversions. One is quite simple, the other is easy. I will not go into thetheory of operation of the D/A converter nor of the JOYSTK command itself, as these topics have been well covered in prior articles.

## Single Direction Model - Simple

Materials required for each paddle:
15 -pin (240) DIN plug
5-inch length of hook-up wire (preferably black)
Atari Paddles are sold in pairs which are joined together by a mutual DB-9 plug. Remove the plug, unscrew the case, and refer to Figure 1 which is the current configuration of an Atari paddle. All that needs to be done to convert this paddle to CoCo (see Figure 2) is:

1) Add a jumper wire between one of the lugs of the momentary switch and lug l of the potentiometer. Disconnect the black terminal wire from the switch and solder the jumper wire directly onto the bullet connector. Reconnect. Next, solder the other end to lug l of the pot.
2) Install the DIN plug as per Figure 2. Place the plug's cable

[^24]sheath over the cable, now! Strip one inch of outer insulation from the cable, then strip and tin about $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ from each wire. Solder the connections as indicated and reassemble the plug.

## Switch Selectable Model - Easy

The addition of the switch and the fifth wire in this conversion allows each paddle to do double duty, i.e., you can select either horizontal or vertical directions with each unit.

Materials required for each paddle:
$15-$ pin (240) DIN plug 6 foot 5-conductor cable (stranded)
1 SPDT submini slide switch

1) Open the case, disconnect the terminals from the button switch and snip off the wires from the pot lugs. Remove the strain relief from the Atari cable and save the cable for future projects - I reuse everything!
2). Mount the slide switch to the top of the case. I drilled two holes side by side with a $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ bit and enlarged them with a knife and file until the switch fit.
2) Carefully strip $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ of outside insulation from the five conductor cable. Strip and tin about $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ from each wire. Solder the connections as indicated in Figure 3. Note: In order to prevent damage (from overheating) to the button switch, I reused the bullet connectors from the Atari cable.
3) Install the DIN plug as per Figure 3. Place the plug's cable sheath over the cable, now! Strip one inch of outer insulation from the cable, then strip and tin about $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ from each wire. Solder the connections as indicated and reassemble the plug.
4) Screw the cover(s) back on. Plug in the paddle(s) and test it/them with the following program:

Price: $\$ 140$.

## NEW VERSION 2.5

Plugs into ROM pack port.
$\square$ Now programs 8 K X 8 EPROM in 15 Seconds.

$\square$On board firmware included.No personality modules required.
$\square$ Will program most EPROM's.
High quality zero insertion force EPROM socket.

## Enclosed in Molded Plastic Case

Peripherals Corporation
 $\square$ TRUE LOWER CASE CHARACTERS $\square$ NO CUTTING OR SOLDERING $\square$ FULLY COMPATIBLE WITH ALL TRS-80C (SPECIFY REVISION BOARD) [NOT COMPATIBLE WITH COCO 2] $\square$ INVERTED VIDEO AT A FLIP OF A SWITCH

## YOUR SOURCE FOR THE COLOR COMPUTER

| * DRIVE 0 FOR COCO . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 329$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| *DRIVE 1 FOR COCO <br> * guaranteed for one full year | 198 |
| - DISK CONTROLLER.FOR COCO | \$139 |
| - RS-232 PORT EXPANDER | \$ 30 |
| - POWER-ON L.E.D. KIT | \$ 6 |
| - FRONT RESET SWITCH KIT | \$ 7 |
| - LIBRARY CASE HOLDS 70 DISKS | . \$ 23 |
| - NEW MULTI-COLOR RAINBOW DISKS | . ${ }^{25}$ |
| - ELEPHANT DISKS SSDD | \$ 23 |
| - 8 PRIME 64K RAM-CHIPS | \$ 50 |
| - GEMINI 10X PRINTER | \$299 |
| - HAYES SMART MODEM 300 | \$215 |
| F-A-S-T- UPGRADE SERVICES | CALL! |

## NEW SOFTWARE OS•9BBS \$89.95

MULTI-USER CAPACITY $\square$ FASTER THAN MOST BBS'S MULTI-TASKING (NO LONGER COMPLETELY TIES UP YOUR COCO) $\square$ REQUIRES OS• 9 AND BASIC 09

## OS•9 40-Track Program <br> \$24.95 <br> $\square$ NOW OPERATE 35/40/80 DOUBLE SIDE, DOUBLE DENSITY

 DRIVES UNDER OS•9
## 64K Terminal Package .............s19.95

$\square$ AFFORDABLE $\square$ REQUIRES 64 K MEMORY $\square$ GIVES YOU $52-58 \mathrm{~K}$ BUFFER $\square$ WRITES TO DISC $\square$ READS IN FROM DISC $\square$ STANDARD DISPLAY

## Peripherals

 Corporation62 COMMERCE DRIVE FARMINGDALE, NY 11735
(516) $249 \cdot 3388$


## 10 PRINT JOYSTK(0);TAB(5) JOYSTK(1);TAB(10) JOYSTK (2);TAB(15) JOYSTK(3);TAB(20) PEEK (65280) <br> 20 GOTO 10

$\operatorname{JOYSTK}(0)$ and (1), of course, correspond to the right joystick port while (2) and (3) are the left one. PEEKing location 65280 checks to see if the fire buttons are pressed. If not "fired," this spot contains either the number 255 or 127. When the right button is pressed, this memory location contains either a 126 or 254 . For the left button the PEEK should read either 125 or 253 . Refer to the Radio Shack BASIC Manual for further elucidation. As you rotate the pot, the values should range from 0 to 63 for the channels which you are testing. The values for unused channels will hover between 20 and 40 .

As a finishing touch, I marked off the midpoint (reading of 32 ) on each paddle with a dab of correction fluid.

## Materials

As 1 have mentioned, obtaining the parts proved to be the most difficult aspect of this project. For some unknown reason, Radio Shack does not carry the 2405 -pin DIN plugs, five conductor cable, or SPDT submini switches (one is enclosed, however, in (RS \#275-327). Alternatively you could use one bank of a DPDT submini switch (RS \#275407) as in Figure 3.

[^25]

Plug Connections - Single Direction Model


Plug Connections - Switch Selectable Model

# Education Through Graphics 

## Don Inman <br> Rainbow Contributing Editor

## Problems and Education

One of the greatest weaknesses of public school education is the overpowering obsession to teach facts rather than how facts can be acquired and used to solve problems. Facts are blocked off into subject matter areas with little crossfertilization. As the body of knowledge (facts) acquired by the human race accelerates in size, the traditional teaching methods become overwhelmed by the task of cramming all this information into tidy blocks of school time.

We, as parents and friends, can provide meaningful learning experiences for children after the classroom doors are locked at the end of the school day. The Color Computer is an ideal tool for this purpose outside (as well as inside) the classroom. It is inexpensive and quite powerful when compared to other personal computers. Its ease of use and friendliness make it ideal for first-time computer users. A beginner can immediately use the CoCo with the introduction of a minimum of facts. Attention can then be turned to solving real-life problems.

Problem solving is the key to successful learning. The traditional method of education teaches a block of facts, supposedly logically arranged. Then an attempt is sometimes made to apply the "learned" facts to a set of similar problems which have right or wrong answers. When an arbitrary percentage of problems have been "solved" with matching right answers, students are rewarded with the next logical block of facts.

[^26]Problems faced in the real world do not have cut and dry " $2+2=4$ " solutions. Real results are not black or white, right or wrong. There are many solutions to real problems, some better than others in a given situation.

Color LOGO provides one of the most free-form ways of learning that I have found. Anyone of any age can immediately encounter creative experiences with a minimum of factual knowledge with Color LOGO. The first LOGO
> "We, as parents and friends, can provide meaningful learning. experiences for children after the classroom doors are locked at the end of the school day. The Color Computer is an ideal tool . . ."

commands encountered have a direct relationship to bodymovements that are already familiar to a child.

Examples:
FOR WARD, BACK, LEFT, RIGHT which can be abbreviated: FD , BK , LT , RT.

Shapes and turtle movements can be explored before the child is even aware of the concept of programs or procedures. In fact, the child will naturally develop a desire to write a complete LOGO procedure after experimenting with a few basic LOGO commands.

As you work with a child, listen closely for questions such
as: "How can I . . . .?", "What if . . . .?" These are clues that the child is ready to move forth to new learning experiences. Be careful that you do not provide a solution to the problem raised. The child is merely seeking clues, or new tools, for solving the problem.

## The Problem Develops

Let's suppose that a young child, named Sue, is experimenting with Color LOGO.
Figure 1:


Sue, "That looks like the shape the bees use when making a honeycomb. How can I make two of them alongside each other? Is there a short way to make a shape? Can the computer remember how I made the last shape?"

This sounds like the time to introduce procedures. A procedure is simply a way to have the computer remember the steps that Sue has previously used in drawing her hexagon.

| TO HEX | procedure's name |
| :--- | :--- |
| FD 15 |  |
| RT 60 |  |
| FD 15 | The procedure can be |
| RT 60 | shortened by introducing |
| FD 15 | the REPEAT command: |
| RT 60 | TO HEX |
| FD 15 | REPEAT 6(FD 15 RT 60) |
| RT 60 |  |
| FD 15 |  |
| RT 60 |  |
| FD 15 |  |
| RT 60 |  |
| END |  |

To make a second hexagon alongside the first, Sue could pick up the turtle's pen and move it to the right side of the first hexagon. Then the pen could be lowered in preparation for drawing another hexagon.
Figure 2:


A second procedure is added to control the placement and drawing of the hexagons.

## TO PAIR

CLEAR

- clear the screen

HEX -use the HEX procedure
PU RT 120 FD 15 LT 60
FD 15 LT 60 PD
HEX

- use HEX procedure again

END

## TO HEX <br> REPEAT 6(FD 15 RT 60) <br> END

Figure 3:


First Hexagon


Turtle Moved


Second Hexagon

Notice that the turtle ended at the point where the second hexagon was started. Now Sue asks, "Can I make a complete circle of shapes around the first one?"

Your answer, "Well it might be possible: Where would you have to move the turtle to start the next one?"
Sue, "I think I'd try moving it FORWARD 15 from the second shape and then turn LEFT 60. In fact, if I did that six times, I might get them all."

You, "Why don't you try it?"
Sue, "Okay. I'll change the PAIR procedure and call it BEE. I'll call my new procedure HEX6."
TO BEE
CLEAR
HEX
HEX6
END
TO HEX
REPEAT 6(FD 15 RT 60)
END
TO HEX6
PU RT 120 FD 15 LT 60
FD 15 LT 60 PD
REPEAT 6(HEX FD 15 LTT 60)
END

## Figure 4:



From HEX

Sue, "It works! WOW! Now, I want to put another circle of shapes around that."
You, "How many little shapes do you think it will take?"

Sue, "I can try to fit them in my mind, or I can draw them on paper and count them."

You, "I have some paper here that has a grid made of the same shapes that you are working with. You can shade in the shapes you have so far, and then see how many you will need."

Sue drew them out like this:
Figure 5:


Sue discovered that she needed 12 new shapes to encircle the others. After a few false starts, Sue came up with the additional procedure HEX12. Of course she also needed to change the BEE procedure to call HEXI 2.

## - RADIO SHACK ${ }_{T w}$ COLOR COMPUTER ADVANCED MATH PROGRAMS for ENGINEERS • PHYSICISTS • STUDENTS

## FUNGTION GRAPHING MODULE 16K EXT-\$19.95

* HIGH RESOLUTION GRAPHS
* GRAPH ANY FUNCTION - 4 AT ONCE
* PARAMETERS EASY TO CHANGE
* AUTO-SCALING OPTIMIZES GRAPH SIZE
* COMPUTE FUNCTION VALUES \& ZEROS
* INTERSECTION OF FUNCTIONS
* COMPLETE MANUAL — PROGRAM ON TAPE


## CALCULUS MATH MODULE 32K EXT-\$37.95

* INCLUDES THE GRAPHING MODULE ABOVE
* LOAD UP 9 FUNCTIONS AT ONCE
* FIND AND COMPUTE MAXIMA \& MINIMA
* NUMERIC INTEGRATION \& DIFFERENTIATION
* COMPOSITE AREAS
* HANDLES PIECEWISE CONTINUOUS FUNCTIONS
* HARD COPIES OF DATA AND/OR GRAPH
* COMPLETE MANUAL - ON TAPE OR DISK

(Latifation
$\sqrt{\text { ST. ANN, MO } 63074}$
RAINBOW ctrtification $\underset{\substack{\text { crificatic } \\ \text { stal }}}{ }$
SEND CHECK OR MONEY ORDER Add $\$ 2.00$ for shipping

TO BEE
CLEAR
HEX
HEX6
HEX12

- new line

END
TO HEX
REPEAT 6(FD 15 RT 60)
END
TO HEX6
PU RT 120 FD 15 LT 60
FD 15 LT 60 PD
REPEAT 6(HEX FD 15 LT 60)
END
TO HEX 12
PU RT 120 FD 15 LT 60
FD 15 LT 60 PD
REPEAT 6(HEX FD 15 LT 60 HEX FD 15 RT 60 FD 15 LT 60) END

Depending upon the child you are working with (age, ability, interest, or whatever), this development of HEX procedures may continue. By following the previous procedures with similar logic, can you write another HEX procedure to circle the outside 12 hexagons? How many small hexagons will be needed? If you draw it on a Hex-grid as we have, you will see that 18 new hexagons are needed.
Figure 6:


Study the figure, and see if you can come up with the necessary additions. If you want to go still farther, you will have to shorten the sides of the hexagons. How many hexagons would be needed in the next ring? Let's see . . . first one, then six, then 12 , then 18 , then . . ?

Now that you have seen the beginning of drawing HEX RINGS, send me a general Color LOGO procedure for drawing any desired number of HEX RINGS. The number of rings is to be included as a variable in the name of the program so that:

HEXRING 3 would draw three rings of Hex shapes around the center hexagon.
HEXRING 5 would draw five rings of Hex shapes around the center hexagon.

## Mon CoCo Parle Francais! Mi Coco Habla Espanol!

These delightful 16K Extended Basic programs will teach your youngsters a basic French or Spanish vocabulary. Each language package contains two programs with a total of 1,000 words in a colorful game format that teaches children to think as well as memorize. They'll have great fun as they watch the letters hop across the screen and slip into place. Perfect for home or classroom. We include a list of the vocabulary words for study guides or lesson plans. Spanish or french, only $\$ 24.95$ on tape, $\$ 27.95$ on disk. Both languages only $\$ 39.95$, tape or disk.


Use the power of your computer to improve your performance at the track! Separate programs for harness and thoroughbred horses make it a snap to rank the horses in each racel Using information readily available from the thoroughbred Racing Form or harness track program, you can handicap a race in five minutes and a whole card in less than an hour! We even provide diagrams showing where to get the information you need.
Factors include speed, class, post position, past performance, jockey or driver's record, weight. parked out signs, beaten favorite and other attributes. Complete instructions and betting guide. Versions for all Color Computers, MC-10's and Model 100's. State computer type and memory when ordering. Harness or thoroughbred, \$27.95 each, tape or disk.
NEW GREYHOUND HANDICAPPER! Now use your Color Computer for greyhounds, tool This fine handicapping program, written by a successful greyhound trainer, does it all. Using speed, breaking ability, favorite box, kennel performance, and other factors, it ranks the dogs in each race and recommends quinnella, trifecta and exacta bets. For Color Computer only, $\$ 27.95$ tape or disk.
SPECIAL! Any two handicappers, only $\$ 39.95$. All three only $\$ 54.95$.

## Tax Relief!

Were your taxes a hassle this year? Then you need Coco-Accountant II. This 32/64K home and small business accounting program is everything you need to keep track of your finances and make income tax time a breeze. Use your canceled checks, credit card receipts, payroll and bank stubs. Coco-Accountant II will list and total expenditures by year, month, account and payee or income source. It tracks tax deductible expenses and payments subjects to sales tax. It even calculates the sales tax you paid.
The program offsets income and expenditures to produce net cash flow reports. It prints out a spreadsheet showing your year at a glance, balances your checkbook and prints a monthly reconciliation statement. The 32K version handles 450 entries in RAM.The 32K disk version stores 500, while the 64K tape and disk versions store an amazing 900 entries. State memory size when
 League, high school or a company softball league, your players will love these Big League statistics. Keep track of 180 hitters--AB. Hits, Avg., RBI, HR, SO, Walks and lots more. Pitching records include Won-Lost, PCT., IP, ER, ERA, SO, BB and HR. Team records and league standings, too. Superfast sort by any stat for beautiful screen displays and printouts. Only $\$ 28.95$ on 16K tape, $\$ 31.95$ on 32K disk.

## Use All 64K!

Did you feel gypped when you found out your 64 K computer had only 32 K of memory in BASIC? We sure did. So we invented HID 'N RAM, the most powerful 64K programming tool on the market. With HID 'N RAM you can access that hidden 32 K of memory from a BASIC program and use it to store and sort your data. Write a 28K program and still have more than 30K left to store numbers, names, addresses or other data. It even has a machine language sort routine! The package includes complete instructions and a demonstration program--a mailing list that holds $\mathbf{4 5 0}$ names and addresses IN RAMI Only \$27.95, tape or disk.

We accept checks, money orders, Visa and Master Card. Add \$1.50 for shipping and handling of software, $\$ 5.00$ for disk drives. Credit Gard orders should include card number, exp. date and signature.

# Interfacing Your Own Circuits 

By T. Whit Athey and Susan C. Athey

In the first article of this series (July, Page 138), I described a general-purpose I/O interface for the Color Computer. The interface consists primarily of an 8255A Programmable Peripheral Interface (PPI) chip, installed on a modified Radio Shack printed circuit (PC) board which plugs into the cartridge slot. You can add your own circuits to the board where they can communicate with your CoCo .

In this article I will describe some examples of circuits which can be added to the interface board. By building the interface and connecting it to other devices, you can learn about the way the CoCo works and about digital circuits in general.
The 8255A has three eight-bit $1 / \mathrm{O}$ ports, designated $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$, and $C$. In the main circuit I will describe, port $A$ will be used as a data bus, and two lines of port C will be used as control lines, to communicate with and control a General Instruments AY-3-8910 Sound Generator Chip.

## The AY-3-8910

The AY-3-8910 is a 40 -pin LSI chip. It has 16 internal registers which control the frequency and amplitude of three independent tone generators, a noise generator, an envelope generator, and two 8 -bit $1 / \mathrm{O}$ ports. Almost any kind of sound can be produced under program control. The production of sound is dependent only on the contents of the internal registers, and these will change only when the register contents are overwritten. Continuous microprocessor attention is not required.
The 16 PSG registers are not directly addressable in the way that the four registers of the 8255 A are. There is only the one 8 -bit data bus over which data and addresses must be transmitted to the AY-3-8910, so the selection of the desired register must be done separately. You can think of the 16 registers of the PSG as being connected to its data bus through a multiport switch. Only one register at a time can be connected to the data bus (for reads or writes). This process of "connecting" a register to the bus is called "latching."

To latch a sound chip register to the data bus, two operations must be carried out. First, both control lines (from the
> (Whit Athey works for the federal government near Washington, D.C. Susan Athey is a 12-year-old student at Tilden Intermediate School in Rockville, Md. She wrote part of this article, and assembled nearly all of the hardware for this project and last month's I/O board, for a science fair project.)

## Table 1. PSG Pin Functions

| Pin |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | GND | Function |
|  |  |  |
| 2 | N.C. | (Not connected) |
| 3 | AUDIO-A | Audio channel A |
| 4 | AUDIO-B | Audio channel B |
| 5 | N.C. | (Not connected) |
| 6 | 10B7 | I/O port B, bit 7 |
| 7 | 10B6 | 1/O port B, bit 6 |
| 8 | 10B5 | 1/O port B, bit 5 |
| 9 | 10B4 | 1/O port B, bit 4 |
| 10 | 10B3 | 1/O port B, bit 3 |
| 11 | 10B2 | I/O port B, bit 2 |
| 12 | 10B1 | $1 / \mathrm{O}$ port B, bit 1 |
| 13 | 10B0 | $1 / \mathrm{O}$ port B, bit 0 |
| 14 | 10A7 | $1 / \mathrm{O}$ port A, bit 7 |
| 15 | 10A6 | 1/O port A, bit 6 |
| 16 | 10A5 | 1/O port A, bit 5 |
| 17 | 10A4 | 1/O port A, bit 4 |
| 18 | 10A3 | I/O port A, bit 3 |
| 19 | 10A2 | 1/O port A, bit 2 |
| 20 | 10A1 | 1/O port A, bit 1 |
| 21 | 10A0 | 1/O port A, bit 0 |
| 22 | CLOCK | Clock reference signal |
| 23 | RESET | Logic zero resets registers to " 0 ". Extra "address" or "chip select lines, |
| 24 | A9 | logic 0 selects A9, logic 1 selects A8. |
| 25 | A8 | These should be tied to GND and VCC if only one PSG chip is being used. |
| 26 | TEST2 | A test point - not used here. |
| 27 | BDIR | Bus direction control line |
| 28 | BC2 | Bus control line 2-not used here |
| 29 | BCl | Bus control line 1 |
| 30 | DA7 | Data/address bit 7 |
| 31 | DA6 | Data/address bit 6 |
| 32 | DA5 | Data/address bit 5 |
| 33 | DA4 | Data/address bit 4 |
| 34 | DA3 | Data/address bit 3 |
| 35 | DA2 | Data/address bit 2 |
| 36 | DA1 | Data/address bit 1 |
| 37 | DAO | Data/address bit 0 |
| 38 | AUDIO-C | Audio channel C |
| 39 | TESTI | A test point - not used here |
| 40 | VCC | To +5 volts |

## Part II

# The Programmable Chip 

8255A port C) must go high (to +5 V ). This is a signal to the chip that the byte about to arrive over the data bus is the register number of the register to be latched. Second, the register number must be transmitted through port A, e.g., with a POKE \& HFF40,[reg. no.], over the data bus.

Once a register is latched it will remain latched until another register is latched. While it is latched, any write (or read) operation to the 8255 A port A will also be a write to the sound chip register currently latched. The two control lines from port C must be set for a write ( $\mathrm{C} 0=1, \mathrm{Cl}=0$ ) during the write operation.

For example, the following sequence of operations would be carried out to write the byte 3B (Hex) to register two (assuming that both A and C ports of the 8255 A are already programmed for output).

First, latch register 2:

> POKE \&HFF42,3
> POKE \&HFF40,2
> POKE \&HFF42,0

Then, write the byte 3B:
POKE \&HFF40,\&H3B (put byte on data bus)


## POKE \& HFF42,1 POKE \& HFF42,0 <br> (set control lines for write) (reset control lines)

These instructions illustrate the simple steps required to latch and write to a register, but unfortunately, they don't work in practice because of a timing problem resulting from the slowness of BASIC. The problem is that the sound chip wants to see the write indication on its control lines for no longer than 10 microseconds, while the BASIC POKE instruction requires about 4500 microseconds (that's still a lot less than a second!). The latch routine above will work okay, but the write routine will have to be done in machine language (using only three simple instructions). This can still be handled from BASIC using a USR subroutine (or EXEC statements for those of you without Extended BASIC). This will be discussed further in the software section.

The AY-3-8910 Programmable Sound Generator Chip
A pin diagram for the programmable sound generator chip (PSG) is shown in Figure 1, and the function of each line is given in Table 1. A functional block diagram is shown in Figure 2. The lines labeled BDIR and BCl are the two control lines which were discussed above. The functions of the chip are determined by these two lines as shown in Table 2.

All functions of the PSG chip are controlled by the computer through a series of writes to the 16 registers (designated R0-R15). Registers R0-R5 are used to select the frequencies (actually the periods) of the three-tone generators. Register R6 selects the frequency of the noise generator (white noise). Register R7 is for mixer control and I/O enable (for the two $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ ports). The amplitudes of the signals generated by the three tone channels are controlled by registers R8-R10 when in the level amplitude mode. Registers R11-R13 are for control of the envelope generator, and the last two registers, R14 and R15, are the two I/O ports. The operation of these 16 registers will now be discussed in more detail.

## Tone Generator Control (Registers R0-R5)

The frequency of each square wave generated by each of the three tone generators is controlled by Registers R0-R5. Register R0 and the lower four bits of Register R1 form a 12 -bit tone period value (the reciprocal of the frequency). The exact frequency of the tone which is produced depends on the reference clock signal. The period values needed to produce musical notes for two clock frequencies are shown in Table 3. The upper (most significant) four bits of Register


Figure 2. Programmable Sound Generator Block Diagram

Table 3. Notes, frequencies, and codes

| Note | Frequency ( 1.97 MHz clock) Hz | Frequency ( 897 MHz clock) Hz | Hex Code | Note | Frequency (1.97 MHz clock) Hz | Frequency (. 897 MHz clock) Hz | Hex Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | 32.7 | 16.3 | D5D | C | 522.7 | 261.4 | 0D6 |
| C\# | 34.6 | 17.3 | C9C | C\# | 553.8 | 276.9 | 0CA |
| D | 36.7 | 18.4 | BE7 | D | 588.7 | 294.4 | OBE |
| D\# | 38.9 | 19.4 | B3C | D\# | 621.5 | 310.7 | 0B4 |
| E | 41.2 | 20.6 | A9B | E | 658.0 | 329.0 | 0 AA |
| F | 43.7 | 21.8 | A02 | F | 699.1 | 349.6 | 0 AO |
| F\# | 46.2 | 23.6 | 973 | F\# | 740.8 | 370.4 | 097 |
| G | 49.0 | 24.5 | 8EB | G | 782.2 | 391.1 | 08F |
| G\# | 51.9 | 25.9 | 86B | G\# | 828.6 | 414.3 | 087 |
| A | 55.0 | 27.5 | 7F2 | A | 880.8 | 440.4 | 07F |
| A\# | 58.3 | 29.1 | 780 | A\# | 932.2 | 466.1 | 078 |
| B | 61.7 | 30.9 | 714 | B | 989.9 | 495.0 | 071 |
| C | 65.4 | 32.7 | 6 AE | C | 1045.4 | 522.7 | 06B |
| C\# | 69.3 | 34.6 | 64E | C\# | 1107.5 | 553.8 | 065 |
| D | 73.4 | 36.7 | 5F4 | D | 1177.5 | 588.7 | 05F |
| D\# | 77.8 | 38.9 | 59E | D\# | 1242.9 | 621.4 | 05A |
| E | 82.4 | 41.2 | 54D | E | 1316.0 | 658.0 | 055 |
| F | 87.3 | 43.7 | 501 | F | 1398.3 | 699.1 | 050 |
| F\# | 92.5 | 46.3 | 4B9 | F\# | 1471.9 | 735.9 | 04C |
| G | 98.0 | 49.0 | 475 | G | 1575.5 | 787.8 | 047 |
| G\# | 103.9 | 51.9 | 435 | G\# | 1669.6 | 834.8 | 043 |
| A | 110.0 | 55.0 | 3F9 | A | 1747.8 | 873.9 | 040 |
| A\# | 116.5 | 58.2 | 3 C 0 | A\# | 1864.3 | 932.2 | 03C |
| B | 123.5 | 61.7 | 38A | B | 1962.5 | 981.2 | 039 |
| C | 130.8 | 65.4 | 357 | C | 2110.6 | 1055.3 | 035 |
| C\# | 138.6 | 69.3 | 327 | C\# | 2237.2 | 1118.6 | 032 |
| D | 146.8 | 73.4 | 2FA | D | 2330.4 | 1165.2 | 030 |
| D\# | 155.6 | 77.8 | 2 CF | D\# | 2485.8 | 1242.9 | 02D |
| E | 164.7 | 82.4 | 2 A 7 | E | 2663.4 | 1331.7 | 02A |
| F | 174.5 | 87.3 | 281 | F | 2796.5 | 1398.3 | 028 |
| F\# | 184.9 | 92.4 | 25D | F\# | 2943.7 | 1471.9 | 026 |
| G | 195.9 | 97.9 | 23B | G | 3107.2 | 1553.6 | 024 |
| G\# | 207.5 | 103.8 | 21 B | G\# | 3290.0 | 1645.0 | 022 |
| A | 220.2 | 110.1 | IFC | A | 3495.6 | 1747.8 | 020 |
| A\# | 233.0 | 116.5 | 1 E 0 | A\# | 3728.7 | 1864.3 | O1E |
| B | 246.9 | 123.5 | 1 C 5 | B | 3995.0 | 1997.5 | 01 C |
| C | 261.4 | 130.7 | 1 AC | C | 4143.0 | 2071.5 | 01 B |
| C\# | 276.9 | 138.4 | 194 | C ${ }^{\text {H }}$ | 4474.4 | 2237.2 | 019 |
| D | 293.6 | 146.8 | 17D | D | 4660.9 | 2330.5 | 018 |
| D\# | 310.7 | 155.4 | 168 | D\# | 5084.6 | 2542.3 | 016 |
| E | 330.0 | 165.0 | 153 | E\# | 5326.7 | 2663.3 | 015 |
| F | 349.6 | 174.8 | 140 | F | 5593.0 | 2796:5 | 014 |
| F\# | 370.4 | 185.2 | 12E | F\# | 5887.4 | 2943.7 | 013 |
| G | 392.5 | 196.2 | IID | G | 6214.5 | 3107.2 | 012 |
| G\# | 415.8 | 207.9 | 10D | G\# | 6580.0 | 3290.0 | 011 |
| A | 440.4 | 220.2 | OFE | A | 6991.3 | 3495.7 | 010 |
| A\# | 466.1 | 233.0 | 0FO | A\# | 7457.4 | 3728,7 | 00F |
| B | 495.0 | 247.5 | 0E2 | B | 7990.1 | 3995.0 | 00E |

R1 are not used. The other two tone generators are controlled in exactly the same way with Registers R2-R5.

## Noise Generator Control (Register R6)

The frequency of the noise source is controlled with Register R6. The lower five bits of this register form a five-bit period value. You can try stepping through the range of periods available ( $\& \mathrm{H} 01$ to $\& \mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~F}$ ) to select the period with the desired effect.

## Mixer Control-I/O Enable (Register R7)

Register R7 is a multi-function enable/disable register which controls which of the tone or noise sources is connected to the mixers, and also defines the direction for the bidirectional I/O ports. The control bits and their functions are shown in Table 4.


## Amplitude Control (Registers R8-R10)

The amplitudes of the three tone channels are determined by the contents of the lower five bits of registers R10, R11, and R12. The upper three bits are not used. The fifth bit is used to select either fixed level or variable (envelope) amplitudes ( $0=$ fixed, $\mathrm{l}=$ variable). The lower four bits contain the amplitude value when bit five is zero, and are ignored when bit five is one. There are 16 amplitude levels, 0000 -1111 (binary), which can be selected.

When bit five is one, the envelope control is enabled. A description of the envelope generator and its control follows.

## Envelope Generator Control (Registers R11-13)

The shape of the envelope is determined by the contents of the lower four bits of register R13. The envelope shape is the time history of the amplitude (amplitude as a function of time). Figure 3 shows the different shapes which are available and the control values which select each shape.

Registers R11-R12 contain the time for one cycle of the envelope. These two registers are used as one 16 -bit register, R12 containing the most significant bits and R11 containing the least significant bits. R12 can be considered the course tune value and R11 the fine tune value. The envelope periods available range from a value of 0001 (Hex) to $\operatorname{FFFF}$ (Hex), corresponding to .285 milliseconds to 18.7 seconds (assuming'a. 897 MHz clock).

## I/O Ports (Registers R14-R15)

The PSG chip has two 8 -bit I/O ports which can be used in a manner similar to the three $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ ports of the 8255 A chip. When an 8 -bit word is written to register R14, the data also appears on the eight PSG pins for port A. When the PSG ports are in the input mode, any data present on the pins will be present in the corresponding register (R14 or R15). A read of the register will retrieve the data to the computer for processing. The mode of the ports (input or output) is determined by the contents of the two highest bits of R7 as discussed earlier.

## Adding The PSG To Your I/O Board

If you have finished your 1/O board according to last month's article, the addition of the PSG will be fairly easy. You will need only the PSG chip and a 40 -pin socket (see the previous article for socket sources). Unfortunately, General Instruments, the manufacturer of the PSG, and their distributors are not really very interested in the hobbyist business, and this makes the purchase of a PSG chip a little tricky. Arrow Electronics is a General Instruments distributor with many offices around the country, but they usually have a $\$ 50$ minimum order. If you have a lot of other things to order anyway, then try Arrow. You might also find it at some Pioneer outlets. If you can't find a source, HIB Associates ( 3505 Hutch Place, Chevy Chase, MD 20815) has again agreed to fill mail orders (include $\$ 2$ shipping and handling on all orders, five percent sales tax on Maryland orders). The PSG is priced at $\$ 9.50$, and the 40 -pin socket is $\$ 1$.

Table 2. PSG Control Line Functions

| BC1 | BDIR | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Inactive |  |  |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | Write |
| 1 | 1 | Read |
| 1 | Latch |  |

A suitable location for the PSG is directly across the board from the 8255 (use the same row numbers), on the last black rectangle. In this position, as was the case for the 8255, all of the pins will be accessible without removing the computer cover when the board is plugged in. Bend and solder the corner pins of the socket to the copper pads, and bend and solder two more pins near the center of the socket. Now follow the wiring list in Table 3. Make sure that all pins to be connected via the copper pads are bent and soldered to the pads. When you are finished, recheck your work against the
wiring list until you are sure you have it right (improper connections may damage the chip or the computer). Now you can test the circuit using the test program shown in the next section.

In this design, the CoCo's clock signal ( 897 MHz ) on pin 6 of the cartridge connector is used as the clock signal for the PSG. Using a 1.79 MHz pulse would be better, allowing another octave of higher frequency tones. An external clock circuit may be used for this purpose if necessary. I will be glad to send you a simple clock circuit diagram if you include a self-addressed, stamped envelope with your request ( 6913 Breezewood Terrace, Rockville, MD 20852).

## Table 5. Wiring List

Connect the copper strip running down underneath the new 40 -pin socket to the ground bus. The two nearest strips parallel to the ground bus should be connected to Vcc $(+5$ V), forming a Vec bus (one of these may already be connected to Vcc. Connect a 1000 ohm resistor between pin 38 of the AY-3-8910 and the ground bus. Connect a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor between Vcc and ground near pin 40 of the $\mathrm{AY}-3-$ 8910 (or between its pin 40 and ground).

| From | $\begin{gathered} \text { To } \\ \text { AY }-3-8910-25 \end{gathered}$ | Vcc Signal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vec bus | AY-3-8910-25 | Vcc |
| Vcc bus | -28 | Vcc |
| Vec bus | -40 | Vcc |
| GND bus | -1 | Ground |
| GND bus | -24 | Ground |
| 8255-14 | -27 | Part C. line 0 (control) |
| -15 | -29 | Port C, line I (control) |
| 4 | -37 | DO |
| -3 | -36 | D1 |
| -2 | -35 | D2 (Data lines |
| -1 | -34 | D3 from |
| -40 | -33 | D4 Port A) |
| -39 | -32 | D5 |
| -38 | -31 | D6 |
| -37 | -30 | D7 |
| AY-3-8910-3 | -4 | Audio |
| -3 | -38 | Audio |
| -3 | CC Cartr-35 | Audio |
| CC Cartr.-6 | AY-3-89.10-22 | Clock ( 89 MHz ) |
| -5 | -23 | Reset |

You may also want to connect AY-3-8910-3 (audio out) to an audio jack for playback through a separate sound system.

## Software

The most important routines for controlling the PSG are the three which latch, write, and read. These must be written in machine language for proper timing and for maximum speed. Listing 1 shows these routines along with a short test program. It is assumed that the control lines are connected to PPI C-0 and C-1, and that the eight data lines are connected to port B.

The machine language instructions are shown in annotated assembly language in Listing 2. The statement numbers of the corresponding data statements are given in parentheses.

Figure 3. Envelope Shape/Cycle Control


This example of assembly language programming is so simple that no previous experience should be necessary to understand the way it works. Only four instructions are used, although one of them (STA) is used in two different addressing modes. In Listing 2 the operation code is in the left column and the number or address it operates on is in the right column. The dollar sign means that the number following is in Hex, and the " $\#$ " sign means that the number following should be treated as a number rather than as an address. LDA $\# \$ 80$ means that the CPU A register should be loaded with the Hex number 80. STA $\$ F F 43$ means that the contents of the CPU A register should be transferred to address FF43 (which, in our case is the control register of the PPI). LDA $\$ F F 40$ means that the contents of address FF4I should be transferred to the A register. CLRA simply clears the CPU A register, and RTS returns control back to the program which is called the routine.

Listing 1 has a few statements which require Extended BASIC, but it may be modified to get around this problem. If you don't have Extended BASIC, simply make the following changes:

220 EXEC PA

260 EXEC PA+\&H17
290 EXEC PA+\&H2A
Delete Lines $8910,8920,8930$
Radio Shack doesn't advertise the fact the EXEC works in this manner, but it does.

To test the PSG, $R U N$ the test program. In response to the prompt, $O P, R E G, D A T A$; enter the operation (1 for write, 2 for read), the PSG register number, and the data to be written (enter zero here when reading). To get a tone from audio channel A, we must write and enable code to register 7 (see Table 4), a frequency value to register 0 (and sometimes to register 1 as well), and an amplitude code to register 8.

For example, try the following:
OP,REG,DATA: 1,7,\&H3E
OP,REG,DATA: $\quad 1,0, \& H D 6$
OP,REG,DATA: $1,8, \& H 0 F$
The note C should sound. Now test the read feature by reading the contents of register 7 (which we just set to 3 E , or 62 in decimal, in the above procedure):

OP,REG,DATA: 2,7,0
The computer should respond by printing 62 on the screen. Test out the other features of the PSG in a similar manner.

Many sophisticated sound effects are possible with the PSG, and making the sounds does not tie up the CPU full time. Listing 3 shows a few of the examples which my 12 -year-old daughter wrote for a science fair project. These statements should be added to the test program (Listing l), replacing Lines 100-140.

As a different example of the possibilities with the PSG, I have added a second PSG to my board (a third control line to PSG pin 25 serves as a chip selector). I then connected the lines of the two additional I/O ports on each chip to switches under the keys of an old three-octave chord organ keyboard. With a few more subroutines, I now have a six-voice (realtime) electronic organ. My next step will be (just through additional software) to add synthesizer effects. As you can see, with the PSG you are only limited by your imagination.

The sound generator chip is only one example of the kinds of circuits which you can add to your interface board. A great security system could be built with each on/off or indicator switch from critical locations around your house wired in (through a buffer chip like the 74LS241) to the PPI I/O port lines.

The important thing is to build something. It's the best way to start learning about the wonderful world of digital circuits.


```
200
* LATCH
21\emptyset POKEFA+&H@B,R
220 X=USR1 (\varnothing)
230 RETURN
240 *WRITE
250 POKEPA+&H18,5
260 x=USR2 (0)
270 RETURN
290 'READ
296 X=USR3 (@)
306 PRINT"CONTENTS=";FEEK (PA+&H2
9)
31@ RETURN
8906 "READ AND STORE MACHINE LAN
GUAGE RQUTINES
8910 DEFUSR1=PA
8920 DEFUSR2=FA+&H17
8930 DEFUSR3=PA+&H2A
8940 "LOAD USR1, USR2, & USRS
895@ FORI=PA TOPA+&H41
8966 READY: POKEI,Y
8970 NEXTI
898% RETURN
900% 'REGISTER LATCH ROUTINE
9ø10 DATA&H86, &H8\emptyset
9@2% DATA&HB7, &HFF, &H43
903% DATA&H86, &H@S
9@4\emptyset DATA&HE7, &HFF:&H42
9050 DATARH86,9
9960 DATA&HB7,&HFF:&H49
9670 DATA&H4F
9680 DATA&HB7,&HFF,&H42
9090 DATA&HB7,&HFF,&H4\varnothing
91%0 DATA&H39
9110 *WRITE DATA RDUTINE
9120 DATA&H86, 
9130 DATA&HB7,&HFF, &H40
9140 DATA&H86,&H01
915@ DATA&HB7,&HFF,&H42
9160 DATA&H4F
9170 DATA&HB7,&HFF,&H42
919@ DATA&HB7.&HFF,&H40
9196 DATA&H39
9 1 9 5 ~ D A T A \emptyset ~
9200 = READ ROUTINE
921め DATA&HB6,&H82
9220 DATA&HB7,&HFF,&H43
9236 DATA&HB6,&H62
9240 DATA&HE7,&HFF,&H42
9256 DATA&HB6, &HFF: &H40
926% DATA&HB7,8H36, &H29
9276 DATA&H4F
9280 DATA&HB7,&HFF, %H42
9290 DATA&HB7, &HFF, &H4\emptyset
93@D DATA&HS9
```


## Listing 2:

```
GOUS *REGISTER LATCH ROUTINE
\begin{tabular}{lllr}
99010 & LDA & \(\# \$ 80\) & SET PPS REG. FOR \\
09020 & STA & \(\$ F F 43\) & B/C PORT QUTPUT.
\end{tabular}
```



## The affordable step up in home computing. Radio Shack's Best Is Now

Expand Your Programming Power! Our new 64K Extended BASIC Color Computer 2 gives superb features to serious programmers-at a very low price. It attaches easily to any television, and has an electric typewriterquality keyboard in a compact, white case. Using the built-in Extended BASIC language, you can write sophisticated programs and easily create high-resolution graphics. Produce drawings, charts, diagrams and animation with simple, one-line commands. "Draw" with eight different colors, create musical tones, analyze data and much more. Or select from our large library of in-stant-loading Program Pak ${ }^{\text {T"4 }}$ cartridges for games, education and budgeting.

Deluxe Joystick


TV not included

64K Extended BASIC Color Computer 2

## TRS-80 Color Computer Even Better.

The Heart of a Professional Disk-Based System. Add a Color Computer disk drive for an extra 156,000 characters of storage and quicker access to your data. You can add up to four disk drives for a vast 626,000 characters of total storage. For advanced programmers, our new OS-9 operating system (26-3030, \$69.95) allows you to utilize the full 64,000 -character memory for assembly language programs. OS-9 includes a text editor, assembler and debugger. You can develop and edit your own assembly language programs, convert them into machine language for execution, then test them for errors.

Multi-Pak Interface<br>17995

Easily Expandable. Best of all, your 64 K Color Computer 2 will grow with your future needs. Add our Deluxe Joysticks for more accurate cursor control and faster response with your favorite games. Or choose our Multi-Pak Interface, which lets you connect up to four Program Paks to your Color Computer at once. When you're ready to change programs, just move the selector switch. Go on-line with the world with our deluxe RS-232 Program Pak ( $26-2226, \$ 79.95$ ). You can communicate with national information services and local bulletin boards by telephone-just add a modem. You can also add a printer, a Color Mouse cursor controller and more! See It Today. The 64K Extended BASIC Color Computer 2 is available today at over 1200 Radio Shack Computer Centers and at participating Radio Shack stores and dealers nationwide.


Send me a free TRS-80 Computer Catalog.
Mail To: Radio Shack, Dept. 85-A-103 300 One Tandy Center, Fort Worth, Texas 76102
NAME
COMPANY
ADDRES8
CITY
TELEPHONE

## 

The biggest name in little computers ${ }^{\circledR}$
A DIVISION OF TANDY CORPORATION


My daughter took an instant shine to my computer. When it was new I couldn't power up without hearing a little voice pipe up, "Daddy, can I sit down and type RUN?" She had already seen the canned games that run on the Atari 2600 so she wasn't much impressed with my early efforts at programming. Every day she wanted to see something new and better. I found a winning formula pretty quick - use all the colors, lots of different sounds and plenty of visual and verbal rewards and go lightly on the "you lose" routines.

Even so, Julie's favorite game soon became, "Let's get Daddy away from the computer." I'd have something half baked in the RAM and when she tried to run it, it would throw an RG Error or some such put down. Then I'd tell her to wait until it runs a little better and instantly the face would cloud over with the "Oh, what a bummer!" look.

Or worse, the game would call for a lot of inputs, making the pace grind to a halt as she hunted for the keys. That kind of thing would end in something like "Oh, I can never win."

I've been at this for about two years now and in the process I've learned a little about computer programming and, more importantly, about fathering - a few things that I would never have known without access to a small computer. The Color Computer is the best kind of computer for this activity. Color and Extended Color basic make it easy to achieve the rewards of creativity, a real sense of satisfaction in seeing your dreams come true. Whatever you can dream you can bring into being through your CPU.

This little game helps kids make finding the right key a conditioned reflex. A small drama takes place above the
(Gil Cummings is an employee of Chevron U.S.A. in credit card customer assistance.)
keyboard as the bomber flits in and takes aim on a key. A bomb falls and it's up to the player to defend the helpless by pressing the targeted key, warding off the attack. The key colors and letters are stored in DATA statements, along with a symphony of inflight music. The graphics are all Lo-Res, the better to put all nine colors to work at once.

Line 2 provides room and board for an array in two dimensions, LC\$ (level, character). There are four rows of keys, 10 keys in each row. I put '@:' in the bottom row since they get a lot of action when programming. Lines 8 to 14 are subroutines for firing at the bomber, keeping score and making sure the bomber doesn't take aim on a key that's out of play.
The difficulty factor makes use of the tempo feature of the PLAY command. The lower the difficulty number, the slower the bomb whistles and the more time you have to respond with anti-aircraft fire. Lines $30-87$ load in the colors and sounds, allowing the colors of the keys to change with each round of play. The bomber's inflight music corresponds to the key color.

Lines 100-165 draw the keys. Line 170 changes the row of keys presented with each round and awards bonus points for hitting five in a row. Line 190 paints the bomber ( 64 dazzling color combinations). Lines 200-290 control the play and build suspense as you wait for the bomb to drop. If the player presses the right key in time, it computes the score (more points for higher difficulty and quicker response). If the player misses, the key is out and a new round begins. A round is over when the player gets five in a row or loses the last key. A game is over after three rounds; then you get blue skies and a chance to do it again.

Instructions are in Lines 300-390, winning takes you to Lines 400-420 and losing all the keys gets you another chance at Line 500.

## NEW <br> DISK DRIVES

STARTING AT
\$159.00

## WITH CASE \& POWER SUPPLY $\$ 189.95$



TANDON MPI TEAC

Speed 5 ms tk to tk and up Capacity 250k unformatted Tracks 40 Warranty now 1 YEAR


Even more savings!! ALL DRIVES FULLY TESTED\&WARRANTEED Complete Disk Drive with Power Supply\&Case .................... \$189.95
Two Drives in Dual Case \& Power Supply ............................. $\$ 359.00$ $1 / 2 \mathrm{ht}$ double sided double density Disk Drives (Panasonic) ..... \$219.95 $1 / 2$ ht double sided double density Disk Drive with ps \& case...... $\$ 249.95$ 2 double sided double density drives with ps\& case ................ \$489.95 Single ps\&case .............................................................. $\$ 39.95$
Color Computer Controller (J\&M) \$129.95
DRIVE $\emptyset$ FOR RADIO SHACK COLOR COMPUTER
TANDON, MPI OR TEAC DRIVE (SINGLE SIDED 40 TRACKS SPEED 5 MS TRK TO TRK \& UP) POWER SUPPLY and CASE, TWO DRIVE CABLE WITH ALL GOLD CONNECTORS J\&M CONTROLLER, MANUAL and DOCUMENTATION . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 329.95$ $\$ 308.00$ DRIVE $\emptyset$ FOR RADIO SHACK COLOR COMPUTER PANASONIC $1 / 2$ HEIGHT DOUBLE SIDED DOUBLE DENSITY DRIVE 500K unformatted POWER SUPPLY and CASE, 2 DRIVE CABLE WITH ALL GOLD CONNECTORS J\&M CONTROLLER, MANUAL and DOCUMENTATION...........

TECHNICAL STAFF ON DUTY, PLEASE CALL FOR ASSISTANCE.
CALL US TODAY!!


TRUE DATA PRODUCTS
195 Linwood Street, P.O. Box 546 Linwood, Massachusetts 01525 (617) 234-7047


The listing：
 128）＋CHR（ $(128)+\mathrm{CHR}(128): K \mathrm{C}=0: 5 \mathrm{C}$ ＝ 0 ：GC＝1：SS＝1：GOSUB3øø：GOTロ3 8 FOR I＝23T0 3 STEP $-1: S E T$（ $H_{5} I$ ，$C$ ）：SET（H－1，I，C）：PLAY＂OST64GEGE＂：R ESET（H，I）：RESET（H－1，I）：NEXT I：PR INTEKC\＃3－2，WB GOSUB10：RETURN
16 PRINTE487，USING＂SCORE \＃\＃\＃\＃\＃\＃

$12 \mathrm{CR}=0$ ： $55=1: \mathrm{C=0:LE=RND}(4): F O R$ I
$=1$ TO 10：XC（I）＝1：NEXTI：RETURN
14 FORI＝1 TO 16：IF XC（I）표1 THEN
RETURN ELSE NEXTI：EOTOSøD
30 CLSめ：INPUT＂EASY－HARD（1－
16）＂；DF：DL事＝STR＊（DF＊4）：CLS0：FORC ＝1T0日：READ CC
 （CL）
50 NEXT C

60 FOR I＝1 TO 4：FOR J＝1 TO 10
70 READ LC $\$(1, J)$
86 NEXT J，I
85 FOR I＝1 TO B：READ FL（I）：NEXT
87 GOSUB12
$106 \mathrm{~J} 1=$ RND（ 7 ）：$J 2=\mathrm{J} 1+16$
116 FOR I＝6 TO 2
$115 L=385+I * 32$
120 FOR JmJ1 TO J2
136 IF J＜9 THEN C＝J ELSE C＝JフーJ
140 PRINTEL，CB（C）；
$156 \mathrm{~L}=\mathrm{L}+3$
168 NEXT J
165 NEXT I
$17 \infty$ IF SS＞5 THEN PRINT E4日7，＂！！！
！BONUS！！500！！！！＂：：FORI＝1 T0 5：PL AY＂口＂＋STR（I）＋＂T16CDEFGAB＂：NEXTI ：SC＝SC＋5ø日：GOSUB1 $0:$ GOBUB12：GC＝GC ＋1：IFGC＞ 3 THEN400
172 FDR LO＝418 T0 445 STEP 3 $175 \mathrm{CR}=\mathrm{CR}+1$
 0：GOSUB10
$190 \mathrm{BC=RND}(B)$ ：WC＝RND（B）：BR $=$＝$=\mathrm{CHR}$ $(115+W C * 16)+C H R(124+B C * 16)+$ CHR
（115＋WC＊16）：IF SS＞5 THEN1＠0
206 KC＝RND（16）：IF XC（KC）＝0 THEN

## COLORFORTH ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ FORTH COMPILER

THERE IS LIFE AFTER BASIC！COLORFORTH is a figFORTH language compiler designed for use on the Color Computer．COLORFORTH Version 2.0 is available now with all these features and more：

Can access ALL available RAM from 16 K through 64 K and will work wịth any current ROM
Executes 10 to 25 times faster than BASIC and can be programmed much faster
50 additional commands are included beside the standard figFORTH commands
You get BOIH cassette and RS／DOS versions，PLUS a resident figEDITOR，and an B2 page manual
A special command that allows you to copy your program so that it can be run on a CoCo without first loading COLORFORTH
ALL OF THE ABOVE FOR ONLY．．．．．．．．．．．．
$\$ 49.95$

## DEGISION MAKER ${ }^{\text {tm }}$

If you have ever had trouble making up your MIND，THEN THIS PROGRAM IS FOR YOU！ DECISION MAKER is a new concept in programs for the Color Computer．
DECISION MAKER is ．．．
＊A step by step，interactive program to help you solve any problem
＊Designed using standard analytic techniques
＊A learning tool to discover the exact processes used in reaching a decision ＊A valuable asset for anyone DECISION MAKER requires 32 K and Ext．Basic Complete with 16 page manual，only．．．．．．．．．$\$ 24.95$

## BID－PSYCHOMETER ${ }^{\text {tm }}$

NOW YOU CAN INVESTIGATE THE HIDDEN REALMS OF THE HUMAN MIND！
BIO－PSYCHOMETER is an authentic Bio－feedback device complete with software BIO－PSYCHOMETER includes：
＊Bio－feedback graphing，Stress Reduction，and Memary Improvement modes
＊Machine Language，high speed graphics
＊Vary sensitive hardware for optimum results
＊Printed manual with instructions and suggestions for use
BIO－PSYCHOMETER requires 32 K and Ext．Basic Complete，with manual，only．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 39.95$

We accept U．S．funds drawn on U．S．banks，VISA \＆MASTER CARD，\＆UPS C．O．D．s
Add $\$ 2.50$ shipping \＆handling Texas residents add 5\％
ARMADILLO INT＇L SOFTWARE P．O．BOX 9351
AUSTIN，TEXAS 78766


VISA
Mastercard
PHONE（512）835－1088

206 ELSE DR＝RND（4）：PRINTEKC＊3－2， BR ${ }^{\text {B }}$
265 H＝KC＊6－1：C＝POINT（H，29）：PLAYF L（C）：IFDR＝4THEN220ELSEPRINTEKC＊ 3－2，WB
$229 \mathrm{H}=$ KC＊ $6-1$
249 FOR $V=3$ TO 24：SET（ $H, V, C$ ）：SET （ $\mathrm{H}-1, \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}$ ）：PLAY＂04T＂＋DL\％＋＂B－＂：RES ET（ $H, V-1$ ）：RESET（ $H-1 ; V-1$ ）：IF INKEY末＝LC $\ddagger$（LE，KC）THENSS＝SS＋1：G0SUB8： 6 OTO19øELSENEXTV
$250 \mathrm{XC}(\mathrm{KC})=6$ ：PRINTG416＋H／2，CHR 1 128）：：PLAY＂O1T2B－AGFE－DC＂：PRINTE KC＊3－2；WB ；；：SS＝1：GOSUB14：GOSUB10 290 G0TO 190
$3 ø \emptyset$ CLS：PRINT：PRINTTAB（42）＂KEY B OMBER＂
302 PRINT：PRINT
$3 ø 4$ PRINT＂LOOK DUT！UP IN T

HE SKY！
HE＇S
COMPUTER
－WHEN
$\cup$ HAVE
ORE THE
HEN YOUR
306 PRINTTAB（43）＂GOOD LUCK！＂
399 IFINKEY $\$=$＂＂THEN399 ELSE RETU RN
$40 \emptyset$ CLS5：PRINTE（4ø），＂THE SKIES A BOVE＂；：PRINTE（1ø3），＂YOUR KEYBOAR D ARE＂；：PRINT＠（173），＂SAFE！＂；
405 GOSUB 10
410 PRINTe266，＂PLAY AGAIN？＂
 IFI事〈〉＂N＂THENRUNELSE PRINTE324，＂
OK，TURN DFF THE COMPUTER．＂：END
$5 \emptyset \emptyset$ PRINTe262，＂TH－TH－TH－THAT＂S A
LL！＂；
510 PRINT选331，＂TRY AGAIN？＂

EIFI里＝＂N＂THENEND
540 RUN
899 IF INKEY $\$="$＂THEN 899 ELSE CL S：LIST－8B8
909 DATA 143，159，175，191，297，223 ，239，255
916 DATA 1，2，3，4，5，6，7，8，9，9
912 DATA Q，W，E，R，T，Y，U，I，O，P
914 DATA A，S，D，F，G，H，J，K，L，
916 DATA $Z, X, C, V, B, N, M, " B ": ": "$ －＂
929 DATA O2TBGAG，O2T16CDEFEDC， 02
T16EECCDGE，O3TBCDE，O3TBEDC，03T16 EEECDDDB， $05 T 32 C D E F G A B A G F E D C, 05 T 8$ BAG

## NEW PRICE REDUCTIONS

DISK SYSTENS FOR THE COLOR COMPUTER
THESE PACKAGES INCIUDE DRIVE，＊CONTROLIER， POWER SUPPLY \＆CABINET，CABLE，AND MANUAL．

SPECIFY WHAT CONTROLLER YOU WANT JAM，OR RADIO SBACR．
PAK 11 － 1 SINGIE SIDED，DOUBLE DENSITY SYS．
PAK $\ddagger 2$－ 2 SINGIE SIDED，DOUBLE DENSITY SYS．
PAK $\ddagger 3$－ 1 DOUBLE SIDED，DOUBLE DENSITY SYS．
PAK 4 － 2 DOUBLE SIDED，DOUBLE DENSITY SYS．
PAK $\$ 5-2$ DOUBLE SIDED，DOUBLE DENSITY SYS． THINLINE DRIVES，HALF SIZE

COLOR COMPUTER II 64K W／EXT．BASIC
$\$ 389.95$
$\$ 639.95$
\＄439．95
\＄699．95
$\$ 659.95$
\＄189．95
COMPROLLERS
JEM DISK CONTROLLER W／JDOS OR RADIO SHACK DISK BASIC，SPECIFY WHAT DISK BASIC．
$\$ 139.95$
RADIO SHACK DISK CONTROLIER 1.1
DISK DRIVE CARTHES
CABLE FOR ONE DRIVE
\＄ 19.95
\＄ 24.95
MISC
64K UPGRADE W／MOD．INSTRUCTIONS，
C，D，E，F，AND COCO 2
HLL KEYBOARDS
\＄ 49.95
\＄ 69.95
\＄ 74.95
\＄ 29.95
\＄ 29.95
\＄ 39.95
\＄ 39.95
$\$ 24.80$
\＄ 49.95
\＄199．95
\＄249．95
\＄325． 80
\＄375．00
$\$ 650.90$
\＄799． 80
$\$ 549.06$
$\$ 200.60$
SERTIAL BOARDS FOR PRINIERS
MX－SERIES
$\$ 119.95$
FX－SERIES
\＄ 99.95
USA ADD 2\％SHIPPING FOREIGN ADD 5\％SHIPPING

For Ordering Call TOLL FREE

## VISA ${ }^{\circ}$ <br>  <br> 1－800－338－6800

DATA－COMP
PO BOX 794 HIXSON，TN 37343

KRT SOFTWARE has announced that they are taking over CoCoData Enterprises' complete line of software. The line includes: Graphics Program Generator II, Electricity Consumption Monitor, Household Budget Worksheet, LLIST-RITE, Match2, Screen Reference Program, and the Programmer's Worksheet.

The programs are available at individual prices or the Super Bonus Pak of all programs for the single price of $\$ 49$. For more information, contact KRT Software, P.O. Box 41395, St. Petersburg, FL 33743; phone (813) 321-2840.
"BULLETIN BOARD"BOB continues to tame the wild, wild West after extending his operation to California. Bob Rosen, president of Spectrum Projects, has now placed into operation the fifth of his popular Rainbow Connection bulletin board systems - and the first on the sunny Pacific Coast. The BBS operates from Spectrum Project's West Coast office in San Jose and can be accessed through the number (408) 984-7937.

The question now is: If it never rains in California - how can they have a Rainbow?

CO-PRODUCED BY COCO. Triad Pictures Corp. has announced a first for the Color Computer - what purports to be an "animation program that can turn a home computer into a Hollywood cartoon studio."

The Animator, to be available in late July, features professional motion picture animation techniques, 12 "help" screens and a comprehensive manual. The average non-programmer can create original animated cartoons of up to $11 / 2$ minutes ( 600 frames) with a frame rate roughly equal to a standard Bugs Bunny cartoon. Thirty-two "cels," or character positions, are cycled and recycled to create the illusion of motion. Sound effects can be included as well.

At $\$ 35$ for the three-cassette package, The Animator sounds like it might be a real show stopper. It requires 32 K and Extended Color BASIC and includes a library of cels, backgrounds and sound effects, as well as the "Animation Studio" itself.

If you would like to know more about The Animator, contact Triad Pictures Corp., 134 Simders Rd., Sequim, WA 98382; phone (206) 683-6459.

PRINTER THRONES from Royal Seating are featured in a new two-page brochure being distributed by the company. A full line of stands designed to accommodate any type printer is offered, incorporating various size slots and cutouts for front, center or rear feed and optional paper baskets for forms retrieval.

If you're interested in the brochure and a list of prices, contact: Royal Seating Corporation, Attn: Lorraine Moore, P.O. Box 753, Cameron, TX 76520; phone (817) 697-6421.

BAR CODE READING capability is being offered for the Color Computer by Peripheral Connections (PERCON) with a newly enhanced bar code reader that will connect to any computer that supports RS-232 ASCIl communications. The E-Z-READER bar code reader features the Hewlett Packard digital wand and can read the three most popular industrial codes: Code 3 of 9 , Interleaved 2 of 5 , and Codabar/ABC.

The E-Z-READER is designed to read dot-matrix printed bar, codes, as well as those printed conventionally. The pen design enables it to read through thịn protective plastic and poorly printed bar codes. Also, it can detect the code over a range of angles and pen speeds as well as variable bar code densities. A "good read" audible signal is a standard feature.

The ability to read bar codes into your computer not only has several management and industrial applications, the potential exists for BASIC listings to be printed in bar code, such as those for the Radio Shack Model 100 being printed in PCM, THE RAINBOW's sister publication.

The E-Z-READER bar code reader is currently priced at $\$ 495$. For more information, contact: Peripheral Connections, 2190 W. 11 th St., Eugene, OR 97402; phone (503) 344-1189.

GOVERNMENT CONTROLS, those dreaded or praise-worthy restrictions (depending on your view), and consumer lawsuits are inevitably coming to the software marketplace, according to Bill Shoneman, vice president of XXCAL, Inc., a software testing firm. "The software industry is becoming big business and is developing a high profile both among consumers and the government,"Shoneman says. "Sooner or later, they are going to start insisting on some assurances about the reliability of our products."

Shoneman finds the problem evident in the typical "non-warranty" disclaimer statement that appears on most software: This program is provided as is without warranty of any kind - the entire risk as to the quality and the performance of the program is with you, the user. "That kind of a statement," says Shoneman, "doesn't exactly inspire consumer confidence.
"Magazine reviews and newsletters can be very helpful," he continues, "but they shouldn't have to take the place of manufacturer testing, which the manufacturer should pay for as part of the product development cost. Unfortunately, too few companies are investing in testing - either their own or that of an outside firm."

XXCAL, of 1901 Avenue of the Stars, Los Angeles, CA 90067 , provides such testing, ranging from a brief overview to an in-depth analysis and covering everything from technical content to documentation and ease of use. "Future successful software firms will be those that recognize the value of testing," says Shoneman. "They must realize that software success will only come to those who market programs that work."
Even if your views are a bit selfserving, Mr. Shoneman, we think they're very, very well put.

A LANGUAGE COMPILER that converts BASIC programs to machine code is being offered by LLOYD I/O for FLEX and OS-9 systems. $K-B A S I C$ has three general data types: Real, String and Integer. There are four integer sizes ( $8,16,32$ and 64 bit) and Real numbers are 15 digit precision with an exponent of $+/-99$. There are directives, statements and functions not found in BASIC interpreters.
$K-B A S I C$ is available for all FLEX, OS-9 and Color Computer OS-9 systems for \$199 from; LLOYD I/O, 19535 NE Glisan, Portland, OR 97230; phone (503) 666-1097.



## SPECTRUM PROJECTS

 SOFT AND HARD WARES FOR COLORFUL COMPUTING$\therefore \underset{\sim}{\boldsymbol{\omega}} \boldsymbol{\sim}$

SPREADSHEET


DISK DRIVES

DRIVE @ System - 40 trks, Gold Platted Connectors - $\$ 299.95$ AMDEK System - 624K Bytes with 3" Disk Cartridge - \$499.00 DISK 드NTROLLER - \$139.95 (Systems include contraller) DISK Drive 1, 2 or 3 - $\$ 169.95$ Single Drive PS \& CASE - $\$ 59.95$

## UTILITIES [DISK)



## WEST DIVISION

Spectrum Projects

San Jose, CA 95157-0866

## DATA BASE MANAGER



## GAME CONTROLLERS


t $\quad$ New Products



POKES \& PEEKS Manual ...... $\$ 7.95$ YELLOW Mail Labels ( 1 K ) . $\$ 14.95$ Disk Head Cleaning Kit .. $\$ 24.95$ 6 Dutlet Surge Pratector $\$ 59.95$ Green Monitor w/Audio .. $\$ 119.95$ Bare Disk Drive ......... $\$ 129.00$ Amber Monitor w/Audio .. $\$ 139.95$ CoCo Koala Pad .......... $\$ 139.95$

## EAST DIVISION

Spectrum Projects<br>PO Box 21272<br>Woodhaven, NY 11421

Add $\$ 3.00 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
NY Res Add Tax


## SPECTRUM PROJECTS SOFT AND HARD WARES FOR COLORFUL COMPUTING



COMMUNICATION

COLORCOM/E - A complete smart terminal package! Upload, Download, Hi-Res (51×24) screen, 300/1200 Baud, Offline Printing and much more. Rompak or Disk - \$49.95
(see Feb ' 84 Rainbow Review)


## WORD PROCESSING

TELEWRITER-64 - Top CoCo Word Processor for 2 years! Three Hi-Res screens, true lowercase characters, right justification, full screen editor. Tape \$49.95 Disk \$59.95 (see June' 83 Rainbow Review)

## PRINTERS

GEMINI 10X* $-120 \mathrm{cps}, 9 \times 9$ dot


## MODEMS

 tractor7friction feed \$299.95 EPSDN RX-80* - Faster than the MX-BD plus Graftrax! - \$349.95 * Parallel interface required. PBH Parallel Interface - Save $\$ 40$ if orgered with above printers! - $\$ 49.95$ (Reg. $\$ 89.95$ )

## MONITORS

SUPER-PRD (Mark Data) \$59.95 PREMIUM (Micronix) \$69.95* HJL57 PROFESSIONAL $\$ 79.95 *$ * - Includes free software for 4 function keys. Specify Model Revision 8oard. PREMIUM board fits CoCo II w/adaptor. Add \$5


# RING IN THE OLYMPICS！ 

By Bill Duke


This is a 16 K ECB graphics program that displays the five connecting rings universally known as the symbol of the Olympics．What better time to salute our ath－ letes than in our games issue．Good luck，USA！
The listing：
10 PMODE4，1：PCLS：SCREEN1，1
$2 \varnothing$ GOSUB9ø
3ø CIRCLE（126，89），39
$49 \operatorname{CIRCLE}(53,89), 39$
$5 \emptyset$ CIRCLE（ $29 \varnothing, 89$ ），3ø
6 CIRCLE $(9 \varnothing, 11 \varnothing), 3 \varnothing$
$7 \emptyset \operatorname{CIRCLE}(163,110), 30$
$8 \emptyset$ GロTロ8ø
99 DRAW＂BM55， 19 ；G3øR39E3øL $19 G 2 \emptyset L$ 19E2のL1ø
1øø DRAW＂BM9ø，1ø；G15R1øG5L1ØG19R 2のE20L19E5R19E5L2の
11 DRAW＂BM115，10；G3øR1ØE1ØR1øG1 9R10E3øL3 0
120 DRAW＂BM129，15；G10R1øE1ØL1ø
130 DRAW＂BM145，15；D1øR1øU1ØL1ø
$14 \varrho$ DRAW＂BM159，15；D19R1Ø
150 DRAW＂BM172，15；F5E5G5D5
16ø DRAW＂BM187，15；D1øU1øF5E5D1ø
$17 \varnothing$ DRAW＂BM2ø1；15；D1øU1øR1øDSL1ø
$18 \emptyset$ DRAW＂BM215，15；D1ø
19ø DRAW＂BM219，15；R1øL1øD1øR1ø
2øø DRAW＂BM231，15；R1øL10D5R1øDSL 10
210 DRAW＂BM171，31；D1øR5L1øR5U1øE 3
22ø DRAW＂BM181，31；D5R19USL10R1øD 10
230 DRAW＂BM195，31；D5R19D5L19U5R1

[^27]
## 0U5L1ø

24の DRAW＂BM2ø9，31；D5R16L2U5D1ø
$259 \operatorname{LINE}(33,185)-(31,155)$, PSET
$260 \operatorname{LINE}(36,185)-(38,155)$, PSET
279 DRAW＂BM32，155；R5
289 DRAW＂BM33，185；R3
290 PAINT（33，175），5
3øø DRAW＂BM31，155；H5R18G5E5R2U5L 22D5R2
319 CIRCLE（29，140），4，，2，．3ض，．85
32ø CIRCLE $(29,128), 4,1,185, .25$
$330 \operatorname{CIRCLE}(33,142), 10,, 2, .79, .95$
34ø CIRCLE（43，145），5，，2，．47，．7ø
$35 \emptyset \operatorname{CIRCLE}(22,127), 39,1,1, .0, .12$
369 DRAW＂BM59，128；G4
37ø CIRCLE（48，129），4，，2，．35，． 85
38ø CIRCLE（47，151），3ø，，1，．69，．75
39＠CIRCLE $(35,186), 4,, .5$
$40 \emptyset \operatorname{LINE}(213,185)-(211,155)$, PSET
$410 \operatorname{LINE}(216,185)-(218,155)$, PSET
429 DRAW＂BM212，155；R5
43ø DRAW＂BM213，185；R3
440 PAINT（ 213,175 ）， 1
450 DRAW＂BM211，155；H5R18G5E5R2U5 L2205R2
460 CIRCLE $(299,14 \equiv), 4,, 2, .30, .85$
470 CIRCLE $(209,128), 4,1,185, .25$
$48 \emptyset \operatorname{CIRCLE}(213,142), 19,, 2, .7 \emptyset, .9$ 5
$490 \operatorname{CIRCLE}(223,145), 5,, 2,47, .7 \emptyset$
$5 \emptyset \emptyset \operatorname{CIRCLE}(2 \emptyset 2,127), 3 \varnothing, 1,1, . \emptyset, .1$ 2
510 DRAW＂BM230，128：G4
520 CIRCLE（228，129），4，，2，．35，． 85
$539 \operatorname{CIRCLE}(227,15 \emptyset), 30,1, .69, .7$
5
$54 \varnothing$ CIRCLE $(215,186), 4,, .5$
55ø RETURN

## THE SPECTRUM VOICE PAK

## \$49.95 SPECIAL

Price good with purchase of any Talking Software below ! Offer expires August 25, 1984

## $\$ 69.95$ CoCo I

New Features ! Single key echo and phoneme printouts ! Works w/\$29.95 Disk"Y" cable!

## $\$ 79.95$ CoCo II

Includes adapter to work on $16 \mathrm{~K}-64 \mathrm{~K}$ CoCo II's. Same features as CoCo I. In stock!

## TALKING SOFTWARE

Talking Final Countdown - You must stop the mad general from launching a missle at the Russians and causing WW III ! Has multiple voices for added realism. 32 K EXT $\$ 24.95$

Educational Software - Computer Island's educational programs turn your CoCo into a true teaching machine. Reinforce basic lessions with the aid of voice. Three/pak special includes Math Drill, Spelling Tester and Foreign Languages. 16K EXT $\$ 24.95$

Talking Score E-Z - An excellent adaptation of a Yahtzee type program with added speech. Up to 6 players can compete at a time, and all scoring and record keeping is done by the computer. 32 K EXT $\$ 24.95$

Term Talk - A speaking smart terminal program for your CoCo. It contains all the features of an intelligent communications package, plus it talks! (Shades of War Games) 16K EXT Tape $\mathbf{\$ 3 9 . 9 5}$ Disk $\$ \mathbf{4 9 . 9 5}$

All orders plus $\$ 3.00 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ - NY Residents add sales tax SPECTRUM PROJECTS

WEST DIVISION :
PO BOX 9866
SAN JOSE, CA 95157-0866 408-243-4558 / 212-441-2807

PO BOX 21272
WOODHAVEN, NY 11421

# Imagination And A Few Simple Graphics Techniques 

Joseph Kolar Rainbow Contributing Editor

0ne of the interesting features of the CoCo is the graphic character set. Refer to your manual for a review of $C H R \$(128)$ through $C H R \$(255)$.
Using these graphic characters is fun. They allow any newcomer to CoColand to express him/herself artistically. Surprisingly, artistic ability is not a prerequisite to utilizing this capability of the CoCo. You might just as well learn how to use this effective enhancement of the CoCo and get your money's worth.

There are seven small listings that will help walk you through this tutorial.

Key in Lines $0,10,200$, before you work on each program. At any time, you can $R U N$ the program as you proceed to verify what you have added. Or, if you prefer, key in each program and follow along.
[20 PRINT@40, CHR\$(128)]. A black box at screen location 40! Add another black box next to it. [+CHR\$(128)]. To add two more black boxes, (squares), next to it, add [14A $\$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(128)]$. Now, the black box has been assigned a name, A\$. Add [+A\$+A\$] to Line 20. To add two more blocks, insert [15B\$=A\$+A\$]. Two boxes, $A \$+A \$$ have been assigned a special name, $\mathbf{B} \$$. Add $[+B \$]$ to Line 20.

Note that you will be using concatenation, ' + ', exclusively in all of the programs. Think of concatenation as adding box cars to a freight train. You attach them to the end of the train using the plus sign.

Let's make a small design in the lower left-hand corner. Line [100PRINT@360,B\$+B\$] gives us four boxes that create a small horizontal bar. Note that you could have added $[16 \mathrm{C} \$=\mathrm{B} \$+\mathrm{B} \$$ ] and changed line [100PRINT@ $360, \mathrm{C} \$]$. Let's be simple as well as lazy. There are 32 columns

[^28]to a screen line. We want to put a pair of boxes underneath and two spaces to the left. So, being lazy, we create line [101PRINT@360+32-2,].[360] is the starting location of our first row, $[+32]$ positions us directly below the first box in the top row; [-2] moves over two spaces to the left. In effect, [PRINT@360+32-2,] is equivalent to [PRINT $@ 360+30$,] or [PRINT@390,].

For a beginner, it will be more meaningful to do calculations with small numbers to visualize what is happening as we move from one location to another. So, let's add [10IPRINT@360+30,B\$]

We wanted to skip four spaces and repeat the design element. Again, we consider: [360], the original location, $[+32-2]$ or $[+30]$, the beginning of the lower block; $[+2]$, the spaces this block occupies; $[+4]$, the four blank spaces we want to skip.

Line [102 PRINT@ $360+30+2+4, \mathrm{~B} \$]$ adds the right-hand block in the desired location.
Remember, any time you want, just $R U N$ your program to check it out and see if you follow the progress of the program.

We will close up the design by adding a block of four boxes, (squares), to the next row, directly under the top row. Since each row has 32 spaces, we want to add 64 spaces to our starting location, [360].

103 PRINT@360+64,B\$+B\$
Note that the first element, [B\$], does not require a ' + ' because it is the locomotive of our imaginary freight train. However, you may insert it if you prefer. It won't do any harm. But, each succeeding element of the train must have the plus sign prefixed in front of the variable of the particular box car to be added to the train.

We have this blank space in our design. Blank spaces cry out to be filled. The first thing that comes to mind is that four empty spaces allow us to print a four letter word. The
second most obvious choice is, 'COCO'.
Referring to Line 102 , we can pick up the location of the first letter, ' $c$ '. [360] is the starting location; [+30], the starting location of the left element on the second line; [ +2 ], the spaces taken up by the block. Now, we have reached the location of the first of the four blank spaces.

104 PRINT@360+30+2,"COCO";
Did you add [;] at the end of the line? Omit it and $R U N$. What alternative to [;] could you use to add the right-hand block?

You may rightly ask, "Why couldn't I have inserted 'COCO' into Line 102?"' Creativity, being unpredictable, as it is, I didn't think of it until the design was finished. 'COCO' was an afterthought.

For practice, insert ['] in front of Line 104 to hold it but not to include it in the display and rewrite Line 102 to include 'COCO'. Then DEL 104. You have now tightened up your program to eliminate an unnecessary program line. Line 102 should read:
102 PRINT@360+30+2, "COCO"+B\$
For practice, change Line 14 to whatever solid color you prefer. A solid color will give you the most simple, but pleasing border. You might just as well DEL20. Check your manual, or the training aid you made a few months ago

if you followed this author's articles, to see how I got the blue graphic element. I used $C H R \$(143+32)$. Could you have used $C H R \$(175)$ instead? This is Design Tutorial 2.

All well and good! You may as well move the design to the center of the screen.

For the purpose of this tutorial, we will relocate Line 100 first. You can figure out your desired location by referring to the "PRINT@ Screen Location" chart in the manual.

However, creativity knows no rules. So, we will be real lazy and locate it by trial and error. Pick a location number that you think is in the middle. Say, 220. Change Line 100 to [PRINT@220] and RUN. Whoops! It's in the middle all right, but away off to the right. Move it over to the left, say, about 10 , or [210]. Try it! N.G.! Well, move it over some more. Try [204] and RUN. Too much! How about [207]? Ah, that looks fairly well centered.

The design looks centered, but if you get a ruler and check the blank area on both sides, you will see that it is off center. Correct it by changing the location -1 or [206]. While you are at it, check with the ruler to see if it is neatly centered vertically.

Now, move the rest of the design by changing the [360] in Lines 101, 102, and 103 to [207]. Check it out! Why did it move over so nicely by changing all the locations to the same number?

The secret is that every line was based on the original starting location in this program. Do you see why the simple 'plus or minus' algorithm worked so effortlessly?

From what you have learned, can you change Line 102 to include the information in Line 101, effectively eliminating the need for Line 101?

Here is the solution, Compare Lines 101 and 102. Note that [B\$] in Line 101 falls where [+2] is shown in Line 102. Put ['] in front of Line 101 to hold it for reference. $R U N$ and note that you were right. Line 102 begins with 'COCO'. Adjust line 102 by changing [ +2 ] to [ $\mathrm{BS}+\mathrm{]}$. Did you remember to put in [ + ]? RUN it! If it is okay, [DEL 101]. This is Design Tutorial 3.

Finally, if you feel that this is the final location of your design, you may tighten up the tutorial. Change Line 102 to [PRINT@236,], instead of [PRINT@206+30,] and Line 103, to [PRINT@270,] instead of [PRINT@206+64,].

When we complete our design, we plan to move it to the top of the screen page. It will be a lot more difficult to move your design around the screen because you now have three distinct reference locations in your program rather than one. Also, if you add more elements to the design, (Who can resist improving a design?), you will have difficulty in locating the new elements. So, for this tutorial, let's not tighten it up.

Looking over the design, I wonder how it would look with small squares in the four corners? See Figure 1.

It would look better if the blue was changed back to black. Change Line 14 to [14 A $\$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(128)$ ].

Since you know the system, do this on your own. Use 206 as your base location. Compare your results with Design Tutorial 4. It was no problem to concatenate the proper elements to the ends of Lines 100 and 103. Lines 101 and 104 were added because it was the simplest and laziest way to locate the two left-hand elements. If you fail to end these two lines with [;], you would wipe out the balance of the top and bottom rows. The final result should be Design Tutorial 4.

You can eliminate Lines 101 and 104 by changing Lines 100 and 103, just as you had done before to get Design Tutorial 3. This will give you Design Tutorial 5.
$R U N$ it and then look over the listing carefully. The two arms in the middle row look too long. They could be altered so that they don't extend so far out. We may be creative but we are also lazy. Suppose we added a bit more black to the top and bottom rows? Wouldn't that make the design more symmetrical? See Figure 2.

We want to go one line above Line 100 and one space to the right to start our new elements. We calculate: [206] is the base location; [-32] locates us directly above Line 100 and [ +1 ] moves us over one space.

> 99PRINT@206-32+1,CHR\$(140)+CHR\$(140)

To get the new bottom location, we pick up the location of the bottom row, Line 103. The location of Line 103 is [206], the starting location: $[+6 \overline{4}]$, two rows down; $[-1]$, one space to the left. We add to these figures, [+32], one line below the base locaton of the line; $[+2]$, two spaces to the right.

104 PRINT@206+64-1+32+2,CHR\$(131)+CHR\$(131)
This is Design Tutorial 6. RUN. That looks better! The four corners we added previously were too narrow. Can you change Line 100 , using [CHR\$(140)] and Line 102 , using [CHR\$(131)] on both ends to make it even more visually attractive? Just substitute!

We could continue to change and improve the design. For you persistent puzzle-solvers, try to change Lines 100 and 102 so that there is a little blank area above and below 'COCO' to give it a 'step' look. See what you come up with.

As a final exercise，to get Design Tutorial 7，we will move the entire design to the top of the screen，centered hor－ izontally．

Use Line 99，the new top line of the design and relocate it． If you use the trial and error method，you may get an FC error．Keep at it！When you get it located to your satisfac－ tion，change the［206］in Lines 100；102；103；104；to your new value．$R U N$ ．If all looks fine，as a final test，simplify the locations in all the lines by appropriately adding or subtract－ ing，to get a conventional，one－number location．For exam－ ple，Line 99 would be changed from［PRINT＠46＋1－32，］to ［PRINT＠15，］．

That blank area under your design is screaming for you to fill it in．I leave it to your imagination to work something up．

We got a lot of experience locating，inserting and moving elements of a design．We used a few simple techniques，by no means the only ones available，to fool around with graphic characters．If you read your final listing，you could suggest that，heck，we could have programmed Design Tutorial 7，in the first place．Sure－if we knew what we were going to create and where we were going to locate it on the screen．

Keep in mind that we started with a black square that we placed on the screen．We were creating．One thing suggested the next and who knew what the end result would be？

When you are bored，sit in front of the keyboard．Start with a graphic character and let your imagination run wild． No two people have the same creative thoughts．Your end result will surely be an original creation that may lead down some unexpected byway．Always pose problems and each time you solve them，you can go on dreaming up additional problems and then have fun solving them．

Listing 1：
の＊DESIGN TUTORIAL 1
10 CLS
14 A $=$＝CHR $=$（128）
15 B $=$＝$=$ \＄$+A$ \＄
2ø FRINT＠40，CHR（128）＋CHR
8）$+A$ 中 $+A$ 事 $+B$ 事

```
10\varrho PFINT@3G曾, B$+Bक
101 PRINTE36@+30,B事
102 PRINT@S60+30+2+4, B串
103 FRINTE360+64,B$+B$
104 PRINTE36\emptyset+3\varrho+2, "COCO";
20ణ GOTO20%
```

Listing 2：
Ø＇DESIGN TUTORIAL 2
19 CLS
$14 \mathrm{~A} \$=\operatorname{CHR} \phi(143+32)$
$15 \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{A}$ 事＋A ${ }^{\text {o }}$
$10 \varnothing$ PRINTE36の，B\＄＋B
101 PRINT＠360＋30，B क
192 PRINTE36 $\varnothing+3 \varnothing+2, " C O C \square "+B \$$
1 193 PRINTE $360+64$ ，B 事 + B
2øø GOTD $2 \emptyset \varnothing$
Listing 3：
毋 DESIGN TUTORIAL 3
10 CLS
$14 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{CHR}=(143+32)$
$15 B \phi=A \phi+A \phi$
$10 \emptyset$ PRINTE206，B $\$+B \$$
1 102 PRINTE2ø6＋30，B\＄＋＂COCO＂+ B $\$$
103 PRINTE206＋64，B車＋B
$20 \emptyset$ GOTO 200
Listing 4：
g＊DESIGN TUTORIAL 4
10 CLS
14 A ${ }^{\text {中 }}=$ CHR $\$(128)$
$15 \mathrm{~B} \phi=\mathrm{A} \phi+\mathrm{A} \$$
1 10 PRINTE206，B事＋B\＄＋CHR $\$$（141）
101 PRINT＠206－1，CHR ${ }^{10}$（142）；
102 PRINTE206＋3ळ，Bक＋＂COCO＂＋Bक
193 PRINTE206＋64，B $\ddagger+\mathrm{B}$ 中 $+\mathrm{CHR} \$$（135）
104 PRINTE206＋64－1，CHRक（139）；
$20 \emptyset$ GOTD 200
Listing 5：
9＊DESIGN TUTORIAL 5
10 CLS
$14 \mathrm{~A} \ddagger=\mathrm{CHR}$（ ${ }^{(128)}$
$15 \mathrm{~B} \phi=\mathrm{A} \phi+\mathrm{A}$ \＄
 CHR ${ }^{\text {（ }}$（141）
102 PRINTe206＋3 1 ，$\overline{6}+$＂COCO＂+B \＄
103 PRINTe206＋64－1，CHR $\ddagger(139)+$ B $\ddagger+$

$20 \varnothing$ GOTD $2 \emptyset \varnothing$
Listing 6：
■＊DESIGN TUTORIAL 6
10 CLS
14 A事＝CHR事（128）

99 PRINTE206＋1－32，CHR $\$(140)+$ CHR $\$$ （140）
 CHR ${ }^{\text {（141）}}$
102 PRINTE206＋30，B $\$+$＂COCO＂+ B务
103 PRINT＠206＋64－1，CHR $=139$ ）+ Bक + B\＄＋CHR\＄（135）
194 PRINTE296＋64－1＋32＋2，CHR $\$$（131 ）＋CHR $\$$（131）
206 GOTO 200
Listing 7：
0 DESIGN TUTORIAL 7
19 CLS
14 A $\$=$ CHR $\$$（128）
15 日事＝A事＋A事
99 PRINTE46＋1－32，CHR $\$(140)+$ CHR $\$($ 14の）
1 19 PRINT®46－1，CHR $\$(149)+B \$+B(\$+C$ HR ${ }^{\text {（140 }}$（14）

103 PRINTE46＋64－1，CHR $\$(131)+\mathrm{B}=+\mathrm{B}$事＋CHRक（131）
104 PRINTE46＋64－1＋32＋2，CHR ${ }^{2}$（131） ＋CHR ${ }^{\text {（ }}$（131）
299 GOTO 290

## A CHIP OFF THE OLD...

6821 Standard PIA . . . . . . ............. $\$ 9.95$
6822 Industrial Grade PIA . . . . . . . $\$ 14.95$
6847 VDG Chip . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 17.95$
68764 (Fits Ext Basic Skt) Eprom . $\$ 24.95$
64K RAM Checker (ROMPAK) . . . . . . . . $\$ 24.95$
16K-32K Upgrade Kit* ............... $\$ 25.95$
6883 SAM Chip w/heat sink ......... \$29.95
6809E CPU Chip . ...................... $\$ 29.95$
Basic ROM T. 2 Chip .................... $\$ 39.95$
Disk ROM 1.1 (New DOS Command) . $\$ 39.95$
Extended Basic 1.1 ROM .............. $\$ 69.95$
CoCo First Aid Kit (Be Prepared)
(2 6821's, 6809E \& 6883) ........... \$69.95
Intronics Eprom Programmer- 15 seconds
for a 68764 ! A17 popular EPROM's $\$ 139.95$

* NOT Compatible with CoCo II


## COCD LIBRARY...

Color Computer Tech Manual . ........ $\$ 7.95$
The World Connection - All about BuTlet in Boards, Modems and the World's
Most Famous Sysop (Bob Rosen)!..... \$9.95
CoCo Memory Map . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 12.00$
CoCo Secrets Revealed ............... . $\$ 14.95$
Color Computer Interfacing ........ $\$ 74.95$
Basic 09 Tour Guide ................ $\$ 18.95$
CoCoINDX (1,800 articles) ......... $\$ 19.95$
New 1 CoCo II Service Manual ....... \$19,95

## MORE CDOD BTUFF.

 CoCo Voice Chip - Votrax SC01A ... $\$ 34.95$ $\frac{\text { PBH }}{300}$ Parallel Interface - Beats Botek! 300-9600 baud w/ptr-modem switch.$\$ 69.95$ The Spectrum Switcher - Have your Disk \& Cartridge too! Duat Slot System $\$ 69.95$ Disk Interface (Spectrum Specia1) $\$ 139.95$ PBJ $80 \times 24$ Video Board ............. $\$ 139,95$ Microfazer SER/PAR print buffer $\$ \$ 179.95$ Sanyo MBC550 - 16 bit 8088 MS-D0S system $128 \mathrm{~K}, 1$ drive, $640 \times 200$ graphics.$\$ 895.00$ W/Hi-Res green screen monitor... $\$ 995.00$

## COCO CABLES AND...

Four Pin Male to Four Pin Female Extension 15 feet. Move your printer or modem to another location........... \$14.95 Tired of plugging and unplugging devices from the RS232 port? Make your life easier. Try our RS232 "Y" cable .. \$79.95 OS-9 Null Modem Cable - Now timeshare with another CoCo or MC-10 ....... $\$ 19.95$ Disk Interface/Rom Pak Extender - Move your disks and ROM Paks where you want them (3 feet) ......................... $\$ 29.95$ Triple RS232 Switcher - Now select one of any three RS232 peripherals ... $\$ 29.95$ 40 P'in Dual "y" Cable - hook up a disk w/voice or word pak. a clock, etc. $\$ 29.95$

## OTHER BOOD BTUFF...

C-10 tapes in any quantity ..... 49 cents $51 / 4$ Diskettes in any quantity ... $\$ 1.99$ Joystick plug ........................... $\$ 3.99$ 64K RAM Button ............................... $\$ 4.99$ GEMINI 10X Ribbon ...................... $\$ 4.99$
Amdek $3^{\prime \prime}$ diskettes in any quantity. $\$ 5.99$
Epson MX/RX 80 Cartridge ............ $\$ 6.99$
Rompak w/BTank PC Board ............. $\$ 9.95$ RS Disk Controller Case .............. $\$ 9.95$ The Disk Doubler - Doubleside your $51 / 4$ diskettes ............................ \$14.95 Video Clear - Cleanup TVI II ......\$19.95 Cassette Recorder Stand-Put your CTR80 CCR81 at a 45 degree angle ........ $\$ 19.95$ The Data Defender-Store 70 diskettes in a hard plastic case w/key lock.... $\$ 29.95$ CoCo Cooler (D \& E Rev. boards) . $\$ 49.95$ New! CoCo Cooler 11 (CoCo II) ..... $\$ 49.95$ CoCo Stereo Music Synthesizer ..... $\$ 69.95$

## BPECTRUM PROJECTS EAST DIVISION

PO BOX 21272 WOODHAVEN, NY 11421

## WEST DIVISION

PO BOX 9866
SAN JOSE, CA 95157-0866

## COLORFUL UTILITIES



DOUBLE DOS - Now access 10 more granules from your 40 track drive and still be compatible with RS DOS! Also works with double-sided and 80 track drives! DISK $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 9 5}$
$\square$ —emernex
MULTI-PAK CRAK - Save ROMPAKs to your 64K Disk system using the RS Multi-Pak Interface. Eliminate constant plugging in of ROMPAKs now by keeping all your PAK software on disk. DISK \$24.95

TAPE OMNI CLONE - Easily handles programs with auto loaders, no headers, no EOF markers, unusual size blocks and more! Now is the time to get your tape software collection protected against loss. TAPE $\$ 24.95$

## 

DISK OMNI CLONE - Back everything up! This amazing program handles "non standard" disks with ease. We haven't. found any disk yet that it can't handle. Lowest price too! 32K DISK \$29.95

DISK MANAGER - Rescue crashed disks, date files on the disk directory, print a Super directory with ML addresses, maintain and sort a catalog of up to 300 files from a collection of disks! 16K DISK $\$ 29.95$ (see Nov ' 83 Rainbow Review)

DISK UTIL - A multi-featured enhancement that makes disk handling USER FRIENDLY. Utilize a directory window to sort, move and copy file entries, backup by file or by track, interrogate disk sectors or the GAT table, single command execution of both BASIC and ML programs plus much more! 64K DISK $\$ 24.95$ (see May ' 84 Rainbow Review)

[^29]MASTER DESIGN - A text designer/editor to generate graphics mode lettering with multiple font sizes, textures, shadowing and thicknesses, plus special patterns for creative backgrounds. Comes with a screen print routine and a Letter Head Utility that interfaces with Telewriter-64 and BASIC. DISK $\$ 34.95$

BASIC COMPILER - Convert your BASIC programs into fast efficient machine language. Produces code more compact and up to 50 X s faster than original BASIC. Integer compiler with no Extended BASIC needed. $16 \mathrm{~K}-64 \mathrm{~K}$ versions included. TAPE $\$ 39.95$

SCHEMATIC DRAFTING - Save hours of work and design professional looking electronic diagrams using a $480 \times 540$ pixel worksheet with 6 viewing windows. Over 30 electronic symbols with 10 user definable symbols are provided. Dump hard copy to the printer and save the created schematics to disk. 64K DISK $\$ 49.95$ (see Jan ' 84 Rainbow Review)

COLORAMA - A first-class Bulletin Board package... especially geared towards CoCo users... has an ordering section for those who want to run a mail-order business... one nice piece of work. 64 K DISK $\$ 99.95$ July ' 84 Rainbow

MASTER MAIL - Quite easy to use... Capable of handing 1000 addresses on a single disk... FORM LETTER allows you to produce multiple letters from the address database... A program for sertous applications. 32K DISK $\$ 49.95$ Jan' 84 Rainbow


## COLORFUL UTILITIES


FAST DUPE－The fastest Disk copier ever！Will format and backup a diskette in only one pass and can make up to 4 Disk copies at once！The must utility for every Disk owner． 64 K DISK $\$ 19.95$（see May＇ 84 Rainbow Review）

HIDDEN BASIC－Protect your BASIC programs．Mask your code so CLOAD，CSAVE，LIST， EDIT，DEL and LLIST will not function．TAPE $\$ 19.95$（see Sept＇ 83 Rainbow Review）

64 COL MOD I／III EMULATOR－Give COCo a $64 \times 16$ screen．Run Model I／III graphics code Without retyping the BASIC statements． 64 K DISK $\$ 19.95$（see May＇ 84 Rainbow Review）
$64 K$ DISK UTILITY PACKAGE－Take advantage of an expanded $64 K$ machine．Make an additional 8 K of RAM available．Copy ROM cartridges to disk and create a 32 K SPOOL buffer for printing，DISK $\$ 21.95$（see July＇ 83 Rainbow Review）

## 

TAPE UTILITY－A powerful package that transfers tape to disk and disk to tape automatically．Does an automatic copy of an entire disk of programs and data to tape． TAPE／DISK $\$ 24.95$（see Sept＇ 83 Rainbow．Review）

$E-X-T-E-M-D-E-D$ DISK BASIC－Add new powerful commands to your 64K Disk system． Inverse Video（GREAT for monttors 1），Wild Card Directory．Double POKE and PEEK， NSAVE，NLOAD，LDIR，OLD and TYPE．DISK $\$ 24.95$（see Aprit 84 Rainbow Review）

GRAPHICOM－The ultimate CoCo graphics development tool with sophisticated editing， preview animation，telecommications and printer support．Hi－Res graphics for only $\$ 24.95$ ．W／Spectrum＇s Menu Foot Switch $\$ 34.95$ ．64K DISK（see Aprit＇ 84 Rainbow Review）

EZ BASE－A truly user friendly data base program at an affordable price．Maintain inventories，hobby collections，recipes，greeting card lists and much，much more！Hi－ Res screen，up to 500 records with 15 fieids，record or field search，and a Mailing Labels option，32K DISK $\$ 24.95$（see July 184 Rainbow Review）

BLACKJACK ROYALE－A Hi－Res graphics casino blackjack simulation and card counting tutor．Fully realistic play includes：double down，splits，surrender，insurance bets， 1－8 decks，burnt cards，shuffle frequency and more ${ }^{\text {This }}$ thine program is a must for the CoCo Blackjack player．＂（Aug＇83 Rainbow Review）32K TAPE／DISK $\$ 24.95$

# GHIPPING \＄9．00－NY REGIDENTS ADD SALES TAX 

 GPECTRUM PROJFCTS
## WEST PIVISION pa Box 98es <br> SAN JOEE，CA 95157－0BEG 408－243－4558

EABT BIVISION pa Box 21巴7e

## Disk

 Drive
# Speed <br> Check 

Have you ever suddenly been barraged by $1 / O$ Errors when trying to load a program from disk? Sometimes this is a sign that your disk drive needs some routine adjusting.

One of the things that can periodically slip out of line within your disk drive is its rotational speed. The disk drive is supposed to spin your diskettes at 300 revolutions per minute (rpm), give or take five percent.

Inside your disk drive there is a little knob which you may turn to adjust your disk drive's speed. This BASIC program will tell you how fast your drives are running. By repeatedly turning the knob slightly and then running the program, you may easily adjust your disk drives to perfect operating speed, thus saving a hefty repair bill.

If one of your drives is giving more than its fair share of 1/O Errors, then run this program to see if indeed your drive's speed is off. The program will ask which drive you would like to check, and then will prompt you to insert an initialized diskette in the drive and press ENTER. Any diskette will do, as long as it has been initialized previously with the DSKINI command. The program then will draw up a chart of your drive's speed on 10 consecutive readings and the overall average.

If your drive is consistently more than about five rpm off from 300 , you may wish to adjust the speed control. First, remove the outer cabinet by removing the four exterior

[^30]By Roger Schrag

screws. If your disk drive is a Radio Shack model, then the speed control is the bright yellow knob on the small circuit board on the same side of the drive as the large belt connecting the motor to the hub which grips the diskette.
Use a flat blade screw driver to turn the knob slightly in one direction or the other. Then run the speed check program again. Do this repeatedly until your drive's speed is within about five rpm of 300 . Your drive does not need to operate at exactly 300 rpm , and fluctuations of one or two rpm is perfectly normal.
This little program lets you determine if the source of your disk problems is a drive motor running off speed. This program lets you also fix it if you are somewhat mechanically inclined. Please note that opening your drive may void your warranty. However, this should not be a problem; if your drive were still under warranty, you would take it back to the store if it exhibited any kind of problems whatsoever.
The program uses a short machine language subroutine to perform the actual timing. The data statements are set up so as to show the actual assembly language code that is being POKEd into memory.
All diskettes for the Color Computer have a pinhole in them called a "sector index hole." This pinhole passes in front of a sensor in the disk drive exactly once on each revolution. By reading this sensor, the machine language subroutine times how long it takes for the diskette to complete one revolution. From this information, the BASIC program is able to calculate how many revolutions the diskette would make in one minute if it continued spinning at that exact rate. This is the disk drive's rotational speed, measured in revolutions per minute.

If you have any questions or comments，please feel free to drop me a line．My adaress appears at the top of the pro－ gram listing．Please include a self－addressed，stamped enve－ lope，so that I may reply．

The listing：


1 REM $* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$
2 REM＊DISK DRIVE SPEED CHECK＊

4 REM
5 REM EY：ROGER SCHRAG
6 REM 2054 MANNING AVENUE
7 REM LOS ANGELES，CA 90025
8 REM
9 REM
190 CLS：CLEAR 59月
$11 \varnothing$ READ B $\ddagger$ ：IF B $\$=$＂END＂THEN $13 \varnothing$
120 A $\$=A \$+B$ 事：READ DUMMY事：GOTO11 9
139 FOR $X=1$ Tロ LEN（A $=1 / 2$
$146 \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{VAL}($＂\＆H＂＋MID\＄（A⿻⿱⿱一口⺕亅八（ $X * 2-1,2)$ ）
150 POKE $X+3585, Y: C=C+Y: N E X T X$
166 IF $\mathrm{C}<>4061$ THEN 496
170 S事＝STRING事（32，61）
186 F1\＄＝＂TRIAL \＃\＃SPEED \＃\＃\＃．\＃\＃＂
190 F2事＝＂AVERAGE \＃\＃\＃．\＃\＃＂
200 PRINT＂DRIVE SPEED CHECK＂
210 PRINT S
229 PRINTE128，＂WHICH DRIVE＂；
239 INPUT DV：PRINTE142；＂＂
249 IF DVくあ OR DV＞3 THEN 220
250 PRINT：PRINT＂PLEASE MOUNT＂；
269 PRINT＂AN INITIALIZED＂
279 PRINT＂DISK IN DRIVE＂：DV：
280 INPUT＂\＆PRESS ENTER＂；$X$
29ø CLS：PRINT＂SPEED CHECK－－＂
$3 \varnothing 6$ PRINT＂DRIVE＂；DV：PRINT S
316 DSKI $\$$ DV，17，1，A $\$, ~ B \$$
320 POKE \＆HFF48，3
330 TL＝0：FOR TR＝1 TO 10
340 POKE 2437，126：EXEC 3586
359 SP＝PEEK（3584）＊256＋PEEK（3585）
360 IF SP $=0$ THEN 459
$379 \mathrm{SP}=\mathrm{SP} * 0.026779174$
38の PRINT USING F1中；TR，SP
399 TL＝TL＋SP：NEXT TR
$49 \varnothing \mathrm{AV}=T L / 16$
410 PRINT TAB（9）＂ $\qquad$ ＂
420 PRINT USING F2事；AV
430 PRINTB478，＂PRESS ENTER＂；
440 INPUT X：CLS：GOTO 170
450 PRINTE384，＂＊＊＊＊ERROR＊＊＊＊＂
4G历 PRINT＂PLEASE CHECK DISK＂；
479 PRINT＂IN DRIVE＂；DV

48ø GOTD 430
490 PRINT＂DATA ITEM INCORRECT＂ 596 STOP
516 REM
520 REM MACHINE LANGUAGE RDUTINE
530 REM
540 DATA＂3413＂＂ST PSHS A，X，CC
550 DATA＂1A50＂＂ORCC \＃\＃5
5bø DATA＂9EEA＂＂LDX \＄8A
570 DATA＂B6め2＂＂LDA \＃\＄$\# 2$
580 DATA＂3øø1＂＂L1 LEAX 1，X
590 DATA＂2719＂＂BEQ EX
600 DATA＂E5FF4日＂：＂BITA 事FF48
610 DATA＂27F7＂＂BEQ L1
620 DATA＂9EBA＂＂LDX 事8A
630 DATA＂ 3001 ＂＂L2 LEAX 1，$X$
649 DATA＂2716＂＂EEQ EX
659 DATA＂B5FF48＂，＂BITA 象FF48
666 DATA＂26F7＂＂BNE L2
670 DATA＂3øø1＂＂LS LEAX 1，X
680 DATA＂2795＂＂BEQ EX
670 DATA＂BSFF48＂：＂BITA 事FF48
769 DATA＂27F7＂，＂BEQ LЗ
710 DATA＂EFøE 76 ＂，＂EX STX \＄E
720 DATA＂3593＂＂PLLS CC，X，A
${ }^{1} \mathrm{PC}$
736 DATA＂END＂，＂MARK END OF DATA

TRS－80＋MOD I，III，COCO，T199／4a TIMEX 1000，OSBORNE，others

## GOLD PLUG－ 80

Eliminate disk reboots and data loss due to oxi－ dized contacts at the card edge connectors．
GOLD PLUG 80 solders to the board edge con－ nector．Use your existing cables．（if gold plated）


USA shipping \＄1．45
Can／Mex $\$ 4$.
Foreign $\$ 7$ Don＇t wail any longer TEXAS 5\％TAX
Avallable at your favorite dealer or order direct from
E．A．P．CO．
R．O．BOX 14
KELLER．TEXAS 76248


## SR-71

SR-71 is a fast action game in which you are the pllot on a mission to take photographs of missile sites in Russia and delliver them to our processing laboratory in Japan. So real you will feel as if you are in the cockpit on a real spy mission. Elude Russian missiles as well as their detection devices. Another Tom MIX exclusive. A must for the adventurous. Fantastic graphics, color and sound. 32K Ext. Baslc

TAPE $\$ 28.95$ DISK $\$ 31.95$

## SKRAMBLE

Your mission is to penetrate the enemy skramble system and destroy thelr headquarters. You will start with three of our latest spacefighters equipped with repeating cannon and twin bomb launcher. If you succeed in evading the elaborate ground defenses, you will arrive at the Cave where flying becomes more difflcult. In the cave are UFOs, after which you must avoid a hall of meteorltes. Very few pllots succeed this far, but if you do, then you must enter the Fortress, follow. ed by the Maze. One or two player game. Machine Language, high speed, Arcade action. Full color graphics with sound. Keyboard or joystick control.
16K BAACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 9 5}$
DISK $\$ 27.95$


## CU*BER

Approaches the excitement and challenges of any Video Arcade. The hazards of CU*BER are many. Help CU*BER change the colors on the pyramid while avoiding many of the dangers always present. Vipers, the Nurd, the Dork, bonus points all add up to another exciting release from Tom Mlx Software.

32K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\$ 27.95$ DISK $\$ 30.95$

## KATERPILLAR II

The color computer has needed a perfect centlpede type game sínce day one. You will throw all imitations aside when you see this. So close to the arcade you will start digging for quarters. Grapic to equal "The King" and "Buzzard Bait." "The King" and

IGK MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE \$24.85 DISK \$27.95


## FANGMAN

Fangman is a high-resolution graphics arcadotype game based on the Dracula legend. Plot of Game: You're Dracula in your castle, stalking through a labrynth of passages in search of invading villagers seeking to destroy you of invading viliagers seeking to destroy you by blocking your every path with deadly crosses. Their ally the Sun also wanoers your halls, trying tortuch you and turn you to bones own, the vampire bats who cahse down the villagers, holding them till you arive. Joysticks required. 16K MAGHINE LANGUAGE equire. 16K MACHINE LANGUAGE
T24.95
DISK

## TRAPFALL

The "Piffalls" in this game are many. Hidden treasures, jump over the plits, swing on the vine, watch out for alligators, beware of the scorplon. Another game for the Color Computer with the same high resolution graphics as "The King.

16K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\$ 27.95$ DISK $\$ 30.95$

## AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLER

 Air Traffic Controller is a computer model of an air traffic control situation for the TRS-80 Color Computer. Remotely Piloted Vehicles (RPV's) are operated by the controller in a situation similar to that of a commercial airline in that you must regulate landings and takeoffs of32K EXT, BASIC
DISK $\$ 31.95$
the vehicles.

TAPE $\mathbf{\$ 2 8 . 9 5}$



## GRABBER

A pac type game. Two complete mazes jump from one to the other. Probably the most outstanding sound you have ever heard. Arcade Action. Method of play, you are the Grabber. The object is to grab the 8 treasures and store them in the center boxes. You start with 3 Grabbers and get extra ones at 20,000 points. Watch out for the googlies! Super high resolution graphics.

32K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\mathbf{\$ 2 7 . 9 5}$
DISK \$30.85

## BUZZARD BAIT

We've done it again. You thought The King was great? Wait til you see this!l Outstanding high resolution graphics, tremendous sound make this "joust" type game a must for your soltware collection. As you fly from cloud to cloud you will enjoy sky high exciternent dealing with the challenges presented to you by
this newest release by Tom Mix Soltware. this newest release
32K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\$ 27.95 \quad$ DISK $\$ 30.95$


## UTILITIES

SCREEN PRINT ROUTINE Prints contents of your graphic screen to an Epson, Microline or Radio Shack DMP Printers. Prints positive or reverse format. Horizontal or vertical, small and large printout. Print left, right or center of page. Specify printer when ordering. TAPE $\$ 19.95$ DISK $\$ 21.95$ TAPE TO DISK New version works on both 1.0 and 1.1 DOS. Load the contents of most tape to disk automatically. Machine Langusge TAPE $\$ 17.85$

DIEK $\$ 21.85$

COLOR MONITOR Written in position independent code. (May be lacated in any free memory). Very compact. Only occuples 1174 bytes of memory. Full featured, includes Break-Pointing of machine language programs, register display and modify, memory display and modify, and block memory move commands. Displays memory in hex and ascli format on one line 8 bytes long. Machine Language TAPE $\$ 24.95$

DISK $\$ 27.95$
-ADD \$2.00 POSTAGE \& HANDLING•TOP ROYALTIES PAD• - MICHIGAN RESIDENTS ADD $4 \%$ SALES TAX• LOOKING FOR NEW SOFTWARE


## DRACONIAN

You brace yourself as your ship materializes in the enemy sector. Your engine roars to life, and you consult the longrange scanner for the position of the nearest enemy base. As you head for the base, blasting asteroids and space-mines in your path, you suddenly notice a monstrous space-dragon looming before you. Reacting quickly, you dodge his deadly fire-breath and blast him out of existence.
Finally, the enemy base comes into view. Avoiding the enemy fire, you destroy the gun turrets one by one with your rapid-fire torpedoes. Then, with the explosions still echoing around you, you rescue the astronaut who was being held prisoner by the enemy. Your mission is far from over, however, as there are more bases to destroy and more astronauts to rescue before the sector will be secured. And all must be done quickly; if you are too slow, the invincible DRACONIAN will surely seek you out as its next victim.
This is it - the single most impressive, awe-inspiring arcade game you can buy for your Color Computer. High-resolution graphics, awesome sound effects, four-voice music, and quality you have to see to believe! Experience the realism of DRACONIAN today!

## JOYSTICKS REQUIRED

## 32K MACHINE LANGUAGE

TAPE \$27.95



## CRASH

This game is a high resolution Machine Language program with outstanding Arcade type graphics. The game consists of 4 screens. Fly the airplane over and through obstacles. Piloted by "Mario" who also appeard in "The King". The object is to conquer one screen after another but don't "Crash" Great fun for the whole family. For 1 or 2 players. Uses joysticks.

32K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\$ 24.95$ DISK $\$ 27.95$


Journey through the warehouse seekIng out the Mutants who are out to destroy you. WATCH OUTI They will push crates trying to crush you! Outstanding reallsm—high resolution graphics-multiple screens.

JOYSTICKS REQUIRED 16K MACH. LANGUAGE
TAPE $\$ 24.95$ DISK \$27.95

MS. MAZE
MS. MAZE is remarkable in that it combines brilliant color, high resolution, detailed graphics, and music with a very playable game. Anything that could be done to make the Color Computer look and play like the arcade version has been done. MS. MAZE is without question the closest thing to the arcade Pac games that I have seen for the Coco. JOYSTICKS REQUIRED
32 K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE \$24.95
DISK $\$ 27.95$

## WAREHOUSE MUTANTS



## QUIX

This one is after a popular arcade game with a similar name. Simply frustrating-you'll love it. Done in high resolution graphics with Super Sound.

## JOYSTICKS REQUIRED 32K MACH. LANGUAGE TAPE $\$ 24.95$ DISK \$27.95



## CHAMBERS

Exciting high resolution graphics game. Multiple screens. Outstanding sound, Chambers is loosely based on Cosmic Chasm. The object in each level is to destroy all of the evil creatures in each room and then go into the main reactor room and blow up the base,

JOYSTICKS REQUIRED
32K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\$ 24.96$ DISK $\$ 27.95$

PAK-PANIC
Pakman is steered thru a maze eating dots and powerpills. Pakman is pursued by four monsters who try to. catch and kill him. If Pakman eats a powerpill he becomes powerful and can eat monsters. Monsters try to avoid a powerful Pakman. As monsters are eaten their ghosts appear on the top of the screen. When seven ghosts have appeared one will fly across the screen or they will link together forming a centipede that will travel thru the maze. Pakman has no power against ghosts and centipedes and must avoid them or be killed. JOYSTICKS REQUIRED 32K MACHINE LANGUAGE TAPE $\$ 24.95$ DISK $\$ 27.95$


PAK TWINS BOTH MS. MAZE \& PAK PANIC FOR ONLY

TOM MIX SOFTMARE
4285 BRADFORD N.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, Ml 49506
-ADD $\$ 2.00$ POSTAGE \& HANDLING•TOP ROYALTIES PAID - MICHIGAN RESIDENTS ADD 4\% SALES TAX• LOOKING FOR NEW SOFTWARE ARCADE ACTION GAMES

# Tom Mix Software Now Offers The Complete VIP Library System 

## VIP Writertm

RATED TOPS IN RAINBOW, HOT COCO, COLOR COMPUTER MAGAZINE \& COLOR COMPUTER WEEKLY
32K (Comes with tape \& disk)
$\$ 59.95$ (Includes VIP Speller)

## VIP Spellertm

WITH A 60,000 WORD INDEXED DICTIONARY! It can be used to correct any ASCII file-including VIP Library ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ files and files from Scripsit ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and TelewriterTM. 32K DISK ONLY \$39.95

## VIP Calctm

You can forget the other toy calcs-The real thing is here! No other spreadsheet for the Color Computer gives you so many features! 32 K (Comes with tape \& disk) $\$ 59.95$ 32K does have hi-res displays, sort or edit.

## VIP Terminalim

RATED BEST IN JANUARY 1984
"RAINBOW" Choice of 8 hi-res lowercase displays * MemorySense with BANK SWITCHING for full use of workspace. 32K (Comes

## VIP LIBRARY

with tape \& disk) $\$ 49.95$ (Tape comes in 16 K but without hi-res displays)

VIP Database ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ INCLUDES MAIL MERGE CAPABILITIES TOO! 32K DISK $\$ 59.95$ 64K Required for math package \& mail merge.<br>VIP Disk-ZAPTm<br>Repairs crashed disks.<br>16K DISK \$49.95 Lowercase displays not available with this program.



ELECTRON
Electron is composed of four subgames. You must complete one level in order to advance to the next. Supplied with four men, you are subjected to more difficult games as you move ahead. Beam Buggy, Prachnids, Force Fields and a Maze!
JOYSTICKS REQUIRED, 16 K MACHINE LANGUAGE TAPE \$24.95 DISK \$27.95


THE KING
This garne contains all 4 full graphic screens like the popular arcade game. Exciling sound and realistic graphics. Never before has the color computer seen a game like this. Early reviews say simply outstanding, JOYSTICKS REQUIRED

32K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE \$26.95
DISK $\mathbf{\$ 2 9 . 9 5}$


## THE FROG

This one will give you hours of exciting play. Cross the busy highway to the safety of the median and rest awhile before you set out across the swollen river teaming with hidden hazards. Outstanding sound and graphics. Play from keyboard or joysticks.

16K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\mathbf{\$ 2 7 . 9 5}$
DISK $\$ 30.95$


## KING TUT

Journey through the caverns of King Tut's tomb. You are on a quest to find treasures hidden in the cavrns below. You light your way with only a small candie that grows dimmer as time passes. Watch out for the snakes and the ghost of King Tut himself. Five screens challenge your abilities every step of the way. Joysticks requlred.

16K MACHINE LANGUAGE
TAPE $\$ 27.85$
DISK \$30.95


## THE TOUCHSTONE

You are one of many priests of Ra who has accepted the challenge of the touchstone. The challenge is a way for any of Ra's followers to become a favored high priest. Given limited use of Ra's powers, you will battle hidden dangers. Entering the mazes, you must be ready for anything.

32K MACHINE LANGUAGE TAPE $\$ 27.95$

DISK $\$ 30.95$


## TOM MIX SOFTWARE

4285 BRADFORD N.E
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49506
-ADB $\$ 2.00$ POSTAGE \& HANDLING•TOP ROYALTIES PAID•

- MICHIGAN RESIDENTS ADD $4 \%$ SALES TAX•

LOOKING FOR NEW SOFTWARE


ARCADE ACTION GAMES
(616) 957-0444


## SPACE SHUTTLE

This program gives you the real feeling of flight. Full instrumentation complete to the max. Radar, altimeter, alr speed, artiflcial horizon, fuel gauge, a mission status panel and much more. Actual simulation of space flight, weather conditions must be considered.

JOYSTICKS REQUIRED
32K EXTENDED BASIC TAPE $\$ 28.95$ DISK $\$ 31.95$

## EDUCATIONAL VOCABULARY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM 16K Extended basic/32K for printer output TAPE \$39.95 DISK $\$ 42.95$

The Vocabulary Management System (VMS) is a series of programs designed to aid a parent or teacher in helping children to learn and practice using vocabulary and spelling words. The 9 programs that comprise the VMS include a full feature data entry/edit program, three printer output programs and 5 vocabulary/spelling game programs. The system's many outstanding features include:

- As many as 300 vocabulary words and definitions may be in
the computer's memory at one time.
-Words and definitions may be saved on disk or tape.
-Remarks and/or comments can be saved with word files.
- A disk loading menu allows students to load disk files without typing file names.
-Word lists may be quickly alphabetized
-The three printer segments allow you to create and print individualized tests, puzzles, word-searches and worksheets.
- Answer keys may be printed for all worksheets and puzzles.
- The printer segments allow full use of your printer's special features.
-The 5 game programs are based on sound educational principles and provide practice in identifying words and matching them with their definitions in a fast-paced set of activities.


## STORY PROBLEMS

STORY PROBLEMS is a program that is designed to give practice in solving story problems (sometimes called statement thought or word problems) on the Color Computer. It is sultable for use in elther a home or echool environment. It is also a tool that will allow you to create new story problems to sult your children's needs and ablilty levels. It has
many features that make it particularly attractive:

- Story problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, division or a combination of the four are presented to the student by slowly scrolling each letter of each problem onto the screen.
- Up to 5 students may use the program at the same time.
- There are 4, user modifiable, skill levels.
16K EXT. BASIC
TAPE $\$ 19.95$
DISK \$22.95


## MATH DRILL

MATH DRILL is a program designed to help children to practice addition, subtraction, multiplication and division skills on the Color Computer. It has several features that make its use particularly attractive:

- Up to 6 students may use the program at the same time.
- Answers for addition, subtraction and multiplication are entered from right to left, just as they are written on paper.
- Commas may be included in the answers.
- Partial products for the multiplication problems may be computed on the screen.
- Division answers that have a remainder are entered as a whole number followed by the letter " $R$ " and the remainder.
- The are ten, user modiflable, skill levels.
- A "SMILEY FACE" is used for motivation and reward. Its size increases relative to the skill level.
- Skill levels automatically adjust to the student's ability
- A timer measures the time used to answer each problem and the total time used for a series of problems.
- After a problem has been answered incorrectly the correct answer appears under (above in division) the incorrect answer.

REQUIRES 16K EXT. BASIC
TAPE $\$ 19.95$ DISK $\$ 22.85$

## ESTIMATE

ESTIMATE is a program designed to help children to practice estimating the answers to addition, subtraction, multiplication and division problems on the Color Computer. It has many features that make its use particularly attractive:

- Up to 5 students may use the program at the same time.
- There are 5, user modifiable, skill levels.
- The acceptable percent error may be changed as a student's skill improves.
- A timer measures the number of seconds used to answer each problem and the total time used for a series of problems.
- If a problem has been answered incorrectly, the student is told the percent error and asked to try again.
- If a problem is answered incorrectiy a second time, the student is told the correct answer and the range of acceptable answers is displayed.
- A report is given at the end of each set of problems that includes the number of problems done, the number of problems answered correctly on the first try and the average percent error.
- The (BREAK) key has been disabled so that a child will not in. advertently stop the program from running.

REQURIES 16K EXT. BASIC
TAPE $\$ 18.85$ DISK $\$ 22.96$

## TEACHER'S DATABASE

TEACHER'S DATABASE is a program designed to allow a teacher to keep a computerized file of information about his/her students. There are many features that make this program particularly attractive:

- Information on as many as 100 students (or more) may be in the computer at one time.
- Each student may have as many as $\mathbf{2 0}$ (or more) individual items of data in his/her record.
- The program will run from cassette or disk.
- Cassette and disk files are completely compatible.
- The program is menu driven.
- Records may be easily changed, deleted, combined or added.
- Information about students may be numerical or text.
- Records may be quickly alphabetized.
- Records may be sorted by various criteria.
- Records may be reordered (ranked) based on test scores or other data.
- Data displayed during a sort may be printed on a printer or saved on disk or cassette as a new file.
- A full statistical analysis of data may be done and sent to the printer.
- Student test scores may be weighted.

REOURES 32 K EXT. BASIC
TAPE \$39.95 DISK \$42.95

## PRE-ALGEBRA I INTEGERS

INTEGERS is a series of four programs designed to give students practice in working with addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and the comparison of integers. It has many features that make a very valuable tool for introducing and/or maintaining skills:

- Up to 4 students may use the program at the same time.
- There are 9, user modiflable, skill levels.
- Students are given two opportunities to answer a problem.
- A detalled report of student performance, including number correct on first try, number wrong, total time used and percentage score, is presented at the end of a series of problems.
- The programs will run on a 16 K TRS-80 Color Computer with or without disk drive.
Four distinct problem formats are presented. The first presents problems in this format: $-12+-9=$ ?. The second program presents a problem with miesing numerals in this format: $-7-p=18$. The third program presents a problem with a missing sign: $8-? 6=14$. The last program asks the student to determine the relationship ( $=$, or ) between two statments $3-9(? ?)-4-5$.

TAPE $\$ 29.95$
DISK \$32.95


## PART II

In which we construct a simple plugin cartridge programmer for the 2764 8 K EPROM.

By Colin J. Stearman

TThis month we continue to build the tools needed to enhance the CoCo Disk Operating System (DOS). Last month we developed a means to store the complete BASIC operating system on a special system floppy disk. Now I will describe a simple construction project to build a plug-in programmer for one of the most popular (and hence cheapest!) 8 K EPROM's currently available the 2764 . The primary purpose of this project is to allow us to put the modifications into an EPROM which will replace the ROM containing the original DOS. But once built, the programmer can be used to put any code you wish into a 2764.

## Design Philosophy

I'm a firm believer in the "KISS" principle I learned many years ago ("Keep It Simple, Stupid!"). So this programmer uses three integrated circuits, a transistor and a few resistors and capacitors. The bulk of the work is done by the driving software. This means there are no timing circuits or other complex logic to worry about. The result is a simple project to build and get working.

## Circuit Description

I do not propose to provide a long description of how a
(Colin J. Stearman is an electronics engineer educated in the U.K. He has worked with all kinds of computers and has been a CoCo enthusiast for over two years.)

2764 is programmed. In general, it is programmed by presenting the address and data to the chip, then pulsing the program input pin while supplying 21 volts to another.

If you look at the schematic in Figure 1, you will see that the key to the programmer's simplicity lies in the two 6821 peripheral interface adapters (PIA). These are the same chips used inside the CoCo for interfacing with the outside world. These two chips provide the 2764 with all address and data information along with other control lines. The only other chip is an inverting buffer to decode the address information to the PIAs.

One of the PIA outputs drives a transistor which activates a relay to control the 21 -volt source. It's not the most elegant way of doing it, but certainly the simplest. A light emitting diode (LED) tells you when the programmer is programming. The diode around the relay suppresses transients during switching and the other two stop currents flowing to the wrong places. The capacitors are all for power supply filtering. These are not shown in Figure 1 for clarity. Locate a 0.1 uF disk capacitor from +5 V to 0 V at each integrated circuit (polarity is not important) and one 10 uF 12 V electrolytic capacitor anywhere on the board across these same lines (polarity is important here, the wire labelled "+" goes to the +5 V line).
The PIA is a programmable device and its external connections may be programmed as inputs or outputs. This makes it possible for the software to both program the 2764 and then read back the resulting data.

The 21 volt source is easily obtained from three nine-volt batteries and a few other components as shown in Figure 1. This circuit is not built on the board and may not be needed if you already have an adjustable power supply.

Finally, the two sockets shown at U4 and U5 have nothing to do with the programmer itself, but provide a convenient method of putting two programmed 2764 s into the CoCo memory map. One socket is wired to fill the address space from $\$$ C 000 to $\$$ DFFF and the other from $\$$ E000 to \$FFFF. (The last 256 bytes are not accessible in the latter because the addresses $\$ F F 00$ to $\$$ FFFF are used internally as system input/output and vector addresses.)

## Construction Hints

Radio Shack sells a printed circuit breadboard with the correct 40 -pin edge connect for the CoCo expansion port. Check the parts list in Figure I for the number. This board is ideal for the project. The photograph shows the construction method I used. The components were conveniently laid out and then hooked up using a combination of the copper tracks on the board and solid hook-up wire. Maybe it's not the most elegant, but it's serviceable and functional. You could lay out and etch a custom printed circuit board and make a more professional job if you wished.

Take your time during the construction! The finished project will be plugged into your precious CoCo and could cause some nasty problems if you make an error. Use a meter or continuity tester to make sure you have wired correctly and that there are no shorts. The most likely cause of damage is having the power supply voltages coming out of CoCo going to the wrong places. The only internal supply used is the five-volt source from pin nine of the connector so check this line carefully. Pins one and two, which supply - 12 volts and +12 volts are not used, so make sure they do not go anywhere on your board. Check Figure 2 for the edge connector pin numbering.

## Source For Components

Those parts available from Radio Shack have been listed
in Figure 1. The PIAs and 2764s are not available from them, nor is the Zero Insertion Force (ZIF) socket. The ZIF socket is not essential but is a good idea as it saves wear and tear on the 2764s. Most mail order houses can supply these components and I can recommend ACTIVE Electronics ( $800-343-0874$ ) in Westboro, Mass. as a reputable firm. When ordering the 2764 ask for the $2764-3$ which has an access time of 300 nS . This is fast enough to work in the familiar "speed-up mode" that some CoCo programs use. An enclosure for the board can be obtained from The Microworks or Colorware who both advertise in RAINBOW.

The only other major item you might want to consider is an EPROM eraser. EPROMs are erased by exposure to ultraviolet light and can usually be programmed and erased many times. It is probable that you will wish to erase an EPROM you have programmed at some point and will need an eraser. If you live in the Sun Belt you might try leaving them outside in the sun for a week or two. But if you live in the north like me and forget what the sun looks like you'll have to buy an eraser. Hobby models are available for around $\$ 60$ (also from ACTIVE). They do the job in about 15 minutes and can erase 15 chips at once. UV is dangerous to the eyes and skin and these inexpensive models have no safety interlocks, so if you get one treat it with respect and NEVER look into the lighted lamp.
"Take your time during the construction! The finished project will be plugged into your precious CoCo and could cause some nasty problems if you make an error."

## Software

Listing 1 shows the source code for the EPROM programmer. It is fully position independent and is an ideal candidate for loading into an EPROM. I put such a programmed EPROM into one of the sockets on the board so that the cartridge had both the hardware and software ready to go.

The program is menu driven and provides a variety of functions. Menu selection one will verify that all locations in the EPROM are erased. A colored bar shrinks as the EPROM is checked and if fully erased, this is reported. If not, the first unerased memory location is reported and the checking process stops. An EPROM is fully erased when all memory bits are a one. The programming process can only convert 1 s to 0 s , not the reverse. You can program a partially erased EPROM however, as long as the memory locations you do wish to program are erased.

Menu item two allows the data stored in any section of CoCo's memory to be programmed into the EPROM. This does not have to be the whole 8 K and can be as little as one byte. All memory addresses are entered as hexadecimal and the EPROM memory locations are numbered from $\$ 0000$ to
$\$ 1 F F F$. As the programming proceeds, the cell being programmed is indicated and also automatically verified. If a cell does not return the same data as was programmed in it, the address is shown and a "BAD EPROM" message issued. If it is just not erased, this will be reported as such. In either case the programming stops.
The third menu item allows the contents of the EPROM to be dumped as a hexadecimal and ASCII character table. This is useful for inspecting the contents of the EPROM. The EPROM start and stop addresses are supplied and the output can be directed to the screen or printer. If the screen is chosen, the output will pause and wait for any key-press after each screen is filled. In either case the break key will stop output and return to the request for dump range. Pressing the ENTER key for this returns to the main menu.
Menu item four permits individual inspection and programming of EPROM memory locations. The up and down arrows scan through consecutive memory locations displaying their contents. If a new value is entered an attempt is made to program that cell. This is done by pressing the ' P ' key at the appropriate address and then entering the data. Sometimes it is possible to correct minor errors in a programmed EPROM this way. A new address may be selected by pressing ' N ' and entering the desired address. ' X ' will return to the main menu.
The fifth menu item will return the load start and end addresses of a cassette binary file, along with the execution address. This is used to find out where a binary file from tape went in memory so that it can be transferred to the EPROM. This display does not take into account any load offset you might have used in the CLOAD command.

Menu item six simply returns you back to basic.

> "When all 8 K have been checked the 2764 will be declared fully erased. Pressing ENTER will return you to the menu. If you get this far, things are looking pretty good."

## Assembling the Program

As I mentioned in the previous installment, I use MAC by Computerware as my assembler. However, many of you may have EDTASM+ or some other brand. Generally they are compatible, but there are some differences. For example, MAC allows binary numbers in the operand field. These are preceded by a percent sign. For other assemblers simply figure out what the number is in hexadecimal and enter it with a dollar sign in front instead.

MAC also has an FCS (Form Constant String) mnemonic. This is similar to FCC (Form Constant Characters), but allows hexadecimal codes to be imbedded in the string by enclosing them in angle brackets. Also it automatically adds a zero byte at the end of the string. Every FCS instruc-
tion can be replaced by a series of FCC and FCB (Form Constant Byte) mnemonics. For example, this line:

FCS $/<$ OD $>$ Sample program $<$ OD $>$ Enter?/
would become:

```
FCB \(\$ 0 \mathrm{D}\) return
FCC /Sample program/
FCB \$OD return
FCC / Enter?/
FCB 0 terminating zero byte
```

You may also see mnemonics OPT, NAM and TTL in the listings. These are just directives to MAC and can be omitted.

Once you have entered the source code and it assembles without error, save a copy of the machine code binary file to a cassette. This will be needed to first "fire up" the programmer as the disk system will be disconnected.

## Testing the Project

After you have thoroughly checked the circuit board for errors there is nothing else but to plug it in and try it. If you have a meter you might monitor a five-volt point somewhere on the board before powering up. Owners of the Multi-Pak Interface should plug the programmer into slot one and select this on the front switch. If you do not own one, remove the disk controller and plug the programmer directly into the computer.
Now cross your fingers and power up. (If you have the Multi-pak, just power that up and verify the five-volt line with your meter first.) Now power up CoCo. If the screen does not clear and the copyright notice does not appear in the normal time, power down immediately and further check your construction.
If everything is alright so far, CLOADM and EXEC the programmer driver software from your cassette. The title and menu should appear. If not, recheck your typing of the source code.
Without a 2764 in the ZIF socket, select menu item one. If the programmer is working you will see a purple horizontal bar which shrinks from the right as each of the 1024 bytes are verified. (If there is no 2764 chip in the socket, it looks like a fully erased chip to the programmer.) When all 8 K have been checked the 2764 will be declared fully erased. Pressing ENTER will return you to the menu. If you get this far, things are looking pretty good.

Now try menu item five and verify that the start, end and execute addresses of the programmer software just loaded from cassette are returned. Make a note of these numbers.

Next is a dry run at programming. Connect the 21.5 volt external source using clip leads. Still without a 2764 in the ZIF socket, select menu item two. For the start and end address in RAM use the start and end address from the previous steps. For the EPROM target address use 0 . As soon as you enter the zero, the program will announce the attempt to program the EPROM at address zero and then indicates you have a bad EPROM at the location. As you have not plugged in an EPROM, this is to be expected. You should have heard the relay actuate briefly and the LED may have flashed on momentarily. Press ENTER twice to return to the main menu. Things are still looking good.

Now plug in an erased 2764 into the ZIF socket. Use menu item one to verify it is erased. If so, return to menu item two and reenter the RAM start and end values as before. Target the code to begin at EPROM address $\$ 0000$. When you press ENTER the relay should "click" in and the LED come
on. As each address is programmed its EPROM address is shown on the screen. Remember that data for each address is being verified as it goes along, so there is little likelihood of wrong data being programmed in, unless it was wrong in the first place. It takes 50 mS to program each location, so an entire 8 K takes a little over six minutes. This is not a limitation of the software but rather a requirement of the EPROM. The programmer software is not 8 K long so will not take that long.

When the last byte of the block has been programmed, the addresses of the range of bytes programmed is displayed. Pressing ENTER once would allow you to program another part of this EPROM or another one. (You could put some other program in the unused portion of the EPROM just programmed, if you wish.) Pressing ENTER again returns you to the main menu.

It would be a good idea to dump the data just programmed to double check it. This is done with menu item three. Dump the range programmed and spot check the data for errors. It should be alright.

Now power down the system and remove the 2764 from the ZIF socket and put it into the spare socket on the programmer labelled $\$ E 000-\$ F E F F$. Power up again and type in EXEC\&HE000. The EPROM programmer software should immediately start up.

If you got this far without problems I think you can breathe a sigh of relief . . . the unit seems to be working fine. If not, check and double check everything and after all else fails, drop me a line and a SASE and I'll try to figure out what went wrong.

## Using the Programmer with the Disk

It is a good idea to get a copy of the unmodified Disk BASIC on to a cassette and if you have the Multi-Pak to also put it into an erased EPROM. The latter is the case because the Multi-Pak Interface allows you to use the programmer with the disk system. Put the disk controller in slot four and the programmer in slot one. Initially select slot four.

To save disk BASIC to cassette, with the disk system running and a blank cassette in the tape drive, type: CSAVEM"DBASIC",\&HC000,\&HDFFF, \&HA027.

If you have the Multi-Pak interface, the next few steps will put Disk BASIC into an EPROM so that it can be put into the other socket on the programmer. If you don't have this interface there is little point in doing this as the CoCo cannot have the programmer and disk controller available to it at the same time. However, Disk BASIC on a cassette will come in useful later.

For those with the interface, continue by powering down and selecting slot one. Then power up to Extended Color BASIC. Type in the following commands:

## CLEAR 200,\&H3FFF <br> CLOADM"DBASIC",\&H4000-\&HC000+65536 EXEC \& HE000

Assuming you have the programmer software in an EPROM in the socket as SE000, it should start up and you can program a fully erased 2764 with the data stored in RAM at $\$ 4000$ though $\$ 5$ FFF. This, of course, is Disk BASIC.

When the EPROM is programmed, power down and put the EPROM in the other socket on the programmer (\$C000 to \$EFFF, the normal addresses for Disk BASIC). With the selector still in position one, power up the system. You should get the normal Disk Extended Color BASIC banner. You are now running Disk BASIC from the EPROM. How-
ever, it will not work properly because the secondary chip select signal is going to slot one (because of the position of the switch) and it needs to go to the controller in slot four. This is accomplished by entering POKE 65407,3. Now the system will act normally until you press Reset. Then you'll have to do this $P O K E$ again.

You can now load machine code files from disk and then activate the programmer code. This is done by redirecting the secondary chip select to slot one with a POKE65407.0, then $E X E C \& H E O O O$ to start up the programmer code. Menu item six returns to Disk BASIC where the secondary chip select can once again be directed to slot four.

## Wrapping It Up

If this was your first construction project and you got here with no problem, congratulations - you are now a qualified "hardware hacker." For those "old hands" this should have made a simple but rewarding project.

We now have all the necessary tools to enhance the DOS, so next month we will start that in earnest by revising some commands and maybe adding one or two new ones. Until then!

## Listing 1:



## THE ROMPACK COPIER

- Copy and run rompacks from cassette or disk.
- Works even on so called "problem packs" 64 K required. cassette $\$ 16.95$


## TRIVIAL CHASE

This is the one! The game that has become a cult phenomena finally comes to the Co Co. The board you play on is represented by graphics. 2000 trivia questions included. Not an imitation! ECB req. $16,32,64 \mathrm{~K}$ all included.
cassette $\$ 24.95$

## EXTERNAL EVENTS SOFTWARE CO.

P.O. BOX 892 - MADISON, TN 37116




## PROGRAMMER＇S SKETCH PAD

回 Saves Time \＆is Easy to Use
回 Durable \＆Attractive
Have Fun \＆Learn

Would You Like To Design：
a）BUDGETS
b）INVENTORY LISTS
c）GAMES，GRAPHICS

The Kit includes：Two thick mylar coated graphs of the color computer＇s screen；step by step instructions for the beginner；two demo programs，and easy to follow＂how to personalize＂budgets that you write．

## This Month＇s Special

Each Sketch Pad has print locations
1 FREE SYNTACTICS＇DISKETTE with each order．
Offer expires September 5； 1984
on the other，along with their cor－ responding commands and color codes．

Don＇t delay，order yours today．．．
Write for catalog of other fine products ONLY \＄
「CANADA－$\$ 13.50$ ，
I EUROPE—\＄14．50 ।


TO ORDER：
CALL（707）722－4280
or WRITE TO：


P．O．Box 257
REDCREST，CALIFORNIA 95569


Disk Drive Upgrade
for model III/IV easy to install system Starting at $\$ 369.95$
Call for new lower price SOFTWARE SUPPORT, INC.

One Edgell Road, Framingham, MA 01701 (617) 872-9090
Hours: Mon. thru Fri. 9:30 am to 5:30 (E.S.T.) Sat. 10 am to 4:30 pm

## TERMS:

M.C./Visa/Amex and personal
checks accepted at no extra charge. C.O.D., please add \$3.00.

Shipping: Please call for amount.
Not responsible for typographical errors.

## CANADA

MICRO R.G.S. INC.
751, CARRE VICTORIA, SUIITE 403 MONTREAL, QUEBEC, CANADA, H2Y 2 J 3 Regular Tel. (514) 845.1534 Canadian Toll Free 800-361-5155

Service! Service! All in stock products are shipped within 24 hours of order. Repair/Warranty service is performed within 24 hours of receipt unless otherwise noted. We accept C.O.D., foreign and APO orders. School and D\&B corporate P.O.s accepted.

#  PRICE BREAKTHROUGH  Super Sale on New Disk Drives Starting at $\$ 169.00$ ! 

5 M.B.-20 M.B. Complete Systems. . . . . . from $\$ 999.95$SAVE!! PLEASE CALL FOR OUR MOST CURRENT PRICE REDUCTIONS.TOLL FREE ORDERING1-800-343-8841

1-617-872-9090
Disk Drives (0123) TRS/80-IBM-Apple - TI Franklin-Max/80-LNW
Model I/III/IV Upgrade (Disk Drives - Memory) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\&$ CALL
Printers - Daisywheel/Dot Matrix
TOLL
Percom Double Density Controller (Model I) ............................. $\boldsymbol{\text { IREE }}$
Color Computer Printer Interfaces . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . FOR
Disk Drive Operating Systems . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Apple/Franklin Compatible Add-On Drives with Case \& Cable........... - PRICES
Diskettes in Library Cases
DISK DRIVE CASES AND POWER SUPPLIES
Printer Buffers 8 K to 512 K . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . starting at $\$ 143.95$
Holmes Model I/III Speed-up Mod . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . starting at $\$ 90.00$
Cables - Printer/Disk Drive . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . starting at $\$ 23.00$
Warranty on Disk Drives - 6 Months to 1 Year
SOFTWARE SUPPORT, INC.
One Edgell Road, Framingham, MA 01701 (617) 872-9090
Hours: Mon. thru Fri. 9:30 am to 5:30 (E.S.T.) Sat. 10 am to 4:30 pm

DEALER INQUIRIES INVITED.

## TERMS:

M.C./Visa/Amex and personal checks accepted at no extra charge. C.O.D., please add $\$ 3.00$. Shipping: Please call for amount. Not responsible for typographical errors.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { CANADA } \\
\text { MICRO R.G.S. INC. } \\
\text { 751, CARRE VICTORIA, SUITE 403 } \\
\text { MONTREAL, QUEBEC, CANADA, H2Y 2J3 } \\
\text { Regular Tel. (514) 845-1534 } \\
\text { Canadian Toll Free } 800-361-5155
\end{gathered}
$$

Service! Service!
All in stock products are shipped within 24 hours of order. Repair/Warranty service is performed within 24 hours of receipt unless otherwise noted. We accept C.O.D., foreign and APO orders. School and D\&B corporate P.O.s accepted.


120C 4140244515
12514428114444
12ES 524533533A
12E8 24A8
125 45
12EE 50524F4028
12F3 5441524745
12F85424414444
12FD 524553533
13822006
1305 9020244C41
130A 5354265241
130F 102：414444
1314521553532 C
1319 955345443A
IJIE 2048
13214 C41535420
13264551524540
1328 284144452
1331453353055
1335 3343443A2
$13 J \mathrm{~A}$ 㫜
1J38 80
13JC 0048455420
1341552415345
154542015428
134801
13400042914429
$13524559524 F 40$
1357 28415420日
135C 80
1350 2056324F47
13625241404049
13674547204359
136C 524F40204！
1371 34288

1304 OD 485 GOODPI FCS 1 （GDD（0D）LAST RAK ADDRESS USED：I

1320 90 0486 GOODP2 FCS（CDD 13 AST EPRON ADDRESS USED：／

3484 tatmse fis／EPROM target adoress：／



0187 UNERSD FCS／ado（AO）MOT ERASED AT／

489 MRKADO FCS $\langle(1 D\rangle\langle$ CDDPPROBRAMMING EPROM AT／
）－
$\square$



128F 20 R 482 STRTKT FCS $/$ RAM START ADDRESS： 1
12052153344132
2CA 5420114444
辟

207 21202120152
$\qquad$

## The KEX－2G4K is here！！

## DO YOU HANE A 32K SYSTE HITH 64K METORY CHIPS ？？

ARE YOU STILL BEING TOLD YOU CAN ONLY USE 32K FROM BASIC ？？
DON＇T BELIEVE IT ！！－KEY COLOR SOFTHARE brings you the KEY－264K．An exciting NEW SOFTHRE utility that allows any STANDARD 32K COLOR COHPUTER TO ACCESS 64K RAM FRRA BASIC，and with NO HAROHARE MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED！！！

## ＊k Works with CASSETIE based systems！th <br> ＊＊＊Horks with DISK based systems！＊kt

The KEY－264K divides the 64K ram memory into two 32 K banks or sides，each of which can be utilized independently by the．BKSIC interpreter，with the ability to switch instantly from one side to the other．IT＇S LIKE HANING TWO COMPUERS IN CNE！！Have your BASIC progran on one side and keep your variables on the other side，or have your main program on one side and your subroutines on the other side，or have your programon one side and use the other side for 4 additional HI－RES pages，or any combination you like．The possibilities are endless because the $K E Y-264 \mathrm{~K}$ allows full commication between sides．plus the ability to switch back and forth at will，all from Within BASIC．You could also have different prograns in each side and switch back and forth between them using simple keystrokes，even while the programs are running！！Or run them both at the same time in the FOREGROLND／GACKGROUND MLLTI－TASKING mode，Don＇t buy that printer buffer yet！Wi th the KEY－2GGK you can be printing in the back qround side while utilizing your computer normally in the foreground side AT ThE SAME TIME！！！ bebugging a program？Ose either a BASIC command or simple keystrokes to instantly duplicate your program，in it＇s present status，on the opposite side．Switch to the opposite side later and pick up exactly where you were before！
For DISK users，the KEY－264K allows you to alternate between DISK and EXTENDED BASIC on the same side with simple keystrokes．No need to pull your controller or power down．You can be in EXTENDED BASIC on one side and in DISK BASIC on the other side and still switch back and forth and have full communications between the two sides．

The XEY－264K does this and MORE thru extensions to BASIC．No need to learn a new language！The KEY－264K adds 15 NER CUTHANOS and 1 function to BASIC，including powerful new BLOCK MEMORY MOVE and GRAPHICS VIENING commands．
The KEY－264K works on 32 K systems with＂E＂，＂F＂，or even modified＂D＇boards and requires EXTENDED or DISK BASIC with GUOD 64K MEMORY CHIPS！Systems with piggy－back 32K or half－good 64K memory chips WILL NOT WORK！！

ORDER YOUR KEY－264K CASSETTE TODAY by sending check or money order for $\$ 39.95$ plus $\$ 2.00$ postage U．S．A． （ 5.00 outside U．S．A．）Mass．residents add 5＊sales tax．




## Mark Data Products





| 179F 129E日IDA | 1994 HXPAIR LJY | ABuFFER | point to bufer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 695S I GET HISH NIB8LE FRON B |  |  |
| 17AJ 1F98 | 8998 PFR | $B, A$ | Into a |
| 8084 | 0957 RPT | 4 | HOVE DOIN 4 PLACES |
|  | 1958 LSRA |  |  |
|  | 0959 ENDA |  |  |
| 17A5 44 | LSRA |  |  |
| 17ab 41 | LSAA |  |  |
| 17A7 44 | LSRA |  |  |
| 1748 44 | LSRA |  |  |
|  | 8966 |  |  |
| 17498089 | 1951 85R | HEXASC |  |
| 174日 1598 | 6968 TFR | B，A | GET LOW nibble |
| 17ad 84af | 6953 Ampa | 16 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | GEI LOM 4 Bits |
| 179F 8063 | 0964 BSR | HEXASC | convert mid store |
| 1781 ${ }^{\text {bFA4 }}$ | 0965 CLR | Y | SEt MEXT BUFFER LOCM TO |
| 178339 | 1986 RTS |  |  |
|  | 6967－ |  |  |
|  | 1968－ |  |  |
|  | 1969＊HEX TO ASC1 | II Conversio | noutime |
| 17848169 | 1976 HEXASC CMPA | 19 | IS data 9 Of Less？ |
| 17882312 | 1971 BLS | Ascl |  |
| 17888887 | 6972 ADDA | $A^{\prime} A^{\prime} 9-1$ | MO，ADD OFFGET FOR LETtERS |
| 178A 8B30 | 1973 ASC2 ADDA | 1＇ | COnvert data to ascil |
| 178C A7A日 | 1974 STA | ， 4 ＋ | put into buffer |
| 178E 39 | 8975 FTS |  |  |
|  | 8976 |  |  |
|  | 1977 tett＋617t＋t | ＋4thet＋tt |  |
|  |  | ＋＊＋t＋16t＋4＊＊ |  |
|  | 1979＊INPUTI OUTP | PUTS A STRIN | g pointed to by meg＊ |
|  | 8988 －$X_{1}$ THEN REC | ECEIVES A STR | Ing Froh keyboard |
|  | 1981 －AND PUTS II | If INTO＂bulf | er＇ierminated with＊ |
|  | 6982 ＊A IERD．If | If x IS 2 2ero | no string is output． |
|  | \＄993 ：MAXX，ChaRAC | ACTERS IN BuF | FER is 235. |
|  |  | ＋4t＋4＋thet |  |
|  | 8985－BASIC POINT |  |  |
| ${ }^{6088}$ | 8986 CURLOC SEI | $1{ }^{18}$ | CURSOR LOCATIOH |
| A898 | 8987 POLCAT SET | salled | KEYBOARD POLI |
| A862 | 8988 CHROUT SET | 1A8t2 | CHARACTER OUTPUP |
| 8865 | Q989 DEVNUH SET | ＊${ }^{\text {F }}$ | －for screen，－2 For printer |
|  |  |  |  |

## One Stop Shopping For The Color Computer Reitz Super Disk Charger <br> Now you can run R．S．DOS at up to 6 times the speed of normal DOS． Diskcharger will work with single or double sided disk drives at step rates up to 6 ms ．and in both DOS 1.0 and 1.1 with no equipment modification．Step up to first class color computer operation today with the Reitz Super Disk Charger， 64K COLOR COMPUTER <br> Three WAy RS－232 Switcher with power light ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 334.95 <br> Serial to Parallel Interface／Switcher with indicator lights ＊79．95 <br> New From Sugar Software <br> COCO CALLIGRAPHER．．．Prints Old English，Gay Nineties，and Cartoon fonts on your EPSON，GEMINI，OKIDA TA， LPVII，OR DMP－100 PRINTER． 32KECB．．．TAPE．．．\＄24．95 DISK．．．\＄29．95 <br> 1－（800）－242－2626（Outside Ohio）1－（419）－537－8937（Computer Order Line）

|  | 1991 | - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8992 | * |  |  |
| 178F 8CE888 | 0993 | IUPUT CMPY | 11 | ANY TETT TO OUTPUT |
| 1762 2763 | 0994 | BEC | NOTEII |  |
| $17 \mathrm{C4}$ 17F594 | 0989 | LPSR | OUTST | OUTPUT TEXT STRINE |
| 1707 17F54 | 1996 | NOTEXT L6SR | IMSTR | GET INPUT STRINE |
| 172A 39 | 1997 | RTS |  |  |
|  | 1998 | + |  |  |
|  | 1999 | + |  |  |
|  | 1681 | 4 |  |  |
|  | 1801 | +416+Ftittat |  |  |
|  | 1082 | +48+144+4486 | 6+bblthtit |  |
|  | 1093 | - herout lake | 9 CONTEHTS OF | OF X And Puts It On : |
|  | 1884 1885 | SCREEN. <br> - OUTST: IS | ges hipalk to AL50 USED | DO II IN 2 Parts |
|  | 108s | t+htttittit | +ttthttitit | HFt+ittttithttett |
|  | 1007 |  |  |  |
| 17C 1F1\% | 1008 | hexout tar | X, ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | PUT DATA INTO REE D |
| 17001589 | 1689 | E16 | A, 8 | PUT H1GH GYTE IU 8 |
| 17CF 17FFCD | 1018 | LBSR | HXPAIR | PUT INTO SCREEH |
| 17023410 | 1811 | PSHS | 1 | PRESERVE Value |
| 1704 8E10A | $1{ }^{1 / 2}$ | LDX | \#UUFER | POINT TO START OF SIRIME |
| 1707 17FF89 | 1013 | LPSR | OUTSTI | PUT OUT THE STRIMS |
| 170A 356 | 1014 | PULS | D | RECOVER VALUE IH D |
| 17DC 17FFCO | 1015 | L85R | HXPAIR | PUT LOH BYTE ON SCREEN |
| 370F 8EIIDA | 1016 | LBI | \#BuFFER | PQINT TO gtart of giring |
| 17E2 17FF76 | $10: 7$ | LASR | OUTST1 | PUT OUT THE STRING |
| --- |  |  |  |  |
| EPROM, NAC |  |  | COMPUTERHARE MACRO ASSEMBLER PAGE 22 |  |
| 2764 EPROM Probranher by C.J.StEatman (e):984 |  |  |  |  |
| 175539 | 1018 | RTS |  |  |
|  | 1019 | - |  |  |
|  | 1020 |  |  |  |
|  | 1021 | * |  |  |
|  | 1122 |  | 2764 EPROM | Probrammer by E.j. Stearman |
|  | 1023 | NAM | EPROM. HAC |  |
|  | 1024 | - |  |  |
| HES N0 | 1025 | END | EPROM |  |
|  | ROR(S) | Qetected |  |  |

SYMBOL TAELE:


Correction for Cooking With Coco:
In the July installment, Listing 1 (BASLOAD) was inadvertently left out. Listing 2 and 3 were labeled 1 and 2. Here is last month's Listing 1 (which is also on the August Rain. Bow on Tape):


Listing 1 (BASLOAD):
$1 \varnothing$ "THIS WILL TRANSFER BASIC
20 "EXTENDED BASIC AND DISK
39 * BASIC TO ROM
$4 \varnothing$ : CORRECT IT, THEN
$5 \emptyset$ : COLD START IT.
69 * IT WILL WORK WITH OR WITHOU T
79 * EXTENDED BASIC OR DISK BASI C
80 : IN ROM
90 "NOTE: For Color Basic 1.1 on 1 y .
$19 \emptyset$ "Revs of Ext. and Disk not i mportant
119 CLEAR 200,32511
120 DATA 32512,41944,41992
130 'RELOCATION PROGRAM
149 DATA 26, $80,142,129,0,166,132$
$, 183,255,223,167,128,146,224,5,3$
$9,5,183,255,222,32,239,28,175,57$
150 : PATCH \#1
1603 DATA $198,13,189,165,137,18,1$
8
170 : PATCH \#2
180 DATA $142,127,254,32,10,167,1$
93, $90,38,251,296,255,224,57$
19 READ 51,52,53
$195 \mathrm{TT}=51+52+53$
290 : LOAD RELOCATION PROGRAM
210 FOR A=S1 TO 51+24
229 READ CODE
225 TT=TT+CODE
230 POKE A, CODE
240 NEXT A
245 IF TT<<117877 THEN PRINT"PRO
GRAM ERROR, PLEASE CHECK": STOP
25ø " *SUBROUTINE IS NOW IN
260 "GO EXECUTE IT
270 EXEC 32512
280 SOUND $120,1^{\prime}$ ANNDUNCE COMPLE TION
290: OVERLAY PATCH \#1 PREVENTS MEMORY TYPE

3 $9 \varnothing$～FROM BEING SWITCHED BACK T O RDM／RAM
310 FOR A＝52 TO 52＋6
320 READ CODE
325 TT＝TT＋CODE
330 POKEA，CODE
$34 \varnothing$ NEXT A
345 IF TT＜＞11861ø THEN PRINT＂ER ROR IN PATCH \＃1，PRESS RESET，RE LOAD＂BASLDAD＂AND CHECK＂：POKE11 3，$\boxed{0}$ ：STOP
35ø＊PATCH \＃2
36ø ：INITIALIZE PARALLEL PIA
370 FOR $A=53$ TO S3＋13
389 READ CODE
390 POKE A，CODE
395 TT＝TT＋CODE
$49 \varnothing$ NEXT A
495 IF TT＜＞129656 THEN PRINT＂ER
ROR IN PATCH \＃2，PRESS RESET，RE
LOAD＂BASLOAD＂AND CHECK＂：POKE11
3， $9: S T O P$
419．CLEAR COLD START FLAG
429 POKE 113，$\varnothing$
439 ＂START UP BASIC
449 EXEC49웅
$45 \emptyset$ ：THIS IS THE ASSMEBLY SOURC E FOR THE
460 ：ABOVE CODE SEGMENTS
 ＊
489＊＊BASIC RELOCATOR
499＊ORCC \＃\＄59 DISABLE

INTERRUPTS
5ø6＂
START ADDRESS
$51 \%$＂LOOP
520＂
TO RAM MAP
530．
IN RAM
54ø
LDX \＃\＄8めøø BASIC
LDA $X$ GET A BYTE STA \＄FFDF SWITCH STA，$X+$ PUT BYTE CMPX \＃\％EのØŋ END ロ

## F BASIC

## NEW FOR YOUR COCO I！！

 CHROMARTIA NEW HI－RES ART PROGRAM．
－No knowledge of BASIC required！
－For a 32K ECB CoCo，Joystick optional
－Ultra fast M．L routine
－Lets you：autoload，box clrcle，save．load．IIl．get．put．joyst ick or keyboard control．line．move．change pmode and color set． pcopy，clear－all using single letter commands ！
POR ONLY $\$ 19.95+1$ S\＆H（Add 33 for DISK version）
CHROMATIC COMPUTER COMPANY
801 Eldrdge Rd．．Fairless Hills．PA 19030
（215）946－0263 or 493－5423
Check or Money Order Only ？

550 ＂
D LEAVE IN RAM MAP
56 ：STA कFFDE SWITCH
BACK TO ROM MAP
57
BRA LOOP CONTINUE
MOVING
58ø＊DNE ANDCC \＃
INTERRUPTS
$570^{*}$
RTS RUNNING IN AL
 ＊＊＊＊＊
616＊＊PATCH 1 PREVENTS SAM FROM
BEING SWITCHED
620＊＊BACK TO ROM MAP TYPE DURIN G BASIC STARTUP
630 $\quad$ DRG $\$$ A954
649＊LDE \＃gD ADDRESSES
TO SET IN SAM
 NEW SETUP CODE
669 ＊SPACE FDR THIS NEW ROUTIN E IS MADE
679＊＊AVAILABLE BY THE REMOVAL
OF THE MEMDRY
680＊ 5 SIZING RDUTINE IN PATCH \＃ 2．MEMORY MUST
690＊BY 32K TO EVEN BE DOING $T$ HIS．
 ＊${ }^{*}$ 米米
$71 \Phi$＊REMOVE MEMORY SIZE ROUTINE AND INSTALL
720 ＊SAM SETUP ROUTINE FOR PATC H \＃1
$\begin{array}{ll}739 \% & \text { ORG \＄A984 } \\ 749 * & \text { LDX \＃\＄7FFE MEMORY }\end{array}$
SIZE
756 ：BRA CONT DO REST
OF ORIGINAL CODE
$766^{*}$ 若米米米米
$770{ }^{*}$＊INITIALIZE SAM
789 ＊INIT STA，U＋＋WRITE TO SAM
79\％：DECE COUNTER
DOWN
$860^{2}$
BNE INIT DONE ALL
ADDRESSES？
81ø＊LDU \＃FFEの RESET U FOR REST OF CODE
829
RTS TD CODE AFTER PATCH \＃1
836 NOP FILLER BYTE
840 CONT
EQU＊FIRST BYTE
OF OLD CODE
859 END

米莫芙米

#  <br> INTERNATIONAL 

presonis

## THE

 SPOOLERThe BEST BARGINS in utilities

## EXECCART

Execcart ibe m/L progran that allows you to copy rompac programe to tape. They cen then be loaded back into e 64 K COCO and examined or modifled. you can run most of your rompac's rron diak lithout aver hac s to renove the diok controller This saves tranendous wear and tear on the contacta. EXECCART asy also be veed to ad a loader to your programe to turn on 64K and copy baaic ROMa to RAK so that you cen aodify thea $\$ 17.95 \mathrm{CAN}$ \$14.95us

## NEWERROR

NETERROR WIll provide
extra functions and abilities for your Color Computer. It Eill yourfolacic on ERROR COIO come 1. Give basic a On ERROR GOTO command 3. Allow aimulated error debugging 4. Give an audible error warning As on added bonus we include add to your own Basic programs to provide thes rogram ON ERROR then $\$ 19.9$ fean $\$ 16.9$ sus

VISA

## SUPER EDIT

This powerful new utility program from the author of "IN ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE" adda sany new oditing commands to Basic. You can Print one scraenful at a tine, DELETE a line or lines, join several lines ogether and hide your programa or find atring end variables. Alao included are commanda to NSERT, COPY MOVE \& REPLACE lines, Super edit does not require EXT Basic $\$ 19.9$ SCAN $\$ 16.9$ SUS

420 Ferguson Ave.N. HAHILTON ONTARIO CANADA

L8L 4Y9
416-529-1319

For CANADIAN orders call
Britlsh Columbia Pralries Ontarlo, Quebec, Atlantic 1-800-361-3090 Montreal

125 S. Fifth St.
LEWISTON N.Y.
U.S.A. 14092

Ont. or N.Y.

Residence
Add 7\% Tax.

Ont. or N.Y.


# Popular Misconceptions And Common Problems 

Tony DiStefano Rainbow Contributing Editor

In the past three and a half years I have learned much about the Color Computer. Playing and poking around inside 1 compiled lots of information about how this computer works. I listen to everyone that has something to say about it, in case I learn something new. If I do, I immediately race home and try it out. To see if what I heard or what I saw really works or is true. However, not everything I hear is right. This brings me to this month's topic. I will try to clear up the "hearsay" and "did you know" about the Color Computer. Some of them are started by good ol' Radio Shack and others are started by well known people in the Color Computer circles, but most are started by people who misunderstand something and repeat it to someone else. Nevertheless, where ever they come from, I would like to clear up the ones I am familiar with.

The first one pertains to disk drives and disk controllers. Some believe that the new 1.1 disk controller needs and gets its 12 volts from the power inside the disk drive. That means that the 1.1 controller can only work with the newer white drives. This is simply not true. The new 1.1 controller does not get 12 volts from the disk drive. The fact is the engineers at Radio Shack redesigned the 1.1 disk controller so that it does not use 12 volts. They used a different controller chip and data separator in the 1.1 controller. They did this so one could use this controller in the newer CoCo 2 . You see, the CoCo 2 has no 12 volts inside, so the older controllers would not work with it. This is the way it is. The older 1.0 controller will work with the regular CoCo only. The newer 1.1 controller will work with both the regular CoCo and the CoCo 2. The older gray disk drives will work with either controller without any modification. The newer white disk

[^31]drives will work with either controller without any modification.
The next misconception is that some software can damage your hardware. This, in most cases, is not true. The software cannot hurt the hardware. If the software crashes (does not work right), then at most, you could erase a disk if it was not write protected and the door to the disk drive was closed. You will lose what you have in memory, or turn the cassette player on and if it is in the record mode, you could write on top of something important. If you see garbage on the video screen or see the sync break up and the picture tear all across the screen, just turin the computer off, wait for 15 seconds, then turn it on again and all is well. This will not hurt the computer. The only case where I can see a problem is if the software turns the cassette relay on and off repeatedly at a high speed. If you were to leave this condition for a extended length of time, it could burn out the relay. I have never seen this happen to my computer. Another highly unlikely problem could exist with a disk drive. If the software were to bang the read/write head repeatedly to track 0 , the head could get out of alignment. But again, you could stop it before any damage could result.
The third misconception involves memory. So many people call me and say, "I just had a 64 K upgrade put in my computer. How come when I type PRINT MEM I get less than 32 K ? Did I only get 32 K ? Where are the other 32 K ?" I covered this topic in an article last year but the amount of times I hear this question warrants me to explain it again. The CPU inside the CoCo and the CoCo 2 is an MCM6809. This CPU can only access or work with 64 K memory total, ROM and RAM total. When you turn on your computer, a total of 32 K memory is reserved for BASIC, Extended BASIC, and Disk Extended BASIC. This right away leaves only 32 K left for PRINT MEM. The rest of the memory difference is being reserved for such things like video area, graphics
pages, I/ O buffers, and variables. The other 32K of RAM is sleeping. BASIC cannot get to it because it does not know how to wake it up. It takes programs that are written with 64 K in mind. Programs that know how to wake up the sleeping 32 K are usually advertised as being able to make use of the full 64 K . They will perform a test to see how much memory is available and make use of all of it.

The second part. of this month's article is about common problems. There are a lot of little quirks that bother the average user about the CoCo . The biggest one I can think about is with disk drives. The ever popular I/O Error. What a nightmare when the project you were working on for hours is lost to an I/O Error. There are a lot of so called "fixes" for 1/O Errors, like hiding the directory on track 35 or backups of backups of backups. Then there are those programs that try to recover your lost files. Don't get me wrong, they are good programs and I did have to recover files myself, but if you have a lot of I/ O Errors, it might be wise to take a look at your hardware. I get a lot of letters from people who have these problems.

Here are some good tips on how to prevent disk I/O Errors. The most common cause of errors is the connection between the controller and the computer. The Radio Shack controllers have lead-coated contacts and they get dirty. They oxidize and prevent the signal from going through. Some say to clean the contacts with a soft pink eraser. Others say that it is no good and say to use alcohol and a Q-Tip. I say use both. First the eraser to clean the big dirt and then the alcohol to mop up. It works great!
Some of the older disk drives have problems with speed. The speed drifts and causes I/O Errors because the drive belt slips due to excess oils present in that area. What you have to do is remove the cover and clean the belt. Clean your heads regularly. Finally, remember to always open the drive door whenever you are not doing $1 / O$ to disk. If your program crashes, there is no chance that it will garble your disk. Always have the door open when turning your computer on.

The next common problem is the Radio Shack keyboard. Sometimes the older keyboard keys can stick or give double characters. The best way to clean this would be to take it all apart and clean each key one by one. But if you take it apart you will be greeted with a springy surprise. Yes, many little springs are inside the keyboard. A much easier way to clean a key is to squirt a little shot of lighter fluid into the space around the key and quickly press the key several times. Do this again if the problem persists.

The last problem that is common to the CoCo user (especially the old " $D$ " and " $E$ " boards) is in the power supply. The symptoms are strange. At first, it might look like the software has crashed. Then, the screen might go blank all white, no control. Hitting the Reset is no help, but turning it on and off fast sometimes fixes the problem. It sounds like the power switch is defective, but that is not the problem. The current sensing resistor is likely out of tolerance. It is supposed to be a .33 ohm two-watt resistor. The resistance in one case was up to .47. That gave a false reading to the current sensing amplifier. Then the five-volt section of the power supply shut down, thinking that there was a short, causing the computer to fail. The 12 volts to the RF adapter was still on. That gave the blank screen effect. To solve this problem change the resistor, with the same value, of course. On the " $D$ " and " $E$ " board it is $R 66$ and on the " $F$ " board it is R24.

Pre-Registration Only!

- MORE INFORMATION
- MORE EXHIBITS
- MORE SPEAKERS
- HARDWARE
- SOFTWARE


Plan now to attend the 3rd Annual OS-9 User Seminar. This is an event you won't want to miss if you use, sell or are interested in systems that use Microware 6809/68000 software. Informative round-table discussions on almost every aspect of the design and use of Microware software will be held. A bigger and better exhibit area will have display booths from many of the leading suppliers of OS-9 compatible hardware and software. Don't miss this chance to increase your knowledge and skill in the latest microcomputer software technology - Register today!!

Fee:
\$125
Location: Marriott Hotel Des Moines, lowa Don't Miss It: Pre-Register Now! Call: 515/279-8844 or Write:


# CONNECT WITH CONFIDENCE <br> GEMINI-10X COMPLETE SYSTEM 



PRINT SPEED-120 cps, Bidirectional Logic Seeking
PRINT SIZE—10, 12, 17, 5, 6, 8.5 cpi
NUMBER OF COLUMNS-80, 96, 136, (40, 48, 68 in Double Wide)
CHARACTER MATRIX-9 x 9 Standard, with True Descenders • $18 \times 9$ Emphasized $-18 \times 18$ Double Strike • $6 \times 6$ Block Graphics • $60 \times 72$ Low Resolution, Bit Image Graphics • $120 \times 144$ Hi Resolution, Bit Image Graphics • $240 \times 144$ Ultra Hi Resolution, Bit Image Graphics
CHARACTER SETS-96 Standard ASCII Characters - 96 Italics - 64 Special Characters • 32 Block Graphic Characters - 96 Downloadable Characters - Super and Sub Script
LINE SPACING-Programmable by $\mathrm{n} / 144^{\prime \prime}$
PAPER HANDLING-Roll Paper • Cut Sheet •
Tractor Fanfold - Copies: 3 Carbonless Sheets

- 180 DAY WARRANTY
- BLUE STREAK INTERFACE
$319^{95}+\$ 10$ Shipping
- SCREEN DUMP SOFTWARE


## BLUE STREAK <br> SERIAL TO PARALLEL INTEREACE

- RUN COCO I or II to PARALLEL PRINTER
- 300, 600, $1200,2400,4800$, 9600 SWITCHABLE BAUD RATES
- AC POWER OPTIONAL-NOT NEEDED WITH GEMINI PRINTER
- COMPLETE WITH ALL CABLES AND CONNECTORS
- 180 DAY WARRANTY


VOLKSMODEM ${ }^{\text {TM }}$-Connects Directly to Wall Phone Jack - Telephone Jack with Voice/Data Switch - 300 Baud (bits per second) - Originate/Answer Mode Automatically Selected - Battery Powered, Low Drain for Long Life (batteries included) - Lifetime Warranty • Includes All Cables for COCO YOUR CHOICE OF SOFTWARE:
TSP (Terminal Software Package)-51 x 24 Hi-Res Display - Buffer Auto Adjusts for 16 K to 64 K - Permits Communication to Virtually All BBS and Networks
AUTOTERM ${ }^{T M}$-World's Smartest Terminal Program

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { INCLUDES } \\
\text { SUHSCRIPTON } \\
\text { TO THE SOURCE } \\
\text { ITED TIME OFFER }
\end{array} \\
& \text { MAY NOT BE AVAILABLE } \\
& \begin{array}{r}
\$ 7995+\$ 2.00 \text { Shipping } \$ 9995+\$ 2.00 \text { Shipping } \\
\text { with TSP } \\
\text { with AUTOTERM }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## COMPLETE DATA

DAYTON ASSOCIATES, INC. OHIO CHARTER CORPORATION • DUN \& BRADSTREET LISTED 7201 CLAIRCREST BLDG. C • DAYTON, OHIO 45424 (513) 236-1454

OHIO RESIDENTS ADD $6 \%$ SALES TAX
C.O.D. ADD \$2.00

Free Limited Time Offer
Over \$100 In Discount Coupons

On Software
And Supplies
With Purchase Of Complete System

## RAINBOW REVIEWS

Adventure Cracker
A Great Tool For Solving Those Hard Adventures/Classical Computing, Inc. ..... 210
Alpha-Dir
Arrange Your Disk Directory Alphabetically/Microcom Software ..... 201
The Black Sanctum
Excitement And Adventure In Every Byte/Mark Data Products ..... 212
CGP-115SD
A Screen Dump For The CGP-115/Derby City Software ..... 203
Candy Co.
Victory Is Sweet/Intracolor Communications ..... 225
Chopper Strike
A Bit Too Rough/MichTron ..... 227
CoCo Cookbook
Deserves A Chef's Salute/Computerware ..... 218
Cocoindx
A Convenient Index To CoCo's Literature/Cocoindx ..... 216
DMAGIC
A Disk Utility For Organization/Dorison House Publishers, Inc. ..... 213
Flying Tigers
A High-Flying Space Odyssey/Sugar Software ..... 208
Fractions A Low-Cost Teacher's Aid/Shamrock Software ..... 228
Grobot
An Education Game That Grows On You/Radio Shack ..... 221
The Gunfighter
You'll Get A Bang Out Of It/Jarb Software ..... 207
Ice Bird
A Fun, Heart Warming Game/Crystal Software ..... 219
Lancer
A Contest Of Avian Agility/Spectral Associates ..... 224
MSI Color Calendar Organize Your Time/Delker Electronics ..... 206
Model 102-RS232 Switcher
A Big Help/Metric Industries ..... 228
Percents
A Low-Cost Teacher's Aid/Shamrock Software ..... 228
The Sector Inspector A Good Disk Utility With 'Zap'/Sonburst Software ..... 220
Shrink
For Extra Bytes/Elite Software ..... 216
Spectrum DOS
An Added Attraction For CoCo/Spectrum Projects ..... 215
Super Color Biorhythms
Plotting Your Highs And Lows/Armadillo International Software ..... 223
Super Guide/XPNDR1
A Well-Constructed Breadboard/Robotic Microsystems ..... 208
Swiss Army Knife
A Sharp Disk Utility/The Dataman ..... 205
Type TrekTyping Can Be Fun/CoCo Chips198
Witches' KnightWill Cast A Spell On You/Pal Creations231
Worlds of Flight
An Uplifting Flight Simulation/Tom Mix Software ..... 200

The following products recently have been received by THE RAINBOW, examined by our magazine staff and approved for the Rainbow Seal of Certification, your
assurance that we have seen the product and have
ascertained that it is what it purports to be.
This month the Seal of Certification has been issued to:

Personal Bookkeeping, a personal accounting program requiring 32 K Extended BASIC, one disk drive and a printer. The program handles 25 accounts, supports 26 expense categories, records taxable and nontaxable income, and allows for notations to each check or expense. File searches can be performed on nine different fields and a userdefinable password access system protects the confidenfiality of your data. AMDTStardancers, 762 Brady Avenue, Bronx, NY 10462 , disk $\$ 27.95$ plus $\$ 1.50 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$

Spooler, an ML utility requiring 64 K of RAM and Extended Color BAsic. The program sets up a software printer buffer of nearly 8,000 characters in high RAM and permits the user to regain control of his CoCo faster than during normal operation. It is totally transparent and uses memory not ordinarily used. Spooler is being marketed through the freeware concept - forward a blank cassette tape or formatted disk and postage-paid mailer to obtain a copy. The CoCo Freeware Clearinghouse, P.O. Box 1084, Morgantown, WV 26507, free on supplied medium - contributions accepted
MegaMunk, a 32 K ML strategic arcadetype game requiring one joystick. As a soldier of fortune in a civilization of monkeys, you accept the King of Ledonia's challenge to save the forest from the invading monster spiders. The game features 11 different $\mathrm{Hi}-$ Res screens, artifacted color and several musical selections. Color Connection Software, 1060 Buddlea Drive, Sandy, UT 84070, cassette $\$ 21.95$, disk $\$ 23.95$ plus $\$ 2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
OKI DUMP, a 16 K Hires screen dump utility for the Okidata 80 series printers without Okigraph. The pictures are nearly the full paper width and can be inverted or normal. The manual includes hints on printing game screens. Color Connection Software, 1060 Buddlea Drive, Sandy, UT 84070 , cassette $\$ 8.95$, disk $\$ 10.95$ plus $\$ 2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
OS-9 Dynamite+, a Color Computer OS-9 disassembler for disassembling any 6809 or 6800 machine code program into source code. The program aids in converting 6800 programs to 6809 . It automatically generates labels and allows for specifying FCBs, FCCs, FDBs, etc. Constants can be input from disk or console and output can be to either the console, disk or printer. Computer Systems Center, 13461 Olive Blvd., Chesterfield, MO 63017, disk $\$ 59.95$
Middle Kingdom, a composite arcade graphics Adventure game requiring 32 K of RAM. Movement is controlled by the arrow keys as
you search the Pyramid, the Temple, and the Catacombs for the three magic rings, When you return with them to the Sanctuary, you will become the new ruler of the Middle Kingdom. Computerware, P.O. Box 668 , Encinitas, CA 92024, cassette $\$ 24.95$, disk $\$ 27.95$, plus $\$ 2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
Star Trader, a graphics Adventure and Simulation requiring 32 K for cassette and 64 K for disk, Extended Color BASIC, and either a joystick or mouse. You assume the role of a merchant ship captain, traveling between solar systems and trading for cargo. Your goal is to collect 1,000 credits so you can retire in luxury from the dangerous life of solar trading. Gauges in the cockpit indicate your location, current damage status, credit balance, cargo destination, location of nearby starships, fuel supply, laser power levels, and the current date. Computerware, P.O. Box 668, Encinitas, CA 92024, cassette $\$ 24.95$, disk $\$ 27.95$, plus $\$ 2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
The Music Collection, Part I, a BASIC compilation of music requiring 16 K of RAM and Extended Color BASIC. The program is an assortment of favorite melodies, including folk songs, Christmas songs, classics, and songs to entertain children. Creative Chris Enterprises, 3701 Shannon Drive, Harvey, LA 70058, cassette $\$ 5.95$
Adventure in Bipland, a graphics Adventure for the MC-10. After having fled from the Exjecters generations ago, the Bips are now being pursued by them again. To restore peace to Bipland, you must slay the Exjecter king and halt production of their new invention The Dataman, 420 Ferguson Ave. N., Hamiton, Ontario, Canada L8L 4Y9, or 125 S. Fifth St., Lewiston, NY 14092, cassette \$13.95 U.S, \$15.95 Can., plus 3 percent $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{H}$ ( $\$ 2.50 \mathrm{~min}$.)
Club Controller, a 16 K ML program that will assist in the tasks associated with running a club. The Dataman, 420 Ferguson Ave. N., Hamilton, Ontario, Canada L8L 4Y9, or 125 S. Fifth St., Lewiston, NY 14092, cassette $\$ 16.95$ U.S., $\$ 19.95$ Can., plus 3 percent $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{H}(\$ 2.50 \mathrm{~min}$.)

Alphatalk, an educational program for preschoolers requiring 16 K ECB and designed for use with the Spectrum Voice Pak, although it is not required. The program presents a letter in either upper- or lowercase, speaks the letter, and then waits for the child to press the correct letter on the keyboard. HARMONYCS, 1747 Patricia Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84116 , cassette $\$ \$ 11.95$

Stellar Life Line, an ML, arcade-type space game requiring at least 16 K of RAM; joystick control is optional. As the commander of a fleet of spaceships, your mission is to clear a path among the stars so that your fleet can travel from one starbase to a nother. But blocking your path are asteroids, magnetic mines and alien attack ships that threaten to destroy you. Radio Shack Stores nationwide, Cat. No. 26-3047, ROM Pak $\$ 19.95$
System Secrets, a comprehensive guide to PEEKs, POKEs and EXECs for the Extended BASIC and Color BASIC Color Computers. Put power into your programming with this 18 -page booklet printed on $81 / 2 \times$ 11 -inch, single-sided pages. RC Creations, 17251 Palatine N., Seattle, WA 98133, $\$ 5.95$ plus $\$ 1.50 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
Super-Disk Charger 1.12, a machine language program that increases the disk step rate by 2.5 to six times over the normal step rate of 30 ms . This speeds up all disk operations, decreases mechanically generated noise from the drive head, and helps the drive last longer. The program supports both singleand double-sided disk drives. Reitz Computers And Electronics, 3170 W. Central Avenue, Toledo, OH 43606, disk \$21.95

Dapper, a disk "mapper/zapper" utility program requiring 32 K and Disk Extended BASIC. It enables the user to certify disk quality; to backup to and restore from tape; and To recover data from, repair, and restructure bad disks. Sadare Software, P.O. Box 3891 , Gaithersburg, MD 20878, disk \$14.95
The Archivist, an ML utility requiring 64 K Disk Extended BASIC. The program is primarily for making backups of disks to tape. Also, it will erase and format disks. Sonburst Software, 233 S.E. R ogue River Hwy., Grants Pass, OR 97527 , disk $\$ 14.95$ plus $\$ 1.50 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$

The Deputy Inspector, an ML disk managementutility requiring 64 K Disk Extended BASIC. The program will alphabetize directories, sort the entries by extensions, or move them around wherever the user wishes. Then the disk can be backed up to another disk, rearranging the gran allocations of each program as it is copied so that the programs reside on consecutive grans. The program will also format disks and produce backups in three swaps. Sonburst Software. 233 S.E. Rogue River Hwy., Grants Pass, OR 97527 , disk $\$ 21.95$ plus $\$ 1.50 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
EDT, an assembly language text editor requiring 64 K and Disk Extended BASIC Features include menu selected functions, an optional "center of screen" work area, and a 49-page manual. Sonburst Software, 233 S.E. Rogue River Hwy., Grants Pass, OR 97527, disk $\$ 35.95$ plus $\$ 1.50$ S/H
Quizspin, an educational game for two players requiring 32 K ECB. Based on the TV program "The Joker's Wild," a multiple-
choice question is asked by the computer from the category selected by the player. There are five categories-to choose presidents, states and capitals, mystery, chemistry and math. Hi-Res graphics are featured. Spectral Associates, 3416 S. 90 th, Tacoma, WA 98409 , cassette $\$ 24.95$, disk $\$ 28.95$, plus three percent S/H (\$2 min.)
ADOS, an enhanced version of Disk BASIC that requires 64 K for RAM use or can be burned into an EPROM to replace the Disk basic ROM. Features include: repeat and edit of the last direct-mode command; control key abbreviated entry of BASIC commands; automatic line number prompts for program entry; lowercase command entry; DOS command for booting OS-9; one- or two-column directory with free grans to screen or printer; COPY "filename" TO (drive number) command; AE Error override option for COPY and RENAME; RUNM command to load and execute machine language programs; RAM command for ROM-to-RAM transfers; SCAN command lists ASCII files to screen or printer and gives start, end and execution address for binary files; PEEP command provides movable window for inspecting memory contents; compatible with all commercial software. SpectroSystems, 11111 N. Kendall Drive, Suite A 108, Miami, FL 33176, disk $\$ 27.95$ plus $\$ 2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$

The Peeper, an ML utility requiring 16 K of RAM The program is an interrupt-based program tracer that allows the monitoring of machine language programs while they are running. Switching can be accomplished between watching the program's regular output and watching Peeper's trace output of registers and stack, either on screen or printer. Execution speed can be varied while the program is rumning, from moderate slowdown up to several thousand times slower than normal. It supports singlestepping, break points, memory examine/ change, and movable windows to view memory in any graphics mode. SpectroSystems, 11111 N. Kendall Drive, Suite A 108, Miami, FL 33176, cassette (copyable to disk) $\$ 21.95$, with assembler listing $\$ 24.95$, plus $\$ 2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$
Blackjack Royale, a new version of the HiRes graphics casino blackjack simulation and card counting tutor requiring 32 K of RAM. Playing features include: double down, splits, surrender, insurance bets, one to eight decks, burnt cards and shuffle frequency. Improvements over the older version include: graphics are done in machine language for faster play; the deck point value bug has been corrected; and a new pit boss
feature has been added. Spectrum Projects, P.O. Box 9866, San Jose, CA 95157-0866, or P.O. Box 21272, Woodhaven, NY 11421 , cassette/disk $\$ 24.95$, plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$

Radio Systems Design Calculations, a program requiring 16 K ECB for the tape version and 32 K ECB for disk. It can be used to design, evaluate and modify land mobile radio systems, satellite TV and satellite data acquisition systems, TV and Broadcast FM systems, microwave systems and aircraft radio systems. Sugar Software, 2153 Leah Lane, Reynoldsburg, $\mathrm{OH} 43068,16 \mathrm{~K} / 32 \mathrm{~K}$ cassette $\$ 29.95,32 \mathrm{~K}$ disk $\$ 32.95$, plus $\$ 1$ S/H
Concordance, a 32 K ML program that allows you to list the correlated references in a BASIC program, thereby aiding in debugging efforts. In addition to a standard listing, the program outputs a pretty print type listing which breaks each BASIC line into a more readable form, and the concordance listing, which provides a correlation of all GOTOs, GOSUBs, PEEKs, POKEs, and variables that reference the same line. Echosoft, 17 Skyline Dr., Shalfont, PA 18914, cassette $\$ 19.95$, disk $\$ 24.95$, plus $\$ 2$ S H

Continents and Oceans, a three program educational package designed for ages eight to 13 requiring 16 K ECB. Through games, quizzes, and Hi-Res graphics representations, the programs help children to establish the locations, shapes and proper spellings of the continents and oceans of the world. Thompson House, PD. Box 58, Kamloops, British Columbia, Canada V2C 5K3, three cassette package $\$ 24.95$
WP, a BASIC word processor program requiring 32 K of RAM. The program also functions as a database manager with complete control over printing every character. Also, special graphics alphabets can be generated, including large multiline characters. The program is user-modifiable and is accompanied by a 57 -page instruction booklet. Bob Vercler, R.R.\#2, Chenoa, IL 61726, cassette $\$ 35$

Workbase I \& II, two database systems designed For business and requiring 32 K of RAM, Disk Extended BASIC and at least one drive. The program includes database, spreadsheet, mailmerge and word processing capabilities all in a single integrated package. Workbase I can handle up to 400 records and Workbase II can handle I,200. Both can be defined to support all currently available printers and include a demonstration disk. Workbase Data Systems, P.O. Box 3448, Durham, NC 27702, Workbase I \$64.95, Workbase II \$79.95

The Seal of Certification program is open to all manufacturers of products for the TRS-80
Color Computer, the TDP-100, or the Dragon-32, regardless of whether they advertise in THE RAINBOW. By awarding a Seal, the magazine certifies the program does exist, but this does not constitute any guarantee of satisfaction. As soon as possible, these hardware or software items will be forwarded to THE RAINBOW's reviewers for evaluation.

> It's easy for the novicesophisticated enough for the expert! SPECIAL OFFER! SAVE $\$ 5.00$ See offer

## The power of the TRS-80 <br> color computer

This illustrated book is compiled with 29 NEW programs for fun and education. A guide to programming the full-range of color computer capabilities, it heips users write intelligent and well thought out programs.
The program listings in the book are exactly as you would see them on the screen. Inside the book you'll find: How to Use This Book = 10 Games and Puzzles 8 Graphics Programs 4 Business \& Financial Programs - 7 Utilities - So You're Program Doesn't Work . Adding Two Programs Together
The structure of each program contains the program type, objective, background, summary, graphic explanation, program structure, taking it further, and suggested hints to expand to other applications.
Only $\$ 14.95$. Money back guarantee. We accept Master Card, Visa, check or money order. Add $5 \%$ Mass. sales tax if you're a resident of Massachusetts.
These programs are also available on floppy disk or cassette for the special price of $\$ 14.95$. These NEW items are all available NOW!
Send for information. on 2 new software packages. SPECIAL OFFER: 2 new disk utilities for the color computer-DMAGIC \& PROLOC. $\$ 14.95$ each, regularly $\$ 19.95$.

Please send me:

- TRS-80 Book (u \$14.95
_ TRS-80 Floppy Disk ( $\$ 14.95$
- TRS-80 Cassette ( a $\$ 14.95$
- DMAGIC (u \$14.95 な

Add 5\% sales tax if a resident of
Massachusetts
TOTAL


## NAME

## ADDRESS

## CREDIT CARD NUMBER

EXPIRATIONDATE
DORISON HOUSE PUBLISHERS, INC. 824 Park Square Building Boston, Massachusetts 02116

## XPNDR1

Editor:
In this issue of the rainbow, Dan Downard summarizes his review of the XPNDR1 bare breadboard by suggesting that it be redesigned. Certainly, to an experienced hardware person, the XPNDR1 may lack specific features preferred by one individual or another, but what of all the adventuresome CoCo users who have yet to build their first circuit; what does the XPNDR 1 offer them? I don't think they need more space nor a more complex pattern of holes. I do think they need simplicity in a technically correct design. That's what the XPNDRI is all about; those are the people I had in mind when I designed the board and wrote the eight-page application notes to go with it.

Since there are very few high quality CoCo breadboards available, though, the XPNDR1 is also for the skilled experimentalist who will have no problem obtaining results. (Need a lot of holes? Cut out the center of the XPNDRI and epoxy in a section of perf board. Got a few resistors and capacitors to add? Insert them into the holes and go ahead and wirewrap to them. Wirewrap pins are square so the wire can bite into the sharp corners; in the case of round leads, a tiny dab of solder will ensure long-term reliability.) I favor wirewrap and would encourage anyone attempting to build expansion hardware to do the same; the tools can be inexpensive and the technique can be learned in a few minutes. In professional electronics, breadboard and wirewrap are nearly synonymous.

When designing the XPNDR1, my first specification was that all copper traces terminate on plated-through holes because they provide far superior solder connections. This introduces two constraints, however; the holes must be drilled rather than punched and the board must be rigid glass/ epoxy. You can't plate punched holes (too ragged) and a flexible board will crack the plating. But drilled holes are two for a penny and it would be easy to have a very expensive board. The trick becomes getting the most utility from a reasonable number of holes. I think 1 did pretty well. Too many holes would also compromise the wide power and ground buses which are intended to eliminate potential noise problems many users would have no way of understanding.

Not to be overlooked is the CoCo power supply. While the XPNDRI card will not hold enough CMOS to cause trouble, CMOS can be tricky to work with in the CoCo environment and many users will choose TTL and NMOS. In this case, the
power supply current limits will be reached long before the board is stuffed to capacity. The XPNDR 1 card fully supports the vast majority of digital ICs that will be interfaced to the CoCo; one or two LSI chips, a few smaller ICs for discrete logic and the user can have an awesome interface to the world outside the CoCo - with room to spare. What the XPNDR 1 does not support well is a large analog application with the concomitant multitude of components (that's why digital was invented - to eliminate that stuff!).
The SuperGuide, incidentally, is really a breakthrough gadget for the CoCo and will probably work with almost any printed circuit board that can be plugged into the ROM connector.

Reviewing products for a magazine is no doubt a tough assignment at times. The main thing Mr. Downard could not know is that XPNDR1 is intended to be exactly what it is - a simple but very useful introductory product and that 1 designed it knowing what the more advanced XPNDR2 looks like. Thanks.

Herb Hart
Robotic Microsystems

## ATTENTION PROGRAMMERS

Mr. Szlucha's review of CGP115SD was correct in that it takes a long time for this program to dump a screen to the CGP-115 printer. But he was less than accurate when he said this was a "simple program designed to reproduce color for color, dot for dot.
." CGP115SD not only reproduces what is on the screen exactly, it does it twice, so that the printed picture is enlarged to twice the size of what a simple "color for color, dot for dot ..." would be able to produce. Therefore, this program is not reproducing the usual 49,152 pixels; it is sending almost 150,000 pixels to the printer. The time that it takes to dump this large a picture is more than compensated for by that quality of the final printout. There are other programs on the market that do dump faster, but all that i have worked with do not compare to the quality of the CGPI15SD printouts. Art, in any form, is a matter of quality, not quantity or speed.

When I want to dump a screen, I do it just before I go to bed. I first check to make sure the dump has started with no errors and then I leave it on its own. When I awaken in the morning, the dump is finished and the time it took does not interfere with any of my other activities with my CoCo.

I do agree with Mr. Szlucha that this type of program needs the speed of machine language, but as is the case with most CoCo owners, 1 do not know machine language. Derby City Software is just one person me. I had originally written CGP115SD for myself, because I was not happy with the quality of the screen dumps that were currently on the market. Other owners of the CGP-115 that I shared my program with were impressed enough with CGP115SD that they suggested that I should try to make it available to other hobbyists who own the CGP-lis printer. A friend who knows machine language is currently rewriting CGP115SD for me. When it is finished, it will be made available. For those persons who have already bought CGP115SD in the BASIC language form and wish to have the new machine language version, they will be allowed to make a straight exchange at no extra charge.

Mr. Szlucha was also very unfair to the readers of THE RAINBOW who are owners of the CGP-115 in that he failed to mention any of the other features that this program also makes available to the user. What follows is a list of these features:

1) The CGP115SD dumps all PMODEs, not just PMODE4 or PMODEs 3 \& 4.
2) To save ink and time, the user may easily delete the background color from the dump.
3) CGP115SD takes in the fact that there are alternate color sets, such as the black, buff, cyan and orange color set used by many of the game programs (which, by the way, Radio Shack doesn't mention in its documentation).
4) In PMODEs 0, 2 and 4, CGP115SD allows easy reversal of the foreground and background colors.

All of the features of the CGP115SD program are extremely user friendly. In fact, most of these features are accomplished by the program in a way that is invisible to the user.

Mr. Szlucha also states in his caustic review of the CGP115SD, and I quote, ". this program is overpriced. CGP115SD is selling for about twice the price. . . ." At the time I submitted CGPIISSD to the rainBow for review, there were two other companies advertising screen dumps for the CGP-1 15 printer, both of which had fewer features and a lesser quality final printout than the CGPII5SD. I choose an in-between price.

Mike Standefer
Derby Cily Software

## Saguaro

 Software
## Kidstuf

Picture, Letter, or Number Association. Play an old-time tune with correct answer (7 songs), buzzes when wrong \& waits for correct choice. 8 screens.

Tape - $\$ 49.95$
Disk - \$24.95
Amdek Color I Plus Color Monitor $\$ 299$
Video Driver - $\$ 20$ W/Purchase


Amdisk 3 Amdek Dual $3^{\prime \prime}$ Disk Drive

New Low Price $\$ 450$
Includes 2 Diskettes And 2 Drive Cables (One Amdek, One $5 y^{*}$ )
FIrst Box Of Diskeftes - $\$ 45.00$ (Reg. 555 ) R.S. Controller - $\$ 135$ With Amdisk 3

## GAMES



## SAGUARO SOFTWARE

## Treasure Hunt

A graphics text adventure. You walk with our graphics character through desent. mountains and city to seek the elusive treasure of gold. Super graphics with a person who walks with you af
\$24.95. Disk- $\$ 29.95$.

## Co-Co Receivables

keep track of all those accounts with current list of accounts, statement printing. last activity date, and current month'stransactions. debits \& credits. Disk storage of dato. 32K clisk. \$29.95.

## Ultimate Bingo

\& Jackpot
Do you want the ultimate in bingo? Use your LP7 or 8 to print the number of cards you desire. You can choose from 3 speeds $\&$ even pause the game to check the winner.

## Jackpoi

Pull the one arm bandit's arm \& see if you can beat the odds. Both only tape- $\$ 19.95$. Disk-S24.95, Andek-\$29.95

## NNFUSICOO

CONFUSION
3 modes of play. 3-4/5-6/7 letter words. You select time to govem how long ( 30 or 60 seconds) to unscramble the words. First person, with ten corect wins. 1-4 can ploy. Tape \$19.95, Disk-\$24.95. Arndek-\$29.95.

## Co-Co Keno

Bring Las Vegas' Keno game home with CoCo Keno. Bet $\$ 9, \$ 3$ or $\$ 5$ \& mark off 1 to 15 spots...can you beat the oads \& wir \$50,000? 16K high resolution screen Kenc chart print included. Tape- $\$ 24.95$, Disk\$29.95. Amdek-\$34.95.

## Loveless Manor

Trapped in a bedroom by your evil aunt, you've admired Queen Cinderella's castie in the distance... and you've just discovered she's a distant cousin. Can you escape to her protection? 32K Great word Adventure Tape-\$19.95, Disk-\$24.95. Amdek-\$29 95.

## Arrange Your Disk Directory Alphabetically With Alpha-Dir

Having a disk drive hooked up to my Color Computer is a nice feeling. I enjoy it. Having a large library of programs for the many applications I use my computer for is even a nicer feeling. The storage of data on this particular medium has its own nuances though. One of them is if you have a disk full of programs and you decide to kill one of them. The next time you save any program to that disk, the name of the newly saved program will occupy the "slot" or space of the one you previously killed. It gets even more confusing if you kill a number of programs.

A certain way to know which slot a given program will occupy would be to alphabetize each disk's directory. It would make things easier.

Alpha-Dir from Microcom Software is just such a program and it operates very simply. After the program is loaded you should insert the disk that you wish to alphabetize and type RUN.

At this point Alpha-Dir will read in your directory from
track 17, sectors two through 11, sort it, and write it back out in alphabetical order. When finished, you will be told how many of your disk's granules are unused and the quantity that are occupied. Also displayed are the number of bytes used and free.

When using Alpha-Dir, one should take care to remove any write-protect tabs that may be in place, otherwise you won't get much of a result!

The time it takes for Alpha-Dir to finish a run is very quick indeed. However, for some unknown reason, the author of the program put a POKE 113,0 EXEC 40999 into the program that does a cold start after the directory is sorted. If I were to use this program, I would probably sort all of the directories in my whole collection at once and would not appreciate a restart after each sort. However, if you list the program and remove the above pokes, you can keep rerunning the program.

The documentation enclosed with the program consists of a single sheet of paper. There really isn't need for more since the program is automatic and only performs one function.

Alpha-Dir performs as advertised, although the cassette version did not load and I thought that it was high priced, especially since most popular Bulletin Boards have this as a standard download selection.
(Microcom Software, P.O. Box 214, Fairport, NY 14450, \$6.95 tape, $\$ 14.95$ disk)

[^32]
## INCENTIVE SOFTWARE (519) 681-0133



LONDON ONTARIO
CANADA N6A 4W1

| MINIMUM REQU IREMENT | 16 K BASIC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TAPE -24.95 US or | 29.95 CDN |
| DISK -27.95 US or | 32.95 CDN |

DISK - 27.95 US or 32.95 CDN

## VISA

P.O. BOX 7281

PORT HURON
MICHIGAN 48301
U.S.A.
monercord

[^33]

## PRINCETON

The fun and excitement of RAINBOWfest is coming your way . . . and now there will be a RAINBOWfest near you!

For the 1984-85 season, we've scheduled three RAINBOWfests in three parts of the country. Each one will offer fun, excitement, new products, seminars and information for your CoCo! And for those who (perish the thought) don't like CoCo as much as you, we've scheduled each RAINBOWfest in an area that will provide fun and enjoyment for the whole family.
Our Princeton, New Jersey, show is being held at the Hyatt Regency Princeton, which offers special rates for RAINBOWfest. The show opens Friday evening with a 7 p.m. to 10 p.m. session. It's a daytime-only show Saturday - the CoCo Community Breakfast

RAINBOWfest-Princeton, New Jersey
Date: September 28-30, 1984
Hotel: Hyatt Regency Princeton
Rooms: $\$ 64$ per night, single or double (Special Rate Deadline, September 7)
Advance Ticket Deadline:
September 21, 1984
is at 8 a.m., then the exhibit hall opens promptly at $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and runs continuously until 6 p.m. There will be no exhibition hours or seminars Saturday evening. On Sunday, the exhibit hall opens at 11 a.m. and closes at 4 p.m.

Our highly popular CoCo Community Breakfast will again feature a well-known figure from the Color Computer Community. And the exhibition will be interspaced with a number of seminar sessions on all aspects of CoCo - from writing in machine language to maḳing your BASIC work better.
But most of all, there will be exhibitors. Lots of them. All ready to demonstrate products of every kind. Some with special programs and hardware items to introduce Others with show specials.

RAINBOWfest-Irvine, California
(L.A. area)

Date: February 15-17, 1984
Hotel: The Marriott Inn
Rooms: Price To Be Announced
Advance Ticket Deadline:
February 8, 1985

Tickets can be secured directly from THE RAINBOW. We'll also send you a special reservation form so you can get your special room rate.
Come to RAINBOWfest . . . help us all celebrate CoCo Community at its finest.

United Airlines and the rainbow have joined together to offer a special discounted fare to attendees of RAINBOWfestPrinceton. Simply by calling United at the toll free number listed below and identifying our meeting, with account number 481-I, you will be eligible for a 20 percent discount on the Easy Saver Fare. The only requirement is a Saturday night stay.

> (800) 521-4041

Account Number 481-I
RAINBOWfest-Chicago, Illinois
Date: May 17-19, 1985
Hotel: Hyatt Regency Woodfield
Rooms: $\$ 49$ per night, single or double
Advance Ticket Deadline:
May 10, 1985

YES, I'm coming to RAINBOWfest! I want to save by buying tickets now at the special advance sale price. Send me tickets for (check one):Princeton, New JerseyIrvine, California
$\square$ Chicago, Illinois
$\qquad$ three day tickets at $\$ 9$ each
total $\qquad$ one day tickets at $\$ 7$ each
total
$\qquad$ Circle one: Friday / Saturday / Sunday
Saturday tickets at \$12 each
total $\qquad$
TOTAL ENCLOSED (U.S. FUNDS ONLY, PLEASE) \$ $\qquad$

FREE Rainbow poster
for first 500 tickets ordered.
FREE T-Shirt to first five people
from each state who buy tickets.
Make checks payable to:
THE RAINBOW

MAIL TO:
RAINBOWiest
P.O. BOX 385

Prospect, KY 40059
(502) 228-4492

# Worlds Of Flight - An Uplifting Flight Simulation 

By Dr. Laurence D. Preble

Preflight check is complete, radio and lights off, master switch on, brakes on hold, ignition switch on both, clear prop and start! Great, the engine kicked right over. We're idling about 600 rpm .

Radio is set, proper frequency. "Dahlgren Tower, this is CoCo three six zero two Alpha, ready for takeoff with information Zulu. Requesting radar service eastbound to the practice area."
"Roger, zero two Alpha. After departure, fly heading zero niner zero, climb and maintain 1500 feet, squawk 4237. Departure frequency will be 124.5."

Now I read back the departure instructions to the tower and prepare for takeoff. "Read back is correct zero two Alpha, cleared for takeoff. Wind check 030 at fifteen knots."
I tell myself, "Be careful, we've got a crosswind and those rudder pedals are touchy. I don't want a ground loop." The sweat is pouring off my brow. 1 release the brakes, throttle up. We're rolling! We pick up speed, we rush by the tower on the left. Careful now, a little light back pressure, rotate and we're off! Set trim control for normal climb attitude. The bridge, and power plant loom in the distance. Keep her climbing . . .
"Zero two Alpha, right turn out is approved. Contact departure." I thank the tower and bank her gently to the right. A little extra back pressure on the stick is needed in the turn. Oops! We're side slipping. Center that ball with a little extra right rudder. We're on our way!
I feel a gentle tap on my shoulder. Oh, it's Peggy, my wife. "Dinner is ready," she says. What a great hostess! "Thanks, honey, I'll take it here." She flashes me one of her wry smiles, "Nope, Ace, you'll take it in the dining room."
"Dining room! But . . ." Oh well, 1 press ENTER and the view out the window freezes in place. I'll just have to finish this flight later. The engine sounds stop. But we're not falling!

No, this is not where Rod Serling walks in from the "Twilight Zone." It's Tom Mix Software's new Worlds of simulator for the Color Computer.
Tom Mix and company have outdone themselves, again. The Worlds of Flight simulator is surprisingly realistic. Worlds of Flight is a view-oriented flight simulator which contrasts sharply with previous instrument-only simulators for the CoCo . The software comes on cassette (soon on disk, too) with 22 pages of instruction. Believe me, you need the instructions. This is not really a game.

The Worlds of Flight simulator experience bears considerable resemblance to real flight. No, it is not a game, but it sure is fun!

All of the basic flight controls and primary instruments are simulated. In addition, there are several special features available such as the overhead radar view of the flight path.

The view out the "window" is simulated with "wire" (or line) graphics. The view changes in real time and appears three dimensional. Worlds of Flight gives you nine different "Worlds" from which to choose. Some of these "Worlds" are computer representations of real places, like Dahlgren, Virginia. Some are imaginary. There are mountains to watch out for and bridges to fly under - if you are nuts!

The "aircraft" is a single engine, light sport model capable of some aerobatic maneuvers. The landing gear is retractable. Even flaps are provided.

The software provided is auto-executing and is protected against unauthorized copying. The initial display of the program shows a picture of a single engine light plane doing an aileron roll. Press the ENTER key to exit this display.
The next operation is the Define Worlds mode. Here, the user can choose the location and weather conditions for his flight. If the user does not choose a world, he is left at the practice field (World 5) by default. Press ENTER when ready to begin the Simulation.

The flight Simulation begins with the aircraft positioned on the southern end of the runway facing north. The runways on all the fields face north and south.

Two joysticks are necessary for flight. The buttons on each joystick are pressed simultaneously to start the engine. The right joystick controls ailerons and elevator while the left joystick controls rudder and throttle. If you are already a pilot, it takes an effort to accommodate to this new control configuration.

From the runway threshold, it is possible to begin the takeoff roll. Alternatively, you may opt to taxi the aircraft about the field. There is a nifty refueling station available which you will need to visit sooner or later. Your fuel tank only holds 1.5 gallons!

The scenery at or near the airport is maintained in a bit more detail than the enroute representation. This is necessary since a pilot requires the most visual cues during the takeoff, landing and taxi phases of aircraft operation.

The takeoff roll is best handled with a light touch. Center the rudder control before you begin. Maintain a partial backward deflection of the elevator control throughout the roll. Too high a deflection will result in a stall shortly after liftoff. The aircraft will lift off when airspeed reaches about 42 knots.

In flight, the Simulation approximates real flight operations with reasonably good fidelity. For example, in a turn, lift requirements increase, necessitating an increase in elevator control input. A major (but unavoidable) shortcoming is the lack of control feedback to the pilot. In a real aircraft (or multi-thousand dollar simulator) the flight controls will exert varying amounts of pressure on the pilot's hands and feet. These varying pressures provide much of the kinesthetic information a pilot needs to fly the aircraft. By contrast, model airplane enthusiasts should feel more at home with the lack of pressure cues.

A big help to the simulator pilot is the overhead plan (or radar) view. By pressing the SHIFT and Clear keys at the same time, the view will switch to the "bird's-eye" (downward looking) view of the world. A crosshair will mark the position of the aircraft. It is possible to vary the magnification factor (zoom) by pressing a couple of keys. It would be neat if real aircraft had such a feature!

The normal straight-ahead view can also be altered. You can look from side to side and even directly behind the aircraft. You can also change the pitch angle of your view up or down by as much as eight degrees.

The aircraft performance specifications are a bit unusual.

| Maximum Gross Weight | 600 lbs |
| :---: | :---: |
| Engine Horsepower | 40 hp |
| Fuel Capacity | 1.5 gallons |
| Best Rate of Climb (Vy) | 1020 FPM @ 60 kts |
| Best Climb Angle (Vy) | 900 FPM @ 50 kts |
| Maximum Cruise Speed (Clean) | 90 kts |
| Maximum Dive Speed (Vne) | 120 kts |
| Service Ceiling | 8960 feet |
| Stall speed (Clean) | 46 kts |
| Stall speed (Gear \& Flaps) | 42 kts |
| Minimum Takeoff Roll | 864 feet |
| Minimum Landing Roll | 506 feet |
| Fuel Consumption Rate | $2.1 \mathrm{gal} / \mathrm{hr} @$ max. Throttle |
| Maximum Range and |  |
| Endurance | 109 mi in 1.9 hrs @ 50 kts @ Less Than 1500 $\mathrm{ft} @ 960 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Maximum Roll Rate | $20 \mathrm{deg} / \mathrm{sec}$ |
| Inverted Flight Time | Unlimited |

The aircraft specifications read more like a sophisticated Ultralight than a normal aircraft. I feel this is a weak point. I would have much preferred that the program simulate the parameters of a real, recognizable aircraft. A Cessna 150, Piper Tomahawk or similar trainer could have been appropriate.
I suspect the limits of a 32 K CoCo are being stretched to the maximum to accommodate the Worlds of Flight simula-
tor. Naturally, one ought not to expect the extreme realism available on today's airline simulators costing millions of dollars. Still, what Worlds of Flight does accomplish is impressive.

I found the flight controls to be a little touchy. Of course, I am used to flying with a real yoke and rudder pedals - not two CoCo joysticks. I am tempted to cobble up a reasonable facsimile of the cockpit controls and hook them to the CoCo.

Also, this simulator is not FAA approved. So you overambitious throttle jockeys shouldn't try to log your required flight time on it! I'm serious! As it does with all flight instructors, the FAA sends me a safety newsletter. It seems that some jokers really are trying to get flight simulator credit from two joysticks and their personal computers!

Overall, the Tom Mix Worlds of Flight simulator has plenty of the "right stuff."
(Tom Mix Software, 4285 Bradford N.E., Grand Rapids, MI 49506, tape $\mathbf{\$ 2 9 . 9 5}$, disk $\$ 32.95$ )

Hint...

## Single-Line Scroll

A hint for those of you who are trying to write scrolling games in BASIC - use Lo-Res graphics and use PRINT @ 511 ,""; to scroll the screen up one line.

Rogers George IV
Terrace, $M N$

# TRS-80 COMPUTER DISCOUNTS 



26-3026 16k color II 139.95

26-3027 16k ext color II 165.00

26-3127 64k color comp
26-3029 1st disk drive 299.95

26-3023 2nd disk drive 229.95

## PRINTERS

| $26-1271$ DMP-110 | 299.95 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 26-1254 DMP-200 | 510.00 |
| $26-1255$ DMP-120 | 395.00 |
| $26-1257$ DWP-210 | 620.00 |



MODEL 4 and 100's

| $26-1067 \bmod 416 \mathrm{k}$ | 699.95 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $26-1068 \bmod 464 \mathrm{k} 1 \mathrm{dr}$. | 1000.00 |
| $26-1069 \bmod 464 \mathrm{k} 2 \mathrm{dr}$. | 1289.95 |
| $26-1080 \bmod 4 \mathrm{p}$ | 1239.95 |
| $26-3801 \bmod 1008 \mathrm{k}$ | 525.00 |
| $26-3802 \bmod 10024 \mathrm{k}$ | 659.95 |

We Carry the Complete Line of TRS-80
Computer Products at Discount Prices CALL FOR A FREE PRICE LIST 800-257-5556 IN N.J. CALL 609-769-0551

## LIL - LEEELLLTLLL ELbEELL LULLIUC <br> - fully basic compatible



- DISPLAY FORMATS OF 28 to 255 CHARACTERS PER LINE
- Full 96 upper lower case characters
- MIXED GRAPHICS \& TEXT OR SEPARATE GRAPHIC \& TEXT SCREENS
- INDIVIDUAL CHARACTER HIGHLIGHTING - REVERSE ChARACTER HIGHLIGHT MODE - WRITtEN IN FAST MAChine language
- automatic relocates to top of 1632 K
- AUTOMATICALLY SUPPORTS 6AK of RAM WITH RESET CONTROL
- REVERSE SCREEN
- ON SCREEN. UNDERLINE
- DOUBLE SIZE CHARACIERS
- ERASE TO END OF LINE
- erase to end of screen
- HOME CURSOR
- bell ione character
- hOME CURSOR \& CLEAR SCREEN
- REQUIRES ONLY 2K OF RAM
- COMPATIBLE WITH All tape \& DISK SYSTEMS
\$19.95


## INTRODUCING

 TEXTPRO III"The Professionals" Word Processing System

- 9 Hi-Resolution Display Formats: from 28 to 255 Columns by 24 lines
- True Upper / Lower Case Display
- Three Programmable Headers
- Programmable Footer
- Automatic Footnote System
- Automatic Memory Sense 16-64K
- Up to 48K of Workapace on 64K
- 10 Programmable Tab Stops
- 7 Tab Function Commands
- Automatic duatification
- On Screen Underlining and Double Size Characters
- Change Formatting at Any Time
- Edit Flies Larger Than Memory
- Compatible with All Printers
- Easily Imbed Any Number of Format and Control Codes
- Typiat Friendly Line and Command Format Entry
- Automatic Key Repeat

TEXTPRO III is the most advanced Text Editing and Word Processing System available for the Color Computer. One of the reasons for this is, Textpro works in a totally different way than the other Color Computer Word Processing programs. It uses simple 2 character abbreviations of words or phrases for commands. These commands are used at the beginning of a line and are preceeded by a "." period. Several commands can be chained together on the same line for ease of use. Thru these commands you tell the Word Processor how you want the margins set, line length, indenting information, and so on. You can change the way you want a document formatted at any point in the document. You also have the freedom to write without worrying about how long the line is or where the margins are and so on. The Word Processor automatically takes words from one line to the next and fills out the printed line to the desired length. You can even use the command to Input Text from the Keyboard while a document is being processed, and use that information to change the formatting or enter any other valid text Processor command. With this kind of flexibility and an extensive set of commands and functions available, its no wonder that TEXTPRO III is the most advanced Word Processing System.

5566 Ricochet Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89110

## Screen Formatting

Textpro III has 9 Hi -Resolution Upper/Lower case display formats available, from 28 to 255 characters per line by 24 lines. You also have advanced screen commands such as double size characters and on screen underlining. You can also use the standard 32 by 16 display for systems having lower case hardware kits installed. The display defaults to a 51 by 24 format that is easily switched to any other format available. Along with the H -Resolution screen we added automatic repeating keys "Typomatic." The rate is fully adjustable from ultra fast to super slow or can be turned off entirely for your convenience.

## 64K Support

Textpro III fully supports the use of 64 K on the Color Computer. It has fast automatic memory sensing and configures itself accordingly. Textpro III does not require Extended Basic or Flex to take full advantage of a 64 K RAM system. On a 64 K Disk System there is over 64 K of workspace available and files larger than memory are fully supported. Tape based systems have up to 48 K available for workspace.

## Text Editor

Textpro III has a full featured, line oriented screen editor. It supports single or multiple line copy and move, global or local search and replace of any character string, character insert and delete, block delete, adjustable speed automatic key repeat, single and automatic line edit, programmable underline and double width control coded, change screen background color and line lengths, automatic line numbering, line resequencer. and insert and delete line numbers.

## Disk \& Tape I/O

Textpro III uses fully compatible ASCII formatted files that do not have to be converled like some of the other Word Processing Systems. It will load, save and verify basic ASCll formatted tape files. The disk verston supports Load, Save, Directory, Kill, Append, Text Process file from Disk, Roll part of file to disk and get next portion of file from disk

DISK $\$ 59.95$
TAPE $\$ 49.95$

## CEMP <br> (702) 452-0632

## Standard Commands

Textpro III features a whole host of Document Formatting commands. The setup command section includes: Line Length, Top, Leff, and Bottom Margins, Page Length, Page Numbering on/off and Automatic Word Fill and Justification on/off.
Some of the vertical control features include: test for number of lines left on the page, skip to next page, set page number, wait at top of page, single and multi line spacing, and skip blank lines.
Textpro III features 3 programmable header lines that can be centered, left or right justified. It also has one pro grammable footer line. 3 commands for continues, single and paragraph indenting, center text, underline and double width print commands.

## Footnotes and Special Commands

Some of the special features allow imbedded control codes to access intelligent printer features like; superscript, subscript, change type font and even graphics. You can even imbed control codes within justified text. There is a command that automatically places footnotes at the bottom of the page, which can be very handy for term papers, etc. Another command allows you to display a message on the screen and input text from the keyboard. This text is then printed as if it has been part of the original text, thus you can produce things like a personalized form lettet. There is also a repeat command that allows you to repeat an entire document or a part of one as manytimes as needed up to 255 times. This can be used to produce mailing labels or combined with the previous command to produce a selected number of personalized form letters.

## Tab Functions

Textpro III features an elaborate system of tab commands for complete control over column formatting. There are 10 programmable tab stops that can be defined or re-defined at any time in the text file. They can be used with the following tab commands; Center Over Tab Column, Right Justify to Tab Colurnn, Decimal Align Over Tab Column, Left Justify to Tab Column (Normal Tab) and Horizontal Tab. Tab functions may also be used with a numeric tab column position for maximum flexibility. You can also define the Tab Fill Character to any printable character to fill in the blanks with dots, dashes, etc.

## CGP115SD - A Screen Dump For The CGP-115

Doesn't everyone who has a CGP-115 printer want to have his own color picture of "Mario" fighting "the King" to carry in his wallet. After all, there has to be some practical use for all this hardware, especially the new CGP-115 printer that you just bought.

To obtain a printed copy of a CoCo screen display you need software called a "screen dump." This type of software is written to interface the graphics display with a specific printer. CGP115SD is a program designed to create screen dumps on the CGP-1 15.

Unfortunately, this review is rather unfavorable. You may decide to look around for other software to create your colored picture of "Mario."

I know that THE RAINBOW's review editor tries very hard to match reviews with people having the appropriate experience and interest in a specific subject. She hit the nail on the head with this graphics screen dump assignment. You see, in addition to having used a variety of screen dumps, I have written several of my own including a couple which work specifically with the CGP-115. Having gone through the exercise, I have a very good feel for what can be done with a software package like this.

CGPII5SD is a simple program designed to reproduce color for color, dot for dot, a picture drawn on the graphics screen display of the Color Computer with the CGP-115. To reproduce a picture, it is first drawn on the screen or loaded into memory. Then, the screen dump software is loaded and run.

At start-up, there are a few simple questions to establish the color set, verify that the correct picture is in memory, etc. Then the dump to the printer starts. Up to this point everything is fine. From this point on, take your time coming back to check on the progress of the picture drawing. The screen dump takes a long, long time. Here is a quote directly from the instruction sheet provided with this program. "Depend-
ing on the complexity and the number of colors to be dumped, it will take one to three hours to dump one screen."

Working with the program, I will confirm this speed (or lack of), but I cannot agree with the next statement made in the instructions. "Because of the mechanics of the CGP-115 printer, this is as fast as it can be done." This is not an accurate statement. Although admittedly, the CGP-115 is not a fast printer, the problem with the lack of speed with this program is that it is written in BASIC. This is not the language of choice for a program requiring so much raw computation. A high resolution screen contains over 49,000 pixels to scan, the process takes a lot of time with BASIC. I ran a timing test on a solid color screen. To reproduce a single solid line the program takes twice as long to compute what is to be drawn as it takes to actually draw the line on the printer.

To add injury to insult, this program is overpriced. CGP115SD is selling for about twice the price of machine language screen dumps that are available for the Color Computer.

I think my bottom line is obvious from these observations. Don't bother with this program if you value your time and money. Life is too short to wait for three-hour screen dumps and a twenty dollar bill is still a lot of money to most people. The maturity level of Color Computer software is well beyond the sophistication of this BASIC program. Perhaps this would be a viable product if written in machine code and priced more competitively.

> (Derby City Software, 3141 Doreen Way, Louisville, KY 40220 , ECB cassette $\$ 19.95$ plus $\$ 1.50 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ )

- Tom Szlucha




## PARALLEL PRINTER INTERFACE

WORKS WITH ALL STANDARD


MODEL 2
(without modem connector and switch)

COMPUTER
Printer Connector
highest quality highost qualiry
with metal shell with motal shell
without power module-----\$45.95


## SPECIAL OF <br> THE MONTH

## PRINTER/INTERFACE SYSTEM

- C-ITOH PROWRITER-8510AP

$$
120 \text { c.p.s. }
$$

Excellent print quallity
l-year warranty on
parts and labor

- tri-tech parallel interface MODEL 2

with TRI-TECH parallel Interface
\$369.95
EFFECTIVE THRU AUGUST 31,1984


## DISK DRIVES

TEAC FD54A DISK DRIVE- ..... $\$ 119$ single sided, half heisht, 40 track, 180 K bytol.

TEAC FD558 DISK DRIVE--..-------- $\$ 189$ double sided, half helght, 40 track, 360 K bytes.

TEAC FD55F DISK DRIVE----------- 239 double sided, half hoight, 80 track, 720 K bytes.

TANDON TM 100-1 DISK DRIVE==--\$175 single sided, full size, 40 trock, 180 K bytes.

TANDON TM100-2 DISK DRIVE---- $\$ 209$ double sidad, full size, 40 track, 360 K bytes.

J\&M DISK CONTROLLER----------- $\$ 129$
your choice: JDOS or RSDOS ROM
(totally Rodio Shack compatible with RSDOS ROM)

DUAL DRIVE CASE AND

DUAL DRIVE CABLE----m---------- $\$ 23$

TRI-TECH ELECTRONICS
P.O. BOX 8100 ROCHESTER, MI. 48308

## Software Review

## Swiss Army Knife - A Sharp Disk Utility

Swiss Army Knife? Well, a catchy name, and appropriate. A Swiss army knife has many different blades to do many different things. The same with the program from The Dataman called Swiss Army Knife. It contains many different parts, each doing a specific function. Swiss Army Knife is a general disk utility program for the Color Computer written in position independent machine language code. It can be used with any Disk Extended BASIC formatted disk as well as some parts of a FLEX formatted disk. It is used to look at any byte on the disk and make changes if necessary.

Swiss Army Knife's commands allow the following: ' R 'ead a sector from the disk; 'W'rite a sector to the disk; 'V'erify all or part of the sectors on the disk; 'M'odify the contents of any byte on the disk; change the number of the working 'D'rive if you have more than one disk drive (as well as change the number of tracks the program will recognize); display the 'H'exadecimal equivalents of the buffer used by Swiss Army Knife on the screen; 'S'ave the contents of the buffer being used into a secondary buffer for safekeeping; 'U'nsave the secondary buffer back to the primary buffer or display buffer; get the 'N'ext sector and read it into the display buffer; get the 'L'ast sector read and read it into the display buffer, and 'E'xit the program.

Read allows five different ways to read in a sector. A specific sector can be read in; a granule number can be entered, reading the first sector of the granule; a file name can be entered, reading the first sector of the filename, if it exists on the specified disk, and setting a special internal switch that allows the Next command to step through all the sectors of your filename; the first sector of the directory of the disk can be read in; or the file allocation table of the disk can be read in. The screen displays the ASCII representations of the bytes contained in the display buffer.

The program is easy to use if you are familiar with some of the workings of Disk Extended BASIC. For those not familiar, included in the manual is a tutorial on how the CoCo uses disks. It is well written and should be read by all users of this program. The rest of the manual is also well written and easy to follow.

## Disk-D-TIEr

Holds 11 disks ( $5 \frac{\mathrm{r}}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ or $8^{\prime \prime}$ ) securely in or out of their jackets. Organizes \& protects, with labels clearly visible for fast, easy access. Ideal for temporary storage of disks while in daily use... Available only w/purchase of D-0-T: NASHUA brand 5*" SS, DD disks W/tyvek sleeves \& labels 5 yr. Warr.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { DISK-0-TIER } \$ 9.00 \text { each + } \$ \text { FREE 5/H! } \\
& \text { NASHUA disks } \$ 1.69 \text { each * limit } 20
\end{aligned}
$$

Check or M.O.-U.S. Funds-Ohio residents add $6 \%$ tax. Bulk discounts and outside U.S. S/H-send S.A.S.E..

When using the Verify command, the screen shows an ASCII dump of a sector on the top half of the screen (256 bytes) and the track and sector number, as well as an error code of the read operation on the bottom half. But the screen flashes with every sector read to rewrite all of the values shown on the screen. It would have been much nicer to leave the bottom half of the screen intact, updating only the appropriate numbers and changing the top half with every sector read. Also, it would have been nice to have used the BREAK key to exit commands back to the main menu in case a command was chosen in error.

The program is a nice utility but incomplete. For example, no hardcopy of anything is available. I have been in contact with the supplier, The Dataman, and they inform me that a new program is on the way that is much more extensive and includes the Swiss Army Knife program in its package.

Features versus cost make this program acceptable and a good utility to add to your library.
(The Dataman, 420 Ferguson Ave. N., Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, L8L 4Y9, \$25.50 U.S., \$29.95 Can.)

- Eldon Doucet

6809 SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT


## EXPANSION HARDWARE FOR THE TRS-80 COLOR COMPUTER XPNDRI ${ }^{\text {"' }}$ <br> Super Guide ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

CoCo Expander Card
Gold edge connector plugs into the CoCo cartridge connector. Signals are labeled on the bottom (wire side) with ground and power buses; plated through holes. The $4.3 \times 6.2$ inch glass/ epoxy card is drilled for ICs and components. The finest bare breadboard for your CoCo. Includes 8 page Appl/catlon Notes to help you get started.
$\$ 19.95$ each or $\mathbf{2}$ for $\$ 36$

Precision molded plastic insert designed specifically to align and support printed circuit cards in the CoCo cartridge slot; an unbreakable removable card guide. Patent Pending.
\$3.95 each
Available now from:


# Organize Your Time With MSI Color Calendar 

When I first received MSI Color Calendar for review I was somewhat at a loss. A program to help keep track of appointments, birthdays, regular payments and such sounded like it could be very useful to most people, and as I had a couple of weeks to work with, the best way to test it would be to use it that way myself. The only trouble is that I am currently on vacation and I have few appointments to keep track of.

While pouring over a ground plan and complicated planting chart for the garden, the light dawned. An hour later the information was entered, and in the course of the next 20 plus days, the program proved to be a very useful planning tool.

MSI Color Calendar is designed to run on a 32 K disk system with Extended BASIC. Using its own $42 \times 32$ screen display, it provides a clear and readable screen (of the sort we wish CoCo had). Color Calendar uses an interesting protection system as well, using a jack which plugs into the left joystick port. Internal circuitry, contained in a translucent block, gives a value to the joyport which is checked when the disk is loaded. If the jack is missing, the screen flashes and the loading sequence is interrupted. If you use joysticks, and have an installation such that it is difficult to get to the back of your CoCo , this might be a problem, but I

## BASIC COMPILER

## Creste Machine Lankuake Progran from bacic protrane

Thase rieht, with thio powerful integer Complier, celled IMTBASIC, One ean transinte Badic programe to Machine Language, Thote tho do not
 crating. Even fuliy compitant Aeaembly Language programera fill find
 produce erficient 6809 anchine code by utilizigg the poweriul hastruetion aralania.
impbasic, developed by masatchmare, fenturen mil bendard baEic command word including two-dinennionel arrays, wultiple coanande per jine and atringe. In addition, IMTBASIC offere comande tbat are not ivalimble -1th Color or Exteaded Color Basic. All 64k of RAM Esn be uned for progran the mil. proiram. Complled prograse can be called from Bable progran, thu: makidg laterfaciak easy.

IVTBASIC hes many features that mone of the lower priced Bate

-Extended color asele is 10 T required

- Enable the full 64k of hNT to be weed
-16k machinea can rum IMTBASIC
In addition, IMTBASIC is oritton in Hachine lamgage, not falic. This meane that complle timee are very bhort. How ehorti Iurbasic en


Sone other reamons 20 buy intansic

are decrented by a factor of sol
-Vachlat hancuare prozrans con periore many thinga that a Basle progran cannot do. Unlimited poselhilitios exiat when using mechloe 1eaguage: -Viable atorage ie afflelentiy alleented, and therefore large artaye may be ueed. For example, the integer array A(30000) is sllowable on 64k zachines.
male Yort than one progran can realde in menory at once. Am apposed to
 -Mechine language programe thet take pagee and pagee of Aspenbly Lapuage mource to creste, can be created with less than a page of a comparable basic source, Fhen complled with INTBASIC, cam 10 price.

DON'T EESITATE...BUY IWTBABIC TODAT
Veralong for the Color computer II ere avallable. Plesee apeoify computer type (I or II).

TAPE- $\$ 39.95$

Utah res. add 5\% tax.


Send for out current list of other software available
had no difficulty and left the jack in for day-to-day operation.

A consequence of this form of protection is that Micro Services suggests making a backup of the program. A normal $B A C K U P$ routine provided a working copy and, except for a few initial entries, was the copy used for evaluation.

MSI Color Calendar comes with a well-written and complete, 10 -sheet, $81 / 2 \times 11$ instruction book. After the introduction page (which lists required equipment - 32 K Extended BASIC, disk system, and optional printer - comes the main body of the text, which tells how to initialize the program on its first running, and gives a concise explanation of the calendar menu.

The main menu lets you choose from a number of options. The first is to INITIALIZE the calendar file; this must be done the first time the program is run and may be ignored thereafter.

LIST ALL ENTRIES gives the option to list all entries in the calendar, and to delete any that are no longer pertinent, or to return to the main menu.

DISPLAY CALENDAR puts a calendar on the screen for a month you designate, with a number on appropriate dates indicating the number of appointments for that day. The option is to print a hard copy, which has a listing of the appointments keyed to the calendar printed at its bottom. You may also return to the main menu.

ADD ENTRIES is the main menu option that allows entry of appointments by month, day and time, and provides for a 25 -character comment line. To return to the main menu from here requires that an "EE" be entered as the first entry on a line.

DELETE ENTRY lists all entries and gives the option to delete any one by entering the sequence number specific to that entry.

Last, but perhaps most important, is the END CALENDAR PROGRAM option. This updates and closes the disk file which stores all entries.

MSI Color Calendar has proven to be easy and pleasant to use and, in the weeks I have been working with it, it has shown no bugs or flaws in its execution. As an excellent planning tool and daily reminder, it does all that is promised, and does it well - so well in fact, that prior to returning the package to my editor, I intend to run off my summer planting schedule for my file.

Now, when is that next square of radishes due for planting?
(Delker Electronics, P.O. Box 897, Dept. D, Smyrna, TN 37167, $\$ 19.95$ plus $\$ 2.00$ postage paid, or $\$ 3.50$ C.O.D.; manufactured by Micro Services Inc.)

- Nevin J. Templin


## the MEMO MINDER

## REQUIRES 16 K ECB

Get organized - that's why you bought your CoCo. Type in memos, phone numbers, dates, reference notes, anything. Enter a phrase, keyword, even a few letters and locate a record - fast. It's an easy to use program and just right for odds and ends that won't "fit" in a structured data base.
$\$ 9.95$ M.O. or Check - No Delay
MERRICK \& CO Cassette includes

CK \& CO
P.O. Box 73

Conifer. CO 80433

# You＇ll Get A Bang Out Of The Gunfighter 

As the wagon clears out you suddenly realize you＇re being ambushed．You reach for your gun，but it＇s too late．The other cowboy has his six－shooter drawn already．He shoots and you die．No，you are not in an old，old west shootout， you＇re playing The Gunfighter，a new release from Jarb Software．

The Gunfighter is a high resolution，arcade－quality two－ player game written for a 32 K Extended BASIC Color Com－ puter．Joysticks are required for this game．

The scenario is as follows．You are the top gun in the territory，and life is just great，until＂the kid＂rides into town． He challenges you to a shootout and you accept in fear．You have to outdraw and outshoot the kid．You also have to dodge his bullets．
After you begin play，you can fire your gun．You will have only six shots，as indicated by the large bullets at the bottom sides of the screen．If you and your opponent run out of bullets before someone gets killed you both reload and get six more bullets．Every time somebody gets killed，that person gets a point．The first player that gets 12 points dies and loses．

You will see many things on the game screen，such as cacti，rocks，skulls，and covered wagons．You can shoot through cacti，but you can＇t run through them．Rocks will
ricochet your shots and obstruct your movement．Skulls and the wagon absorb your bullets and block your path．
During a game if you want to restart，just push the Reset button．If you are not satisfied with the present screen，push the BREAK key and the computer will transport you to a new screen．
The instructions to The Gunfighter are fairly good and tell you the primary objectives of the game．
I think The Gunfighter is an above average game and it deserves four out of five stars．Meanwhile，have fun in the old west，and remember to shoot first and ask questions later．
（Jarb Software， 1636 D Avenue，Suite C，National City，CA 92050，$\$ 19.95$ tape，$\$ 24.95$ disk／Amdisk）
－Pat Downard

## Aurora Computing

49 Brookland Ave．，Aurora，Ontario Canada L4G 2H6
PRESENTS：TEACHER＇S PET－A must for every teacher．The features include： 40 students per file， 4 terms with up to 9 tests per term，alphabetical order，letter grades，numeric grades， averaging and weighting，class lists，term and year end reports，search，delete，add，screen and printer output，enter classes and grades any time of year，disk 1／0，and more in fast Machine Language．32K Disk System．
$\$ 34.95$

## OMOPald compuccr sorvices

＊NORTHWE日＇COLOR COMPUTER CENTER＊
－B4K COLOR COMPUTEA 2 \＄255－DAAGON E4 $\$ 299$
－DRIVE O \＄375－395－DRIVE O／1 ロUAL \＄575－595
－AMDIEK $\square / 1$ DUAL $\$ 595$＂CALL FOR SYSTEM CONFIGURATIONS＂
EPSON•Okidara•Mannesman Tally•Star Micronics • Transtar－Comrex－NEC．Amdek－Qume • Tandon • TEC•Teac．Panasonic．BMC．HJL• Hayes • Zenith• Softlaw • Computerware • Elite • Moreton Bay • C．Itoh • Mark Data • Homebase • Derringer •

LEADING EDGE PC<br>＂IBM Compatiblo＂

## COMMDDロPE

## 23215 58th W． <br> 1日M PCJR

－Plaza Center
Mountlake Terroce，Wa 98043＊VisA
COMPLETE BUPPORT FOR HOME，PEREONALE EUSINEBE UEERE！

# Flying Tigers - A High-Flying Space Odyssey 

# A Well-Constructed Breadboard With XPNDR1 And SuperGuide 

Flying Tigers is a very good copy of the Defenders arcade game that has been around for some time now. The game is available on tape or disk from Sugar Software, and the instructions include loading on non*Extended or Extended basic computers. Flying Tigers is written in machine language and requires 16 K for cassette and 32 K for disk-based systems. If you buy the cassette version now and upgrade to disk later, you can get a disk copy by returning the original tape along with $\$ 5$ to cover handling.
The documentation is nicely done, and put into book form. The instructions are very precise and to the point. The player comes away with all the knowledge he needs to play the game. The documentation includes diagrams of the main game screen and the movements for the joystick on the backside of the cover. Off to the top right of the main screen is a long range scanner showing us a long distance view of all the aliens and all our downed comrades.
Flying Tigers has five skill levels: Flying Lessons, Easy Game, Difficult, Challenging, and Impossible. The Flying Lessons level isn't really a game; it helps the player learn the feel of how the ship moves and the general feel of the game.
The real fun starts in level two (Easy Game). Here you have some time to move around and destroy the aliens, and each level increases the speed of the aliens, giving you less time to think before you have to move. You have at your disposal three ships and three Deathrays. By holding down the fire button, the the Deathrays will destroy all aliens on the main screen. Any not seen on the main screen will not be destroyed. The object of the game is to survive and kill as many aliens as you can.
The game includes extras such as a pause mode (by hitting the BREAK key), and a Deathray. You can always go back to the main menu during the game by hitting the Space Bar -this also has the effect of resetting the game. Pressing the CLEAR key will exit to BASIC, and when the game has come to an end, hitting the fire button will restart the game at the same difficulty level you just played. If you would like to advance to another difficulty level at this time, hitting the ENTER key will return you to the main menu so you can move up. A bonus ship and an extra Deathray are awarded for every 10,000 points. Score is given for each surviving comrade and destroying each alien.
My friends and I found that Flying Tigers plays better with the new Radio Shack Deluxe Joystick, but a good score and play can be accomplished with either of the joysticks. I have no complaints with the game. The instructions did have a few spelling errors though.

Good luck, flyers, and may you never run short of Deathrays.

[^34]Attention, hardware hackers! Have you been contemplating an outboard ROM, or maybe an EPROM programmer? A nice looking, and well constructed, breadboard is available for your next project. Robotic Microsystems has introduced a product called the XPNDRI, a $53 / 4 \times 41 / 4$-inch breadboard that plugs into your ROM port. The unit is constructed of heavy fiberglass with plated-through hole construction and solder identification of bus signals. Gold plated connectors are used for connection to the CoCo .
A molded plastic guide, called the SuperGuide, assures perfect alignment when the XPNDR1 board is plugged into the ROM port. The SuperGuide is inserted into the ROM slot and holds the spring door open, preventing foreign objects from entering the ROM slot.
The board has several nice features. Each CoCo bus signal is extended to a plated-through hole that is labeled with its corresponding signal notation on the bottom of the board. Ample +5 volt and ground buses are provided on both sides of the board for Vcc and Gnd connections to the chips. Fourteen rows of . 1 -inch holes, 34 holes to a row, are available for mounting IC sockets and components.. A little elementary math produces the deduction that this is enough space for approximately 28 14-pin IC's. The rows are on .3-inch centers for standard socket mounting. Enough room is provided for any small projects we could envision.
For all of the good points there are corresponding drawbacks to the layout of the board. First of all, many holes do not have solder pads. This necessitates the use of wirewrap sockets for proper construction of circuits. By providing solder pads, alternate construction methods would have been feasible.
On the end of the board opposite the computer there are three rows of holes on .1 -inch centers. This space was allocated for connectors for peripheral devices, etc. Other than the space I just referred to, space is limited on the board proper for "breadboarding." I suppose any components other than IC sockets would have to be wire-wrapped between the sockets.
Too much of the space on the board is allocated to bus expansion, as opposed to component mounting, in my opinion. Bus expansion occupies nearly 25 percent of the real estate. To the serious user, this is valuable space for components, more ICs, etc.

I would not recommend this unit for the above reasons. If the board were redesigned such that the above features were incorporated I think this would be an excellent product. As it is presently configured it makes construction tedious for some applications to say the least.
(Robotic Microsystems, Box 30807, Seattle, WA 98103,
XPNDR1 \$19.95 or two for $\$ 36$, SuperGuide $\$ 3.95$ )

- Dan Downard


## THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS!


available from

COMPUTER SYSTEMS CENTER 13461 Olive Blvd. Chesterfield, MO 63017 USA
(314) 576-5020
or your local DYINACALC dealer

Price $\$ 150$ postpaid in US \& Canada. Outside North America add $\$ 10$ postage.
 DYNACALC Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.


CANADA
MICRO R.G.S. INC.

WE GIVE A HOOT

FREE PROGRAMS!!<br>We are having a Summer Sale! Now through August 31, 1984, buy any two programs at the regular price and take take a third program of your choice FREE.

FILE CABINET - Data Management System With FILE CABINET you can create and maintain records on anything you choose. Recipes, coupons, household inventory, financial records - you name it. You create records containing up to five fields you define. You can search, sort, modify, delete, save on tape and display on the screen or send to the printer. The program is user friendly and user proof. Error trapping and prompting are extensive. A comparable program would cost you much more. Cassette 16K EXT - Postpaid
\$19.95
LABELIII (Reviewed in Nov. 83 Rainbow) With LABELIII you can develop and maintain a mailing list. Display on screen or printer. Print lists or labels in your choice of 1,2 , or 3 wide. Supports 3 or 4 line addresses with phone optional. Fast machine language sort on last name, first name, or zip code. Cassette 16K EXT - Postpaid
$\$ 19.95$


ATLANTIS ADVENTURE (Reviewed in May 84 Rainbow) This one is tough! We challenge you to complete this in 30 days. If you can we will send you any cassette program we sell at no charge. (We will even pay the postage.) You start on a disabled sub, near the lost city of Atlantis. Your object is to get the sub and yourself safely to the surface. Cassette 16 K EXT - Postpaid
$\$ 21.95$

## ADVENTURE STARTER (Reviewed in Feb. 84 Rainbow) Learn to play those adventures the painless way. You start with a simple adventure and then move into an intermediate. We also include hints and tips on adventuring. Your 16 K EXT cassette includes both "MYHOUSE" and "PIRATES" adventures. Finish this and you are ready for "ATLANTTIS." Cassette 16K EXT - Postpaid \$17.95 <br> FOUR MILE ISLAND (Reviewed in May 84 Rainbow) You are trapped inside a disabled nuclear Power Plant. The reactor is running away. You must bring the reactor to a cold shutdown and prevent the "China Syndrome." Can you save the plant (and yourself)? It's not easy! Cassette 16K EXT - Postpaid \$17.95

ESPIONAGE ISLAND (Reviewed in June 84 Rainbow) You have been dropped off on a deserted island by a submarine. You must recover a top secret microfilm and signal the sub to pick you up. Problems abound in this 32 K text adventure.
Cassette 32K EXT - Postpaid
$\$ 17.95$
PROGRAM FILE (Reviewed in Oct.. 83 Rainbow) Organize your cassette programs. Let your computer find that program for you. Create and maintain a four field file. You can search, sort, modify, delete and display on screen or printer. Sorting may be done by name, type or location. Cassette 16 K EXT - Postpaid
$\$ 14.95$

## KINGDOM OF BASHAN

Our most involved adventure to date. Bashan has a large vocabulary and some unique problems to solve. You must enter Bashan (not easy) collect the ten treasures of the kingdom while staying alive (even harder) and then return to the starting point with the treasures (even harder). If you can get the maximum 200 points in this you are an expert! Cassette 32 K EXT - Postpaid
$\$ 17.95$
*C.O.D. orders please add $\$ 1.50$
*No delay for personal checks
IN A HURRY? CALL OUR HOOT LINE: (615) 238-9458
P.O. BOX 579, OOLTEWAH, TN 37363

\author{

- Charles Springer
}


## HUMBUG® - THE SUPER MONITOR

A complete monitor and debugging system which lets you input programs and data into memory, list memory contents, insert multiple breakpoints, single-step, test, checksum, and compare memory contents, find data in memory, start and stop programs, upload and download, save to tape, connect the Color Computer to a terminal, printer, or remote computer, and more. HUMBUG on disk or cassette costs just $\$ 39.95$, special 64 K version for FLEX or STAR-DOS 64 costs $\$ 59.95, \mathrm{MC}$-10 version $\$ 29.95$.

## STAR-DOS

## SPELL 'N FIX II

SPELL 'N FIX II is not just for spelling mistakes - it catches typos too. Regardless of whose text processor you use, let SPELL 'N FIX II find and fix your spelling and typing mistakes, and your word processing output will look professional and be perfect. It finds mistakes even experienced proofreaders often miss.
SPELL 'N FIX II is easy to use. As it proofreads your text file, it displays it (in full upper and lower case) right on the screen for you to see. It looks up each word in the text in its own computerized dictionary file (which is compressed and indexed to save space on the disk and make access super fast) and tells you whenever it finds a word which is not in the dictionary. At this point, you have several options - let it be (if it's OK), add it to the dictionary (if it's a word you expect to use often), or change it (if it's wrong). If you decide to change it, then SPELL 'N FIX II even helps you find the correct spelling in the computerized dictionary, or you can use an entirely new word or phrase. If you make a change, SPELL 'N FIX II will look it up in the dictionary one more time to check up on your typing. Once you make a change, SPELL 'N FIX II will then remind you about it the next time it sees the same wrong word in your text.
Since the computerized dictionary is expandable, you can customize it with your own pet words or technical terms, and can even develop specialized dictionaries for special uses or foreign languages.
SPELL 'N FIX II is part of our Pass-the-Hat (tm) program. If you send us a disk and stamped mailer for it, we will send you a copy of SPELL 'N FIX II with a request that you send us a fair contribution after you have had a chance to evaluate the program.
SPELL 'N FIX II is available on disk only. For tape systems, order SPELL 'N FIX I at \$49.39; CoCo version for Flex or STAR-DOS disk operating systems costs $\$ 89.29$.

## EARN \$1 ... IF YOU CAN!

What do Absorbancy, Accidently, Solicarity, Pickpicketing, Technacalities, and Reprhasing have in common? They are all misspelled words in our competitors' dictionaries!
We've taken great pains to make sure the dictionary file of SPELL 'N FIX II has no mistakes. We're so confident about it that we will pay you $\$ 1$ for every misspelled word you can find in it. I don't expect this offer to cost us a cent, but in case several people find the same word, the earliest postmark wins.

A Disk Operating System specially designed for the Color Computer, STAR-DOS is fully compatible with your present Color Computer disk format - it reads disks written by Extended Disk Basic and vice versa. STAR-DOS for 16 K through 64 K systems costs $\$ 49.90$. STAR-DOS Level I for 6809 SS-50 systems costs $\$ 75$.

## ALL-IN-ONE

Text editor, processor, and mailing list program combines three most used functions in one program. Requires STARDOS or FLEX. $\$ 50$.

## CHECK 'N TAX

Home accounting package combines checkbook maintenance and income tax data collection. Written in Basic for either RS Disk or Flex, \$50.

## REMOTERM

REMOTERM - makes your CoCo into a host computer, operated from a remote terminal. $\$ 19.95$, disk or cassette.

COMMTERM
A terminal program for your CoCo or MC-10. Part of our Pass-the-Hat software program. Send a cassette and stamped envelope for your free copy.

## NEWTALK

NEWTALK - a memory examine utility for machine language programmers which reads out memory contents through the TV set speaker. $\$ 20$, disk or cassette.

## SHRINK

SHRINK - our version of Eliza, in machine language and extremely fast. $\$ 15$, disk or cassette.

## EDUCATIONAL SOFTWARE

Introduction to Numerical Methods - college level course on computer math, $\$ 75.00$, disk or cassette.

## DOUBLE SIDED DISK SYSTEM

Complete disk system with double-sided drive, cabinet, power supply, cable, and controiler, $\$ 400$. A half-height drive in full size cabinet (has room for a second drive for future expansion) costs $\$ 25$ extra. Either way, you get double the storage capacity - 320 K on one disk.
We accept cash, check, COD, Visa, or Master Card. NY State residents please add appropriate sales tax. Add $\$ 3$ to above price for AMDEK $3^{\prime \prime}$ disk versions.
(FLEX is a trademark of Technical Systems Consultants, Inc. Everything else in this ad is a trademark of Star-Kits.)

## MASTER DESIGN



## does more than just draw pictures

## IT＇S A TEXT DESIGNER

Master Desizn has the ability to generate lettering in the graphics mode from sizes 2 to 32 and in a wide range of styles．Size 2 offers a $42 \times 22$ line format while size 32 creates letters that take up over halt the screen．Lettering can be skinny，bold，textured，tall，drop shadow，raised shadow and in different thickness．There＇s nine different settinas for thickness and nine different set－ tings for creating open lettering．

## IT＇S A GRAPHICS EDITOR

Take full advantage of hi－res commands including GET，PUT，CIRCLE．PCOPY， PMODE．LINE．BOX．BOX FILL．PAINT and other special teatures available only with Master Design．Master Design utilizes a＂two cursor＂concept to allow quick formatting of boxes，lines and special patterns such as dot patterns for shading and diagonal，vertical or horizontal lines for creative backerounds．You can create designs and use the TEXT designer to label areas or place fitles．You can also create mirror imazes of the display．

## comes with a screen print routine

Master Desizn comes with a 7 bit and 8 bit version of a hi－res screen print routine so no matter what your printer is，we have it covered．Works in any pmode and can print normal or reversed images．

## DISK and CASSETTE V／O

Save and load your creations to and from disk or cassette．You can even load hi－res displays created by other programs to make changes．

INTERFACES WITH TELEWRITER－64
Wouldn＇t it be nice if you could design your own letter head in hi－res graphics and then print it out while using Telewriter－64？Master Design offers just that capability！The Letter Head Utility will let you convert any hi－res display so that it can be accessed while using Teiewriter－64！The BASIC prodram modules are provided with step by step instructions．These BASIC modules can also be used in your own BASIC programs for printing displays without having to use the graphic pages．You can have upto 88 pages of graphics linked together for printind！


Florence，S．C．29502－2300
Uisa／MC customers can call：（803）665－5676－9：00－5：00 edi
Requires 32 K with at least one disk drive （Include $\$ 2.00$ for shipping and handing）

Telewriter－64（C） 1983 by Cognitec

## The Black Sanctum Excitement And Adventure In Every Byte

As most of you are aware，programmers of the CoCo are just now scratching the surface of spectacular graphics，for instance，Adventure games．Don＇t you wish that in addition to the plain old words there was a picture of the scene？Your dreams have come true with Mark Data＇s Adventure game， The Black Sanctum．

As far as playing Adventure games，no word－type games were really good enough to keep my interest for very long． When I played this Adventure game I was glued to my TV set for hours．From the cold outdoors to the library inside the monastery this is a great game．

The Black Sanctum is a 32 K high resolution 100 percent machine language Adventure game．After you CLOADM the program（which automatically executes），you will see either a blue or a red screen．If the screen is red you must push the Reset button until the screen is blue．If the screen is blue you can press any key and continue with the program．

The object of The Black Sanctum is to kill all of the black magic that lurks in an old 18th century monastery．This is no easy task．Of all the Adventure games I＇ve ever played，The Black Sanctum seems to be the hardest．Every instrument is used in this game，so don＇t anticipate that an object has little or no use．Some objects can even be used two or three times．

The commands are unlimited in this game．All commands are two words，a noun and a verb．It is good to have a thesaurus with you to see if there is another word with the same meaning as the word you are using．The directions in the game are pretty skimpy and do not tell you a whole lot about the game．At the same time，the game is very easy to understand and play．

In my opinion this is a great game and it should get all five stars（on my five－star scale）．Every scene is chilling from the hallway to the bishop＇s coffin．I recommend this game highly and Adventure game fans should not be without it．
（Mark Data Products， 24001 Alicia Pkwy．，\＃207 Mission Viejo，CA $92691, \$ 24.95$ tape，$\$ 27.95$ disk）
－Pat Downard

## 16K ADVENTURE GENERATOR

TAPE \＄19．95 Create your own adventure with this program．Should be familiar with proper basic syntax to use．Writes adven－ ture game directly to tape．
16K ADVENTURE STARTER PACKAGE ．．．TAPE \＄14．95 Three graduated adventure games designed to guide you from beginner to tackling the expert level adventure games with confidence．

## SOFTECH

P．O．BOX 3330
Cheyenne，WY 82003

## DMAGIC: A Disk Utility Tomorrow We Gotta Get Organized

Remember when you were still playing with tape storage and dreaming of the day you might get a disk drive? When you really believed that all that wonderful storage space meant you probably wouldn't require more than one or two disks for all your programs?

And now, my friend? You say you've got 27 full disks and no real idea of what's on any of them? You say you really don't feel like typing DIR and then playing the famous CoCo game of SHIFT-@? You say you could POKE and then PRINT out all of those directories, but then you still would have to go through them one by one to find what you wanted because the CoCo disk directory isn't alphabetized? And, to top it all off, you need to run a bunch of the programs anyway because you don't even recognize the filenames anymore?

Well, what you need is a utility to help manage those disks. There are a lot of them on the market these days, each with its own features and emphases; and one of the newcomers is DMAGIC.
$R U N$ the program, type ' N ' (for "new disk"), and put in the first disk you want to whip into shape. Let's sort the DIR listing. Just type 'S' and DMAGIC not only sorts the disk
directory but also rewrites it on the disk in alphabetical order.

Want to take a look through the directory now? Simply push the "up" or "down" arrow, and DMAGIC displays one filename at a time, forward or backward, allowing you at any time to $L O A D, K I L L, C O P Y$, or RENAME the program on display. It also will give you the hexadecimal addresses for machine language programs, and permit you to change drives, change disks or exit to BASIC.

Want a quicker view of the directory? Type ' $P$ ' and $D M A G I C$ displays up to 26 entries at a time, with a red graphic block appearing in front of the current active file. Typing ' $R$ ' at any point returns you to the main menu.

A copy of DMAGIC on each of your disks (using $D M A G I C$ to put it there, of course!) can go a long way toward giving you substantial control over that multiplying disk collection. While I personally would like to see addition of a PRINT function (to allow easier updating of a directory printout for each disk sleeve), DMAGIC is a good, easy-touse utility and may prove to be exactly what you need. Its instructions are clear and straightforward. Although it will work well enough with only 16 K , the author indicates 32 K will mean exchanging disks a lot less often when you use the COPY function; the program takes about 5.8 K of RAM. Single and multiple drives are supported.

So what's keeping you? Let's get organized . . . tomorrow of course.
(Dorison House Publishers, Inc., 824 Park Square Building,
Boston MA 02116, 16K+ disk, \$21.95)

- Warren S. Napier


## EVERYTHING unted To Know About

 You've Alwbiys
## The colot compuler io Bkk. But Didn't Know winke to

The COCOINDX is now available! Find the informat Guide.
need FAST in this 73 page spiral bound Res. All COCO articles indexed from the information you Jan. 1981 thru March 1984 - Nineteen types listed Adventure Education Games Utility programs Hardware projects
Editorials

VISA ${ }^{8}$

- Basic and Machine language
- Data Base: PRO-COLOR-FILE
- Flex OS-9 highlighted
- Data segments available soon update to be available


## -NoFody Doss It Better In Spesck or CMusic



## THE VOICE

You get CoCo's best hardware speech synthesizer using the VOTRAX SC-01, THE VOICE (was \$119.95).
Included is a text to speech ML program FREE to allow any BASIC program to speak in minutes (was \$29.95).
You also get 6 education and fun programs FREE (a $\$ 34.95$ value).
You will have access to an ever growing library of software.
Disk owners don't despair, THE VOICE works in all multi-pac units including our own Y-CABLE.
You can find speech units for less and a lot for more, but you won't find any better.
All hardware and software (tape or disk)
$\$ 79.95$

Speech thru TV speaker
Speech thru external speaker Volume control
Pitch control adjustment
Demo Programs
Phoneme Editor
Text-to-Speech program Documentation
Software
IC count
Case material
Case size
CoCo 2 version
Expansion Unit Compatibility

| RS Multi-pak | Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
| BT-1000 | Yes |
| Spectrum Switcher | Yes |
| Y-Pak | Yes |
| Y-Cable | Yes | their hardware or vice versa.


(Actual Photo)

## MUSICA

4 Notes produced simultaneously.
Input notes from keyboard or joystick.
Develop your own unique sounding instruments.
Vary tempo as music plays.
Save or load music from tape or disk.
Call music from your own BASIC program.
Music produced in stereo when used with the STEREO COMPOSER.
All features are fast because it's all machine language. It doesn't get any better than this.
Tape $\$ 34.95$ (16K)
(32K) Disk \$39.95

## MUSIC LIBRARY

Play these 4 part music selections without any additional software, or use as source for Musica. Over 100 tunes. Comes on tape, may be copied to disk. Ten or more tunes on each tape.

32K Ext
Each \$9.95

- Music from Stage, Screen and

Television

- Pop Songs of the 70's
- Pop Songs of the 60's
- Pop Songs of the 50 's


## STEREO COMPOSER

CoCo's one and only stereo music synthesizer. Plug it into the cartridge slot, connect to external speakers or your home stereo and you're ready for music realism. Comes with the COMPOSER 4 voice software. Separate left and right channel volume controls. Two 8 bit $D$ to $A$ 's - for perfect reproduction. May be used with our best software "MUSICA." Disk owners may use any expansion unit or our Y-CABLE.
Tape or Disk $\$ 69.95$
Dealer Inquiries
Invited
If your dealer doesn't stock our products, ask for them.

We accept CASH, CHECK, COD, VISA, and MASTER CARD orders.
Shipping and handling US and Canada..
$\$ 2.00$
Shipping and handling outside the US and Canada . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5.00$
COD charge . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2.00$
lllinois residents add $61 / 4 \%$ sales tax for the STEREO COMPOSER or THE VOICE.

> Speech Systems $38 W 255$ DEERPATH ROAD BATAVIA, ILLINOIS 60510 (312) 879-6880 (24 HR. VOICE) (312) $879-6811$ (24 HR. BBS)

CALL ANY DAY, ANYTIME TO ORDER. ALSO ORDER BY MAIL OR BBS. WE SHIP FROM STOCK WITHIN 48 HOURS.

## Software Review

## Spectrum DOS: An Added Attraction For CoCo

By Ed Ellers

As soon as the hard-core computer nuts got hold of the Color Computer, the complaints started to fly. Some of them were even valid. "No error trapping!" "No lowercase!" "s-l-o-w disk I/O!"The CoCo's been around for nearly four years now, and Extended Color BASIC and disk drives have been with us for more than three years, so you can imagine that a lot of attempts have been made to fix what people saw as the machine's flaws. The number of lowercase boards, Hi-Res text drivers and other goodies on the market are testimony to this. Spectrum DOS is an attempt to provide many of the features desired by CoCo enthusiasts in a single program.
Spectrum DOS actually patches the Disk BASIC ROM program to add its new commands. For this you need a 64 K Extended BASIC machine. The program can be supplied for whichever combination of ROMs your system has; the copy l used for test was set up for the "old" chips (1.1 Color BASIC and 1.0 Disk BASIC), and it caused a problem with the keyboard response on my machine (which has the 1.2 Color BASIC ROM) The DOS can also be burned into an EPROM, which will replace the Disk BASIC chip in the controller; the Hi-Res text feature and a few other commands will be lost unless you use a 16 K EPROM (such as a 27128).

One of the strong points of Spectrum DOS is its ability to make use of faster disk drives as well as larger capacities. The Radio Shack (and TDP) disk drives used by most CoCo users have only 35 tracks, and are rated to go from track to track in 30 milliseconds (though they are actually capable of 20 ms operation). The drives that Radio Shack sells now (in white cases) are actually the same as the drives in the Model 4 , and can use 40 tracks and step at 6 ms . Sadly, both the old and new Disk BASIC ROMs are stuck at 35 tracks and 30 ms operation.

Spectrum DOS has the ability to specify both step rate and number of tracks ( 35,40 or 80 ), and you can use different settings for each drive. The system l'm using has one old Radio Shack drive and two Hitachi $3^{\prime \prime}$ compact floppy drives; these are 40 -track and are rated by Hitachi to step at $3 \mathrm{~ms}(!)$. I have set up Spectrum DOS to run drive 0 at 35 tracks and 20 ms , and drives 1 and 2 at 40 tracks and 3 ms . The Radio Shack drive doesn't seem to be much faster, but, when the head has to move a great distance, it now does it in one smooth motion, so the grinding sound is pretty much gone. As for the Hitachi $3^{\prime \prime}$ drives, I had to guess at the correct setting for 3 ms operation (the manual only gives values down to 6 ms ), and I don't know if they are actually going that fast; they do work well, though.

The setup procedure is done with a program called SETUP/BAS. This asks you how many drives are in your system, how many tracks for each drive, the step rate for each and the printer Baud rate you usually use. You can also select a prompt (the default is "READY" instead of the standard "OK") and a new cursor character. The cursor no
longer changes colors, which should please quite a few people.

Spectrum DOS does have a good Hi-Res text driver, which gives your choice of 32,51 or 64 characters per line (still 16 lines on the screen) and has a full ASCII character set with lowercase characters. The PRINT@ command has been extended to the full numerical range of the mode you select. In PMODE 4, you can draw graphics over text and print text over graphics.

Another "key" feature is the programmable function keys. Any of the keys 1 through 9 can be set up to represent any desired command string. When you press the downarrow key, an inverse ' $F$ ' will appear in the upper left corner of the screen; when you press a number key, the preprogrammed string is executed automatically.

The ERROR command lets you specify a line in the program where it should go in case of an error. For example, if you use an ERROR 1000 statement, any error (whether in the program or in an INPUT statement) will cause the program to go to 1000 instead of stopping. (On many other computers this is called ON ERROR GOTO.)

There are far too many other neat things in Spectrum $D O S$ for me to describe in full; things like printer echoing, advanced BASIC line editing features, commands to boot OS-9 and FLEX directly and even a help screen! Spectrum DOS is certainly something to look into if you are getting tired of the constraints of Disk basic.
(Spectrum Projects, 93-15 86th Drive, Woodhaven, NY 11421 or Box 9866 , San Jose, CA 95157, $\$ 49.95$ plus $\$ 3$ S/H)

## FLY at MACH 2!

## F-16 Instrument Flight Simulator

Dont chug around at 90 knots with other simulators. F-16 flys Mach 2.6, is fully aerobatic, very realistic. \$21.95


## DESCENDERS

$100 \%$ mL for Radio Shack ${ }^{\text {© }}$ LPVII, DMP100,
TDP-1, and Gorilla ${ }^{\text {© }}$ Banana. .............. $\$ 17.95$

## TSPOOL

100\% ML SOFTWARE SPOOLER FOR TELEWRITER-64® ${ }^{\circledR}$
ONLY. ............................................................ $\$ 24.95$
TELEWRITER-64
The best CoCo word processor available today!
Tape................... $\$ 49.95$ Disk.................. $\$ 59.95$

We now handle all CoCoData Ent. programs:
Graphics Program Generator II ............ $\$ 16.95$
Electricity Consumption Montor ......... $\$ 10.95$
Household Budget Worksheet ............. $\$ 6.95$
LLIST-RITE ................................................. $\$ 5.95$
Call (813) 321-2840 FOR MORE INFORMATION.

## KRT Software, Inc.

P. O. Box 41395
St. Petersburg, Florida 33743

## Shrink For Extra Bytes

Have you ever needed extra memory space or had a BASIC program that was just a little too big to fit into your available memory? If so, Shrink by Elite Software could help.

Shrink is a machine language utility that removes unnecessary spaces from BASIC programs. The resulting code is still legitimate BASIC, which can be edited, run and saved. Unnecessary spaces are, in general, spaces around BASIC tokens. A few examples of some common reductions are illustrated below:

$$
\begin{array}{rrl}
\text { A }=1 & \text { becomes } & \text { A=I } \\
\text { GOTO } 10 & \text { becomes } & \text { GOTO } 10 \\
\text { NEXT I } & \text { becomes } & \text { NEXTI } \\
\text { PRINT "A B C" } & \text { becomes } & \text { PRINT"ABC" } \\
\text { IF P = 2 THEN RETURN } & \text { becomes } & \text { IFP=2THENRETURN }
\end{array}
$$

Note that Shrink does not operate on strings like "A B C" or on comments like REM THIS IS A COMMENT. Since it is written in machine language, Shrink requires less than 350 bytes of storage and can reduce a 12 K program in about 15 seconds.

Running Shrink is simple. After CLEARing space at the top of memory, Shrink is loaded into store followed by the BASIC program to be shrunk. EXECing the utility causes all the unnecessary spaces to be removed and the modified program may then be edited, run or saved. Using PRINT MEM before and after running Shrink shows exactly how many bytes were gained.

Shrink worked as advertised on every BASIC program I tried, yielding an average space savings of 10 to 25 percent. Of course, the amount of savings you get depends on the amount of white space in your code. As a last resort, comments can also be removed from the BASIC source to free additional memory. If you write much BASIC code, Shrink is a useful tool to have.
(Elite Software, Box 11224, Pittsburgh, PA 15238, $\$ 14.95$ tape, $\$ 17.95$ disk)

## Cocoindx - A Convenient Index To CoCo's Literature

Cocoind $x$ is just what the title might lead you to believe -a rather complete printed index of articles which have been written for and about the Color Computer.

There are 70 pages of listings of articles about the CoCo in this spiral-bound book. The index covers 13 publications including: 68 Micro Journal, 73, 80 Micro, Hot Coco, 80 U.S., Basic Computing, Byte, The Color Computer Magazine, Color Computer News (now defunct), Computers and Electronics, CQ Magazine, Ham Radio Magazine and THE RAINBOW.

At first I had some doubts about the usefulness of the product, but the day it came, I had a chance to use it for a good purpose. I wanted to go back to the source article for the program I have for printing custom statements. I knew it was in one of the pile of magazines in this CoCo-nest, but I did not know exactly where.

1 looked in Cocoind $x$ and voila! There was the listing of Ron Garrett's program on Page 36 of the index. Now, finding the November 1982 Raln Bow in this mess - that's another matter.

The index file is set up with fields for Type, Magazine, Article name, Author, Page, Language, System and Notes.

The notes are a brief key to what the article is about. The rest of the fields should be self-explanatory.

The type of article is an abbreviation for which there is no key printed. The types are easy to understand, but I was fooled at first by the name SPEC, which I thought referred to articles about Spectaculator. I now suspect it means "special."

I appreciate the work which Dean Norris put into this very useful book, but I think the price is high. I know the cost of printing. I know the effort which must have been made in the project, but I can't help thinking CoCo-nuts may not be willing to shell out $\$ 20$ for an index.
(Cocoindx, P.O. Box 23654, Tempe, AZ 85282, \$19.95)

- Howard Lee Ball
- Gary E. Epple

[^35]
## Sugar Software

## RAINBOW SCREEN MACHINE

SCREEN MACHINE - more features than all others combined!

- Add these features to your computer/program: ML extension of Basic loads on top of 16,32 , or 64 K machines to enable easy mixture of hi-res graphics and text in your programs. Dense text or large lettering for children, visually impaired or VCR title screens with no programming!
- User definable 224 character set featuring lower case descenders, Greek, cars, tank, planes, etc., completely interfaced with all keys, commands, and PMODES. 12 sizes (most colored) from $16 \times 8$ to $64 \times 24$. PRINT @, TAB and comma fields are fully supported.

2 distinct character sets automatically switch for sharpest lettering featuring underline, subscript, superscript, reverse video, top and bottom scroll protect, double width, colored characters in PMODE 4, and help screen.

- Simple 2-letter abbreviated commands inside your program or control key entry from keyboard, even during program execution!
- Includes demo program, character generator program and manual. 16 K Ext. Basic required - 32 K recommended. $\$ 29.95$ Tape; $\$ 32.95$ Disk.

Screen Machine can be used in gámes, word processors, utilities, etc. In addition, the custom graphics characters can be used to develop easy, effective hi-res character-graphics programs. The potential is truly unlimited.

Screen Machine can be used to directly create video recorder title screens or large lettering for children or the visually impaired simply by typing.

- Revolutionary - heralded as the most useful, powerful and versatile state-of-the-art utility ever developed for the Color Computer!
- All of the features of Screen Machine and more:
- Variable SMOOTH Scroll for professional displays, listings, business use.
- Variable volume KEY Click (tactile feedback).
- EDTASM + command for instant compatibility with disk EDTASM.
- Superpatch + command for instant compatibility with disk EDTASM.
- True Break key disable and recognition.

10 User Definable commands used to activate your special drivers or subroutine.

- Dynamic Screen Dump command for use with Custom Software Engineering's Graphic Screen Print program for simple printer "Snapshots" of your screen even during program execution!
- The new standard - Upgradeable at any time from previous Rainbow-Writer or Screen Machine purchase. Return old program, manual, plus cost difference and $\$ 7.00$ shipping and handling.
- Super Screen Machine \$44.95 Tape; \$47.95 Disk.

Screen Machine is fully interfaced with all keys and commands. Although some Basic programming knowledge is recommended just a few minutes spent studying and referencing your computer's Basic manuals will turn you on to the power of computing with Screen Machine.

Pay whe unteran available in
$\qquad$ any
$*$


A complete catalog of other sweet Sugar Software products is available.

## SUGAR SOFTWARE

2153 Leah Lane
Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068
(614) 861-0565

Momtercard VISA
Add $\$ 1.00$ per tape for postage and handling. Ohioans add $5.5 \%$ sales tax. COD orders are wel-
come. CIS orders EMAIL to come. CIS orders EMAIL to vited.

# CoCo Cookbook Deserves A Chef's Salute 

It's nice when you discover a program that serves a useful purpose in addition to showing your computer's capabilities.

CoCo Cookbook, by Computerware, is such a program and it should be greeted with open arms by everyone who has spent hours fumbling through kitchen drawers, sorting index cards, and wondering what in the world could have happened to Aunt Bessie's age-old recipe for chocolate marble cake.

For those who collect recipes like some computer fanatics who seem to collect programs, CoCo Cookbook will be quite a catch, containing 50 delicious-sounding delectables that will be among the treasures in your collection. Are you ready for Oxtail with Herbs, Hunters Chicken Wings, and Deviled Beef Bones? Or, how about Lobster al'Americaine?

I personally enjoyed Chocolate Devil's Food Cake, a traditional favorite that my wife prepared for the family using the recipe included in the program. It provided a definite twist from the normal review process.

Of course, the real value of CoCo Cookbook is the ability to store your own recipes, enabling you to once and for all rid yourself of that endless assortment of paper scraps that hinder the housekeeping process.

Co Co Cookbook will store up to 270 recipes on a single

## No Disk? No Printer?

- YOU CAN STILL HAVE A CLSTOM-BUILT FILING SYSTEM!

DISK \& PRINTER ARE OPTIONAL IN THE SUPER-FRIENDLY DO-FILE SYSTEM: NEEDS ONLY TAPE, 3 ZK \& EXT. BASIC. ALL WORK DONE IN MEMORY. NO PROGRAMMING REQUIRED TO BUILD HOUSEHOLD INVENTORY, WINE LIST, ANY LIST. YOU DESIGN YOUR OWN RECORDS. AND - YOU DON'T HAVE TO GET IT RIGHT THE FIRST TIME. EXPAND ANY FIELD. ADD NEW FIELDS - WITHOUT LOSING ANY EXISTING DATA. CREATE, REMOVE AND CHANGE RECORDS - SEARCH, SORT. LIST AND TOTAL THEM - LOAD AND SAVE FILES USING CASSETTE OR DISK (OR BOTH). DISPLAY YOUR RECORDS ON THE SCREEN AND/OR PRINTER IN ORIGINAL OR SORTED SEQUENCE (OR BOTH). SELECT AND SORT (ASCENDING OR descending) records on up to 3 fielos. your files CAN BE AS BIG AS 16,500 CHARACTERS. DO-ILE HAS EASY, ONE-KEY COMMANDS AND A HELP MENU, TOO. IT IS EVEN DESIGNED TO PROTECT YOU FROM MAKING MISTAKES! do-File is educational - you learn file management USING A $35-\mathrm{PAGE}$ TUTORIAL GUIDE \& SAMPLE DATA FILE!

CALL FREE! 1-800-334-0854, EXT. 856, TO ORDER. OR, SEND \$29.95 (CHECK OR MONEY ORDER)' PLUS \$2.OO FOR postage/handling (PA residents add \$1.92 tax), to:


VISA
P.0. B0X 712
disk using a special compression technique with up to 3,040 characters per recipe, including title, ingredients and instructions - all in "free form"format. You don't have to take any shortcuts to conserve space either - thereby preserving those precious personal touches so necessary for the perfect dish. You can write and write and write, it seems.
The first 50 recipes in the program are provided by Computerware. You can keep them or delete them, but you'll probably want them.

You can access each recipe by title, number or by a special keyword search. You can list the ingredients to the screen or to the printer simply by using the Find Recipe option. There's also an automatic option that allows you to page through the recipe at your own pace.

Recipes also can be called up alphabetically or numerically, and you can keep a printed index file handy that lists them both ways should you forget how you entered a recipe, making it easy to retrieve the needed file.
Sorry, you folks without disk drives and with only 16 K ; CoCo Cookbook does require a disk and 32 K .
The program is definitely user-friendiy, making a complex filing job very easy. It also is fun, a real showpiece during parties, and very practical. If Mom still needs convincing about the value of your computer and its relevance to the home, CoCo Cookbook will do the job. The difficult part for her will be finding all the recipes she wants (or wants you) to file. Once you've got them all on disk, Mom's days of searching are over. A touch of a few keys will produce that priceless recipe in print in just a few seconds. Be warned, however, it's so easy you may wind up over the stove!

## (Computerware, P.O. Box 668, 4403 Manchester Avenue, Suite 102, Encinitas, CA 92024, disk \$27.95)

## - Charles Springer

Hint . . .

## Amazing Graphics

Here is a program your readers might enjoy:
0 DIMA( 39,40 ):SCREEN1,1:GET( 0,0$)-(255,191), A, G$ 1 PUT( 0,0 )-( 255,191 ),A,NOT:GOTO 1

Before it is used, however, a picture must be on a Hi-Res screen. When it is in memory, type $N E W$ and enter the program. Type RUN, ENTER and wait a few seconds. Amazing! The key to this program is the statement not in Line 1. If a point is PSET, it PRESETS it and vice versa. Try this: while the computer is PUTting it on the screen, press the Reset button in back. Now type $R U N$ and ENTER again. What do you think will happen?

Mark Raphael
Englishtown, NJ

## Ice Bird Is A Fun, Heart Warming Game

Every once in a while a game is introduced that, while not completely original in concept, generates a new kind of appeal.
Ice Bird, while very similar to another game called Ice Master but not as fast or difficult, easily overcomes anything resembling redundancy with its charmingly quaint graphics.
The hero of the situation is a cute little blue penguin, complete with vest, who desperately but slowly waddles about in his efforts to avoid being killed by menacing pursuers equipped with deadly stingers.
There is also an assortment of blocks of ice, which Ice Bird uses to defend himself against the stingers. The object of the game is to connect three diamond blocks in a row before running out of blocks of ice.
A quaint element of suspense is added as seemingly innocent blocks suddenly start flashing, just before being transformed into pursuers of our hero. To destroy a pursuer, Ice Bird must hit it with a sliding block of ice or crumble the flashing block before it hatches.
Strange thing about those pursuers: They seem to vary in intelligence so you really have to be on your toes. They will live up to their names.

Players earn 1,000 points when all diamonds are connected. If none of the diamonds are touching a wall, an additional 1,000 points are awarded. If they are in a straight line, another 1,000 points are yours. If both of the latter are true, there's an additional 1,000 points. You can earn as many as 4,000 points on one turn.

The remaining blocks of ice are worth 100 points each. A crumbled block is worth only 10 points, but crushing a flashing block is worth 400.

There are several maze levels, each unique in its design and level of difficulty. Every third maze is a bonus maze.
Ice Bird is so cute that you tend to identify strongly with this little character. You will find yourself pulling the toggle switch frantically in order to protect him from harm.

If things really get desperate, you can push the SHIFT '@' combination to "freeze" the action.

One or two players can play, and the scores, including the high toral in the current series of games, are displayed at the top of the screen.

I really enjoyed Ice Bird and I believe the character is so likable that he could be put in a series of arcade challenges. That's one aspect of computer games that we have not seen and it could be a winning concept. If Bugs Bunny could be in 2,000 or 3,000 cartoons, why couldn't an Ice Bird or another character do the same thing?
(Crystal Software, 6591 Dawsey Road, Rock Creek, OH
44084, tape $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 9 5}$; disk $\mathbf{\$ 2 8 . 9 5}$ )

- Charles Springer


UNLIMITED EXPANSION

- 6 SLOT EXPANSION BUS
- PARALLEL PRINTER CARTRIDGE
- DUAL RS232 CARTRIDGE
- PROTOTYPING BOARD
- 80 COLUMN VIDEO CARTRIDGE
- REAL time Clock cartridge
- 16K RAM/ROM CARTRIDGE
- MORETO COME


# The Sector Inspector - Good Disk Utility With A 'Zap' 

I think one of the most unusual terms in computerese is "zapping" a disk. If someone out there knows the origin of this term I would sure enjoy hearing about it. As most of you are aware, we use the term "zapping" to mean altering the contents of a disk, on purpose of course. There are several programs on the market that perform an adequate job of zapping, including The Sector Inspector, by Sonburst Software.

The Sector Inspector is a disk maintenance utility that is menu driven and very user friendly. It is written in disk BASIC and machine language requiring no other equipment for proper operation. A 50 -page instruction manual can be described as adequate. It contains a good explanation of all commands along with 21 examples of the program's uses.

## Hint .

## Handy Label Printer

I simply got tired of seeing the hand written labels on my disks. Some were very sloppy, and some were in different colors of ink. The following is a short program that will print out a nice looking disk label. You can use gummed labels that will feed through your printer or simply print them out on regular paper and then cut them out and, using a "glue stick," stick them on your disks.

Edit the following lines:
50 enter your name
60 enter the date
70 enter the software manufacturer's name if the label is for a copyrighted program.

Format is for the Epson printer, and all $C H R \$ s$ should be changed to your printer's needs.

```
10 POKE150,1 'SETS UP }900\mathrm{ BAUD RATE
2 0 ~ C L S
40 PRINT@32,"ENTER FILE NAME/NUMBER"
:INPUTA$
50 B$="DISK OWNERS NAME"
60 C$="DATE DISK FORMATTED"
70 D$="SOFTWARE MFG'S TITLE"
80 PRINT#-2,CHR$(14); 'DOUBLE WIDTH
90 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);"G"; 'DOUBLE STRIKE
MODE
100 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);"E"; 'SETS EMPHASIZED
MODE
110 PRINT#-2,A$
120 PRINT#-2,D$
125 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);"F"; 'CANCELS
EMPHASIZED MODE
130 PRINT#-2,CHR$(15); 'SETS CONDENSED
MODE
140 PRINT#-2,B$
150 PRINT#-2,C$
160 PRINT#-2,CHR$(27);"e";CHR$(1);CHR$(4); 'SET
HORIZONTAL/VERT TAB UNIT
165 PRINT#-2,CHR$(11) 'VERTICAL TAB MODE
170 CLS:GOTO40
```

Barry L. Baker Pacific Beach, CA

One section is devoted to common questions about disk systems in general. The programs are not protected and can be backed up for those who so desire. The original disk contains several copies of the main program in case of problems.

A BASIC loader program can be user modified for use with disk drives with faster step rates. Instructions are also given regarding the default printer Baud rate and how to add line feeds after carriage returns for those of us with printers requiring line feeds. My standard printer driver worked fine, though.

A main menu is invoked by $R U N$ "SI". Eight choices are available as follows:

```
D - Directory Menu
R - Rough Stuff Menu
O - Default Drive
M - Multiple Drives/One Drive
B - Change Printer Baud Rate
V - Verify On/Off
K - Key Click On/Off
C - Disk Backup
```


## Directory Menu

The Directory Menu allows reading information from Track 17. Several different options are available in addition to just reading the directory. One command allows you to alphabetize your directory. This can be a real plus for a disk full of programs. No longer do you have to search through every program name to find that certain one you're looking for.

Two commands in this menu are the heart of the directory system. 'S' and ' $R$ ' save and retrieve the directory from Track 17 to/from Track 34. The more you use the CoCo disk system the more you realize that it is wise to back up your directory track. This takes care of the function automatically, or close to it.

Another nice feature is the ' $T$ ' command. This command tracks a file through the disk giving you a sequence of granules for that particular file. This is a necessity for file reconstruction.

## Rough Stuff Menu

Why do they call it rough stuff? Well, there is nothing more dangerous than a novice programmer with a disk zapper. Entire disks have been known to disappear by the careless use of a disk write command.

In addition to the normal disk read/write commands, a disk scan command is included for verifying the integrity of a disk. This is the easiest way 1 know of to find a destroyed track on a disk. After finding the bad sector(s), you can attempt repairing them using the read/write commands.

Disk information can be dumped to a printer in several formats depending on whether the program is tokenized. This feature is also necessary for the serious disk zapper.

## Comments

I think The Sector Inspector is a good utility for zappers and is reasonably priced for comparable programs. I suppose this is a moot point for normal programs, but it would be nice to be able to read more than 18 sectors on a track and 35 tracks. Sometimes there might be something there. You never know until you look.
(Sonburst Software, 233 E. Rogue River Hwy., Grants Pass, OR 97527, disk \$29.95)

## Software Review

## Grobot An Education Game That Grows On You

Grobot, by Children's Computer Workshop, at first glance appears to have little or no educational benefit; it plays like a game, it looks like a game, and it sounds like a game. Kids think it is a game, but it is supposed to be educational. This is the best part of this program. The game is intended for children 10 to 13 and requires careful planning to attain high scores.

This program is very professional and very well thought out from start to finish. First the documentation is clear and concise with color and illustrations that really look like the computer screen. It covers everything from turning on the computer to thought-provoking questions in the back of the book to aid the child in realizing what the game is all about.
The game loads and runs with no hitches and there is a backup on side two of the tape. The game itself starts out by asking the player to pick four plants to grow and supplies a weather forecast. The planet of Kaldasian on which our farm is located has four different climates. The climate determines which plants grow best and the point value for each. There are 16 different plants to choose from, each with its own good and bad qualities. We are aided in making this decision by an almanac in the rear of the book. This is a simple cross reference chart of point values for each plant in each climate. To further complicate things, some of the point values are missing and must be obtained by the player


## HAVE YOU HEARD OF US?

Every advertiser compares their product to "THE OTHER GUY'S." WHY IS THAT? It's because we make the best product for the best price. Other companies claim their general ledgers will handle at least 500 accounts and 1000 data entries on a 64 k system. Look and compare "KEEP-TRAK" with it's 16 k version which holds 740 entries. Our 32 k version handes 900 accounts with over 2400 entries. (Disk Only)

THEIR PRICE $\$ 79$ and UP - OUR PRICE $\$ 14.95$

## NEW THIS MONTH "O ME G A FILE"

## Omega File is a very fine, simple to use, data base for anything and everything. "OMEGA

 FILE" is limited only by your disk storage space. You may define any number of fields up to 16. with field length being up to 255 characters. (Total record length, if you wish, of 4080 characters) Sort, match, and print any fieid. (Disk Only)THEIR PRICE $\$ 69$ and UP - OUR PRICE $\$ 14.95$
ALSO NEW THIS MONTH - "GRADE EASY"
Grade Easy is simply the best educators data base available! Keep complete student profiles (I.D. no.. name, address, telephone, age, birthday and S.S. no.) Grade Easy allows for weighted grades or true grades. Fully menu driven, very simple to use. (Disk Only)

A BARGAIN AT 570 - NOW ONLY 529.95

## THE ONE AND ONLY "A M T"

> AMT starts where everyone eise ends. AMT calculates almost any sales or purchase outcome. Total interest, total principle, total payment are all figured. AMT is not just an amorlization scheduling program, but a cost forcasting and prediction program. Useful to anyone who plans to sell or buy something with interest. (Disk Only) - $\$ 14.95$
"PI FILE" - Personal Information File \$14.95
This program stores names, addresses, phone numbers and briof notes. Pl File is for client lists, church groups, Scouting, clubs, user groups or any other similar use. Prints mailing labels. Sorts on any fieid. (Disk Only)
"Home Inventory" \$14.95 - "Momo Fila" \$14.95 - "Billing File" \$14.95
COMPARE FEATURES AND PRICE, then buy
"THE OTHER GUY'S SOFTware!"
ALL PRICES ARE FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLYI
(add $\$ 1.50$ for postage and handling)
Send check or money order, US funds to:
THE OTHER GUY'S SOFTware • 875 S. Main • Logan, UT 84321
Phone: (801) 753-7620
during game play.
Once the crops are chosen, all that is left is harvesting in our harvester, right? Wrong! As with any farm, there are pests to be disposed of. The farming is done on the CoCo's Hi -Res graphics screen using one joystick. As the fun begins the Grobot is hovering above his field in his harvester. Soon the crops begin sprouting and making their way up the screen. The object is to wait until the plant blooms and pick the bloom to score points. As the plants get taller, below the ground's surface the Verms begin to appear and munch on the plants. You must make the Grobot jump out of the harvester and chase them away so you can go back to the harvester and pick blooms.
The action starts out slowly and builds with the points. As the plants start to bloom, they attract flying insects called gnats, which go straight to the blooms and must be chased away by moving the harvester to the plant. To pick blooms, move the harvester to the plant and push the fire button. The bloom only lasts a short time, so you must be fast. When the power runs out, the game ends. The game begins again with another weather forecast and the chance to select new crops.

Overall this is an excellent educational game, just what 1 would expect of a subsidiary of Children's Television Workshop. This game keeps the attention of the children and allows them to develop their skills at planning and problem solving. It is the best educational program I have seen so far.
(Radio Shack stores nationwide, Cat. No. 26-2527, 16K
ECB, tape $\$ 19.95$ )

- James McCracken


## Meet the direct-connect Signalman MODEM

Meet the direct-connect SIGNALMAM MODEM designed for use with RS-232C type Interfoce ... the smallest. lightest, most com poct modern availoble today. Its long ufe 9 -voll internal baltery and exclusive oudible Carrier Deleci Signal allow you to install the SIGNALMAN onywhere ... Out of the way. ond out of sight Now, there's na need for messy cobles, and no need to lcok al a LED to verify carrier.
Anchor's SIGNALMAN is designed to operate orly wiln modula telephones having plug in handsels. Bell TRIMLINE tri ppe tele phones which combine handsel ond dial are nol suitable
Your SIGNALMAN transmits both voice and data over all common telephone lines. and is fully compatible with Bet 103 modems - putting your computer in instant communcations with thousands of other computers. And when you're in the data position your SIGNALMAN outomatically chonges from ORIGINATE to ANSWER ond back again as the need arises ending all thot confusion
Anchor Automation hos taken the fuss out of communcations For business or IUn, SIGNALMAN is the ideal modern
$\$ 59.95{ }^{\text {A.c. }}$. Re Rdapter

COBOBCOM/E
SMART TERMINAL PACKACE


COLORCOM/E $\$ 49.95$
COLOR TERM + PLUS +
(TAPE)An Intellisent Terminai Program Far The Color
E) An Intelisent Termunal
Computer or TMP 100 .

# SOFTWARE PLUS 

6201 C Greenback Lane
Citrus Heights. CA 95610
(916) $726-8793$


# Plotting Your Highs And Lows With Super Color Biorhythms 

Super Color Biorhythms, from Armadillo International Software, is a small program written in Extended BASIC with a machine language graphing routine.

Some claim biorhythms are "biological rhythms" that begin at birth and continue regularly through life. I am not going to make any statements in this respect. I have been asked to review this program and I will restrict my comments to the performance of the program and the documentation that accompanies it. Incidentally, Armadillo International Software also makes a disclaimer in this respect.

Super Color Biorhythms is very easy to use. The package, on cassette tape, actually consists of two programs. The first one, called Biorhythm, is an Extended BASIC program which is loaded in the usual way. After running Biorhythm, a machine language routine called Graf automatically positions itself in memory, and everything is ready to go.

The first screen requests the basic information required for the program; that is, your birthdate, the beginning date for the chart and the number of days desired.

The plotting consists of three sinusoidal wave functions with periods of 23,28 and 33 days in three colors; yellow,
blue and red. The curves are labeled with color lettering at the bottom of the graph. The high resolution sine curves are plotted on a grid, representing days. At the top of the chart the date changes as the curves are drawn. You can halt the disply with SHIFT‘@', and pressing any key will resume the plotting.

The program will display graphs for periods ranging from one day to 1,500 days, with the screen holding the plots corresponding to 14 days simultaneously. As the curves reach the right edge of the grid, the display scrolls to the left, permitting subsequent days to be plotted. This is a very nice touch.

The documentation is adequate. The four-page booklet contains all the necessary information to run the program and includes some explanation on the interpretation of the plots, something I said I wasn't going to touch. If you think biorhythms have any validity, this program will nicely plot your "cycles" for you.
(Armadillo International Software, P.O. Box 7661, Austin, TX 78712, tape $\$ 10.95$ )

- Dr. Carlos Calle


# See You At RAINBOWfest Princeton September 28-30, 1984 



To make the most of your new Dragon microcomputer from Dragon-Tano, you need Dragon User - the international, independent magazine for Dragon owners.

Each issue of Dragon User contains: - reviews of the latest software - programming advice for beginners - hardware projects

The Dragon microcomputer was launched in the UK last year. Since then we have developed a knowledge and mastery of the machine's abilities. You can benefit from our experience by subscribing to Dragon User, which is expanding its coverage to include all US developments.

To make sure that you receive a copy of Dragon User regularly, subscribe direct to us. This costs only $\$ 29.95$ for 12 issues airspeeded to you - or take advantage of our special offer to long-term subscribers. Individual copies of the magazine can be obtained from your Dragon dealer.

- program listings covering games and utilities
- reviews of Dragon peripherals and add-ons
- technical advisory service
- programming articles for users

Subscription order form. Receive a free book and save money by taking out a
long-term subscription - a two-vear subscription saves $10 \%$ a three long-term subscription - a two-year subscription saves $10 \%$, a three-year subscription saves $20 \%$. In addition, long-term subscribers will receive a free copy of either $\square$ The Working Dragon or $\square$ Dragon Games Master. Please send a check, made payable to Dragon User, with this form.
Start my subscription from the following issue .
Name...................................................................................
Address

## Signed.

Subscription rates US and Canada airspeeded $\square$ US $\$ 29.95$ for 12 issues/7.yëăr $\square$ US $\$ 53.90$ for 24 issues $\square$ US $\$ 71.90$ for 36 issues. Send this form to Dragon User, \% Business Press International, 205 E. 42nd St., New York, NY 10017.

# Lancer Is A Contest Of Avian Agility 

You are in the middle of a fierce combat in the skies. Your steed pivots, climbs and dives to meet the enemy and to better him. You use an outcropping of rock to hide from the enemy above and to position yourself to drop on an unsuspecting foe. You dive and nail your opponent only to have several of his comrades drop on you. This is just one of many possible outcomes in this Joust-type arcade game.

Lancer plays much like the description above. Your player is a knight with lance mounted upon some large bird of prey. Flying your mount is accomplished by hitting the fire button of your joystick. The faster you hit the fire button the faster your bird flies. Your opponents are equally armed and mounted. Your purpose is to stand and defeat all oncomers as wave after wave of enemies are sent after you. To kill the other riders you must run into them from a higher level of flight, or get the drop on them so to speak. If you attack the enemy from below, your knight will be killed even if you think you are on the offensive. When you dismount an enemy, his life force will be transformed into a white ball which will drop to the ground. If left alone, the life force balls will be reincarnated into new riders and new mounts will come and pick them up. The reincarnated riders are smarter and more agile fighters, so it's better to take care of them before they hatch. The white balls can be disposed of by running into them from any direction. The field of combat is composed of several "floating islands" or rocky outcrops. These are good both for maneuvering around and resting on when your trigger finger gets tired. Part way into the game the bottom of the screen turns into a lava pit, which is definitely not a place to land. Finally, to make the array of obstacles complete, there is the dragon - an almost unbeatable foe.

Most of the types of scoring in Lancer are covered above. You get points for dismounting your opponents, for disposing of the life energy balls and for defeating the dragon. In addition to this, you can get bonus points for survival in the single player game and for player cooperation in the twoplayer game. Lancer has 16 increasingly difficult levels from zero to 15 . In the lower levels your mount moves slower and

# SO. CALIFORNIA SHINES 



RESIDENTS \& VISITORS-WE ARE THE COLOR COMPUTER SPECIALISTS IN LOS ANGELES. SOFTWARE, MODEMS, BOOKS, PRINTERS, MONITORS, ACCESSORIES

1316 Wilshire Blva. - Suite 206 - Los Angeles, CA 90017
(213) 483-8388
the other riders are slower and less aggressive, also the dragon doesn't appear quite as often. The change in difficulty between any two close levels, such as level six through eight is hardly noticeable. The difference becomes much more apparent if you jump from the lower five levels to the higher five. The game, at all levels, is divided up into waves. A wave starts with a title and a message announcing what bonus points are available, then the enemy riders start appearing. A wave ends when all present enemies have been destroyed. As Lancer progresses, more riders are sent with each wave. The dragon also appears more frequently in later waves of a game.

Lancer rates high in "playability" as an arcade graphics game for several reasons. It can be played as a two-player game. Each can fly their mounts at the same time. Both have the option of cooperating against the common foe or fighting against each other. Lancer provides incentives, in terms of bonus points, for both of these strategies at different times of a game. The speed of the game is good, though this is not at first apparent. The players are a little slow in responding to the controls, both for flying and running along the ground. This means you have to flap your wings harder to get going. Once you get going, however, you move along at a pretty good rate. It also takes an equal amount of work to slow down once you get going. This slight slowness in response doesn't really detract from the game, instead, it adds more to the strategy as you have to think ahead of what you are doing.

There are only a few things I didn't like about Lancer. In later game waves as more riders are sent at you there is a noticeable slowdown in the action. This is not all that common an occurrence, so I don't see it as a very serious problem. The only thing that really bothered me about Lancer is that there is no squealing brakes sound as the mounts are pulled to a halt. This is more a problem with me than with Lancer, as I'm used to the arcade game that Lancer is based on.

The graphics in Lancer are some of the best I've seen in a machine language arcade game. Shape movement is very smooth with little or no detectable flickering. The animation of the birds flapping their wings is also handled well - the players and riders looked like they are flying. The shape of the player and enemy riders is such that they actually appear to be knights mounted on large birds. The sound generated with Lancer is not spectacular, but is adequate and well suited to the game.

The documentation received with Lancer is short, but more than adequate. The documentation includes loading instructions, a short description of how to play Lancer, and how to contact Spectral Associates if you have any problems. Lancer is provided on copy-protected media. Replacement tapes and disks are available at a reasonable price.

Lancer is a high quality machine language game. This unique style of game has been one of my favorites in the arcade. Compared to games of equal quality, Lancer is competitively priced. I would recommend this game as a good addition to any serious video gamers software library.
> (Spectral Associates, 3418 South 90th Street, Tacoma, WA 98409, 32K RAM, joysticks, Extended bASIC not required, $\$ 24.95$ cassette, $\$ 28.95$ disk)

- Richard D. Uglum


## Software Review

## Victory Is Sweet With Candy Co.

Ever wonder what it would be like to work in a candy factory? The aroma alone would have to be among the employee benefits, especially if a lot of different kinds of goodies were produced there.

The down side of the equation would be coming home from work all sticky faced and a few pounds heavier every day if you couldn't resist sampling the delicacies.

After a few weeks or months, however, you would risk getting burned out on so much sugar intake, start taking your diet seriously and yearn for some other distractions.

That's exactly what you get in Candy Co., a recent release from Intracolor that turns the factory into chaos as a bunch of bad guys invade trying to kidnap Q.P. Doll, your partner in this mouth-watering escapade. Ás Candy Dan, you've got to rescue Q.P. while keeping productivity levels up to meet the demands of your customers.

There are seven different types of candy that you must pick up on constantly moving conveyor belts, which move horizontally and vertically across the screen. If you pick up all the candy without losing a "thinking cap," your current frame (there are 1,000 frames of increasing difficulty in the game), number is multiplied by the level of difficulty (from one to 10 ) and then added to 100 to compute bonus points.

Individual point values for collecting jelly beans, bubble gum, candy canes, lollipops, chocolate bars, soda pops, and double dip cones.

Look out, though, because you could accidentally pick up a cherry bomb, which probably has been placed on one of the conveyor belts by one of the three bad guys-Phoodin Drog, Korprut Spy, or Pyro Wurx.

Drog is there to steal greedy units, the really sticky stuff. He will try to knock you off the conveyor belts.

Mr. Spy's mission is to steal the secret formula for an Invent Oid, a device that gives you and Q.P. Doll super powers.

Wurx is around to help out the other villains and the most likely suspect to have planted the cherry bombs.

There also are a couple of fellow workers, Doc D. Kay and M.C. Squared, but they are not much help, just riding

## FLORIDA

 SEARCH NO LONGER!The Software Connection of Fort Lauderdale is your one stop source for your Color Computer Software, Peripherals, Books, Magazines \& Repairs


THE SDFTUARE CINMELTIIN, INC.

4301 N. State Rd. 7
Lauderdale Lakes, FL 33319 (305) 484-7547
around on conveyor belts. Doc is the designer of the greedy units. M.C.'s contribution is the invention of the Invent Oil, which enables you to knock the bad guys off the conveyor belts.

Of course, you and Q.P. Doll are never safe in Candy Co. because the object of the game, as in many arcade-type challenges, is to collect as many points as possible. If you are doing exceptionally well and want to take a break, you can pause by pressing the Space Bar.

The opening of the game includes some nice graphics effects and even a vocal announcement of the upcoming game. Unfortunately, you have one of those "If the square is red, press the Reset button until it is blue" nuisances that will try your patience because it sometimes takes several attempts to get the right colors.

The game also includes the ability to save high scores, which you almost expect these days, but there's already an incredibly high total on the board that will require a lot of games over several days to surpass.

I personally found the game a little monotonous, but my eight-year-old son seemed to be fascinated with it. Of course, there are several years separating our appreciation of arcade games. It definitely offers a high level of continuing challenge and if that's your bag, you'll probably enjoy it.

## (Intracolor Communications, P.O. Box 1035, East Lansing, M1 48823, tape $\$ 34.95$, disk $\$ 34.95$.)

- Charles Springer


# Custom Software Engineering, Inc. 

807 Minutemen Causeway (D-2), Cocoa Beach, Florida 32931<br>(305) 783-1083<br>For information or technical support, please call between 5:30 and 8:30 P.M. Eastern time.

## DISK DATA HANDLER - 64K

Provides the growth capability needed for your increasingly sophistlcated applications.

- Designed to use the full 64 K RAM... may also be configured for 32K
- Uses standard ROM's . . . No special operating system required!
- Allows you to design disk data files for your specific needs. You define a basic record of up to 14 fields and 246 characters.
- Provides fast selection and sorting based on any field or combination of fields in this record.
- Powerful in-screen input and update.
- User defined output of reports to screen, printer, or disk files which may be read by your BASIC programsfor any computational or special formatting requirements.
- Printer reports allow headings, page breaks and page numbering, and let you pass control codes to drive your printer's special features.
- Maximum number of records you may work with at one time will depend on RAM configuration and record size...64K (32K) 1850 (500) - 21 char records . . . 179 (49) -246 char records.
- An optional Extended record linked to the basic record may also be defined. Size of this Extended record is not a factor in determining maximum number of records.
- NOW . . . also includes DDH DIRECTORY FILE BUILDER . . . a listing of a short program to read directory information from your disks and produce a combined file index.
$\mathbf{\$ 5 4 . 9 5}$ in BASIC with Machine Language subroutines.


## That's INTEREST-ing

Let your computer do some REAL computation!

- Helps you solve problems dealing with time, money, and INTEREST!
- Amortization tables any way YOU want them .. . even lets you change any terms mid-schedule!
- Calculates Present Value, Future Value, Capital Recovery for any combination of payments you specify.
- Rate of Return computation predicts how hard your money will be working for you!
- Computes Bond yields . . . current and to redemption.
- All answers available on screen or printer.
$\mathbf{\$ 2 9 . 9 5}$ in BASIC


## DATE-O-BASE CALENDAR

Puts YOU in charge of your schedule!

- Graphically displays any monthly calendar between 1700 and 2099. You put in up to twelve 28 character memos per day ... calendar shows where the memos are ... call up of day shows details.
- Use for appointments or a log of past activity.
- Search capability allows you to list or print all memos between two specified dates or only ones meeting key-word criteria.
- Date computation shows elapsed time between two dates in days, weeks, months and years.
- Requires 32 K in BASIC

TAPE DATE-O-BASE CALENDAR- $\$ 16.95$ (max. 400 memos/tape file)
DISK DATE-O-BASE CALENDAR-\$19.08 (over 4000 memos/disk . . . max. 300 memos/month)


RAINBOW CERTHICATION SEAL ALL LISTED PROGRAMS

ALL PROGRAMS require Extended Color Basic and are delivered on cassette. All, except Tape Date-O-Base Calendar, are DISK System compatible.
U.S. and CANADA add $\$ 1.00$ per order for shipping. Overseas $\$ 2.50$ per order. All prices in U.S. dollars. Florida residents add 5\% sales tax. Return within two weeks if not completely satisfied.

## DISK DOUBLE ENTRY

If you have spent hours trying to balance your Debits and Credits, this program is for youl

- Designed for small business, club and personal use.
- Enter transactions in a journal type format. Program will maintain current account balances, produce Trial Balance, Income, and Balance Sheet reports and complete Account Ledgers.
- Will handle up to 300 accounts including report headings and totals.
E Up to 1400 average transactions on a diskette.
- Summary reports and four levels of subtotals available.
- Requires 32 K and an understanding of standard double entry accounting concepts.
$\$ 44.95$ in BASIC with Machine Language subroutines.


## STATEMENT WRITER

For use with (and requires) Disk Double Entry

- Produces statements suitable for billing from your Receivables accounts.
- Provides mailing labels to use with your statements and account summaries.
- Designed and documented to allow you to change formats to accommodate your own special needs.
$\$ 34.95$


## COMMAND STREAM PROCESSOR

Powerful, versatile utility adds a new dimension to your Color
Computer.

- A program to run your other programs!
- Willallow you to prepackage a stream of direct system commands as well as INPUT and LINE INPUT to your BASIC program. This results in a totally automated stream of activity.
- If you understand your computer and the flow of activity required for your total operation, you are ready for the power of COMMAND STREAM PROCESSOR!
\$19.95 Completely relocatable . . . Machine Language


## GRAPHIC SCREEN PRINT PROGRAM

Works in all PMODES and lets you shift screen image anywhere on the printed page.

- Relocatable code lets you use all of your 16 K or 32 K machine.
- Available for Color Basic 1.0 and 1.1/1.2. Use EXEC 41175 to see which you have and SPECIFY WITH ORDER.
- SPECIFY PRINTER TYPE . . . in Machine Language
\$7.95 - TRS-80 ${ }^{*}$ LP-VII/VIII \& DMP 100/200/400/420
\$9.95 - Epson GRAFTRAX ${ }^{\oplus}$, NEC ${ }^{\circledR}$ PC8023 A-C, IDS 440/445, Paper Tiger ${ }^{\oplus} 460 / 560$, Micro Prism ${ }^{\oplus} 480$, Prism ${ }^{\oplus} 80 / 132$ (with dot plotting), TRS-80 ${ }^{\oplus}$ DMP-120, TDP-1, PROWRITER ${ }^{\oplus}$ Centronics 739, Microline ${ }^{\circ}$ 82A/83A (with Okigraph 1) /84/92/93, Star Micronics, Inc. GEMINI 10/10X/15 and Gorilla Banana.
(Trademarks of Tandy Corp., Epson America, Inc., C-Itoh, NEC America, Okidata Corp., Integral Data Systems, Inc.)


## ALPHA-DRAW

Works great with GRAPHIC SCREEN PRINT PROGRAMI

- Subroutine designed to let you add any keyboard character to your graphic displays.
- You define $X$ and $Y$ coordinates and a string variable of one or more characters ... ALPHA-DRAW does the rest!
- BONUS-includesinstructions for a true line-numbered merge of tape files.
$\$ 8.95$ in BASIC

For VISA and Master Card orders: Include type, account number, expiration date, signature and phone number. Sorry! No COD's.

## Chopper Strike A Bit Too Rough

Only minutes into my first session with this game, I knew that I was going to have trouble with the review and I've had trouble with it ever since. I've come to see how inherently impossible it is to write an objective review on a program that is strictly entertainment. The facts are few and not very informative; the rest has got to be very subjective opinion. And, as we can all attest, different opinions in this world will often range light-years apart. So with this very important fact tucked away, we can now see what MichTron's arcadegraphics game, Chopper Strike, has to offer.

Chopper Strike is a helicopter attack-style game (obviously enough) that requires one joystick and either 16 K or 32 K of RAM. Both versions of the program are available on disk and cassette and are - as usual - copy protected. MichTron claims there are 105 different screens in the 32 K version. Frankly, I lost count.

Chopper Strike is what I think of as an "endless loop" game: one where the action is continuous, the screen changes are subtle, and there is never a pause in sight. As you fly through enemy territory, your targets are oil tanks, gun turrets and ICBM launchpads. The oil tanks make nice easy targets, but the guns and the ICBMs shoot back. Among the enemy emplacements your own men can be seen, waving their arms to be picked up. When you rescue 20 of them by coming in contact with them, you gain 10,000 bonus points and another ship. But if you accidentally shoot one of them, you destroy yourself as well.

After you reach the 5,000 and 10,000 point marks in the game, horizontally flying missiles begin trying to blast you out of the sky. These cannot be destroyed, only avoided. And by this time you will have entered the underground fortress screens where your men can be seen between the same enemy emplacements, but now in underground caverns with wall clearance only pixels beyond your chopper blades. There can be no doubt about this game being challenging.

In order to form a better opinion about this game, I pulled three of the other popular chopper games from the archives and gave them a whirl. I have to say that I found Chopper Strike vastly superior to two of them and at least modestly superior to the other. That, by no means, means that it's perfect though. It could well be only a reflection on the others.

An aggravating thing that I found while playing Chopper Strike is the manner in which the screen scrolls. As it scrolls from right to left, it jerks across the screen, and I can see no reason for it. It affects not only the terrain, but control of the chopper as well. If it was done for effect, then someone must have been very misguided into believing that the terrain jerks by when you're in a helicopter. In truth, the choppy motion and the continuous choppy sound tend to turn 30
minutes of Chopper Strike into a three Excedrin headache.
Another forgettable feature of Chopper Strike is the two monitor fields in the upper-right corner of the screen. One is a three-position indicator that shows which direction your gun is currently pointed and the other is a field that flashes a representation of whatever it is that happens to blast you out of the sky. Both border on being totally useless. You know what direction your gun is pointed because your ship will be traveling in that direction and you would have to fall asleep at the stick not to notice what hit you. Gadgets and gauges don't hold the interest very long if they don't accomplish anything useful.

And, conveniently speaking of interest, that brings me to my last observation about Chopper Strike - I simply didn't find it very interesting. Nor did the others that I spoke to who had tried it. But the truth is, I found the other three chopper games that I tried to be uninteresting as well.

Luckily, this loop is not endless and the end is in sight. What l've tried to convey is that the appeal of entertainment such as a computer game is purely personal. I know Chopper Strike is a game that will be enjoyed by thousands of people even though I didn't. If you're a die-hard fan of chopper attack games, then you've got a winner for your collection here. If you're not, I suggest that you take a hard look at this one before you lay your money down.
(MichTron, 6655 Highland Road, Pontiac, MI 48054, $16 \mathrm{~K} / 32 \mathrm{~K}$ cassette $\$ 27.95$, disk $\$ 29.95$, plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ )

- Kevin Nickols


No more fighting over who gets to play next! Double Buster lets two play this classic game at the same time. Players compete against each other and against the clock. Single player action is also available. Four levels of play allows beginners to have fun at slow speed and the more advanced players at high speed! Score is based on the amount of "bustin" out" you can accomplish within the allocated time. Scores lept for singles and doubles game in all levels.


Requires joysticles and can be played on 16K Extended tape or disk systems! Please indicate tape or disk when you order. Send check or money order to: Derringer Software, Inc. P. O. Box 5300, Florence, S.C. 29502-2300. Visa or Master Card customers can call (803) 665-5676 9:00 am to 5:00pm Mon-Fri. Please include $\$ 2.00$ for shipping and handling - No COD's.
$\star$ See the ad for AT WITS END also *

# Fractions And Percents Two Low-Cost Teacher Aids 

Fractions and Percents are two small BASIC programs from Shamrock Software that generate worksheets for elementary school students.

Fractions provides problems in addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions. You can generate as many worksheets as you want with up to 60 problems per page. The problems are numbered, and answers are provided along the right side of the paper. The teacher would have to cut the answers off the worksheets before they are given to the students, and then either let them use the answers to check their work or use them as an answer key for grading. Since the program is written in BASIC, the output could easily be modified to suit your needs. This option, however, is not provided with the program, and the teacher who doesn't know BASIC would be at a loss trying to adapt the program.

The second program, Percents, is very similar to Fractions.

Both programs are very simple and remind me of the public domain programs that are available for the Commodore computers. These programs have not been available in large enough quantities for the Color Computer, however. On the other hand, the author of these programs thinks he deserves some remuneration for his work and is trying to make an honest buck, and you can't blame him for that. And at $\$ 9.95$ each, you could almost think of them as free. For a teacher with a need of worksheets for the students, these programs could be of some help.
(Shamrock Software, 4382 Norton Road, Radnor, $\mathbf{O H}$ 43066, $\$ 9.95$ each $)$

- Dr. Carlos Calle


## RS-232 Switcher A Big Help

A lot of CoCo owners have more than one RS-232 driven device (such as a printer or a modem), and it gets tiring to have to keep pulling the plugs every time you want to go from one to the other. It's certainly easy enough to make a switch to select between two or more devices (all you need is a three-pole switch with the appropriate number of positions), but the Metric Industries Model 102 switch box includes a number of "bells and whistles" that make it a very nice unit.
The Model 102's main feature is the set of indicator lights for each position (the 102 handles up to three peripherals). These lights are red, yellow and green, and light up anytime the corresponding RS-232 jack is selected with the computer switched on (so they serve as pilot lights as well). The three jacks are labeled with red, yellow and green dots, and a set of stickers in the three colors is provided to label your equipment.
Aside from that, the 102 is no better or worse than an ordinary RS-232 switch. It is well constructed in an aluminum case with an attractive blue finish. The cable going to the computer is only about a foot long, so the switch will have to sit very close to the CoCo (this may be a benefit if you have a lot of cables - and who doesn't?).
If you don't mind paying a little extra for special features and durability, the Metric Industries Model 102 may be your best choice.
(Metric Industries, Dept. R, Box 42396, Cincinnati, $\mathbf{O H}$ 45242, $\$ 35.95$ plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ )

- Ed Ellers
"ROOTS" genealogy progran keeps family tree data, for 7-8 GENERATIONS (HEM DEP), PEOPLE, ANIMALS. ASSEMELES ORGANIZES, PHOTOREADY PRINTS. 32 K EXT TAP/DSK $\$ 20.00$ "INUENTORY ONE" (ALAN ROUSE) EFFICIENT FOR BUSINESS, HOHE, CLUB, 32 K TAPE $=148$ RECDRDS, DSK FAR MDRE, CAN PRINT STATUS, REORDER REPORTS.I6K EXT TAP/DSK $\$ 30.00$ "KHIK GRAF" g0-COLUMN PRINTER HITH TRS-80 MODE BLOCK GRAPHICS PRINTS PHOTOREADY BARGRAPHS. NO SCREENPRINT PROGRAM REQUIRED. EXCEPTIONAL! IGK EXT TAPE $\$ 20.00$ "ADDRESS ONE" ADDRESS FILE OATABASE. SEARCH, PRINT, VIEM 1-UP LAEELS. OTHER DATA. IGK EXT TAP/DSK 120.00 "FILE ONE" SHOULD EE IST PROGRAM IN YOUR LIERARY. IS DATABASE FOR FILES, RECORDS, INUENTORY, MEDICAL DATA, ADDRESSES, COLLECTIONS, OTHER. IGK EKT DISK $\$ 20,00$
"gpeed hath" (T. gray) learning game for parents and CHILDREN, TEACHERS. MAKES MATH FUH FOR ALL AGES, GAME SCORING AND SKILL LEVELS. PROVEN. IGK EXT TAPE 8.00
"CAVE OF ALLAH" YOUR RESPONSE TO MARKET TEST NOH LETS US REDUCE PRICE. HIGH RESOLUTION GRAPHICS ADUENTURE. ONLY HINDPOHER CAN HELP YOU FIND THE TREASURE, ESCAPE THE VALLEY OF MYSTERY.MINDPOHER! 32K EXT TP/DK $\$ 15.00$

WEST BAY COMPANY


ROUTE I, BOX 666
WHITE STONE, VIRGINIA 22578

POSTPAID. YA ADD 4\% TAX. SEND SASE FGR PRGGRAMS LIST

# The Disk To Tape Transfer Track By Track 

By Wayne H．Duncan

Most of my diskettes were backed up with other diskettes so nothing major would be lost．Some－ where along the way came the idea，why waste 50 percent of my diskettes？Why not use tapes as backup？

After a little programming time，now my important diskettes are on tape．To speed up the fairly slow process， machine code is used to transfer the data to and from buffer． Dump／Restore may be modified to load all or part of the tape．By loading just track 17 ，the directory may be restored． Be careful not to start a restore to a good diskette since the program assumes it to be initialized and blank．

Dump／Restore dumps a diskette to cassette one track at a time．The command DSKI\＄is executed against track 17 cylinder two to read the directory．Only those tracks which have a used granule are read by the $D S K I \$$ and copied to a
buffer area．A VARPTR is used to locate the two variables of the $D S K I \$$ and machine code then copies the data serially into the buffer．After one track is in the buffer a CSAVEM is made to move the data to cassette．Almost the reverse is done to move the data to diskette．Lines 300 to 370 do the EXEC to move the data and Lines 500 to 560 are the machine code to move the data from or to buffer．The restore may be started at any program on the tape to restore one or more tracks since the programs on tape are named for the corresponding track．

> (Wayne Duncan has been in the computer field for 18 years, doing everything from repair to programming, and is now a field manager for a major computer company.)


The listing：
22 GOsub3 $9 \varnothing$
25 PRINTEG5，X：PRINTG76，Y
$3 \varnothing$ NEXTX：POKE晏HFF40， $0:$ CSAVEM STR申（Y），10240，M，M：IF $Z<68$ THENNEXTZ 40 CSAVEM＂END＂，16240，10250，19240 ：PRINT＂DUMP COMPLETE＂：STOP

## 206 ＊RESTORE

205 CLS：PRINT＂STARTING RESTORE＂
210 PRINT＂MAKE RESTIRE TAPE READ Y AND FORMATTED DISK READY＂： INPUTZ1\＄
215 FORY＝ 1034 ：$N$ 事＝＂＂
220 CLOADM：POKE9242，40：POKE9243，
 EEK（475＋L））：NEXTL：Y＝VAL（N\＄）
225 IF LEFT $\$(N \$, 2)=" N D "$ THEN CLS
：PRINT＂RESTORE COMPLETE＂：STOP

：PRINTE32；＂SECTOR＂：PRINTE43：＂TRA
CK＂
240 FDRX＝1T018

255 PRINTE65， $\mathrm{X}:$ PRINTE76，$Y$
260 NEXT X：POKE\＆HFF40， $6:$ NEXTY：ST
OP
306 ＂MOVE－VARIABLE TO STORAGE OR STORAGE TO VARIABLE
305 IF PEEK（9244）＜$>190$ THEN GOSU
B50．310 A＝VARPTR（A⿻）：POKE9240，PEEK（A＋2）：POKE9241，PEEK（A＋3）
320 IF Z事="D" THEN EXEC9244 ELSE
IF Z丰="R" THEN EXEC9344
340 A=VARPTR (B\$): PDKE9240, PEEK (A
+2): PGKE9241, PEEK (A+3)
350 IF Z事="D" THEN EXEC9244 ELSE
IF Z事="R" THEN EXEC9344
$366 M=M+256$
376 RETURN
506 FORR=øTO22: READD: POKE (R+9244
), D
510 NEXTR
520 FORR=9TO22:READD:POKE (R+9344
), D
530 NEXTR
549 RETURN
550 DATA $190,36,24,16,190,36,26$,
$198,6,166,126,167,160,92,193,128$
$, 38,247,16,191,36,26,57$
560 DATA $190,36,24,16,190,36,26$,
$198,0,166,160,167,128,92,193,128$
$, 38,247,16,191,36,26,57$

## OS－9 ${ }^{\text {m }}$ SOFTWARE FOR COCO

SDISK－Standard disk driver module allows the use of 35,40 ，or 80 track single and double sided drives with CoCo OS－9 plus you gain the ability to read／write／format the standard OS－9 single and double density disk formats used on other OS－9 systems．\＄29．95
BOOTFIX－To make bootable double－sided disks $\$ 9.95$
SDISK＋BOOTFIX — when ordered together $\$ 35.95$ FILTER KIT \＃1－Eleven utilities used as filters（with pipes）to give you＂wild card＂directory lists，copies， deletes，moves，lists，pagination，etc．\＄29．95
HACKER＇S KIT \＃1－Disassembler and memory dump／fill utilities allow you to disassemble OS－9 assembly code from disk or memory． $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 9 5}$
Send SASE for current catalog．
Terms：Prepaid check，MO，Visa，Mastercard or COD．
Add $\$ 1$ S\＆H，（COD $\$ 3$ extra）．
D．P．Johnson， 7655 S．W．Cedarcrest St．
Portland，OR 97223 （503）244－8152
（We appreciate your calling between 9－11 AM Pacific Time．）
OS－9 is a trademark of Microware and Motorola Inc．

## Submitting Material To THE RAINBOW

Contributions to THE RAINBOW are welcome from every－ one．We like to run a variety of programs which will be useful／helpful／fun for other CoCo owners．

Program submissions must be on tape or disk and it is best to make several saves，at least one of them in ASCII format． We＇re sorry，but we do not have time to key in programs．All programs should be supported by some editorial commen－ tary，explaining how the program works．We＇re much more interested in how your submission works and runs than how you developed it．Programs should be learning experiences．

We do pay for submissions，based on a number of criteria． Those wishing remuneration should so state when making submissions．

For the benefit of those who wish more detailed informa－ tion on making submissions，please send a SASE to：Sub－ missions Editor，the rainbow，P．O．Box 209，Prospect， KY 40059．We will send you some more comprehensive guidelines．

Please do not submit programs or articles currently sub－ mitted to another publication．

## Software Review $\boldsymbol{\sim}$

# Witches' Knight Will Cast A Spell On You 

1, Sir Gallant Gallant, have once again returned from another great Adventure. With nothing but my wits to aid me (well, almost nothing), 1 have traveled through many damp and dreary forests and have bested (almost) every foe in sight.

After returning from battle, I found my homeland to be enchanted by an evil sorceress. Being terribly alarmed, 1 began my struggle to try to rid the land of the evil witch while returning my brother, Sir Noble (our family names tend to be on the modest side) to his rightful throne (he has been turned into a frog).

1 have been playing an Adventure called Witches' Knight, by PAL Creations. The game, you may have guessed, is a text Adventure game set in the medieval age.

The game requires practically every byte of the 32 K machine, so you are going to have to unplug that disk drive. The game was supplied to me on cassette and I experienced some difficulty in loading the tape. Fortunately, it is recorded on both sides, so after a short struggle, I was off to Adventureland.

After the program is loaded you are greeted with a song and a short poem. Shortly, you are greeted with a list of verbs - a nice feature because you don't have to guess what strange sort of dialect some Adventure authors seem to have concerning verbs. After a quick look at the verbs, the actual Adventure begins.
When starting out, you begin in a forest that is somewhat confusing, but seems to be a fairly standard practice in Adventures: the directions seem to be constantly scrambled, so you never are really sure which way anything is. In other words, you may be standing by a rock. Suppose you decide to go west. You are now standing by a tree. Sounds easy enough. (That's what you think.) Feeling adventurous, you decide to go west again. Suddenly you are standing by that same rock. If this confuses you, you ought to try navigating through it when all directions carry equal consistency. Actually, this is supposedly a spell the witch has cast on the area to make you lose your sense of direction; and is to give the player a sense that the program is different every time; but it really seems to be more of a nuisance than anything else.


The Adventure does, however, offer lots of variety, and everything that is required will come fairly logically. (For example, if you find a door, you would not think of submerging it in the tuna salad, you should open it.) The Adventure allows the brave (?) Adventurer to bargain with creatures, to fly across the sky magically, to become a fish to help discover the pond, and to climb a beanstalk. As you can tell, the game is never dull.
The next item brings me to the one thing I am a real stickler for - documentation. Although the game does include some documentation, I do not really consider it ample enough, especially for a beginning Adventurer. The only documentation takes the form of one side of a $91 / 2 \mathrm{x}$ 11 -inch sheet with loading directions and a few brief notes on how to play.
Sir Gallant can wholeheartedly recommend this program to any semi-experienced Adventurer who likes a good challenge. Fortunately, this is not a "solve-it-in-one-dayAdventure," and will take a great deal of time before it is completely solved. If the documentation were improved, and the seemingly random movement was changed, I would rank this one of the best Adventures available for the Color Computer. (Sir Gallant also notes that for the price it is a great deal).

Happy Adventuring and good luck! (You'll need it.)
(PAL Creations, 10456 Amantha Avenue, San Diego, CA 92126, \$14.95)

\author{

- Eric W. Oberle
}


## About Your Subscription

Your copy of THE RAINBOW is sent second class mail and, for subscribers in the United States, the date of mailing is printed on the label. If you do not receive your copy by the 25 th of any month, send us a card and we will mail another immediately via first class mail.

You must notify us of a new address when you move. Notification should reach us no later than the 15th of the month prior to the month in which you change your address. Sorry, we cannot be responsible for sending another copy when you fail to notify us.

Your mailing label also shows an "account number" and the subscription expiration date. Please indicate this account number when renewing or corresponding with us. It will help us help you better and faster.

For Canadian and other non-U.S. subscribers, there may be a mailing address shown that is different from our editorial office address. Do not send any correspondence to that mailing address. Send it to our editorial offices at P.O. Box 209, Prospect, KY 40059. This applies to everyone except those whose subscriptions are through our distributor in Australia.

## Setting The Scene

By George Firedrake and Art Canfil

## Hi, We're Back

Yes, following the May 1984 issue, "GameMaster's Apprentice" took a vacation. Back in May we said Art Canfil would join us and so he has. From now on, your "GMA" authors will be George Firedrake (You probably know that he is an alter ego of Bob Albrecht - the dragon who lives within) and Art Canfil. Well, as you might suspect, a new person means new directions. Here are some things we might do. What we actually do depends somewhat on feedback from you, our readers.

- Art Canfil, Karl Albrecht, and Jim McClenahan have recently completed book and software called TAIPAN: A Game in Context, to be published by Hayden Book Company. Karl is 15 , Jim is 16 , and Art is somewhat older. We will share with you our ideas on contextual game design, beginning this time.
- In 15 years of writing how-to-do-it computer books, George Firedrake never got around to writing about disk files. In fact, George and Bob never really learned how to use disk files. So, we'll start a slow tutorial on disk files soon.
- We suspect many of you have never played a fantasy role playing game such as Dungeons \& Dragons or RuneQuest. So we'll start including some beginner's stuff on how to play. We'll use excerpts from Adventurer's Handbook: A

[^36]Guide to Role Playing Games, mentioned elsewhere in this article.

- Surely, but slowly, we'll build software tools to help GameMasters and players play a role playing game. This will be software to help manage "worlds of IF": software to store, retrieve, manage, and use information; software to help you design, and even optimize characters to play in games.
- Is anyone interested in a series of tutorials on how to write computer Adventure games? We'll consider doing this
> "We will be especially interested in designing games that parents and quite young children can play together as an enjoyable family learning experience."

[^37]
## TAIPAN: A Game in Context

What is a contextual game? Home computers make possible a type of electronic game less based on exercising the reflexive speed of a person's brain stem than on your exercising the wonderful gray matter with which humans think. Some of the best of such games are those in which a complex environment is simulated by the program, and the player interacts in a "lifelike" manner with the game environment. We call these contextual computer games, or games in context. In TAIPAN: A Game in Context we want to give the CoCo user three things:

1) an understanding of some fundamental principles of game design;
2) a historical background of a particular game context, the turbulent China trade of the 1800 's;
3) a step-by-step approach to actually writing a game in CoCo Extended BASIC.
We hope to make an enjoyable game that will provide many hours of challenging entertainment. We also hope to spark an interest in the historical background, the context in which the game is set.

Next time, we will set the scene: Hong Kong in the mid1800's. In the meantime, we suggest you read Tai-pan by James Clavell and Dynasty by Robert S. Elegant. May you live in interesting times.

## FANTASY ROLE PLAYING GAMES

Millions of young people, and many not-so-young, play fantasy role playing games. A role playing game is a game in which one or more players create and control characters (adventurers) who live their imaginary tives in a specially made game world. The game world is created, managed, and operated by a Game Master (GM), also called a referee, or dungeon master ( $D M$ ).
Most people who play role playing games use a formal rule system. Some of the best known are listed below.
Champions. From Hero Games, 92A 21st Avenue, San Mateo, CA 94402.
Dungeons \& Dragons. From TSR P.O. Box 756, Lake Geneva, WI 53147.
RuneQuest (RQ). From Chaosium, P.O. Box 6302, Albany, CA 94706.

Tunnels \& Trolls (T\&T). From Blade, Box 1467, Scolisdale, AZ 85252.

Beginners beware! The rule books are formidable. If you are a beginner, we suggest you statt with the following books, both from Reston Publishing Company, $1 / 480$ Sunset Hills Road, Resion, VA 22090.

Adventurer's Handbook: A Guide to Role Playing Games by Bob: Albrecht \& Greg Stafford.

Through Dungeons Deep by Robert Plamondon.
Copyright © 1984 by DragonQuest, P.O. Box 310 , Menlo Park, CA 94026.


## \$60 Software Bonus With Memory Upgrade

That's right-Skyline's famous 64K Upgrade is an even better deal than before! 8 guaranteed 200 n.s. 64 K memory chips, solderless installation instructions (one solder connection required on Color Computer 2), Skyline's 64K BOOT and PAGER programs, PLUS the Wizard 64 adventure game, PLUS a handy new utility, SETUP 64 (allows you to configure your tape or disk system in a myriad of ways!) Still only $\$ 59.95$. Order now-this offer may be withdrawn at any time!

## Skyline Software

| Super Stats | . 29.95 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Page Plus (improved doc) tape | \$27.95 |
| Page Plus disk | \$29.95 |
| Structured Macros | .\$19.95 |
| C.C. Three | . $\$ 49.95$ |
| SETUP 64 | . $\$ 19.95$ |
| MDISK (source code includ | . 27.95 |
| MDISK disk | \$29 |

Money orders, Visa and Master Card and UPS C.O.D. orders gladly accepted, $\$ 2.00$ additional.

## Skyline Software

| ROMBACK | \$16 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mystic Mansion (disk) | \$29.95 |
| QUICKSORT (cassette) | \$12.95 |
| 64 K BOOTIPager | \$19.95 |
| Wizard's Tomb | \$12.95 |
| Wizard 64 tape | \$21.95 |
| Wizard 64 disk | \$23.95 |
| Simplex | 95 |

MODEM ORDER LINE: 312•286-9015
Dealer inquiries invited

Call for the latest prices on:

- monitors by AMDEK \& NEC
- printers by STAR, NEC, OKIDATA

TELEVIDEO, JUKI \& TRANSTAR

- modems by HAYES \& NEC
- disk drives by AMDEK and more. .

Skyline Marketing Corp. 4510 W. Irving Park Rd. Chicago, IL 60641 312 •286-0762

# Leatr 

Now be able to create a test for any purpose. You choose the subject area and control the format. The many options of this program make studying interesting rather than tedious. You may have a question presented and you must type in the answer. You may have the answer flash on the screen, and you must type in the question. You may have a mixture of the above two formats. You may choose the flashcard feature that allows you to study before taking the test. You may add or change questions and answers. You may use short answer, fill-in, true/false, or multiple choice test. You may change the time limit for questions. Many more features, too. The printing command allows you to obtain hard copy of the entire test, or questions only, with space allowed for manual fill-in of the answer. This feature permits teachers to create exams or homework assignments. All tesis may be saved and reloaded for future use. A program that does it all! Available in 32 K E.B. $\$ 27.95$ disk or $\$ 24.95$ cassette.


NEW

The Factory: fron sumwerst Strategies in Problem Solving
Grades 4-adult. Winner 1983 Learning Software Award. Recommended in Classroom Computer Learning, Courseware Report Card and Electronic Learning Unique three-level program challenges students to create geometric "products" on a simulated machine assembly line which the student designs. In the first part of the program, students learn how the avallable machines work. In the second part, they design their own assembly lines. In the third part, the computer challenges students to design an assembly line that will produce the product displayed on the screen. Three levels of difficulty develop inductive thinking, integrate skills such as visual discrimination and spatial perception, and promote an understanding of sequence, logic and efficiancy. Diskatte for 32K TRS-80 Color Computer with Extended Color BASIC. $\$ 39.95$

## MATH TUTOR SERIES DIAGNOSTIC DISKS By Ed Guy

NEW

These disks contain program series to give students practice in various mathematical operations and to give the teacher feedback on their progress. The feedback will give a "number right" report and also a diagnostic listing of where the student made an error, and how many times he used the "HELP" command featured in each program. Each student may do up to 10 examples, with at least 30 class sesesions per disk. A password system prevents students from seeing the reports of others in the class. Results may be printed out on screen or line printer. The Arithmetic Diagnostic Disk provides practice in division, multiplication, factor operations and algebraic evaluation (primarily intended to teach the hierarchy of operations). The Fractions Diagnostic Disk provides practice in addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions. All problems lead students step by step through examples and contain many "HELP" commands; ARITHMETIC DIAGNOSTIC DISK - 32K E. $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{i}},-\$ 49.95$. FRACTIONS DIAGNOSTIC DISK -32 K E.B. $-\$ 49.95$ DISK ONLY.

## NEW

## The Pond: from simsurst <br> Strategies in Problem Solving

Grades 2-adult. Winner 1983 Learning Software Award. Recommended in Classroom Computer Learing. A small green frog, lost in a pond of lily pads, helps students recognize and articulate patterns, generalize from raw data and think logically. In the practice option, students choose from six levels ofditficulty, in which lily pads are displayed in increasingly complex patterns. The student must determine a pattern that will get the frog across the pond. In the game, students collect points by directing their frogs through as many ponds as possible in the fewest number of moves. Diskette for 32K TRS-80 Color Computer with Extended Color BASIC. $\$ 39.95$

## The be BY STEHE BLTM

DOLLARSESEMSE I6KECB $\$ 14.95$ Player buys familiar items using dollas and cains to pratice using mones correity. Hovoco's MEMU 16K ECE $\$ 14.95$ Leàrn to buy and add up your pur. chases from a typical fast-food restaurant menu.

## MOMEY-PAK 32K ECB

$\$ 22.95$ a combined and menu driven version of the above programs. Includes play money. Reviewed - Rainhow 7/83

CROCODILE MATH 1GK ECE
E.B.
$\$ 17.95$
An animated math game using hires graphics. A fish containing a problem moves toward a crocodile containing a possible answer. If the answer is true, open the crocodile's mouth with the joystick to eat the fish. If false, keep his mouth closed. Addition, subtraction, and multiplication examples on 3 levels, 3 speeds. Tape only. By Art Provost
COLORGRADE 32KEOB \$20.05 A great aid to teachers. Records and calculates grades for up to 6 classes of up to 40 students each. Uses number or letter grades, named or numerical periods and gives a wighted average. Easy to use. Full directions, DISK OHLY. By David Lengel.

BEYOMD WORDS S2X ECB $\$ 10.95$ Exah These Language Ats programs cover common misspellings, and synonyms/. antonyms on each level. Additionally, Level 1 tests contractions and abbreviations, Level 2 tosts homonyms, and Level 3 tests analogies. Each program has 3 parts and contains over 400 questions and uses over 800 words. All tests are grade appropriate. User modifiable (directions included). Printer option.

Level 1 Grades 3 -5
Level 2 Grades 6-8
Level 3 Grades $9-12$
DISK VERSION
Each $\$ 23.95$

THE MATH TUTOR SERIES 16K Ext. These tutorials take the child through each step of the example. All programs include HELP lables, cursor and graphic aids. All allow user to create the example, or let the computer choose. Multi-level. Great teaching proglams. By Ed Guy.
LONG DIVISION TUTOR $\$ 14.95$
MULTIPLICATION TUTOR $\$ 14.95$
FACTORS TUTOR $\$ 19.95$
FRACTIONS TUTOR (Addition) $\$ \mathbf{\$ 1 9 . 9 5}$
FRACTIONS TUTOR (Subtraction) $\$ 19.95$
FRACTIONS TUTOR (Multiplication) $\$ 19.95$
Any 2 FRACTIONS programs $\$ 29.95$
EQUATIONS TUTOR32K EB $\$ 19.95$

ARROW GAMES by Penny Eiyou 32K EE, topa $\$ 21.95$ dilsk 824.98 SIX menu driven games for young chlldren (ages 3-8) to teach directlons. All games involve using tho arrow keys. Gemes include LADYBUG, BUTTERFLY, ARROW MATCH, KALEIDOSCOPE, RABBIT, and DOODLE. Colortul graphics.

## FIRST GAMES by Ponny Bryan

 32K EB. tape $\$ 24.95$ disk $\$ 27.95$ First Games contains 6 menudriven programs to delight and teach your early learners (ages 3-6). These games enrich the learning of colors, numbers, lowercase letters, shapes, memory, visual discrimination and counting.MATH INVADERS by David Staele 16K EB.
$\$ 17.95$
A multi-level 'Space Invaders' type game to reinforce the 4 basic math operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication and division). Problems become more difficult as you progress. Hi-res. graphics, joystick required.

TAPE ONLY
MORE LEARNIMGWARE
(AL PROGRAMS IN 16-K EXTENDED EXCEPT WHERE NOTED)
OOHTEXT CLUES - by Steve Blyn - Multiple choice reading
programs. Specify grade 4,5,6 or 7 .
each $\$ 17.95$

## VOCABULARY BUILDERS - 32 K - Great for test preparations.

200 questions, multiple choice, modifiable, printer option.
I (grades $3-5$ ), il ( $6-8$ ) or III ( $9-12$ )
REABIHC AIDS 4-PAK - Child creates own reading material. \$19.95
CRAPH-IT - by D.Steele - Graph sels of algebraic equations. $\quad \$ 14.95$
HISTORV GAME-32K-by I. Keeling. "Jeopardy" type US facts game $\$ 14.95$
KHOW YOUR STATES-32K-by J.Keeling-Name all hires. states $\$ 19.95$
MUSIS DRILL - by D.Steele - Identify notes of many scales. $\$ 19.95$
CRAPH TUTOR - 32 K - by C. Phillips - Create, use line, bar, pie
pictographs. Hi-res
$\$ 19.95$
PRESAHOOL SERIES - By J. Kolar.
each $\$ 11.95$
Pre. 1-Counting, number recognition; Pre. 2 - Simple Addition;

Pre. 3 - Alphabet Recognition.

FREMGH OR SPAIISH BASEBALL - By S. Blyn each $\$ 11.95$ Vocabulany practice. 200 words. Modifiable. Specity language. Abso in 32 K ( 500 words)
HEBREW BULLETIM BOARD-by I.Kolar-utility to print words. $\$ 15.95$
HEBREW ALPHABET - Learn the letters of this alphabet. $\$ 11.95$
***A BYTE OF COLOR BASIC - Beginner's manual $\&$ exercises $\$ 4.95$

(ALL PROGRAMS IN 1G-K EXTENDED EXCEPT WHERE NOTED)
OIRCUS ADVENTURE-by Steve Blyn 16 K -Kids adventure game. $\$ 11.95$
SBHOOL MAZE - by Steve Blyn 16K - Kids graphic adventure. \$11.95
HAMSTER NUNT - by L\&D Weston 32 K - Beautiful graphics in this charming new kids adventure game.
$\$ 19.95$
MR. GOCOHEND - by Steve Blyn - Create over 10,000 funiny laces. Surprise commands. Very creative.
HAME THAT SONG I - 72 kid's songs to guess.
MANE THAT SONG II - 72 adult hits from the past 30 yess.
HORSERAEE - by REP Armstrong - Hi-res. race for all ages.
$\$ 16.95$
Hame Thai song If - 72 aduit hits frow the part 30, $\$ 14.95$
all parments in u.s. fumds, ouerseas draers please add 5.00 for shipping


VSA
(212) 948-2748

Dept. R 227 Hampton Green, Staten Island, N. Y. 10312
Send for catalog with complete descriptions.
SOF TWARE NOW AUAILABLE in AUSTRALIA FROM SDF TWARE SPECTRUM, GPO BOX 2101, ADELAJOE,SA SEOI FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE
Blank Cassettes with Labels 3 For $\$ 2.00$
Popular Brand Diskettes 3 For $\$ 10.00$
Disk Head Cleaner Kit each $\$ 25.00$
Looseleat Diskette File (hold 4)
2 For \$ 3.00

# A new beginner's assembly language tutorial column 

# Covering The Bases With Assembly Language 

By R. Bartly Betts with Programs by Chris Bone

You and I are going to try something different. "What is new about an assembly language tutorial?" you ask. Assembly language tutorial columns are not new. There have been lots of them and I have always had difficulty following the concepts they teach. Perhaps it is because the authors knew too darn much about their subject. They weren't writing on my level. Things they thought were too basic to need explaining just didn't exist in my repertoire. Although I have done a bit of research since then, I am very much in the beginner's stage and still have most of my beginner's questions.
"What is a beginner doing writing a column in a reputable magazine?" you exclaim! Well, when the RAINBOW asked me if I felt qualified to write a column on assembly language, I was just too excited to say no.
"A piece of cake," I told them, while trying to wash away a tell-tale green from around my assembly language ears. Anyway, I figured, if the problem with other assembly language tutorials was too much knowledge on the part of the author, I was super-qualified, in the reverse direction.

So, if you are an assembly language beginner, or want to be, then stay tuned; we speak the same language. For those who are further advanced, well, don't turn us off yet. I can
> (Bartly Betts is a former reporter and magazine editor now operating a retail store and custom leather shop in Brooks, Alberta, Canada. He has owned and operated a Color Computer for over three years and is presently taking an electronics and computer course by correspondence. Chris Bone is a college computer science major and has been programming for more than three years. He averages between six and nine hours a day on the CoCo.)
guarantee that, with the help of my friend, Chris Bone, who is an assembly language wiz, this column is going to have some pretty useful programs.

## What It Takes

If your first questions have to do with what it takes to begin assembly language programming and how much trouble it is to learn, then here are your first answers:

You will need time and the desire to learn. In some ways assembly language is easier to learn than BASIC and in some ways it is harder. I counted 72 commands in the EDTASM+ instruction manual but, because they are mnemonic (i.e., designed to represent actual English equivalents), they are easy to learn. There are also a few editor commands, assembler commands and switches, ZBUG commands, pseudo codes and error messages to learn. They are all easy to remember once you begin working with them. The hard part comes when you have to manipulate bits and bytes and accumulators and registers and stacks and pointers. However, in case you're feeling discouraged, take my assurance, you can do it - if I can, anyone can. I do want you to realize that there is pain with the gain and you will have to put in a long-term effort to become proficient.

You will need an editor assembler to write and edit the code. It would be difficult to provide instructions for more than one, so we will be using Radio Shack's EDTASM+. I have the ROM Pak version converted to run on disk.

It would be handy to have at least one good book on 6809 assembly language. I am using Lance A. Leventhal's 6809 Assembly Language Programming, published by Osborne/ McGraw-Hill. Pretty well any large computer store would carry it or could order the book for you. Radio Shack also has come out with a 6809 assembly language instruction book that I understand is quite good.

Having a calculator on hand can be quite useful for some of the conversions you will be wanting to do, but they can all be done by hand or on the computer. In fact EDTASM+++ has a ZBUG calculator built in that is very useful.
Of course, you must have at least a minimum of a 16 K Color basic Computer.

## Getting On Second

One thing that kept me confused about assembly language for a long time was the difference between it and machine language. The two terms are often used interchangeably. Assembly language, like bASIC, FORTRAN or PASCAL, is a language. It is not code that the computer can understand without interpretation. The product of an assembly language program is called source code. The computer must translate this code into machine language, the code which directs the computer on the paths that accomplish a particular job. Pure machine code is in binary. That is, in a numbering system of base two.
Despite what some authors have said, an understanding of binary and hexadecimal (base 16) numbering systems is essential to assembly language programming.

## Binary Is Easy

The secret to any numbering system is memorizing what each number column represents. You are most familiar with a base 10 system. That is, from left to right, the first column represents ones, the second column tens, the third hundreds, the forth thousands, the fifth ten thousands, etc. The number 12345, when put under the appropriate column looks like this:

| ten thousands | thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

The actual calculation would look like this: $(1 \times 10,000)+(2 \times$ $1000)+(3 \times 100)+(4 \times 10)+(5 \times 1)$.
Another way of looking at the value of the columns is to realize that the rightmost column is 10 to the power of zero. The next column is 10 to the power of one, the third 10 to the power of two, the forth is 10 to the power of three, etc.

When using binary numbers (remember that they are a base two) you can read them exactly the same way except the columns represent different values. The binary columns look like this:

$$
\begin{array}{llllllll}
128 & 64 & 32 & 16 & 8 & 4 & 2 & 1
\end{array}
$$

The rightmost column has a value of one, the next a value of two, the next a value of four, etc. An easy way to remember the values is to note that, from right to left, each column has double the value of the preceding column.

Now, with this in mind, let's look at the binary number of 11010011. Put under its columns it would look like this:


Thus you have $(1 \times 128)+(1 \times 64)++(0 \times 32)+(1 \times 16)+(0 \times$ $8)+(0 \times 4)+(1 \times 2)+(1 \times 1)$, or $128+64+0+16+0+0+2+1$ totaling 211 in the decimal numbering system we are most familiar with. As you can see, the rightmost column is two to the power of zero, the next column is two to the power of one, the next is two to the power of two, etc.

And this is the numeric language that almost all compu-
ters understand. These columns are like switches in the computer and each switch has only two positions, off or on. Each switch is called a bit and a gang of eight switches is called a byte. If you split a byte in half, the two four-bit sections become a nibble. A computer's memory is divided into memory units of bytes, each with a specific numeric location. Thus, in basic, when you poke a number into a memory location (each memory location consists of eight bits), the computer converts the decimal number into binary code and each of the eight bits is turned either off or on. Those eight bits, or each byte, represents either an instruction to the computer or is an actual number to be used by an instruction.
This is what assembly language is all about - putting instruction codes into memory along with the necessary numeric data that the instructions will act upon. For instance, the binary code 10001011 tells the 6809 microprocessor in your computer to add a number to accumulator A.

## A Hex On Hexadecimal

"Ah," you say. "Now I am ready to learn how to put those instructions into the computer."
"But, not quite yet," I say. "There is still hexadecimal to contend with."
"And what the blazes is hexadecimal?" you ask.
"To explain such mysteries is what I am here for," says I.
Hexadecimal is just another numbering system; this time, to the base of 16 . Put into its columns, it looks like this:

## $\begin{array}{llll}4096 & 256 & 16 & 1\end{array}$

As with the other numbering systems, each column is a power of $16 \ldots 16$ to the power of zero, 16 to the power of one, 16 to the power of two, etc. But, there is one other little problem. Whereas base 10 numbers are represented by the single-digit symbols zero through nine, hexadecimal needs single-digit symbols for the numbers zero through 15 . What can be used for numbers after nine? Whether for good or bad, the symbols for 10 through 15 have been chosen as A, B, C, D, E and F. Thus the count of zero through 15 in hexadecimal is $0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9, A, B, C, D, E, F$. In hexadecimal, the number 11 would be written ' $B$ '.
"If hexadecimal has to look that bad, why use it?" you might ask. Personally, 1 hated the whole concept until I actually started trying to do some assembly language programming. Then it comes in mighty handy, but I still don't like it. The conversion between Hex and decimal is time consuming and I just can't get a mental picture of a number represented in Hex. Like, what the heck does AB6C mean in real life?

But Hex and binary are bosom buddies and that is why you need Hex, even if you can't love it. Hex to binary and binary to Hex conversion is a snap, and seeing as binary to decimal and decimal to binary isn't too difficult, knowing all three makes transitions much easier.

The hard way of converting decimal to Hex is by division. Let's take the decimal number 121 and convert it to Hex: The highest Hex column that will divide into 121 is $16 \ldots 121$ divided by 16 equals 7 with a remainder of nine. The seven now goes into the 16 's column of the Hex number as illustrated and we are left with a remainder of 9 which is too small to be divided by anything larger than the one's column. Thus the nine will go into the one's column of the

Hex number and the resulting Hex number is 79; decimal $121=\mathrm{Hex} 79$.

$$
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
4096 & 256 & 16 & 1 \\
= & = \\
0 & 0 & 7 & 9
\end{array}
$$

That looked quite easy, too easy in fact, so lets try another one . . . how about 2755? The process looks like this: The decimal number 2755 is divided by 256 and the result is 10 in decimal or A in Hex. So A goes into the 256 column. There is a remainder of 195 which is divided by 16 and equals 12 in decimal or C in Hex with a remainder of three. The Hex C goes into the 16 's column and, as there is no more division possible, the three goes into the one's column. Thus 2755 in decimal equals AC3 in Hex.

$$
\begin{array}{cccccc}
4096 & 256 & 16 & 1 \\
========= & = \\
0 & \text { A } & \text { C } & 3
\end{array}
$$

By now you are probably screaming that your computer can do all this slick as a whistle using $H E X \$$. You are right, but often your computer is tied up doing other things and is not available.

## Third Base And Going Home

So, how do they all tie together? Well, you will be using all three when you do assembly language. For, instance, suppose you want to display some graphics at memory location 4112 decimal, (this is graphics memory in the first $P M O D E$ 4 page) and you want to turn on the first three pixels or dots in that memory location.

Can you guess why it is desirable to know binary and Hex? I'll bet you got it. Turning on the first three bits in a byte will require a binary number of 11100000 . In binary, one equals "on" and zero equals "off." But how do you get that binary number in graphics screen memory location 4112? Here is where Hex comes in handy.

First, break the binary number into two nibbles of 1110 and 0000 . Binary 1110 is converted to decimal 14 . Of course binary 0000 in decimal is zero. To convert the entire binary number to decimal takes a bit more work, but not so for Hex. In Hex the decimal 14 becomes ' $E$ ' and the decimal zero is still zero. Binary 11100000 is E0 in Hex. Now, turn on your computer and type in and RUN:

10 PMODE 4,1
20 SCREEN 1 , 1
30 PCLS
40 POKE 4112,\&HE0
50 GOTO 50
If you look closely at the screen you should see three little dots. Hit break and change the Hex number. How about a dot pattern like this (.. .. ..)? In binary that is 11011011 . Converted to two nibbles you have 1101 and 1011 . That is 13 and 11 in decimal, or DB in Hex. Put \&HDB in Line 40 instead of \& $H E O$.

Now you realize that this is the second way of converting decimal to Hex. First convert the decimal to binary and then convert the binary to Hex. For most of us it is a lot quicker than the division method.
Perhaps you would like to do something a little more
impressive. Listing 3 is a short BASIC program to create the letter ' $A$ ' on the graphic screen in the same manner described above, (Listing 1 must be in memory for it to work). Line 110 contains the data for the dot pattern of the letter ' $A$ '. This pattern is then poked into the graphic screen memory and there it is. If you would like to have an illustration of how the bytes are formatted to form the character, ENTER and RUN Listing 3.

## Where Does It Lead?

Now you are operating in all three numeric bases and, hopefully, you are doing so with ease. If I have been successful, I have transferred several months of searching on my part into just a few minutes reading on your part. I have also introduced a concept we will be using to provide a neat utility that when complete will allow you to run your BASIC programs on a 51-column screen with upper- and lowercase letters. That is the assembly language program that we will be leading up to in the next two or three columns. At the same time we plan to provide you with lots of sample programs and routines.
Next month we will be looking into the actual use of the editor/assembler program and the operation of the assembly code. You now have the background to get into the real meat of things. In the course of this column, I plan to explain all of the assembly language or "op codes," how and where they are used and how they operate. I will assume you have no previous knowledge and will keep things as simple as 1 can make them. This will mean that, if you are going ahead on your own, the column might seem a bit slow at times. For this reason I will also try to provide some information at a higher level.

## Decimal, Binary and Hex Hardcopy

To make life easier in your conversions, running Listings I and 2 will produce a decimal, binary and Hex conversion printout over a selected range from zero to 255 . The assembly language source code is well commented so those who are already into assembly language programming can follow its logic. Even if you are a beginner, study your EDTASM+ manual and learn how to enter and assemble it. Then $C L O A D M$ or $L O A D M$ the resultant machine language program. CLOAD or LOAD the BASIC program in Listing 2 and $R U N$ it. You will get a printout of the 256 numbers in all three bases.

## We Would Like To Hear From You

Both Chris and I would be very interested in your comments. If you have any reactions you would like to share with us please communicate by letter or phone. If you call, make it in the evenings between 7 and 10 p.m. (but not collect, please). Chris's number is (403) 362-5650 and my number is (403) 378-4550. You can write to me at P.O. Box 184, Rosemary, Alberta, Canada, T0J 2W0. We welcome comments, both good or bad and would be pleased to answer any questions we can. If they are assembly language questions call Chris. I will field the comments. Chris says to be kind though, he is a temperamental artist.

## Listing 1:


08820 * PRINT AK \& BIT RUMBER *
6433: CALLED WITH: A=USRO(X)
08540 * WHERE $X=$ VALUE TO BE


## The Companion

## Expansion Interface Units

Basic Technology offers you the most features and best quality for the money!
Compare these features:

- Power ON Indicator Light
- Cold Start Reset
- Gold Socket Connectors
- Socketed Integrated Circuits
- Manual Cartridge Selector
- Keyboard/Program Selection
- Cartridge ON Indicator
- Extension Cable
- Warranty

| BT | TRS-80 |
| :---: | :---: |
| COMPANION Multi-Pak |  |

- User's Manual w/schematics
parts layouts and parts lists YES NO

Also for the Color Computer:
BT-1010 Parallel Printer Interface ... \$ 79.95
BT-1020 Real Time Clock/Calendar. \$109.00 BT-1030 Versatile Interface Port..... \$ 69.95
Add $\$ 5$ shipping and handling. Check, money order, VISA MC (Account \# and expiration date). COD charge $\$ 2$ (req. certified check or M.O.). Michigan residents add $4 \%$ sales
tax.

IECHNOLOGY


# Sure, You Can Swap Keyboards - Maybe 

## By Ed Ellers <br> Rainbow Technical Writer

- Recently I purchased a new keyboard for $m y$ CoCo and set the old keyboard aside. I now find myself purchasing a 16 K CoCo 2 with a damaged keyboard. Instead of buying another keyboard, I decided I would try to install the keyboard from my old CoCo (which I purchased in 1982) into the CoCo 2. Is this possible?

Eric Wilson Peterborough, NH
You can stick an old CoCo keyboard in the CoCo 2 if the older machine is an NC board (otherwise known as ET, 285 and F). The C, D and E version machines used a pair of matching headers (one on the main board, the other on the keyboard ribbon cable) to connect the two; the NC board and the CoCo 2 have a flexible printed circuit in the keyboard, and it extends via a pigtail to plug into an edge connector on the main board. All CoCo keyboards rest on the mounting posts in the same way, so the old keyboard will fit properly in the case. Be very careful in handling the ribbon cable pigtail, as it is somewhat delicate. You may also have some problems with RF interference; the CoCo 2 depends on a metal plate on the bottom of the keyboard to cut down on RFl radiated by the keyboard, but the old keyboard won't have this plate.

[^38]
#### Abstract

\section*{A Missing Bit} - I have an old CoCo with the 1.0 Color BASIC ROM. This ROM only sends seven bits to the printer instead of eight. Because of this I can't get the MSB to work on my Epson $M X-80$ printer when trying to generate dot patterns. I plan to get my machine upgraded soon. Will this solve my problem with the MSB?

Tory Lyon Morrison, CO


Depends on which upgrade you want to do. The 1.0 ROM's two flaws were that it used seven-bit ASCII, rather than eight-bit, for printer output (to match the old Quick Printer II) and that it could not initialize the SAM chip's addressing for 64 K RAM chips. If you have Radio Shack put in the 64 K upgrade, they will install a newer BASIC ROM at no extra charge to make it work. Getting the ROM by itself may be a problem; I don't know if they will stick a new ROM in simply on request (or how much they might charge). If you had bought a Radio Shack printer (current models require eight-bit output), they would install the new ROM for you to make your printer work, but whether they will do it for someone who bought "somebody else's" printer is another matter. Radio Shack also offered at one time an eight-bit driver patch program (part number 700-2013); this may still be available.

## Preserving Memories

- I was wondering if it is possible to make a small device which can be fitted to the CoCo which will keep the memory powered while the rest of the computer is switched off?

Richard Goodman College Station, TX
Sadly, it isn't as easy as that. The CoCo (as with most other microcomputers) uses "dynamic" memory chips, rather than the more expensive "static" RAMs. A static memory system will hold its data as long as power is going into the chips, but with dynamic memory you have to constantly "refresh" the memory; in the CoCo it's done simply by accessing the memory every few milliseconds, and the job is handled nicely by the SAM chip. To keep dynamic RAMs running while the system is shut down, you would need to keep the refresh cycles going in some way, and you would have to keep your circuit from interfering with the SAM chip's operation. One false move in the transition from one to the other and you'll lose your data faster than you can say " 6883 !"

## Higher Resolution

- There are a few boards on the market (like WordPak by PBJ) that give an 80-column display for a monitor. The way I understand it, a different video generator chip is used. This gives more pixels to form characters with. Could this higher resolution be used in the graphics pages?

David Moulton
Cody, WY

If you're talking about addressing the external system the way you would the CoCo's own 6847 video chip, forget it. These boards are very different from the CoCo's video circuitry, and all the ones I've heard of are designed for high-density text display only.

## Byting the Apple

- I'm looking for someone who has a program to read Apple II disks on a Co Co using either Disk BASIC or OS-9.

Larry' Owen
Phoenix, AZ
I haven't heard of any, and there's a very good reason why it isn't done routinely. The CoCo and most other personal computers use a special disk controller chip, and these are usually designed to use a standard format developed by IBM some 10 years ago (although there are many variations and two different encoding schemes used now). The Apple 11 uses a rather ingenious circuit that Apple co-founder Steve Wozniak designed using readily available chips; it has stood the test of time so weil that an improved singlechip version is used in the new Apple IIc and Macintosh, but it doesn't seem to be compatible with the "standard" disk controllers! (I'm sure that some of the more intrepid hackers among us will take this as a dare rather than a fact of life; l'd like to see somebody bridge this gap.)

## CoCo Meets Model I

- Another teacher and I have personal Color Computers. Our school has three Model I cassette systems. Next fall, these will be transferred from the "computer room" to the library and the other teacher's classroom. We are very anxious to be able to use CoCo and Model I programs interchangeably:

We are able to write and convert BASIC prograns, if not too complex, but cannot handle machine language and hardware adaptations ourselves. What do we need to accomplish our purpose?

Barbara Hass Fallsburg, NY

About the only things the Model I and the CoCo have in common are that they are both made by Radio Shack and both use Microsoft BASIC. "Converting" machinelanguage programs from one to the other will actually mean writing an entirely new program, because the CoCo's 6809 processor just isn't compatible with the Z80 used in tine Model I, 111 and 4. There is a program from Spectral Associates called Magic Box that will allow Model 1 (BASIC only) cassettes to be loaded directly into the CoCo.

Snow - in New Mexico - in August?

- I have a D board CoCo with 32 K"piggyback" RAM. My problem is that I cannot use the upper 16 K for Hi-Res video display; all I get when I try' it is a lot of snow. This has kept me from using a lot of programs. Is there anything I can do to fix this? Would the same thing happen if I go to 64 K ?

Michael Kromeke
Albuquerque, NM

You seem to have a better idea of the problem than many others I've heard this complaint from. The problem is that the usual "piggyback" modification doesn't make the right connections for video RAM access. When you try to use a Hi-Res screen placed in the upper bank, the plotting takes place in the upper bank, but the CoCo's video chip displays what's in the the corresponding area in the lower 16 K bank. Some hardware nuts have tried to fix this problem, with varying degrees of success; with 64 K RAM chips priced at $\$ 40$ or so a set, l'd suggest a 64 K upgrade as a better solution, as Hi-Res displays work fine in the full 32 K available in BASIC.

## Who's On First?

- People talk of CoCo third-party software companies. Radio Shack is obviously the CoCo's first-party software company. Where can I go to buy some second-party software?

Confused in California

You don't! Look at it this way, Bob. Radio Shack has the computer to sell; that makes them the first party in the transaction. You buy it; that makes you second. When you go to someone else for software, that makes them the third party. Obviously, second-party software is stuff you write yourself!

## Packing It In

- When I type in a program line, I can only make it 249 characters long. After the 249th character, the keyboard will not respond to anything except ENTER. If this is not a problem with my machine but a characteristic of the CoCo's design, why do you print programs in your magazine that contain lines longer than 249 characters (such as Line 75 of "Para-Jumper" on Page 179 of the December 1983 Rainbow)? If it is a problem, can you help me?

Steve Bernstein Union Grove, WI

Although the normal limit is 249 characters, the EDIT mode will let you pack a few more characters on the end of a line, to a certain limit. Unfortunately, in a few extreme cases, packing too many extra characters into a line will prevent the "detokenizing" routine in BASIC from doing its job completely, and LLISTings and ASCII saves of the program will be missing a few characters. Those who are submitting programs for publication in THE RAINBOW should avoid any temptation to pack the program lines. Packing is done for two reasons: to reduce the minimum memory requirements and to speed up execution of the program. In reality, it has only a minimal effect in this respect and holds the potential for causing considerable problems. "Stripping" utilities, programs especially designed to pack lines and remove unneeded spaces should be used with caution, as programs can be "overpacked," resulting in characters being left out of screen LISTS and LLISTings - even though the characters, or commands, are actually in the program and workable. When someone tries to type in a listing that has been overpacked, he will miss those few characters that are dropped from the tail end of overpacked lines.

## In Search of Artifacts 11

- I often see programs for artificial colors in PMODE 4, but I can't get them. A program I wrote to draw vertical lines in every other dot column (to create solid colors) will only produce vertical yellow/blue, mixed with black, stripes, etc. What is the reason for this? Is it possible it is because my TV is for the PA Lsystem? Or because my Co Co is the European version? If there are differences for Europe, I would like to know them.

Cornelius Caesar
Hofheim, West Germany

The problem you're having is due primarily to the difference between the German PAL system and the American NTSC (National Television Systems Committee, an industry group) system. PAL stands for Phase Alternation Line, and it is a modification to the NTSC system to keep the various stages in the transmission chain from altering the colors of TV pictures (something most Americans will tell you happens all too often here). The artifact colors of red and blue, as I discussed in a previous column, are caused by the dots produced by the CoCo being locked to the color signal; in the PAL CoCo this is no longer so because of the phase alternation, and the colors produced (the yellow and blue) change from line to line. Most European sets have a delay line to complete the PAL error-cancellation process; the delay line is filtering out most of the false colors, as the comb filter in some American sets (based on the same type of delay line) does on broadcast signals (but not CoCo displays).

## 

 FOR THE COLOR COMPUTER| UPGRADE YOUR COLOR COMPUTER! | THE HJL-57 KEYBOARD FOR FOUR FUNCTION KEYS. <br>  |  | 'REAL TALKER <br> With enhanced software on Tape and <br> Cartridge $\$ 59.95$ <br> 'REAL TALKER II' Same as above for $\operatorname{COCO} 2$ <br> $\$ 69.95$ <br> Y-bRANCHING CABLE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{8} 8$ F babios |  |  | StAR PRINTERS |
| 隹 |  |  |  |
| Note: All ICs susd in out kits are first full var werranty. | MONITORS AND INTERFACE |  |  |
|  |  |  | (ex |
| *** $\star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star$ SPECIAL OF THE MONTH JUNIOR'S REVENGE (32K)TAPE ONLY $\$ 21.50$ - |  |  | (ex |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{5} 50$ off Moniter wilh Videe Plus purhased. | Yueo Pus | ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |

## TAKE 20\% OFF ANY SOFTWARE ORDER

All games are in 16 K machine language unless noted.



# A Little Understanding Goes A Long Way 

## By Dan Downard <br> Rainbow Technical Editor

- I like your articles and I hope you will be able to help me with a problem I am having with a machine language program. The program is the BWDUMP/BIN that Radio Shack sells to dump a graphic screen to a printer.

BWDUMP/BIN was originally on a tape. I used the start address (14848) of the program and I chose an end address of 16127 to use with the SAVEM command to store it on my disk. I actually saved a few extra memory locations. I wanted to be sure that I collected the entire program from memory. Now I can use the LOADM command to reload the program, but I have to use an offset of 16384 to load the program in the upper part of RAM on my 64 K CoCo 2. Radio Shack had originally loaded it at address 14848 and I guess they expected it to be used only with a 16 K machine?

The program as is, does run with the offset added. It fits nicely at location 30783 out of the way of my BASIC programs. I have made a number of attempts to relocate the machine code, and when I relocate the program to any other address it locks up the computer. I have to do a cold start to recover. I have EDTASM + and I have disassembled the machine code. I hope you can help. The solution is not obvious to me. My question is this:

1) Why can Iload the program with the

[^39]offset of the LOADM command which works okay, but I am unable to relocate the machine code? Yes, I know I can use it this way, but the lazy side of me would like to be able to just type LOADM "BWDUMP" and be done with it.
2) What exactly does the offset portion of the LOADM command do that makes it possible to run this program in the new location?
3) The manual doesn't say much about the SAVEM command. So as long as I have your attention, will you also include a more detailed explanation of this command.

Terry E. Blake
Dayton, OH
Sounds like you're on the right track, Terry, but need a little understanding of the SAVEM command. The following format must be used:

SAVEM"file name", start address, end address, execute address

You didn't mention the value of the execution address. You can find this address with the following direct command after loading your tape program:

## ?PEEK(487)*256+PEEK(488)

This will be your "exec address." Write this value down and do the following:

1) CLOAD"BWDUMP", 16384
2) SAVEM"BWDUMP", 31232,32511 , exec address+ 16384
See if that doesn't cure your problem. When you offset load a program the computer just increments every byte of your pro-
gram by the amount of the offset. Since BWDUMP is written in PIC (Position Independent Code), it will run anywhere in memory. Well, anywhere there is free RAM space in the case of your CoCo.

## Normal Procedure

- I think I have a problem with one of my disk drives. First, I own a 64 K CoCo (Rev. E), with Color basic I.I, Extended Color BASIC 1.0 and Disk Extended BASIC 1.0. I also own one disk drive from Radio Shack and one from MPI; Model 5IS, S/N S661337, manufactured April, 1983. I purchased the $51_{4}$ SSDD floppy disk drive at RAINBOWfest in New Brunswick, NJ.
When I access drive I the disk starts spinning, the 'LED' goes on and my file is loaded. But when I access drive 0 , not only does drive 0 find my file but drive I just spins until drive 0 has found the file.


## Jon D. Abbott <br> Norwalk, CT

This is the normal way that CoCo disks operate, Jon. There is only one motor "on" line going to your drives. When you turn on one drive, you turn all of them on.

## Hardware Problem

- I have a $16 K^{" E}$ "board that I upgraded to 64 K , using 4164 's. I want to purchase a disk drive and upon the advice of my local Radio

Shack Computer store representative, I had them install a 1.2 Color BASIC ROM, because he told me that I would be able to use the new CoCo 2 disk drive and run OS-9. I have heard horror stories from CoCo owners thàt have plugged in the wrong disk drive. HELP, which drive do I buy, the gray case or the white case? I saved the 1.1 ROM, just in case.

> Larry B. Evans Key West, FL

Larry, the 1.2 BASIC ROM has nothing to do with OS-9, or your disk drive selection. The problem of compatibility with disk drives is a hardware problem. Radio Shack redesigned the newer disk controller (white case) so that 12 volts is no longer required for operation, since the CoCo 2 no longer has 12 volts at the ROM port. The older disk controller (gray case) required 12 volts for operation. In a nutshell this means you can use the new disk controllers with the old CoCos but not vice versa. There is a way around this problem, though. If you purchase a Multi-Pak Interface for your CoCo 2 you can use the old disk controller since the Multi-Pak Interface supplies the 12 volts necessary for proper operation.

## Tidying Up

- Last month, Jack Thompson wrote about a disk problem and you suggested a head alignment kit. I have a similar problem on my one-disk system. I have no trouble with programs that are written on my drive, but every program I buy will not load. They start to load, then hang up with the motor running and the keyboard dead. If I can manage to get one loaded, and it's not copy protected, I can save it and then load it with no more troubles. But most will just not load. Where can such a kit be found? I have not seen one in the ads, and Radio Shack doesn't carry one. Better still, has an article been published which gives the procedure? I have test equipment and technical experience, but I need information.

> Mickey Kaylor
> Cleveland, TN

Mickey, we have received several requests similar to yours. The head alignment kit we referred to is actually a head alignment disk. Several companies manufacture them. Radio Shack specifications are based on a "CAT'SEYE" diskette.

These disks have a 125 kHz signal precisely recorded on tracks 00 and 34. By using an oscilloscope connected to the electronics in your disk drive you can measure the phase of the read head and "align" your heads. We do not recommend this for amateurs. If you're still game, obtain a copy of Radio Shack Service Manual \#263022/3023. This is the floppy disk drive service manual and gives complete alignment procedures.

The only normal maintenance that should be necessary for your drive is cleaning your
heads. Remove all of the accumulated oxide and dirt with a lint-free cloth using isopropyl alcohol. Be careful not to touch the head. Another method of cleaning your heads is by use of a head cleaning disk available from Radio Shack.

## A Simple Solution

- Ijust bought the DMP-100 Printer to add to my 64 K CoCo and one disk drive.

Would you please help me. How can I print whatever is on the TV screen without including a PRINT\#-2; in the program. I noticed that this can be done on other larger computers like the Model 4.

## M.B. Harada <br> Kailua, HI

You need a screen dump program such as $B W D U M P$ from Radio Shack.

## Fill 'Er Up

- I have a problem that may or may not be of interest to the readers of RAINBOW: I am having a great problem saving programs on tape. The tape that I am using may be the problem. I need a program that will fill the tape with a program. It should give the start and then run till the computer is shut off. This way I could load the tape, then using SKIPF"X" verify that the tape had no bad spots in it.

It seems that this could be done, but I have not been able to do it.

## Robert Lister, Jr. <br> Aston, PA

Robert, try the following BASIC program:

## 10 FOR X=1TO1000 <br> 20 CSAVE"TEST" <br> 30 NEXT X

This should record the program TEST 1,000 times on your tape. By using $S K I P F^{\prime} X$ ", after rewinding the tape, you should be able to check for bad tapes. There is one problem with this method. It doesn't check the part of the tape between programs. I would also recommend bulk erasing the tape before further use.

## Getting A Running Start

- I am writing a menu program for the Color Computer disk system. I have everything in the program finished except one thing. I cannot tell the CoCo to run a variable (RUNFS). You can LOAD, SAVE, LOADM, and SAVEM a variable but not RUN. How can I do this?

Andy Dater Medford, $O R$
If your program name is $F \$$ Andy try: LOAD"FS",R

## Index Addressing

- I am a frustrated programmer. I have done fairly well with BASIC programming and have jumped off the deep end into the world of assembly language. With my trusty Assembly Language Book by William Barden, Jr., I have entered a quest of sleepless nights and much frustration.

I wrote a simple BASIC program that uses Graphics, Pages one through seven to draw a panoramic scene. Then I displayed Page eight with Page four memory transferred to Page eight memory location; thus, Page four is on the screen. With the left or right arrow keys, I can pan from left to right and see all the landscape. But, Ihave to wait 15 seconds for the screen to shift, even with POKE 65495,0 . Thus, to give the program realism, I decided to make this my initial project for using assembly language. I have learned that:

LDA \#55 Load 'A' register with the
number 55 (decimal)
LDA \#\$55 Load 'A' register with the hexadecimal number 55 ( 85 decimal)
LDA $\$ 55$ Load ' $A$ ' register with contents of memory location $\$ 55$ (decimal 85)

Suppose I have a value that starts in a register (lets say ' $X$ '), the value is used in calculations and the result is returned to the ' $X$ ' register. I now want the value of the contents located at the memory location in the ' $X$ 'register. How do I do it? If I store ' $X$ ', STX \$3000, then I have a value stored in a specific memory. But, I want, not the value at $\$ 3000$ but the value of the location indicated by the value at $\$ 3000$. If you can help; I sure would appreciate it.

Clyde R. Vasey III
Durant, OK

You must use indexed adddressing, Clyde. If I'm reading you correctly, you want to store the value in, let's say, the 'A' register at the memory location indicated by the ' X ' register. The assembly nmemonic for this step would be STA A,X.
Since you gave me hint about what you are up to, you may try the following assembly source for moving any memory to another location.
LDX \#\$xxx xxxx="from"address
LDY
\#\$yyyy yyyy="to"address
LOOP LDD, $\mathrm{X}++$
STD ,Y++
CMPD \#\$zzzz zzzz="end" address,
BNE LOOP

This method will work as long as the two areas of memory do not overlap.

[^40]
# Structure Out Of Chaos: Building Logical Pathways 

## By Frank Hogg <br> Rainbow Contributing Editor

## 58,752 sectors free

Iwould bet that you would like to have this many sectors available when you use your computer. On our office system this is the number of sectors available for our use, plus another 19,584 on the removable hard disk that is used for backup. Of course, I am talking about the Gimix III and a 19 meg hard disk. Now you can even get 47 and 72 meg hard disks. The 47 gives you something like 130,000 free and the 72 about 240,000 free. That is an incredible amount of space. This all seems wonderful until you consider what happens when a dozen different people use the system at the same time with directories helter-skelter and files all over the place. Pretty soon you have thousands of files in hundreds of directories and nobody but nobody knows where anything is!

This is the situation I found myself in a few months ago. We bought our Gimix IlI in January of 1983 and started using it right away. I had never had much experience with a multiuser system before so I didn't have any clear idea how to set up the disk for use other than giving everyone a directory of their own and letting them have a go at it. Chaos soon prevailed when, after about 10 months we started losing files on the disk. You knew you put it somewhere but you couldn't remember where or what name you used when you saved it. It was like trying to find a needle in a haystack.

About 14 months from day one, l embarked on the project of organizing this mess before it got totally out of hand. l started cleaning the disk of files that didn't need to be where they were, At the time I started there were almost 3,000 files

[^41]in about 80 directories. When I finished there were a little over 1,000 files in only 65 directories. I did most of this by organizing the files into separate logical directories and then archiving some of those off to floppy disks. I also removed old files that were not needed anymore.

Since it was quite a task and it took a long time to complete, l didn't want to have to do it again so I worked on a structure to keep the disk organized and make it easier to both backup the disk and to properly archive the files from the disk. That would also make it easier to find things on the disk.

I started off with some basic rules, then I tried not to break them wherever possible. However, sometimes that was not always practical.

The rules:

1) The "root" directory should only have other directories, not files in it. This is a pretty solid rule.
2) Directories of a like type should be grouped in master directories. For instance, the users' directory contains directories of each user.
3) Master directories should be treated like root directories and not have files in them. The idea is to make each directory reasonably small so that it will be easy to find things by following a logical path.
4) Groups of files of like type should be in directories of their own.
5) Whenever there are more files than can be displayed on the screen at one time with dir, it is time to consider breaking the directory up into smaller directories.

Here is an example of the root directory of the hard disk: Master directories have a '*' after them.
directory of / H0 23:41:52

| CMDS | DEFS | SYS | SYSTEM* |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| USERS* | INVOICE* | MAILING* | MINT* |
| STY | LIB | SPELL | MISC |

The "CMDS," "DEFS" and "SYS" directories are familiar to OS-9 users because all OS-9 systems have them. The CMDS directory has all the user commands in it. The DEFS directory has the system definitions in it and the SYS directory has things like the system password and other system stuff in it. SYS is for OS-9 system files such as "password" and "motd."
SYSTEM is the superuser's master directory. USERS is a master directory and contains a directory for each logged-on user type which I will also explain later. The INVOICE, MAILING and MINT directories are our business directories. INVOICE is the series of business programs for our office. MAILING is our mailing list and MINT is for our dental office package that is under development. STY is a directory that is needed by the Stylo word processor. They should have put it in the SYS directory which would have made my disk neater. LIB is used by the C programming language. SPELL is for the DynaSpell spelling checker and, like Stylo should be in the SYS directory. MISC is a catchall to prevent things from being dumped into the root directory when someone is in a hurry.

Here is a "dir" of the SYSTEM directory:
directory of SYSTEM 23:41:55

## STAGING SOURCE BOOT ARCHIVE BACKUP

STAGING is a directory used to dump new software in preparation for installing it on the system. Once installed, it would then be deleted from STAGING. SOURCE is a directory of system source code. BOOT is the directory of files that are used to create a new OS-9 Boot. As new versions of OS-9 are released they can be installed from this directory.

ARCHIVE is a directory of files or commands that we want to remove from the system but are not quite sure we should. This would be where we would put a copy of an old program when we install a new version. In case the new one doesn't work we can retrieve the old one from ARCHIVE. Files in this directory should be deleted on a regular basis.

BACKUP is a directory that is logged into by other than the superuser. Special programs let any user do a major backup of the system as the superuser, but under program control to prevent damage. This was done so that I would not have to be stuck with backing up the system. A user logs in as "backup" and he/she is presented with a menu and instructions on what to do to run the backup procedures.

This is a directory of the USERS directory: (Note: all of these are "master" directories.)
directory of USERS 23:41:57

| FRANK | JERI | CAROL | JIMI |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DEB | DAVE | COLET | LETTERS |
| FLEX | MANUALS | SOFTNEWS | RICH |

To be in this directory, a directory has to be one that is logged into. By that I mean that these are the default data directory upon login. The names of the directories follow the actual users' names until you get to LETTERS.

LETTERS contains answers to customers' letters in a
special DynaStar mail/merge format. FLEX is the directory for O-Flex. MANUALS contains directories of the various manuals that we are working on. SOFTNEWS contains directories of each issue of our new SoftNews publication.

This is an example of a users' directory:
directory of USERS/FRANK 23:41:59

## MISC <br> ARCHIVE <br> DOC

MISC is a "catchall" to prevent garbage cluttering up the master directory. ARCHIVE is used to hold files previous to deleting them. DOC is for various documents such as letters, memos, etc. The individual may and should use other directories to prevent clutter from obscuring what is in his/her directory.

All users except the superuser log on into the user directory under the name they logged on as. The superuser logs on into the SYSTEM directory as user zero. The exception is the "backup" user who logs on into SYSTEM/BACKUP as the superuser for backup purposes.

System protection prevents anybody except the superuser from accessing the SYSTEM directory.

Here is a map of the system disk.

| CMDS .......f |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DEFS........f | STAGING....f |
| SYS...........f | SOURCE.....f |
| SYSTEM*........................... . + BOOT |  |
| USERS*. | ARCHIVE...f |
| INVOICE*.......D | BACKUP.....f |
| MAILING*......D | \| MISC... |
| MINT*..........D | FRANK*...........+ARCHIV |
| STY..........ff | JERI*..........D \| DOC... |
| LIB........... f | CAROL*.......D |
| SPELL.......f | JIMI*.......... D |
| MISC........f | DEB*...........D |
|  | DAVE*.........D |
|  | COLET*....... D |
|  | LETTERS*....D |
|  | FLEX*......... D |
|  | MANUALS*...D |
|  | SOFTNEWS*. . D |
|  | RICH*......... D |
| --D infers that the directory has other directories in it. <br> --f infers that the directory has only files in it. |  |

We have been using this system for about a month and so far it is working very well. I hope that in a year from now I will be able to find this file without too much trouble. Let's see, I put it under MISC, or was it in the SOFTNEWS directory? Well, you can see that it is not going to be easy to keep track of files, even with this setup.

## Put a filter in your pipe

OS-9 has a neat feature where you can redirect the output of a program somewhere else. Gee, that's nice, but what can be done with it? You can, of course, direct it to a printer or a file, but you can also direct it through a filter before going to
the printer or anywhere else for that matter. This is called "piping" and is similar to a regular pipe if you think of the data as water in the pipe and the filter program as a filter in the pipe that will do something to the water as it passes through. Got the idea? Suppose you wanted to remove all the line feeds $(\$ 0 \mathrm{~A})$ from a text file before going to the printer. Normally you would write a program to read in the file, remove the line feeds, then write it out to another file. With OS-9 you could use the same program without the files and do the same thing.

## Standard input and standard output

When programs refer to using these two things it means that $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ (input/output) can be redirected and used in a pipe. "List" is one of these commands as well as "build." Try this, first build a file with build like so:

OS9:build junk
? junk
? junk
? junk
?
Then do this:
OS9:list junk ! build test
??? ?
OS9: list test
junk
junk

## junk

Wasn't that an interesting and useful thing to do? Here is what happened. First we created a file called appropriately "junk," then we listed that file through a pipe (!) to "build" which created a file called "test" that had what "junk" had in it. The '?' appeared on the screen because we did not change the output of "build," it still went to standard output (the screen). If you typed this:

## OS9:list junk ! build test >test l

the same thing would have happened except that the "????" would end up in the file called "test I." If you have "UtiliX" which has a utility called "wc" that counts words then you could have typed:

OS9:list junk ! build test ! wc
and "wc" would have reported that you had 8 characters and 4 words with 0 lines from the "?'s.

All of the above is quite useless of course but it is just an example of how pipes work and how I/O redirection can be used to do some fun things.
Thank you all for writing in suggestions and please keep them coming. I will get into the letters next month.

## Stylograph III and WordPak are "United" by Color OS9 to provide a dazzling display of Word Processing Power

Stylo III has many enhanced features

- Printer configuratión program
- Continuous overwrite mode
- Programming mode
- Enhanced cursor control

WordPak adds a new dimension to the overall performance of the Color Computer.

Stylograph III + WordPak ${ }^{\text {s }} \mathbf{2 3 9}{ }^{95}$
Stylograph III + WordPak ${ }^{\text {s }} 359 .{ }^{95}$
(Stylograph III + Mail Merger + Spell Checker)
Send for catalog
Flex Versions also available

Great Plains Computer, Inc.
P.O. Box 916

Idaho Falls, Idaho 83402
208-529-3210

The Color Computer is transformed into a quality professional work station when you put the right combination together.

## Get the <br> Your Introduction to BASICOS, <br> mostout of <br> <br> BAS <br> <br> BAS <br> 

The OFFICIAL BASICO9 TOUR GUIDE is skillfully written in a friendly and easy-to-read style. Just perfect for those new to computers and to BASIC09. It's also a valuable reference book for programmers, engineers, students and hobbyists, providing an in-depth look at BASIC09 plus an overview of the OS-9 operating system. Comprehensive reference sections on BASIC09 and OS-9 commands are also included.
The book "maps" out your route through the Mercedes of Basics ... BASIC09 and puts you in the driver's seat in no time. Fasten your seatbelt, sit back and enjoy the ride to perfecting your programming skills.

MICROWARE . . .
The OFFICIAL BASIC09 TOUR GUIDE comes from the people who wrote BASIC09. As the leader in 6809 system software, we at MICROWARE care about our users and want to help you get the most from our products.

## It's Easy to Order.

Phone orders are accepted from MasterCard or VISA cardholders or for COD shipment. You can also order by mail using the coupon below. Quantity discounts are available to educational organizations and dealers. For further information contact Microware.

Microware Systems Corporation
1866 N.W. 114th Street
Des Moines, lowa 50322
Telephone 515/224-1929
Telex 910-520-2535

Please send $\qquad$ copies of the
Basic09 Tour Guide book at $\$ 18.95$ each. Add $\$ 2.00$ for UPS shipping in the U.S. or $\$ 5.00$ for overseas air mail per book. lowa residents add 4\% sales tax.

Name $\qquad$
Address $\qquad$
City $\qquad$
State $\qquad$I have enclosed a checkCharge to my bank card:
MasterCard $\qquad$ VISA
Card Number $\qquad$
Expiration

## PERSONABLE PASCAL

# Expressions And Statements 

## By Daniel Adams Eastham Rainbow Contributing Editor

For many programmers, the real "beef" of a program is in its executable statements. These statements direct the computer to actually perform a task. Without them, the program (and computer) would be useless. PASCAL has many different types of executable statements and a powerful expression syntax for use within these statements.

In the last column, we saw that a PASCAL program is divided into two major sections:

PROGRAM (header);
(declaration statements)
BEGIN
(executable statements)
END.
We also learned about some of the fundamental statements for declaring data and operating on it. As you can see above, the executable statements are those between the BEGIN and END. They are executed sequentially beginning with the statement immediately following the BEGIN and continue until the END statement is reached.

One statement that every programming language has is an assignment statement. For example:

$$
\text { Sum }:=\text { Amount }+5 \text {; }
$$

This statement contains a variable (Sum) which is to receive a new value, an assignment operator (:=) and an expression (Amount +5 ) which represents the value to be assigned.
> (Daniel Adams Eastham holds a B.S. degree in computer science and has 13 years experience in systems and communications programming, including work on the original Telenet packet switching network. He is the author of the DEFT PASCAL Workbench and is currently president of DEFT Systems, Inc.)

## Expressing Yourself

Expressions in PASCAL are similar to those in BASIC. However, the rules of precedence are not the same, and in many situations you need parentheses in PASCAL where you do not need them in Basic. The following is a list of operators in order of precedence (highest is first) for Real, Integer and Boolean expressions:

| Unary Operator: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| NOT | Boolean Logical Negate |
| Multiplying Operators: |  |
|  | Multiply, Real or Integer |
| / | Real Divide |
| DIV | Integer Divide, Quotient |
| MOD | Integer Divide, Remainder |
| AND | Boolean Logical And |
| Addition Operators |  |
|  | Addition, Real or Integer |
| - | Subtraction, Real or Integer |
| OR | Boolean Logical Or |
| Relational Operators |  |
|  | Equals |
| $<$ | Less Than |
| > | Greater Than |
| $<$ | Not Equals |
| < | Less Than or Equal |
| $>=$ | Greater Than or Equal |

Note that not all the operators can be used with the different data types. For example, AND, OR, and NOT can only be used with Boolean data (or expressions), DIV and MOD operators are only allowed with Integer data and '/' always produces a Real result even if either or both operands are Integer. All relational operators can be used with any
simple data type and produce a Boolean result.
As a result of all these rules, we can see some similarities and differences with BASIC. For example:

$$
R+13 / 2
$$

The Integer constants 13 and two (Real constants have decimal points in them, i.e., 13) are converted to Real, divided, and the quotient is added to $R$. The following legal BASIC expression:

$$
\mathrm{R}=3.5 \mathrm{AND} \mathrm{I}=2
$$

is not a legal PASCAL expression. This is because the AND operator has a higher level of precedence in PASCAL than it does in BASIC implying that the Real constant 3.5 should be ANDed with the Integer variable I before the first = comparison is done. To make this expression legal, we must add some parentheses:

$$
(\mathrm{R}=3.5) \text { AND }(\mathrm{I}=2)
$$

This forces the = comparisons to be completed first, providing two Boolean results which can then be ANDed together. In the following Boolean expression:

## B1 OR B2 AND NOT B3

The Unary operation NOT is performed first followed by the AND and finally the OR operation.

In addition to these, there is also the relational operator IN for Sets. We will learn about Sets in a future column.

## Compounding The Problem

In the last column we saw that the IF statement in PASCAL looks like this:

```
IF (Boolean expression) THEN (statement)
    [ ELSE (statement)]
```

The only problem with this is that many times you want to execute many statements as the result of a test in an IF statement. In BASIC, you can do this by making a long line and separating the statements with colons. In PASCAL, you use the BEGIN statement:

## BEGIN

(statement);

## (statement)

## END

This is called a compound statement and allows you to insert many statements into the program at any point that a single statement is allowed. All the statements inside the BEGIN END are sequentially executed. Although standard PASCAL syntax does not allow a semicolon following the last statement, most PASCAL implements a null statement which allows you to include the last semicolon.

In our IF statement, we can therefore do the following:

```
IF ( \(\mathrm{R}=3.5\) ) AND ( \(\mathrm{I}>=2\) ) THEN BEGIN
    Sum :=Amount +5 ;
    IF Sum \(=200\) THEN Amount \(:=3\);
    END
ELSE Sum :=Amount - 5;
```

The Boolean expression ( $\mathrm{R}=3.5$ ) AND ( $\mathrm{I}>=2$ ) is evaluated and if True the compound statement following the THEN is executed. If the Boolean expression is False then the statement following the ELSE is executed. This ELSE immediately follows the END of the compound statement.

Inside the compound statement you see another IF statement. This ability to allow any number of any type of statement at any point in your program is one of three major constructs in the PASCAL language that makes writing structured programs easy.

## Easy Loops

The second major structured programming construct of PASCAL is its looping statements (the third construct is Procedures/Functions which will be described in a future column). In addition to the standard FOR statement which we talked about last time, PASCAL has two conditional looping constructs:

```
WHILE (Boolean expression) DO (statement)
REPEAT (statement;. . .; (statement) UNTIL (Boolean
    expression)
```

The WHILE statement repetitively executes the statement following the DO as long as the value of the Boolean expression is true. An equivalent IF and GOTO setup would look like this:

## 100: IF (Boolean expression) THEN BEGIN (statement); GOTO 100; END;

The REPEAT statement repetitively executes the statements between the REPEAT and UNTIL, until the Boolean expression is False. An equivalent IF and GOTO setup for the REPEAT looks like this:

100: (statement);

```
(statement);
IF NOT (Boolean expression) THEN GOTO 100;
```

The primary difference between the two statements is when the Boolean expression is evaluated. Because it is evaluated first in the WHILE statement, the statement following the DO may never be executed (much like the THEN part of an IF statement). Whereas in the REPEAT statement, the statements between the REPEAT and UNTIL are guaranteed to execute at least once since the Boolean expression is not evaluated until the end of the loop. For example:

```
WHILE R > 3 DO R := R - 2;
REPEAT \(\mathrm{R}:=\mathrm{R}-2\) UNTIL \(\mathrm{R}<=3\);
```

You will notice that if $R$ has an initial value of three going into each of the above loops, it will come out with a different value three in the WHILE and one in the REPEAT.

## Multiple Choice

Making a comparison and choosing between two courses of action is what the IF statement is all about. But sometimes you need to choose between more than two courses of action. This is where the CASE statement comes in:

CASE (ordinal expression) OF
(constant),...,(constant) : (statement);
(constant),...,(constant) : (statement)
END
In this statement, the ordinal expression (cannot be a Real type) is evaluated and then compared with each of the constants. If a match is found, then only the statement corresponding to the constant is executed and control then falls through to the statement following the CASE. In standard PASCAL, if none of the constants are equal to the value of the expression, the result of the CASE is undefined. However, in most PASCALS the result is that no statement is executed.

Many PASCAL compilers extend the CASE statement with an ELSE•or OTHERWISE clause:

```
CASE (ordinal expression) OF
    (constant),...,(constant) : (statement);
(constant),...,(constant) : (statement)
ELSE (statement)
END
```

When the ELSE (or OTHERWISE) clause is present and
the expression does not equal any of the constants, then the statement following the ELSE is executed. For example:

```
CASE Ch OF
'A','E','l','O','U': I := I;
'Y': I:=3
ELSE I \(:=4\)
END
```

In this example, Ch is a Char type variable and we want to know if it is vowel, a ' $Y$ ' or a consonant and the value of the variable ' $I$ ' is set accordingly.

## Example Program

This example program finds the prime factors of an integer. First it prompts you for the number to be factored and then checks to see if the number is negative. If so, it negates it (makes it positive) and displays a factor of -1 . Then it begins trying all the prime numbers (and some that are not prime numbers) up to the square root of the number. Each time that it finds a factor that will divide evenly into the number, it divides the number by that factor (more than once if possible) and displays that factor as well as the number of occurrences of that factor.

This continues until a factor is picked which is greater than the square root of the remaining number. If the remaining number is greater than one, then it is the last prime factor.

In the next column we will begin learning about the many ways that PASCAL lets you represent information.

Games by:
Computerware Colorquest Spectral Tom Mix Prickly Pear Mishtron phone number

The listing: DEFT PASCAL V3. $\varnothing$ Prime Factors Program
(C) 1984 DEFT SYSTEMS, INC. PAGE 1


| SYMBOL | CLASS | STRUCT ALLOC | DATA TYPE | VALUE | LOW | HIGH | SIZE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EXPONENT | VARIABLE | AUTOMATIC | INTEGER | -10 | -32768 | 32767 | 2 |
| FACTOR | VARIABLE | AUTOMATIC | INTEGER | -8 | -32768 | 32767 | 2 |
| NUMBER | VARIABLE | AUTOMATIC | INTEGER | -6 | -32768 | 32767 | 2 |

STACK REQUIREMENTS: 28

CODE SIZE
UNUSED STACK 475

MAX SYMBOLS 33406
TOTAL ERRORS 99
SOURCE FILE: FACTOR:1
OBJECT FILE: FACTOR:I

## ABOUT SOFTWARE FOR FLEX AND OS-9

## A-BASIC COMPILER

This BASIC compiler generates pure, fast efficient 6809 machine code from easy to write BASIC source programs. Uses ultra fast integer math, (no floating point), extended string functions, boolean operators and run-time operations. Output is ROMable and RUNS WITHOUT ANY RUN-TIME PACKAGE. Supports IF-THENELSE structure and random access.

## OS-9 or FLEX OBJECT ONLY

 $\$ 75.00$
## UTILIX

A UNIX-like utility package for RS OS-9. It consists of fifteen different utilities that aid you in manipulating your text files. Most of the utilities are designed to utilize the pipe and filter capabilities of OS-9 which offers many powerful alternatives to file handling. Utilix includes the following utilities: CAT, CODE, CRYPT, DIFF, DISPLAY, GREP, LOWER/UPPER, PACK/UN PACK, PR, SORT, TAIL, TIME, WC.

RS OS-9
$\$ 49.95$

## eFORTH

NEW eFORTH conforms closely to the FORTH 1983 standard to give you a simpler, more powerful set of words that behave more consistently, hundreds of definitions provided in source code, easy redirection of input and output and much more!

FLEX, CCFLEX, and RS DOS
$\$ 79.95$

## TSC PASCAL

A true native code compiler, based on the Jensen and Wirth User Manual, which produces assembly language mnemonics. Both integer and double precision floating point math are supported with the standard trigonometric, exponential and square root functions and a random number generator. Records, arrays, sets, pointers, dynamic storage, file I/O with GET and PUT, and calling another Pascal program from a Pascal program are all implemented. FLEX version supports only sequential file access. The user may pass parameters, such as file names and options, from the command line to the user's Pascal program. Note that both the operating system and run-time library must be resident to execute a user's program. The FLEX version of Pascal requires a 56 K system in order to function, and the minifloppy version requires two diskettes.

6809 FLEX Pascal
$\$ 200$

## TSC Extended BASIC

Ideal for business or advanced scientific applications where extended math precision and formatting capabilities are essential. Supports standard BASIC statements and functions and provides strings which are fully dynamic and unrestricted in size. Provides a floating point math package precise up to 16.8 digits plus many more features too numerous to mention here.

FLEX
$\$ 100.00$

## PL/9

PL/9 is a complete co-resident Editor/Compiler/Trace Debugger for 6809 FLEX. It features a built in EDITOR which loads and saves files, finds and changes strings, appends comments, inserts and deletes lines, prints selected lines on the terminal or printer, passes commands to FLEX and calls the co-resident single pass Compiler and Debugger; a TRUE COMPILER that produces pure 6809 machine code and does not require a run-time interpreter; a TRACE DEBUGGER allows you to single step or breakpoint a PL/9 program a source line at a time examining variables as you go; plus many more powerful aspects too numerous to list here.

FLEX
$\$ 198.00$

## SDISK

Use 40 or 80 track, single or double sided disk drives with RS OS-9. Programmable head step rates are allowed. Read, write, and format any of the standard OS-9 single or double density disk formats used by other OS-9 systems.

RS OS-9
\$29.95
w/BOOTFIX \$35.95 (Required if you plan to use double sided 40 or 80 T drives, it allows you to create bootable DS disks.

## CRASMB

CRASMB is a cross assembler which allows the user to crossassemble source code to machine code for the various cpu's listed: 6800-2-8, 6801-3, 6804, 6805, 6809, 6811, 6502, 1802, 8048, 8051, 8080-5, Z-8, Z-80, 7000.

OS-9 or FLEX
$\$ 399.00$

## ABOUT SOFTWARE FOR FLEX AND OS-9

## FHL Color FLEX

Licensed from Technical Systems Consultants, Inc. by FHL, Color FLEX is an enhanced version of their FLEX Disk Operating System for the Radio Shack TRS-80 Color Computer. FHL Color FLEX allows the Color Computer to be used with a wide array of hardware and software products, far beyond the capabilities of the basic system as supplied by Radio Shack.

FHL Color FLEX
$\$ 69.95$

## DBASIC

A command for the FHL implementation of FLEX for the Radio Shack TRS-80 Color Computer. It allows the use of the standard Disk Extended Color BASIC under FLEX.

FHL Color FLEX w/DBASIC $\$ 99.95$

## DYNASPELL

Check your text against three separate dictionaries comprising over 22,000 words: the dictionary based on a major publication, the dictionary unique to your proféssion and the common word dictionary. Dynaspell is thorough and fast, so if you want the security and confidence of knowing you have each and every word spelled as it should be, you can not afford to be without it.

Standard FLEX or OS-9 \$134.95
(includes LOOKUP)
CCFLEX or OS-9 \$ 59.95
w/LOOKUP \$94.95

## CRUNCH COBOL

Supports a large subset of the ANSII Level I COBOL with many of the useful Level II features included.

## FLEX INTRODUCTORY PRICE $\$ 100.00$

## DYNA-C

A new small-C derivative which produces compact, ROMable, position independent, re-entrant, optimized code that runs circles around anything in its price class.

OS-9 (including RS OS-9) $\$ 59.95$ FLEX (including CCFLEX) $\$ 59.95$

## DYNASTAR

Dynastar is a powerful, menu driven screen editor equally suited to the tasks of program preparation and document processing. With the addition of the optional Dynaform print formatter/mail merge program it is a complete word processing package for your OS-9/FLEX system.

Standard FLEX or OS-9

| Dynastar | $\$ 149.95$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dynaform | $\$ 149.95$ |
| Package | $\$ 275.00$ |

CoCo FLEX or OS-9

| Dynastar | $\$ 49.95$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dynaform | $\$ 49.95$ |
| Package | $\$ 99.90$ |

Requires O-Pak.

## O-Pak

O-Pak is a three part utility package. It is designed to enhance the OS-9 Operating System of the TRS-80 Color Computer.

O-Pak consists of HIRES, CSEdit, and four " $X$ " commands. HIRES provides a higher resolution screen display than the standard 32 by 16 characters supplied by Radio Shack. CSEdit is the character set editor designed to make modification of your character sets simple and fun.

If you wish to transfer some data files from a disk BASIC or FLEXformatted disk to an OS-9 disk, the four "X" commands will assist you.

RS OS-9
$\$ 34.95$

## DYNASOFT PASCAL

A portable p-code implementation of a PASCAL subset which includes the control structures of standard PASCAL and supports the data types INTEGER, CHAR, BOOLEAN, scalar (enumerated), subrange, pointer, and ARRAY, along with the dynamic memory management functions NEW, MARK, and RELEASE. Dynasoft PASCAL is COMPLETE. It includes a fast one-pass compiler, a p-code interpreter, a supervisor program and program SAVE, and LOAD routines.

| STANDARD OS-9 | or FLEX |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | $\$ 59.95$ |
| COCO OS-9 or FLEX | $\$ 59.95$ |
| w/runtime source | $\$ 89.95$ |

## COLOR COMPUTER MAILLIST FOR RENT OR TRADE

$\star$ OVER 12,000 OWNERS AVAILABLE $\star$ AVAILABLE ON LABELS OR DISKETTES
$\star$ MINIMUM ORDER - 1000 NAMES $\star$ WE TRADE 1 FOR 1 (ON DISK PLEASE)
$\star$ ZIP SORTED LIST
$\star$ C. O.D. ORDERS AVAILABLE
$\star$ WE WELCOME YOUR BUSINESS CHECK
PRESSURE SENSITIVE LABELS .... $\$ 40^{00}$ per 1,000 COCO FORMATTED DISKS
$\$ 70^{00}$ per 1,000
USE ORDER FORM BELOW

## IHAVE SOMETHING TO SAY!

For as little as 46 cents a program you can enjoy great games like FROGJUMP, FRENZY, CATERPILLAR CAVE, SHOOTIN GALLERY, and great adventures. Use powerful home management programs such as BUDGET, STOCK MARKET, BARTENDER, TINY CALC, and COST OF LIVING. Also, enjoy the use of powerful progromming utilities such as COCO MONITOR, GRAPHIC SCREEN PRINT, RAM TEST, HIGH RESOLUTION TEXT, and SINGLE DISK COPY. Increase your knowledge with educationol programs such as BASIC SPEED UP TUTORIAL, FLASH CARD, TRIGONOMETRY TUTOR, and our 8 PART SERIES ON MACHINE LANGUAGE.
**Mony progroms use machine longuoge! ***
Every month you will receive a casserte tape with 10 ready to run documented programs.

16 K Extended Required

ORDERS SENT SAME DAY! FIRST CLASS SHIPPING! Dock issues Avoloble from July, 1982
Coll or write for our free catolog. Deoler Inquiries Invired.

NO CHARGE ON SHIPPING
PLEASE USE ORDER FORM DELOW
————PRICES 1 YR (12 ISSUES) . $\$ 55.00$ 6 MO (6 ISSUES) . \$30.00 SINGLE COPIES . \$ 6.00 WCHIGAN RESDENTS ADD AS TO ORDER OVETSES AOD $\$ 10$ DO TO WUSCCHFTON penonal checks
WILCOMEDI

## Bulk Diskettes!

## AS LOW AS $\$ 1.25$ EACH!

$\star 51 / 4$ Single Sided Double Density
$\star$ Meet All Industry Specifications

* Dynamag! 100\% Error Free!

| Quantity | Price | Shipping |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1-15$ | $\$ 1.60$ | $\$ 1.75$ |
| $16-35$ | 1.50 | 2.00 |
| $36-75$ | 1.45 | 2.25 |
| $76-199$ | 1.40 | 3.00 |
| $200-499$ | 1.35 | 3.75 |
| 500 -? | 1.25 | 5.00 |

## $\star \star$ FREE PROGRAMS

on any order of 20 or more rapes, you will receive two color computer programs of the above product!
$\star 5$ Screw Shell
$\star$ Error Free Tape
$\star$ Computer Grade
$\star$ Lowest Prices Around

|  | $1-29$ | $30-59$ | $60-?$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| C-10's | $\$ .55$ | $\$ .50$ | $\$ .45$ |
| C-20's | .65 | .60 | .55 |
| C-60's | .80 | .75 | .70 |
| C-90's | .90 | .85 | .80 |
| Cases | .18 | .16 | .15 |
| Shipping | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | BLANK LABELS ADD $3 \$$ EACH



## KISSABLE OS-9

# Genius, Assembly Tips And A Bilingual Benchmark 

Dale Puckett<br>Rainbow Contributing Editor

There's a genius lurking around every corner, at least it seemed that way during the past month.
Dr. Bud Pass, noted 68XX author and owner of Computer Systems Consultants gave us a call with some suggestions for improving Ivan Helmrich's interrupt driven replacement for the CoCo OS-9 RS-232 module. Then, not more than 30 minutes after we returned from a two week vacation in Kansas, Brian Lantz called from Tampa, Fla. Wait till you see what he's been up to. UNIX systems, look out!

Additionally this month we'll pass along some assembly language tips and a mathematical benchmark written in both basic09 and C. That should keep you busy for one month.

[^42]
## "Ser" Improvements

Dr. Pass noted that the new RS-232 module worked, but he thought you would be interested in these improvements. First, he feels the Baud rate constant for 600 Baud needs to be changed to \$DF. To make that change, substitute the new line below for the old:

## Old: B600 SET \$DF <br> New: B600 SET \$D8

A syntax error slipped into the listing that ASM did not catch. You would notice the problem if you tried to run a terminal that requires the $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{ON}$ and X-OFF protocol. Again substitute the New for the Old.

Old: LDA \#\$XONC LDB \# $\$$ XOFFC
New: LDA \#XONC LDB \#XOFFC

In the routine named SLEEP, you should check for the task being killed. Bud added the check by inserting the following code after the call to FSSLEEP.

LDX D.PROC
LDB PSSIGNAL,X
BEQ SLEEP90
CMPB \#SINTRPT
BLS SLERR

## SLEEP90 CLRA

```
LDA PSSTATE,X
BITA \#CONDEM
BNE SLERR
PULS D, X, PC
SLERR LEAS 6,X
COMA
RTS
```

When Helmrich coded the original GETSTA routine, he set it up so that OS-9 would always return a "ready" indicator, whether or not the queue had any characters in it. Bud needed a valid ready indication to work with a terminal program he was getting ready for the market so he added five lines of code to GETSTA. Here's the new version:

```
GETSTA CMPA #l
    BNE BR12
    LDB INCNT,U Check Ready
    BNE BR13
    LDB #$E6 Not Ready
    ORCC #1
    RTS
BR13 CLRB
        RTS
```

Bud also pointed out that operation could be improved by checking to see if a NULL has been received. If so, the checks for the keyboard interrupt, keyboard abort and keyboard pause characters may be bypassed. Insert the following two lines between the first and second line of the routine SRIRQ0.

## TSTA <br> BEQ SRIRQ1

Finally, Bud gave me some information about an undocumented change in some OS-9 serial drivers. He says that if there are characters in an input queue, the carry bit is cleared in response to a GETSTAT call. But, the B-register contains the number of characters in the queue, not zero, as specified in the manuals.

Computer Systems Consultants, 1454 Latta Lane, Conyers, GA 30207 hopes to have released their intelligent terminal program for CoCo OS-9 by the time you read this. I understand it will even give you the ability to reliably upload and download programs from the popular bulletin boards that use the $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ XMODEM protocol. Thanks for the tips, Bud.

## Assembly Language Tips

We have received many letters asking us to give some assembly language tips to beginners. To do this, I cut some pieces out of DynaSpell. We'll look at a routine at a time and see if we can help clear up a few of your questions regarding assembly language programs for OS-9. We assume that you have looked
over the Radio Shack manuals and have a general idea of how the system works. We'll start at the beginning of a program. Fair enough?

```
NAM SPELL
IFP1
USE / D0/DEFS/os9defs
USE/D0/DEFS/li.equates
ENDC
```

TTL An OS-9 Utility to find misspelled words

## prog MOD SPLEND,SPLNAM,PRG RM+OBJCT,REENT+1,SPELL,SPL MEM

USE DPEQUATES
prybuf rmb 32
lkbuf rmb 32
rmb 255 room for stack
SPLMEM equ
SPLNAM FCS / SPELL/
COMFl FCS '/d0/spell/common.dat' mywfl fcs '/d0/spell/MYWORDS. DAT'
DICTF1 FCS '/D0/spell/DICTION ARY.DAT'
shlstr fcs 'shell'
dirstr fec / dir/
fcb \$0D

## USE SPELL.STRINGS EMOD

## SPLEND EQU *

The first line above tells ASM the name of the program. Several lines later, the pseudo operator TTL gives it some more information to print in the header of your listing.

Make special note of the lines that say, IFPl ... ENDC. The IFPl conditional tells ASM to use the lines between it and the ENDC if the assembler is on its first pass. That's why you don't see the "USE / D0/DEFS/OS9DEFS" line in listings that are output from ASM. The actual listing of the program is done during ASM's second pass.

The line with the label PROG is used to tell ASM how to set up the module header in your program. If you read a lot of OS-9 programs you'll notice that the MOD line in all programs is almost the same. Usually, only the name of the program you are reading has been changed. In a nutshell, SPLEND causes ASM to form a double byte equal to the length of the program. It's actually the offset from the beginning of the module to the label SPLEND. Remember, OS9 programs always start at zero.

GRAFPLDT


GRAFPLOT 1.1 includes everything you need to go effortlessly from raw data to professional-quality printed graphsin minutes. engineering applications. Free screenprint for $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{S}$ printers.

* Automaticallv scales and draws graph for best appearance * Full ASCII upper and lbwer case in 4 on-screen labels. * Two fully labeled $Y$-axesh 200 or more data points per a:is. * graphing symbols with untimited overlay of data. * Full function data editing- add, change, delete and sart. * Univereal Bcreanprint Loader-Automatically interfaces ANY screenprint program for non-Radio Shack: printers.
* Graphs and data output to screen, printer, tape or disk.
* Flots user-defined functions: projectians, regressions, etc. * Calculates moving averages (binonial smoothing), cumulative totals and integrals of data or user-defined functions.
* Saves completed graphs for instant reloading.
* Menu driven with complete error trapping and auto-prompting.
* Comprehensive manual w/ tutorials and sample data.
* Disk Onlya display or print directory, kill or rename files. * Many other labor-saving and time-saving features.

GRAFPLOT is ayallable for 16K E.C.E. ( $\$ 35.00$ ) and 32K E.C.B. check or money order to: HAWKEB RESEARCH SERVICES, 1442 Sixth St. Berkeley, CA, 94710. Manual availables, 442 Sixt \$10.00 + shipping, refundable with purchase. Include $\$ 3.00$ shipping on all orders. California residents add salas tax. ****** ATTENTIDN DEALERE!! $60 \%$ DISCOUNTS AVAILAELE !! **

Continuing across the line, SPLNAM forms two bytes holding the offset from the start of the module to the label, SPLNAM. A few single bytes follow that tell OS-9 what type of program it is, i.e., 6809 object code, BASIC09 I-code, etc.

Finally, at the end of the MOD line you'll see the labels SPELL and SPLMEM. SPELL causes ASM to form a double byte that contains the offset from the beginning of the module to the start of the executable code in the module and SPLMEM tells OS-9 how much memory the program needs to run.

Notice that with OS-9 you always use two memory areas when you run a program. One area contains the program, the other the data used by the program. Nothing in the program area can change during execution. That is why all variables must be defined and stored in the data area. The line, "SPLMEM EQU." tells ASM that this is the end of the data area.

Lines containing the USE pseudo operator tell ASM to insert the code contained in the file named in place of the line. USE follows all standard OS-9 rules, i.e., if a filename only is given, it is assumed to be located in the user's current data directory. If a full pathlist is given, it will read the file using that pathlist.

Notice that since the DEFS files are most always located in the DEFS directory on device / D0, you usually need to use a full path list to reach them. The other USE lines in the code above are filenames only, therefore they are read from the current data directory. The source code to DynaSpell contains more than a dozen USE files.

Finally, notice the line containing the EMOD operator. It tells OS-9 that this is the end of the program and automatically generates the modules CRC and inserts it at this point in the object code. Let's look at some more code:
*
*CHARACTER EQUATES
BELL EQU 7
LF EQU \$A
CR EQU \$D
SPACE EQU $\$ 20$
NULL EQU 0
This code is contained in a USE file I called DPEQUATES. The file holds the names and locations of all constants and variables in DynaSpell. This means
that I can go into this one file and edit a single constant instead of editing the same constant everywhere it appears in a program.

After it has read the lines above, ASM will substitute the decimal number 7 every time it sees the word BELL. Likewise, it will put the value 10 decimal or A hexadecimal in the object code everytime it sees the word LF. Moving right along.

## RDICST FDB RDILEN <br> FCB CR,LF,LF

FCC / DynaSpell is looking for your words in its dictionary./

## RDILEN EQU *-RDICST-2

The code above shows you a handy way to define a string using ASM. The label RDICST marks the beginning of a string definition. When printed, it will display the words between the slashes on your terminal. The trick can be found at the label RDILEN. It computes the length of the string by subtracting the location of the beginning of the string and two additional bytes from its location. Notice also that this value is stored by the assembler at the label RDICST by the FDB pseude operator. Okay, you say, but how do we print this string?
pstr pshs a,y
Idy ,x++
lda opath
os9 1 \$writ
lbcs error
puls a,y,pc
This routine does the job. We call it with the 6809's X-register pointing to the location of the length of the string, RDICST in this case. Then, we must push the value of the A-register and Y register on to the stack. We're going to need them later.

This done, we can load the Y-register with the length of the string. We do this by loading it with the value stored at an offset of zero from the X-register. Remember, we entered this routine with the X-register pointing to - or containing - the location of RDICST, the string length.

Notice now that when we loaded the length of the string in the Y -register we also incremented the X -register twice. This means that it is now pointing to the first character in our string. In this case that character is a carriage return.

We now load the OS-9 path number into the A-register and make a call to the operating system with the line, "OS9


Back copies of many issues of THE RAINBOW are still available.

All back issues sell for the single issue cover price. In addition, there is a $\$ 3.50$ charge for the first issue, plus 50 cents for each additional issue, for postage and handling if sent by United Parcel Service and $\$ 6$ for orders sent U.S. Mail. UPS will not deliver to a post office box or to another country. This charge applies whether you want one back issue or all of them.

Issues July 1981 through June 1982 are available on white paper in a reprint form. All others are in regular magazine form. VISA, MasterCard and American Express accepted. Kentucky residents please add 5 percent state sales tax. We do not bill and no C.O.D. orders accepted.

Due to heavy demand, we suggest you order back issues you want now while supplies last.

To order, just fill out the form on the next page and mail it with your payment to:

THE RAINBOW
9529 U.S. Highway 42
P.O. Box 385

Prospect, KY 40059


I\$WRIT. If there is an error, OS-9 will return with the carry set and we go worry about it. Otherwise, we simply return by pulling the values of the two registers we stored and the program counter off the stack. The string will have been printed to the output path named in opath.

How do we get a single character from the standard input path - keyboard? How do we print a single character, a carriage return and line feed or, even a decimal number? Read on.

```
keyin pshs \(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{u}\)
bsr getchr
pshs a
```

puls $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{u}, \mathrm{pc}$
getchr pshs $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$
leax chrbuf,u
Ida \#0 standard input only
ldy \#1
os9 I\$read
lbes error
Ida chrbuf
puls $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{pc}$
First, to get a character we call the routine "keyin." It saves the required 6809 registers on the stack, gets a character from the routine "getchr," puts that character on the stack and returns by pulling all the registers including the program counter. The character is in the 6809's A-register when we return from "keyin."
"Getchr"shows how you set up a routine to get a single character from the standard input path. Remember, most of the time you can equate standard input path with keyboard. When you use the OS9 I\$READ call, the X-register must point to a buffer in memory where you are going to store the character. The A-register must contain the path number.

Remember, the standard input path is always zero. Notice also that I\$READ leaves the character stored at "chrbuf" so we must load it into the A-register before we return.

When you get a chance, check the description of the I\$READ call in the manual - the Blue one - and you'll find that you can read any number of characters at a time. The number is put in the Y-register before the call. "Getchr" is a special case that reads only one character.

You can speed up your programs by reading or writing more than one character at a time. Let's take a look at a routine that puts out a single character.

* routine to output just one
* character to the standard output path
putchr pshs a, x,y
leax chrbuf,u
sta chrbuf
lda opath
ldy \#1
os 9 i\$writ
lbcs error
puls a, x, y,pc
pcrlf lda \#cr
lbsr putchr
lda \#lf
lbra putchr hidden rts
The output routines are almost the direct opposite of the getchr routine. The only difference - they use the OS9 I\$WRIT call instead of I\$READ. "Pcrlf" gives you an easy way to output a carriage return and linefeed to the standard output path. The names of these routines should be familiar to FLEX programmers. Effectively they are OS-9 routines to emulate the equivalent FLEX subroutine calls. Here's a bonus for the month, a routine to put out a decimal number.
* Routine to output a decimal
* number from the d-register
outdec pshs $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{x}$
leax dectab,pcr
$\mathrm{clr},-\mathrm{s}$
clr ,-s
dec 3 clr ,s
dec 2 inc ,s
subd , x
bhs dec2
addd , $\mathrm{x}++$
pshs a,b
lda 2,s
deca
tfr a,b
orb 3 ,s
stb 3,s
beq dec4
adda \#'0
bsr putchr
dec4 puls a,b
tst $1, \mathrm{x}$
bne dec3
leas $2, \mathrm{~s}$
puls a,b,x,pc
dectab fdb $10000,1000,100,10,1,0$
Sometimes you will want to change the status of a device descriptor from within your assembly language program. For example, you may want to turn off the pause feature. Here's one way to do it.


## DSL UTILITY BELT ALL THREE ONLY $\$ 49.95$

SUPER DISK ZAP<br>by G. EGGART FORMAT ANY TRACK COMPLETE MASTER DIRECTORY MODIFY ANY TRACK/SECTOR MULTI DRIVE COMPATABLE<br>COPYBY FILE OR TRACK/SECTOR ....AND MORE.<br>NEW LOW PRICE \$19.95

## COCO SCREEN EDITOR

 by d. PORKKAFULL SCREEN EDITOR FOR THE COCO, GLOBAL EDITOR

OF BASIC PROGRAMS. AUTOMATIC LINE NUMBERING WITH UP TO 30 CHARACTER KEYWORD INPUT. FORWARD AND REVERSE LISTING ABILITY. 16-64K .....AND MORE. $\$ 19.95$

SUPER TAPE/DISK UTILITY by A. HUBBELL
AUTOMATICLLY MOVES TAPE PROGRAMS TO DISK, APPENDS RELOCATIONROUTINE IF NEEDED DISK TO BUFFER/TAPE OPTION SAVE BUFFER TO DISK
\$19.95

## GAMES

trapfall
AIR TRAFFIC
CONTROLLER 28.95 (C)
GRABBER 27.95(C)
WORLDS OF FLIGHT
DEVIL Assault
BUZZARD BAIT
THE KING
DOODLEBUG
DEATH PLANET
ADUENTURE
ROBOTTACK 24.94 (C)
THE FROG $\quad 30.95$ (D) 27.95 (C)
COLORPEDE 29.95 (C)
BIRD ATTACK 21.95 (C)
STELLAR SEARCH 24.95 (C)
STELLAR SEARCH
Airline
27.95 (D)
24.95 (C) 24.95 (C)

STORM
24.95

CASHMAN
OUTHOUSE
AREX 27.95 (C)
27.95 (C)
34.95 (C)

ZAXXON
MOON SHUTTLE
CHOPPER STRIKE
DEMON SEED
39.95 (C)
29.95 (C/D)
27.95 (C)

ELECETRON
WORLD OF
FLIGHT
32.95 (D) 29.95 (C)

BLOC HEAD
HYPER ZONE
26.95 (C)

JUNIORS REVENGE 28.95 (C)
BUMPERS
24.95 (C)

HI - RES ADVENTURES
SHENANIGANS
24.94

CALIXTO ISLAND
BLACK SANCTUM 24.95

TOUCHSTONE
TIME BANDIT 24.95 27.95
27.95

| King tut | 29.95 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SEA quest | 24.95 |
| UTILITIES |  |
| PRINTER SPOOLER 64K | 9.95 |
| COLOR GRAPHIC |  |
| EDITOR | 19.95 (C) |
| SUPER SCREEN | 29.95 (C) |
| GRAPHIC SCREEN PRINT |  |
| EPSON | 9.95 (C) |
| OKIDATA | 9.95 (C) |
| GEMINI | 9.95 (C) |
| PROWRITER | 9.95 (C) |
| LP VII/RS | 7.95(C) |
| EDTASM + | 49.95(R) |
| TAPE DIRECTORY | 14.95 (C) |

## ACCESSORIES

## EPSON RIBBONS <br> 7.49

BLACK, BLUE, RED, BROWN, GREEN GEMINI RIBBONS 2.95 DISK MAILERS
10 PACK
LP VII, DMP100 RIBBONS DISKS
SENTENIAL SS/SD 19.95
SENTENIAL SS/DD 22.95 VERBATIM
GRAND SLAM 64K KIT 16-32K RAM SLAM 2 WAYRS 232 SWITCHER 3 WAYRS 232 SWITCHER
COCO REPLACEMENT KEYBOARD
CASSETTE CABLE
39.00
5.95 64K RAM EMBLEM BOTEK INTERFACE 2.95 FOR EPSON 69.95 HJL-57 KEYBOARD 69.95
79.95 MARK DATA KEYBOARD
.95 34.95
75.00
49.95
29.95
39.95
8.95
4.95
9.95
.95
0

## 96²\$ <br> KTNO T1LIS <br> NIW3O \&OI SNOGgI\& YO甘TG <br> C6. 5 <br> yoto hJva so ano \%o <br>  <br> -NMOHG

甘IVaIMo \&о INIWG9 BHIL yOS SNOGGIE NOTXN GBHOTOD

## APPLICATION

COLOR FINANCE
ELITE CALC ELITE-CALC ELITE-WORD ELITE-FILE VIP WRITER VIP DATABASE VIP SPELLER VIP TERMINAL VIP DISK ZAP SPELL N FIX DISK MAILER TELEWRITER TELEWRITER VIP CALC

TALKING PROGRAMS SPECTRUM VOICE PAK 69.95 TALKING TERM 39.95 COLOR SCORE-EZ 24.95(C/D) FOREIGN LANGUAGE 24.95(C) ULTRA-CONTESTOR 39.95 (C)

## DSL COMPUTER PRODUCTS INC.

313-582-8930<br>P.O. BOX 1176 DEARBORN, MI 48121

Michigan Residents Add 4\% Sales Tax to Order. Pleạe include $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 0 0}$ for S. 8 H.

# !!! FREE 

Permit No
permit No. 357

# Cular Mltra Jontual 

## THIS 'N THAT

The BIG NFWS this month is that OS-9 has finally arrived for the Color Camputer. The ASTOUNDING part of the Radio Shack OS-9 Package, besides the price, is the DDCIMENIATION. You 'Old Time Radio Shack Followers' will not believe what you see. Jon Shirley has been telling us that the main reason for the "lack" of documentation with a iot of their products was the restrictions placed on releasing that information by Microeoft; I

# OS-9 on the COLOR COMPUTER 

# FREE SAMPLE ISSUE 1-800-338 6800 

MON.-FRI. 9-5 E.S.T.

USA- $\$ 12.50$ per year. Canada\& Mexico- $\$ 19.50$ per year Surface Foreign- $\$ \mathbf{2 4} 50$ per year. Airmail Foreign $\mathbf{\$ 4 8} \mathbf{5 0}$ per year

## Culur $\mathfrak{A l t r r a}$ Janurnal ${ }^{-1}$

TM Color Micro Journal is a trademark of Computer Publishing Inc.

* get status packet
* and set -pause and -lf
clra
clrb
leax stapak,u
os9 i\$gstt
lbes error
Ida 7 ,x get pause condition
sta pausav
clr $7, \mathrm{x}$ set no pause
lda $5, x$ get If condition
sta Ifsav
clr $5, x$ set no auto line feeds
clra path number
clrb write status packet
os9 i\$sstt setstat call
lbss error
The routine above uses OS-9's get status call to retrieve the table in memory that holds device descriptor data. You must tell it where to save the information. We put it in a buffer named stapak,u. Once we have the information stored in a buffer we can modify it.

First, we retrieved the pause condition and saved it so that we could restore everything to the same condition when we exit our program. We knew it was located at an offset of seven from the beginning of the table from reading the blue book.

Then, we set the pause location to -pause, or zero, with the "clr 7,x" instruction and did the same with the "lf" location. After storing the condition we wanted in our table we copied that table back into OS-9's table by setting up and issuing the I\$sstt, or set status call.

That takes care of the initial table change. When we leave the program we must put everything back the way it was. Here's the way we did it during a normal exit from the program. Of course, we used a similar routine when we needed to exit because of an error.
done lbsr clrscn clear screen before leaving
leax stapak, u return pause
lda Ifsav and lf to prior
sta $5, x$ condition before exiting
Ida pausav
sta 7,x
clra
clrb
os 9 i\$sstt do it!
lbcs error
clrb report no errors
os9 f\$exit

Have you ever wondered how you can call another program, i.e., start
another OS-9 process from within one of your own assembly language programs? Study this routine.

```
* now do dir
    leax shlstr,per "shell"
    ldy #4 size
    leau dirstr,por "dir"
    lda #l object code
    clrb
    os9 f$fork
    lbcs error
    os9 f$wait
```

The code above sets up a call to a shell that runs the OS-9 dir utility. DIR must be in memory or in your current execution directory when the code runs. The instructions that load the registers show how you tell OS-9's FSFORK what process you want to start. "Leax shlstr, pcr" points to a string in memory that holds the characters: s-h-e-l-1. The eighth bit is set on the last "I". This is how OS-9 knows that it is at the end of the name.

By the same token we point the Uregister to the location of our parameter string - the name of the program we want our new shell to execute. In this case the string contains the letters, $\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{i}-\mathrm{r}$, followed by a carriage return. You can find the actual strings in the first assembly code in this tutorial.

After we make the F\$FORK call we tell DynaSpell to go to sleep and wait for our new shell to die. We do this with the OS9 F\$WAIT call. Here's how it works. When the DIR command is finished the shell that ran it will die and send a signal to OS-9 to wake up the process that called it.

As we wrap up our assembly language tutorial we'll give you three more routines to ponder. Hopefully you'll learn how to check for and handle an end-of-file condition, open a file so you can write information to it and make simple menu selections.
eofchk cmpb \#e\$eof end of file?
lbne error no, go
lda ipath yes, close read file
os9 i\$clos
lbes error
lda opath standard output?
cmpa \#1
beq eofcl yes, go
os9 i\$clos no, close it
lbcs error
Ida \#! and set up for
sta opath standard output
eofel deca and standard input sta ipath
orcc \#1 set carry to indicate puls $x, p c$ exit needed

* Open a file for write
writon clr reflag leax filnam,u open file lda \#read.
os9 iSopen
sta ipath
writl leax temstr, per now open "temp"
ldd \#write.*256+updat.+pread.+
pwrit.
os9 i\$crea
bcs wtemchk
sta opath
* A small segment from a menu selection
* decision tree
chkff cmpa \#'f want formatted read? bne chku no, is character a "u" lbsr reasty yes, do formatted read lbra query and go back to main menu
chku cmpa \#'u want to use another dictionary?
bne chko no, see if want to quit
lbsr use yes, go to it
lbra query and return to main menu chko cmpa \#'o want to go back to operating system?
bne chkfb no, want to save accepted words?
lbra done back to OS-9 yes, go back chkfb cmpa \#'b build new dictionary list bne chkfw
lbsr savwrd
lbra query and the beat goes on


## More Benchmarks

The following procedures show you the similarity between a BASIC09 program and a C program. They also show you the speed difference between two programs running on the same machine.

Since BASIC09 is interactive it is a handy tool to use to develop an algorithm. Once the program flows smoothly, you can recode it in C and pick up the speed, etc.

The routines came from Tim Grovac who rewrote them from a Byte magazịne published last year. First, let's look at the run times. The BASIC09 procedure below takes 86 seconds to run on a Color Computer, 39 seconds on a GIMIX Level II system running at two megahertz. The C code executed in 33 seconds on my Color Computer. It took only 15 seconds on the GIMIX.

How do we stack up to the $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ crowd? When Tim ran the same procedure on a four megahertz Compustar


Because of the immense popularity of Simulations and the superior quality of the programs submitted in last year's competition, THE RAINBOW has announced plans for the Second Annual Simulation Contest.

Last year, our contest judges relived the Civil War, traveled to the moon, to Mars and beyond, went bankrupt running a restaurant, made a million bucks as a manufacturer, survived a flood, lobbied for bills in Congress, assumed responsibility for mid-air collisions as an air-traffic controller, drowned while learning to sail, experienced the thrill of victory in the seventh game of baseball's World Series, and made it big with our own software business (Many of the entries in the 1983 contest are featured in a book on Simulations, which THE RAINBOW plans to publish in early fall.)

We're looking for an even greater variety of situations this year and expecting to see great improvements in graphics presentations because of the advancements in programming tools and knowledge since the first contest.

Many of THE RAINBOW's generous advertisers will be donating some exciting prizes as they did last year (and in our recent Adventure contest) when our winners carted off Radio Shack disk drives, an Epson prịnter, and dozens of other prizes that included a wide variety of peripherals and high quality software. Among those companies donating prizes:

## Cancoco Software CoCo Indx Cognitec

Color Connection Software D. P. Johnson

DSL Computer Products
Dugger's Growing Systems
E.D.C. Industries

Elite Software
Emerald Computer Services

EVS Engineering<br>Great Plains Computer Company, Inc. Hawkes Research Services<br>Kage Engineering<br>Lloyd I/O<br>Mark Data Products<br>Merrick \& Co.<br>Metro Electronics<br>Tom Mix Software<br>REM Industries

## Robotic Microsystems SOFTECH Sonburst Software Speech Systems Sugar Software Syntactics Vidtron Wasatchware York-10

Contest submissions must be on tape or disk and it is best to make several saves, at least one of them in ASCII format. We really do not have the time to key in programs, obviously. All entries should be supported by some editorial commentary, explaining how the program works and loads. Please do not submit entries that are currently submitted to another publication.

Your entry must be received by THE RAINBOW no later than September 1, 1984, to be eligible for the competition.

This promises to be the THE RAINBOW's most exciting contest yet, and, as usual, the winning entries will be published when we announce the results in an upcoming issue.

Z80 CPU it took 33 seconds. The same machine ran a JRT PASCAL version in 131 seconds. There's something you can talk about at your next computer club meeting. Here is the code:

PROCEDURE benchmark
0000 (* A short Math Benchmark routine *)
0024 DIM x,j,k: INTEGER
0033 FOR $\mathrm{x}=1$ TO 10000
$0044 \mathrm{j}=240$
004B $\mathrm{k}=15$
$0052 \mathrm{j}=\mathrm{k}^{*}(\mathrm{j} / \mathrm{k})$
$0062 \quad \mathrm{j}=\mathrm{k} *(\mathrm{j} / \mathrm{k})$
$0072 \quad \mathrm{j}=\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+$ $\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}$
00B6 j=j-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k-k
00FA NEXT $x$
0105 END

And, in C.
/* Math Benchmark routine in "C" */ int $j, k, i ;$
main()
(
for $(i=1 ; i<10000 ; i++)\}$
$j=240$;
$\mathrm{k}=15$;
$\mathrm{j}=\mathrm{k} *(\mathrm{j} / \mathrm{k})$;
$\mathrm{j}=\mathrm{k}^{*}(\mathrm{j} / \mathrm{k})$;
$\mathrm{j}=\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+$ $\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{k}$;
$\mathrm{k}=\mathrm{j}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{k}$; \}
\}

## NineCom Update

Here's an update on NineCom. Ken tells me that this program is designed to run on the new deluxe Color Computer that should be in your local Radio Shack by the time you read this column. Reportedly, the new CoCo has a 6551 ACIA port built in and NineCom uses it. Nine Com will not run on the original RS-232 port. The drivers for the new ACIA port will be in a new release of OS-9 to hit the stands soon.

## UNIX Look Out!

We've saved the best for last. We mentioned at the beginning of this column that Brian Lantz was a genius. Now, we'll prove it. First, his strategy.

Brian examined all the OS-9 toolkits that had been released earlier in the year. Then, he checked the list of standard UNIX utilities. He decided that there was really no need to reinvent the wheel so he struck out to break new
ground and fill the gap between utilities available on UNIX and OS-9.

In the past several months he has moved us 36 utilities closer. Ken Kaplan should put him on the payroll. About a dozen of the utilities will be marketed by Paul Searby at Computerware. The remainder will be added to the FHL lineup soon.

We won't be able to go into a lot of detail this month because we're still testing and we're out of space, but in a nutshell, Brian's programs all obey the UNIX conventions. Each one of his OS9 utilities uses the same command line and does the same thing as its UNIX equivalent. He did them in assembly language so they are also an order of magnitude shorter than the UNIX versions which are written in C.

These tools recognize the meta characters and regular expressions we wrote about the toolkit from Microware. In fact, Brian has added a utility called META that preprocesses meta characters for commands that don't recognize them. For example, you use these command lines:

> OS9: meta del test*<ENTER $>$ OS9: meta list $/ \mathrm{d} 0 /$ LISTINGS/e* <ENTER>

If you type meta <ENTER> you enter a meta shell.

Here's a listing of some of the others. We'll try to add more details and a review in a future column.

AT set up a procedure file AT a future date and time
ATRUN run a procedure file set up by AT
CAL print a calendar of any year
CAT copy input from stdin, concatenate it to stdout

## CHECK

MAIL tells you when you have mail
CHMOD changes attributes of file or directory
CHOWN changes ownership of a file COMM compares two files CONFER
ENCE stdin goes to selected users on line
CRON run tasks periodically
CRYPT encrypt standard input to standard output
DU check usage of disk space
ERROR list error message
EXPAND add input from stdin to a "pathname"

FGREP Fast Grep to find strings in a file
FINGER find information about users on line
HEAD print first few lines of file LOGIN similar to Microware's, checks for mail
LOWER convert UPPER case letters to lower
LS Lists filenames, accepts meta characters
MAIL Send and receive mail from user to user
MAN On line system manual
META expands meta characters from command line
MV moves file
PACK compresses spaces in file
PASSWD change and encrypt login password
PR format stdin to standard output
QSORT quick sort, requests memory when needed
RPL replaces one string with another
SND output tone on CoCo speaker
SOUND same as SND
SU Switch Users without LOGIN
TAIL display last NUM lines of a file
TEE UNIX equivalent, overwrites existing file
TIME execute and time a command
TR substitute, compress and delete characters
TTY Display name of standard input device
UDATE display current date and time, UNIX format
UNIQ reduce multiple, consecutive lines to one unique line
UNPACK puts spaces PACKed back in
UPPER converts lower case letters to UPPER case
UPS Repeatedly process a command
VIS
VOICE adds system call for SOUND
WALL write file to all users on system
word count utility
WHO tells who is on system and where they are logged on
WRITE write message to a specific user

Give us your best: Join the ranks of these courageous CoCoists in showing the Color Computer world your high score at your favorite micro-diversion. We want to put your best effort on record in The rainbow's Scoreboard column. All entries must be received by the first of the month to be eligible for the following month's Scoreboard. They must include your full name, address, game title, company name and, of course, your high score. Each individual is limited to three score entries per month. Send your entries to Scoreboard, c/o THE RAINBOW.

* New Number One
- Last Month's Number One




## 



KEYS OF THE WIZARD（Spectral Associates）
662 tSusan Ballinger，Uxbridge，Ontario
＊Pusan Ballinger，Uxbrid
\＄Pegi Tindle，Soquel，CA
太Ellen Ballinger，Uxbridge，Ontario THE KING（Tom Mix）
$1,0,000,100$＊Mark Smith，Santa Ana，CA
4，040，300 Andy Truesdale，Ferguson，MO
3，343，000 Corey Friedman，Minnetonka，MN
2，410，200 Candy Harden，Birmingham，AL
2，367，900 Richard Lacharite，Sherbrooke， Quebec
198， 100
Simon Dickson，Bangor，N．Ireland
Blossom Mayor，E．Greenbush，NY
1，245，821（Radio Shack）
1，245，821＊John Sandberg，Concord，CA
1，182，685 David L．Ferris，Shickshinny，PA
770，521 Ellen Ballinger，Uxbridge，Ontario
KRON（Oregon Color Computers）
224，080＊Steve \＆Scott Schneider，OR

36,980 tTony Cummings，Abington，MA
LANCER（Spectral Associates）
$2,797,450$＊Randall Edwards，Dunlap，KS
2，354，000 Alex State，Las Vegas，NV
875，150 Larry Capen，Folsom，CA
736，250 Sharon Casten，Folsom，CA
617，500 Donna Willoughby，Brookfield，IL
LASERWORM \＆FIREFLY（THE RAINBOW）
94，748＊Brian Chafin，Weyers Cave，VA
54，672 Michael Rosenberg，Prestonsburg，KY
43，420 Eric Morrell，Sayreville，PA
37，250 Rene Belisle，Montreal，Quebec
29,872 Theodore Latham Jr．，Rich Square，NC
LUNAR ROVER PATROL（Spectral Associates）
162，100＊Sara Aliff，Northeast，MD
154，650 Tom Aliff Jr．，Northeast，MD
98,500 Ima Wong，Williamstown，W
66，900 Wayne Johansen，Rocanville， Saskatchewan
66，850 Randall Edwards，Dunlap，KS
44，100 Jefferson Hatch，West Chester，PA
MADNESS \＆THE MINOTAUR（Radio Shack）
MARATHON（THE RAINBOW）
101，520＊David Dean，West Mansfield，OH 71，550 Larry Evans，Elk Grove Village，IL
55，110 Michael Rhattigan，Cory，NC
EEGA－BUG（Radio Shack）
60，000＊Robin Worthem，Milwaukee，W
18，902 John Tiffany，Washington，DC
15，999 Ed Mitchell，Ragged Mountain，CO
14，297 Aleisha Hemphill，Los Angeles，CA 11，894 Paschal Wilson，Kentwood，LA 5，493 Brian Chafin，Weyers Cave，VA
MEGAPEDE（Computerware）
72，937 大Joe Sannucci，Elizabeth，NJ
METEORS（Spectral Associates）
26，580＊Kevin Endlich，Perry Hall，MD 14，200 Craig Dutton，Goose Bay，Labrado MONSTER MAZE（Radio Shack）

650，530＊Bruce March，Barrie，Ontario
533，450 John Hankerd，Gaines，MI
495，850 Andrew Mitchell，Melbourne，Australia
300，000 James Stevenson，Marshall，TX
MOON SHUTTLE（Datasoft）
113，642＊Rod Moore，Fork Union，VA
MR．DIG（Computerware）
223．600 末Tommy Wald，Minneapolis，MN
207，800 Phillip Laurell，Lansing，M1
40，350 Barney A．Sadler，Northwood，ND
．GOBBLER（Spectral Associates）
156.000 （MichTron）

156，800＊Glenn Wasson，Castleton，NY
$147,400 \quad$ Chris Hafey，Auburn，CA
124，400 Bernd Pruetting，Schelbenhardt， West German
18,500 Steve Springer，Louisville，KY
NINJA WARRIOR（Programmer＇s Guild）
106，300 \＆Bud Seibel，Tumbler Ridge， British Columbia

102,400
75，300
46，400

## 46,400 36,800

## AC－ATTAC

214，210
189，350＊Ray Boyko，Whitby，Ontario
56.014 Scott Kubota，Whitby，Ontario

Sisa Welte，Baxter，TN
$\begin{array}{r}\text { 30，＇EM } \\ \hline\end{array}$
PAC＇EM Jeff Weaver，Gordonville，PA
1，934＊Dr，James Peterson，Radcliff，KY Steve Olson，Calgary，Alberta 1，572 Kenneth Bergenham，Aloerta 1.556 Rupert Young，Sheffield，MA，

669 Jeff Loeb，Mobile，AL
Susan Ballinger，Uxbridge，Ontario PAC－TAC（Tom Mix）
129，770＊Andrew Lehtola，Mound，MN
100，630 David Dean，West Mansfield，OH
61，025 John Tyson，Superior，WI
PHANTOM SLAYER（Mod Systems Software）
2，668＊Michael Brooks，Glade Spring VA
2，488 Troy Messer，Joplin，MO
1，852 Curtis Boyle，Saskatoon， Saskatchewan
1，306 Marc Hassler，Gainesville，FL
1，126 Gille Giroux，North Bay，Ontario
1， 858
PINBALL
2，800，090 tGlen Ewing，Brooklin，Ontario PIPELINE（THE RAINBOW）

1，110＊Roger Buzard，Lima， OH
1，062 Kent Prehn，Carol Stream，IL
1.030 Anita Howe，Jackson，NJ Johnny Fritsch，Whitehall，PA Bill Fritsch，Whitehall，PA
PLANET INVASION（Spectral Associates）
177，900＊Russ Rosen，Cardiff，CA
POLARIS（Radio Shack）
63，053 大Paschal Wilson，Kentwood，LA
POOYAN（Datasoft）
890，850＊Jerry Morgan，Independence，MO
480，450 Bernd Pruetting，Scheibenhardt， West Germany
279，450 Chip Lilley，Finleyville，PA
273，450 Davey Devlin，Clyde，NC
249，900 Erika Oldale，Athabasca，Alberta
220,950 Daniel Belisle，Montreal，Quebec
216，200 Templar Beaton，Coleman，Alberta
167.150 Fred Thompson，Saugus，MA

98，000 Andy Dater，Medford，OR
POPCORN（Radio Shack）
43，970 大Jeff Weaver，Gordonville，PA
39，470 Nicole Freedman，Wellesley，MA
36,210 Brad Gray，Olive Branch，MS
33,910 Wendy Weinschenk，Wickenburg，AZ
32,000 Lisa Welte，Baxter，TN
12,000 Brian Chafin，Weyers Cave，VA
PROJECT NEBULA（Radio Shack）
1,120 ＊John Hopkins，Greenville，SC
1，065 William Daley，Biloxi，MS
1，065 Dan Heater，Cortland， OH Dan Bovey，Wheaton，IL lan Clark，Albion，MI
PYRAMID（Radio Shack）
220／147＊Ssg．Danial Plerce，APO San Francisco，CA
220／224 Tony \＆Hazel Rye，Ingleside，Ontario
220／236 Pat McWhinney，Key Largo，FL
220／289 Douglas G．Oxenreider， Douglas G．Oxenreid
Morome Giba，MN Jerome Galba Jr．，Rochester，M
200 Dale Roman，Bellaire，OH
Q－NERD（THE RAINBOW）
27，800＊Richard King，Houston，TX Richard King，Houston，TX
Theodore Latham Jr．，Rich Square，NC Jeff Loeb，Mobile，AL
2，380（Radio Shack）
40 大David Joyner，Raleigh，NC
RAINBOW ROACH（THE RAINBOW）
124，800 tcheryl Endlich，Perry Hall，MD
113.500 Andrew Smith，Columbia，SC

102，000 John Statham，Strathroy，Ontario
69，600 Bill Grubbs，Columbus，IN
Catherine Collingwood，Greenville，SC
REACTOIDS（Radio Shack）
931，395 KLinda Mobbs，Pt．Huron，MI
203，800 Andrew Lehtola，Mound，MN
88，615 Robbie Anderson，Monrovia．CA 41，100 Jeff Loeb，Mobile，AL
RETURN OF THE JET－I（ThunderVision）
372，782＊Roger Buzard，Lima，OH
148，112 Matt Griffiths，Stilwell，KS
ROBOTTACK（Intrecolor）
2，216，950 JRandy Hankins．Tabor，IA
2，216，950 Kandy Hankins，Tabor，IA
$\begin{array}{ll}1,922,200 & \text { Erik Merz，Noblesvile，IN } \\ 1,512,200 & \text { Robert Kiser，Monticello，MS }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}1,512,200 & \text { Robert Kiser，Monticello，MS } \\ 1,424,300 & \text { John Osborne，Kincardine，Ontario }\end{array}$
1，219，810 Steve Skrzyniarz，Tacoma，WA
SANDS OF EGYPT（Radio Shack）
＊Shawn Hobbs，Hutchinson，KS
＊John Allocca，Yonkers，NY
Kim Van Camp，State Center，IA
Sean Haynes，Naples，ME
CARFMAN（Gornsoft）
412，050 KMichael Cerami，Springfield，VA
253，920 Scott Boulanger，Columbus，OH
SEA DRAGON（Adventure international）
430，200＊David Lazar，Englishtown，NJ
137，500 Peter Niessen，Carlisle，MA
60，430 Steve Schweitzer，Sewell，NJ
56，760 Alan Morris，Chicopee，MA
SEA QUEST（Mark Data）
140 tShawn Hobbs，Hutchinson，KS
230 Casey Stein，Binghamton，NY
SHARK TREASURE（Computerware）
245,000 tManon Bertrand，Hauterive，Quebec
175，000 Maurice Boyle，Saskatoon， Saskatchewan
SHOOTING GALLERY（Radio Shack）
120,640 ＊Robert J．Wallace，Waldorf，MD
59，520 Vernell Peterson，Radcliff，KY
44，870 Mark Nichols，Birsay，Saskatchewan
$44,480 \quad$ R．Duguay，St．Bruno，Quebec
31，340 Martin Peterson，Lynchburg，VA
SKIING（Radio Shack）
12.08 K Kelly Kerr，Wentzville，MO
13.73 Janell Stroshane，Ashland，WI
21.35 Jean－Claude Taliana，Brossard Canada
Andrew Truesdale，Ferguson，MO
$\begin{array}{ll}29.52 & \text { Andrew Truesdale，Ferguson，} \\ 44.02 & \text { Brad Gaucher，Hinton，Alberta }\end{array}$
SLAY THE NEREIS（Radlo Shack）
328，521 tEdward Meyer，Vancouver British Columbia
SNAIL＇S REVENGE（THE RAINBOW）
34，860＊Michael Rosenburg，Prestonsburg，KY
11，380 Varunee Turner，Kamloops， British Columbia
9，230 Jose Cacho，Fi．Knox，KY
6，880 Rupert Young，Sheffield，MA
6，150 Alan Sadler，Northwood，ND
SOLO POKER（Radio Shack）
910 ＊Carol D．Fitzgerald，Moscow，ID
850 Granville Bonyata，Tallahasse，FL
SPACE ASSAULT（Radio Shack）
1，632，450＊Walter Brokx，Granisle British Columbia
537，200 Martin Careau，Quebec City，Quebec
358，660 Mike Snelgrove，Oshawa，Ontario
354，860 Bruce Madariaga，College Park，MD
238，580 John Cole，King City，Ontario
SPACE INVADERS（Spectra／Associates）
$4,862,040$ \＆F．U．Ingham，Clyde，WI
$36,960 \quad$ Sean Dutton，Goose Bay，Labrador
$\begin{array}{ll}36,960 & \text { Sean Dutton，Goose Bay，La } \\ 12,760 & \text { John McJilton，Houston，TX }\end{array}$
SPACE RACE（Spectral Associates）
60，125＊Mark Nelson，Kent，WA
37，600 Michael Rosenberg，Prestonsburg，KY

| SPACE SHUTTLE（TOM Mix） |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 595 | 丈Steve Schweitzer，Sewell，NJ |
| 585 | Kenton Fifield，Fort Francis，Ontario |
| 585 | Randall F．Edwards，Dunlap，KS |
| 576 | David J．Banks，Greendale， British Columbia |
| 575 | Fred Weissman，Brookline，MA |
| SPACE WAR（Spectral Associates） |  |
| 400，190 | ＊Mark Felps，Bediord，TX |
| 365，550 | Randail Edwards，Dunlap，KS |
| 116，000 | Peter Niessen，Carlisle，MA |
| 52，380 | Jim Baker，Florissant，MO |
| 15，420 | Mark Nelson，Kent，WA |
| SR－71（Tom Mix） |  |
| 4，443 | ＊Jay Johnson，Puyallup，WA |
| 2，570 | Dominique Hall，Williamstown，WV |
| STARBLAZE（Radio Shack） |  |
| 10，000 | tDan Burner，Fowler，IL |
| 9，050 | Judith Simon，Warrendale，PA |
| 8，000 | Lee Van Dyke，Lansing，MI |
| 7，350 | James Hawerbier，Elmhurst，IL |
| 6，850 | Jonathan Judge，Oconto，WI |
| STAR TREK（Adventure International） |  |
| 95 | ＊Granvilie Bonyala，Tallahassee，FL |
| 94 | John Brackett，Chicago，IL |
| STORM ARROWS（Spectral Associates） |  |
| 168，000 | ＊Steven Ohsie，Deer Park，TX |
| 136，650 | Brian Specht，Rochester，NY |
| 68，400 | Jim Irvine，Sudbury，Ontario |
| TIME BANDIT（MichTron） |  |
| 243，620 | tMark Wooge，Omaha，NE |
| 129，240 | －Brian Larrson，Fridley，MN |
| 110，220 | Sally Naumann，Hailey，1D |
| 106，720 | Glen Heidebrecht，Topeka，KS |
| 66，700 | Fred Naumann，Hailey，ID |
| 21，570 | Andy Van Dijk，Barrie，Ontario |
| 15，340 | Rosa Maria Paparis，Williamsburg，VA |
| 8，640 | Demetra Palantzas，Williamsburg，VA |


| TRAILIN＇TAIL（THE RAINBOW） |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 76，275 | tMichael Rosenberg，Prestonsburg，KY |
| 33，454 | Kenneth Bergenham，Lawton，MI |
| 26，640 | Dr．James Peterson，Radcliff，KY |
| 24，415 | Kentong Fifield，Fort Frances，Ontario |
| TRAPFALL（Tom Mix） |  |
| 114，322 | ＊David Joyner，Raleigh，NC |
| 113，408 | －Rich Trawick，N．Adams，MI |
| 112，596 | Kanti Dinda，Kingston，Ontario |
| 112，404 | Russ Rosen，Cardiff，CA |
| 106，620 | Simon Dickson，Bangor，N．Ireland |
| 106，296 | Brennan Baybeck，Traverse City，MI |
| 104，456 | Robert Cattral，Ottawa，Ontario |
| 104，368 | John Osborne，Kincardine，Ontario |
| TRIPLE YAHTZEE（Software Factory） |  |
| 2，319 | ＊Betty Gable，Poulsbo，WA |
| TUBE FRENZY（Aardvark） |  |
| 544，560 | 太Perry Denton，New Baden，IL |
| 240，060 | Randall Edwards，Dunlap，KS |
| 230，000 | Ken Felix，Crystal Lake，IL |
| 101，650 | Lloyd Albertson，Williams Lake， British Columbia |
| TUT＇S TOMB（Mark Data） |  |
| 158，000 | ＊Chris Russo，Miami，FL |
| 106，460 | Eileen Kaakee，Royal Oak，M1 |
| 104，360 | Gary Marshall，Layton，UT |
| 98，600 | George Kaakee，Royal Oak，MI |
| 84，420 | Oliver Banta，Lincoln，NE |
| 84，320 | Mickey McCafferty，Oceanside，CA |
| 82，000 | Allen Bitano |
| 78，280 | Richard Shelton，Bakersfield，CA |
| 71，160 | Paul Rumrill，Gales Ferry，CT |
| 41，060 | Guy Silliman，High Bridge， NJ |
| VENTURER（Aardvark） |  |
| 6，718，200 | ＊Kyle Keller，Overland Park，KS |
| 4，126，200 | Greg Scott，Orlando，FL |
| 2，657，350 | Brian Panepinto，Spencerport，NY |
| 2，291，100 | Mike Sitzer，Roslyn，NY |
| 1，769，400 | Todd Hauschildt，Red Wing，MN |

WACKY FOOD（Arcade Animation）
105，100＋Stephane Asselin，Hauterive，Quebec WHIRLYBIRD RUN（Spectral Associates）

516,450 大Dan Shargel，Arroyo Grande，CA
283，100 Nathan Russell，Minco，OK
157，000 Hughens Bien－Aime，Montreal，
103,900 Dann Fabian，Crestview，FL
98，400 Dave Lubnow，Sussex，NJ
91，850 David Joyner，Raleigh，NC
64，000 Russ Rosen，Cardiff，CA
WILDCATTING（Radio Shack）
110，579 Nicholas Siclari，Staten Island，NY 63，723 Michael Rosenberg，Prestonsburg，KY
48，682 David Rodgers，Carbondale，IL
38，318 Ellen Ballinger，Uxbridge，Ontario 34，828 Kerri Dutton，Goose Bay，Labrado
ZAKSUND（Elite Software）
1，256，000＊Robert Conyer，Willingboro，NJ
$1,256,000 \quad$ KRobert Conyer，Willingboro，NJ
$1,128,050 \quad$ Richard Minton，West Frankfort，IL
1，008，050 Richard Minton，West Frankfort，IL
950500 Michael Rothman，Golon，OH
950,500 Michael Rothman，Solon，OH
910,000 Steve Schweitzer，Sewell，NJ
ZAXXON（Datasoft）
1．510，000 JJames Quadrella，Brooklyn，NY
401，900 Mike Hughey，King George，VA
$370,400 \quad$ Chris Coyle，Selden，NY
260,600 Roger Buzard，Lima， OH
235，200 Rich McGervey，Morgantown，wV
140，200 Matthew Connoly，Merrick，NY
116，100 Billy Connoly，Merrick，NY
115，500 Michael Cerami，Springfield，VA
113，900 Paut Elchlepp，U．S．S．Enterprise
104，600 Jimmy Connoly，Merrick，NY
ZEUS（Aardvark）
89，100 大Mike Schwartz，Otsego，MI
69，900 Kevin Schwartz，Otsego，MI
62，800 Brian Schwartz，Otsego，MI

## SCOREBOARD POINTERS

In conjunction with THERAINBOW＇s Scoreboard，we offer this column of pointers for our game－playing readers＇benefit．If you have some interest－ ing hints and tips，we encourage you to share them by sending them to the Scoreboard，c／o the rainbow．

## HISTORY LESSON

## Scoreboard：

Lately it seems that there are more and more letters printed concerning the game Pyramid．I，too，have reached the 220 mark in this game and 1 think that 1 know a few things that your readers might find interest－ ing．No，not more hints；this time let＇s talk about history．
The game Pyramid is taken almost word for word from the original Adventure game called，appropriately enough，Adventure． Adventure was written by Will Crowther and Don Woods in fortran and placed into the public domain in 1975．The game spread to many universities through ARPA－ net，one of the first computer networks．It became so popular and was taking up so much time on some university computers that it was banned or restricted．

Since then，scores of versions of the origi－ nal have appeared in many different lan－
guages and for many different computers． Pyramid only contains about half of the rooms of the original（which takes approxi－ mately 48 K ），but it still incorporates most of the game＇s toughest puzzles（with the sad exception of the friendly bear）．

CoCo users who have enjoyed Pyramid might want to check with users groups for a complete version of Adventure．Those with 64 K and $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ can get a copy from The Software Toolworks，from whom 1 got much of this information．

Steve Hicks
Raleigh，NC

## Scoreboard：

1 am having a little trouble on the Adven－ ture game Pyramid．I can only get the fol－ lowing treasures：an emerald，a jewel－en－ crusted key，a gold nugget，a few diamonds， a few silver bars，precious jewelry and a nest full of golden eggs for a total of 160 points．If
anyone has any hints or clues on finding the rest of the treasures or how to open the sarcophagus，please send them to me at 55 Joanne Road， 02072.

Scott Nelson
Stoughton，MA

## Scoreboard：

1 have scored 220 in 236 turns in Pyramid by Radio Shack and Ithought I would send in a hint．If you carry two treasures and let the mummy take them，you can carry many treasures after that，which lessens your trips back to the entrance．When you find the chest in the maze，the other two treasures will be there．

I need some help in draining the pool in Sands of Egypt．If you can help，write me at 809 S．Emerald Dr．， 33037.

Pat McWhinney
Key Largo，FL


## DON'T GET BURNED

## THE COLOR BURNER FROM GREEN MOUNTAIN MICRO

ately I ve been hearing that you want to program erasable read-only memories (EPROMs). It seems you want to create your own program cartridges, or make changes to your Basic ROMs, or turn your CoCo into some different animal.

The problem is, most EPROM programmers cost over $\$ 100$, and $\$ 100$ is big dues to pay. You want to burn EPROMs, not get burned in price - or quality.

So, I've put together the Color Burner, an EPROM programmer that will burn all the " 27 " family - $2716,2732,2764$, 27128. Yes, it will also burn 68764 replácements for your Basic ROMs and, no, it won't break your budget.

Although my Color Burner doesn't cost a whole lot, you won't get burned over quality. I don't cut corners in hardware. I use the best fiberglass boards, with gold edges, protective solder masking and silk-screened legends. Before I send you a Color Burner, I test it by actually programming an EPROM.

So how can it be good if it's so inexpensive? First of all, you can only get a Color Burner from Green Mountain Micro No dealers are adding to its price. Second, it isn't fancy. No high-tech power supplies are in.sight. You've got to add three homely, low-tech 9-volt batteries to get it
going. Finally, it won't set new standards of complexity. It's simple, hardworking and reliable.

You can get your Color Burner complete or a la carte: try an assembled and tested uṇit, a kit, or just a bare board. Order it with or without programming software. Both kits and assembled units come with over 40 pages of documentation, complete program listings, and schematics. Nothing is hidden

You'll burn those EPROMs, you won't get burned, and my technical support staff will keep you from getting burned up if you have a question or need help.

## You Won't Get Burned with The Color Burner

- Assembled/tested with software, $\$ 69.95$
- Assembled/tested only, $\$ 64.95$
- Complete kit with software, 856.95 .
- Complete kit only, $\$ 49.95$.
- Board/documentation with software, $\$ 30$
- Board/documentation, \$23
- Bare board only, $\$ 20$
- ColorPack 8/16K ROM/RAM cartridge kit, $\$ 19.95$.
- 2716 and 2732 EPROMs available


## Specifications:

Programs $24 / 28$-pin EPROMs, providing $21 / 25$-volt programming pulses under software control. Includes unwired personality module. Requires three 9 -volt bateries (not included). Tape software supports 2716 through 27128 and 68764/66 EPROM families, and requires $32 / 64 \mathrm{~K}$ Extended Color Basic.


ALSO AVAILABLE FROM GREEN MOUNTAIN MICRO

Lowerkit II*, \$79.95/849.95 kit
64K Color memory upgrade kit, $\$ 49.95$
MC-10 added 4 K upgrade kit, $\$ 19.95$
CoCoPort interface, $\$ 49.95 / \$ 39.95$ kit
RAM/ROM pack, $\$ 29.95 / \$ 19.95 \mathrm{kit}$
Scroll-A-Roll software video text display, \$24.95
TV Buff II * improved to handle virtually all monitors, $\$ 14.95$

Color Quaver, Software Music
Synthesizer, \$19.95
(Add $\$ 2.50$ shipping and bandling)
*Specify Color Computer or CoCo II
The Micro Language Lab Presents "Learning the 6809"

- Authored by TRS-80® Color Computer columnist Dennis Bathory Kitsz
- 24 half-hour lessons on twelve cassettes
- 236 pages of text and complete dox for all the smart chips, including 6809E, 6821, 6847, and 6883
- 35 sample programs ready to load, list. and run
- 1,500 programmed question and answer system
- Learn not only how to put a dot on a screen, but also where and why.
$\$ 99.00$ (plus $\$ 3.50$ shipping and handling). Dealer and club inquiries invited.
Not sure? Request our sample page and table of contents.



## Green Mountain Micro

Bathory Road, Box R
Roxbury, Vermont 05669
802-485-6112
Hourr: 9am-5pm, Monday-Friday CODDIISA/MASTERCARD
TRS-80 is a trademark of 'andy Corporation

# THESE FINE STORES CARRY THE RAINBOW 

The retail stores listed below carry THE RAINBOW on a regular basis and may have other products of interest to Color Computer users. We suggest you patronize those in your area.

| ALABAMA |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Birmingham | Jefferson News Co. |
| Florence | Anderson News Co. |
| Gardendale | The Fine Line |
| Huntsville | Endicott Software |
| Madison | Madison Books |
| Montgomery | Trade 'N' Books |
| ALASKA |  |
| Fairbanks | Electronic World |
| ARIZONA |  |
| Glendale | Road Runner Computer Products |
| Mesa | Persorial Computer Place Software Center |
| Phoenix | Home Brew Computers |
|  | The Computer Shop |
|  | Tri-Teck Computers |
| Scottsdale | Data Concepts |
|  | Softwareland Corp. |
| Tempe | All Systems Go |
|  | Books Etc. |
|  | Computer Liflorary |
| Tucson | Anderson News Co. |
| Yuma | Soft Shop |
| ARKANSAS |  |
| Little Rock | Anderson News Co. |
| CALIFORNIA |  |
| Atwater | Electrobrain |
| Citrus Heights | Software Plus |
| Downey | The Floppi Disk |
| El Cajon | Radio Shack |
| Exton | Software City |
| Fortuna | R\&V Sound |
| Gretna | The Computer Supply Store |
| Half Moon Bay | Strawflower Electronics |
| Hesperia | Dessert Sound, Inc. |
| Hollywood | Levity Distributors |
| Livermore | Software Galeria |
| Lompoc | L\&H Electronics Emporium |
| Los Angeles | OPAMP Technical Books |
| Modesto | Software Mart |
| National City | JARB Software |
|  | Willy's Electronics |
| Pacific Beach | Pro Am Electronics |
| Palo Alto | Printers, Inc. |
| Sacramento | Softwaire Center |
|  | Tower Magazine |
| San Diego | Computer Dimension |
|  | The Computer Store |
|  | Cost Plus Soflware |
|  | Dimensional Software |
|  | Disnoy's Electronics |
|  | Radio Shack |
| San Francisco | News On 24 |
| Santa Roso | Software 1st |
| Southgate | Color Computing |
| Stockton | Hardings Way News |
| Sunnyvale | Computer Literacy |
| Tomance | Softwaire Centre Int. |
| COLORADO |  |
| Aurora | Aurora Newsland |
| Colorado |  |
| Springs | Hathaway's Magazines |
| Westminster | Software City |
| CONNECTICUT |  |
| Danbury | Computer Serv. of Danbury |
| Hartford | The Aetna Life Club Store |
| Monroe | Mackey's |
| Orange | Software City |
| DELAWARE |  |
| Wilmington | Normar, Inc.-The Smoke Shop |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA |  |
|  | The Program Store |
| FLORIDA |  |
| Clearwater | The Avid Reader |
|  | Soenen \& Wilmoth Books |
| Cocod | Village Book Shop |
| Coconut Creek | Data Base |
| Dovie | Sottware Plus More |
| Ft. Lauderdale | Mike's Electronics Distributor |
|  | Software Connection |
| Jacksonville | The Book Nook |


| Kissimmee | Radio Shack \& Elec. Hut |
| :---: | :---: |
| Longwood | Adventure International Store |
| Melboume | City Newsstand |
|  | The Little Store |
| Miami | Micro Byte |
|  | The News Rack |
| Orange Park | Software City |
| Orlando | The Alamo |
|  | Software Unlimited |
| Panamo City | Computer Systems Group |
|  | Boyd-Ebert Corp. |
| Pensacola | Anderson News Co. |
| Sarasota | Family Computers |
| South Pasadena | Poling Place |
| Stuárt | Caribbean Engineering Corp. |
| Tallahassee | Anderson News Co. |
| Tampo | Fine Print Bookstore |
|  | Software Store |
|  | Sound Trader \& Computer Center |
| GEORGIA |  |
| Atlanta | Chips, Inc. |
|  | Guild News Agency |
|  | Software City |
| Columbus | Muscogee News Co. |
|  | Software City |
| Cumimings | Kent Radio Shack |
| Jesup | Kannon Music |
|  | Radio Shack |
| Marietta | Act One Video |
| Toccoa | Martin Music Radio Shack |
| IDAHO |  |
| Blackfoot | F/M Systems Electronics |
| Boise | Magnum Computer Products |
| Moscow | Johnson News Agency |
| ILLINOIS |  |
| Aurora | Kroch's \& Brentano's |
| Champaign | Book Market |
| Chicago | B. Dalton Booksellers |
|  | N. Walbash St. |
|  | West Jackson St. |
|  | Bob's in Newtown |
|  | Bob's News Emporium |
|  | Bob's Rogers Park |
|  | Book Market |
|  | East Cedar |
|  | North Cicero |
|  | West Diversey |
|  | E.B. Garcia \& Associates |
|  | Guild Books \& Periodicals |
|  | Kroch's \& Brentano's |
|  | South Walbash |
|  | West Jackson |
|  | 516 N . Michigan |
|  | 835 N. Michigan |
|  | Parkway Drugs |
|  | Parkwest Books |
|  | Sandmever's Bookstore |
|  | Univ. of Chicago Bookstore |
|  | Univ. of llinois Bookstore |
|  | Videomat, ínc. |
| Danville | Book Market |
| Dekalb | Appletree Computers |
| Evanston | Chicago-Main News |
| Geneseo | B \& J Supply |
| Lisle | Book Nook |
| Newton | Bills TV Radio Shack |
| Oak Brook | Kroch's \& Brentano's |
| Oak Park | B.I.E.S. Systems |
|  | Kroch's \& Brentano's |
| Peoria | Book Market |
|  | Illinois News Service |
| Schaumberg | Data Domain |
|  | Kroch's \& Brentano's |
| Skokie | Kroch's \& Brentano's |
| S. Hollond | Abacus Computers |
| West Frankfort | Paper Ploce |
| Wheeling | North Shore Distributors |
| Wood Dale | Pace-Micro Sofwore Centers |


| INDIANA |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Berne | White Cottage Electronics |
| Garrett | Finn News Agency |
| Greenwood | The Computer Experience |
| incianapolis | Bookland, Inc. |
|  | Game Preserve |
|  | Indiana News |
| Jasper | Computer Store |
|  | Elex Mart |
| Lawrenceburg | Bauer Electronics |
| Madison | Arcs Office Supplies |
| Martinsville | Radio Shack |
| Mishawaka | Carrico's Radio Shack |
| New Haven | Advanced Color Software |
| scottsburg | Radio Shack of Scottsburg |
| Walbash | Mitting's Electronics |
| IOWA |  |
| Ames | Myers' TV \& Stereo Repair |
| Bettendorf | Cosmos Computers |
| Davenport | Interstate Book Store |
|  | Soltware City |
| KANSAS |  |
| Junction City | 111 H 's Sterea |
| Topeka | Palmer News, Inc. |
|  | Town Crier of Topeka, inc. |
| Wichita |  |
|  | Lloyd's Radio |
| KENTUCKY |  |
| Hopkinsville | Hobby Shop |
| Louisville | The Computer Store |
| Maysville | Radio Shack |
| Paducah | Radio Shack |
| Paintsville | Gus-Stan Enterprises |
| Pikeville | Gus-Stan Enterprises |
| Radcliff | Bluebird Computers |
| LOUISIANA |  |
| Baton Rouge | Acme Book Co. |
| Crowley | Acadiana Newsstand |
| Shreveport | Computer SOS |
| Stidell | Radio Shack 7181 |
| MAINE |  |
| Brocktan | Voyager Bookstore |
| E. Wilton | O'brian's Electronic Svc. Ctr. |
| Lewiston | Computer Software \& Education Centers |
| South Portland | Portland News Co. |
| Waterboro | Radio Shack |
| MARYLAND |  |
| Baltimore | The Program Store |
| Kensington | The Program Store |
| Lexington Park | Books, Etc. |
|  | Bowes Books |
| MASSACHUSETTS |  |
| Brockton | Vogager Bookstore |
| Cambridge | Ninis Corner, Inc. |
|  | Out Of Town News |
|  | The Program Store |
|  | Microcon Computer \& Software Store |
| Farmingham | Program Store |
| Fitchburg | Corners Book Shop |
| Ipswich | lpswich News |
| Littleton | Computer Plus |
| Lynn | North Shore News Co. |
| Mansfield | Software Shop |
| Woburn | Microcon Softwarecenters |
| MICHIGAN |  |
| Allen Park | Book Nook, inc. |
| Ann Arbor | Community News Center Software City |
| Brooklyn | Weatherwax Radio Shack |
| Charlotte | Computer Options |
| Dearborn | DSL Computer Products |
| Durand | Robbins Electronics |
| Fenton | Tri-County Electronics Rodio Shack |
| Flint | " 10 " |
| Greenville | Robbins Electronics |
| Kalamazoo | John Rollins |
| Lapeer | Computer Corner User Friendiy |
| Lowell | Curt's Sound \& Home Arcade Center |
| Mt. Morris | Shop And Save |
| Muskegon | The Eight Bit Comer |



Also available at all Waldenbooks, Coles and selected B. Dalton Bookseller stores in the United States and Canada.

## ADVERTISER'S INDEX

## We encourage you to patronize our advertisers - all of whom support the TRS-80 Color and TDP System-100 computers. We will appreciate your mentioning the rainbow when you contact these firms.

A \& P Software ..... 49
Analog Micro Systems ..... 121
Arizona Discount Software ..... 252
Ark Royal Games ..... 24
Armadillo International Software ..... 150
Aurora Software ..... 112, 207
B \& B Software ..... 57
B5 Software ..... 114
Basic Technology ..... 239
Botek Instruments ..... 101
Calc-Soft ..... 136
Carnival House .....  7
Cer-Comp ..... 202
Challenger Software ..... 21
Chromatic ..... 188
CoCoINDX ..... 213
CoCo Warehouse ..... 62
Cognitec ..... 13
Color Connection Software ..... 10
Color Micro Journal ..... 262
Color Power Unlimited, Inc ..... 9
Color Software Services ..... 43
Colorware ..... 26, 27
Compukit ..... 48
Computer Accessories of Arizona230
Computer Island ..... 234, 235
Computer Plus ..... 3
Computer Systems Center95, 209
Computerware ..... 58, 59
Computize, Inc ..... 273
Cosmos Computer Services, Inc110
Counterpoint Software, Inc. . . . . ..... 8
Custom Computer Products ..... 40
Custom Software Engineering226
Data-Comp ..... 151
Dataman ..... 189
Dayton Associates Of W.R. Hall192
Deft Systems, Inc ..... 41
Delker Electronics ..... 93
Derringer Software
227
DISK-HAVEN PRODUCTS ..... 203
Dorison House Publishers, Inc. ..... 195
Dorsett ..... 28
Double Density Software ..... 82,83
Dragon User ..... 223
DSL Computer Products ..... 261
DSS Pheripherals
Corporation ..... 132
Dugger's Growing Systems ..... 64
E.D.C. INDUSTRIES ..... 216
EAP Co ..... 165
Eaton Computer Products ..... 100
Elite Software ..... 30, 31
Emerald Computer Service ..... 207
Endicott Software ..... 85
B. Erickson ..... 114
Evans Enterprises ..... 205
EVS ..... 11
External Events Software Co. ..... 173
Federal Hill Software ..... 137
GIMIX ..... 274
Great Plains Computer Company
Inc. ..... 248
Green Mountain Micro ..... 269
Harvard Design ..... 56
Hawkes Research Services ..... 258
HJL ..... 113
Frank Hogg Laboratory ..... 254, 255
Howard Medical ..... 34
Incentive Software ..... 198
Intracolor ..... 54
JARB Software ..... 17, 68
The JBM Group, Inc ..... 222
D.P. Johnson ..... 230
Kelly Software Distributors ..... 100
Key Color Software ..... 180
KRT Software ..... 215
Lloyd I/O ..... 258
Mark Data Products ..... $66,87,182,183$
Marymac Industries ..... 181
Merrick \& Co ..... 206
Metric Industries ..... 44
Metro Electronics ..... 117
MichTron ..... $33,35,37$
Micro Computer Systems ..... 20
Micro Magic ..... 72
Micro R.G.S., Inc ..... 77
The Micro Works ..... 15
Microcom Software ..... 29
Microware Systems Corporation ..... 249
Tom Mix Software
IFC, 166, 167, 168, 169
Moreton Bay ..... 79
Nelson Software Systems ..... $45,46,47$
Oelrich Publications ..... 60
The Other Guys Software ..... 221
Owl's Nest Software ..... 210
Owl-Ware ..... 69
P.B.H ..... 89
Pal Creations ..... 106
Parsons Software ..... 50
PBJ,Inc. ..... 219
Perry Computers ..... 111
Petrocci Freelance Associates
Polygon Co ..... 98
Dr. Preble's Programs ..... IBC
Prickly-Pear Software ..... 129
PXE Computing ..... 55
QCS (Quality Christian Software)86
Radio Shack ..... 146,147
Rainbow Simulation Contest264
RAINBOW ON TAPE ..... 126
RAINBOWfest ..... 199
Ram Publications ..... 14
RC Creations ..... 203
Reitz Electronics ..... 186
REM Industries ..... 104
Robotic MicroSystems ..... 205
Saguaro Software ..... 197
Selected Software ..... 242
Six-Pack Ribbons ..... 16
Skyline Marketing ..... 233
The Soft Shop ..... 225
SOFTECH ..... 212
Softlaw Corporation ..... 45, 46, 47
Software Connection ..... 225
Software Plus ..... 221
Software Support, Inc. ..... 178, 179
Solid Software ..... 218
Sonburst Software ..... 88

## GINIX STATE OF THE ART 6809 SYSTEMS FOR THE SERTOUS USER.



For the ultimate in performance, the Unique GMX 6809 CPUIII, using either OS-9-GMXIII or UniFLEX GMXIII (available shortly), gives protection to the system and other users from crashes caused by defective user programs. e.g. During program development, a programmer who crashes goes back to the shell or the debugger, while the other users are not even aware anything occurred.

The intelligent serial I/O processor boards significantly reduce system overhead by handling rou-
 tine I/O functions, thereby freeing up the host CPU for running user programs. This speeds up system performance and allows multiple terminals to be used at 19.2 K baud.

[^43]For the user who appreciates the need for a bus structured system using STATIC RAM and powered by a ferro resonant constant voltage transformer

GIMIX has single user systems that can run both FLEX and OS-9 or Multi user systems for use with UniFLEX or OS-9.

GIMIX versions of OS9 and UniFLEX include maintenance and support by Microware ( 90 days) and TSC (1 year). Maintenance and support after this period are available at extra cost.
(NOTE: this support and maintenance is only for use with approved GIMIX hardware)

GIMIX 6809 systems support five predominant operating systems:

## OS-9 GMX III,

 OS-9 GMX II, UniFLEX.
## OS-9 GMX I, <br> FLEX

and a wide variety of languages and development software.

Whatever your application: software development, instrumentation, process control, educational, scientific or business; whether you need single or multi-user capabilities. GIMIX has hardware and the operating systems to get the job done reliably.
Please phone or write if you need further information.

## BA <br> CK

SUPER BACK-UP UTILITY*
WITH S.B.U. FROM COMPUTIZE - YOU'LL NEVER NEED ANOTHER BACK-UP UTILITY FOR YOUR COCOI!! SUPER BACK-UP UTILITY WILL PERFORM ALL OF THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS:

1. TAPE TO TAPE (Regardless of most protection schemes!)
2. TAPE TO DISK (Move Cassette programs to Disk!)
3. AUTO RELOCATE (For those Cassette programs that conflict WITH Disk operating systems.)
4. DISK TO TAPE (Place Disk programs onto Cásselte)
5. DISK TO DISK (Our powertul Spir-N-Image Program,

* MENU DRIVEN!
* REQUIRES 32K EXTENDED COCO
* REQUIRES 1 OR 2 DRIVES (For Disk Functions)
* ALL MACHINE LANGUAGE!!!


## COMPARE WITH OTHER INDIVIDUAL PROGRAMS

COSTING IN EXCESS OF \$100.00 OR MORE!!!

## $\star \star \star$ ONLY $\$ 49.95!\star \star \star$ <br> (SUPPLIED ON DISK)

## SPIT-N-IMAGE (C)

M/L Oisk Back-Up Utility


There is no need to sulter the heartibreak of crached disks anyionger Sot-N-Imape will create mirror image of your valuable disk programs which do not respord to rormes back-up funcitprs Will also intialize and back-up in one pass Data processing experts always insist on haviang a back-up - It's good practice - Don't wa:t'

## REQUIRES 32 K CC AND 1 OR MORE DRIVES CASSETTE $\$ 29.95$ DISKETTE \$34.95

## T.T.U. - TRIPLE TRANSFER UTILITY (C)

## Mrl For Cassette \& Disk Program Transter

Iranster rontenis ont disk intape ' Transter content of tane todisk • "Select" oc "All" Ontron • Will automatically ratocate those casselte programs that conilict with the disk operating s.system'
 Proquams ' All contanesd in 1 menis driven programi I I

REOUIRES 32K CC EXT.


Cassette $\$ 19.95$ Disk $\$ 24.95$

## - OS-9 <br> 

## New - From Computize

This high quality M/L Utility will CONVERT Standard 0S-9 Formatted Files/01sks ( $(5 / 1 / 4)$ to Radio Shack DS-9 to run on your COCO Will also convert 40 track to 35 track il you require ${ }^{*}$ Runs under COCO OS-9

REQUIRES 64K COCO AND 2 DRIVES
supplied on disk only \$49.95

## THE PEEPER

A Unique Interkupt-Based Program Tracer
From Spectro Systems
Imaquing being able to monitor the operation at a machine-language program While if Is Funning To display any portion ol memory in any of Coco's 26 documented display modes. and to move through memory using thearrow keys To siow the action In a crawl on freerell at will Instanily swich between watching the nutput of your programi and watching Peeper dynamically display (on screen or primer) the ciontents of the 6809's registers and stack. showing changes as they are happening In the showest speed mode. Peeper provides continuous single-stepping. laster modes pive a roarser trace or halr the actionand siogle-step by repeatedly pressing the space bar Peeper suppoils treakpoints memnry examinet/hange and more Thnk how much easter if wuuld be to modily somenne else's ML soft ware if you could determine what routines were being execured at any given point
For fun tand this reaures no ML experiencet use. Peeper with arcade games watching the line details on the animation pflects in show motion See how the game lonks and plays in other graphucs modes or watch what is happening on "hudden screens" you mever see IMakes a superh demonstration!

## REQUIRES 16K COCO

ON CASSETTE (COPYABLE TO DISK) \$24.95

## GRAPHICOM

Simply stated - the finest graphics program written for the COCO (or any other computer)!

## FEATURES

U-S-E-R F-R-I-EN-D-L-Y
4 Mode (Including Hi-Res Artitact) Animate Mode
Color Palate with over 15 color patterns for use with Hi-Rics Artifact - Fendflective pictures over standard modem at 300,600 or 1200 kzue Supplied utily allows capturing Hi-Res Screens from most COCO arcade type games
Evyen reatetete (Even prolecied pots|
Murliple Hi-Res character fonis (user changable \& definable)
Supplipy utility for Iransterring graphicom screens to basic or other M川l Programs Suppliad utility for laedng screens from basic or other sources
Buit in Screen pint IPre-defind for Epsen ©-Illoh. RS IP VIL. LP VIII. DUP 100 OMP 200. DMP 120, GCP 115. GEMNI 10, and OKII 110 to 9600 baud Slow sean televiston send/raceive options
Many additional features, operating hints. hardware mods and suggestiars, atc. etc!

## $\star$ EASY TO LEARN GRAPHIC MENU $\star$

 REQUIRES 64K COCO-1 DRIVE-JOYSTICKS\$24.95

## Picture Disk Catalog

## TAPE SPOOLER

Re-dirent printer output to casselte for later prinimg or archival Ifses 310 typte machne language driver which is appended to hasic prevrams Alter 1 call all print $\boldsymbol{\#}$. 2 basic statements redrect all printer nutpur to cassetre Cenn be furned on and nft while your hasic program is running

- Carl write to ceassetfe and printer at same time

Absoluledy no changa In printer formats
All rontrol rodes normally sent to printer will be captured to the rasselte will printed data

 genter than 147 700 characters)
Great for qeneraling 2 seperate reports from the same file on a surge pass Use as a "otumbingress" for generating muittple coppes of meating nutiors ads circulars youl name if
Share a printerill Take your "Saved Printorit" on tape to a friend that fas a printer'
REQUIRES 32 K EXT. COCO \& CASSETTE
(DISK - PRINTER OPTIONAL)
cassette $\$ 21.95$
FUJI FILM FLOPPY DISK


One sided Double Density
Soft-Sectored, with Hub Ring
Box of 10 - \$26.95

* MULTI DRIVE - COPY PICTURE FRDM ONE DISK TO ANOTHER.
* KILL (BLANK OUT) INDIVIDUAL PICTURES ON A PIX DISK.
* easily load binary file tu picture LOCATION.
* display individual picture.

Disk \$19.95
Send for your
GRAPHICOM


You Bet! There are empty spaces in your 32K and 64 K CoCo. The Preble VDOS Un-DISK helps you fill them up with PROGRAMS!

- Un-DISK uses your computer's extra memory like a fast disk drive.
- Un-DISK can store BASIC and MACHINE LANGUAGE programs.
- Un-DISK is INVISIBLE. Yup! Un-DISK does not interfere with normal Color Computer Operation.
- Un-DISK appears only when you type the magic word VDOS.
- Un-DISK comes with comprehensive instructions which you may not need because:
- Un-DISK is self-prompting and easy to use!
- Un-DISK is provided on cassette.
- Un-DISK is faster than a slow clumsy DISK DRIVE and best of all . . .
- Un-DISK is CHEAPER than a DISK DRIVE!
- Un-DISK will work even if you already own a disk but WHY BUY A DISK AT ALL?
- Un-DISK should be in the library of every serious CoCo user even if you own a disk says Frank J. Esser, independent reviewer for Rainbow Magazine!

OK sure, disk drives ARE NICE. I own one. But if your finances are limited, the Un-DISK can give you much of the power of the mechanical drive. Even if you already own a disk the Un-DISK can work like a super fast extra disk.

EXTRA...EXTRA...EXTRA... EXTRA... Additional Power For $\$ 14.95$
Only with VDUMP for the Un-DISK!

- VDUMP lets you make a cassette backup copy of everything stored in the Un-DISK.
- VDUMP lets you save $5,10,15$ or more programs on a single cassette tape file.
- VDUMP lets you switch Un-DISKs. With a single load operation replace a group of financial programs with a set of children's programs. (The new VDUMP tape overwrites the old.)
- VDUMP can allow you to save a whole lot of RAINBOW ON TAPE in a SINGLE file.
- VDUMP is the perfect companion to the Preble VDOS Un-DISK.
Available from Doctor Preble's Programs, naturally! Bringing you fine Color Computer Products Since 1983!

The Preble VDOS Un-DISK . . . . . . . . $\$ 49.95$
The Preble VDUMP. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 14.95$
Shipping \& handling
U.S. and Canada . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50$
or $\$ 5.00$ to other foreign points
VISA and MasterCard accepted


## Order From:

Dr. Preble's Programs 6540 Outer Loop Louisville, KY 40228 (502) 966-8281

Canadians may order from Kelly Software

# COLOR BASIC UnRAVELLED 



## COLOR BASIC UNRAVELED

Have you ever wondered how Color Basic does all of those wonderful tricks it does?

* How does it multiply \& divide so fast?
- How can it paint the screen so fast?
* How does it know where to соTO or cosub?
* How does it turn all of those graphic dots on
ana off
How does it get information on and off of that little diskette?
Now you can find out for yourself.
Color Basic is a set of three books that will provide you with a COMPLETE COMMENTED SOURCE LISTING OF TRS-80 COLOR, EXTENDED and DISK BASIC.

The listing will enable you to determine exactly how Basic works. An explanation of the color Basic Interpreter is inworks.
cluded.

## Color BASIC 1.2/Ext. BASIC $1.1 /$

## Disk BASIC 1.1"

* FULLY COMMENTED - NO HOLES
* ALL FCBS, FDBS and FCCs defined complin dine map - no missing spaces zevery-
PROGRAMMING TRICKS EXPLAINED
EASY TO UNDERSTAND
MOST RECENT ROM VERSIONS
COLOR BASIC UNRAVELED EXTENDED BASIC UNRAVELED DISK BASIC UNRAVELED


## \$19.95 <br> $\$ 19.95$ <br> $\$ 19.95$

All . for $\$ 39.95$

BUSINESS OFFICE HOURS
MONDAY - FRIDAY
8:30-4:30 P.D.T.
(206) 581-6938


[^0]:    (Robert Rogers, a junior at Forest Hill High School in West Palm Beach, Fla., has been a self-taught programmer for wo years. His interests include performing professionally on the organ and model railroading.)

[^1]:    (Bill Nolan, who teaches "Programming In BASIC"at the college level, owns Prickly-Pear Software Co. and has written several commercially successful software packages.)

[^2]:    20 FIELD\#1, 30 AS N $\$, 30$ AS A $\$, 15$ AS C $\$, 2$ AS S $\$, 9$ AS Z\$, 13 AS P\$
    This line tells the computer how we are going to divide up the 99 spaces into fields, and which variable names will be used to refer to which fields.

[^3]:    1 TEAC 40 Track Slim Line Disk Drive and Controller - $\$ 339.95$
    2 TEAC 40 Track Slim Line Disk Drives and Controller - $\$ 499.95$
    1 TEAC 40/40 With Case Power Supply

[^4]:    (Fred Scerbo is a special needs instructor for the North Adams Public Schools. He holds a master's in education and published some of the first software available for the Color Computer through his software firm, Illustrated Memory Banks.)

[^5]:    48

[^6]:    STOCK \＆FUND INVESTING with the TRS－80＊COLOR COMPUTER USE FUNDGRAF AND FUNDFILE FUNDGRAF is a stock market analysis program that not only graphs and analyzes funds or stocks，but also mukes decisions on when to BUY and SELL． Improve market timing using your COCO ．
    GRAPHS fund＇s progress（up to 200 weeks）．SUPERIMPOSES for comparison： a line of constant percent growth or a graph of any other fund（or stock）．
    CALCULATES over any time span；the percent price change and the moving average（any span）．INDICATES BUY and SEL L signals．FUNDGRAF requires 16 K ECB min． 16／32 K Tape
    16／32K 5 in．Disk
    ADD $\$ 2$ bandling
    FUNDFILE is a portfolio and account management program for securities． Manage single or multiple portfolios of stocks，mutual funds，bonds，money market funds，etc．FUNDFILE allows easy maintenance of all your records for accurate portfolio evaluation．NEW 32 K VERSION of FUNDFILE summarizes all transactions（dividends，interest，purchases and sales）between any two dates of your choice－weekly，yearly，etc．Categorizes interest and dividends paid as to tax liability（tax free，etc．）and capital gains as long or short term．Great for tax reports．

    FUNDFILE REQUIRES 16 K ECB min．and 80－COL PRINTER．
    5 －in．Diskette only for 16 K ECB
    $5-\mathrm{in}$ ．Diskette only for 32 K ECB

    Write for free brochure for details．Dealer inquiries invited
    PARSONS SOFTWARE，DEPT．G
    118 WOODSHIRE DRIVE
    PARKERSBURG，WV 26101

[^7]:    (Michael Plog received his Ph.D. degree from the University of Illinois. He has taught social studies in high school, worked in a central office of a school district, and currently is employed at the Illinois State Board of Education.)

[^8]:    (Well-known author Bob Albrecht also writes the "Game Master's Apprentice" feature for The Rainbow each month. Ramon Zamora is author and co-author of several books, co-founder of ComputerTown USA!, and currently designing computer games for kids at Child Ware Corp. in Menlo Park, Calif.)

[^9]:    YOUR WORD? BAD
    THE WORDSWORTH IS 7
    YOUR WORD? TRY
    THE WORDSWORTH IS 63
    

[^10]:    (Milt Tanzer, a commercial/investment realtor and author of three books on real estate investing, uses his CoCo primarily for word processing book manuscripts. This is his first venture into game programming.)

[^11]:    Add $\$ 1.00$ per tape for postage and handling．Ohioans add $5.5 \%$ sales tax．COD orders are wel－
    come．CIS orders EMAIL to 70405，1374．Dealer inquiries in－ vited．

[^12]:    (Bill Franklin has worked in communications and electronics for over 26 years. He is currently a flight simulator lechnician at Little Rock Air Force Base.)

[^13]:    (Leonard Hyre, employed by the Social Security Administration as a claims representative, is the author of Harness Handicapper, Thoroughbred Handicapper, and Greyhound Handicapper, from Federal Hill Sofiware. He is also the author of several RainBow articles and other published programs)

[^14]:    WE PAY SHIPRING TO U.S.A., CANADA, AND MEXICO. C.O.D. ADD $\$ 2.00$ (U.S.A. ONLY). ALLOW 2 WEEKS FOR CHECKS TOCLEAR. NO P.O. BOXES! MUST HAVE STREET CHECKS TO CLEAR. NO P.O. BOXES! MUST HAVE STREET
    ADDRESS. SHIPPING - OTHER COUNTRIES: ADD $\$ 2.00$ EACH SOFTWARE ITEM AND EACH JOYSTICK. ADD $\$ 5.00$ EACH ALL OTHER ITEMS (NO MONITORS OR PRINTERS SHIPPED OUTSIDE U.SA.). ITEMS TO BE SHIPPED AIR MAIL. PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

[^15]:    (Steve Blyn teaches both exceptional and gifted children, holds two master's degrees and has won awards for the design of programs to aid the handicapped. He and his wife, Cheryl, own Computer Island.)

[^16]:    (Andy Kluck is an electrical engineering student at the University of Texas at Austin.)

[^17]:    Ordaring Informatlon: Specify model (Original, F-version, or CoCo 2). Payment by C.O.D, check. MasterCard or Vise. Credit card customers include complete card number and expiration dato. Add $\$ 2.00$ lor shipping ( $\$ 3.50$ tor Canada). New York state residents add $7 \%$ sales tax.
    Dealer Inquiries Invited. For deaier Information In Eastern U.S. and Canada, call collect: 817-588-7814, Advanced Computer Services (distributor), 74 Plain Street, Brockton, MA 02401.

[^18]:    (Richard White has a long background with microcomputers and specializes in BASIC programming. With Don Dollberg, he is the author of the TIMS data base management program.)

[^19]:    100 ITEM\$="OUTSTANDING CHECKS"
    110 UNIT=1
    120 DATA 89,FEB 29,100
    130 DATA 999,APR 15,21.35
    140 DATA 1000,APR 16,I872.99
    150 DATA 1001,APR 18,21.90
    160 DATA 9999,EOF,0

[^20]:    * $D$ \& E Board will require soldering.
    [California residents add sales tax]

[^21]:    15 REM＊＊COLOR BASIC PRINT USING ROUTINE＊＊ 21 APR 84 JAMES SHER A
    2ø REM WITH EXAMPLES OF MULTIPLE DEVICE CENTERING AND TABBING
    39 REM D．．．DEVICE NO．
    49 REM $X, Y$ ，\＆$Z=$. ．TAB LOCATIONS
    50 REM TOTAL ．．．2ND CHARACTER $=$ ZERO
    53 ＂POKE 298， $0:$ POKE393， 0 ＂DISABL
    ES EXTENDED BASIC
    55 ＂POKE369，162：POKE361，191＂ENA BLES SCREEN PRINT

[^22]:    (Dr. Bob Tyson is a senior systems engineer at United Technologies Research Center, where he designs and analyzes high energy laser systems using computer simulations. His CoCo Simulations include Strategy Football[August 1983 issue] and Election '84 [ November 1983 issue].)

[^23]:    Your Personal check is welcome - no delay. Include $\$ 1.50$ shipping for each program ordered. (Shipping free on $\$ 50.00$ or larger orders). AZ residents add $7 \%$ sales tax. Orders shipped within two days.

[^24]:    (Helene M. LaBonville holds a B.S. degree in medical technology and has done post-graduate work in clinical chemistry. She has had her CoCo for three years and started HAC Labs, Ltd. after having difficulty obtaining parts needed to complete hardware projects.)

[^25]:    I have bought a substantial supply of the plugs and cable. The Switchcraft plugs (12BL5M) can be purchased for $\$ 3$ each, while the budget plugs (actually 6 -pin DINs) are available for $\$ 1.75$ each and the cable is available at $25^{\circ} /$ foot. USA orders please enclose an additional $\$ 1.50$ to cover the cost of postage and handling. Others please add $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$.

    Atari paddles can be purchased for as little as $\$ 2.95 /$ pair (JAMECO Electronics - Belmont, Calif.)

    ก

[^26]:    (Don Inman taught in the public school system for over 21 years. After a one-year sabbatical to investigate educational uses of computers, he never went back to the classroom.)

[^27]:    （Bill Duke，a freshman in high school，has a 64 K CoCo with one drive，printer and modem．He mainly works with graphics and his printer．）

[^28]:    (Joseph Kolar is a free-lance writer and programmer dedicated to proselytizing for computers in general, and the CoCo specifically.)

[^29]:    

[^30]:    (Roger Schrag, currently studying computer science at the University of California at Berkeley, enjoys working with the CoCo and writing articles for THE RAINBOW. He also designs and translates programs for Adventure International.)

[^31]:    (Tony DiStefano is well known as an early specialist in
    Color Computer hardware projects. He is one of the acknowledged experts on the "insides" of CoCo.)

[^32]:    - Now includes a character generator and sample graphic space game at no extra cost.
    Full 224 text and graphic characters. Underline in all PMODES. Prints vertically.
    - All machine language, user transparent. Supports all BASIC, EXTENDED BASIC and DISK commands.
    - Automatic loader recognizes $16 k$ k, 32 k \& 64 k computers.
    - Mix up to 5 character sizes in 4 colors all on one screen. A total of 10 sizes available from $8 * 4$ to $42 * 24$ or $32 * 32$ in vertical mode.
    -Use úp to 4 defineable window screens of any size. Also includes horizontally scrolling (crawling) one line screens.
    - Includes positive \& negative screen dumps in 2 sizes for R/S, Epson \& Gemini printers. (Please specify)
    - Special Trace Delay can be used to debug programs one line at a time ( even graphics).
    - A special printer control can output characters to the screen \& printer simultanecusly.
    - A must for all color computer owners. Once you try it you won't write another program without it.

[^33]:    Tape to Disk upgrade avarlable for $\$ 8$ US or $\$ 10 C D N$. We pay postage within US \& CANAOA on orders over 20 , otherwise please add \$1. Other countries please add \$2. Charge orders please add \$1.

[^34]:    (Sugar Software, 2153 Leah Lane, Reynoldsburg, OH 43068, 16 K tape $\$ 24.95$, $\mathbf{3 2 K}$ disk $\$ 27.95$ )

[^35]:    *     * LOCAL* IN * LOS *ANGELES * LOCAL* IN * LOS *ANGELES * LOCAL * IN * LOS *ANGELES * *

    L * SOFTWARE *
    (O Bertamax, Inc. (Educational)
    S Cheshire Cat (Graphicom +) Computerware (All)

    * Custom Software (No Disc.)

    A Frank Hogg Labs (OS.9 \& Flex)
    Key Color Software (Key 264K)
    Tom Mix (All)
    G Petrocci Freelance (All)
    E Platinum Software (!)
    L Prickly Pear (All) Silicon Rainbow (BBS's +) Soft law (VIP \& Colorquest) Speech Systems (All)
    

    * E.D.C. INDUSTRIES * Software - Hardware - Support Educational • Small Business • Games CALL TO VISIT OFFICE
    VOICE (213) 258-6593 10 A.M.-10 P.M. BBS (213) 258-0640 24 HRS.
    POST OFFICE BOX 42718
    LOSANGELES, CA. 90050

[^36]:    (George Firedrake, a.k.a. Bob Albrecht, is one of the most prolific authors in the microcomputer world today. A specialist in writing for beginners, he is author of numerous books including TRS-80 Color BASIC. Art Canfil enjoys designing games and writing. He is co-author of Taipan: A Game In Context.)

[^37]:    - of course, it means we will have to learn how to do it! If we do, we will focus on games that feature story-telling, problem-solving, and exploration, not on "kill monster, get treasure." We will be especially interested in designing games that parents and quite young children can play together as an enjoyable family learning experience.

[^38]:    (Ed Ellers, a RAINBOW and PCM staff' member, is a self-confessed electronics fanatic whose other interests include science fiction.)

[^39]:    (Dan Downard is an electrical engineer and has been involved in electronics for 24 years through ham radio [K4KWT]. His interest in computers began about five years ago and he has built several 68XX systems.)

[^40]:    Your technical questions are weicomed. Please address them to: Downloads, THE Rainbow, P.O. Box 209, Prospect, KY 40059. We reserve the right to publish only questions of general interest and to edit for space and clarity.

[^41]:    (Frank Hogg is the president of Frank Hogg Laboratory, one of the world's largest suppliers of software for 6809 based computers. He and his wife, Linda, live in Syracuse, N.Y.)

[^42]:    (Dale L. Puckett is a free-lance writer and programmer who has worked with the Motorola family of microprocessors since 1976. He just completed his first book, The Official Basic09 Tour Guide, this summer. It has been published by Microware and was debuted at the Chicago RAINBOWfest. He is the author of DynaSpell, Readtest, Esther and Help, which are available from Frank Hogg Laboratories. He serves on the Info World Software Review Board and is a Chief Warrant Officer in the U.S. Coast Guard.)

[^43]:    BASIC-09 and OS-9 are trademarks of Microware Systems Corp. and MOTOROLA, Inc. FLEX and UniFLEX are trademariss of Technical Systems Consultants, Inc. GIMIX, GHOST, GMX, CLASSY CHASSIS, are trademarks of GIMIX, Inc.

