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## Users Unite

## Editor:

I want to thank THE RAINBOW for bringing me news about the CoCo since October 1987 (when I discovered it). I have been programming since I got a CoCo 2 in 1986 and have been upgrading my system ever since. Without the rainbow, I (like so many others) would have "upgraded" my CoCo 2 by purchasing an MS-DOS computer, not a CoCo 3 .

This letter is primarily in response to the September 1991 issue entitled "A New Era." It is indeed just the beginning; it marks the end of Radio Shack's involvement, and it means we need to rely heavily on THE RAINBOW and modem networks.
the rainbow is the most influential publication available for the CoCo. The products it has deemed the best for the CoCo are the ones that have lasted throughout the CoCo era, with only a few minor exceptions. The fact that Delmar's System Iv was the first to be reviewed by THE RAINBOW staff makes it a very serious candidate for the "CoCo 4 " title so sought after by vendors in this market.

It also makes me worry. Already, there are the Mm/I and the TC9 Tomcat. Many have ordered MM//s in the expectation that it will be the next step in the CoCo evolution. Others have gone out on a limb and ordered the TC9, and maybe the Tiger to go with it. I didn't consider this Delmar System IV to be a major contender in the battle for the title - that is, until the September issue. This makes three different contenders for the title, which could cause serious confusion in the CoCo community. It seems to be leading to diversification, which could spell downfall.
the rainbow may find itself in a particular place of power now. If the CoCo community is going to stick together, it needs the rainbow to guide it. When the Rainbow gets the other two systems, it should give them equal coverage to what was given the System IV - no more, no less. Then the community should discuss what it really wants, and not just listen (while grinning like children) to what these new systems have to offer.

There are only two things I can safely do at this point: resubscribe to THE RAINBOW and write letters. I urge all CoCo users and Rainbow readers to do the same. Also, since 1 have a modem, I'll be using both Delphi and the national echo bases on the BBSs. The choice as to the winner of the "CoCo 4" title is still ours. It is our job to
make our individual choices. To keep the community together, THERAINBOW should do its part by letting everyone else know what those choices are.

Well, I've put in my two cents. I want to know what everyone else is thinking. In order for the community to survive as it is, we have to communicate. In order for it to grow, we have to be active about it. It comes down to what the ad from IMS said a while back: "For the first time, a community has banded together to design their next computer." We are that community.

> James Wilcox
> Epping, New Hampshire

The new computers affecting this market are a natural extension of the power we have come to know with the CoCo. However, these machines are not CoCos, and the title "CoCo 4" seems inappropriate.

Each of the new computers has individual strong points, and choosing the right one for you can be difficult. We're doing what we can to bring you information now that the machines are acmally becoming available. (See this month'sarticle on Page 10 regarding evaluation of the MM/I. The TC9 was discussed in the November issue on Page 10).

At the same time, the System N, the TC70 and the MM/I all run OS -9680000 . This sounds more like unification than diversification.

It is our opinion that all of these machines can be winners at the same time none of them currently holds a particular advantage in all areas. There is no reason to limit ourselves to just one "replacement." Besides, nothing can truly replace the CoCo. But these computers do increase our options.

## Packet Radio

## Editor:

I am an amateur radio operator, and I am looking for a packet-radio terminal program. 1 have a CoCo 3 and a Kantronics Packet Communicator TNC. Does anyone know where I can get a disk program for this?

Steve Baker
P.O. Box 515I

Quincy, IL 62305-515t

## Hetp for Tape Users

## Editor:

I noticed your response to the letter regarding recovering tape software (September 1991, Page 5). I have also lost programs, after spending an hour or more

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entering them, due to I/O errors. This is very annoying.

One of the first things I do when confronted with this problem is clean and demagnetize the tape-recorder heads. I use a Radio Shack head cleaner and demagnetizer (Cat. No, 44-631). I have been lucky in some cases - the demagnetizer eliminated the $1 / O$ error, and the program loaded. In other cases I was not so lucky. (Perhaps I should have cleaned and demagnetized the heads before trying to CSAVE programs.)

There are some things that might happen for which there is no solution other than to retype the program: a defective tape section, a power failure or voltage change, an unwanted noise signal or a disconnected cable. To counter some of these effects, make two saves of a program when saving it to tape. Also consider using two tapes for each program - if something happens to one save, chances are that you can recover the second.

It is sometimes helpful to listen for excessive noise on the tape. To do this, put the tape into the recorder, press the Play button and enter the following commands

```
MOTOR ON
AUDIO ON
```

Turn up the volume and listen to the sounds. For the best results, the sound should be high in pitch and crystal clear. You can adjust the head alignment by using a small jeweler's screwdriver in the hole just aboye the cassette compartment. However, any adjustments may cause difficulties when you try to load older tapes; you may have to readjust the alignment for those tapes.

Another trick I sometimes use is to save programs (at least one save) in ASCII format. Then if a problem occurs, I can load the program into Scripsit il (a ROM-Pakbased word processor sold by Tandy). Scripsit II can usually load most of the ASCII-saved BASIC program, and I can edit any errors and save the program to another tape.

> John Buchwald San Francisco, California

## Formatting Listings

Editor:
Here's a trick I discovered several years ago. I found it is possible to indent BASIC program lines, making listings far more readable. For example, nested FOR/NEXT loops normally look like this:

```
10 FOR X=1 TO 3
20 FOR Y=1 TO 4
3 0 ~ P R I N T ~ X ~ Y ~ Y ~
4O NEXT Y
5 0 ~ N E X T ~ X ~
```

Using the Insert function of the EDIT command, insert a space after the line
number in Line 20. To do this, enter EDIT 20 , then press I (to get into the Insert mode) followed by a space and ENTER. Similarly, insert two spaces after the 30 in Line 30 and one space after the 40 in Line 40 . When you list the program, the screen displays

```
10 FOR X=1
    FOR Y-1 TO 4
        PRINT X X Y
    NEXT Y
    NEXT X
```

The program is far more readable. Program operation is not affected in any way, and this new format is preserved when printed on the printer.

Also, this past July I bought a Tandy rom-cartridge game called SokoBan (Cat. No. 26-1361) for my CoCo 3. I was totally addicted to it until mid-August, when 1 solved the soth and final board. I would like to correspond with other users to share solutions, ideas and approaches.

My thanks to all of you for a most enjoyable magazine. Some of us die-hard CoCo owners often feel like an endangerd species (Beta-format VCR owners may be able to empathize), but I am "reborn" with each issue of THE RAINBOW.

Robert Kurosaka 16 Grapevine Avenue Lexington, MA 02173

## Editor:

Regarding the recent question on how to reduce heat buildup in the CoCo , I found that a small venting fan obtained from Radio Shack fits nicely into the computer and works well. The fan is powered by a 12 -volt AC adapter with a $300-\mathrm{mA}$ capacity. Since the fan makes some noise, I put a small switch in the positive side of the line and rurn the fan on only occasionally to keep the temperature down to a safe level. You can leave the fan on continuously if the noise level is not objectionable.

Clifford Goddard
Bay City, Michigan

## Random Agreement

## Editor:

I agree with Ross Chamberlain's letter (September, 1991, Page 4) in which he points out that a routine to randomize a list can be very useful. An application of this technique can be seen in lines 190 through 270 of Car Bingo, a program I wrote (November 1989, Page 42).

## Warren Cheves

Bristol, Tennessee

## Programmer Needs Assistance

 Editor:I recently purchased a CoCo 3 , and I am trying to write a graphics adventure using the Hi-Res screens. I have not been able to
make the game remember what items the player gets - the game uses seperate programs for each room. I am also having problems making the commands appear as the user types them. Will someone please help me fix these problems, or show me how to add a point-and-click interface to the program. Since the separate programs are so long, Ithink combining them into one program won't work.

Patrick Dixon
1183 Spartan Avenue
Carson City, NV 89701

## Worth the Price

## Editor:

I've had a CoCo 3 for aimost four years now, and I'm sorry that I didn't subscribe to THE RAINBOW until November of last year. In the middle of this year, I wrote a letter to the editor, which was published in the August 1991 issue. Let me tell you of the royal service I've received so far.

Since the letter was published, I have received helpful replies from two people. One reader sent me disks with some utilities he wrote, and the other knew of dealers that offer books I needed. I, too, have offered help to another reader. That person is now my computer penpal.

On another occasion, I sent a suggestion to Bill Nee, author of "The Assembly Line." Several days after that, I received a polite response from him, and he even offered his assistance to me. He mentioned also that he would try to use my suggestion in one of his articles.

I subscribe to four magazines, and of the four, I find the rainbow is the best. It is an invaluable source of information for me, and it is well worth the price.

Jason Smith
Tanaqua, Pennsylvanta

THE RAINBOW welcomes letters to the editor. Mail should be addressed to: Letters to Rainbow, The Falsoft Building, P.O. Box 385, Prospect, KY 40059. Letters should include the writer's full name and address. Letters may be edited for purposes of clarity or to conserve space.

Letters to the editor muy also be sent to us through our Delphi CoCo sic. From the CoCosig> prompt, type RAI to take you into the Rainbow Magazine Services area of the SHi. At the rainiows prompt, type LET to reach the LETTERS> prompt and then select Letters for Publication. Be sure to include your complete name and address.

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# Play'n'Learn 

Since the subject of this month's issue is entertainment and games, let me share some thoughts about "play." When Tandy first developed the Color Computer and people began to see the power that was stored on its Motorola 6809 processor, they chastised Tandy for developing a "game machine" when the computer was capable of so much more.

Some of the most popular games in the early days of the PC world did (and some still do) have what is affectionately known as a "boss screen." If the boss walks into your office, you press a key combination and a fake spreadsheet appears so it looks like you are working.

On one occasion when I went to visit my accountant, I happened to look at the receptionist's computer screen. I was somewhat surprised to see she was not doing anything more accountingly than playing a hot game of Mah Jongg while answering the telephones.

Games and entertainment and play seem to have a bad rap. This is too bad.

When I was a little kid, my big treat on Sundays was my father driving me to the corner drug store, where I was able to buy a dollar's worth of comic books. In those days, that meant 10 comic books, and that would be enough to keep me busy most of the day.

The Walt Disney characters were among my favorites, especially Donald Duck. But what would surprise my father the most, I think, is that I actually leamed things from those comic books. Some time during the week, we would all be eating dinner and I would add some fact or another. My father would always ask me where I learned that, and I would always tell him from a comic book. He would usually dismiss that with a statement to the general effect that I was trying to ensure a continuing supply of comic books on Sunday.

One night my father's boss, Mr. Widders, came to dinner and, since my father worked for Remington Rand - which sold computers, a relatively new business back then - talk that evening turned from business to science to,

travel. I remarked how dangerous time travel might be, since someone going back in time might inadvertently destroy something that would affect things in the future.

Mr. Widders remarked what an astounding statement that was from a kid of seven or so and asked me where I came up with it. "From a Captain Marvel comic book," I told him. In one single stroke, I suppose I ensured my comic book supply for all the Sundays to come.

The point of all this is that the comic books, a form of play, contained a lot of interesting and educational material. Disney's Donald Duck wandered off to all sorts of places, and readers found out the name of the capital of Argentina or the highest mountain in the European Alps when they went along.
So, too, with computer entertainment.
Many adventure games teach us all about the power of logical thinking and reasoning. Often, too, we leam interesting facts and information when these games are set in real-world locations. How many of us have leamed more about astronomy, not by reading a book, but by playing a game about space exploration?

The Carmen Sandiego series of games is brimming with educational information, of course. And the players don't seem to mind leaming it while they solve the puzzles. Similarly, there are a host of simulations that teach a whole lot of things about a subject. You have to master the subject to win the game.

Sometimes this learning is somewhat overt, like in the Carmen Sandiego series, but sometimes it is much less so, as with The Microscopic Mission. Much of what is in Mission is fact, from anatomical and disease names to processes of the human body.

The list could continue for a long while, but the basic theme here is that games are usually educational in nature - even the war games, many of which require a great deal of knowledge about history.

If someone in your house wants a game, don't just dismiss it. Games and entertainment often lead the way to knowledge.

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## A look at

the 68070-6ased

MM/1 personal

computer

$T$he 68000 microprocessor has been around a long time. While some 68000 -based machines are known in the personal computer market (Atari, Macintosh, Amiga), the microprocessor provides computing power for numerous industrial applications, and there is a flood of such machines operating in that market. And whereas the Atari, Macintosh and Amiga use their own operating systems, industrial uses for the 68000 often rely on the os.9 operating system. It is true the other machines are capable of running oS-9, but the operating system has not caught on in those areas of the market. OS-9 is a natural part of the CoCo market, and by extension should work very well as CoCo users decide to opt for more power.

This is not to say other "industry-intended" machines cannot be used by end users for personal purposes. However, prohibitive hardware and software costs (designed for the industrial market) are part of the reason many have not ventured there for computing satisfaction. Interactive Media Systems, Inc. (IMS) is working to deliverarelatively inexpensive 68000 -based computer that is user-friendly and is designed for personal use (though it can be used well in many other applications).

The MM/1 from IMS is built around the Phillips/Signetics 68070 microprocessor (a 68000 -compatible chip) and the 66470 Video and System Controller. Respectively, these chips provide affordable 16 -bit power and a platform for application development that can result in some very user-friendly applications for personal enjoyment, business purposes and everything in-between. Indeed, IMS is putting a lot of effort into the development of good applications software that makes the $\mathrm{MM} / 1$ useful from the start.

Because of unforeseen production problems, IMS has chosen for the time being to ship the MM/1 circuit boards and cases as a kit to be assembled by the end user. Therefore we 'll be working from the ground up as we discuss the computer.

## Assembling the MM/1

The MM/1 we received for evaluation included all boards and cables, the case and power supply, a $31 / 2$-inch high-density floppy drive, a 45 -Meg SCSI hard drive, three megabytes of RAM and a Chicony keyboard. IMS also provided an installation guide giving step-by-step instructions for assembling the computer.

Assembling the MM/1 components intoa working computer takes less than 30 minutes. You must first mount the CPU board in the case and connect cables for the Reset button, the power indicator, the speaker and the floppy drive. Next, you install and connect the floppy drive. After this is finished, you are instructed to connect a monitor and boot the system. (The mm/1 CPU board contains one megabyte of system memory, and the computer works fine as a floppy-based system using only this part of the motherboard set.) The installation guide provides troubleshooting ideas in the event the computer does not work at this point.

When you are sure the computer boots, you can proceed to install the $1 / 0$ board, which mounts on top of the CPU board. If you plan to install the extra two megabytes of RAM, you must place a jumper on the CPU board before mounting the I/O board. There are two SIMM sockets on the I/O board to hold the extra memory.

The CPU and I/O boards are electronically connected by what IMS refers to as the Minibus. This small circuit board has two connectors for the power supply and two $50-$ pin header connectors for mounting the motherboard set. Because the individual holes in the 50 -pin connectors don't have bevelled edges (at least on our MM/1), mounting the Minibus and the I/O board are the most difficult part of assembling the MM/I. The pins on the CPU and I/O boards must be perfectly aligned with the holes in the connectors, and getting all 100 pins to line up at the same time is not easy.

After the I/O board is installed, all that remains is to connect the parallel-port cable and mount the DB- 25 connector to the rear of the case. (You can install the hard drive and connect its Scs! cable at this time.) Once again you are instructed to turn the computer on and boot OS-9 to ensure all is in working order.

All in all, assembling the MM/1 is easy and takes very little time. And the installation guide covers most everything you need to know to get the MM/1 running properly.

## A Closer Look

The MM/I motherboard set has connectors for video, two serial ports, one parallel
port, a keyboard, a joystick and sound. In addition to support circuitry, the CPU board holds one megabyte of RAM, two system ROMs, the 68070 microprocessor (which runs at 15 MHz ) and the $66+70$ Video and System Controller (VsC).

The computer uses a low-profile case that includes a 200 -watt power supply. Despite the compact size of the case, there is a surprising amount of room inside for disk drives and cables. As with most PC cases, the case used for the $\mathrm{MM} / 1$ can hold two $51 / 4$-inch, half-height drives and three $31 / 2$ inch drives (two accessible and one internal), though the power supply provides power connectors for only four devices.

Currently the MM/I does not include a driver for Microware's universal disk format. However, we have been told such a driver is in development. Also the $\mathrm{MM} / \mathrm{t}$ boots 0 - 9 from the floppy drive rather than from ROM or the hard drive. This is a minor inconvenience, necessary at this time because of the wide array of configurations for the MM/I. We consider this a minor point.

The mm/1 provides analog-RGB video via a DB-9 connector mounted on the CPU board. (All connectors and ports are accessible through a custom backplate mounted to the case.) The computer we received was set for use with a monitor that syncs at 15.75 KHz ; the Tandy CM-8 and similar Magnavox monitors work well. We used an adapter, available from IMS, to connect our CM-8 to the computer.

Jumpers on the CPU board allow you to set the MM/l for use with just about any analog-RGB monitor. We used a CM-8, but the computer is also capable of working with MultiSync monitors. It also supports both composite and TTL monochrome monitors, providing a cost effective way of getting started, IMS offers cables that work with the MM/I for most monitors.

The MM/l uses a 24-bit palette controller that, depending on screen resolution, allows the selection of either 16 or 256 colors from a palette of 16.7 million colors. In conjunction with the VSC, this setup lets the MM/I decode RLE graphics images in realtime (on-the-fly) without CPU intervention. This is great for cartoon animation, games and instructional software.

The interlaced video supported by the vSC chip looks crisp on the CM-8. While interlaced video does result in noticeable screen flicker (a monitor with long phospor persistence may help eliminate this), it is useful and particularly advantageous for viewing graphics images. It is possible to see effective screen resolutions up to 320 -by-416 in 256 colors and 640 -by- 416 in 16
colors. In addition, the overscan/interlaced mode supports up to 720 -by-480 (in 16 colors) - all visible on a CM-8 monitor. Needless to say, the graphics capabilities of the MM/I far exceed what we expected from the CM-8, yet the CM-8 stood well in our tests.

One of the MM/I's serial ports is located on the CPU board. This port, / t 0 , is a gen-eral-purpose serial port and can be used to communicate with modems or terminals (via a null-modem adapter). We had no problem communicating in either setup via this port.

The second serial port, $/ \mathrm{t} 2$, is mounted on the I/O board and is powered, meaning it supplies voltage to be used by certain external devices, such as a mouse. Drivers for a Logitech C7 mouse (or compatible) are included with the system software. Unfortunately, Logitech discontinued the threebutton C7 mouse. However, several vendors offer compatible mice, and IMS can point you in the right direction. Also, drivers for the Microsoft mouse are currently being developed.

At the present time, the mouse driver is designed so that the left button is the Select
button and the right button changes windows. In the future, this scheme will be revised so the left button is Select, the middle button is Accept (for those dialog boxes requesting an OK ), and the right button calls a help box providing information about the program option you are currently using. Though this sounds nice, it is limiting. Considering the Microsoft two-button mouse is highly touted as one of the best and most-comfortable mice available, we feel the choice of a two- or three-button device should be left to the user. Still, the IMS implementation follows the UNIX standard.

Also available from IMS is a satellite board that lets you add up to three more serial ports (/t1, /t3 and /t4) to the MM/l. In addition, an optional MIDI board with MIDI OUT only is currently available. (A version with both MIDI IN and MIDI OUT is being developed.) It requires that you have the serial satellite board with/t1 installed. $/ t 1$ must be reconfigured, which is a simple matter of changing two jumper settings.

The MM/1 parallel port is on the I/O board and works with standard IBM-type printer cables, available at computer stores across
the country. We had no problems sending control codes to the printer and printing text on either dot-matrix or LaserJet printers. In view of some of the software currently in development for the MM/I, it will be interesting to see a graphics driver.

For input, the MM/1 accepts a standard XT-compatible PC Keyboard. The keyboard connector is located on the CPU board and is accessible at the rear panel. Alternatively, the case we received with the MM/1 has a front-mounted keyboard connector with an extension cable. It would be no problem to plug the extender into the CPU board and the keyboard into the front of the computer, if we had a reason to do this.

The keyboard driver on the system we received is hard-coded so that the function keys work to select different windows. This is fairly handy, but we'd like to see it done a little differently to allow the use of the function keys with applications software. For example, we were unable to run SMART, an integrated desktop package, because it requires use of the function keys. IMS is currently working on a different approach for window selection.

## MM/1 Software

Without software, a computer is nothing more than a bunch of parts and wires. IMS knows this and is working hard to provide utilities and other programs that help make the MM/I useful and relatively user-friendly.

## Included Software

The Mm/1 comes with Professional OS-9/68000 and a windowing system, written by Kevin Darling, that works like the windows for $\mathrm{OS}-9$ Level 11 on the CoCo 3. IMS includes a display command that uses the same control codes accepted by the Level II display command. Equally as important to some is that the $\mathrm{MM} / 1$ windowing system fully supports alternate screen fonts created for Level il windows. These features provide a welcome level of familiarity for those who have worked with $05-9$ on the CoCo 3. While the current windowing system seems somewhat rudimentary, especially considering the power and capabilities of the 68070 and the 66470 VSC , it forms the fundmental platform for which highpower applications can be designed. Further, it's inclusion with the MM/1 shows IMS' dedication to providing a userfriendly package. Down the road, we
expect to see a full-blown graphical user interface (GUI) for the MM/1.

Because of the way the windowing system is designed, the computer is always in the graphics mode. Those who are familiar with Level II understand the screen output is much slower when using graphics windows on the CoCo 3 . In contrast, the MM/1 doesn't feel slow with graphics windows.

For those who enjoy exploring graphics, or who are interested in multi-media applications, IMS includes several demonstration sound files and picture files, along with utilities for viewing/playing them. Utilities are provided for converting GIF images to the MM/1's CDI/AFF graphics format. This was enough to whet our appetites, and we found ourselves scouring Delphi and CompuServe looking for more.

We are impressed by the speed with which our hard drive-based MM/1 is able to retrieve and display images. Even when working with $150 \mathrm{~K}+$, phoro-quality digitized images, it takes the MM/L only a second or two to pop them on the screen. This speed results from the way the vSC chip works and also the speed of the SCSI hard drive we have. And the vse specifi-
cations indicate the chip is capable of much more, making the MM/1 ideal for animation applications.

Along the graphics line, also included is a version of Paint, a pixel-based graphics editor soon to be released commercially hy HyperTech Software. You can't save images with this demo version, but it does provide you with another creative outlet.

To help meet your text editing needs, the MM/I includes Emacs, a big brother of Microware's Umacs (also included), and Proff. While this text editor/formatter pair isn't the most user-friendly way to write (they are no replacement for a good word processor), they feature a lot of capabilities and do get you started. Emacs allows you to personalize the commands it uses and supports other features, such as cut-and-paste and search functions, needed for editing.

For telecommunications, the $\mathrm{MM} / 1$ comes with Sterm. This application isn't fancy - no pull-down menus and icons - but offers a solid implementation of the Xmodem protocol. The MM/I also comes with an IntroPak, an introductory subscription to CompuServe. We would like to see this practice spread to other systems, including Delphi,

Included with Professional OS -9/68000 is Microware's C compiler, to which IMS adds a cg x library allowing access to the

A CoCo-type joystick connector (6-pin DIN) is provided on the rear panel and is mounted on the $1 / O$ board. The driver for this port has not been completed, yet, but it will make the port a nice feature for arcadestyle games when it is.

Audio I/O is supported through a 5 -pin DIN connector on the MM/I's rear panel. The port is installed on the I/O board. Provided are two sound output lines for stereo and two input lines used for sound sampling (necessary software forthcoming). It would be nice had IMS simply put four RCA connectors for audio I/O on the computer. Still, you can purchase an appropriate adapter cable from IMS, or you can make your own.

The sound port is a nice addition sound quality is high and its inclusion adds another dimension to computing. We can't wait to see applications take advantage of this.

As stated earlier, the MM/1 comes with one megabyte of RAM installed on the CPU board. The computer can be upgraded to three megabytes by installing two SIMMs (available from IMS for $\$ 150$ ) on the $1 / 0$ board. Performing this upgrade is not diffi-
cult except that you must remove the $1 / 0$ board to set a single jumper on the CPU board. (If you plan to get three megabytes, it is easier if you get it when you purchase the machine, then install it when assembling the $M M / 1$.)


The MM/I case provides alot of room for expansion. The SCSI cable has been removed for this photo.

This is one aspect of the MM/1 motherboard design we don't like. To use a different monitor or to upgrade the memory, you must temporarily remove the $1 / 0$ board. As we said before, this task is the most difficult
part of assembling the mM/1 and seems to be a hassle. Of course you probably won't need to change your memory configuration or monitor settings often, but it would be nice if it were easier to make the changes when you do.

## Summary

IMS is doing a good job of providing what they intended from the start - a powerful (but user-friendly) computer with fast graphics and a wealth of applications. The MM/1 works well - we experienced no problems using the system in a variety of configurations. The $\mathrm{MM} / 1$ is easy and enjoyable to use. Its graphics and sound capabilities make it a good choice for use in multimedia applications, specifically computer animation, retail business and education.

We are particularly pleased with ims' philosophy that hardware alone does not a computer make. They offer a relatively complete package, with hardware and userfriendly software. Our feelings about the MM/l can be summed up with one word: impressed! Now we want to see more.
graphics functions of the windowing system. For those not interested in the C language, IMS includes Microware BASIC (reviewed September 1991, Page 54). A graphics library is forthcoming for this language.

Among the several other utilities is the OddJob Script Interpreter from TechnoTeacher Incorporated. OddJob supports a wide array of script commands, allowing even novice to intermediate users more control over the system. Based on UNIX's awk and chat, OddJob is a professional language with process synchronization features helpful for creating multimedia applications. With C-style syntax you can create interpreted programs to automate simple and complex tasks. OddJJob is used by Compact-Disk-Interactive firms to create CDI files.

More along the line of firmware, IMS includes a users guide with the MM/n. This manual explains the set-up and operation of the MM/I and its included software. It is written for novice users and undergoes many revisions as new products are developed. It does not contain a lot of detailed technical information - IMS offers a complete technical manual separately.

The manuals for $O \$-9 / 68000$ (including the C compiler) and Microware BAsIC are included with the MM/h. Also included are Using OS-9 Net. a manual for the Network File Manager, and Program-
mer's Toolkit, which covers Umacs, electronic mail, print spooling and more.

Most of the os-9/68000 commands include the standard help option - just enter the command name followed by -? for a fairly comprehensive overview of the command's usage. The developers of the public domain and third-party products we have seen have done a good job of sticking with the idea of providing this help option with their software.

## Third-Party Software

In addition to including software with the MM/1, IMS encourages and supports the development of third-party applications. As mentioned before, HyperTech Software is planning to release Paint in the near future. Also from HyperTech is Tetrix, a game that plays much like a program with a similar name. Dave Myers at CoCo PRO: has been busy porting his products, including Data Windows (a database) and Presto Partner (a personal secretary) from OS-9 Level II to OS-9/68000 for the MM/I. Also available are several system and user utilities from Brett Wynkoop.

On the midi front is UMuseK from Kala Software. This product. originally available as UltiMusE III for the CoCo 3. was written and ported by Mike Knudsen. On the way are two game packs from ColorSystems. We were able to play

Pyramid Solitaire and enjoyed it quike a bit. ColorSystems is also working on products for barcode I/O and home control using the BSR X-10 controller.

For more intense applications, there are Calc 9 and VED. Calc9 is a full-blown spreadsheet program produced by Pan Controls Ltd. and distributed by Windsor Systems. It supports graphs, complex numbers and more. VED is a very userfriendly text editor written for 0 - $9 / 68000$. In terms of its ease-of-use, consider it the Telewriter for OSK. Its hallmarks are intuitive controls, online help, powerful yet simple macros, and easily remapped key commands. Its author, Bob van der Poel, is currently working on an OS-9/68000 version of vPrint, for printing formatted text.

Equally as important as commercial software are public domain and shareware offerings. We obtained OSK versions of ar (a popular archive utility), ded (a full-featured disk editor) and more (which allows reading text files, forward and backward, one page or line at a time).

Also, Scott Griepentrog of StG. Inc., has been busy and has submitted several utilities to the public domain (these are available on Delphi and CompuServe). The one we most like is pop, which opens new windows on the fly. It supports the full range of MM/1 graphics/text resolutions and adds several useful options.

## Spicy Dice

by Francois Dubuc



While OS-9 is a powerful operating system, and there are many utilities available to help harness its power. I have seen few games written for it. To help balance this lopsided situation, I wrote Dice Game. This program is the OS-9 user's road to the glamour, glitter and

```
iniz wl
merge /d0/5ys/stdfonts >/wl
woreate/wl -s=600 00 40 2402 00 02
shell i-/w18
Figure 1: Commands for a 16-Color Window
```


## gamble of Las Vegas.

The object of Dice Game is simple. The screen displays six o-sided dice, and you place a bet that the CoCo will roll four, five or six of a kind. Since we're dealing with funny money (CoCo cash?), you won't have to forego that new hard drive if you lose. Diec Game requires a 512 K CoCo 3 and OS-9 Level II.

## Entering the Program

To enter the listing for Dice Game, you should first start BAsic09. To do this, put a

Francois Dubuc is a student and independent computer programmer: His other interests include tennis, golf and listening to music. He may be contacted at o35 Brouillette, St-Hyacinthe, Quebec J21 zcis, Canada. Please include an Sise when requessing a reply:
backup of the Basico9/Boot/Config disk from your os-9 Level il package into Drive 0 and enter the following two commands:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { chd } / \mathrm{do} \\
& \text { chx } / \mathrm{d} 0 / \mathrm{cmds}
\end{aligned}
$$

The first command tells os 9 to change the current data directory to the root directory of the disk in Drive (). This is the directory where the system will save the program you enter. The second command tells os-9 to set the current execution directory to the CMDS directory. This is the directory on that disk where BASICO9 and several other executable programs are stored. After you have done this, start BAsIcous by entering basic09 at the OS9 prompt. To tell BAsicne you want to enter (edit) a program, enter
edit Dice Game

Entering the program listing is easy, but you must remember to press the space bar as the first character on each line. As explained in the Basicie portion of the OS-9 Level II manual, the space character is a special command that tells the editor to keep the text you enter after it. (For more complete information about the editor. refer to Chapter 4 of the BASICO9 manual.) Enter each line by typing a space followed by the line itself, pressing ENTER after each one. Don't worry about indenting the lines. BASICog takes care of this for you.

When you have entered all the lines, exit the program editor by typing Q as the first character on the line and pressing ENTER. Now save the program to disk by entering

## save Dice Game

This saves the file to the current data directory. After saving the program, exit BA: SIC00 by entering bye at the B: prompt. Since Dice Game includes graphics calls to the graphics modules, $g \mathrm{f} \times 2$ must be in the current execution directory or in memory.

1 wrote Dice Game to run on a 320 -by-192, 16-color graphics window. You must create such a window be-
fore running the program. To do this, first put a backup of the OS-9 System Master in Drive (0) and enter
chd $/ \mathrm{do}$
chx $/ \mathrm{d} 0 / \mathrm{cmds}$
This rells os-y you have put a different disk in the drive, so it knows where to find the files it needs. Now enter the commands shown in Figure 1. As an alternative, use OS. $-9^{*}$ s ed it command to build a procedure file with the commands in Figure 1 in it (you could call the file win. 16color). In either case, once the window is created press the ClFar key to switch toit. Then put the disk with Dice Game back into Drive 0 and enter the chd and chx commands as shown above. At this point you can run the game by typing

> basic09 dice game
and pressing ENTER.

## Taking Your Chances

After you run Dice Game, the program draws the six possible faces of a die, then displays the game and title screens. Press any key to start the game, and the computer prompis you for your bet. Your bank starts at stoco - you can bet any amount up to the amount you have in the bank or $\$ 5000$. whichever is lower.

After you enter your bel, the computer rolls the dice. Youare prompted for the dice you want to keep and which ones you want to roll again - you are given two chances to come up with four, five or six dice with the same value showing. If you achieve this. your bet is multiplied by 5,10 or 20 , respectively. and added to the bank. Otherwise, the amount you bet is subtracted from the bank. The game ends when you have no money left.

One last note: If an error occurs during game play and the computer gets stuck in an overlay window, enter

Sdisplay 1b 23 1b 23
to kill the overlay windows. You'il then see the BASICO9 prompt onscreen.


| 0040 | RUN gfx2（＂scalesw＂．＂价＂） | 0518 | PRINT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0062 | RUN gfx2（＂curoff＂） | 0510 | PRINT |
| 0978 | RUN gfx2（＂tcharsw＂，＂off＂） | 951F | PRINT＊DICE GAME＂ |
| 0085 | RUN $\mathrm{gfx} \times 2$（＂boldsw＂．＂off＂） | 853A | PRINT |
| 9099 | RUN $\mathrm{gfx} 2($＂clear＂） | 653 C | PRINT |
| g9A6 | RUN gfx2（＂curhome＂） | 853E | PRINT＊＊BY＂ |
| 0085 | RUN gfx2（＂color＂，2） | 0551 | PRINT |
| anc5 | PRINT | 0553 | PRINT |
| 90C7 | PRINT | 0555 | PRINT＂FRANCOIS DUBUC＂ |
| 90C9 | PRINT＂ 0 ＂ | 656F | FOR $t=1$ TO 20 a |
| 00 D | PRINT | 657 F | 1－1NT（RND（1）＊6）+1 |
| 0203 | GOSUB 10 | 0592 | RUN gfx2（＂put＂， $1, f, 5,50$ ） |
| 0907 | PRINT | 65AB | RUN gfx2（＂put＂， $1,1,187,50$ ） |
| 0009 | PRINT＂ 0 ＂ | ${ }^{\text {B } 54} 4$ | NEXT $t$ gret |
| ORDF | PRINT＊＊＊ | 65CF | GET \＃g，key |
| OBE 7 | PRINT＂ $0^{*}$ | 0508 | RUN gfx2（＂owend＂） |
| BEEF | GOSUB 10 | 65E5 | RUN gfx2（＂owend＂） |
| O日F3 | PRINT＊${ }^{\text {Pr }}$ | ${ }^{65 F}$ ？ | RUN gfx2（＂boldsw＂，＂off＂） |
| 0075 | PRINT＊${ }^{\text {an }}$ | 0606 | RUN gfx2（＂tcharsw＂，＂off＂） |
| 0 OFB | PRINT＂${ }^{\text {c＊}}$ | 061838 | REM game |
| 8102 | PRINT＂${ }^{\text {＂}}$ | 0625 | RUW gfx2（＂owset＂，0，2，9，21，13，2，4） |
| 010A | GOSUB 10 | 0647 | REPEAT |
| 010 E | PRINT． | 0649 | REPEAT |
| 0110 | PRINT＊ 000 ＂ | 0648 | RUN gfx2（＂clear＂） |
| 0118 | PRINT＂${ }^{\text {PRINT }}$ | 0658 | PRINT |
| 0120 | PRINT＂O 0 ＂ | ${ }^{665 A}$ | PRINT＂YOU HAVE：＂：amount：＂\＄＂ |
| 0128 | GOSUB 10 | 866F | PRINT |
| 012 C | PRINT | 0671 | PRINT＂How much do you＂ |
| ${ }^{312 E}$ | PRINT＂ $00{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 0684 | PRINT＂want to bet＂ |
| 0136 | PRINT＂\％${ }^{\text {＊}}$ | 0694 | INPUT bet |
| 013 E | PRINT＂O 0 ＂ | 0699 | IF bet＜－3 OR bet＞amount OR bet＞50日g THEN |
| 0146 | GOSUB 10 | 9687 | RUN gfx2（＂owset＂，1，1，6，38．5，3，3） |
| 614A | PRINT | ${ }^{6609}$ | RUN gfx2（＂owset＂， $0,2,7,36,3,2,0$ ） |
| 814C | PRINT＂0 $0{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 66FB | RUN gfx2（＂clear＂） |
| 0154 | PRINT＂ 0 O＊ | 8768 | IF bet $<-8$ OR bet $>5900$ THEN |
| 015 C | PRINT＂ 0000 | 671E | PRINT |
| 6164 | G0SUB 18 | 8720 | PRINT＂You have to bet between 1 and 5000＂ |
| 0168 | GOTO 20 | 6746 | ENDIF |
| ${ }_{0} 16 \mathrm{C} 16$ | RUN $9 \mathrm{fx} 2($＂ box ＂，4，4，34，33） | 0748 | IF bet＞amount THEM |
| 0186 | RUN gfx2（＂color＂．1） | 0755 | PRINT |
| 0196 | RUN gfx2（＂fi11＂，5，15） | 0757 | PRINT＂You have only＂：amount：＂\＄＂ |
| 0148 | RUN gfx 2＇＂color＂，2） | 8771 | ENDIF |
| 0188 | RUN gfx2（＂get＂，1，t，4，4，31，36） | 0773 | GET \＃n，key |
| 8107 | RUN gfx2（＂curhome＂） | 877C | RUN gfx2（＂owend＂） |
| 01 E 6 | t－t＋1 | 6789 | RUN gfx2（＂owend＂） |
| $01 F 1$ | RETURH | 0796 | ENDIF |
| ${ }^{81 F 3} 28$ |  | 0798 | UNTIL bet＞AND bet＜－amount AND bet＜50e1 |
| $01 F 9$ |  | 0785 | PRINT |
| 0206 | RUN gfx 2 （＂DOx＂， $5,5,314,66$ ） | 0787 | PRINT＂press＇ENTER＇to spin＂ |
| 021 E | RUN gf $\times 2$（＂box＂，10，10，369，55） | 8708 | GET \＃B．key |
| 0236 | RUN gfx2（＂color＂，${ }^{\text {d }}$ ） | 6709 | RUN gfx2＂owend＂） |
| 0246 | RUN gfx2（＂fill＂，6．6） | 07 E 6 | FOR t－1 T0 6 |
| 0268 | RUN gfx2＂color＂，2） | 07 F 6 | FOR 1－1 105 |
| 0278 | RUN gfx2（＂put＂，1，1，1＊46，18） | 8810 | RUN gfx2（＂put＂，1，n（t），t＊40，18） |
| 8293 |  | 9830 |  |
| 029 E | FOR i－1 T0 6 | 0848 | NEXT $t$ |
| 02 AE | RUN $\mathrm{gfx2}$（＂setdptr＂，1＊40＋1，17） | 0853 | RUN $\mathrm{gfx2}$（＂owset＂，0，2，9，21，13，2，4） |
| 02CA | RUN gfx2（＂draw＂，＂ne 4，e30，5w4，ne 4，529，5w4＂） | 0875 | RUN of $\times 2$（＂clear＂） |
| D2F8 | NEXT i | 8882 | FOR 1－1 T0 6 |
| 8278 |  | 0892 | RUN gfx2（＂clear＂） |
| 0364 | RUN gfx 2 （＂box＂，200， $65,314,190$ ） | 0897 | PRINT |
| 031 C | RUN $\mathrm{gfx} \times 2$（＂box＂，265，76，309，185） | 98A1 | PRINT＂Do you want to＂ |
| 6334 | RUN gfx2（＂color＂，1） | 6883 | PRINT＂hold dice ${ }^{\text {P＂：}}$ 1：＂？＊ |
| 0344 | RUN gfx2（＂fill＂，201，66） | 08CA | REPEAT |
| 8356 | RUN ofx2＂color＂．2） | e8CC | GET \＃0，key |
| $\bigcirc 366$ | RUN gfx2（＂tcharsw＂，＂on＂） | 68D5 | UNTIL key－＂y＂OR key＊＂n＂ |
| ${ }^{8374}$ | RUN gfx2（＂curxy＂，27，9） | 68E9 | IF key－＂y＂THEN |
| 0380 | PRINT＂DICE GAME＂ | 0856 | hold（t）－1 |
| 039C | PRINT TAB（29）：＂．．．．．．．．．．＂ | 8961 | ENDIF |
| Q3AD | PRINT TAB（27）：＂6 identical：＂ | 0903 | If key＝＂n＂THEN |
| 03 Cl | PRINT TAB（27）；＂$\times 20^{\prime \prime}$ | 0916 | hold（ + －${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 6304 | PRINT | 0918 | ENDIF |
| 0306 | PRINT | 6910 | MEXT 1 |
| 0308 | PRINT TAB（27）：＂${ }^{5}$ identical：＊＊ | 0928 | RUN gfx2（＂clear＂） |
| O3EC | PRINT TAB（27）：＂$\times 10^{*}$ | 8935 | PRINT |
| 03 FF | PRINT | 8937 | PRINT＂Do you want to＂ |
| 8401 | PRINT | 8949 | PRINT＂change $50 \mathrm{mething"}$ |
| 6463 | PRINT TAB（27）：＂4 identical：＂ | 6950 | PRINT＂$[y / n]$ ？＂ |
| 6417 | PRINT TAB（27）：＂$\times 5^{\prime \prime}$ | 8968 | REPEAT |
| 642A | RUN gfx2（＂box＂， $5,65,195,199$ ） | 696A | GET \＃0，key |
| 6441 | RUN gfx2（＂box＂，16，79．190，185） | 6973 | UNTIL key－＂y＂OR key－＂n＂ |
| 0458 | RUN gfx2（＂color＂，1） | 0907 | UNTIL key＜＞＂y＂ |
| b47 ${ }^{\text {B4 }}$ | RUN gfx2（＂fill＂，6，66） RUN gfxa（＂color＂， 2 ） | 6993 | RUN gfx2（＂clear＂） |
| 048A | RUN gfx．2（＂fil）＂，¢，¢） | 69AE | PRINT＂Press＇ENTER＇to splin＂ |
| 849C | RUN gfx2（＂owset＂，1，5，5，30，14，4，2） | 6988 | GET 10．key |
| 04BE | RUN gfx2（＂owset＂， $0,6,6,28,12,2,0)$ | 09C4 | RUN gfx2（＂owend＂） |
| 64 E0 | RUN gf $\times 2$（＂clear＂） | 0901 | FOR t－1 TO 6 |
| 94E0 8506 | RUN gfx2（＂boldsw＂，＂on＂） | 69E1 | If hold $(t)-6$ THEN FOR $i=1$ TO 5 |
| 6582 | PRINT＂WELCOME TO ：＂ | DADO | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{t})-1 \mathrm{NT}($ RNO $(1) * 6)+1$ |

RUN $g \mathrm{fx} 2($＂put＂． $1, n(\mathrm{t}), \mathrm{t} * 40,18)$

## ENDIF

## NEXT $t$

100 REM
FOR $1:=1$ TO 6
hold（1）－0
NEXT 1
win：－0
result：－0
FOR $1:-1$ TO 6
hold（n（1））：－hold（n（1））＋1 NEXT 1
FOR $t:-4$ TO 6
FOR 1：－1 TO 6 If hold（1）＝t THEN

IF t－6 THEN win：-28 bet result：－6
ENOIF
IF $\mathrm{t}=5$ THEN win：－10＊bet
result：－5 ENDIF
IF t－4 THEN wIn：$=5$＊bet result：－4 ENDIF ENDIF
NEXT i
NEXT $t$
IF result－3 THEN
win：－－（bet）
ENDIF
RUM gfx2（＂owset＂，1，5，5，30，14，2，2）
RUN gfx2（＂owset＂， $0,6,6,28,12,2,0$ ）
RUN gfx2（＂clear＂）
PRINT＂DICE－GAME RESULT：＂
PRINT
PRINT＂current amount：＂；amount
PRIMT＂you bet ：＂：bet
If result THEN
PRINT＂you got no good combination＂ ENDIF
IF result＞D THEN
PRINT＂you got a combinatson of＂：result
PRINT＂identical dices＂
ENDIF
PRINT＂your amount is change by：＂
PRINT win：＂§＂
PRINT＂
amount：－amount＋win
PRINT＂new amount：＂；amount：＂\＄＂
GET MD．key
If amount $<=0$ THEN
RUN gfx 2（＂ouset＂．1，2，9．36．6．2，3）
RUN gfxa（＂owset＂， $0,3,10,34,4,2,0$ ）
RUN gfx2（＂clear＂）
PRINT＂＊＊＊YOU LOST ALL YOUR MONEY＊＊＊＊
PRINT

GET \＃D．key
RUN gfx2（＂owset＂，1，10，4，20，16．1，1）
RUN gfx2（＂owset＂． $0,11,5,18,14,2,8$ ）
REPEAT
RUN ofx2（＂clear＂）
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT TAB（7）：＂PLAY＂
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT TAB（7）：＂AGAIN＂
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT TAB（7）：＂［Y／N］？＂
GET 费0，key
UNT1L key＜＞＂y＂OR key〈＞＂n＂
FOR 1－1 TO 6
RUN gfx2（＂owend＂）
NEXT
RUN gfx 2 （＂clear＂）
IF keym＂＂y＂THEN
RUN fice game
ENOIF
END
ENDIF
FOR $1=1$ TO 2
RUN gfx2（＂owend＂）
NEXT 1
GOTO 30

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## Press Continue . . . by Bill Bernico

## Program Aid/16K Extended

I often look for ways to make the ordinary seem a little more exciting. Contimue is a perfect example. You have no doubt used programs that pause, allowing you to catch up. These programs usually provide some message, such as "Press Any Key to Continue." My subroutine adds to this, making sure you won't fall asleep or forget to press a key.

## The Listing: PRESCONT

```
1 *PRESS CONTINUE
    ** WRITTEN BY BILL BERNICO
    ** COPYRIGHT (C) DECEMBER }199
```

To use Continue in your own programs, put your message in Variable A\$, as shown in Line 3. Start the rest of your program at Line 13 - when the user presses a key, program execution continues here. Alternatively, you can relocate the subroutine. Then your program could call it using GOSUS and RETURN.

```
    ** BY FALSOFT, INC.
2 CLS:PRINT"THIS SUBROUTINE IS U
SED TO SPRUCE UP YOUR ORDIN
```


## Utility/16K Disk

## File Size

## by Darren Blaine Day

Have you ever needed to know exactly how many bytes are in a disk file? If so, File Size can help. This utility calculates the length of any file on disk and prints the information onscreen. To use the program, simply enter the drive number and filename. It isn't necessary to use a slash or period to separate the filename from the extension, but do be careful to follow the onscreen prompts.

File Size finds the file's directory entry (lines 1000 through 1055), obtains the starting disk granule for the file (Line 30), and traces the file's occupied granules through the file allocation table (lines 2000 through 2015). It then calculates the size of the file, based on the number of full granules used, and the number of sectors and bytes used in the last granule (Line 45). All of the data File Size needs is located on Track 17 of the disk. To learn more about Track 17, consult the technical section of your disk drive manual.

## The Listing: FILESIZE

```
1 FILE SIZE
2 'WRITTEN BY DARREN DAY
3 'COPYRIGHT (C) DECEMBER 1991
4 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
5 CLEAR 100D:CLS
10 INPUT "DRIVE #":DN:PRINT "TYP
E FILENAME UNDER LINES AND EXT
ENSION UNDER STARS. FILL BLA
NKS WITH SPACES.":PRINT ".......
****":LINE INPUT Fs
15 GOSUB 1000
20 DSKIS DN,17,X,AS,BS
25 C $-A$+LEFT $(8$,127)
30 BG$-MID&(CS,N*32+14,1)
35 NB$-MID$(C$,N*32+15,2)
40 GOSUB 2000
45 SZ-ASC(LEFT$(NBS,1))+ASC(RIGH
T$(NB$,1))+(NG*2304)+((ASC(BG$)-
&HCB-1)*256)
50 PRINT SZ;"BYTES LONG.":PRINT
" OR ABOUT"::PRINT USING "|M|,绿
# %";SZ/1024:"KILOBY
TE(S)"
55 PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY FOR ANOT
HER":EXEC 44539:RUN
1000 FOR X=3 T0 11
```

ARY INKEY\$ PAUSE ROUTINE.
3 A-480: A $\$=$ "press any key to con tinue": PRINTOA, STRING\$ $(31.46) ;:$ B $-L E N(A S):$ IFB $>26$ THENB-26
$4 \mathrm{C}=1 \mathrm{NT}(\mathrm{A}+(34-B) / 2)+8: B \$-M I D \$$ (AS , 1, B): A $\$ \mathrm{~m}^{\prime \prime}$ " + + $\$$ + $^{\prime \prime}$.
$5 \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{B}: \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{LEN}(\mathrm{A} \$): B=E: F=1$
6 IFB $\Rightarrow$ D THENB $=D+1$
7 C $\$=M 1 D \$(A \$, F, B):$ PRINTOC-D,C $: ~: ~$ FORG-1T020: NEXT
8 I\$-INKEY\$:IFI\$〈>""THEN12
9 IF D-E THEN11
$100-D+1$ : IFD $<E$ THEN 6
$11 \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{B}-1: \mathrm{F}-\mathrm{F}+1$ : 1 FB < OTHEN5ELSE6
12 PRINT®A, STRING\$(31," ");:A\$-M
ID
13 CLS:PRINT"YOUR PROGRAM CONTIN UES FROM HERE

```
1005 DSKIS DN,17,X,A$,B$
1010 C$-A$+LEFT$(8$.127)
1015 N$(0)=LEFT$(C$,11)
1020 FOR N-1 TO 7
1025 N$(N)=MID$(C$.N*32+1.11)
1030 NEXT N
1035 FOR N-0 TO 7
1040 IF F$-N$(N) THEN RETURN
1045 NEXT N
1050 NEXT X
1055 PRINT "FILE NOT FOUND":PLAY
    "P2":RUN
2000 DSKI$ DN,17,2,A$,B$
2005 BG$-HID$(A$.ASC(BG$)+1,1)
2010 IF ASC(BG$)>-&HCQ THEN RETU
RN
2015 NG-NG+1:GOTO 2005
```


## PMODE 4 <br> Snapshot by Keiran Kenny

Snapshot allows you to save a selected part of any PMODE 4 graphics screen. You can use the program with PMODE 4 pictures already in memory (e.g., drawn by a BASIC program) or you can have Snapshot load the image for you from tape or disk. If the image is to be drawn by another program, run that program first and press break.

After you run Snapshot, select Option 1 to save a part of a picture. You are prompted for whether the picture is in memory. If so, press Y. Otherwise. Snapshot asks you for the filename of the previously saved PMODE 4 image. If you are using a disk drive, Snapshot knows it and uses the drive for loading and saving files. Otherwise the program saves and loads from tape. Line 100 sets DV-1 (for disk) or DV--1 (for tape) accordingly.

Once the image is loaded, select the portion you want to save. Move around the screen using the arrow keys. To move diagonally, press two arrow keys at the same time. Press $X$ while also pressing an

## The Listing: PM4 PTSCR

```
G SAVE PHODE4 PART SCREENS
1 WRITTEN BY KEIRAN KENNY
2 *COPYRIGHT (C) DECEMBER 1991
3 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
4 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
15 DIMD(1228)
20 CLS:PRINTO160, "1. SAVE A PART
PIX"..."2. LOAD A PARTPIX":PRINT
:PRINTTAB(4)"PRESS 1 OR 2"
30 K$-INKEY$:IFK$<>"1"ANDK$<>"2"
THEN3O
40 IFK$m"2"THEN390
```


## Improved Directory

## by Geoff Friesen

$I D I R$ is a short utility that enhances the CoCo 3 OIR command, causing it to display the total number of files on the disk and the number of granules occupied. (A granule equals 2304 bytes and is the basic unit of allocation for disk files.) This information is useftil when you need to know if there is enough room on a disk to store more files.

The program requires a CoCo 3 and
arrow key to speed the movement of the cursor. When the cursor is positioned at the upper-left comer of the section you want to save, press $U$. Then move to the lower-right comer of the section and press L. When you press L, the screen clears, leaving only the portion of the image you have selected. At this point you can move the selected image by placing the cursor where you want the upper-lefi corner and pressing M .

To save the image, press S. Snapshot prompts you for the filename. (As long as you enter a different filename, your original PMODE 4 image remains unaffected.) Again, the program automatically saves to disk (if you have one) or tape. It is important to note that the saved file is actually a complete PMODE 4 image, with the unwanted portion removed, and it occupies the same amount of storage space as the original image. To load a saved portion or a different PMODE 4 image for viewing, select Option 2 when you start Snapshot.

```
50 CLS:PRINT@224."IS FULL PIX IN
    MEMORY? Y/N"
6B K$-INKEY$:IFK$<>"Y"ANDK$<>"N"
THEN6B
70 1FKS-"Y"THEN90
80 PRINT:INPUT"LOAD PIX:";PX5
90 PMODE4.1:COLORG.5
100 IFPEEK(&H15F)=196THENDV=1ELS
EDV=-1
110 IFK$="Y"THEN130
120 IFDV-1THENLOADMPXS ELSECLOAD
MPX$
```

Utility/CoCo 3 Disk

Disk BASIC Version 2.1. To install IDIR, simply run the BASIC program. The patch also redirects the reset vector. When the Reset button is pressed, the program automatically reinitializes itself - it is not lost.

IDIR should be installed after other machine-language routines, if any. Also keep in mind that since IDIR makes several modifications to the DIR command, it

```
130 SCREEN1,1
140 X-128:Y-96:N-1
150 IFPEEK(341)-247 THENY - Y - N
160 IFPEEK(342)=247THENY}=Y+
170 IFPEEK (343)=247THENX =X -N
180 IFPEEK(344)-247THENX X X +N
190 IFPEEK(338)=247THENN=6ELSEN=
1
200 IFPEEK(135)-85THENX1-X:Y1-Y
210 IFP ANDPEEK(135)=83THEN349EL
SEIFP-0ANDPEEK(135)-83THENX-X1;Y
-Y1:G0T0340
220 IFPEEK(135)-76THENH-X-X1:V-Y
-Y1:GET(X1,Y1)-(X1+H,Y1+V),D,G:P
CLS:PUT(X1,Y1)-(X1+H,Y1+V),D,PSE
T:POKE135.0
230\operatorname{IFPEEK}(135)=77THENP=1:PCLS:P
UT}(X,Y)=(X+H,Y+V),D,PSET:POKE135
.0
240 IFX<0THENX=0
250 IFX+H>255THENX=255-H
260 I FX>255THENX=255
270 IFY<@THENY-0
289 IFY+V>191THENY=191-V
290 IFY>191THENY-191
300 DR=PPOINT (X,Y): IFOR-OTHENCL-
5ELSECL-\emptyset
310 PSET (X,Y,CL): FORD=1TO10B: NEX
T:PSET (X,Y,DR):GOT0320
320 GOTO150
330 GOTO330
340 POKE135.0:CLS:PRINTE224."SAV
E PARTPIX NAME:";:INPUTPP$
350 SCREEN1.1
360 IFDV-1THENSAVEMPP$.3584.9727
.40999:GOT0380
370 CSAVEMPP$,1536,7679,40999
380 CLS:PRINTO224,"PARTPIX "+CHR
$(34)+PP$+CHR$(34)+" SAVEO." : ENO
390 CLS:PR1NT@224,"LOAD PARTPIX
NAME:";;INPUTPP$
400 PMODE4,1:COLORO.5:PCLS:SCREE
N1.1
410 IFPEEK(&H15F)=196THENLOADMPP
$ ELSECLOADMPP$
420 SOUND128,4
430 EXEC44539;CLS:END
```

most likely won't work with other utilities that patch this command.

I hope you enjoy using IDIR.

## The Listing: IOIR

```
100 'IDIR
110 'WRITTEN BY GEOFF FRIESEN
120 'COPYRIGHT (C) DECEMBER 1991
130}\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime}\textrm{BY}\mathrm{ FALSOFT, INC.
140 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
```

150 .
160 CLEAR 200.PEEK(\&H27)*256+PEE
K(8H28)-176
170 SA-PEEK ( 8 H27) *256
180 SA-SA + PEEK $\left(8 H_{2 B}\right)+1$
190 FOR I-SA TO SA +176
200 READ BS
210 POKE I, VAL(" $\mathrm{SH} \mathrm{H}^{+}+\mathrm{B} \$$ )
220 NEXT I
230 EXEC SA+10: CLS
240 PRINT "IDIR INSTALLED"; NEW
250 DATA 12, B7,FF.DF.8D, OF, 6E, 90

260 DATA $90.5 \mathrm{~A}, 9 \mathrm{E}, 72, \mathrm{AF}, 80.00,54$ 270 DATA $39,8 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{ED}, 9 \mathrm{~F}, 72,86,8 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{B} 7$ 280 DATA CC, A9, 30, 80, 00, 4A,BF,CC 290 DATA AA, B7,CC, D7, 30, 80,00, 49 300 DATA BF,CC, D8, 86,7E,B7.CC.FB 310 DATA $30,80,00,43, B F, C C, F C, B 7$ 320 DATA CD, 12, 30, 80, 66, 49, BF,CD 330 DATA $13, B 7, C D, 15,30,80,00,47$ 346 DATA BF,CD, 16, 86,42,12,12.12 350 DATA B7.CC. D2,39,0D, 46,49,4C 360 DATA $45,53,3 A, 20,20,47,52,41$ 370 DATA $4 E, 53,3 A, 20,00,00,00,00$

380 DATA 6F, 8C, FB, 6F, 8C, F9,7E, D2 390 DATA $4 \mathrm{~F}, 6 \mathrm{C}, 8 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{~F} 2,7 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{B9}, \mathrm{~A} 2, \mathrm{BD}$ 400 DATA CD, 1E, 34, D2, AB, $8 C, E 8, A 7$ 410 DATA $8 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{E} 5,35,04,7 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{CC}, \mathrm{FF}, 5 \mathrm{C}$ 420 DATA Cl, QC, $22,83,7 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{CC}, \mathrm{BB}, 30$ 430 DATA BC,C2,C6,0B,BD,B9,A2, E6 440 DATA $8 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CC}, 4 \mathrm{~F}, 8 \mathrm{~B}, 8 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{CC}, 30,8 \mathrm{C}$ 450 DATA BB,C6, ØQ, BD, B9, A2, E6, 日C 460 DATA BE, $4 F, B D, B D, C C, B D, 89,58$ 470 DATA 39,*

## Game/CoCo 3

## Peggity

## by George Aftamonow

Peggity is a one-player game for the CoCo 3 . The object of the game is to fill each box on a diamond-shaped grid with one of five colors. You must do this in such a way that no two adjacent boxes (horizontally, vertically or diagonally) are of the same color. To make things just a little more difficult, you can fill only squares that are next to already-colored squares - Peggity gets you started by filling four squares. If you manage to color all the boxes, a new grid appears and the game continues. The game is over

## The Listing: PEGGITY

```
1 'PEGGITY
2 'WRITTEN BY GEORGE & ELLEN AFT
AMONOW
3. COPYRIGHT (C) DECEMBER 1991
4 'BY FALSOFT. INC.
5 DIM8(81)
6 'for the cOCO 3
10 PALETTEG,D:PALETTE5,63:HSCREE
N2:HCLSO:HCOLOR5.D
15 HPRINT(10,18)."(C)MP OR (R)GB
?"
20 15-1NKEY$:1F1s=""THEN20
30 IFI$="C"THEN40ELSEIFI$-"R"THE
N50ELSE20
40 PALETTECMP:PALETTEO.0:PALETTE
1,17:PALETTE2,39:PALETTE3,58:PAL
ETTE4,53:PALETTE5,63:PALETTE6,41
:PALETTE9,7:PALETTE10,52:PALETTE
12.38:PALETTE14,51:GOT055
50 PALETTERGB: PALETTED, D: PALETTE
1,16:PALETTE2,38:PALETTE3,29:PAL
ETTE4,55:PALETTE5,63:PALETTE6,45
:PALETTE7,57:PALETTEB,44:PALETTE
12,32:PALETTE13,42:PALETTE14.15:
PALETTE9,32:PALETTE10,52:' 0-BLK
    1-GRN 2-RED 3-BLU 4-YLW 5-WHT 6
-PUR 9-DRKRED 10-LT RE
55 HCLS8:HSCREEN2:HCOLOR2
57 HPRINT(12,3),"George and Elle
n":HPRINT(15,4),"present:"
60 HDRAM"BM70.120S8L6U20R14F202B
L4L604R6NU4BR4NU302G2L8D88R26 L1
6U15BUU4R1604L1004R4D4L4D4R108D2
D2"
``` boxes on the grid. quite challenging. Good luck! \(6^{\prime \prime}\) \(63 \operatorname{HPAINT}(68,118), 4,2\)
when you can't legally fill any more
The color you must use to fill boxes is randomly selected and is shown on the upper-left part of the screen. The number of each color remaining is shown on the right of the screen. Press the arrow keys to position the blinking-square cursor, and press ENTER to fill the square. Press Q to quit the game at any time. Game play is simple, but filling even one entire grid is

61 HDRAW"BR14L12H2UBUU14E2R12F2B 02N04L10012R6U4L2U4R6D10G2BR16 L 12H2BU16E2R12F2NU2BD2N04L10012R6 U4L2U4R6D10NG2D2 R6U16NR6UBUU2NL

62 HDRAW"R18DBDD2L6ND16BL6D16R6B R18 L6U10H6BU4R2F6R2E6R2D4G6D10"

64 HLINE 1.56 )-(319.150), PSET, B: HLINE \((6,54)-(312,146)\), PSET, B:HLI NE \((16,60)-(300,140)\), PSET , B: HLINE


65 HCOLOR9:HLINE (0.50)-(320.150)
. PSET, B: \(\operatorname{HLINE}(56,80)\)-(0.50). PSET : \(\operatorname{HLINE}(0,150)-(60,120)\), PSET:HLIN E(270.80)-(320.50). PSET:HLINE (25 8,120)-(320,150). PSET
\(9 \varnothing\) HCOLOR2: \(\operatorname{HLINE}(50,162)-(27 \emptyset .18\) (8), PSET. B: HPRINT(9,21),"NEED INS TRUCTIONS \(\forall / N\) ?"
91 IS-INKEYS:IFIS-""THEN91
92 IF1 \(\$\)-"N"THEN99ELSEHCLS
93 HLINE (2.15)-(318.152), PSET, 8: \(\operatorname{HIINE}(4,17)-(316,15 \dot{\theta})\), PSET, \(B: H P R\) INT \((3,5)\), "THE OBJECT IS TO FIL L EVERY BOX": \(\operatorname{HPRINT}(3,6)\)."SO TH at NO TWO OF THE SAME COLORS": H PRINT(3,7), "ARE NEXT TO EACH OTH ER, VERTICALLY,": HPRINT ( 3,8 ), "HOR IZONTALLY. OR DIAGONALLY." 94 HPRINT \((3,9)\), "ONCE A COLOR IS PLACED. IT MAY NOT": HPRINT (3.16) ."BE REMOVED OR CHANGED.":HPRINT (3,11), "COLORS MUST BE PLACED NEXT TO AN": HPRINT(3,12)."EXISTI NG COLORED BOX."
96 HPRINT \((3,13)\), "USE ARROW KEY T 0 MOVE BLINKING BOX": \(\operatorname{HPRINT}(3.14\) ), "THEN PRESS ENTER. HIT Q TO OUIT": HPRINT \((9,17)\),"PRESS ENTER

TO START．＂
98 IFINKEYS－＂＂THEN98
99 SC－4
100 HCLSD
110 B5－＂L29U16R20016BR30＂
120 HDRAW＂C3BM14B，25S4＂+ B5 ：HORAW
＂BM110．50＂＋Bs + B \(\$+B \$\)
125 HDRAW＂BMAO，75＂：FORB－1T05：HDR AM＂XBS：＂：NEXT
130 HORAW＂BM50．100＂：FORB－1T07：HD RAM＂XBS：＂：NEXT：：HDRAW＂BM80．125＂： FORB－1TO5：HDRAW＂XB\＄：＂：NEXT
135 HDRAW＂BM110．150＂＋B\＄＋8\＄＋B\＄：HD
RAW＂BM140．175＂＋B\＄
146 HCOLOR2： \(\operatorname{HLINE}(251,10)-(315.1\)
00），PSET．B： \(\operatorname{HLINE}(249.150)\)－\((315.1\)
B0）．PSET，B：HDRAW＂BM \(45,48^{\prime \prime}+8\) \＄
150 HPRINT（B，2）．＂NEXT COLOR＂：HPR
INT（33．17）．＂SCORE＂
206 C－0：Y－20：FORZ－1T05：X－260：C－C ＋1：FORX－260T030日STEP1G：HCOLORC：H LINE \(X, Y)-(X+6, Y+B)\) ．PSET，BF：NEXT \(X: Y-Y+15:\) NEXTZ
\(210 \mathrm{P}-14\) ：FORZ－1T05： \(\mathrm{P}(Z)=5\) ：NEXT
\(220 \mathrm{X}=138: \mathrm{Y}=23: \mathrm{E}=14\) ：FORZ－1T04：A \(=\) RND（5）：\(A X-250+P(A) * 10: A Y=5+A * 15\) ：

HCOLORE：HLINE（AX，AY）－（ \(A X+6, A Y+B\) ） ，PSET，BF：P（A）－P（A）－1：HPAINT（X，Y） ，\(A, 3: B(E)=A: I F Z=1\) THENX \(-48: Y=98\) ： E－38：ELSEIFZ－2 THENX－228：Y＝98：E－ 44：ELSEIFZ－3 THENX－138：Y－173：E＝6 8
230 NEXT：\(X-140: Y-25\)
250 C－RND（5）：IFP（C）－ด THEN25B \(260 \times C-250+P(C) * 10: Y C-5+C * 15: H C 0\) LORD：HLINE \((X C, Y C)-(X C+6, Y C+8)\) ，PS ET，\(B F: P(C)=P(C)-1\)
270 HCOLORC： \(\operatorname{HLINE}(44,47) \cdot(26,33)\) ，PSET，BF
300 PALETTE15，63：HDRAW＂BM－X；，＝Y； C15XBS：＂
310 1 \(\mathbf{5}\)－INKEYS：IFI \(\$=\)＂＂THENPALETT E15．b：PALETTE15，63：GOTO310ELSEHD RA以＂BM＝X：，\(=Y:\) C3XBS：＂
320 JFIS－CHRS（13）ANDB（P）－QTHENI FB（P－9）＜＞B ORB（P－1）＜＞日 ORB \((P+1)<\) \(>\varnothing\) ORB \((P+9)<>\varnothing\) THEN40D
330 1F15－CHR \(\$\)（9）ANDP \(\langle>14\) ANDP \(\langle>\) 24 ANDP \(\langle>34\) ANOP \(\langle>44\) ANOP \(<>52\) AN DP＜＞ 60 ANDP \(\langle>68\) THENP \(-P+1: x-x+30\) ：GOT0300
340 IFIS＝CHR\＄（8）ANDP \(\langle>14\) ANDP \(\langle>\)

22 ANDP \(\langle>30\) ANDP \(\langle>20\) ANOP \(\langle>38\) AN DP \(\langle>48\) ANDP \(\langle>58\) ANDP \(\langle>68\) THENP \(=P\) -1 ：x－x－30 ：GOT0300
350 IFI\＄－CHR\＄（94）ANDP \(\langle>14\) ANOP \(\langle\) \(>22\) ANOP \(\langle>24\) ANDP \(\langle>36\) ANDP \(\langle>34\) A NDP \(\langle>38\) ANDP \(\langle>44\) THENP－P－9：\(Y-Y-2\) 5：G0T0300
360 IFIS－CHRS（10）ANDP \(\langle>38\) ANDP \(<\) \(>44\) ANDP \(\langle>48\) ANDP \(\langle>52\) ANDP \(\langle>58\) A NOP \(\langle>60\) ANOP \(\langle>68\) THENP－P \(+9: \gamma-\gamma+2\) 5：GOTO30日
376 IFIS＝＂0＂THEN425
380 GOTO500
400 IFB（ \(P-10)=\mathrm{C} O R B(P-9)=C \quad 0 R B(P\) \(-8)=\mathrm{CORB}(\mathrm{P}+1)=\mathrm{C} 0 \mathrm{RB}(\mathrm{P}+10)=\mathrm{C}\) ORB \((P+9)=C \quad O R B(P+8)=C \quad O R B(P-1)=C \quad\) TH EN50日ELSEHPAINT \((X-1, Y-1), C, 3: H C O\) LORD：HLINE \((44,47)-(26,33)\) ．PSET，B \(F: B(P)-C\)
\(410 \operatorname{HLINE}(270,160)-(300,175)\) ．PSE T，BF：SC－SC＋1：HCOLOR4 ：HPRINT（34， 2 d）．SC：1FSC／25《＞INT（SC／25）THEN25 \(\square\)
420 SC－SC＋4：PALETTE15．53：HCOLOR1 5：HPRINT（2，22），＂NEXT SCREEN＂：FOR Z－1T05：PLAY＂T250L200EAGAEAGAEAGE

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\hline DEC 86 & Holiday \\
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\hline FEB 87 & Utilies \\
\hline MAR 87 & Business \\
\hline APR 87 & Home Help \\
\hline MAY 87 & Printer \\
\hline JUN 87 & Music \\
\hline JUL 87 & Anniversary \\
\hline & VOLUME 7 \\
\hline AUG 87 & Games \\
\hline SEP 87 & Education \\
\hline OCT 87 & Graphics \\
\hline NOV 87 & Data Comm. \\
\hline DEC 87 & Holiday \\
\hline JAN 88 & Beginners \\
\hline FEB 88 & Utilities \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


425 HCOLOR4:HPRINT \((2,24)\), "PLAY A
GAIN?": SC=4
430 I \(\$=\) INKEY \(\$\) :IFI \(\$=\) "" THEN430

435 IFI\$="N" THENCLS:RGB:END:ELS
EIFI\$-"Y" THEN440ELSE430
440 FORZ-1T081:8(Z)-D:NEXT:GOTO1
00:ELSE430
500 HCOLOR4:HPRINT \((6,23)\). "ILLEGA

\section*{Utility/CoCo 3}

\section*{Palette Tints}
by Keiran Kenny

I have seen numerous programs in THE Rainbow that display all 64 palette tints available on the CoCo 3. However, I needed one that groups the tints, allowing me to choose between all the reds, all the blues, etc. Tint Pal is my solution.

When you run the program, you see a menu from which you can select any of seven different color groups. After you select a category, Tint Pal displays all the
colors available in that category, along with the corresponding color values.

The color groups are set using PL\$ in lines 120 through 170. The color numbers are given as consecutive two-digit values. Like beauty, color is in the eye of the beholder - feel free to vary the values to reflect the way your eyes interpret color. Also, as written, Tint Pal gives appropriate colors only on RGB monitors. You'll

L": PLAY"T255L26901BAD02BA003BAD" :FORZ-1T050: NEXT:HCOLOR0:HPRINT( 6.23), "ILLEGAL": GOTO3g®
have to change the values to use the program with a composite monitor.

I find it useful to have Tint Pal accessible when I write other programs. To do this, you can renumber the program by entering RENUM 10000,10 . Also add the line 9990 GOT09990. Then start writing your program at Line 10. When you want to check a color value, just enter RUN 10000. Press break to exit.

\section*{The Listing: TINTPAL}
```

g - PALETTE TINT GROUPS
1 'HRITTEN BY KEIRAN KENNY
2 'COPYRIGHT (C) DECEMBER 1991
3.BY FALSOFT. INC.
4 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
10 POKE65497.0
20 ONBRKGOT0310
30 ONERRGOT0320
40 PALETTEB.0: HSCREEN2:HCOLOR1
50 HPRINT(0.6),"CHOOSE PALETTE T
INTS:"
60 HPRINT(0,2),"(1) GREENS":HPRI
NT(20.2) "(2) YELLOHS"
70 HPRINT(0,4)."(3) BLUES";HPRIN
T(20,4),"(4) REDS"
80 HPRINT(0,6)."(5) PURPLES":HPR
INT(20,6)."(6) BROWNS/ORANGES"
90 HPRINT(0.8)."(7) GRAY \& WHITE
100 K$=1NKEYS:IFK$<"I"ORK\$>"7"TH
EN100ELSEHCLS

```

3:HPRINT (14,21)."PRESS ANY KEY": EXEC44539: HCLS: PT \(=0: X=\emptyset: Y=16 ; G O T\) 0220
230 PL=VAL(MID\$(PL\$, T,2))
240 PALETTEPT,PL
25 G HPRINT ( 20 -LEN(C \(\$\) )/2, D),C \(\$\)
260 HCOLORPT: HLINE \((X, Y)-(X+32, Y+\)
32). PSET, BF

270 HPRINT \((X / 8,(Y+40) / 8)\), PL
280 IFPT \(=8\) THENX \(=0: Y=Y+56 E L S E X=X+\) 40
290 NEXTT
300 HPRINT (14,21), "PRESS ANY KEY
": EXEC44539: PT=0:HCLS:PALETTE1. 5 4: GOT040
310 POKE65496, D: RGB:CLS:END
320 POKE65496, 0: RGB;CLS:PRINTe22
4. "ERROR\#"ERNO"IN LINE"ERLIN: END

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CoCo Consultations

\title{
Monitor Conversions
}

\author{
by Marty Goodman \\ Contributing Editor
}

CoCo
Can IBM monochrome or VGA monochrome monitors be used with the CoCo 3's RGB video output?

Francis Swygert (DEsTFOX) Robins AFB, Georgia

AThe Color Computer's horizontalsync frequency is 15.75 KHz while the horizontal-sync frequency of IBM monochrome monitors is around 19 KHz . This difference is enough that many IBM monochrome monitors can't sync to the Color Computer's horizontal-sync signal unless you adjust the ferrite slug in the horizontal oscillator or make some other modification. Once the horizontal-sync discrepancy is dealt with, you still need a means of converging the three analog RGB signals together and turning them into luminance and intensity signals at TTL levels. Second City Software was selling such a circuit at the last Rainbowfest. The problem is that even if you get the monitor to sync to the lower frequency, the image will occupy only the center two-thirds of the screen. VGA monitors sync at many different frequencies, but the lowest of those is 31.5 KHz . Thus, there is no reasonable way that a VGA monochrome monitor is likely to sync to a CoCo 3 video signal. In fact, connecting a VGa monitor to the CoComight damage the monitor.

Martin H. Goodman, M.D., a physician trained in anesthesiology, is a longtime electronics tinkerer and outspoken commentator - sort of the Howard Cosell of the CoCo world. On Delphi, Marty is the SIGop of Rainbow's CoCo SIG and database manager of os-9 Online. His non-computer passions include running, mountaineering and outdoor photography. Marty lives in San Pablo, California.

\section*{PIA Chips}

What's the story with that mystery PIA chip used for the keyboard in the CoCo 3? The other PIA is a standard 68B2I. but the keyboard PIA has a weird, propric-tary-fooking part number, yet appears to be used just the same as one would use a 68821 .

Douglas Berry (DBBB)
Leland, North Carolina

AOriginal revision D and E motherboards used ordinary 6821 s for the keyboard. With the revision F motherboard and CoCo 2 models, a 6822 open-collector PIA was used, in association with the needed pull-up resistors. Recently Jim Harrison (JIMHARRISON) ordered a replacement keyboard PIA for his CoCo 3 from National Parts and received a regular 68B21 chip! He was rather suprised, as was I when he told me of it. But he tried the chip in his CoCo 3 . and it appears to work just fine. Thus, while I am not at all sure what is special about the chip Tandy supplies as the keyboard PIA for the CoCo 3. I can tell you that Jim Harrison's experience is that a 68B21 works fine as a replacement. Jim points out that there are no pull-up resistors on the circuit for the CoCo 3 . So you would not expect Tandy to use an open-collector version of the PIA. It seems as if Tandy went full circle, from ordinary PIA to open-collector PIA and back to ordinary PIA in its design.

\section*{Star/Commodore Printer}

My son was given a Commodore 128 and a Star SL-70C printer. Can he use the printer with a CoCo 3?

Stephen H. Wallace (SPARKYWALL) Kellyville, Oklahoma

ACommodore computers often send data to the printer via a Commodore-
only varient of RS-232 protocol. More specifically, older Commodore computers and printers (and modems) communicated via a 5-pin DIN connector that carried RS- 232 signals at TTL voltage levels. If your printer has a 5 -pin DIN connector, it likely is one of those printers custom produced for use with the Commodore. If you are a hacker, you can fix this by adding level-converter chips (either Max 232, or 1488 and 1489 line drivers and receivers) to appropriate lines on the interface to turn the Commodore-only serial interface into a general-purpose RS-232 interface. Alternatively, if your printer has a parallel port (and assuming you know the DIP switch setting to activate that port), you can use a serial-to-parallel converter with your CoCo 3 . The argument against using a serial-to-parallel converter is that such converters cost about \(\$ 50\) or more. The argument for using such a converter is that most printers now available include parallel interfaces, and whatever printer you buy in the future for your CoCo 3 will also likely require such a converter.

\section*{Null-Modem Cables}

What is the pin-out for a null-modem cable that I can use berween my atcompatible and my CoCo 3? I have an RS232 Pak on the CoCo3.I have DB- 25 connectors on both the RS-232 Pak and on the AT serial port.

Ted Jaeger (TEDJAEGER) Fayetteville. North Carolina

AI recommend using what is called a "non-handshaking" null-modem cable. This cable involves only three wires between the two computers, plus some extra jumpers on the connectors that go to each computer. Between the two computers, connect Pin 7 of one to Pin 7 of the other,
and Pin 2 of each computer to Pin 3 of the other computer. Now, connect together pins 6,7 and 20 of the connector at each end of the cable. Also short pins 4 and 5 together at each end of the cable. You now have a null-modem cable that should work fine for file transfers. I have used such a cable for the transfer of many megabytes of data between my CoCo and PC -compatibles.

\section*{Monitor Conversions}

What is involved in converting a Magnavox SCM652 or sCM762 monifor so it can accept analog RGB signals, the way the Magnavox ACM5 15 can?

Barry L Brooks Omaha, Nebraska

AThe Magnavox 8CM652 and 8CM762 use exactly the same circuit board as the Magnavox 8CM515. However, the circuit board is not as fully populated, Roughly 50 components, all having to do with the RGB analog input, are left out. This includes the 6 -pin DIN connector and a large number of resistors, transistors, diodes and capacitors. Interestingly the total cost of the missing components is under \(\$ 10\) (excluding the 6-pin DIN connector). In fact, if you are a patient and dedicated tinkerer, and if you have the service manual for that line of

Magnavox monitors (available from Magnavox for about \$15), you can determine exactly what parts are missing (the silk screening on the circuit board helps a lot). When you add all the missing components, you'll get, in effect, a Magnavox scm5is monitor.

I actually did this for Howard Medical on one occasion when they were investigating what was involved in doing just such a conversion. It turns out the conversion is possible, and the parts cost is quite low (resistors and small-signal diodes cost about a penny apiece at most electronic supply houses, and the required general-purpose. small-signal transistors are about 15 cents each). However, the conversion is rather tedious and time consuming. You must first remove the solder from over a hundred holes on the wave-soldered circuit board, then add the required components, with careful reference to a comparison of the two schematic diagrams. Note that you will not fill in all the missing components, as some of the missing components on an 8CM672 relate to a missing (and unneeded) comb filter or to other minor differences between it and the scm515 that do not need to be rectified. Just add only those components that are part of the analog input circuitry and that appear on the schematic for the

8 CM 515 but not on the schematic for the 8 CM 862 . This includes some video-input components and some extra power supply circuitry.

\section*{Sendless Modem}

I have an older modem that will not send data when I connect it using a standard CoCo-to-modem cable. Any suggestions?

Dennis McMillian (COCOKw) Pittsburgh. California

AMany older modems require a valid signal (Logic 1 or High) on the RTS (request to send) line before they can send data. Most of these older modems have a source of +12 volts on Pin 9. So, just pull up Pin 4 (RTS) of the modem, possibly by merely tying it to Pin 9 of your modem (if Pin 9 is in fact a source of 8 to 12 volts). This is not likely to be a problem using the Tandy RS-232 Pak, but it could be a problem if you are using the 4-pin serial port or if you are using a Disto or CoCopro! RS-232 pak that does not support CTS and RTS lines.

\section*{A Mountain of Questions}

My computer system was hit bylightning, and my modem was destroyed. 1 got the CoC ofixed, but it still fails to work


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with my RS-232 Pak and Multi-Pak, though the rear serial port still works. I have MikeyTerm, VTerm and the DeskMate terminal program for the CoCo 3. What do you suggest? Tandy says it will not repair my RS-232 Pak if it is broken. I cannot at this time log onto Delphi to get your answer.
\(I\) was given an IBM monochrome monitor, which I hooked to my Tandy 1000 HX computer. But I get a double image. The screen seems divided in half (top and bottom) where the image repeats. How do 1 fix this?

\section*{Alan Lundaberg Altoona, Pennsylvania}

AIt is possible your RS-232 Pak or MultiPak was damaged during that lightning hit. First try making a modem cable that connects your modem to the 4 -pin serial port of the CoCo, and see if (after configuring vTerm for use with the bitbanger serial port) you can get the modem to work. That, at least, should get you back on Delphi. The cable to use is as follows:
\begin{tabular}{cc}
\begin{tabular}{c} 
CoCo 3 \\
4-pin DIN
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Modem \\
DB-25
\end{tabular} \\
1 & 8 \\
2 & 4 \\
3 & 7 \\
4 & 3
\end{tabular}

As for your RS-232 Pak, you need to check it fully. Hook it to an RS-232 lineindicator box (the kind that flashes lights when signal levels change). Set the terminal to 300 bps . Now press some keys and see if the outgoing data light flashes. If not, you may have zapped the level-converter chips in the RS-232 Pak. Check the signals going into and out of the 1488 and 1489 chips. If the signals are incorrect, desolder those two chips and replace them. If the RS-232 Pak still does not work, you may have to replace the 6551 chip. If the 6551 chip is dead, replace it with a 6551A chip.

I recently had a disaster at my house, where I accidentally routed 110 volts AC into my RS-232 Pak's serial port due to a faulty wall transformer for a modem. The ground trace in my RS- 232 switch box was vaporized. Both the 1488 and 1489 levelconverter chips in the RS-232 Pak were destroyed (one of them was literally blown to pieces), and the 6551 chip was also zapped. However, the rest of the RS-232 Pak (the voltage-inverter block and the address decode circuitry) was OK, as was (miraculously) the rest of my system (Multi-Pak and CoCo 3). This experience might be similar to the experience of the modem getting zapped with lightning.

The Tandy 1000 HX , to my knowledge,
puts out only a CGA-type video signal. CGA is quite different from IBM monochrome, for TTL monochrome syncs at 19 KHz while CGA syncs at 15.75 kHz . The IBM monochrome monitor was never meant to work with the CGA output of your 1000 HX . Don 't try to use it with the 1000 HX .

\section*{Multi-Pak Interface}

Can I use an old gray-case MultiPak Interface (Cat.No. 26-3024) with a CoCo 2 (Cat. No, 26-3134B)?

\section*{Paul Kemp}

Independence, Montana

AYes. All Multi-Pak Interfaces can be used with older CoCo 1's and 2's. The old gray-case Multi-Pak has exactly the same circuit as the newer white-case Multi-Pak that bears the same catalog number (26-3024). Actually, any model 26 3024 Multi-Pak can also be used with a CoCo 3, although you will have to remove the old PAL chip and put in a different one to avert an address conflict with the CoCo 3's GIME chip.

\section*{CoCo Keyboard}

How do J install a CoCo 2 keyboard in an old gray-case CoCo 1?

Erwin D. Hansen (ERWINH) Atoka. Indiana

AThe lines on the CoCo 2 keyboard exactly match the keyboard pins of the CoCo I keyboard connector. No special circuitry, transistors or resistors are needed. What is needed are appropriate connectors and a cable to hook the mylar ribbon cable from the CoCo 2 keyboard to the pins on the CoCo 1 motherboard. Do-it-yourselfers can probably make an appropriate adapter cable with a bit of tinkering using a 34 -pin dualrow header connector, a 34 -pin edge connector, some ribbon cable, and a bit of custom tinkering. Contact me via Delphi if you want the connector that fits the mylar ribbon cable. I still have a few I can spare.

Your technical questions are welcomed. Please address them to CoCo Consultations, the rainbow, p. O. Box 385, Prospect, Ky 40059.
We reserve the right to publish only questions of general interest and to edit for brevity and clarity. Due to the large volume of mail we receive, we are unable to answer letters individually.
Questions can also be sent to Marty through the Delphi CoCosig. From the CoCo sig> prompt, pick Rainbow Magazine Services. Then at the Raingow > prompt, typeask (for Ask the Experts) to arrive at the EXPERTS> prompt, where you can select the "CoCo Consultations" online form, which has complete instructions.

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\title{
The CoCo Sound Generator
}

\author{
by Walt Noon
}

You already know, as a CoCo user, the Color Computer is one of the most powerful, easy-to-use computers ever created. You also know that the graphics images you can produce from within BASIC (and the options to manipulate them) are pretty darn spectacular.

If you are like me, when you first got your CoCo you were off and running designing one program after another, constantly searching for the edge of the CoCo's creative envelope. I don't think we have found it yet. Maybe it will be that next program...

One of the few things I feel was left out of my grasp in the CoCo's powerful basic language was the ability to create good sound effects. If you have used the sound command in your own programs, you know what I mean. Even the little tricks for getting strange sounds using the SOUND command will never really satisfy serious game programmers. (Is there any other kind?) This is the reason I wrote Sound Generator.

Sound Generator allows you to create many sound effects, including explosions, machine-gun fire, lasers, even screams (sort of) - all the important things in a programmer's life. You first create the sound effects from within the Sound Generator program. Then, once you find the effects you want, you can add them to your own program.

\section*{Using The Program}

Sound Generator is very easy to use. To
Walt Noon owns andoperates an audioanimatronics (Disney-type robotics) business. In addition to writing books and articles, he enjoys piloting ultralight aircraft, scuba diving and playing music. He can be contacted at 3283 Belvedere, Riverside, CA 92507, or you can leave a message on his BBS at (714) \(369-6094\). Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.
get started, enter the program and save it to tape or disk as SOUNDGEN, BAS. When you run SOUNDGEN, a title screen appears and you hear a demonstration of many random sound effects. Press any key to see the Main menu.

The program provides two ways to create sound effects: random and manual. The Random Sound Creator is the fastest way to find new sounds. When you select this option, you are asked if you want to keep the generated sounds short. Be aware that if you press N (for No) in response to this question, the random sound generator may create sounds that take several minutes to play. Such long sounds may be irritating when used for game programs, and may cause the user to think the program has crashed. You'll find you almost always answer yes at this prompt.

After answering the question, you will see a new menu and hear a sound. To hear the sound again press \(A\). To hear a new
sound press the space bar. Pressing \(M\) takes the program back to the Main menu.

When you find a sound you like using the Random Sound Generator, write down the numbers you see on the screen that correspond to the variables \(N, D, S\) and \(E\). When you give these variables the same values in your BASIC program and call a short machine-language routine, your program will produce the sound for you.

The Manual Entry mode allows you to set the variables to specific values. Since some sounds can be quite long, this feature takes some getting used to, but it is very powerful. With Manual Entry, you can create and customize sound effects.

\section*{Interfacing with Basic}

Using Sound Generator sounds with your own BASIC programs is very easy. To do this, you must include some portions of SOUNDGEN in your own program. First you must run the assembly-language routine in

\section*{32 K Extended}


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100 AS-CHR$(128)
110 CLS(0):FORA-1T064:PRINTCHRS(
RND(10)+145): :NEXT:PRINTSTRINGS(
34.As);"coco";As;"sound";A$:"eff

```
ects":As:"generator"; STRINGS(34, As) : : FORA-1TO351: PRINTCHR (RND (1 (1) +145 ): : NEXT

120 PRINT®239, "by" ; : PRINT@299,"w alt";As;"noon";:PRINTe396,"any": As:"key":
130 FORA-1TO20:B\$-1NKEY \(\$:\) IFBS-"" THENNEXT: \(\mathrm{N}-\) RND (5) : \(\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{RND}(255): \mathrm{E}-2\) 3:S-24:GOSUB500:GOT0130
146 CLS2:PRINTe37."coco";As:"gam
e";AS;"sounds":AS:"menu"::SOUND1
lines 280 through 370 of SOUNDGEN．You can add this routine to the beginning of your BASIC program．Alternatively，you can run it by itself before loading your BASIC pro－ gram．This routine has to be run only once．

Next you need to copy the sound－player portion of SOUNDGEN（lines 500 through 540） to your BASIC program．This part is used as a subroutine，so placement within your program is up to you．

To create a sound from within your program，assign the values you recorded above to variables \(\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{S}\) and E ．Then use a

GOSUB statement to transfer program con－ trol to the line where you placed the sound－ player routine．That＇s all there is to it．

Here＇s a tip for creating great machine－ gun and laser sounds：Find an effect that sounds like one＂shot＂and repeat it several times．Once the program has played a sound by going through the sound－player subrou－ tine，it will repeat the sound by immediately executing the \(A-U S R O(0)\) statement again． Remember，though，when you change the variables and send the program through the subroutine，the sound will be different．

Though I have had no problems using Sound Generator sound effects with my own programs（even those that use other assembly－language routines），I recommend you add these sound effects after all other work is done on your program．Sound Gen－ erator uses a short machine－language rou－ tine，and it is always wise to make sure your BASIC program runs smoothly before inter－ facing with such a routine．

Have fun with Sound Generator．And keep pushing the CoCo envelope！
```

.1:FORI=98T0124:PRINT@I,As:: FORJ
-1TO10:NEXTJ:NEXT1:SOUND1.1:PRIN
Te166."a":AS:"information"::PRIN
T@236."b";A$:"manual";A$;"entry"
;:PRINT@290, "C";AS;"random";AS;"
sound":A$;"creator":
150 PRINTe360,"d";AS;"exit";As:"
program":
1608$-INKEY$:IFB$=""THEN160 ELS
ESOUND255,1
170 IF B$*"A" OR B$="a" THEN 760
180 IF B$="B" OR B$="b" THEN 700
190 IF B$="C" OR B$="c" THEN 570
200 IF BS="D" OR BS="d" THEN CLS
:END
210 GOTO 160
220 ***************************
230 .... BASIC SOUND DRIVER
240 "MAKE THE NEXT 10 LINES
250 "THE FIRST LINES OF YOUR
260 'BASIC PROGRAM...
270 '***************************
280 CLEAR200,\&H3EFF
290 DATA 182,255,1,132,247.183.2
55,1.182,255,3
300 DATA 132,247,183,255,3,182,2
55,35,138,8,183
310 DATA 255,35,16,190,63,0,190.
63,3,166,129,132,255,183
320 DATA 255,32,141,18,188,63,5.
38.242,49,63.38,235,57
330 DATA 182,63,2,74,3B,253,57
340 FORI=\&H3F07 TO \&H3FB7+56
350 READ A:POKE 1.A
360 NEXT I
370 DEFUSRO=$H3F07
389******t**********************
390 GOTO100
400 *N-TIMES (0-255)
410'D=0ELAY (0-255)
420 'S-START (0-255)
430.E=END (0-255)
440.*************************
450 '... SOUND PLAY
460 "ADD THE NEXT 5 LINES TO
470 -YOUR PROGRAM TO PLAY BACK
480 'SOUNDS FROM BASIC.
490 "**************************
500 POKE &H3FOD. TNT (N/256): POKE
&H3F01,N-INT(N/256)*256
510 POKE &H3F02.D
520 POKE &H3F03.INT(S/256):POKE
8H3F04,5-INT(S/256)*256
530 POKE &H3F05. INT(E/256):POKE
&HF66, E-INT(E/256)*256
540 A=USRO(0)
550-**************************
560 RETURN
570 Z-g:PRINTQ453, "keep":A5;"sou
nds":As;"short":AS: "y/n";
580 BS=INKEY$:IFBS-""THEN580 ELS

```

EIFBS＝＂Y＂OR 85＝＂y＂THENZ＝1
590 CLSO：FORI－1T015：SOUND255／I，1 ：PRINTSTRING\＄（32，CHR\＄（169））：：NEX T：PRINTE69．＂generate＂：A5：＂random ＂：A\＄：＂sounds＂：
600 PRINT＠150，＂＂；：PRINTQ2日4．
＂＂；：PRINTQ269，＂＂；：PRINT＠
330．＂＂：：N＝RND（255）：D－RND（255
）：S－RND（255）：E＝RND（255）：GOSUB610 ：GOT0600
610 IFZ＝1 THENN＝RND（5）： \(\mathrm{D}=\) RND（255 ）： \(\mathrm{E}-23: 5-24\)
620 PRINT＠131，＂n＂；A\＄；A\＄；＂number＂ ；As：＂of＂；As；＂times＂；As；N；：PRINTC 195．＂ \(\mathrm{d}^{\prime \prime}\) ：A\＄；A\＄：＂delay＂：A\＄：D：；PRIN Te259，＂s＂；As；AS；＂start＂；AS；S；：PR INT＠323，＂e＂；AS；A\＄；＂end＂；A\＄；E；：PR
INTO389，A\＄；A\＄；AS；A\＄；A\＄：＂playing＂
；A\＄；＂SOUnd＂；AS；A\＄；A\＄；A\＄；A\＄：
630 GOSUB500
643 PRINT＠389．＂spacebar＂；A\＄：＂for ＂；A\＄：＂next＂：A\＄：＂sound＂；：PRINTe45 3．＂a＂：As；As；＂again＂；As；As；AS；AS； A\＄；A\＄：A\＄；A\＄；＂m＂；A\＄；A\＄；＂menu＂； 650 B\＄－INKEYS：IFBS－＂nTHEN650
660 IFB \(\$=\)＂A＂OR B \(\$\)－＂＂a＂THEN A＝US RO（G）：GOT065
670 IFB \(\$=" M\)＂OR B \(\$=" m\) THEN140 680 RETURN
690 A\＄－CHR \(\$(128)\)
780 CLSD：Z＝Ø：FORI＝1T015：SOUNO255
11，1：PRINTSTRING \(\$\)（32．CHR\＄（185））； ：NEXT：PRINT＠39，A\＄；A\＄：＂create＂；A\＄ ：＂ a ＂：As；＂Sound＂；As：As：
\(710 \mathrm{~N}=2: 0-117: S=24: \mathrm{E}=23:\) GOSUB500 720 PRINT＠196，＂\(n\)＂；A\＄；＂is＂；A\＄；＂fo r＂；As：＂number＂；As；＂of＂：As；＂times ＂：：A＝USR日（B）：PRINTe260，＂d＂；A\＄；＂i s＂；As；＂for＂；As；＂delay＂；：A－USRO（G） ）：PRINTe324．＂s＂；A\＄；＂is＂；A\＄；＂for＂ ；AS：＂start＂：：A＝USRB（0）：PRINT＠3B8 ．＂e＂；A\＄；＂is＂；A\＄：＂for＂：A\＄；＂end＂：： A－USRO（B）
\(730 \mathrm{~N}=5: \mathrm{D}=1: \mathrm{S}=1: \mathrm{E}=1:\) GOSUB500
746 PRINT＠96，STRING\＄（32，＂＂）：：PR INT＠96，＂ENTER NUMBER ©－255 FOR N ：＂：：INPUTN ：A＝USRB（B）：PRINTO121．＂
＂：PRINT＠119，＂D：＂；：INPUTD：A－U SRQ（0）：PRINTE121，＂＂；：PRINTE 119．＂S：＂：：INPUTS：A－USRB（B）：PRINT ＠122．＂＂：：PRINT＠119．＂E：＂：：INP UTE：A＝USRO（G）
750 PRINTO92．CHR \(\$(185):: B \$=\$ T R T N\) G\＄（32．CHR\＄（1B5））：FORI＝1T010：PRIN TB \(\mathbf{~ ; ~ : ~ N E X T : G O S U B 6 2 0 : G O T O 7 0 6 ~}\)
760 CLSB：CLEAR1 990 ：DIMB \(\$(37): B \$\) 1）＝＂WELCOME TO THE COCO SOUND＂：B \＄（2）－＂GENERATOR！THIS PROGRAM W ILL＂：B\＄（3）－＂ALLOW YOU TO DESIGN REAL＂：B\＄（4）－＂ARCADE SOUNOS FOR Y OUR BASIC＂：B\＄（5）＝＂PROGRAKS．BY

ADDING JUST A FEW＂：BS（6）＝＂LINES
OF THIS PROGRAM TO YOUR＂
770 BS（7）＝＂BASIC PROGRAM，YOU HI LL BE ABLE＂：B\＄（8）＝＂TO ADD ANY SO UND YOU MAKE HERE＂：B\＄（9）＝＂TO YOU R GAHE，FIRST，USE THIS＂；B\＄（10） －＂PROGRAM TO MAKE A SOUND YOU＂：B \＄（11）＝＂LIKE，THEN WRITE DOWN THE ＂：B\＄（12）＝＂NUMBERS（N，D，S，E）THAT MADE＂
780 B \(\$(13)\)－＂THE SOUND．WHEN YOU HAVE AS＂：B\＄（14）＝＂MANY SOUNDS AS YOU LIKE，ADD＂：8\＄（15）－＂THE＇SOUN D PLAY＇LINES IN THIS＂：B\＄（16）＝＂P ROGRAM TO YOUR PROGRAM．RUN＂：B\＄（ 17）＝＂THE＂POKE＂ROUTINE TO SET U P＂： \(8 \$(18)=\)＂THE RL．THEN SIMPLY G IVE＂
\(790 \mathrm{~B} \$(19)=\)＂THE VARIABLES（N．D．S ．E）IN＂：B\＄（20）＝＂YOUR BASIC PROGR AM THE YALUES＂：B\＄（21）＝＂FOR THE \(S\) OUND YOU WANT AND GOTO＂：B\＄（22）－＂ THE＇SOUND PLAY＇PART OF THIS＂：B \＄（23）＝＂PROGRAM THAT YOU COPIED T O＂：8\＄（24）＝＂YOUR PROGRAM．NOTE：Y OU MAY＂
800 B \(\$(25)=\)＂WANT TO KEEP SOME VA RIABLES＂：B\＄（26） \(\mathbf{m " ~}^{\prime \prime}(\) SUCH AS＇S＇AN \(\left.D^{\prime} E^{\prime}\right)\) SMALL＂：B \(\$(27)=\)＂SO THAT TH E SOUND EFFECT HON＇T＂：B\＄（28）＝＂GO ON TOO LONG．＂： \(8 \mathbf{\$ ( 2 9 )}=\)＂（SOME SOU NO COMBINATIONS＂：B\＄（30）－＂PRODUCE VERY LONG SOUND＂
810 B\＄（31）－＂PLAYBACKS．．．）HAVE F UN HITH THE＂：BS（32）－＂PROGRAM．AN D．GOOD LUCK WITH＂：B\＄（33）＝＂ALL Y OUR PROGRAMMING EFFORTS．＂；B\＄（34） ＂＂THANKS！＂：B\＄（35）＝＂WALT NOON＂：B\＄ \((36)=\)＂ 3283 BELVEDERE＂\(:\) B \(\$(37)=\)＂RI VERSIDE，CA 92507 〈ANY KEY＞＂ \(820 \mathrm{~N}=1: \mathrm{D}=37: \mathrm{S}=24\) ： \(\mathrm{E}=23\) ：GOSUB500 \(830 \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+1\) ：PRINT
840 IFI -10 THEN \(\mathrm{N}-3: \mathrm{D}-9: 5-24: \mathrm{E}=2\) 3：GOSUB500
850 IFI－15 THEN \(\mathrm{N}=1: \mathrm{D}-121: \mathrm{S}=116\) ： E－199：GOSUB503
860 IFI－20 THEN \(N=1: \mathrm{C}=40: \mathrm{S}=24: \mathrm{E}-\) 23：GOSUB500
876 IFI－29THEN \(\mathrm{N}=1: \mathrm{D}=211: \mathrm{S}=24: \mathrm{E}=\) 23：GOSUB500
880 IFI＝30THEN \(N-5: D-13: S-24: E=2\) 3：GOSUB500
890 IF \(\mathrm{I}-35\) THEN \(\mathrm{N}-4: \mathrm{D}=28: \mathrm{S}-24: \mathrm{E}\) －23：GOSUB508
900 FOR B－1 TO LEN（BS（I））：PRINT
MID\＄（BS（1），B，1）：
910 A－USRD（8）
920 NEXTB
930 IFI＜37THENB30
940 B \(\$\)－INKEY \(\$: I F B \$=*\) THEN940 ELS ERUN

\title{
Submission Ideas
}

\author{
by Eddie Kuns \\ OS-9 SIG Database Manager
}

Last month I defined all parts of the description for a database entry. Now we're ready to submit a group of files to the database. Before beginning the submission process, enter the database topic in which you will be submitting the group. For example, if you are submitting a group to the General Information topic of the CoCo SIG, enter DATA. 8ASE GENERAL (or DAT GEN for short) at the CoCosig Main prompt, andenter SubMIT to begin the submission process. At this point, you will see the menu shown in Figure 1.

Delphi will prompt you for the necessary information if you enter BEGIN, or you can enter each item individually by using the other commands shown in the menu. Generally, you need only type the first three characters of each command for Delphi to understand what you want to do. For the sake of brevity, I've deleted the menus in this discussion; refer to Figure 1 to see the list of possible commands.

You will notice that as you use each menu item, it disappears from following menus: Delphikeeps track of what you have entered and what you have not. If you want to change something, use the REVIEW-EDIT command to edit the group. In other words, keep entering new information until each item of the group is entered, then edit the items you want to modify. To review, the necessary items in a database group are the group's name, description, topic, filetype

\footnotetext{
Eddie Kuns is pursuing a PhD in physics at Rutgers University. He lives in Aurora, Illinois, and works as a programmer and researcher at Fermilab. Eddie is co-manager of the CoCo SIG: his username is EDDIEKUNS
}
```

Database Submit Menu:
Begin Submit (Step by step) Upload File l
Description of Group Batch Upload Files
Topic of Group
Filetype of Group
Keywords for Group
Name of Group
Review-edit Group
Copy File 1 from Workspace
Help

```
Choose Upload Protocol
and keywords, as well as a download name and title for each file.

Before we start, one final comment: If you are not the author of the group you are uploading, please make certain that you have the author's permission to upload the group to Delphi. This permission doesn't have to be in writing; a verbal or E-Mailed agreement is fine. The fact that a program or article has been uploaded elsewhere does not necessarily mean that it's OK to upload it to different systems. For example, on the computer networks and USENet it's considered rude to take a person's E-Mail and post it elsewhere without the permission and knowledge of the author.

\section*{Down to Business}

The following text is taken directly from submitting a sample group to the databases. To help avoid confusion, all text displayed by Delphi is shown in Letter Gothic (1ike this), all text I entered is shown in bold (like this) and the comments I added are shown in Times Roman (like this).

\section*{COCO> database general information}

I could have typed DAT GEN instead to
enter the General Information database. The following command tells Delphi we want to submit a new database group into the current database topic:

\section*{DBASES:Gen> submit}

Looking at Figure 1, I notice the first item to be entered is the group's description. So I type

\section*{SUBMIT> description}

NOTE: You must have the legal right to distribute any material you contribute. Type /COPYRIGHT at any prompt for detalls.

Enter a BRIEF description of the file(s) you are submitting. Control\(Z\) when Complete. /HELP for Help. This group is a sample to illustrate the process one follows to upload.

\section*{\({ }^{\wedge} \mathbf{Z}\)}

This is the same editor used in Forum. If you type /EDIT, you are taken into the chosen editor - either EDT or Oldie, depending on your settings. The text is for-

Program or Program Pack
Newsletter
Article(s)
Transcript
Documentation
Data (Graphics, etc.)
Miscellaneous Text
Figure 2: File Types
matted in the same manner as forum messages and accepts the same dot commands. Please keep the description brief and to the point.

SUBMIT> topic
Topic? [General Information]
Notice that Submit knows I'm in the General Information database. Thus, I press ENTER to use the default topic. If you start Submit from General Information but then realize the group would be more appropriate in Product Reviews \& Announcements, for example, you could type PRO at this prompt to select the appropriate topic. You need only type enough of the database topic name to be unique. Please make sure you are in the appropriate database topic or enter it at this prompt. Remember, in the

OS-9 SIG, files are automatically moved into New Uploads so don't use New Uploads as the topic.

\section*{SUBMIT \(>\) filetype}

\section*{Filetype: misc}

Enter the appropriate filetype to describe your group. If you aren't sure which filetype to use, you can enter ? to see the options or refer to Figure 2 for a complete list of the available file types.

\section*{SUBMIT> keywords}

Primary Keyword: other
Primary Keyword: Other
You may now supply any optional keyword(s) of your choice, subject to review by the Database Manager.

Enter /LIST to display the keywords or /EDIT to change them. Control-z when Complete. /HELP for Help.

\section*{eddiekuns}
sample example submit \({ }^{\wedge} \mathbf{Z}\)

If you type ? at the primary keyword prompt, you will see the primary keywords fully spelled out. Each database topic has a separate list of primary keywords. If none of the primary keywords fit, this may not be the appropriate database for this group. When you are entering the remainder of the keywords, enter one keyword per line. This allows Delphit to search for keywords much more efficiently and faster. Each keyword should be two or three words maximum usually one word per keyword is sufficient.

SUBMIT> name
Name for Group/Set: just a sample upload
This is the group name that appears at the top of the screen when you are looking at a database entry. Make it as descriptive as possible, keeping in mind there is a 32 character limit, and use a version number if appropriate. At this point, you have done everything except upload the files. Let's check the options left.

SUBMIT>?
Database Submit Menu:

Choose Upload Protocol


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```

Upload File 1
Batch Upload Files
Review-edit Group
Copy File 1 from Workspace
Help
Exit

```

Now we're ready to copy a file from our workspace or upload a file. Be warned that you cannot upload a file until you have entered all the above information. Your best option is to upload while in submit this way you don't pay for the time spent uploading the file. When you upload or copy a file from your workspace (except when using a batch protocol), you are prompted for a download filename, Assign a meaningful name, please. Be warned: Delphi cannot handle filenames with more than one period. Extra periods in the filename are converted to an \(x\) when the files are downloaded via a batch protocol. If you use Ymodem Batch, Zmodem or Kermit to upload files, Delphi automatically assigns the download name as the name sent during the batch transfer.

Remember each file has a title. After uploading or copying each tile, Delphi prompts you for the title for that file. If you assign a download filename, this title will not be used as a filename. Thus, try to make the titie meaningful as shown in last month's example.

If you are uploading a file, you must choose which protocol to use. If you already have a default file-transfer protocol, you may skip this step.

\section*{SUBMIT> choose}

Do you want to use YB (YMODEM batch) to upload? yes
You have selected YB (YMODEM batch) for uploading.

You will be uploading files using a batch protocol. You can change this by using the Choose command.

Above, the Submit program notices that I already have a default file transfer protocol (Ymodem Batch). I enter YES to use this protocol. Menus here allow you to choose any protocol supported by Delphi. I can now upload files by using the BATCH or UPLOAD command. The UPLOAD command allows uploading one file at a time while the BATCH commandallows uploading multiple files at once using one of the batch protocols(Ymodem Batch, Zmodem or Kermit).

\section*{SUBMIT> batch}

You may now upload your files. If you have trouble uploading. Just do the submit procedure again. and it will
remember what you have already uploaded.

W11 you be sending text files only (Type ? for help)? no
Type three consecutive <Control-C〉's to abort.
YMODEM batch mode
Ok, send! (nan-text)
FINAL STATUS - 1 file successfully transferred.
What is the Title for -report"? Database Report

Be careful if you are uploading a binary file - graphics or digitized sound, any file with an extension of .BIN and any executable file are all binary files. Make certain that you answer no to the above prompt if you are uploading binary files. If you are uploading a combination of ASCII and binary files, you should upload the binary and ASCII files separately. If you are using a batch protocol, upload the ASCII files in the first batch upload, then upload the binary files in the next batch upload. In this way, the ASCII files (such as the documentation) can be read online to help other users determine if they want to download this group.

Once you have uploaded all the files and have reviewed the group to make sure everything is correct, exit the submission process by pressing CTRL-Z or type EXIT and press ENTER.

\section*{SUBMIT> exit}

Thank you for your submission.
You are taken back to the database prompt. Next month I will describe the commands available at the Review-Edit prompt.

\section*{July Uploads}

In the OS-9 SIG databases, Paul Ward (PKW) and Frank Hogg (FHOGG) uploaded several news bulletins and information about their products. Don Vaillancourt (DONVALL) released more infornation about the new OS-9 Users Group that is being formed. Jason Bucata (JBUCATA) contributed two files from the Free Software Foundation that contain information about this organization and the software practices they are trying to encourage. Mike Hanewincke! (MIKEHAN) released MAKEB09. This program takes any binary file and creates a BASIC09 program that re-creates the file.

Several patches to OS-9 drivers were posted to the Device Drivers database: Guy Loucks (GUYLOUCKS) released a new version of his patch to the Kemel that allows filenames to be more compatible with OS-9/ 68000 filenames. Paul Seniura (PAULSENIURA) is still looking for information to help
construct a device driver for the CoCo's 12 bit timer. Saul Bendersky (SAUL) contributed a patch to Tandy's CC3Disk driver that allows it to cache floppy sectors.

Rick Adams (RICKADAMS) released the latest version (3.0) of his UUCP package for the CoCo . Mike Hanewinckel contributed PATHFINDER, a subreutine written in BASIC09 that uses pull-down menus to prompt the user for a filename. This subroutine returns the full path of the selected file to the calling program.

In the CoCo SIG databases, Don Hutchison (DONHUTCHISON) uploaded the entire text of the U. S. Constitution, including all amendements. Michael Trammell (Llemmart) released Rasgo Color View Edition 4,0 for displaying IMG pictures. Joe Sannucci (SANNUCCI) released Version 2.0 of Roger Taylor's graphics viewer The Projector, which displays a variety of graphics formats.

Art Flexser (ARTFLEXSER) released a patch to Telewriter- 128 that increases compatibility with Extended ADOS-3. Judy Emge (JEMGE) contributed a demo of Soviet Bloc, a game written by John Strong. Joe Sannucci uploaded CUTS - a file encoder that is popular on some computer networks. CUTS collects a group of files and encodes them so that they may be safely transmitted over most networks.

\section*{Database Report}

\section*{OS-9 SIG}

General Information
MM1 DISK \#3
PKW Paul K. Ward

TC-XT ANNOUNCEMENT
FHOGG Frank Hogg
NEW OSSUG UPDATE
DONVAIL Don Vaillancour
CD-I UPDATE
PKW Paul K. Ward
TC9/TIGER TECH INFO
FHOGG Frank Hogg
MM/ 1 SOFTWARE INFOH2
PKW Paul K. Ward
MMI SOFTWARE SPECS
PKW Paul K.
DONVAlL Don Vaillancourt
FREE SOFTHARE FOUNDATION INFO
JBUCATA Jason Bucata
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OS9BERT Bert Schneider

Programmers Den
PATHFINDER SUBROUTINE
MIKEHAN
Mike Hanewinckel
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CoCosIG} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{General Information} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CONSTITUTION OF THE U.S.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{DONHUTCHISON Don Hutchison} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CoCo 3 Graphics} \\
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\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{GRAB BAG CM3 SCRAPBOOKS} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { RICKMAC } \\ \text { RASGO CVE 4.0 } & \\ \text { Richard MeNabb }\end{array}\)}} \\
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\hline LLEMMART & Michael Trammeil \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{SADDAM.CH3} \\
\hline DRILLMASTER & Johnny Williams \\
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MTCAM2C
LLEMMART Michael Trammell
MTCAM2B
LLEMMART Michael Trammell
RGBHELLO.BAS Michael Trammell
PAL640D. ARC
LLEMMART Michael Trammell
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Every once in a while, a versatile, high-performance product comes along that makes you sit up and take notice. Imagine having a CoCo that can laugh, cry, sing, talk, whistle and make other sound effects. Combining Cybervoice and a CoCo 3 with OS-9 can give you the power to do just that. Technology that can make a difference at a reasonable price is one of those rare gems, and Cyber-voice is such a diamond, in the rough, ready for shaping into a variety of forms.

Cybervoice is a bundled hardware and software package. You must have a minimum of 256 K RAM to use Cybervoice. It combines a well-designed circuit assembly packaged in a ROM pack that works with the Multi-Pak Interface, a Y-cable or the Disto Super Controller II. The Super Controller II requires setting a jumper and using an alternate device driver set provided by Disto. As it tums out, the versatile software that accompanies Cybervoice is also compatible with the old Supervoice cartridge from Speech Systems. An appendix in the manual tells you how to modify the Supervoice cartridge to work with the Cybervoice software. This permanent modification prevents further use of the Supervoice cartridge under Disk BASIC.

Cybervoice is designed with very few electronic components and is fully hardware decoded and Multi-Pak slot independent. The Votrax International SC02 chip set
used in the cartridge is a phoneme-based speech synthesizer, or phoneme generator, which has a seven-octave range and is easily controlled at a number of different register levels. The Cybervoice unit can produce a wide range of sound effects. It can even sing and allows for foreign accents!

Included with Cybervoice are several programs that operate voice servers, which allow you to control the Cybervoice under OS-9 Level II. A Cybervoice device driver with a built-in data pipe, a text-to-speech device descriptor and a synthesizer 1/O device descriptor all allow an incredible range of fine-tuned control over the synthesizer. Using the CTTS (Cybervoice Text-ToSpeech) program, an OS-9 command, and some embedded control codes, I was able to get Cybervoice to re-create some excellent sound effects, a Swedish accent, and the song "The Rose." Once you get the hang of using the control codes, which are embedded in text as printer commands are, it is fun to try new sounds and voices. You can make the CoCo sound like several people talking to one another.

Besides entertainment value, Cybervoice has a lot of potential for educational uses as well as being an aid for the sight-impaired or people learning English or a foreign language. To an extent, you are limited more by your own knowledge and skills than by the software and hardware. For example, I had a lot of difficulty encoding
the pronunciation of Russian words, due to some of their sound complexities. As a fluent speaker of Russian, I was horrified by some of what I produced in the name of language. Still, it was fun.

Burke \& Burke was very thorough in designing and implementing the Cybervoice package. The hardware design is excellent, the included software superb, and the documentation very detailed and thorough. The manual is well-thought-out, and divided into introduction, hardware, software, and application-theory sections, There are a few typographical errors, such as the reference to an Appendix \(E\) that does not exist, or the consistent misspelling of the word vowel. However, none of them is enough to confuse or mislead the user. The manual includes a substantial amount of information - more than enough to get anyone started - on the elements of speech and sound production. A special section on the elements of elocution is included to help users understand how the software and hardware combine to mimic the human brain (CITS) and voice box (VOKE) using the synthesizer cartridge.

In addition to the drivers, the speech server and device descriptors, several other software tools are included. The first is the well known Burke \& Burke product EZGen, which allows users to quickly and easily create a new boot file and boot disk with the new drivers. Even potential problems, such
as IRQ (Interrupt Request) polling discrepancies, are covered so that users can get themselves smoothly underway.

Five rules tables help you produce quality speech. The tables include preprocessing rules, stress and syllabication rules, phonics rules, and dialect rules, which give direct control to the very smallest elements of speech. It was using the final dialect rules that I was able to add a tot of inflection to the accents I was trying to produce.

Dictionaries incorporated into the CTTS server are helpful. A set of maintenance tools for the dictionary allow you to check the existence of a word in the dictionary. add a word, delete a word. or to list all the words in the dictionary and pronunciations for them. Cybervoice has about 75 words in its dictionary when you get it. The average person uses about 10.000 out of approximately 100,000 words in the English language. Because of the size of the dictionaries and the need for speed when accessing
them, a hard drive is practically a must when using Cybervoice. Using any of the utilities is extremely easy. A file may be used as input, or individual words may be added to the dictionary.

One particularly interesting and flexible filter controls immediate inflection in the pronunciation of a word or sound. This filter is especially helpful when you want Cybervoice to sing. By selecting a particular frequency range with control codes, you can create many different types of voices, such as a slow-motion voice, a low or high male/female voice, chipmunk or space alien.

In some ways Cybervoice can be very challenging. It is more an engine and drive train than a whole car. The user must be willing to leam how to handle data registers and control codes to get the full use of Cybervoice. This takes some learning and patience. Although the manual is extremely successful in its treatment of the various elements of speech and their relationship to
the use of the program, the subject of artificial speech generation is rather complex. Its uses, while myriad, require a lot of consideration and careful planning to be properly implemented. It is beyond the scope of the manual to tell you how to do this. The manual, however, tells you everything you need to know to develop applications using Cybervoice and to implement speech synthesis in several different ways on the CoCo. If you are interested in speech synthesis, need it for a custom application, or are simply experimenting with it, Cybervoice for OS-9 Level It is an excellent, cost-effective and complete way to start.
(Burke \& Burke, P.O. Box 733, Maple Valley, WA 98038; 800-237-2409; \(\$ 75.95\) for hardware with OS-9 sofiware, \(\$ 24.95\) for software only; plus \(\$ 3\) minimum \(\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{H}\) )
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OS-9 Level II

\section*{OS-9 Calendar Utilities}

Those of you who use Muhti-Vue under OS-9 should by now be quite familiar with the Tandy desk accessories. Included in the Multi-Vue package is a calendar program (gcal) that is quite useful for keeping track of appointments. The calendar is very easy to use and reasonably flexible. However, as is the case with most software, the MultiVue calendar could stand some improvements - especially in the area of multiple entries, i.e, a particular appointment that spans a number of days.

MV Systems has released os-9 Calendar Utilities, which greatly improves the operation of geal. Included in this utilities package are four programs: dcal, ical, scal and remind. These utilities read and write gcal's data files. allowing the user to make insertions (ical) or deletions (dcal) of text messages for any date or combination of dates. scal provides the ability to sorn text lines for any date or dates into lexicographic order. remind reads and displays the text messages in a geal file for any date or combination of dates.

Now you may be asking, what is the advantage over the original gcal? Let's take an example. I plan to attend a seminar on August 13 and 14. With gea 1 select August 13 and enter text for the seminar. Next I select August 14 and enter the same information. This isn't too bad, but what if the course were for two weeks? That's 10 entries of the same text. Using ical. I simply enter:
\[
\text { ical }-d=08 / 13 / 91: 08 / 14 / 91
\]
ical prompts for the appropriate text (e.g., HPLC seminar), and then I enter the information for the date range specified. At a later date, I can delete these same entries using dcal.
\[
d c a l-d=08 / 13 / 91: 08 / 14 / 91
\]

Unfortunately, dcal deletes all entries for this date range. Obviously, dcal is intended for what may be called global deletions. Individual entries can still be deleted directly through gcal. These two utilities
thus provide a high degree of versatility in the insertion and deletion of text in the gea 1 file for ranges of dates.
remind is essentially a search utility that provides a listing of text messages contained in the calendar for a combination of dates. An interesting use of remind is to put it in the startup file and obtain a listing of messages for a date combination. For example:
remind -d=++
provides a listing of messages for today and the next three days.

The scal utility is used to sort the text messages for a date or range of dates. This is useful if the messages are out of order (for example, the appointment times are not in sequential order). Using some excellent suggestions provided in the manual, you can come up with a scheme for entering text messages that makes scal quite useful.

Using the calendar utilities is quite easy. They run from the standard shell command line and do not require a graphics window. Or, using the provided icons, you can run the utilities (including gca1) directly from Multi-Vue. I should emphasize that these utilities run separately from geal. They perform their functions directly on the gcal file.

A very important plus point for these utilities is the identical command-line syntax used for all utilities. This syntax provides excellent capability of specifying date information. The general format is:
\[
\begin{gathered}
-d-[\text { begin date }]:[\text { end } \\
\text { date }]:[\text { incrementation value }]
\end{gathered}
\]

Several examples from the manual illustrate this point:
\[
\cdot \mathrm{d}=04 / 01 / 91 ; 04 / 30 / 91
\]
operates on all days between April 1 and 30;
\[
\cdot d=01 / 01 / 91:
\]
operates on all days between January I and the current system date; and
\[
-\mathrm{d}=04 / 01 / 91: 04 / 01 / 00: 0 / 0 / 1
\]
operates on April 1 between 1991 and 2000. As you can see, there is quite a degree of power in these utilities for operating on the calendar file.

If any of you read my review of High

Finance (September 1991, Page 52), a previous product from M Systems, you know 1 think very highly of software from this company. The os-9 Calendar Utilities are of equally high quality as previous products. This goes for both the software and the documentation. Both are first rate and I highly recommend them for your software library.
(Mv Systems, P.O. Box 818, Arvada, CO 80001-0818, 303-420-7777; \$14.95)

\section*{- Donald Dollberg}

\section*{Time Utility}

OS-9 Level II

\section*{ZClock}

The zclock utility allows for continuous display of the time and date on OS-9 Level II windows. The display appears onscreen in the upper-right comer. You can use either a 12-or 24 -hour time format, and the clock can be displayed on one or all windows (as long as they're not VDG screens).

You can start zclock from the OS-9 prompt using the zclock \& command. This command may also be included in your startup file, making zclock run whenever you boot your system. Three display options are included with zclock: -a to display the clock in all windows: - d to display current time and date; and -m to display 24 -hour format. If no options are included, the time appears in 12 -hour format only on the window from which the program is run.


To turn off the clock, you need to kill the process ID from the OS-9 prompt. If you have forgotten the process ID, which is echoed when Zclock is launched, you can find it by using the procs command.
zClock does not require the installation of a Smart Watch. The package contains the program on floppy disk and a brief fourpage manual of instructions for getting the program up and running. Requirements for zclock are a CoCo 3, a floppy-disk drive and the OS-9 Level it operating system.
zclock is easy to install and can be a handy tool for monitoring events that do not require precise timing. (The clock varies depending on the number of times you access a disk and the accuracy of the 60 second timing interrupt.)
(Burke \& Burke, P.O. Box 733, Maple Valley, WA 98038, 800-237-2409; \(\$ 9.95\) plus \(\$ 4\) S/H)
-Tony Olive

\section*{Desktop Publishing}

CoCo 3

\section*{CIII PagesE 2.5}

You can achieve impressive desktop publishing with a CoCo and the aid of \(c / I t\) PagesE 25 from Coless Computer Design.

THE RAINBOW actually sent me pieces of a desktop publishing package that must be purchased separately, but I'll cover all of them here since they work together, forming a complete set of publishing tools.

CIII PagesE 2.5 requires a CoCo 3 (running Disk BASIC. OWLDOS, or ADOS3), and the Tandy Hi-Res joystick interface (it will not work with the interface included with the CoCo Max or Max-IO software). It supports Epson, Gemini, Panasonic, DMP105/106, CGP-220 B/W, Imagewriter/Prowriter, C. Itoh 8510 Prowriter, NX-1000, NX-1000 II, NX-1020 and the NX-1000 Rainbow printers.

The cIII PagesE package I received consists of an 88 -page manual, a handy quick-reference guide and an addendum for the Version 2.5 upgrade. The upgrade came on a flippy: Side A is the new system disk and Side B contains the font-conversion files necessary to conver 2.0 font sets for Version 2.5. You must replace the FONT. BAS files on each font disk.

The upgrade adds a "sculptured frame" of icons representing program choices. This frame reminds me of the toolbars and toolboxes you see in Microsoft Windows software. Support for the second button on the Tandy mouse has been added, and you can
now scroll while in the Magnifier/Zoom feature. Version 2.5 also allows easy creation of Max-10 clip files (you must have TRANSML. BIN from the Max-10 system disk), and you can now set the drive with which to save and load your files.


The detailed manual provides a glossary of desktop-publishing terms and an explanation of the various cursor and function keys used by CIII PagesE. Screen shots accompany the explanations. The back of the manual is full of appendices on printing. handling errors, the paste options, page composition, creating Max-10 clip files, using cII PagesE on single-versus mul-

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tiple-drive systems, clip art samples, fonts samples, icon clip art, border clip art and hints and tips. Coless spent a lot of time getting the manual into shape.

CIII PagesE is really too large a program to cover in depth here, so I will just mention some of its neat functions. You must remember that it is a desktop publishing program. This means it facilitates page layout/composition but is not supposed to be a word processor or a graphics/drawing program. It has some capabilities of both, but they are weaker than those found in a dedicated product.

The icons of the "sculptured frame" interface border the drawing area. Across the top is the menu bar for selecting pulldown menus: File, Edit, Special, Fonts, Graph, Fill and 512K.

The File menu allows you to clear pages, set the file drive, load and save pages, load ASCII files, view a disk directory, kill a file, save or load a Max-t0 clip, access utilities, print and quit. The ASCI file import menu has various options for placing formatted text (formatting done in the word processor) or unformatted text onscreen. You can put the text in two or three columns or in standard word-processing format. You can also pull up a form so that text can be imporled into it. The CIII PagesE utilities allow you to convert PMODE4 graphics to HSCREEN3 format, convert Color Max 3/ Color Max Deluxe pictures, import RAT picture files, save the current HSCREEN3 to disk, load and save a compressed page, and view PMODE 4.1, PMODE 4.5, HSCREEN3 and HSCREEN4 pictures.

The Edit menu provides the standard Undo, Cut, Copy, Paste, Stamp, Move, and Qsave and Qload options. Qsave and Qload allow for quick saves and loads of the entire screen.

The Special menu allows you to flip a selected object horizontally or vertically, rotate it 45 or 90 degrees, enlarge it 4 x or 16 x , stretch it, reduce it 4 x , view the clipboard, swap screens, and lighten or soften screen images.

CIII PagesE comes with 14 banner fonts, nine type fonts and two graphic fonts. It is possible to import CoCo Max fonts into Cm PagesE. The program allows you to perform manual keming, a help to anyone working with desktop publishing.

The Graph menu allows you to import any PMODE picture saved in binary format. Once placed onscreen, a picture can be cropped or used as-is. You can also load clip art under the Graph menu.

The Fill menu provides several options for filling objects. Select Paint and a small dialog box appears with different paint patterns that cycle as you move the mouse up or down. It takes a little while to get the
right pressure to move up or down just one pattern. Boxfill allows you to select a pattern, then create a filled box on the drawing screen. The Patterns choice provides you with 48 patterns to use as stamps. They cannot be used to paint objects. They are mainly for use as brush options; I would like to see them be used as paint options.

The last pull-down menu option is the 512 K choice. A 512 K CoCo has two extra pages to work with, and you select them via this menu. One suggestion is to use Page 1 as your composition page and use pages 2 and 3 to hold fonts or clip art. You can copy from any page to any other page. The Batch function allows you to import larger portions of ASCII text, making them flow onto pages 2 and 3 .

The final function found on the menu bar is Scroll/View - when you click on this choice, the frame disappears and you can see the entire page, navigating via mouse. The rest of the sculptured frame contains icons or buttons that represent a program function. The left side of the frame contains basic drawing primitives. Here you find icons for diagonal, horizontal or vertical lines, circles, boxes, polygons, rays, line width choices and a trash can. Most of these icons are self-explanatory. The trash can serves as an easy screen eraser.

Along the top of the frame, immediately under the pull-down menu, are the editing functions - magnifier/zoom, text input, pencil, eraser, brush, shapes, copy-and-paste panel, page preview, rulers, toggle box, screen slide, and foreground/background color.

If you need guides to place text or pictures, select the Rulers icon. Guide lines help you determine the center of the screen, horizontally and vertically. The screen-slide icon provides you with choices on moving or sliding the screen to see hidden areas.

The right side of the frame contains icons for movement. The solid up and down arrows at the top and the bottom of the icon bar scroll quickly to the top or bottom half of the page (you only see one half of the page onscreen at a time.) The two solid arrows scroll the screen in eight-pixel increments. The double up and down arrows once again allow you to scroll up or down but at a different speed.

I have only a few minor suggestions to improve CIII PagesE - I would like to see the changes in Version 2.5 listed in an upgraded manual. The addendum is a big help, but some of the examples are no longer valid, due to the 2.5 update. My only other criticism is not of the program itself, but one due to the environment in which I work. I'm used to laser-printed output and my nine-pin dot matrix printer jusi doesn't stack up. CII PagesE gives CoCo users a
strong desktop-publishing base - wouldn't the output look great on a laser printer?

\section*{CIII PagesE Font Set 2 \& 3}

Also developed by Coless Computer Design and included with your purchase of CIII PagesE 2.5, CIII Pages Font Sets 2 \& 3 give you a variety of fonts from which to choose. Font sets 2 and 3 each contain 14 banner fonts, used mostly for signs and headers. Owners of CoCo Max III will immediately recognize most of these fonts, as they are almost identical to some included in that package. The fonts come on flippy disk with a three-page manual. The disks are not copy-protected and you are encouraged to make backups. You are referred to the CIII PagesE users manual for instructions on loading the fonts. The manual has a sample of each font, so you can easily choose the one you wamt. Also included as a bonus in each package is a clip-art file. Font Set 2 has extra brush shapes, which are selected from the Graph pull-down menu, while Fom Set 3 contains animal clip arr. The fonts are easy to select through the menu and are a nice addition.

\section*{CIII Clipart E}

A necessary addition to any desktoppublishing package is clip ant. In cill Clipart \(E\), Coless Computer Design gives you more than 1500 pieces of Clipart for \(\mathrm{Cl} /\) PagesE. The package contains a 36 -page manual, which describes how to view the clip art with the included viewing utility and how to incorporate the clip art into CM PagesE. The bulk of the manual is a catalog of each clip included in the package.

Loading and viewing clip art are simple procedures. The ant comes on five doublesided, nonprotected disks. To encourage you to back up the originals, Coless has included disk labels and write-protect tabs for the backups.

With \(1500+\) clips, you can imagine this package contains something for everyone. You get famous cartoon characters, an for holidays and special seasons, signs of the Zodiac, office and school symbols, letters of the alphabet, symbols for transportation and govermment, sports, animals, state outlines and many more. I consider this a musthave for any desktop publisher, and it's priced right for what it contains.
(Coless Computer Design, 1917 Madera St., No. 8, Waukesha, WI 53186, 414-5490750; cIII PagesE 2.5, including Font Sets 2 \& 3, \(\$ 29.95\) plus \(\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}\); CIII Clipart E, \(\$ 19.95\) plus \(\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}\). Owners of CIII Pages \(E\) 2.0 may upgrade to 2.5 for \(\$ 7\) )
- Kay Cornwell
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\hline \#Pins & 24 & 24 & 9 & 9 \\
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5 LQ 2 DRAFT \\
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\hline
\end{tabular}

\title{
The following products have recently been received by THE RAINBOW, examined by our magazine staff and issued the Rainbow Seal of Certification, your assurance that we have seen the product and have ascertained that it is what it purports to be.
}

DIR, a disk utility that allows directory manipulation. Options exist for removing the entire filenames of killed files (instead of changing just the first letter) and writing the revised directory to disk. Other functions include displaying and printing a directory. You can exit the directory in memory and get a new one from disk. Also of use are functions in a Copy/Kill menu. This program can work in conjunction with \(B E D\), a binary disk editor. You can call \(B E D\) and the help routine via a keystroke. Soft \& Friendly, 129 Prairie, Virden. IL 62690. 12171965-H199; \$9 plus \(\$ 3.95 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{H}\).

The midi Manual, a guide to help you master the mysteries of MIDI. Learn how to integrate your computer with a MIDI system. You'll also learn: MIDI components, functions, and fundamentals: MIDI's full range of production techniques: the science of synchronization; how to combine MIDI and sync pulse timing: and the art of sequencing. Sams. \(11771 / \mathrm{N}\). College Ave., Carmel, in sho32. (317, 573-2500; \$24.95.

CF83-4 Double Numbers Extension Word Set, a word set that requires the BDS Software's product, CF83 Forth. The three-page manual is available on disk or in hardcopy form. You can view and print the manual using the reader program supplied on disk. Requires a 64 K CoCo 2 or a CoCo 3 with at
least one disk drive. \(B D S\) Software, P.O. Box 485, Glenview: IL GOX25-0485; 55.75.

The Printer Bible, a guide to printers, offering hints, troubleshooting tips, printer management techniques and things to consider when buying hardware and software. Que Corp.. \(1171 /\) N. College Ave., Carmel, in 40032, (317) 573.2500 ; 324.95 .

CoCo Cassette \#110, a variety of programs presented monthly for the CoCo 1, 2 and 3. This offering includes: Wedding Planner. intended to help plan financial aspects of a
wedding: Paladin Legend, a text adventure; To-Do List, a planner featuring an onscreen display or hardcopy of your agenda; 5 Printer Graphics, five CoCo 3 pictures; Old-Time Penny Scale, this program, like the old fair scales, will try to predict the future; Multiply Fractions, an educational math program: Siege on Sirius 3. a CoCo 3 graphics game for one or two players; Diskbase 3, a CoCo 3 disk database program requiring two disk drives; Biorhythmic Theory 3, charts biorhythms; Mazey, a Pacman-type maze game; and NFLINS, a prediction helper for the 1991 NFL season. \(T\) \& D Software, 2490 Miles Standish Dr., Holland, MI 49424, (616) 399.9468; \(\$ 8\).

The Seal of Certification is open to all manufacturers of products for the Tandy Color Computer, regardless of whether they advertise in THE RAINBOW.

By awarding a Seal, the magazine certifies the program does exist - that we have examined it and have a sample copy - but this does not constitute any guarantee of satisfaction. As soon as possible, these hardware or software items will be forwarded to THE RAINBOW reviewers for evaluation.

\title{
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\section*{BreakPoint}

\title{
The Procedure Generator
}

\author{
by Greg Law \\ Technical Editor
}

ProcGen is a utility, written by Stephen Goldberg, that reads an executable binary file on disk and creates a BASIC09 program that re-creates the original file. ProcGen is useful here at THE Rainbow because it allows us to print os-9 assemblylanguage listings in the magazine as well as provide a listing useful to those of you without an 0\$-9 assembler. It is also useful in that it contains a wealth of information on handling file I/O with both binary and ASCII files.

The program begins with the standard variable declaration and initialization, and then asks you to enter the filename or pathlist of the file to convert. It then opens the file for reading (Offset \(\$ 01 A D\) ) and reads two bytes into variable length. You might wonder why it uses GET instead of READ or INPUT; the reason is that INPUT is used for interactive input (such as from a keyboard) and READ is used primarily with ASCII and sequential-access data files. While GET is primarily used with direct-access data files, it often provides the best method of reading data from a binary file.

If the first two bytes in the file are not \(\$ 87 \mathrm{CD}\), the program prints a waming and program execution ends. This check is used to ensure the file contains an OS-9 memory module and is important because the next two bytes in an OS-9 memory module contain the length of the module. The module length is used in a FOR loop in the generated

\footnotetext{
In addition to being os-9 Online SIGop, Greg Law enjoys programming on all types of computers and has worked on systems ranging from the CoCo to the Burroughs B6700 super mainframe. He lives in Louisville, Kentucky.
}

BASIC09 program (Offset S04IE) to re-create the module. Once the length is determined, SEEK is used (Offset \$0247) to start input back at the beginning of the file.

The REPEAT loop at Offset \$028A is used to extract the actual filename from the pathlist. For example, if you enter \(/ \mathrm{d} 0 / \mathrm{CMDS} /\) Format, ProcGen extracts the filename (Format) and stores it in infile. The first pass through the loop results in d0/CMOS/ Format, the second pass CMDS/Format, and finally Format, Once the filename is extracted, variable outfile is assigned Make plus infile. This results in the filename MakeFormat that is used as the name of the BASIC09 procedure created.

The statement at Offset \$0339 creates a file in the Write mode and writes a short BASHO9 procedure to the file. Examine the two REPEAT loops (offsets \$04F0 and \$04FF) closely. The outer loop (Offset so4fo through \(\$ 0556\) ) begins each DATA statement and re-
peats until all data in the file has been read (end-of-file is reached). The inner loop (Offset 504 FF through \(\$ 053 \mathrm{C}\) ) reads the next byte from the file and appends it to the DATA statement. The IF statement (Offset \$0519) appends a comma to the DATA statement if the length of the line is less than 50 characters (width) and if end-of-file has not been reached. If a comma is appended to the DATA statement, the inner REPEAT loop continues. Finally the input and output files are closed and the program ends.

\section*{Making Improvements}

Run through the program listing a few times mentally and try to imagine each of the steps taken while converting a module to a BASIC09 program. Now imagine that you merge two or more modules into a single file and use ProcGen to convert that file. Since the file contains an OS-9 memory module, it performs the conversion but not

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 01 AD & OPEN \#inpath,inf11e:READ \\
\hline 0189 & GET \#inpath, length ( \({ }^{( }\)( get sync bytes \$87C0 *) \\
\hline 0100 & \\
\hline QIDE & IF length<>\$87CD THEN \\
\hline g1EB & PRIMT bell: "**** ": infile; " is not an OS-9 memory module ***** \\
\hline 0221 & END \\
\hline 0223 & ENOLF \\
\hline 0225 & \\
\hline 6226 & GET \#npath, length ( * get module length *) \\
\hline 0247 & SEEK \#npath.0 \\(* rewind file *) \\
\hline 0261 & \\
\hline 6262 & (* Extract module name from pathlist *) \\
\hline 0289 & \\
\hline 028A & REPEAT \\
\hline 02BC & count=SUBSTR("/", infile) \\
\hline 0298 & infile-RIGHYS(infile.LEN(infile)-count) \\
\hline 02 A9 & UNTIL count \({ }^{-6}\) \\
\hline 02B4 & \\
\hline \(02 \mathrm{B5}\) & outfile="Make"+infile \\
\hline \(02 \mathrm{C4}\) & PRINT \\
\hline 02C6 & PRINT \\
\hline -2C8 & PRINT "Now generating your program "": outfile; "** \\
\hline 92F1 & PRINT "Please be patient. . . ": \\
\hline 0312 & \\
\hline 0313 & (* Generate the Basic-09 procedure *) \\
\hline 0338 & \\
\hline 0339 & CREATE \#outpath, outfile:HRITE \\
\hline 0345 & PRINT \#outpath, "PROCEDURE ": outfile \\
\hline 035C & PRINT \#outpath."(* Generates the binary module "; infile; " *)" \\
\hline g38E & PRINT \#outpath. "(* Level I - change all /dd to /do *)" \\
\hline 93BC & PRINT \#outpath, "DIM path, byt:BYTE" \\
\hline 0306 & PRINT outpath. "DIM count:INTEGER" \\
\hline 03 F & PRINT \%outpath. "CREATE \%path. ""/dd/cmds/"; infile: ""\%:WRITE" \\
\hline 641E & PRINT \%outpath."FOR count=1 TO ": length \\
\hline 343A & PRINT foutpath, "READ byt" \\
\hline 6448 & PRINT Moutpath, "PUT fpath, byt" \\
\hline 3461 & PRINT \#outpath, "NEXT count" \\
\hline 6474 & PRINT \%outpath, "CLOSE \#path" \\
\hline 0488 & PRINT \#outpath, "SHELL ""attr /dd/cmds/": infile: " e pe"me \\
\hline 24B3 & PRINT "outpath, "EN0" \\
\hline D4BF & \\
\hline 64CO & (* Generate DATA statements from binary code *) \\
\hline 04 EF & \\
\hline 64F0 & REPEAT \\
\hline \(94 F 2\) & dataline="DATA * \\
\hline 34 FE & \\
\hline 84 FF & REPEAT \\
\hline 0501 & GET Anpath, byt \\
\hline 050B & dataline-dataline+STRS(byt) \\
\hline 0518 & \\
\hline 6519 & If LEN(dataline)<width AND MOT(EOF(\%inpath)) THEN \\
\hline 0520 & dataline-dataline+"." \\
\hline 0539 & ENDIF \\
\hline 0538 & \\
\hline 053C & UNTIL RIGHT \({ }^{\text {(dataline, }}\) () < > "** \\
\hline 054B & \\
\hline 654C & \\
\hline 0556 & UNTIL EOF (Minpath) \\
\hline \(655 F\) & \\
\hline 8560 & CLOSE Finpath \\
\hline 9566 & CLOSE foutpath \\
\hline 056C & PRINT \\
\hline 056E & PRINT \\
\hline 0570 & PRINT \\
\hline 8572 & PRINT "Your program '"; outfile; "' is ready." \\
\hline 9596 & END \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
completely. Follow along as I explain why.
The length of the first memory module is obtained at Offset \$0226. Also the BASIC09 procedure created (Offset \(\$ 0345\) through SO4B3) uses a FOR loop (Offset \$041E) to reproduce exactly that many bytes - FOR count-1 T0 length. However, the REPEAT loop (Offset S04F0) stores every byte in the file into DATA statements in the created basic09 procedure file. For that reason,

several moxlules may be stored in the DATA statements but only the first module would be re-created.

What methods might be used to overcome this limitation? One method you might use is to change the REPEAT loop (Offset S04F0 and S053C) to a FOR loop - FOR count-1 TO length. This modification would store only the first module in the DATA statements if more than one module is contained in the file. Another method is to use the SS. Size Get Status call to get the size of the file instead of the size of the memory module. This modification would re-create the entire file instead of a single memory module.

But suppose you wanted to use ProcGen to re-create data files as well as memory modules. What methods might be used to accomplish this? One method I can think of is to remove the code between Offset \$01B9 and \(\$ 0261\), and replace it with a call to SysCall using the SS.Size Get Status call to get the size of the file.

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\section*{A text}

\section*{adventure for}
use with the
CoCo 1, 2 and 3

\title{
Pirate's
}


\section*{AD an explorer,}
you have wandered the world in search of hidden treasures. In your travels you come across a secluded cave by the sea. After checking your charts and asking the locals, you discover this abandoned cave was once used by several bands of pirates for storing their loot. Ignoring rumors of black magic, you stand at the door of the cave, thinking only of the greatest treasure believed to be hidden inside: an enormous ruby called the Demon's Eye.

Demon's Eye is a text adventure that accepts standard, twoword commands. The program is in BASIC and was written using a CoCo 3, but it should work on any CoCo with at least 32K and a disk drive. As it uses no special commands, Demon's Eye also runs on the Tandy 1000 under GW-BASIC, assuming you transfer the file to an MS-DOS disk in ASCII format.

This adventure game is two-dimensional, with 64 rooms arranged in an eight-by-eight pattern (though there are some Ups and Downs - hint, hint). Unlike many other adventures, your score when playing Demon's Eye is based on the number of treasures you find, not the number of turns it takes you to finish.

Demon's Eye accepts commands such as Examine, Go, Get. Drop, and Inventory, which are standard fare for adventures. For movement, use the abbreviations N, S, E, W, U and D. The game has a rather small vocabulary, so if one of your commands is not accepted, try a synonym.

As an interesting aside, when I was nearly finished with the

Jonathan Dueck enjoys programming in BASIC and BASICO9. He also sings and plays the trumpet. Jonathan's favorite sports are soccer and ice hockey.
program, I made the mistake of formatting a new disk on which to save it. Of course this wiped the program from memory. Then I remembered Geoff Friesen's BASIC + (THE Rainbow, June 1991, Page 32), which provides an OLO command. While OLD is intended for recovering programs mistakenly
erased with the NEW command, I found it can also be used after memory is trashed by DSKINI. Needless to say, I leamed a few lessons from this experience: Where there is a will, there is a way to overcome problems; and keep your old RAINBOWs - they may save you hours of frustration.

Demon's Eye is a fairly simple adventure. However, I think you will find the game entertaining. So go ahead, fire up your CoCo, and challenge Demon's Eye to a rollicking round of adventure. And good luck!

32K Disk


\section*{The Listing: DEMON}
```

1 'THE DEMON'S EYE
2 'HRITTEN BY JON DUECK
3 'COPYRIGHT (C) NOVEMBER 1991
4 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
5 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
10 REM THE DEMON'S EYE
20 REM AN ADVENTURE
30 REM BY
40 REM JON DUECK
50 REM **INITIALIZATION**
6 0 \mathrm { V } - 2 2 : \mathrm { W } - 2 2 : G - 1 6
70 DIM D$(63),R$(63),0$(W),V$(V)
,L(G),C(G),F(W)
80 GOSUB 1820:RM-6 'READ IN DATA
90 CLS
100 PRINT "THE DEMON'S EYE"
110 PRINT"---.........*
120 REM **DESCRIPTION AND FEEDBA
CK**
130 PRINT
140 PRINT "LOCATION:";
150 PRINT DS(RM)
160 PRINT "EXITS:";
170 FOR I-1 TO LEN(RS(RM))
180: PRINT MIO$(R$(RM).1.1)
:",";
190}\mathrm{ NEXT I
200 PRINT
210 FOR I-1 TO G
220: IF L(I)-RM AND F(I)<>1
THEN PRINT "I SEE ";O$(I);" HER
E"
230 NEXT I
240 PRINT M$:PRINT
250 M\$-"HHAT?"
260 REM **INPUT***
270 PRINT "WHAT NOW":
280 INPUT OS
290 V $=""
300 W$=""
310 FOR 1-1 TO LEN(QS)
320: IF MIDS(0$,I.1)=""A
ND V$=** THEN V \$-LEFT $(0$, I - 1)
330: IF MIDS(0\$, 1+1,1)<>"
" AND V $<>"" THEN H$=MIDS (O$.I +1
.LEN(OS)-1):I=LEN(O$)
340 NEXT I

350 IF W\$="" THEN V $=0$\$
```
360 REM ** ANALYSIS **
370 VB- 0
380 FOR I=1 TO V
390 : IF VS-VS(I) THEN VB-I
400 NEXT I
410 08-8
420 FOR I-1 TO W
430 : IF WS -0 (I) THEN $08=1$
448 NEXT I
450 IF $W \$>{ }^{\prime \prime \prime \prime}$ AND $0 B=\varnothing$ THEN MS="N
0 CAN DO!"
466 IF VB $=0$ THEN VB $-V+1$
476 IF WS="" THEN MS="I NEED TWO
HORDS!"
480 IF VB>V AND OB>日 THEN MS-"SO
RRY-I WON'T "+QS+"!"
490 IF VB>V AND OB-9 THEN MS="TH
AT'S NONSENSE!"
506 IF VB<V AND OB>O AND $0 B<-G$ T
HEN IF $\mathrm{C}(0 B)<>1$ THEN MS-"I DON'T
HAVE "+0\$(OB)
510 REM **OVERRIDES**
520 IF (RM>60 AND RM<64 AND $F(7)$
<2) $O R(((R M+1) / 8-1 N T((R M+1) / 8))$
AND $F(7)<2)$ OR (RM>日 AND RM<8 A
ND $F(7)<2)$ THEN MS -"TOO DARK!":G
OTO 120
530 IF RM-2 ANO C(4)<>1 THEN PRI
nt "the pirate eyes me and says.
'WHERE'S YOUR RING? NO RUBY
RING?!? YOU SHALL NOT PASS!' A
ND WITH THAT HE REACHES OUT A SU
RPRISINGLY SUBSTANTIAL HAND AND
SNAPS MY MECK.":GOTO 580
540 IF RM-0 AND C(5)-1 THEN PRIN
T "I HAVE ESCAPED THE PIRATE'S C
AVE WITH THE FABLED DEMON'S EYE
AVE WITH THE FABLED DEMON'S EYE
RUBY! I GO DOWN IN HISTORY AS ON
E OF THE GREATEST TREASURE-HUNTE
RS EVER! CONGRATULATIONS, YOU MA
DE ME WIN!": GOTO 580
550 REM **VERBS**
560 ON VB GOSUB $630.669,740,740$.
560 ON VB GOSUB $630,660,740,740$,
$740,740.740,740,749,960,960,1050$
$, 1140,1176,1210,1276,1140,1340.1$
$370.1520,1680.1736$
570 GOTO 120
580 REM ENO ROUTINE

590 GOSUB 1730
690 PRINT MS
610 PRINT"GAME OVER."
620 END
636 REM VERB 1 -HELP
640 HS="HEY! YOU GOT ME INTO THI
S. YOU GET ME OUT!"

65 g RETURN
660 REH YERB $2-$ INVENTORY
670 PRINT "I AM CARRYING:"
680 FOR I-1 TO G
690 : IF C (I) $>0$ THEN PRINT 0 S
(I):",";

700 NEXT I
710 M8=""
720 PRINT
730 RETURN
740 REM YERBS 3-9-G0,N,S,M,E,U. D
750 D-6
760 IF OB-9 THEN $D=V B-3$
770 IF OB $>16$ THEN $D=08-16$
78 IF RM-18 AND D $=6$ THEN D=2
799 if RM=26 AND D=5 THEN $0=1$
800 RS (18)="SW": RS $(26)=" N S "$
810 $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{W})=0$ : RL-LEN(RS (RM) )
829 FOR I=1 TO RL
830 : US-MIDS(RS (RM), 1.1)
840 : IF (US-"N" AND D-1 AND
$F(W)-\emptyset)$ THEN RH-RH-8; $F(W)-1$
B50 : IF (US-"S" AND D=2 AND
$F(W)-g)$ THEN RH-RM+8:F(W)=1
860 : IF (U§-"W" AND D-3 AND
$F(W)=\emptyset)$ THEN RM-RM-1:F(W)=1
876: IF (US="E" AND D-4 AND
$F(W)=0)$ THEN RM=RM+1: $F(W)-1$
880 NEXT I
890 MS-"OK":RS(18)-"WO":RS(26)-"
SU"
900 IF $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{W})-0$ THEN M\$-"CAN'T GO
THAT DIRECTION!"
910 IF D<1 THEN M $\$=$ "GO WHERE?"
920 IF RM-32 AND D-2 THEN MS="TH
E CAVERN WALL BEHIND YOU SOLIDIF
IES WITH A MYSTERIOUS CHUCKLE!"
930 IF RM-61 ANO 0-4 THEN MS-"TH
E BOULDER ROLLS BACK IN PLACE!": F(17)-9
940 IF RM-2 THEN MS-"THE PIRATE
EYES ME AND SAYS... YOU ARE A $W$
ISE SCOUNDREL, FOR WITH A RUBY R
ING YOU CAN SAFELY PASS ME STIN
G AND GET THE REAL RUBY.'.'
950 RETURN
960 REM VERBS $10-11-G E T$. TAKE
970 IF OB-8 THEN RETURN
980 IF $\mathrm{C}(0 \mathrm{~B})=1$ THEN MS-"I HAVE I T ALREADY!": RETURN
996 IF OB> 16 THEN RETURN
100 IF OB>9 THEN MS - "I CAN'T TA
KE THAT!": RETURN
1010 IF $L(O B)<>R M$ OR $F(O B)=1$ THE
N MS ="I DON'T SEE A " +0 (OB)+" H
ERE!": RETURN

1020 IF 0B-2 ANO RM=36 AND $F(8)<$ 2 AND $L(B)<>36$ THEN PRINT "A SMA LL SOUARE OF ROCK WHERE THE BAG RESTED POPS UP AND THE CIELING C AVES IN WITH A RESOUNDING CRA Sh. ONE OF THE Stalactites impal ES ME.":GOTO 580
1030 C(08)-1:L(0B)-65:M\$ "I'VE G OT 1T."
1040 RETURN
1050 REM VERB 12--EXAMINE
1060 MS-"NOTHING SPECIAL FOR A "
+W\$
1076 IF RM-36 AND OB-2 THEN MS=" I SEE A SMALL SOUARE TRACING IN the stone around the coins."
1080 IF RM-60 AND OB=11 THEN MS= "IT LOOKS LIKE I MIGHT BE ABLE T 0 MDVE IT."
1090 IF RM=50 AND OB=12 TMEN MS"I DISCOVER A BEAUTIFUL PEARL NE CKLACE HIDDEN WITHIN THE RUBBLE! ": $F(1)=0$
1100 IF RM=37 AND OB=13 THEN MS"ONE BEARS THE INSCRIPTION 'LIKE a rolling stone'. funny bob wa S AROUND IN THE 160.'S. EH?" 1110 IF RM-34 AND OB=14 THEN MS"ON ONE OF THE BONY FINGERS ON I TS TIGHLY CLENCHED HANDS I SEE T HE BLOODY GLINT OF A RUBY RING! ": $F(4)=0$
1120 IF RM-1 AND DB-16 THEN MS =" I GASP AS I NOTICE ONE OF THE EY ES ON THE DEMON WATCHING ME--IT . S A RUBY THE SIZE OF MY FIST! THIS IS THE DEMON'S EYE!":F(5)= B

## 1130 RETURN

1146 REM VERB 13 \& $17 \cdots$ OPEN \& UN LOCK
1150 IF RM-30 AND $F(16)-\emptyset$ AND C( 9)-1 THEN M $=$ "THE KEY TURNS RELU CTANTLY IN THE RUSTY LOCK AND TH E DOOR SWINGS OPEN.": $\mathrm{F}(16)-2$ :RS 30)="SW"

1169 RETURN
1170 REM VERB 14 - LIGHT
1180 IF C( 6$)=0$ THEN HS-"NOTHING
TO LIGHT IT WITH."
1190 If $O B=7$ AND $C(7)=1$ AND $C(6)$ - 1 THEN MS-"THE ANCIENT BRASS LA NTERN LIGHTS SPUTTERINGLY.": F(7) $-2$
1200 RETURN
1210 REM VERB 15 - PUT
1220 IF OB $\langle>8$ THEN GOTO 1270
1230 IF C(8)=8 THEN HS-"I DON•T HAVE IT.": RETURN
1240 M $\$=$ "IT FALLS OVER AND 1 PIC K IT UP AGAIN."
1250 IF RM-36 THEN Ms="IT FITS U NDER ONE OF THE STALACTITES AND FORMS A PILLAR SUPPORTING THE CI ELING.": $F(8)-2: C(B)-\varnothing: L(8)-36$

## 1260 RETURN

1270 REM VERB 16 - DROP
1288 IF $C(O B)=0$ THEN MS-"I OON'T
HAVE IT.": RETURN
1290 HS-"DONE."
1300 IF $08-7$ THEN MS - "AS I DROP
IT. THE LIGHT SNUFFS OUT.": F(7)-
$1310 \mathrm{C}(08)-6$
$1326 \mathrm{~L}(08)=R M$
1330 RETURN
1340 REM VERB 18 -नROLL

1350 IF RM-60 AND 08-11 AND F(11 )-Ø THEN HS-"MY MUSCLES STRAIN T 0 THEIR LIMIT, BUT WITH A FINAL GROAN I MANAGE TO ROLL THE BOU LDER AWAY TO REVEAL A ROUND BLAC K HOLE.": RS(60)="WE":F(11)-2
1360 RETURN
1370 REM VERB 19--SAVE
1380 OPEN "0", \#1,"DEMON. SAV"
1390 PRINT \#1,RM
1400 FOR I-1 TO $G$
1410 : PRINT \#1,L(I),C(I)
1420 NEXT I
1430 FOR I-1 TO W
1440 : PRINT \#1.F(I)
1450 NEXT I
1460 FOR I-0 TO 63
1470: PRINT \#1,R\$(1)
1480 NEXT I
1490 CLOSE
1500 MS - "SAVED."
1510 RETURN
1528 REM VERB 20--LOAD
1530 OPEN "I". 1 . 1. DEMON. SAV"
1546 INPUT 价, RM
1550 FOR I-1 TO G
1560: INPUT \#1.L(I),C(1)
1578 NEXT I
1580 FOR I-1 TO W
1590: INPUT 11.F(1)
1600 NEXT I
1610 FOR I-0 TO 63
1620: INPUT \#1.R\$(1)
1630 NEXT I
1640 CLOSE
1658 Ms ="HERE I AM AGAIN!"
1660 RETURN
1670 RETURN
168 REM VERB 21~OUIT
1690 INPUT "ARE YOU SURE YOU WAN
T TO QUIT":0S
1700 IF $0 \$=$ "Y" THEN GOTO 580
1710 MS="OK"
1728 RETURN
1730 REM VERB 22 - SCORE
1740 SC-0
1756 1F $\mathrm{C}(1)-1$ THEN $\mathrm{SC}-\mathrm{SC}+5$
1760 IF $\mathrm{C}(2)=1$ THEN $\mathrm{SC}-\mathrm{SC}+10$
1770 IF $\mathrm{C}(3)-1$ THEN $\mathrm{SC}-\mathrm{SC}+2$
1780 IF $\mathrm{C}(4)=1$ THEN $\mathrm{SC}=\mathrm{SC}+5$
1790 IF $\mathrm{C}(5)=1$ THEN $\mathrm{SC}=\mathrm{SC}+18$
1800 MS-"YOUR SCORE IS"+STRS(SC)
+" OUT OF A POSSIBLE 40."
1810 RETURN
1829 REM **READ DATA SUBROUTINE*
*
1830 FOR T-0 T0 63
1840 : READ O\$(1)
1850 NEXT I
1860 FOR 1-0 TO 63
1879: READ R\$(I)
1880 NEXT I
1890 FOR [-1 TO W
1900 : REAO OS (I)
1910 NEXT I
1920 FOR I-1 TO V
1930 : REAO VS(1)
1943 NEXT I
1950 FOR 1-1 TO G
1960: READ L(I)
1970 NEXT I
1980 FOR I=1 TO W
1990: READ F(I)
2000 NEXT I
2019 RETURN
2020 REM DESCRIPTIONS OATA
2030 DATA BEACH NEXT TO CLIFFS.R

OOM WITH DEMON STATUES, FROZEN RO OM. FREEZING NARROW BLACK CORRIOO R
2040 DATA FREEZING NARROW BLACK
CORRIDOR, CHILLY NARROW BLACK COR RIDOR, CHILLY NARROW BLACK CORRID OR,CHILLY NARROH BLACK CORRIDOR
2650 DATA BEACH, DARK ALCOVE, NARR OW PASSAGEWAY, TAMP PASSAGE
2068 DATA ROOM WITH HATER-COVERE D FLOOR. DAMP PASSAGE, GLOOMY CORN ER,COOL NARROW BLACK CORRIDOR
2070 DATA BEACH COVERED WITH SHE LLS AND SEAMEED, HALL SMELLING OF DEATH,DUSTY WORN STAIRS.DAMP PA SSAGE
2080 DATA PIT FILLED WITH WATER.
RODM WITH CAVE DRAWINGS.COLD ROO M.COOL NARROW BLACK CORRIDOR

2990 DATA MOUTH OF CAVE, DIM PATH . MAUSOLEUM ENTRANCE. DAMP PASSAGE 2100 DATA OAMP ROOM, ARMORY COVER ED WITH WEAPONS, ROOM WITH CRUMBL Y DRY MOSS. NARRDW BLACK CORRIOOR 2110 DATA CAVERN ENTRANCE, POOL O F LIGHT, MAUSOLEUM. DAMP PASSAGE
2120 DATA LOW ROOM WITH STALACTI TES. ROOM WITH DARK STATUES, MOSSY WALLS, NARROW BLACK CORRIDOR
2130 DATA GLOOMY HALL. THIN PATH. THIN PATH, ROUNOED CORRIDOR
2140 DATA SLOPING CORRIDOR.SLOPI NG CORRIDOR. HIGH CORNER ABOVE HA LL,NARROW BLACK CORRIDOR
2150 DATA DEPRESSION IN GROUND.T HIN PATH. CORNER STREWN WITH RUBB LE, ROUNDED CORRIDOR
2160 DATA COBWEBBY ROOM, FALLEN P EBBLES,CRUMBLING WALL,NARROW BLA CK CORRIDOR
2170 DATA HALL WITH DRIPPING STA lactites, vaulted hall. vaulted ha LL. VAULTEO HALL
$218 \emptyset$ DATA VAULTEO HALL.NARROW BL ACK CORRIDOR.NARROW BLACK CORRID OR. NARROW BLACK CORRIDOR
2190 REM ROUTES DATA
2200 DATA S, WE, WE, WE, WE, WE,WE,WS 2210 DATA NS, SE, HE, SWE, SWE,WE,SW .NS
2220 DATA NS,NSE, HD,NS, .E,NW,NS
2230 DATA NS,NS, SU,NSE.NSH, E,S,N 5
2240 DATA S.NS.N.NS.NE, WE,NH.NS
2250 DATA NS. NSE.WE.NSHE.WE.WE,S H.NS

2260 DATA NS, ME, W, NS, E, HE,NW,NS
2270 DATA NE, WE, WE,NWE,W,E,WE,NH
2280 REM OBJECTS DATA2290 DATA
NECKLACE, COINS, GOBLET,
RING, RUBY, FLINT, LANTERN, LOG, KEY
2300 DATA DOOR, BOULDER, RUBBLE, ST atues, Skeleton, ghost pirate, stat UE, NORTH, SOUTH
2310 DATA WEST, EAST, UP, DOLN
2328 REM VERBS OATA
2330 DATA HELP. INYENTORY.GO.N.S.
W.E.U,D,GET, TAKE, EXAMINE, OPEN,LI

GHT. PUT, DRDP, UNLOCK, ROLL, SAVE, LO AD, DUIT, SCORE
2340 REM LOCATIONS OF OBJECTS DA TA
2358 DATA $50,36,52,34,1,48,29,21$ , 34, 30, 60, 50, 37, 34, 2. 1
2360 REM FLAGS DATA
2370 DATA $1,0,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0$.
0.0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0

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